Administration
Report,
Mysore
1877-78 to 1880-81

00134904

BOMBAY BRANCH
OF THE
ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.
TOWN HALL, BOMBAY.

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PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

The physical features of the country, the area, &c., have been given in the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

2. See the Report for 1872—73.

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II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

3. Topographical Survey.—In the autumn of the year, the two working parties were amalgamated into one, and nine Surveyors were placed upon famine duty. The chief object during the season, in consequence of this reduction in strength, has been to complete the detail work of the several sections which had been commenced during the season 1876-77, and this was accomplished.

4. The out-turn of work, which naturally contrasts unfavorably with the previous year, was 2,375 square miles of final detail survey on the standard scale of 1 inch to the mile; and 2,286 square miles of triangulation.

5. Revenue Survey.—The Revenue Survey Department have now completely settled 26½ taluks in the Province out of a total number of 68. In 34 taluks measurement is completed; classification is complete in 29; measurement is progressing in twelve; and classification in six.

6. *Establishment.*—Nine of the Assistant Superintendents were taken, some for all the year and some for longer or shorter terms, to do special famine duty. It was, in consequence, necessary to materially reduce the strength of the field establishments so as to admit of one Assistant Superintendent holding temporary charge of two and even in some cases of three field establishments.

7. *Measurement.*—It is satisfactory that, notwithstanding the reduction in establishments and other difficulties, as many as 677,691 acres were measured. This result cannot be contrasted with that obtained in the previous year, as hitherto statistics of the "Survey year" ending 31st October have been given in the Administration Reports.

8. *Measuring Tests.*—In the survey year ending October 1877, which is the latest for which the information can be obtained, the mean average difference between test and measurement rose from $\frac{27}{40}$ths of an acre to $\frac{32}{40}$ths, owing to the intricate and difficult nature of the Malnad holdings, where work chiefly was carried on. Mistakes exceeding 5 per cent were found to exist in 11 fields, when additional tests shewed that they were isolated errors.

9. The tests were all taken by European Officers.

10. *Classification.*—The work of classification suffered from the famine not like the measurement by losing officers, but equally with measurement by the curtailment of the working season, owing to the impossibility of working as usual in the plains after the setting in of the rains in the ghat country. The area classed was 568,320 acres.

SETTLEMENTS.

11. Revenue Settlement.—The settlement was introduced into four taluks comprising 1,752 villages, and therefore reckoning parts transferred from settled taluks, since absorbed, to unsettled taluks as half a taluk, the total number settled is 26½, comprising 8,126 villages.

12. The total cost of the Department during the last complete survey year was Rs. 2,96,662 against Rs. 2,91,113, but a sum of Rs. 30,429 was the pay of officers and men employed on famine duties; the amount tobe charged against survey and settlement operations is Rs. 2,66,233.

13. The acreage rate for all operations calculated on the above is Re. 0—5—4·6 against Re. 0—4—8·5 in the preceding year. "The removal of many officers from "the department", writes the Survey Commissioner, "the consequent necessary reduc- "tion in working strength, and the general obstruction to the carrying on survey work "from the prevalence of famine and pestilence will fully account for this increase of cost "per acre in the current year. It is I think even remarkable under the exceptional "circumstances of the year that so much progress was made."

14. Inam Settlement.—The settlement of inams in two Taluks (Harnhalli and Narsipur) in the Hassan District and of Closepet in Bangalore was finished during the year, while Channaraypatna of Hassan and Dodballapur of Bangalore were taken in hand.

15. The Assistant Superintendents settled 79 whole villages and 2,729 minor inams, against 84 and 4,321, respectively, in the previous year. The employment of officials of the Inam Department on special famine work is the reason of the decrease. In the Central Office there were 40 cases pending at the beginning of the year and 1,482 came on for disposal. Only 1,089 cases were disposed of and 433 remained on the 31st March 1878.

16. The total area confirmed amounted to 613-17-4 candies, bearing an assessment of Rs. 5,828-8-6 and a jodi of Rs. 1,912-9-4. The quit-rent imposed amounted to Rs. 519-0-8, making the sum payable to Government on account of the lands confirmed Rs. 2,431-10-0, or 40 per cent of the recorded assessment.

17. Seventy-four candies of land assessed at Rs. 999 and paying jodi to the extent of Rs. 471 were resumed for invalidity, invalid alienations, or failure to render service for which they were granted. The net gain on this account was Rs. 528.

18. Lands to the extent of 220 candies assessed at Rs. 2,132 and paying a jodi of Rs. 514 were struck off.

19. Religious and charitable inams to the number of 264 assessed at Rs. 1,802 were confirmed.

20. One hundred and sixty personal and miscellaneous inams assessed at Rs. 3,639-2-7 were confirmed. No inamdars refused enfranchisement.

21. Nine kodigi inams were registered and confirmed, and 45 cases previously confirmed provisionally were revised and finally settled, in accordance with the order of the Government of India.

22. Only 19 inams of village artizans and service cases in inam villages were confirmed during the year.

23. Twelve whole inam villages were confirmed: these were assessed at Rs. 2,057-9-7 and paid jodi amounting to Rs. 521-9-8. The quit-rent imposed in addition was Rs. 103-2-4. Two villages besides the above were finally settled on the survey valuation. One village was confirmed on the late Maha Raja's sunnad without charge for enfranchisement.

24. For non-attendance of holders during the settlement, 129 inams were attached.

25. Under the Muzrayi Rules, seven cases valued at Rs. 119-8-6 were confirmed, against 122 cases valued at Rs. 10,202-3-0 in last year. Eighteen cases valued at Rs. 31-15-4 were resumed.

26. The work of preparation of quit-rent registers and title-deeds shews the same decrease as in all branches. Nine hundred and eighty-seven quit-rent registers

were prepared against 4,396: and 2,764 title-deeds for 3,538 inams, against 4,482 for 5,925 inams in the previous year.

27. The cost of the Department during the year was Rs. 61,832-6-3. The additional revenue derived from its operations amounted to Rs. 3,708-13-7, of which Rs. 1,078-12-5 were permanent increase. This is 1·74 per cent of the cost of the Department.

WASTE LANDS.

28. The subjoined statement shews the available extent of culturable waste at the close of the past year:—

	Acres.
Extent of land available at the end of 1876-77... 2,710,376	
Add, land resigned during the year.....150,815	
	2,861,191
Deduct, extent of land taken up for cultivation 84,555	
Do building sites, &c.....1,481	86,036
Balance..	2,775,155

GOVERNMENT ESTATES.	Nil.
WARDS' ESTATES.	

III. PROTECTION.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

29. *Acts extended to Mysore.*—During the year under review, the provisions of the following enactments were made applicable to this Province:—

Act III of 1877, The Indian Registration Act.
„ XV of 1877, The Indian Limitation Act.
Bengal Act I of 1869, For the prevention of cruelty to animals.

POLICE.

30. Owing to the Famine which reached its climax during the year under report, there was a very great increase in crime.

31. As might be expected the largest increase was under the heads "Serious and Minor" offences against property.

32. Including 751 cases pending at the close of previous year, there were 19,724 cases for investigation against 6,832 in 1876. The following table shews the number of cases reported and struck off as false under each class, compared with the figures for the previous year:—

Classes of Offences.	No. of cases reported.		No. of cases struck off.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.		
Class I—Offences against the State, &c, ...	112	226	20	74	114	...
Do II—Serious offences against the person	568	949	153	317	381	...
Do III do do property.	1,603	4,658	389	1,163	3,055	...
Do IV—Minor do do person.	318	393	56	145	75	...
Do V Do do do property.	3,081	11,793	494	1,680	8,712	...
Do VI—Other offences	900	954	23	72	51	...

33. In class II murders increased from 51 in 1876 to 164 in 1877; 15 of these murders as against 2 in 1876 were committed in the course of dacoities. Cases of culpable homicide rose from 28 to 114. This large increase is attributed to ryots exceeding the right of private defence against weak half-starved thieves caught in the act of stealing crops.

34. Under the head "Serious offences against property" there was an increase of 65·5 per cent. The figures for 1876 and 1877 under each important head are given below :—

	1876.	1877.
Dacoity	214	576
Robbery	235	447
Lurking house-trespass and theft .	1,030	3,487

35. Most of the dacoities were cases of grain and cattle thefts, and were not committed by professionals.

36. The increase under classes IV and VI is inconsiderable, but the offences under class V, minor offences against property, increased fourfold, being 11,293 in the year under report against 3,081 in 1876.

37. Taken by Districts it will be seen from the statement given below that Kolar shews the largest number of cases reported. Bangalore comes next, and the Districts of Shimoga and Kadur, which were not much affected by the famine, come last. The Town and Cantonment of Bangalore shew nearly twice the number reported in 1876. This is to a great extent due to influx of distressed people during the famine. The percentage of conviction was as high as 95 :—

Districts.	Total No. of Cognizable Cases reported.		Percentage of Conviction to True Cases investigated.	
	1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.
Bangalore	761	3,028	88	90
Kolar	757	3,574	88·79	87·70
Túmkúr	426	1,372	85	87
Mysore	965	2,186	37·66	61·61
Hassan	868	2,227	63	93
Shimoga	510	898	51	80·82
Kadur	411	784	63	81
Chitaldroog	398	2,077	82	90
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore	1,423	2,551	89	95
Town, Mysore	45	332	94	84

38. The number of persons arrested was 29,914. These and 796 persons pending from 1876 were disposed of as shewn below :—

	1876.	1877.
Total number arrested, &c.	10,451	30,710
Released by Magistrate before trial	1,203	2,885
Discharged or acquitted after trial	1,215	2,843
Convicted	6,486	22,533
Died, escaped or transferred, &c., and otherwise disposed of	760	418
Pending	787	2,031
Total.....	20,902	61,420

39. Though the percentage of the total number discharged before trial compares favorably with the percentage for the previous year, being only 9 per cent in 1877 against 11·5 in 1876, the percentage in Hassan and Kadur is disproportionately high, being 35 per cent in the former and 38 in the latter. This result is attributed to gross ignorance in the lower grade of officers.

40. The value of the property said to be lost was Rs. 3,23,038, nearly 105 per cent more than last year; of this, property valued at Rs. 1,02,236 was recovered, being an increase of 113 per cent on the amount recovered in 1876, and 31·65 per cent of the whole amount lost.

41. Except in the towns of Bangalore and Mysore, the improvement in percentage of property recovered improved in every instance.

42. The percentage recovered is better than at first sight appears; for it is the actual value of property recovered compared with the declared value of property lost, which is almost always exaggerated.

43. The total number of summons served by the Police was 53,056 against 78,194 in 1876, while the number of warrants increased from 6,987 to 9,056 in 1877.

44. *Non-cognizable Crime.*—The Police were engaged in the investigation of 399 cases; convictions were obtained in 236 cases.

45. *Professional Dacoities.*—There were 196 cases of professional dacoities, the number supposed to be concerned in these was 2,437 and that convicted 820. The amount of property stolen was Rs. 59,083 and that recovered Rs. 10,887.

46. There was one case of murder with stupefying drugs, in which 5 persons were arrested and 4 convicted. There were altogether 72 cases of robbery after administering stupefying drugs.

47. Eighteen persons were arrested and 8 convicted for kidnapping.

48. There were in all 595 cases of cattle theft, in which 1,184 were arrested and 1,007 convicted.

49. Owing to increase in crime, an additional staff of men and officers was employed during a part of the year in all the Districts except Bangalore, at a cost of Rs. 9,598.

50. The service of the Siledar Horse was also brought into requisition to patrol the high roads. Small bodies of Policemen were also located in different parts, where crime was rife, or where any danger was anticipated.

51. About the beginning of the year the beat system which was in vogue was suspended, and a system of patrol introduced, which worked well. At times both systems were worked simultaneously.

52. *Schools.*—Owing to the famine, the schools were closed in all the Districts. The School Inspectors in the Districts of the Nundydroog Division were done away with, and from the savings thus effected, a 1st Class Inspector, as School Inspector, and 2 Drill Instructors were entertained, being stationed at Bangalore.

53. *Strength and Cost of Police.*—The total number of officers and men, exclusive of the additional Police, was 4,916 as against 4,398 in 1876, and their cost was Rs. 6,77,761 as against 6,40,220 in 1876.

54. Eight stations were built at a cost of Rs. 4,741, while 79 were repaired costing Rs. 4,388. Two huts were constructed and 15 repaired at a total cost of Rs. 308.

55. The punishments in the force are greater than in the previous year, the number being 1,217 in 1877 as against 487 in 1876.

56. *Rewards.*—Five hundred and thirty men were rewarded by promotion in recognition of the arduous and good service rendered by them in the detection and repression of crime, and 31 received money rewards.

57. *Education.*—There has not been much improvement in regard to the education of the force, the total number of educated men in the force being 2,177. As already alluded to, the schools had to be closed and every hand had to be utilized for executive work.

58. The number discharged on gratuity fell from 148 in the previous year to 11 in the year under review, and the number of resignations decreased from 227 to 131 in 1877.

59. The health of the force has not been very good, the number of deaths being 183 as against 67 in 1876 ; in other words there has been an increase of 2·4 in the death rate in the year under review.

60. With reference to the Village Police, the Inspector General of Police remarks:—"No material alteration has taken place in the Village Police, but they have on the whole worked satisfactorily. The scheme having been in force for the past few years, the Village Police have learned somewhat of what they are expected to do. During the year under review many of the villagers in the defence of their property and villages have evinced great daring and courage, and have in several instances successfully resisted the attacks of dacoits and apprehended the criminals in pursuit.

61. Many of these ryots have been rewarded in money for their courage. In a few instances of remarkable courage, the parties have been presented with gold and silver bangles with suitable inscriptions engraved thereon."

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

62. *Courts.*—The constitution of tribunals remained unchanged. The territorial jurisdiction of the Nagar Division was slightly enlarged by the transfer of a small tract from the Hassan District to form the Múdgere Taluk of Kadur. Criminal work increased with the pressure of famine during the year, and necessitated the employment of 9 Second Class Magistrates and 13 First Class Magistrates more than in 1876. There was also an Additional Sessions Judge appointed in the latter part of the year for the Nundydroog Division and an Assistant Sessions Judge for Nagar.

63. *Cost of Courts.*—The total cost for Law and Justice in 1877 was Rs. 6,42,287, and the receipts from stamps and judicial fines were Rs. 2,51,360, as compared with Rs. 6,32,139 and Rs. 3,21,169 under the same heads for 1876, giving a net cost of Rs. 3,90,927 against Rs. 3,10,970. The savings from process fees also greatly fell, *viz.*, from Rs. 34,190 to Rs. 3,162.

64. *Offences reported.*—The total number of offences reported during the year was 24,823, an increase of 8,827 or 55 per cent over the 15,996 offences reported in the previous year.

65. *Offences classified.*—In the following table the number of offences of each class reported in each Division is contrasted with the numbers in 1876 :—

Class of Offences.	Nundydroog.		Ashtagram.		Nagar.		Total.	
	1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.
I.—Against the State, Public Justice, &c... ...	1,366	468	284	376	281	302	1,931	1,146
II.—Against the Person	3,668	2,557	2,119	1,617	1,498	1,219	7,285	5,393
III.—Against Property	2,613	9,385	1,282	3,153	1,275	3,871	5,170	16,409
IV.—Against Special Laws	946	1,330	329	187	335	338	1,610	1,875
Total.. ...	8,593	13,740	4,014	5,333	3,389	5,750	15,996	24,823

66. In the Nundydroog Division the increase was 58·3 per cent, in Nagar it was 26·7, and in the Ashtagram Division only 15 per cent. That the increase in offences was owing to the famine is shewn by its being almost entirely confined to offences against property, where it amounted to nearly 217·4 per cent.

67. The decrease in the number of offences against the person too is only in the lighter kinds, while grave crimes of this class have increased; thus there were 143 cases of murder reported against 42 in 1876: 15 attempts to commit murder against 5, and 98 cases of culpable homicide against 20 in 1876.

68. Of the murders 14 were committed in the course of dacoities: 53 by poison from motives other than robbery: 2 were committed from motives connected with women: and 74 from other motives.

69. Three hundred and seventy-four persons accused of murder were brought to trial, of whom 160 were convicted, leaving 73 pending trial at the close of the year.

70. The number of attempts to commit suicide decreased from 41 to 30, and 16 persons were apprehended and punished for this offence.

71. There were 99 cases of grievous hurt, and 94 of hurt with a dangerous weapon reported, against 53 and 78 in 1876.

72. Eleven cases of kidnapping or abduction were reported, the number in the year before being six.

73. As in last year there were nine cases of rape.

74. Dacoities and robberies again rose very greatly. The following statement shews the normal state of these crimes and how they rise during famine:—

	1875.	1876.	1877.
Dacoities ..	41	187	549
Robberies ..	57	127	318
Total....	98	314	867

For these offences 3,639 persons were brought to trial in 1877 and 1,317 in 1876. While 2,268 or 62 per cent were convicted in 1877 against 850 or 64·5 per cent in 1876.

75. Cases of theft and house-breaking have increased nearly four-fold, the number reported being 12,531 against 3,250 in 1876, and that too was nearly twice as many as in 1875. About 80·5 per cent of the persons brought to trial in these cases were convicted.

76. *Results of Cases tried by Magistrates and Sessions Judges.*— During the year there were 22,662 cases tried by Magistrates, and 386 by Sessions Judges, the numbers for the previous years being 15,076 and 99. There were convictions in 16,156 or 71 per cent of Magistrates' cases and 320 or 83 per cent of Sessions cases.

77. *Number of Persons brought to Trial.*— 50,164 persons were brought to trial, an increase of 42 per cent over 1876. Of these, 31,613 or 215 per cent more than in 1876 were arrested by the Police, while persons brought up in summons cases decreased in number from 19,559 to 12,443, a fact which further illustrates the remarkable increase of the more serious offences.

78. *Result of Trials.*—The manner in which persons brought to trial were dealt with is shewn thus:—

	1876.	1877.
Discharged	4,491	6,272
Acquitted	14,057	11,760
Convicted	16,359	30,787
Died, escaped, or transferred	16	187
Pending trial	371	1,158
Total.....	35,294	50,164

79. There were convictions in the case of 63 per cent of the persons brought to trial, the percentage in 1876 being 46·8. The percentage in cases brought by the Police was 79·5 and in cases brought up by order of the Magistrates 37·2. These figures scarcely differ from the percentages of 1876.

80. The number of persons brought to trial in the Courts of Sessions was 2,638, that for 1876 being 365. Of these, 1,424 or 70 per cent as in last year were convicted, 634 were acquitted, and 580 were pending at the close of the year.

81. *Cases and Persons pending Trial.*—At thec lose of the year 332 cases involving 1,158 persons were pending trial, and 116 of these cases were pending over a month; 56 of them were before the Sessions Courts. The state of the pending file was owing to the great pressure of work connected with relief, and the increase in the number of cases.

82. *Witnesses.*—The number of witnesses examined again increased, there being 70,708 in the year, an increase over the number in 1876 of 17,484. 85 per cent were discharged on the 1st day, 11 per cent on the second, the remainder were detained from 3 to 22 days.

83. *Average Duration.*—The average duration of criminal trials rose from 4 days to 5·5. In Magistrates' Courts the highest average was 15 days, the lowest one day. In Sessions Courts the highest average was 40 days, the lowest 13·25.

84. *Punishments.*—The number of persons sentenced to death rose from 17 in 1876 to 65 in 1877, and generally there was a large increase under all heads except fine without imprisonment.

85. Though the number of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment was 1,433, this was only 10·5 per cent of the total number of imprisonments as compared with 15·8 per cent in 1876.

86. The punishment of whipping was awarded about four times as often as in 1876, and the increase is seen to be all the more remarkable, when the number in 1877, 4,196, is compared with the 216 persons whipped in 1875.

87. *Fines.*—12,585 persons were fined against 12,124 in 1876, and the fines imposed aggregated Rs. 1,13,191 against Rs. 81,446. The average fine rose from Rs. 6—11—2 to Rs. 9.

88. *Realization of Fines.*—Only Rs. 52,474 were recovered, being 46 per cent of the amount imposed. In 1876 the percentage recovered was 77·1. Rs. 4,165 on account of previous years' outstandings were also recovered during the year. The outstanding balance, which at the beginning of the year was Rs. 90,978—1—10, was at its close Rs. 1,24,342—4—5.

89. *Compensation to injured Parties.*—The amount awarded as compensation to injured parties during the year was Rs. 26,268, of which Rs. 7,384 were paid, against a sum of Rs. 9,116 in the previous year.

90. *Awards to Accused and Complainants.*—The compensation awarded to accused persons for frivolous complaints amounted to Rs. 1,436, and Rs. 686 were ordered to be paid to complainants in refund of the amount of stamps on their complaints. The sum so awarded in 1876 was Rs. 1,273, and the falling off is explained by the decrease in the number of 'summons cases.'

91. *Assessors.*—The number of cases tried with the aid of Assessors rose from 95 to 352. The Judges differred from the Assessors in 48 cases, being 13·64 per cent of the whole number tried, against 26·31 per cent in 1876.

92. *European British Subjects.*—The number of cases brought against European British Subjects was 40, in which 55 persons were concerned. Of these, 17 cases involving 30 persons were either withdrawn, dismissed, or struck off for default. In the remaining 23 cases, 9 persons were fined, 6 imprisoned and 10 acquitted.

93. *Appeals.*—The number of appeals pending from the year previous and preferred in the year reached 353, being 101 less than in the year before. The disposal of these appeals is shown below:—

Rejected	..	14 or	4·06 per cent	of then umber disposed of.
Confirmed	..	164 or	47·54	do do
Modified	..	52 or	15·07	do do
Reversed	..	110 or	31·88	do do
Quashed	..	2 or	·58	do do
Remanded	..	1	·29	do do
Referred to High Court		2	·58	do do
Pending	..	8		

94. The average duration of appeals was 14 days in Magisterial and 21 days in Sessions Courts, as compared with 12 and 18 days in 1876.

95. *Judicial Commissioner's Court as a Court of Reference.*—The Judicial Commissioner disposed of 33 cases, in which there were 63 prisoners referred for confirmation of sentence of death, as follows :—

Sentence...	Confirmed	51
	Commuted to transportation for life ..	11
	Modified to rigorous imprisonment ..	1

96. *As an Appellate Court.*—The total number of appeals for disposal in the Judicial Commissioner's Court was 163, being 60 more than in 1876. The disposal of these cases is shewn thus :—

Sentence confirmed ..	134	or	84·28	per cent.
Do modified ..	10	or	6·28	do
Do reversed ..	13	or	8·18	do
Application rejected ..	1	or	·63	do
Proceedings quashed ..	1	or	·63	do
Cases pending ..	4			

97. In one case a sentence of ten years' imprisonment passed by the Sessions Judge, Nundydroog, was enhanced to one of transportation for life.

98. *As a Court of Revision.*—The Judicial Commissioner received 115 cases, or 29 more than last year, as a Court of Revision ; these were disposed of in the following manner :—

Interference declined	46
Order of Lower Court modified	28
Do do set aside	21
Proceedings of do quashed	15
Further enquiry ordered	5

99. The Judicial Commissioner as a Court of Revision enhanced the sentence passed by the Lower Court in 10 cases.

100. *Miscellaneous.*—Eight hundred and sixteen miscellaneous cases and 2,573 miscellaneous petitions were disposed of in the several courts.

PRISONS.

101. *General Summary.*—The number of jails remained the same. Lock-ups increased by one, by the creation of the new Taluk of Múdgere in the Nagar Division.

102. The prisons were generally overcrowded throughout the year. There were 3,035 male and 97 female prisoners of all classes under confinement on the last day of 1876 ; during the year 47,297 men and 3,681 women were received, making a total of 50,332 male and 3,778 female prisoners, as compared with 15,280 and 735, respectively, in the preceding year. There was a large increase of 38,095 prisoners or 237·7 per cent. This occurred solely under the heads of convicted (20,364) and under-trial (17,774) prisoners. There was a falling off of 43 prisoners in the number of civil prisoners incarcerated during the year. These results are attributable entirely to the famine which prevailed in the Province throughout the year.

103. On the last day of the year there were in confinement in the whole Province 6,669 men and 272 women, and the total daily average strength was 6,195·459 as against 2,101·8 in 1876.

104. *Number and Disposal of Convicts.*—The total number of convicted prisoners, including those received by transfers and remaining at the close of the last year, was 27,823 (25,353 men and 2,470 women), as compared with 8,397 convicts (7,957 men and 440 women) in the previous year. The daily average strength was 5,063·524, being 3,170·218 persons or 167 per cent in excess of the number in 1876.

105. The subjoined table shews the disposal of convicts:—

		1876.		1877.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Released..	Transferred	882	26	3,156	137
	On appeal	147	...	182	10
	On expiry of sentence	3,758	288	14,068	1,970
	On payment of fine	401	38	656	50
	By Governmental order for sickness ...	1	...	...	...
	Do on other grounds	...	...	318	19
Transported beyond the seas		29	2	48	1
Transferred to the Lunatic Asylum		1	...	1	...
Escaped		6	...	22	...
Executed		12	1	42	4
Died		78	1	1,101	40
Remaining at the close of the year		2,642	84	5,759	239
Total...		7,957	440	25,353	2,470

106. The 337 convicts set at liberty by special order of Government were released in honor of the assumption by Her Majesty the Queen of the title of "Empress of India."

107. *Religion and Age.*—Of the total number, 81·7 per cent as against 75·4 per cent in 1876 were Hindus: 6·7 as against 9·5 Muhammadans: 1·1 as against 1·3 Christians: and 10·5 as against 13·8 were people of other classes.

108. The proportion of juveniles and those between 16 and 40 years rose from 1·65 and 72·84 per cent in 1876 to 3·48 and 76·58 per cent, respectively, with a falling off of 5·71 per cent in the numbers of convicts, aged between 40 and 60 years.

109. The subjoined table compares the proportion of convicts according to religion and age :—

		Total Number of Convicts.		Percentage to Total Number of Convicts.	
		1876.	1877.	1876.	1877.
Religion.	Hindus	5,625	20,616	75·4	81·7
	Muhammadans	707	1,700	9·5	6·7
	Christians	97	269	1·3	1·1
	Other Classes	1,030	2,657	13·8	10·5
	Total.....	7,459	25,242	100	100
Age.	Under 16 years	123	878	1·65	3·48
	Between 16 and 40 years ...	5,433	19,329	72·84	76·58
	Do 40 and 60 do ...	1,778	4,577	23·84	18·13
	Above 60 years	125	458	1·67	1·81
	Total.....	7,459	25,242	100	100

110. *Previous Occupation.*—The following table shews the previous occupation of the male convicts with an increase under all classes, more especially under the heads of "Agriculturists," "Non-Agriculturists," "Domestic Servants" and persons of "No Occupation":—

	Of independent property.	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.	Domestic Servants.	Government Servants.	No Occupation.	Total.
... ...	413	10,035	8,205	1,720	487	2,057	22,917
... ...	133	3,144	2,368	536	337	533	7,041
77	280	6,891	5,837	1,184	160	1,524	15,876
ncrease ...	210·5	219·2	246·5	22·1	48·9	285·9	225·4

Of the female convicts 1,812 were married, 294 unmarried and 219 pros-

Sentences of Convicts.—Out of 25,242 convicts, only 3,058, or about 12 per sentenced to simple imprisonment, as against 36 per cent in 1876. Sixty six gainst 60·8 per cent in 1876 of the convicts were imprisoned for terms under s. Under every term there is a considerable increase except above ten years; prisoners, 3 less than in 1876, were sentenced to terms above 10 years. Pro- ally, the number of imprisonments in petty cases not exceeding one month 9 against 3,304), and imprisonment for terms between 3 and 5 years (1,987 516) increased the most, being nearly four times the numbers of the previous

13. There were 74 condemned prisoners against 17 in 1876.

14. *Re-committals.*—Of the total number of convicts, 678 or 2·6 per cent were nders; of whom 412 had been once, 146 twice, and 120 more than twice, usly in jail. Of these 49 were women.

15. In 1876 the number recommitted was 415 men and 18 women.

16. *Escapes and Re-captures.*—Out of 27 convicts who effected their escape—10 nside and 17 from outside the jails—9 were re-captured before the close of the None of the 39 escaped in previous years were re-captured during the year.

17. *Prison Discipline.*—Four hundred and four prisoners, or 244 more than in were punished for criminal offences and breaches of jail rules. Only 4 of these women. The percentage of the numbers punished was almost the same as in previous year, *viz.*, about 8. The chief punishment was whipping in 328 cases. rest were punished by solitary confinement, reduced diet and other punishments.

118. *Education.*—Seven hundred and ninety-eight prisoners, or about 156 less in 1876, were under instruction daily. Of the number released, 354 were able to and write well, and 751 to read and write a little. Out of those released after e than 6 months incarceration, there were 494 men able to read and write a little, 231 well, as compared with 150 and 84, respectively, in the preceding year.

119. *Employment of Convicts.*—One hundred and forty men and 5 women were yed as warders; 11 of the former were punished for misconduct. The percent- f persons employed as prison servants was about 2 as against 4 in 1876.

120. *Diet.*—The scale of diet was generally the same as in the previous year, pt in the Bangalore Central Jail. No meat was issued during the year. In the noga District Jail, the long term prisoners were, owing to famine, put on the lass.

121. *Guarding and Maintenance.*—Rupees 5,42,811 were expended for guard- and maintenance of the prisoners, being Rs. 3,37,580 in excess of the amount in 6. The large increase is general, and is due to the exceptional circumstances of year.

122. The following is the comparative table of expenditure:—

	Total Cost.						Cost per head of a Strength.			
	1876.			1877.			1876.			
Rations	89,373	0	0	3,47,400	0	0	42	7	9	
Fixed Establishment	50,720	0	0	65,013	0	0	24	1	10	
Police Guard...	42,904	0	0	77,479	0	0	20	6	3	
Hospital charges	3,883	0	0	12,046	0	0	1	13	5	
Clothing	7,862	0	0	17,317	0	0	3	11	10	
Contingencies	10,489	0	0	23,556	0	0	4	15	9	
Total.. ...	2,05,231	0	0	5,42,811	0	0	97	8	10	

123. The cost of dieting each man increased from Rs. 42—7—9 in 56—1—1 owing to the famine prices, but the total average cost of each p from Rs. 97—8—10 in 1876 to Rs. 87—9—10 in 1877, which shews t economy was exercised in all other respects.

124. *Employment of Convicts.*—Out of daily average strength of e 4,686,86 were employed as prison officers; 661 as prison servants; 428 on and repairing jails; 700 on jail gardens; 679 on manufactures; and the extramural labor.

125. *Financial Results.*—Rs. 22,534 were expended on repairs, &c., to ja Rs. 35,368 on raw materials for manufactures. These sums added to the cost tenance and guarding prisoners, amount to Rs. 6,00,713 for the year 1877. ceipts from manufactures amounted to Rs. 36,261. The net cost was t Rs. 5,64,452, giving an average cost per head of Rs. 91 for one whole year, pared with Rs. 2,13,773 and Rs. 101, respectively, in 1876.

126. *Health of Prisoners.*—The general health of prisoners was greatly a by the famine. The number admitted into the hospitals was 6,622, being a daily age sick of 232 prisoners as against 1,686 and 50·6, respectively, in 1876. The of deaths rose from 88 to 1,335 persons, of whom 45 were females.

127. *Diseases.*—The annexed is a comparative table, shewing the princip diseases:—

	1876.		1877.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deat
Anœmia and general debility ...	61	13	415	1
Dysentery and diarrhœa ...	363	23	2,672	7
Fevers ...	288	3	1,410	
Respiratory diseases ...	49	6	157	
Cholera ...	54	25	304	
Scrofula and phthisis pulmonalis ...	3	1	23	
Small pox ...	5	...	50	
Jaundice ...	2	...	28	
Ulcers and boils ...	172	...	295	

128. *Mortalityamong all Classes of Prisoners.*—One thousand one hundred one men and 40 women who died were convicts, 187 men and 5 women were un trials, and 2 men were civil prisoners.

129. *Mortality according to Age.*—There were only 14 deaths among ju niles, and 63 among prisoners over 60 years.

130. *Mortality according to Length of Imprisonment.*—The largest numbe deaths, 1,108, was among convicts in their first year's imprisonment and the sm

among those whose period exceeded 7 years. The mortality was greatest among new admissions who were generally famine-stricken people.

131. *Civil Prisoners.*—The civil prisoners admitted numbered 132. These, with 15 remaining at the close of 1876, amounted to 147, (143 men and 4 women), as against 190 (180 men and 10 women) in the preceding year. The daily average fell from 14·9 in 1876 to 10·46 in 1877. On the last day of the year there were but 13 prisoners in all the jails.

132. *Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners was 26,140, including 1,304 women, as against 8,366 and 307 respectively in 1876, the daily average rising from 193·6 in the preceding year to 1,121·5 in 1877. Thirteen thousand, three hundred and five of the under-trials were released, 11,695 were convicted, 18 escaped, 192 died, leaving 930 in all the prisons at the close of the year.

133. *Bangalore Central Jail.*—This jail which is built for 800 prisoners was required to accommodate on an average 1,475, there having been as many as 1,953 at one time; extra accommodation had to be provided within the precincts and found elsewhere. The expenditure for guarding and maintenance rose by Rs. 65,500. The profit to the jail on works was Rs. 21,000, being Rs. 16 a head of effectives. The mortality was very heavy, being 191 deaths against 16 in 1876. Of these, 157 had not been in jail one year, and may be assumed to have brought with them the seeds of death.

134. *Kolar District Jail.*—The daily average was swelled from 171 to 1,305; the deaths rose from 3 to 373, of which 277 were of convicts in their first year. Subsidiary jails were built to relieve the pressure.

135. *Túmkúr District Jail.*—The s[redacted]told in this jail too; the average number of inmates in 1876 was 108; in 1877 it rose to 571. The deaths increased from 2 to 74, and of this number 73 were of convicts who had not completed one year's imprisonment. Several temporary jails were opened to afford the extra accommodation so urgently required.

136. *Mysore District Jail.*—This jail can accommodate 482 prisoners, and the average strength was 452. There was no overcrowding until the latter part of the year, when the number rose to 754. Deaths numbered 97 against 15 in 1876. The profit from convict labor was estimated at Rs. 5,648, against Rs. 2,851 in 1876.

137. *Hassan District Jail.*—This is a small jail of which the average number of [redacted]oners in 1876 was 66. The numbers rose to an average of 218, and with this the [redacted]tality increased from 2 to 151, almost all of whom were prisoners of under one year.

138. *Shimoga District Jail.*—To prevent overcrowding, temporary sheds were [redacted]ted, the average number of prisoners being 696, or 305 in excess of the number in [redacted]6. Deaths numbered 78 against 25. Jail manufactures brought in a profit of [redacted]6,564.

139. *Kadur District Jail.*—The increase of prisoners in this jail, though great, [redacted]not so excessive as in others; the average number for the year is 99; the number [redacted]876 was 63. Deaths, chiefly from dysentery, diarrhœa and cholera, rose from [redacted]o 38.

140. *Chitaldroog District Jail.*—The jail was more overcrowded than any other, the health of the convicts on admission was perhaps worse than in other Districts; daily average number was 349, having been 73 in the previous year. The deaths [redacted]mbered 188 against 7; dysentery and diarrhœa carried off three-fourths of these, [redacted]the next most fatal causes were cholera and general dropsy.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

141. *Suits instituted.*—The total number of suits instituted in the several courts of [redacted]e Province was 17,341, being 30·7 per cent less than the number, 25,051, instituted [redacted]1876. The decrease was greatest, being 50·75 per cent, in the Nundydroog Division, [redacted]d least, 22·52 per cent, in the Nagar Division; it was felt in almost every class of case, [redacted]e only exception being a trifling increase of suits to set aside judgments, contracts or

obligations on account of fraud. Looking at the class of court in which suits are instituted, it is found that while the greater proportion of the decrease in number (87·3 of the whole) occurred in the Munsiffs' Courts, the falling off is not great in the Small Cause Court and the Judicial Assistants' Courts, and there is an actual increase in the numbers instituted in the Deputy Commissioners and the Commissioners' Courts.

142. The causes of decrease were chiefly the famine and secondly the closure of courts for 3 months and more.

143. *Value of Suits instituted.*—The aggregate value of suits instituted was Rs. 19,93,023, being Rs. 3,85,697 less than in 1876; but the average value of each suit was 115 rupees as compared with Rs. 95 in 1876, and the reason of this is that whereas the famine in a great measure checked the filing of suits for small value in the Munsiffs' Courts, there were a greater number, as already noticed, of suits brought for large amounts in the higher courts of first instance.

144. *Suits for Disposal.*—Including 2,027 pending suits and 3 received by transfer, there were in all 19,371 suits for disposal. Seventeen thousand, eight hundred and fifteen suits were disposed of and 2 were transferred, leaving 1,554 suits pending on the last day of the year. More than 87 per cent of the total original civil work of the Province was done by Munsiffs, 12·8 by Judicial Assistant Commissioners and the rest by Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners.

145. *Manner of Disposal.*—Of the 17,815 suits disposed of, 4,785 or 26·8 per cent were contested ; of these, 78·4 were decided in favor of the plaintiffs. Of the uncontested suits, 53 per cent were decided *ex parte* and 11 per cent dismissed for non-appearance or default, making a total of 8,489 cases admitting of re-admission ; but there were only applications for re-admission in 368 of these, being 5 per cent of the whole, and of these 368 applications were admitted and disposed of. Twenty cases were referred to arbitration.

146. *Value of Suits disposed of.*—The aggregate value of suits disposed of was Rs. 18,11,832, being Rs. 2,91,953 less than in 1876. There were 13,834 suits for less than Rs. 100, being 77·65 per cent of the whole number. The proportion in 1876 was 80·6 per cent.

147. *Pending File.*—Of the 1,554 cases pending at the close of the year, 170 were over 4 months and 195 over 2 months old. The oldest case was instituted on the 8th May 1876 on the file of the Commissioner of Nundydroog. The Judicial Commissioner considers that adjournments are granted too readily, very long dates are fixed for further hearing, and that generally the courts are somewhat dilatory ; but the circumstances of the year were very exceptional ; the Courts were closed for 3 months and the services of the Judges made available for famine relief.

148. *Average Duration of Suits.*—The following shews the average duration of suits in the several classes of courts :—

	Duration for Contested Suits.		Duration for Uncontested Su	
	1876.	1877.	1876.	
Bangalore Small Cause Court	11·54	11	9·73	
Munsiffs	40	66	26	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners	45	86	22	4
Deputy Commissioners	138	139	44	3
Commissioners	232	610	108	2
Total...	36	55	20	3

149. There is a large increase in the average duration of all courts except the Bangalore Small Cause Court; the Court of the Nundydroog Commissioner, in which two cases were decided, gives the longest average, it being 906 days. It is hoped that in less exceptional years this state of things will not continue.

150. *Bangalore Court of Small Causes.*—There were 6,104 suits instituted in this court during the year; this is 35 per cent of the total number filed in the Province. Though the number instituted is less by 827 than the number in 1876, the value rose, owing to more suits for higher value being instituted, from Rs. 3,03,901 to Rs. 3,21,389, the average being Rs. 52 a suit in place of Rs. 44, the average for 1876.

151. *Disposal of Suits.*—The number of suits disposed of was 6,066, the number pending 243. Contested suits numbered 1,239, and 82 per cent of these were decided in whole or in part in favor of the plaintiffs. It is satisfactory to note that 79·62 per cent of the decided cases were disposed of on the days originally fixed for their hearing.

152. Of 113 applications to set aside *ex parte* decrees and judgments for default, 111 were admitted and disposed of.

153. *Execution.*—A very good proportion of executed decrees to applications is shewn, being 4,150 decrees completely executed and 482 partially, out of 4,829 applications, leaving only 197 applications for disposal. The value involved in the applications was Rs. 2,87,548.

154. *Receipts and Expenditure.*—The year shews a greater sum on account of receipts from stamps fees, &c., than has ever been realized before, *viz.*, Rs. 41,646-11-5 contrasted with an expenditure, including the pay of the Judge, of Rs. 23,594-5-3, which gives a saving to Government of Rs. 18,052-6-2.

155. *Munsiffs' Courts.*—The suits for disposal in Munsiffs' Courts numbered 10,466; 54 per cent of the number in the whole Province and 6,658 less than in 1876. The number disposed of was 9,449, leaving 1,015 pending. The average duration was in all cases high. The abnormal circumstances of the year [redacted] Judicial Commissioner giving that attention to the circuit system whic[redacted] in last year's report.

156. *Judicial Assistants' Courts.*—The eight Judicial Assista[redacted] had 2,567 cases for trial, and disposed of 2,282, leaving on an average 3[redacted]ing in each court. The Mysore Assistant had much the heaviest work, having dis[redacted]sed of 865 cases against an average of 285. The duration of cases averaged 150 days in that [redacted]nd 86 in Judicial Assistants' Courts generally, a result that is not satisfactory.

157. *Appeals.*—The total number of appeals for disposal was 681, a decrease of [redacted]m 1876, owing to a smaller number of original cases being disposed of by Mun[redacted]l Judicial Assistants. 574 appeals were decided as follows:—

Confirmed	317
Modified	55
Reversed	133
Remanded	30
Dismissed for default.. ..	39

158. The percentage of reversals to the total number of appeals decided is 23, [redacted]19·5 in last year. The average duration of appeals further advanced during [redacted] to 78 days, as compared with 43 in 1876 and 35 in 1875.

159. *Pending File.*—Out of 104 appeals pending at the close of the year, 77 were [redacted]Courts of Judicial Assistants, (of which 50 were in one court, that of the Banga[redacted]dicial Assistant) three were before Deputy Commissioners and 24 before Com[redacted]ers.

160. *Court of the Judicial Commissioner.*—There were only 2 regular appeals pre[redacted] during the year; both were from the Court of the Commissioner of Nundydroog, [redacted]n both the original decree was modified. Seventy six special appeals were pre[redacted]d and disposed of as follows:—

Confirmed	30
Modified	6
Reversed	25
Remanded	6
Pending	9

161. *Execution of Decrees.*—Including the number pending from the previous year, the applications for execution of decrees were 15,458 in all, against 20,186 in 1876; of these, 11,321 were executed wholly, 2,183 partially, and 1,954 were pending at the close of the year. Imprisonment was resorted to in 748 cases. Movable property was attached in 1,368 and sold in 591 cases, and immovable property was attached in 989 cases and sold in 984. The value of the applications was Rs. 24,93,047-15-7 and of the 11,321 completely executed Rs. 16,29,052-6-2; but this includes 621 cases valued at Rs. 1,20,381-11-11 which were transferred, and 8,125 cases, value Rs. 12,13,610-2-10, withdrawn, returned or rejected and dismissed.

162. *Miscellaneous Cases and Petitions.*—There were 1,388 miscellaneous cases and 3,382 miscellaneous petitions disposed of, against 2,200 and 4,978 in 1876. Seventy seven thousand, eight hundred and seventy-six processes were issued as compared with 123,978 in 1876. 75,423 were served and 2,453 outstanding at the close of the year. The fees collected amounted to Rs. 48,399-4-0, being less by Rs. 25,304 than in 1876; the expenditure on the other hand was Rs. 45,237-4-6, being Rs. 5,723-10-9 more than in 1876; the saving to Government accordingly fell from Rs. 34,189-10-3 to Rs. 3,161-15-6.

REGISTRATION.

163. The year 1877—78, the second of severe distress, is marked by an exceptional increase in the number of registrations. This is most noticeable in the case of instruments of sale and mortgage, the number of which has risen by 50 per cent, and especially in instruments of this class affecting property under 100 rupees value, where the increase is 100 per cent.

164. The following statement shews the number of documents of each class registered in th[redacted] previous years :—

		1877-78.	1876-77.
	Compulsory.		
Registrations affecting immovable property.	...ments of gift..	39	50
	...truments of sale of rupees 100 value and upwards ..	4,693	3,837
	Do mortgage do	5,261	4,201
	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of the above	20	12
	Perpetual leases	135	172
	Leases for over 1 year when not exempted.. ..	209	203
	Other documents	278	
	Optional.		
	Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100 ..	3,949	
	Do mortgage of same value ..	2,326	
	Leases for less than 1 year and those exempt .	42	
	Awards	2	
	Certified copies of decrees	7	
	Miscellaneous documents	41	
Wills		46	
Authorities to adopt..		3	
Registrations of bonds, contracts and other documents affecting movable property		330	

The Inspector General remarks: "The decrease in the registra... "bonds, contracts and other miscellaneous documents may be regarded as ... "symptom of the poverty of the times."

165. *Value of Property affected.*—The aggregate value of the property ...ferred by registered documents was as follows :—

	1876—77.	1877—7...
Documents relating to immovable property	41,96,361	47,30,2...
Do movable property.. ..	1,86,944	1,64,7...

166. The average cost of registration, that is, the percentage of fees o... value of property, was :—

	1876—77.	1877—78
Immovable property	0 8 11	0 10
Movable do	0 9 6	0 7

167. The average registration fee per document was—

	1876—77.	1877—78.
Compulsory Registration ..	2 4 1	2 13 0
Optional do ..	1 5 8	1 2 4

168. *Refusals.*—There were 116 refusals to register, against 89 in the previous year ; 10 were appealed, of which two only were reversed.

169. *Documents impounded.*—Seventy-seven documents were impounded owing to deficiency in stamp duty. Rs. 207—4—0 were realized on that account and Rs. 94—1—0 as penalties.

170. *Documents destroyed and pending Delivery.*—Six documents were destroyed. At the close of the year, there were 608 registered documents pending delivery, an increase of 134 over the number in the previous year. Rs. 387 were recovered as fees on documents left unclaimed for more than a month after registry.

171. *Departmental Changes.*—One Office was abolished, but though two new ones have been sanctioned, they were not opened, the intended Sub-Registrars of those places being on famine duty. There are 82 Sub-Registrars' Offices, of which 61 were inspected during the year. In the Túmkúr District none was inspected.

172. *Financial Results.*—The collections amounted to Rs. 35,717 and the expenditure to Rs. 24,096, leaving a surplus of Rs. 11,621. The receipts were Rs. 6,462 and the expenditure Rs. 3,163 more than in the previous year. The excess expenditure was due partly to famine batta and partly to increase of fees in Sub-Registry Offices.

173. Registration of Companies under Act X of 1866.—There were four new banks registered during the year, and the total number in existence at the close of the year was 80, two having been formally put in liquidation ; but twenty of the existing companies appear by the reports of proceedings at periodical meetings to have either discontinued business or ceased to pay dividends.

174. The severe distress existing in the Province has appar[redacted]out this ruin ; the immediate causes of failure are ascribed to the rules by w[redacted]holders under various conditions can demand back the amount of their paid-up shares as well as to the insolvency of persons taking loans.

175. The documents registered numbered 275 against 269 in the year previous, the increase being in proceedings of special meetings ; while the number of proceedings of ordinary meetings registered decreased, and there was also a decrease in special fees levied for registration of new companies.

176. The receipts amount to Rs. 1,640 against Rs. 2,115 of the year previous. The expenditure again is Rs. 611 against Rs. 644. The surplus is therefore Rs. 1,029.

177. Considerable pressure was required to get the prescribed returns of share-holders and balance sheets ; and at the close of the year 13 were still unsent. The Agent and two Directors of one bank were prosecuted to conviction for not submitting the annual balance sheet and list of share-holders, and prosecutions are pending against the managers of three more institutions for like offences.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

178. The following table shews the year's transactions :—

		1876—77. No.	1876—77. Amoun	1877—78. No.	1877—78. Amount.
Orders issued.	Inland	7234	2,57,404	7684	2,71,811
	Overland	146	9,139	282	19,630
Orders paid .	Inland	6673	2,20,845	6526	2,08,606
	Overland	37	1,220	64	3,001
First commission realized	.. ..	..	3,013	..	3,178
Second do do	.. ..	..	27	..	38
Lapsed orders	.. ..	..	93	..	62
Charges	.. ..	..	1,509	..	1,510
Profit	.. ..	..	985	..	861

179. This shews an increase in the issues of Inland orders with a decrease in payments compared with 1876—77. The transactions in Overland orders have doubled both in issues and payments.

180. *Transactions locally.*—The number of orders issued on account of the Mysore Circle was 3,231 of the value of Rs. 1,04,314. Orders paid on the same account numbered 3,245 valued at Rs. 1,04,812. These amounts are respectively Rs. 8,407 and Rs, 9,324 more than in the previous year. The increase was chiefly in the Bangalore and Chitaldroog Districts.

181. *Transactions with other Circles.*—The orders drawn and paid by Mysore on account of the Government of India Circles amounted to Rs. 1,67,497 and Rs. 1,03,794 respectively, against Rs. 1,61,497 and Rs. 1,25,357 in 1876—77.

182. *Financial Results.*—After charging Rs. 285 as contribution for pensions and adjusting the charge of one per cent commission on money orders drawn or paid by Mysore on account of Government of India Circles, the surplus is Rs. 861—4—3 against Rs. 985—5—10 in the previous year.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

183. The number of Municipalities in the Province during the year 1877—78 was the same as in last year, *viz.*, 1877.

184. The following statement exhibits the number of municipal towns in each District, the receipts and expenditure of the municipal revenues for 1877—

District.	No. of Municipalities.	Income.	Expenditure.
[illegible]t	2	1,93,806	1,8[illegible]5,190
Ba[illegible]	14	8,906	[illegible],308
Kolar	11	12,158	[illegible],761
Túmkúr	11	11,020	[illegible],001
Mysore „	12	1,40,109	9[illegible],917
Hassan „	10	6,869	[illegible],697
Shimoga „	8	32,413	1[illegible]544
Kadur „	6	30,881	1[illegible]538
Chitaldroog „	3	12,291	1[illegible],425
Total.....	77	4,48,453	3,52,381

MILITARY.

185. *Siledar Horse.*—There were at the close of the year three regi[illegible]ments comprising a total strength of 1,190 of all ranks.

186. *Drill.*—The untoward circumstances of the year and the employ[illegible]nt of many men in patrolling roads prevented much attention being given to drill.

187. *Arms.*—The 3rd Regiment has been supplied with the new pattern [illegible]sword and sword-belt.

188. *Horses.*—One hundred and forty-seven horses were cast during the [illegible]year, twenty-nine died and thirty were purchased. At the close of the year one hu[illegible]dred and sixteen were wanting to complete the complement.

189. *Kunigal Farm.*—There are 46 foals in the farm. Seventy were [illegible]born during the year, and of 96 purchased, 22 were passed into the ranks. There [illegible]were 20 deaths among foals, and the stock as well as the farm itself suffered sev[illegible]ely from the want of rain. Sixteen stallions remained on the 1st April.

190. *Military Works.*—The repairs of the Siledar Stables at Shimoga were [illegible]im- dertaken ; Siledar huts at Shimoga, and huts for the Barr at Shimoga, Hassan, C[illegible]ik- magalur and Chitaldroog were repaired, while the construction of the Hospital [illegible]nd

Apothecaries' Quarters at Bangalore was completed. All the military works are now carried out by the Civil Authorities.

191. *Special Funds.*—The receipts on account of the Chanda Fund were Rs. 1,16,069—2—4 and the expenditure was Rs. 29,835—8—9, the balance on the 1st April 1878 being Rs. 86,233—9—7. The receipts to credit of the Stable Fund were Rs. 14,012—13—1, and the expenditure on repairs and conservancy Rs. 2,258, leaving a balance in favor of the fund amounting to Rs. 11,754—13—1.

192. The receipts of the Stallion Fund amounted to Rs. 5,963—11—11 and the expenditure in connection with the Kunigal Farm Rs. 3,061—14—2. The balance to credit was Rs. 2,901—13—9.

193. *Compensation.*—All men below the rank of commissioned officer received ragi and gram compensation, the disbursement on which account reached Rupees 1,56,865—14—5.

194. *Barr or Local Infantry.*—Drill has been attended to. No reliefs have taken place during the year. The ragi compensation to the men amounted to Rs. 73,374—15—3. The strength of the 4 regiments as they stood on the 1st April 1878 was 2,049 of all ranks.

195. *Repair Fund.*—The collections on account of rent totalled Rs. 1,923—2—0, which with the closing balance of the previous year gives a credit of Rs. 6,613—10—5. The expenditure was only Rs. 55—1—2 and the balance to credit is Rs. 6,558—9—3.

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER.

196. *Rain-fall.*—The average rain-fall during the year under report was 35·92 inches against 16·74 inches in 1876, shewing an increase of 19·18 inches. The quantity of rain gauged at the Bowring Civil Hospital at Bangalore was 39·28 inches as against 17·16 inches in the year preceding.

197. The rain-fall during the year under review was up to the average in the Malnad taluks, while in the majority of the Maidan taluks it far exceeded the average. In both cases, however, the rain-fall in September and October was unusually large, and in the Maidan taluks, no small amount of damage was caused to crops, as well as to irrigation works and roads.

198. The following statement exhibits the rain-fall of the past year as compared with that of the year preceding at the head-quarters of Districts :—

Divisions.	Districts.	1876.	1877.
Nundydroog.	Bangalore	17·16	39·28
	Kolar	12·19	32·63
	Túmkúr	16·99	34·98
Asbtagram.	Mysore	22·80	31·68
	Hassan	18·60	38·55
Naga	Shimoga	18·28	42·58
	Kadur	20·65	42·13
	Chitaldroog	9·48	29·94

199. *Temperature.*—The average temperature at Bangalore was registered at 76° against 78°5′ in the year before.

CROPS.

200. The following is a brief account of the out-turn of crops and of the condition of the people during the year in the three Divisions of the Province :—

201. *Nundydroog Division.*—In this Division the famine continued throughout the year, the early rains failed altogether, but happily the later rains were copious. The yield however of ragi, the staple food of the country, was scanty and the rice crops were only moderate.

202. The following measures were carried out with a view to assist the poorer classes of ryots and cultivators :—

I. Takavi advances were distributed for the purchase of seed, cattle and agricultural implements.
II. The revenue demand on holdings which had not been cultivated to the extent of one-half, and the yield on which had been trifling, and also in the case of wet land which had been left uncultivated either from the failure of the monsoon or other legitimate causes, was postponed.
III. Advances were made for sinking wells in certain localities in view to assist the growth of the Vaisak crop.
IV. The cultivation of javari on batayi wet lands under small tanks was sanctioned, the ryots taking ⅔rds of the produce and the Government ⅓rd.
V. The cultivation of sajje crops on unoccupied and batayi lands on the same terms as those stipulated for javari was permitted in unsettled taluks.
VI. The cultivation of unoccupied survey numbers in settled taluks on a reduction of ⅓rd assessment was also permitted.
VII. The sale of hulbanni was postponed.
VIII. Interest on arrears of revenue was remitted.

	Dry.	Wet.
Bangalore ...	4 Annas.	5 Annas.
Kolar ...	2 do	4 do
Túmkúr ...	4 do	12 do

203. The yield of crops in this Division was estimated as noted in the margin.

204. The public health until about November 1877 was very bad. Cholera, small-pox, and famine diarrhœa prevailed to a great extent. Since November the public health may be said to have gradually improved, but fever continued to prevail to a serious extent.

205. *Ashtagram Division.*—The agricultural operations during the year were commenced in this Division as usual about the middle of March 1877, the early or Mungár rains having begun at that time. Owing to the deficiency and unequal distribution of the rains, the prospects up to the 15th of May 1877 were bad. Gid ragi and cholam, the principal grains used by the agricultural class, suffered much, and a considerable portion of land remained unsown in spite of the efforts of the ryots to raise an early crop on all suitable lands. In many parts of the Mysore and Hassan Districts the seed of the gid-ragi did not germinate and was lost. The loss pressed very severely on the poorer ryots who had no stock or other property in hand. Cholera, small-pox and fever were prevalent, and the mortality was very heavy.

206. The prospects from the 15th May to the 15th June 1877, however improved owing to a seasonable fall of rain during that period. Crops which were falling for want of rain revived, a good deal of land in which the seed had failed was resown, and much additional land which had been prepared was sown with early crops, mostly cholam and gid-ragi, the area of the lands being nearly double of what was ordinarily cultivated, and the cultivation of the *hain* crops at the same time progressed rapidly. But after the middle of June there was a sudden cessation of the monsoon rains and a high south-westerly wind set in, drying the soil and withering up the growing crops. The first sown cholam in many localities failed, and some did not come into ear and was cut for fodder. A great deal of gid-ragi was lost, and except in some taluks, the later ragi suffered so considerably that much of the seed sown never germinated. Great anxiety was universally felt at this period till September and October, when heavy rain fell filling the tanks and ensuring the safety of the greater part of the crops then on the ground. Some tanks breached, and the crops in some places suffered, but on the whole they continued to thrive during November and December 1877 and were duly harvested. Vaisak paddy was cultivated under almost all the tanks and the crop was good, but the late ragi and horse-gram suffered from deficient rain, and ballar and cotton from insects.

207. The rice crop under river-fed channels may be put down at 14 annas, if not at a full crop or 16 annas; that under tanks being from 10 to 14 annas, and the dry crops from 8 to 10 annas. The yield of ragi, except the very late sowings, was fair in almost all the taluks.

208. *Nagar Division.*—The out-turn in this Division was doubly affected, first by the scantiness of the early rains and again by the excessive fall which occurred in the autumn months.

209. The Kartik wet crops in the Malnad taluks were good, but in the Maidan, owing to the absence of the earlier rains and of water in tanks, they yielded only a four anna crop. The Vaisak crop, which was largely sown under tanks on their filling in September and October, yielded a fair average. The dry crops, which are mainly dependent on the earlier rains, failed to a considerable extent. The out-turn of this crop is estimated at 2 to 7 annas in the Chitaldroog District, 8 to 10 annas in the Shimoga District, and 5 to 12 annas in the Kadur District.

210. The garden crop in the Malnad was an average one, but in the Maidan large numbers of supari and cocoanut trees died, and the yield nowhere exceeded 3 annas. Considerable damage was also done to wet crops by flights of locusts which visited several taluks, but on the whole the out-turn was better than in 1876-77.

211. Deaths were more numerous during the year in all the Districts. The increase was largest in Chitaldroog where the distress caused by famine was most severe.

212. A[illegible] in September and October fever of a malignant type, h[illegible] an cholera itself, broke out in all the Taluks of Chit[illegible] he Shimoga and Kadur Districts which had suffered[illegible] eat mortality. In the Malnad taluks also fever w[illegible]

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215. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The average prices of the principal articles of produce are shewn in the following statement as compared with 1876—77:—

Average Prices of Produce and Labor.

Average Prices of Produce.				1876—77.	1877—78.
Rice	per	Rupee	Seers.	8·16	5·98
Wheat	„	do	„	7·54	5·98
Dal	„	do	„	10·81	7·86
Ballar	„	do	„	9·16	6·32
Ragi	„	do	„	11·95	7·94
Horse gram	„	do	„	9·78	6·93
Bengal gram	„	do	„	9·64	6·92
Salt	„	do	„	9·72	9·3
Cotton per Maund			Rs.	6 12 0	8 3 6
Sugar do			„	3 14 8	4 12 0
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Plough bullocks, each			„	...	10 200
Sheep do			„	...	5 7 10
					As. As. P.
Fish, per seer			„	...	1 to 6 4
Iron, per maund			„	...	4 5 1
Fresh cocoanuts per 100			„	4 4 0	6 4 4
Jaggory per maund			„	[illegible]	2 13 2
Arecanut do			„	[illegible]	9 1 2
Tobacco do			„		5
Ghee do			„		5
Opium per seer			„		11

216. The prices of food grains r[illegible]e rates throughout the year. The average [illegible]re as follows:—

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hurtful in many ways, causing pulses to run to creeper, and developing swarms of insects which did great damage.

222. *Live Stock.*—Twenty pair of cattle have been maintained, they have been fed entirely on waste products of the Farm, and coarse fodder, the improved fodders produced having been sold. Sheep and pigs were tried for producing manure, but they have been disposed of as they did not answer well. The cattle manure, conserved under a system of loose box keeping, has been proved to be the most valuable of all experimented on during the year.

223. *Implements.*—The value of iron ploughs has been extensively shewn by the successful experiments in deep cultivation. An improved English drill has been employed with success.

224. Statistical information regarding irrigation by double mhote shews that, while the original outlay is 7½ times as great as that required for fitting the same well with 4 ordinary picottahs, the daily average expense of working, in which interest on original cost is included, is less than half, while the water raised is nearly three times as much ; and a well worked 4 days out of 5 with the mhote can irrigate more than double the land it could when worked daily with the picottah.

225. *Crops.*—By the deep ploughing of the previous autumn in dry lands it has been found that it was possible to sow much earlier in the season than in the cas with lands cultivated by native ploughs. Experiments in early cultivation were n extensively made, as failure was freely predicted by the agriculturists of the countr but v ved successful in a high degree. *Bájri* or *Kambu-Sajje* e rate of 1,090 lbs. per acre, while the crop sown i

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miles, instead of 55 square miles as formerly estimated. The total area of the State-forests at the close of the year was 442 square miles and 86 acres.

232. *Demarcation.*—With the exception of the evergreen forests in the Ashtagram Division, which it is not intended to demarcate at present, the Maddagiri and Uyamballi forest lines, which have not as yet been settled, and a portion of the Devarayadurga forest, all the settled State-forests have been demarcated. The total length of boundary lines already completed is 212 miles, and these are in good order. In consequence of the long continued drought, the experiment of raising Casuarina trees to form boundary lines has been delayed in execution.

233. *Breaches of Forest Rules.*—Out of 375 cases involving 892 persons, prosecuted for breaches of forest rules, convictions were obtained in 326 cases. The offences chiefly consisted of those falling under "unauthorized felling."

234. *Improvement and Extension of Forests.*—The work done under this head was restricted to the repair, &c., of certain forest roads and huts. The Chikmagalur-Yedehalli road, towards which a sum of Rs. 4,000 was contributed by the Forest Department, has not yet been completed.

235. *Protection of Forests from Fire.*—Several of the forest reserves suffered from fire in spite of the protective measures taken. The more notable cases were those of the Begur and Ainur-Marigudi and Kakankote No. I reserves in the Ashtagram Division and the Lakvalli forest in the Nagar Range. The Begur forest was more or less wholly burnt, and the Ainur-Marigudi to the extent of half its area. The total area attempted to be protected was 147 square miles, of which the area actually protected was only 92 square miles. The expenditure [illegible] year amounted to Rs. 5,505.

236. *Plantations.*—The total area [illegible] ces was 3,504 acres as shewn under :—

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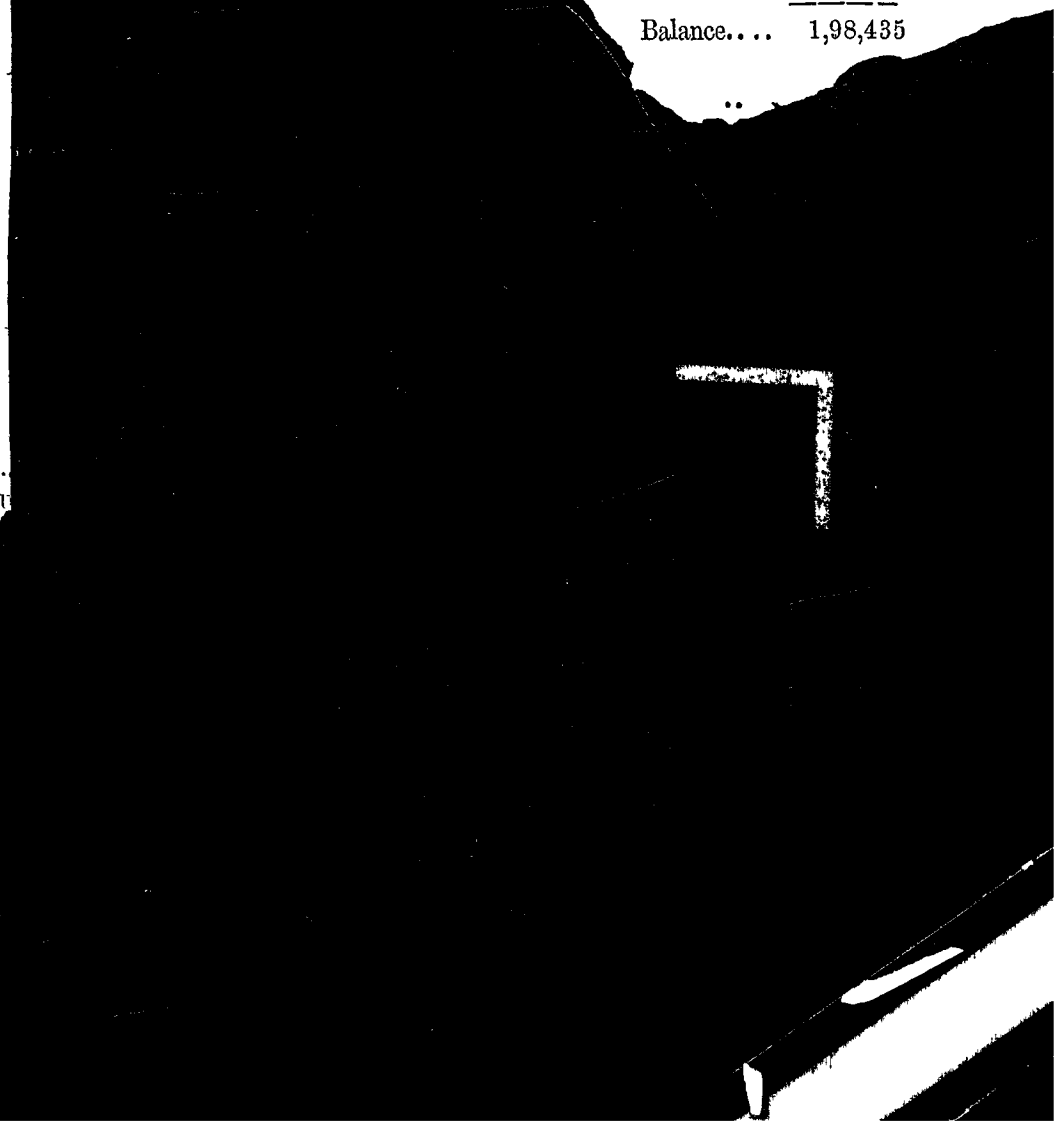
240. *Sandalwood.*—Eight hundred and forty-four and a half tons of sandalwood were collected during the year at a cost of Rs. 37,424 or Rs. 44—5—0 per ton, and 1,009½ tons (exclusive of 36 tons of driage) were sold for Rs. 3,89,335 or Rs. 385—10—9 per ton. The quantity in stock at the close of the year amounted to 583¾ tons.

241. *District-Forest Depôts.*—Excluding the depôt at Hassan which was not opened, 12 depôts were worked by the Forest Department. Of these, the sales at the three depôts of Siralkoppa, Nyamti and Shikarpur, which are proposed to be ultimately transferred to the Revenue Officers, realized Rs. 1,254, the cost incurred on account of the depôt establishment being Rs. 576.

242. *Free grants of wood, &c.*—Free grants of wood and bamboos to the ryots for the re-construction of their houses destroyed by fire amounted to Rs. 1,671.

243. *Financial Results.*—The general financial results of the year were as follows:—

		Rs.
Realizations		4,58,588
Deduct—		
Amount realized on account of previous years		14,918
	Balance....	4,43,670
Add—		
Outstandings at close of year		45,235
	Value of year's transactions....	4,88,905
Disbursements		1,98,923
Deduct		
.. ..		488
	Balance....	1,98,435
..		



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No.		1876—77.	1877—78.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1	Silk	1,73,400	2,02,000	28,600	...
2	Cotton	6,78,561	5,30,396	..	1,48,165
3	Wool	1,85,000	1,37,975	...	47,025
4	Fibres	27,980	32,133	4,153	...
5	Iron	1,62,885	83,717	...	79,168
6	Brass & copper	17,57,285	14,25,475	...	3,31,810
7	Sugar	10,65,487	8,82,000	...	1,83,487
8	Coffee	22,07,795	15,89,516	...	6,18,279
9	Paper	...	...	...	...
10	Wood	10,000	...	...	10,000
11	Oils	4,23,175	4,62,736	39,561	...
	Total.....	66,91,568	53,45,948	72,314	14,17,934
	Net... .	...	...	...	13,45,620

TRADE.

249. The information regarding the extent of the export and import trade will be found in the subjoined tables :—

Principal Exports to Her Majesty's Territories for the year 1877—78.

No.	Articles.	Quantity exported.	Average Value.
1	Arecanut		

Principal Imports from Her Majesty's Territories for the year 1877—78.

No.	Articles.	Quantity imported.			Average Value.
		Tons.	Cwt.	lbs.	Rs.
1	Arecanut	1,963	8	40	12,34,948
2	Cotton	545	13	29	2,51,626
3	Coffee	631	10	60	2,54,738
4	Cloves	16	16	48	31,880
5	Cardamoms	39	18	56	32,680
6	Chillies	1,584	9	72	4,39,425
7	Dry cocoanut	361	16	104	1,60,441
8	Pepper	350	1	96	2,18,171
9	Poppy seeds	17	3	80	5,535
10	Tamarind	302	14	32	15,500
11	Tobacco	670	15	48	5,64,989
12	Iron	1,513	19	72	2,60,500
13	Silver	21	12	90	19,38,120
14	Gold	...	11	69 1/10	8,75,500
15	Tuvar (dal)	1,050	14	100	1,52,960
16	Green gram	4,638	17	48	2,37,487
17	Bengal gram	6,548	8	64	9,34,800
18	Horse gram	7,318	12	16	8,74,925
19	Black gram	1,528	18	20	2,17,207
20	Ragi	44,704	...	16	53,39,800
21	Wheat	13,824	17	32	18,47,280
22	Rice	349,788	4	60	1,00,07,360
23	Chola	3,446	4	32	14,77,000
24	Paddy	8,299	5	80	6,13,000
25	Betel leaves ... ... No.	8,749,224			63,307
26	Hides ... ... No.	45,990			55,975
27	Cocoanuts, fresh ... ... No.	6,707,240			1,21,730
28	Camphor	44	4	40	53,470
29	Cocoanut oil	92	6	56	55,335
30	Ginger	457	5	...	1,26,760
31	Jaggery	2,359	12	96	6,76,450
32	Opium	...	...	97 1/5	
33	Sandal		1	42	
34	Sugar				
35	Cotton				
36	Coarse				
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ernment in February following. In this Rs. 9,21,779 were provided for Roads and Buildings which could not be stopped or which gave employment to the distressed but able-bodied working classes and thus prevented many of them from resorting to famine works proper, for which Rs. 14,15,714 were set aside, of which Rs. 4,56,814 were for the Mysore Railway and Rs. 2,24,986 for Irrigation.

253. In the following table are shewn the original grants, modified grants, and outlay, distributed over the various heads of service. The antique figures give the amounts allotted and expended on famine works, some of which were altogether new works undertaken solely for relief, whilst some were works already sanctioned and in hand, but from their character or situation well adapted to the employment of famine labor on a large scale. In the former category were the Mysore Railway, Agrahara tank, Alsur tank road; in the latter the Bangalore and Mysore water-supply projects, with extensive repairs to the roads in the Bangalore, Túmkúr and Chitaldroog Districts:—

Statement shewing Expenditure against Grant for 1877—78.

Heads of Service.	Original Budget Grant.	As modified after issue of Budget Orders.	Expenditure.	Expenditure compared with Modifications.		Remarks.
				More.	Less.	
Original Works	7,34,500	3,44,279	3,82,112	37,833	...	
			1,68,437	1,68,437		
Repairs	3,54,000	2,36,000	3,25,555	89,555	...	
			75,701	75,701		
Establishment	3,16,500	3,16,500	2,36,932	...	79,568	
			89,670	89,670		
Tools and Plant	30,000	25,000	27,767	2,767	...	
			72,864	72,864		
... ...	...	...	...	...	...	

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of Taluk Cutcherries at Belur, Sorab, and Yedahalli, and the improvements to that at Jagalur were nearly finished.

257. *Excise Buildings.*—The construction of an enclosure wall to the distillery at Ságar is approaching completion.

258. *Law and Justice—Constructing a Munsiff's Court at Chikmagalur.*—It was not considered desirable to press on with this building, and work was consequently confined to the collection and preparation of materials.

259. *District Jails.*—Progress in constructing a wall around the Jail at Chikmagalur was, notwithstanding higher rates allowed, very poor, and much of what work was done was very badly done and had to be dismantled. The District Jail at Hassan was practically completed by the end of the year, and has been occupied by the convicts since January 1877. Work sheds and additional guard rooms, &c., for the District Jail at Shimoga were completed very satisfactorily within the year, the total outlay being Rs. 8,687, which comprised some work found necessary subsequent to the sanction of the original estimate for Rs. 9,760. Prison labor was extensively employed. The employment of the whole available establishment in the Chitaldroog and Túmkúr Districts on the supervision of relief operations necessarily retarded the prosecution of all ordinary works. The progress on the Chitaldroog Jail was consequently bad, but the large lapse on the allotment was to some extent due to the Executive Engineer having neglected to settle the accounts of the work by the end of the year. The increase of crime, the natural sequence of famine, necessitated the provision of extra accommodation in the Central Jail at Bangalore. Four large additional wards, partly katcha, were accordingly constructed. Materials and skilled supervision only were supplied at Government expense; the building being done by the prisoners themselves.

260. *Minor Departments.—Constructing a new Museum at Bangalore.*—This handsome building, the revised estimate for which was sanctioned by Government of India in December 1877, was satisfactorily completed early in the year at a cost of Rs. 45,382. After the transfer of the collection to the new building, the old M[illegible] was, by [illegible]llency the Vicer[illegible] handed over as a free[illegible] nuns of th[illegible] in recognition devotion[illegible] stricken[illegible] nection [illegible]

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materials already purchased, which cannot be utilized elsewhere, it is not at present intended to proceed.

265. *Public Works Buildings—Executive Engineer's Office at Koppa.*—The building was completed satisfactorily within the year.

266. COMMUNICATIONS.—Road works undertaken solely to meet the famine pressure, and not provided for in the original budget submitted to Government, will be treated of separately as " Relief Operations."

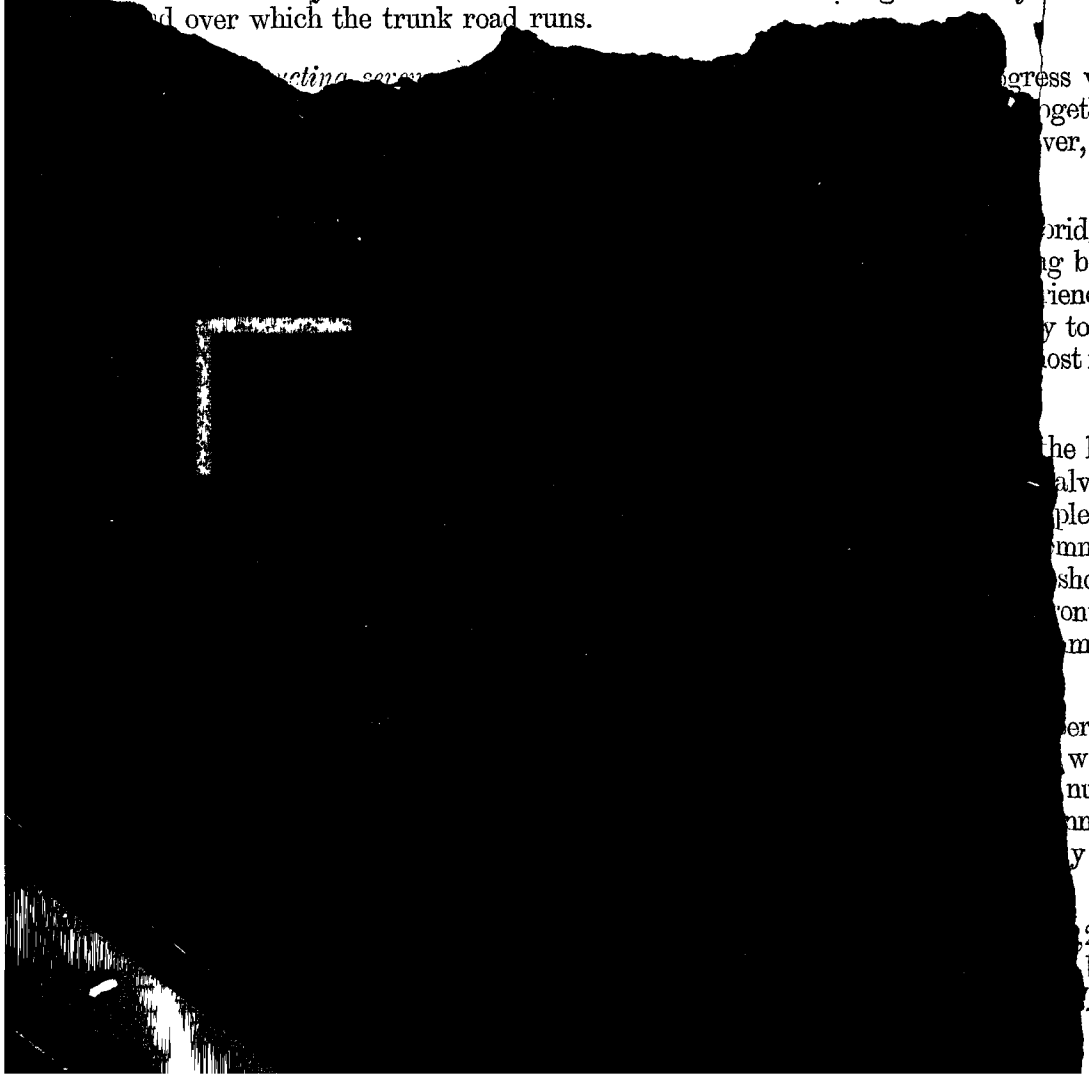
267. The following paragraphs shew briefly the progress and outlay on works sanctioned and budgetted for :—

268. *Two Bridges on the Kunigal-Huliyurdurga Road.*—One of these bridges has been completed for a long time, but the second one, over the Hoshalli nullah, has, from the deadly unhealthiness of the locality, proved a perfect stumbling block. It has cost the life of one subordinate and of many work-people, and every contractor who has taken up the job has invariably thrown it up after a short effort to work at the place. During the year the arch was turned and the face walls partly built up, but the work is still incomplete.

269. *Bridge across frontier stream on the Maddur-Huliyurdurga Road.*—This excellent example of massive stone-work which reflects the greatest credit on the Executive Engineer, Mr. G. W. White, under whose immediate supervision it was almost entirely carried out, was all but finished. At the close of the year the pointing of brick parapets and part of earth-work of embankments alone remained to be done.

270. *Constructing new Ghat deviation on the Chitaldroog-Hiriyur Road.*—This work was stopped in the month of September in order to concentrate all the available supervision on the famine operations on the adjoining roads.

271. *Improving the Mysore-Cannanore Road.*—This work was completed to the ...tent found necessary to facilitate the traffic and render safe a high and very narrow ...d over which the trunk road runs.



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total outlay has been Rs. 34,246 to end of the year under review. It is to be regretted that the financial circumstances of the Province and the pressing claims for funds to complete other projects will probably not allow of the satisfactory completion and up-keep of what promised to be an excellent and useful bullock ghat.

277. *Bridges on the Anemahal-Múdgere Road.*—Work to the Vaddanhalla bridge, which alone remains to be constructed, was started early in the year, and the foundations for abutments were got in, that for the northern one being on wells, whilst the southern one is on a bed of concrete varying from 2½ to 6 feet in thickness. Attempts to get in the foundation of pier failed, and on the breaking of the rains the labor dispersed. The monsoon over, it was found impossible, as on most of the Malnad works, to collect labor again. The relief works in the Maidan taluks, which were open to all, and the high prices ruling on the ghats, may account for the falling off in the usual migration of labor westwards.

278. *Widening and completing the Bhund Ghat.*—Fair progress was made with this important project, which comprises the widening of the narrow roadway by building out massive revetments, the construction of several new bridges and culverts, the erection of parapets above the dangerous scarps, and the rectification of bad gradients. The necessity for improving this ghat was well illustrated during the monsoon of the year under review; during a terrific storm unusually heavy slips came down from the mountainous scarps above the road, overthrew several of the revetments, and effectually barred all traffic for several days. From similar causes the Manjarabad Ghat became blocked at the same time; the importation of rice from the low country was suddenly checked; and the rates of grain, already at famine prices, rose rapidly in the western taluks.

279. *Opening out Basvankanave Ghat.*—Progress was very unsatisfactory on this work. It was found impossible to get together again in any numbers the labor which reiterated out-breaks of cholera towards the close of the previous year had scattered in all directions.

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which are, however, ready in complete form. The outlay was Rs. 18,192, Rs. 7,855 and Rs. 7,914 on each as above.

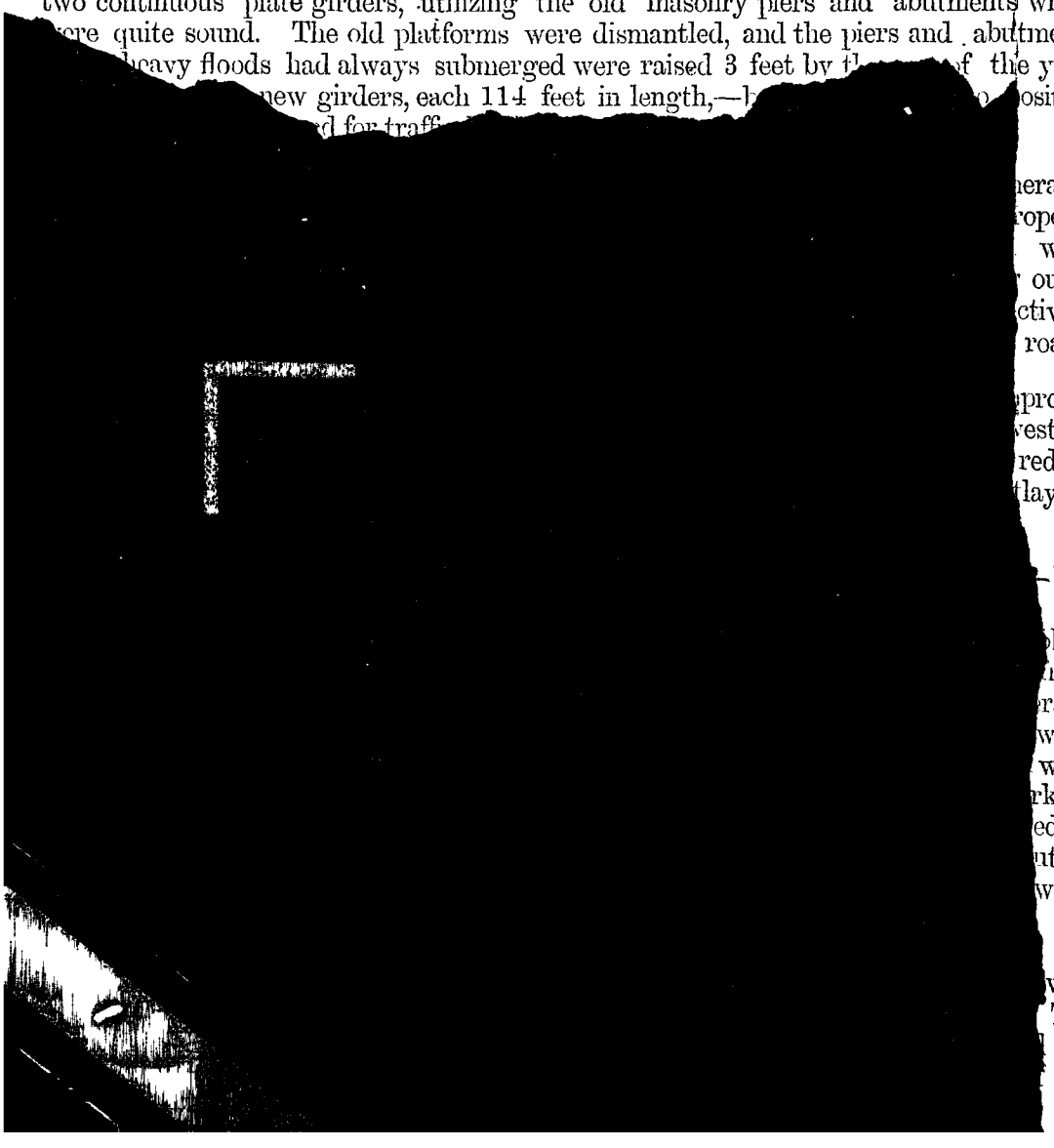
286. *Opening out the new Hyderghar Ghat.*—The ghat was satisfactorily completed and thrown open to traffic.

287. On the several sections—each a project in itself—forming the road of approach from Shimoga to the new Hyderghar Ghat, progress was, considering the difficulties of the year, fair. On the fourth section or Kulurkatte-Bennavalli road, Rs. 23,720 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 25,000, and on the fifth and last section or Ainur-Bennavalli road, Rs. 5,658 were spent out of Rs. 6,000 appropriated. The Surlamuki bridge on the 2nd section was finished, and the girders and roadway of the Kadkoli bridge on the same section were erected. Two bridges on the 4th section, the Shiddi and Mumbár, were pushed forward as fast as the labor available would admit. This new line was found most useful during the famine from the facilities it afforded to the passage of grain from the west into the more affected parts of the Nagar Division.

288. *Deviation at Bangod on Shimoga-Agumbe Road.*—The road was completed to full width for its entire length of 3 miles, and sufficient gravel was collected for coating it. Log drains were built for temporary use where proper masonry culverts will eventually be constructed.

289. *Bridge across the Benhatti River.*—During the year a small outlay of Rs. 718 was incurred, which was met from the Madras Government contribution. The work mainly consisted of getting in the foundations and quarrying stone.

290. *Kushavati Bridge.*—The old timber queen post trusses which spanned the Kushavati river near the large town of Tirthahalli, on the Agumbe main road, having been condemned in previous year as unsafe, it was determined to substitute therefor two continuous plate girders, utilizing the old masonry piers and abutments which were quite sound. The old platforms were dismantled, and the piers and abutments heavy floods had always submerged were raised 3 feet by [illegible] of the year, new girders, each 114 feet in length,—[illegible] position d for traff[illegible]



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those seeking employment, whatever their condition, were taken on in addition to the coolies drafted from the relief kitchens. The numbers so engaged averaged daily 670 men, 1,081 women, 237 working children, and 167 children under 7, for thirty-one weeks,—or an aggregate of 124,500 men, 200,934 women, 44,004 working children, and 24,054 children below 7. The cost of this relief labor proper amounted to Rs. 68,466, returning Rs. 52,631 as value of work done and leaving Rs. 15,835 as loss debitable to famine. In addition to the above numbers a gang of convicts from the Mysore Jail was usefully employed on the excavation of the main channel and on the puddle trench, whilst ordinary labor was employed on normal terms, the total outlay for the year under all heads being Rs. 90,152. From the great quantities of water met with, the puddle core advanced but slowly, but on the whole excellent work was done under the judicious management of Captain Purchas, R. E., the Executive Officer in charge.

295. *Mysore Drainage.*—This work has been carried out to the extent originally proposed, the total outlay to end of year being Rs. 57,534. An extension of the main sewer and some improvements to the out-fall, &c., are now deemed necessary, and a revised project, as well as project for improving the drainage of the Fort, is under preparation.

FAMINE RELIEF WORKS.

296. Works undertaken during the year with the primary object of meeting the prevailing distress, their ultimate usefulness being but a secondary consideration, comprised—1st, the Mysore State Railway,—2nd, the Agrahara Tank—3rd, the Alsur Tank Road,—4th Road from Railway Station to Native Infantry Hospital,—5th, the extension of road repairs and collection of metal for future use. This numeration gives approximately the order of magnitude of the famine works, and is nearly the reverse of the order in which they were taken up, the collection of road materials to keep the able-bodied employed having been commenced in previous year, and quickly followed by Nos. 4 and 3.

29[illegible] *Mysore Railway.*—When in September 1877 the famine had [illegible] intensifi[illegible] of the relief kitchens rendered necessary the in[illegible] of work[illegible]as to give employment to the thousa[illegible] relief, th[illegible] to Mysore was starte[illegible] heavy e[illegible]d mo[illegible] its posit[illegible] labor. located [illegible] M. I. C. the line [illegible] formed, [illegible] ing the [illegible] and thr[illegible] Executi[illegible] transfer[illegible] engaged [illegible] supervis[illegible] vinces al[illegible] the first [illegible] rapidly [illegible] attaine[illegible] they sl[illegible]

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299. *Agrahara Tank.*—When the Alsur tank road, the Native Infantry Hospital road, and other minor works in Bangalore, approached completion, and it became necessary to devise further work for the able-bodied population clamouring for relief, the Agrahara tank scheme was designed. As it comprised the construction of a very wide and lofty earthen embankment across a valley adjoining the most populous part of Bangalore, the restoration of an old tank bund on the Túmkúr road, and the excavation of a deep and wide feeder from the latter to the former, it afforded the very best class of work for relief labor, whilst it promised to materially improve the water supply of the Bangalore Pettah. It was started in September at the same time as the railway, and proved of the greatest value for relief purposes, as at the most critical time the railway embankments and cuttings would of themselves have been insufficient for the crowds that flocked in. At the same time its position admitted of the trained establishment appointed to the railway fully supervising it. By the close of the year the great mass of the earthwork was finished, the cost being Rs. 60,607, for which value of work done at normal rates is estimated at Rs. 29,006, leaving Rs. 31,601 for famine loss, a most favorable result.

300. *Alsur Tank Road.*—This relief work was taken in hand on the completion of the new Alsur tank, in order to give employment to the labor which had been previously engaged on the latter. It was finished off, with the exception of the gravelling which has still to be done, at a cost of Rs. 15,782.

301. *Road from Railway Station to N. I. Hospital.*—This work consisted of the cleaning and deepening of No. 3 tank, a small but most useful reservoir from which the Native Infantry Lines draw their water supply. The material excavated was used to widen and raise the road over the bund, thus reducing considerably the somewhat severe gradients of one of the most important feeders to the railway. Both this and the Alsur tank road were carried out on the piece-work principle, the rate at which the earthwork was let out increasing with the rise in the prices of provisions, and the pits being allotted so as to admit of their being worked by separate families. Upwards of a thousand people were thus employed at a time, and the work, whilst it was very popular. The total outlay was Rs. 17,475, and the work cost but its normal value.

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March 1878, whilst in Chitaldroog the numbers were at their maximum in the second week of January, when 2,795 people were employed daily.

REPAIRS.

304. The outlay of the year on the repair of Civil Buildings was Rs. 9,608 ; on Communications Rs. 3,15,606, exclusive of repairs undertaken as famine works. The former item calls for no remark, and in regard of the latter it has already been noted that the roads suffered more or less from the exceptional and prolonged heavy traffic. This told most severely on the roads radiating from Túmkúr, and on the roads north of Bangalore. The latter are merely earthen or gravelled roads, and under the grain traffic of August, September, and October, combined with the heavy rains at the end of the south-west monsoon, they became so terribly cut up as to seriously impede in places the passage of heavily laden carts. On the roads converging on Túmkúr the progress of annual repairs in the two years previous had been unsatisfactory from continued drought and difficulties in the matter of labor, the metal crust had become worn down and thin, and the surface soon broke up under the gradually increasing pressure. Eventually they were got into good order by the agency of famine labor, but during the earlier months of the year the inconvenience, more especially to light vehicles, was very great. In all other Divisions, the Hiriyur-Bellary road excepted, the roads were maintained in a fairly satisfactory order.

ESTABLISHMENT.

305. The grant under this head for the Roads and Buildings' Branch as per budget orders was Rs. 3,16,500, against which there has been an outlay of Rs. 3,26,602, being an excess of Rs. 10,102. This excess was covered by the provision for establishment for famine relief provided in Revised Budget, Part III, which amounted to Rs. 1,40,000. Comparing the outlay and including the latter grant, there was a saving of Rs. 1,29,898, or as much as 28·46 per cent. It is to be understood that the lump sum of Rs. 3,50,000 entered in Part III of Revised Budget was sub-divided in
Rs. 1,40,000 for the Roads and B Branch, Rs. 70,000
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of the famine, which declared itself in most appalling form after the failure of the early rains. All works which could be temporarily abandoned without ultimate loss were set aside, the budget forecast was thrown over, and the whole forces of the Department, reinforced by a large contingent from other Provinces and by such professional assistance as was locally available, were concentrated on famine relief works. That it succeeded at least to some extent in its endeavours to cope with the evil is evidenced by the facts that the coolies under its management gradually improved in health and strength, that work at first distasteful became eventually popular, that much good, though doubtless costly, work was done.

IRRIGATION.

309. The original Irrigation budget provided for an expenditure of Rs. 10,80,000, but, owing to the famine, budget proposals were not strictly adhered to. In September 1877 all ordinary works not adapted for employment of famine labor were stopped. In the revised budget Rs. 1,51,000 were provided for famine requirements and Rs. 9,11,781 for other works. The latter grant by subsequent re-appropriations was modified to Rs. 9,13,881, of which Rs. 7,06,770 were expended. The expenditure under famine being Rs. 2,47,021 as shewn * below :—

	Total Modified Grant.	Total Expenditure.
Works. { Major	3,69,581	3,22,967 (1,07,500)
Works. { Minor	14,000	8,870 (12,106)
Repairs and maintenance of work	1,28,130	1,00,835 (57,865)
Establishment	3,83,670	2,76,700 (61,338)
...ls and Pl...	18,500	14,208 (8,212)
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316. *Extension of Sriramdevar Mudi Channel.*—During the year, three aqueducts were built, and a road bridge and 3 small bridges which were commenced in the previous year were completed. Some heavy rock blasting was also carried out.

317. At the commencement of the irrigation season, water was passed down 8 miles of channel not previously supplied, and has since been supplied to the end of the extension. As only a few permanent sluices and accommodation bridges remain to be built, the work should be out of hand during 1878—79.

Estimate	...	...	Rs. 1,38,223
Previous expenditure	Rs.	1,14,034	
During the year		10,377	
			1,24,411
			Balance 13,812

318. *Krishnaraj Anicut and Channels.*—In the kattewar channel, a super-passage was commenced and completed and another put in hand. Five bridges and 8 sluices were also built, and a considerable quantity of heavy rock blasting and some bund raising in places carried out. Materials were also prepared for the permanent sluices still remaining to be built.

Estimate	...	...	Rs. 93,914
Previous expenditure	Rs.	45,908	
During the year		14,998	
			60,906
			Balance 33,008

319. *Ramnathpur Channel.*—One aqueduct of 4 arches and 2 others of smaller span were completed. Eight permanent sluices, 3 waste weirs and some heavy rock blasting were also carried out. The whole of the extension will, it is hoped, be opened during the coming irrigation season.

320. *Extension of Mandigeri Channel.*—The extension of this channel beyond the 21st mile was put in hand during the year for relief purposes. The main work carried out was the construction of a small tank above 23rd mile of the channel to act as a silt trap. Some little

Expenditure during the year,	Imperial	Rs. 1,736
Do do	Famine	4,848
Total...		6,584

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325. *Chikdevasagar Channel.*—The progress and quality of work on this channel has been satisfactory. The Karikal aqueduct was completed during the year and fair progress made with the bridges and other masonry works.

Estimate		Rs. 1,99,059
Previous expenditure	1,13,462	
During the year, Imperial	19,000	
Do Contribution	10,675	
		1,43,137
	Balance	55,922

326. *Viziyanadi Channel.*—The anicut was brought to a uniform level with concrete and thoroughly repaired. Fair progress was made with the masonry works which should be out of hand this season. The new cut in the 18—19¾ mile was satisfactorily finished at a cost of Rs. 13,205. By this cut, 1½ miles of old channel have been abandoned and given out on wet assessment, the sale of the land realizing Rs. 3,646. Fair progress was also made in bringing channel bed to grade between 20th and 26th miles.

Estimate		Rs. 86,434
Previous expenditure	34,235	
During the year	25,156	
		59,391
	Balance	27,043

327. *Ramaswami Channel.*—The modified grant for this work was Rs. 4,000 which was exceeded by Rs. 134. The work executed during the year consisted in bringing anicut to a level with concrete and improving first 8 miles of channel. These items of work were put in hand for relief purposes, pending the sanction of the project for the improvement of this channel.

Estimate		Rs. 96,567
Previous expenditure	16,901	
During the year ...	4,134	
		21,035
	Balance	75,532

328. *Maddur Ane Channel.*—The improvement of this channel was started to-
[illegible] of the year as a famine work, and Rs. 4,538 expended thereon
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333. *Basral Series.*—This series is under execution by both Public Works and Revenue Officers. Rs. 1,201 were expended by the former and Rs. 1,964 by the latter.

Estimate		Rs.	22,684
Previous expenditure, Imperial	3,370		
During the year, Imperial	3,165		
Do Contribution	100		
			6,635
		Balance	16,049

334. No. I TANK DIVISION—BANGALORE TANK DISTRICT—*Hesargatta Series.*—This series has been completed with a large saving on the sanctioned project as shewn by the marginal figures. No provision having been made in the budget, Rs. 6,600 were granted by re-appropriation. The imperial expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 6,716.

Estimate		Rs.	2,78,680
Previous expenditure, Impl.	2,15,968		
Do Contribution	32,306		
During the year, Imperial	6,716		
Do Contribution	2,506		
			2,57,496
		Balance	21,184

335. *Kadgodi Series.*—The progress on this series has been satisfactory. Of the Rs. 29,999 shewn to have been expended during the year, Rs. 5,155 were spent on the large Mallappa Chetti's Tank which was carried on as a relief work.

Estimate		Rs.	73,345
Previous expenditure, Imperial	15,826		
Do Contribution	4,453		
During the year, Imperial	24,844		
Do Famine	5,155		
Do Contribution	2,532		
			52,810
		Bal	20,535

336. [illegible] *Hoskote Series.*—The project for No. 1 sub-

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343. *Minor Works.*—Against a modified allotment of Rs. 14,000 under this head, Rs. 8,870 were expended during the year under ordinary, and Rs. 12,106 under famine, or Rs. 20,976 in all.

REPAIRS.

344. Rupees 30,393 were provided under the head "Channel Repairs," of which Rs. 28,201 were expended together with Rs. 4,174 from cash contributions.

345. *Tank Repairs.*—The expenditure on ordinary tank works by Public Works officers was Rs. 14,994 from Imperial funds and Rs. 5,391 under famine. The Divisions have done fairly, except Cauvery Division, in which the short expenditure is attributed to the difficulty experienced in securing a sufficient supply of labor in the famine-stricken Districts.

346. Revenue Officers had Rs. 83,437 placed at their disposal from all sources and carried out work to the value of Rs. 1,11,692, which includes Rs. 52,474 expended under famine.

347. Percentage of establishment paid from the Irrigation Budget under Revenue officers, against Irrigation outlay, is shewn below :—

Districts.	Percentage of Establishment to outlay.
Bangalore	5·07
Kolar	14·26
Túmkúr	11·30
Mysore	39·11
	8·72
	34·03
	28·44
	20·38
	12·56

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ESTABLISHMENT.

350. The budget grant under this head was Rs. 3,83,670, and the total charges including famine Rs. 3,38,038 ; there was therefore a saving of Rs. 45,632. Deducting the charges for channel conservancy establishment which amounted to Rs. 31,620, the cost of the irrigation establishment including famine was Rs. 3,06,418 ; and taking the total value of works supervised by it as Rs. 6,53,633 as shewn in para 311, the percentage for the year was 49·9 on works alone and 30·9 on the total outlay. This large percentage is attributed to works being suddenly stopped, and to several relief works being started with expensive establishments that failed to draw people and had to be given up.

GENERAL REMARKS.

351. The Superintending Engineer, Irrigation, remarks that the difficulty experienced in the year 1876—77 in getting the people to works has been felt during the past year, and that the insufficient progress noted on many works was due to want of labor. This remark, he adds, particularly applies to the Mysore and Hassan Districts. Several works were started in these Districts that had to be stopped in consequence of the inability of the Famine Department to induce the people to resort to them from elsewhere. This explanation seems necessary to account for the otherwise apparent anomaly of work languishing for labor during a period of scarcity.

POST OFFICE.

352. Three new receiving-houses have been opened during the year ; none were closed, and the nu[illegible]onsequently 157. The increase has been made without i[illegible]

353. [illegible]65 miles, bein[illegible] over that[illegible]

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V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(*a.*) IMPERIAL REVENUE.

361. The revenue under all heads for the year 1877—78 amounted to Rs. 1,02,72,913, as against Rs. 97,60,224 for the previous year, giving a net increase of Rs. 5,12,689 as particularized in the subjoined comparative statement :—

No.	Items.	1876—77.	1877—78.	Difference.	
				Increase.	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue	64,35,694	72,70,654	8,34,960	...
2	Forest	4,72,760	4,79,283	6,523	...
3	Abkari (including the opium revenue) ..	11,69,599	10,25,596	...	1,44,003
4	Assessed Taxes	3,50,686	3,03,662	...	47,024
5	Customs (Sayer)	4,57,349	3,66,231	...	91,118
6	Salt Pans	5,287	6,114	827	...
7	Stamps	5,07,246	4,96,873	...	10,373
8	Post Office	59,749	55,450	...	4,299
9	Law and Justice	1,06,369	1,14,004	7,635	...
10	Police	9,529	8,527	...	1,002
11	Public Works	40,843	25,073	...	15,770
12	Mint	5,000	148	...	4,852
13	Miscellaneous	1,40,113	1,21,298	...	18,815
	Total.....	7,60,224	1,02,72,913	8,49,945	3,37,256
	Net.....	...	...	5,12,689	

362. Including the balance of Rs. 31,2[illegible] 1st April
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LAND REVENUE.

367. The land revenue demand for the year under report amounted to Rs. 72,70,654, as against Rs. 64,35,694 for the preceding year, being an increase of Rs. 8,34,960 as detailed below :—

	For 1876—77.		For 1877—78.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.
Money Assessment...	4,321,946	58,64,450	4,206,870	66,62,179	...	7,97,729	115,076	...
Batayi or division of crops ...	6,647	26,818	6,140	36,996	...	10,178	507	...
Coffee Halat, Jodi, &c., derived from Inams & Kayamgutta, and lightly assessed villages, and other miscellaneous items.	...	5,44,426		5,71,479	...	27,053	...	...
Total.....	...	64,35,694	...	72,70,654	...	8,34,960	...	...

368. On the whole there was an increase in the value and a decrease in the extent of lands occupied. This the Nagar Commissioner explains is due to the circumstance that the high prices which prevailed gave an impetus to the cultivation of the more valuable lands in the favored parts of the Division from the beginning of the year, and in other parts after the heavy fall of [illegible] October 1877. The result was that almost all the land [illegible] was taken up. The [illegible] assess-ment is [illegible] of not, as i[illegible] wet and [illegible]

36[illegible] and sev[illegible] 4,321,9[illegible]

No.	
1	Dry
2	Wet
3	Gard[illegible]
4	Suga[illegible]
5	Mulb[illegible]

37[illegible] (division [illegible] the agg[illegible]

No.	
1	[illegible]
2	[illegible]
3	[illegible]
4	[illegible]
5	[illegible]

371. *Dry Land.*—Under this head there is a decrease of 141,238 acres in the extent cultivated and an increase in the revenue yield of Rs. 4,85,083.

372. *Wet Land.*—The return of favorable prospects, the impetus given to extended cultivation by the prevailing high prices, and the completion of the Survey and Settlement in some of the Districts, all tended to the increase under this head of 25,852 acres in the extent and Rs. 3,06,851 in the assessment.

373. The subjoined comparative statement exhibits the various sources of irrigation, the area irrigated, and the revenue realized therefrom:—

No.	Items.	For 1876—77.		For 1877—78.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.
1	River water	51,067	3,18,006	55,075	3,37,749	4,008	19,743	...	...
2	Tank do	255,345	10,21,220	269,532	12,80,220	13,987	2,59,000	...	...
3	Rain do	189,231	5,92,456	195,506	6,15,269	6,275	22,813	...	...
4	Irrigated by means of buckets	6,883	41,109	6,753	40,287	...	...	130	822
5	Do do Lever	454	2,593	504	2,903	50	310	...	...
6	Do do Wells	43	147	43	174	...	27	...	...
7	Do Jungle streams	8,214	33,156	9,740	33,825	1,526	669	...	...
8	Do Talaparige or springs	1,825	5,312	1,785	6,127	...	815	40	...
9	Do Katte hole or dams across small streams	776	5,314	970	7,777	194	2,463	...	...
10	Marsh lands	6,867	30,266	6,849	32,099	...	1,833	18	...
	Total.....	520,705	20,49,579	546,557	23,56,430	26,040	3,07,673	188	822
					Net.	25,852	3,06,851		

374. *Garden Lands.*—As shewn below, although the extent cultivated increased by 326 acres, yet the revenue under this head fell by Rs. 1,939. The decrease was chiefly under vegetables:—

	Decrease.	
	in ...es.	Amount.
	...	906
	205	...
	...	...
	686	...
	...	...
	101	25
	301	13,100
	293	14,031
	...	1,939

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	Decrease.
	Rs.
	14,708
	1,187
	142
	...
	...
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	...
	16,037

378. *Coffee Halat.*—The decrease of Rs. 14,708 under this head is attributable to the deficiency of the crop consequent on the failure of the early rains, and to diminished exportation.

379. *Pasture Lands.*—The suspension of the pasture sales in the taluks affected by famine resulted in a falling off of Rs. 1,187 under this head.

380. *Kayamgutta Villages.*—The decrease of Rs. 142 under this head is ascribed to the transfer by the Inam Department of a kayamgutta village to jodi (lightly assessed) tenure.

381. *Jodi Villages.*—The transfer during the inam settlement of certain Agrahars (hamlets) held on favorable tenure in Government villages to the head "Jodi village" resulted in an increase under this head of Rs. 12,606.

382. *Jodi on Minor Inams.*—The realizations under this head increased by Rs. 10,686. This is due to the non-grant of remissions, to the imposition by the Inam Department of quit-rent, and to the transfer from ryotvar to inam of the revenue of the kandayam lands granted to village officers in lieu of cash remuneration.

383. *Sale Proceeds of Waste Lands.*—The increase of Rs. 18,568 under this head is ascribed to the favorable prices fetched by coffee lands that were resumed and resold by auction, chiefly in the Hassan District.

384. *Miscellaneous.*—Compared with the past year the revenue under this head exhibits an increase of Rs. 1,230, as particularized in the subjoined comparative statement :—

No.	Items.	1876—77.	1877—78.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Village amrayi or fruit trees ...	53,156	59,242	6,086	...
2	Collections on account of land cultivated, but not included in Jamabandi.	..965	3,871	..	4,094
3	Do on account of concealed cultivation	579	11		
4	Do from Inam land on account of I... a...				
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„
„

B. Decrease.

		Rs.
Decrease owing to relinquishment of lands	.. .. ..	84,734
Do owing to desertions	.. .. ..	1,08,629
Do of assessment occasioned by Survey and Settlement	..	1,42,897
Do fasal kammi, owing to cultivation of inferior crop	.. ..	6,414
Do of areca and cocoanut trees	.. .. ..	22,567
Do by remission of kandayam on lands belonging to Patels in lieu of cash remuneration		11,021
Do in the revenue from pasture lands	.. ..	1,187
Do in the amount of rent of kayamgutta villages	.. ..	142
Do in coffee halat	..	14,708
Do miscellaneous	..	19,063
	Total....	4,11,362

387. *Relinquishment, Desertion and Acceptance of Land.*—The following statement exhibits the value of lands taken up for cultivation, and of those relinquished, both in surveyed and unsurveyed taluks:—

	Surveyed.		Unsurveyed.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Lands taken up	43,072	68,747	41,483	1,01,615	84,555	1,70,362
Do relinquished	69,232	42,496	22,668	42,238	91,900	84,734
Do deserted	...	51,890	...	56,739	...	1,08,629

SOURCES OF IMPERIAL REVENUE OTHER THAN THE LAND.

FORESTS.

388. The total revenue under the head "Forests" amounted to Rs. 4,79,283, or Rs. 6,523 in excess of that of the [illegible]ous year as particularized in the subjoined

	1876—[illegible]	1877—78.
		Rs.
[illegible]ndalwood,	3,89,335	[illegible]3,62,627
[illegible]fects of the	39,791	9,612
	8,441	33,433
	8,262	10,474
[illegible]r under	2,543	[illegible]3,95,940
[illegible]us year,	1,914	11,026
[illegible]e state-	840	1,940
	5,069	1,083
	23,088	[illegible],26,135
	4,79,283	

391. *Arrack.*—The receipts from the "Still head duty" on arrack exhibit a decrease of Rs. 69,358. This is attributable to diminished consumption consequent on famine.

392. *Beer.*—Owing to diminished consumption of beer, the revenue from this source fell from Rs. 17,314 in the previous year to Rs. 9,612.

393. *License Fees.*—The receipts under this head exhibit a decrease of Rs. 10,882.

394. *Sale of Arrack Shops by Public Auction.*—Under this item there was a decrease of Rs. 4,486.

395. *Toddy.*—Owing to the default of the contractors of five taluks of the Chitaldroog District, and to large remissions which it was necessary to grant to other contractors, the revenue under this head was diminished by Rs. 50,783, as compared with the previous year.

396. *Ganja.*—The decrease of Rs. 214 under this head is owing to the discontinuance of the contract system in the Nagar Division, and the levy in lieu of license fees.

397. *Opium.*—The realizations from this source, which comprise an *ad valorem* duty of 20 per cent on the quantities exported and imported, the amount derived by the grant of the exclusive privilege of selling the drug, and license fees, aggregated Rs. 1,940 or Rs. 330 less than in 1876—77.

398. *Charges.*—Out of the total abkari revenue, *viz.*, Rs. 10,26,135, Rs. 817 was the amount paid to inamdars of whole villages, their sannads entitling them to the abkari collections of their villages.

399.
Rs. 17,31

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Tobacco
Cardamoms
Cocoanut, d
Do f
Betel leaves
Miscellaneou

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buted towards the cost by the inamdars on whose behalf the Government collected the sayer revenue was Rs. 557. The salary of the fixed establishment aggregated Rs. 30,936, the allowance to Shekdars, Patels and Shanbhogs Rs. 2,604, and charges for contingency Rs. 648.

ASSESSED TAXES.

405. Exclusive of the realizations under this head credited to municipal funds, a sum of Rs. 3,03,662, or Rs 47,024 less than in the previous year, was realized from the various sources noted below :—

Items.	1876–77.	1877–78.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Taxes, houses ...	1,47,690	1,27,005	...	20,685
Do shops ...	88,899	91,225	2,326	...
Do looms ...	71,113	47,820	...	23,293
Do oil-mills ..	13,565	12,224	...	1,341
Do carts ...	29,358	25,384	...	3,974
Miscellaneous ...	61	4	...	57
Total..	3,50,686	3,03,662	2,326	49,350
			Net.....	47,024

406. The decrease in all items, excepting 'Shop Tax,' is ascribed to desertions, emig[illegible] industries consequent on the famine. The increase [illegible] imported

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the sale
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1877—78.
613,906
155,251
47,878
21,462
23,226
2,514
21,480
885,717

s against

Average Rate per House.
5—6—7
—11—1
—6—11
—11—4

409. *Shops.*—The total number of shops was 27,863 as against 28,379 in the previous year, of which 300 belonged to Shanbhogs, Patels, and other privileged classes exempted from the tax. The rate varies from Rs. 2 to Rs. 30, giving an average of Rs. 3-4-11 per shop.

410. *Looms.*—There were 25,944 looms at work as against 39,014 in the preceding year; of this number 1,786 looms belonging to Patels and Shanbhogs were exempted from the cess. The tax ranged from Rs. 1 to 8, which gives an average of 1-15-8 per loom.

411. *Oil-Mills.*—The number of oil-mills in operation during 1877—78 was 2,898 as against 3,300 in the year previous. The rate of the tax varied from Rs. 3 to 20 per oil-mill, the average rate being Rs. 4-3-7.

412. *Carts.*—The number of carts on which tax was levied was 12,691 as against 14,679 in 1876—77. Cart-tax is imposed at an uniform rate of Rs. 2 per cart owned by non-agricultural classes.

SALT PANS.

413. As shewn below, the revenue from this source exhibits an increase of Rs. 827 chiefly in the Kolar District:—

Year.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of Manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per Pan.	Amount of Revenue.
			From Rs. To Rs.	
1876—77	1,656	1,786	0 1 1 2	
1877—78				

414.
5,07,246
10,373 :—

Sale of genera
Receipt draft
Penalties and
Court fees st

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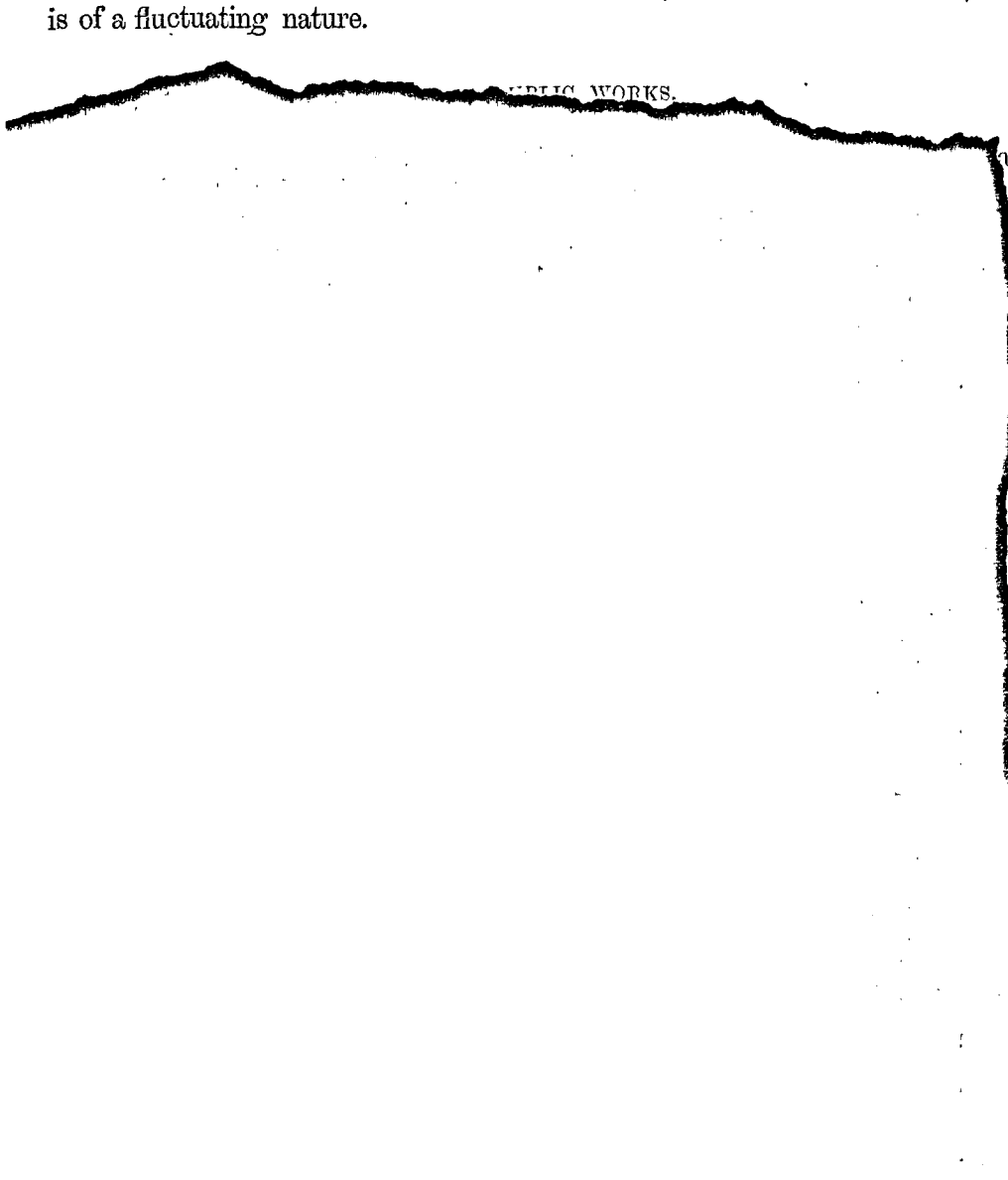
LAW AND JUSTICE.

417. The subjoined is a statement of the realizations under this head during the past and previous years :—

Items.	1876—77. Rs.	1877—78. Rs.	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
Magisterial fines	65,287	56,597	...	8,690
Registration fees, &c.	31,280	37,049	5,769	...
Sale of unclaimed property	3,427	3,727	300	...
Sale proceeds of jail manufactures ...	1,648	13,141	11,493	...
Convict labor	207	547	340	...
Miscellaneous	4,520	2,943	...	1,577
Total.....	1,06,369	1,14,004	17,902	10,267
		Net...	7,635	

POLICE.

418. The decrease under this head of Rs. 1,002 calls for no remark, as the item is of a fluctuating nature.



Items.	1876—77. Rs.	1877—78. Rs.	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
Fines (in the Revenue Department)	18,949	17,931	...	1,018
School Fees	20,595	17,589	...	3,006
Sale of School Books	10,115	10,187	72	...
Subscriptions to *Mysore Gazette*	1,916	2,140	224	...
Travellers' Bungalow fees	6,464	5,163	...	1,301
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam ...	23,637	21,247	...	2,390
Tolls on bridges	9,924	11,064	1,140	..
Interest realized on Government Securities ...	1,508	1,545	37	...
Value of private work done by Government Press ...	1,132	1,667	535	...
Produce of Public Gardens	2,939	3,176	237	...
Premium on Hundis	485	2,832	2,347	...
Savings and fines, &c., in the Military Local Force ...	1,983	501	...	1,482
Interest collected on arrears of revenue defaulters ...	18,489	3,621	...	14,868
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture	1,626	1,797	171	...
Sundry receipts	20,351	20,838	487	...
Total.....	1,40,113	1,21,298	5,250	24,065
			Net...	18,815

FINANCE.

422. During the year under report the effects of the famine upon the finances of the Province were felt more severely than in the previous year. The year 1877-78 opened with a cash balance in Public Treasuries [illegible] Rs. 27,32,960, and on invested surplus stock of the [illegible] owing to a [illegible] the surplus [illegible] of India of [illegible]

423. [illegible] at Rs. 1,0[illegible] table :—

Hea[illegible]				
I. Land [illegible]				
III. Fores[illegible]				
IV. Excis[illegible]				
V. Asses[illegible]				
VI. Sayer [illegible]				
VII. Salt [illegible]				
IX. Stamp[illegible]				
X. Mint [illegible]				
XI. Post [illegible]				
XIII. Law [illegible]				
XIV. Polic[illegible]				
XV. Milit[illegible]				
XVI. Edu[illegible]				
XVII. Int[illegible]				
XVIII. Mis[illegible]				
XIX. Pu[illegible]				

42[illegible] that the [illegible] a greatl[illegible] poverish[illegible]

small-pox, if not by famine itself, rendered the enforcement of the revenue demands most difficult and their postponement became a matter of necessity. The land revenue suffered to the extent of Rs. 30,74,324, and with a diminished and impoverished population, the excise on liquor likewise decreased by Rs. 4,73,259, owing to the large remissions granted to contractors; and the income from assessed taxes and sayer (customs) suffered to the extent of 1½ lakhs each. The following table of collections for 1876—77 and 1877—78, contrasted with those of the year before the famine, indicates the financial effect on each of the above mentioned heads:—

	1875—76.	1876—77.	1877—78.	Comparison of the Collections of 1877–78 with those of 1876—77.
Land Revenue	74,08,203	50,95,280	43,06,676	−7,88,604
Excise on Spirits—				
Arrack	5,61,263	5,08,060	4,03,660	−1,04,400
Toddy	6,63,796	6,21,618	3,89,853	−2,31,765
Miscellaneous	5,357	5,751	5,258	−493
Assessed Taxes—				
Houses	1,56,089	1,06,818	81,182	−25,636
Shops ... ... —	88,017	63,630	59,992	−3,638
Looms	75,257	43,836	30,977	−12,859
Oil mills	13,814	8,876	7,231	−1,645
Carts	29,796	19,938	15,476	−4,462
Miscellaneous	430	330	218	−112
Sayer Customs—				
Betel-nut	4,20,518	3,17,838	2,71,095	−46,743
Tobacco	70,862	50,510	34,014	−16,496
Betel-leaves	36,437	32,509	21,446	−11,063
Cocoanuts	45,546	45,004	33,366	−11,638
Opium	1,942	1,187	520	−667
Cardamoms	5,564	3,601	1,289	−2,312
Miscellaneous	20,093	5,353	3,296	−2,057

425. As an exception, the forest revenue, mainly by an enhanced sale of sandalwood already stored, produced Rs. 4,58,644, or Rs. 34,644 more than the collections of 1875—76. The stamp revenue, [illegible] increase in sales, mortgages, and similar [illegible]tent, the [illegible]ompared [illegible]er items [illegible]ce," and

[illegible]e of in- [illegible],56,249 of Rs.

			−76,861
			−32,996
			−98,189
			−42,054

427. Exclusive of the expenditure on Famine Relief Operations, for which there was no provision in the budget, and of that on Public Works which amounted to Rs. 24,94,402, or Rs. 10,09,402 in excess of the budget grant, the ordinary civil expenditure amounted to Rs. 95,08,264 and was kept more or less within the budget limits under all the ordinary heads with the exception of jails, the outlay on which owing to the large increase in the number of prisoners, and contingent guards, the price of provisions, clothing, &c., during the famine, exceeded the normal amount by Rs. 3¾ lakhs. Rs. 18,500 was also expended in the appointment of an Additional and an Assistant Sessions Judge owing to the increase of crime. In Palace charges there was an increase of Rs. 73,000 in the item of supplies. In the early part of the year Rs. 1,30,581 were paid on account of railway charges connected with the Imperial Assemblage at Delhi, and Rs. 34,000 as retiring bonuses to two officers of the administration, which were not provided for in the budget. On the other hand the following savings accrued on the ordinary budget estimates, mainly in consequence of the condition of the country :—

Savings on Estimates.

	Rs.		
Ordinary Revenue Taluk and Village Establishment	62,000	Remuneration of Village Officials not paid Rs. 80,000.	
Revenue Survey and Settlement	62,000	Rs. 41,000 saved in pay, &c., of officers, the full complement not being appointed, and furlough pay of two not being adjusted.	
Topographical Survey ..	62,000	Owing to transfer of establishments to famine duty and the curtailment of operations.	
Forest Conservancy and Working	41,000	Savings chiefly in timber..	12,000
		Do Plantations	25,000
Police	70,000	Rural Police Establishment	20,000
		Travelling Allowances ..	11,000
		Clothing	19,000
		Buildings	16,000
Education	40,000	In Government Schools	15,000
		Books, &c.	[illegible]
		[illegible]	
Medic[illegible]			
Local [illegible]			

428. [illegible]
der report [illegible]
lakhs wer[illegible]
grant of c[illegible]
other De[illegible]
ment. :—

Grants to [illegible]
Expenditu[illegible]
Village R[illegible]
Allowanc[illegible]
Tempora[illegible]
Compen[illegible]
Famine [illegible]
Rs. 1[illegible]
Interrin[illegible]
Miscella[illegible]

		Rs.
Brought forward....		35,64,182
Relief Works.		
Charged against the Public Works Grant, being on account of works on which famine labor was employed—		
Roads and Buildings	4,06,672	
Irrigation	2,47,021	
Railway	1,56,033	
		8,09,726
Excess Outlay on account of abnormal rates on the above works charged against famine relief—		
Roads and Buildings	2,43,497	
Irrigation	1,35,046	
Railway	1,63,780	
District Fund Works	1,47,075	
		6,89,398
Total Relief Expenditure....		50,63,306

429. *Public Works Department.*—The ordinary outlay in the Public Works Department, irrespective of works for purposes of relief, was Rs. 16,84,676, distributed as noted in the margin.

Roads and Buildings	Rs.	9,79,078
Irrigation	„	7,05,598
Total	„	16,84,676

430. *Deficit of the year.*—As stated above, the gross expenditure of the year under review amounted to Rs. 1,62,56,000 against an income of Rs. 69,45,000, the result being a deficit of Rs. 93,11,000, which was met by the sale of the invested surplus stock amount[illegible] to Rs. 45,16,886, and by debts contracted with the Government of In[illegible] lakhs.

[illegible] ested Sur-
[illegible] demands
[illegible] ber 1876,
[illegible] at credit
[illegible] accrued

[illegible] om these
[illegible] following

	1877—78.
	1,56,744
	53,426
	60,849
	35,946
	1,45,775
	1,24,983
	4,691 to
	ecovered

[illegible] of the

[illegible] s.

[illegible] 8,817

[illegible] 1,205

[illegible] 2,388

		Deficit..	65,32,388
Receipts under Public Debt.			
Sale proceeds of Invested Surplus ..	45,16,886		
Famine Loan from Government of India..	50,00,000		
Other Credits	4,36,72,913		
		5,31,89,799	
Charges		4,39,45,521	
			92,44,278
Cash balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1878..		24,56,838	
Do of the Public Works Department ..		.. 2,55,052	
			27,11,890
Add—			
Amount in transit on 31st March 1878 ..		.. ..	1,41,421
		Total Cash Balance Rs...	28,53,311

(*b*). REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

LOCAL FUNDS.

435. The following statement exhibits the revenue credited to Local Funds in 1877—78:—

Items.	1876—77.	1877—78.
	Rs.	Rs.
Local Cess	3,76,937	4,01,537
Irrigation Cess—exclusive of the amount merged in the assessment of wet lands...	57,754	57,960
Sale of stray cattle and fines	34,039	24,120
Ferry collections		1,801
Miscellaneous		
Outstanding ba		
Collections		
Remissions		
Balance at th		

436. vious year against "I cess is dep shewn again the total de collected, le

437. balance of t crease of I following ta

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438. The cash balance on 1st April 1877 was Rs. 1,11,847; adding the income during the year under report, namely, Rs. 3,36,606, the total sum of the municipal funds was Rs. 4,48,453. Of this amount Rs. 3,52,381 were spent during the year as shewn below, leaving a balance of Rs. 96,072 at the close of the year :—

		Rs.
1.	Head Office ..	20,966
2.	Collection ..	23,104
3.	Conservancy ..	76,092
4.	Police ..	81,584
5.	Lighting ..	15,319
6.	Construction and maintenance of Roads ..	35,404
7.	Water supply ..	6,539
8.	Drainage works ..	21,987
9.	Buildings ..	8,373
10.	Other Public Works ..	2,995
11.	Charitable Institutions ..	5,923
12.	Miscellaneous ..	54,095
	Total .	3,52,381

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

CENSUS.

439. During the night of the 19th January 1878, a partial census was taken ... the loss of population which had taken place conse- ... had been officers. ... nuary was ... n with his ... y census. ... lations of ... ys before ... e enume- ... es found ... ed from ... hich to ... s as to ... ot pre- ... f people ... 76 ; the

number counted in the final census was 294,126, the difference being an increase of 2,950 or 1·01 per cent.

445. The causes of difference were ascertained for a population of 250,484 souls only, and were the following:—

First—Non-residents accidentally present	..	6,159
Residents accidentally absent	..	7,215
Decrease..		1,056

446. These differences occur from visits of friends, travellers, departures of women with their children to their parents' homes and so forth. Probably during the preliminary census those who were absent for a short time and were expected to return before the day of the final census, were often entered as present.

Second—New arrivals	..	5,164
Departures	..	3,274
Increase..		1,890

447. These figures testify to the migratory and disturbed condition of the people.

Third—Errors in the preliminary census.—		
Additions	..	2,551
Deductions	..	1,039
[illegible] Increase..		1,512
Fourth—Deaths	..	1,755
Births	..	96
Decrease..		1,659

448. The average period between the preliminary and final [illegible] during that time the death-rate was 127·8, and the birth-rate [illegible] The high rate of mortality was due to the dreadful [illegible] the time; the birth-rate shews the effect of famine [illegible] speci[illegible]

Persons absent at the [illegible] turned

popul[illegible]
count[illegible]
This i[illegible]

state[illegible]
whicl[illegible]

being[illegible]
The [illegible]
61·7[illegible]

were[illegible]

453. The death-rate in the rural circles was 40·59, and in the towns and cantonments 95·35 and 82·90 respectively; but while defective registration vitiates the returns by omitting deaths which occurred, the death-rate in towns is on the other hand misleading by reason of its being calculated on the ascertained population of each town in 1871, which affords no measure of the number of persons who crowded from the rural circles into towns during the famine of 1877.

454. The greatest mortality occurred in the 2nd and 3rd quarters of the year. The principal causes of death in 1876 and 1877 are thus compared :—

	1876.	1877.		1876.	1877.
Cholera ..	12,086	58,648	Small-pox ..	1,059	5,922
Fever.. ..	23,934	55,934	Injuries ..	889	1,421
Bowel Complaints..	4,752	33,781	Other Causes ..	11,544	87,460

455. The registered death-rate from cholera was 11·60 per mille of the whole Province, being more than the total registered mortality for all causes during ordinary years. It increased rapidly from January to March, in which month 16,744 deaths were registered. After that cholera gradually abated in all Districts but Shimoga, where the highest mortality was reached in May.

456. The mortality from small-pox was 5,922 or 1·17 per mille of the population. It was most severe during the second quarter, and in the Bangalore, Kolar, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts.

457. There were 55,934 deaths registered from fever, being 11·06 per mille. Fever was most severe during the second half of the year.

458. The large incre[illegible] from bowel complaints, which numbered 33,781 against 4,752 in 1876, is attributable to the special circumstances of the year, and prevalence of "Famine diarrhœa." The greatest number occurred during the 3rd and 4th quarters when the mortality from cholera was declining.

459. The average birth-rate for the Province is 4·75, the excess of deaths over [illegible] extreme range of the birth-rate in different towns from 29·75 in [illegible] French Rocks further displays the movement of the popula-

[illegible]IGRATION.

[illegible] Bangalore [illegible]ysore [illegible] for [illegible]venty [illegible]n the [illegible]d.

[illegible]ispen- [illegible]porary

[illegible]l was [illegible]tients [illegible]tients [illegible] than

[illegible]nt of [illegible]ls so [illegible] that [illegible] suf- [illegible]s and

464. *Operations.*—The returns for the ordinary Hospitals and Dispensaries give 150 major, and 3,180 minor operations. Of the former 27, or 18 per cent proved fatal, but since from want of a clear definition some that were really minor have been classed as major operations; the mortality was in fact proportionally higher among major operations.

465. *Mortality among Patients.*—The result of treatment can only be known accurately among in-door or hospital patients; among these the mortality from cholera was 64·93 per cent of the number treated; diarrhœa 58·9; dysentery 44; abscess and ulcer 22·38; remittent fever 32·1; continued fever 13·7; intermittent fever 7·9.

466. *Principal Diseases.*—"Next to cholera" the Deputy Surgeon General reports "diarrhœa and dysentery were the most fatal diseases treated; these were essentially famine diseases,' and although unavoidably entered under the head of local diseases, they were but the local manifestation of a profound constitutional disorder. The two diseases were often undistinguishable. Dysentery lost its ordinary characteristics, and is called by the Civil Surgeon of Mysore an ulcerative diarrhœa. The Medical Officer in charge of the Pettah Dispensary at Bangalore states 'that the whole tract of the mucous membrane of the alimentary canal appeared to be in a diseased condition. That of the mouth often ulcerated, the gums and soft tissues of the cheeks sloughing away.' A large proportion of the cases brought to hospital were already past recovery, and died within 24 hours of admission. Foul and intractable ulcers were another sign of the 'Famine constitution' produced by chronic starvation. These caused a mortality of 22 per cent of cases treated."

467. Wounds and injuries were more than usually frequent and fatal: among these were included a number of cases of datura poisoning.

468. *Expendit*[illegible] In 1876, the expenditure was Rs. 5[illegible]ients treated and the enhan[illegible] against 2 annas 10[illegible]

469. [illegible] admissions[illegible] 140.

470. [illegible] improved, [illegible] 121 inmat[illegible]

471. [illegible] several pro[illegible] in the asylu[illegible]

472. [illegible] diarrhœa, di[illegible]

473. [illegible] no separate[illegible] rest.

474. [illegible] to 101 out [illegible] possible; dr[illegible]

475. [illegible] —10 to Rs[illegible] actual pro[illegible]

476. [illegible] received, [illegible] own requ[illegible]

477 [illegible] recorded, [illegible] poor hou[illegible]

478. Including all charges the average cost per head was Rs. 8—8—0 against Rs. 6—15—3 in 1876, and the expenditure exceeded that of 1876 by Rs. 1,406—6—11.

VACCINATION.

479. The total number of operations effected in 1877 was 101,980 against 96,242 in 1876, but the number of successful operations was only 84 in excess of the number in 1876, being 84,558.

480. The increased number of vaccinations took place in the Nagar Division, where advantage was taken of the collection of large numbers in relief camps, and where the vaccinators were not diverted to other duties as in the remaining Divisions. The indifferent state of health of the people and the fact that the lymph received from the depôt in England proved inert are the causes to which a lower percentage of successful operations is ascribed.

481. The cost of the Department was Rs. 12,347, being Rs. 1,169 more than in 1876, and the average cost of each successful operation was 2 annas 4 pies, being $2\frac{3}{5}$ pies more than in 1876.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

year adversely affect-
Government schools
former fell
considerable number

nd attend-
65 pupils.
h 39,379

Government
others, which

of schools
h as regards

led.

	Pupils.
1	136
	1,151
	2,175
	2,383
	547
	722
	1,734
	...
	168
	9,016

INSPECTION.

487. Employment of officers on special famine work, sickness and other causes interfered greatly with the due prosecution of the work of inspection. At the end of the year the Normal Schools, in which Sub-Deputy Inspectors were employed, being closed, the 15 Sub-Deputy Inspectors had each a circle, within which he inspected Hobli schools. The two Sub-Deputy Inspectors of Hindustani schools did good work.

GENERAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

488. *Charges.*—The following table shews the expenditure from Government funds and the sources from which the funds were obtained :—

Head of Charge.	From State Funds.	From Local Funds.	From Municipal Funds.
Direction with its subsidiary charges	15,698	...	...
Inspection do do	19,842	8,248	...
Instruction including all educational expenditure not coming under the above heads	1,96,275	97,874	2,728
Total.....	2,31,815	1,06,122	2,728

489. The ne instruction in the various Governmen

Descripti			
College and Collegiate. School			
Boys' Schools—			
Higher ..			
Mi ...			
Lo ...			
Girls' Schools—			
Higher ...			
Middle ...			
Lower ...			
Normal Schools ...			
Special „ ...			

490. The private schools, Rs. 18,311. The Rs. 4,44,809. Eighteen in-aid.

491. follows :—

Fees Rs. 60,85 is a decr

492 tees. L

493 Rs. 2,02

UNIVERSITY.

494. By the new rules of affiliation, the Maha Raja's High School in Mysore and the High School in Shimoga are affiliated for the F. A. Examination; and for the Bachelor of Arts Examination, the affiliated schools are the Central College, Bangalore, and Bishop Cotton Schools and College. The School of Engineering and Natural Sciences at Bangalore is affiliated in Civil Engineering.

495. *Branch Examinations.*—Shimoga having been appointed a station for holding the Matriculation and First Arts Examinations, there is now a centre of examination for each Division.

496. *B. A. Examination.*—One candidate out of four succeeded in taking the B. A. Degree.

497. *First Arts Examinations.*—Thirty-four candidates went up for this examination, and fifteen passed. Nine passed from the Bangalore Central College, three from the Raja's High School at Mysore, one from the Shimoga High School, and two from Bishop Cotton's.

498. *Matriculation.*—The number of candidates who appeared from the Province was 148, of whom 139 went up from various schools. Sixty-two matriculated; of these 50 were Hindus, 11 Europeans or Eurasians and 1, a Native Christian. Miss Edith Annette Gow, a pupil of Bishop Cotton's, took a very creditable place in the first class, and is the first female candidate who has matriculated in the Madras Presidency.

GOVERNMENT INS[illegible]

499. Co[illegible] *angalore.*—At the close of [illegible] ndance was 349. In[illegible] ted to the famine from 7 to 11 and hours. The fees

assed the First Arts

in the senior B. A. unior, and 44 in the junior B. class are

s been to exclude stu- le degree; few youths The Director of Pub- ng applied to the pro-

school has again decli- endance of 265. Fees o the change of school

ts Examination, and 9 Candy as to act as d nearly

Leonard verage . Exa-

cost of -9—1.

507. HIGHER CLASS SCHOOLS.—The five schools in this class have suffered severely and the year closes with 449 schools against 590 in the previous year. The marginal statement gives the numbers in each; Chikmagalur and Hassan have lost pupils in greatest proportion. The chief cause is said to be the presence of epidemics. Fees realized amount to Rs. 2,881, the sum received in the previous year having been Rs. 4,217. The result of the annual inspections shewed good work had been done in all except Kolar, the state of which was unsatisfactory. The Túmkúr school is especially well spoken of; notwithstanding all adverse circumstances, its attendance has been maintained within 4 of the preceding year, and it passed four successful candidates at Matriculation.

Hassan	...	112
Túmkúr	...	112
Chitaldroog	...	87
Chikmagalur	...	73
Kolar	...	65

508. In these schools the annual cost of educating each pupil was Rs. 37-9-9; the cost to Government Rs. 26-8-1.

509. MIDDLE CLASS SCHOOLS.—*Anglo-Vernacular.*—The attendance in the five Anglo-Vernacular schools has fallen to 172 from 183. This is ascribed solely to the effects of famine. With the exception of Húnsúr, the schools are favorably reported on.

510. *Vernacular.*—There are 39 vernacular middle class schools, 4 of which are Hindustani. The attendance is 3,089, less by 500 than in the previous year; the number of girls attending these schools is 76. The schools are favorably reported on.

511. The [illegible]ge cost of education was Rs. 9—5—9 per head; the cost to Government Rs. [illegible]

512. Low[illegible]mber of schools of this class remai[illegible] opened at Hassan, whil[illegible] a Hobli school. T[illegible] above what it w[illegible] average attenda[illegible] the famine was e[illegible] tually shewn a [illegible]

513. T[illegible] Government [illegible]

514. *I*[illegible] an increase [illegible] every hobli [illegible] schools bore[illegible] fected, main[illegible] be permane[illegible] tor of Publi[illegible] hold on th[illegible] national cal[illegible]

515. [illegible] and "other[illegible] girls attend[illegible] 327 to 390[illegible] prejudice a[illegible] exerting an[illegible]

516. [illegible] the close o[illegible] the maste[illegible] meanwhi[illegible] Hobli s[illegible] parent s[illegible]

517. [illegible] attenda[illegible]

518. FEMALE SCHOOLS.—A new girls' school has been opened at Nyamti in Shimoga. There are now eleven girls' schools, and the attendance has increased from 346 to 468. In four schools there are female pupil teachers.

519. The annual cost has been Rs. 10—11—8 for each pupil, of which Rs. 10—11—6 is borne by the State.

520. *Normal Schools.*—The Bangalore Hindustani Normal School passed 5 candidates, and at the close of the year had 7 students. Near the end of the year the three training schools for Hobli masters were closed as a measure of retrenchment. In all, these four institutions contained an average of 81 pupils, who were trained at a cost of Rs. 93-5-2 each.

521. OTHER SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION.—*School of Engineering and Natural Science.*—At the commencement of the year, there were in the Upper Department 8 third-year, and 4 second-year students; in the Lower Department 4 second-year and 6 first-year students.

522. The 4 second-year Upper Subordinates passed out in June and were appointed to the Public Works Department.

523. Since the close of the year, the 8 third-year students of the Upper Department passed out; 5 of them were appointed to the Public Works Department, and three to the Forest Department.

524. Ten successful competitors were admitted to a new class for Lower Subordinates.

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than in 1877. The average cost is Rs. 9—2—0, of which Rs. 3—11—9 is the share borne by Government. These schools are doing well, but the hard times have affected the attendance in some.

531. *Girls' Schools.*—There are four higher class girls' schools and 547 pupils, an increase of one school and 203 pupils. The number of middle class schools remains the same, 3 English, 4 Kanarese, and 3 Tamil and Telugu. The number of pupils has fallen from 808 to 722. The classification of lower class schools, given in the margin, exhibits an increase of 4 schools and 53 girls over the numbers of the previous year.

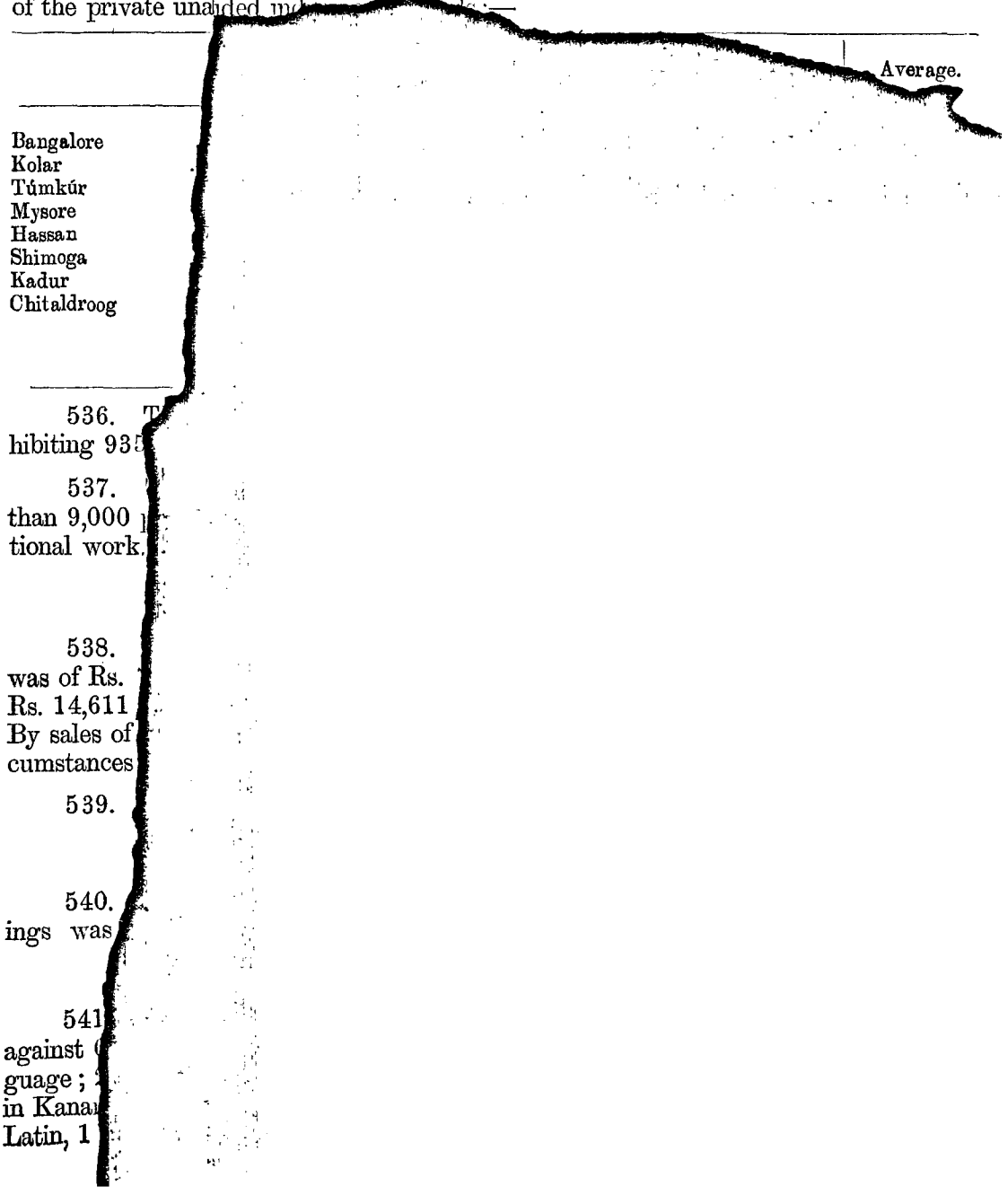
	Schools.	Pupils.
English ...	1	22
Anglo-Vernacular	2	64
Kanarese ...	16	1,365
Tamil ...	4	163
Hindustani ...	2	120
	25	1,734

532. These aided girls' schools are doing good work, the Kanarese Missionary schools being specially worthy of encouragement. Each pupil costs Rs. 5—3—3 to the State on an average.

533. *Anglo-Indian Aid Association.*—The Government grant expired on the 1st January. At that time there were 32 apprentices articled by it, and 39 boys and 42 girls were under instruction in Ragged Schools connected with it. The girls are apprenticed as domestics and the boys to various trades.

534. The income of the association was Rs. 4,713, of which Rs. 2,000 was the Government grant.

535. PRIVATE UNAIDED SCHOOLS.—The following are the statistics by Districts of the private unaided in[illegible]



536. T[illegible]
hibiting 93[illegible]

537.
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538.
was of Rs.
Rs. 14,611
By sales of
cumstances

539.

540.
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against
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Latin, 1

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

542. *The Roman Catholic Mission in Mysore.—The Convent.*—By reason of the numbers of orphans and other distressed people taken in during the year, the number of inmates has risen to 591. The Missionaries were unceasing in their efforts to mitigate the sufferings of the famine-stricken, and three orphanages have been established during the year.

543. *Wesleyan Mission.*—This Mission occupies six stations in the Province, and employs 15 Missionaries, 15 Catechists and 173 teachers. There are 55 schools and 4,413 scholars, of whom 1,620 are girls. Extensive accommodation has been built in three stations to provide for famine orphans.

544. *London Missionary Society.*—The Mission occupies three stations, and employs 5 Missionaries and 8 Catechists. In 12 schools there are 1,042 scholars, of whom 525 are girls. The preparation and circulation of school books in English and the Vernacular claim much attention.

545. [illegible] report amounted to [illegible] us year as shewn

s.	P.
5	4
2	10
2	10
—	—
	0

lence of famine

ggregated Rs. hewn below,

s.	P.
6	10
10	0
15	3
11	4
1	9
5	3
12	7
—	—
5	0
5	11
—	—
5	1

1 spent on

s particu-

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

550. The number of visitors to the Museum steadily increases. There were during the year 219,830, an average of 791 daily, being more than the total number in 1876—77 by 98,857. Of these 27,507 males and 628 females could sign their names in the book.

551. Three hundred and ninety-six new specimens have been added to the collection, of which a third was contributed by donors.

552. The expenditure during the year on account of the Institution was Rs. 2,282-1-6

APPENDICES,

STATISTICAL TABLES.

APPENDICES.

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A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE CIVIL AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE.

I. A.—2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds, are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt. The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a variety of sienite, composed for the most part of four distinct ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it, from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges.		
	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Droogs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:—
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate. Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil;
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennair, the Palar and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—the principal food of the people. Ballar—a kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

No.	Places at which observations were taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks.
						May.				July.				December.							
		January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
		I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.																
1	Bangalore	6·28	20·9	12·91	39·28	93	72	...	...	88	68	...	...	80	57	...	...	39	59	36	
2	Kolar	4·81	18·78	9·4	32·63	86	80	89	79	85	78	87	75	79	70	80	67				
3	Túmkúr	4·24	20·84	9·90	34·98	94·6	75·1	98·4	72·7	80·9	63·8	85·6	63·1	81·7	64·1	88·6	62·2				
4	Mysore	6·86½	13· 2½	11·79	31·68	92	70	100	67	85	66	[illegible]	64	83	63	87	67				
5	Hassan	4·92	19·50	14·13	38·55	82	67	86	62	72	64		62	75	65	77	63	Information not available.			
6	Shimoga	2·85½	23·32⅜	16·40	42·58¾	Information not available.															
7	Kadur	8·6	19·45½	14·61½	42·13	85·21	67·12	14·17	1·9	85·11	68	10	1·16	75·12	64·24	1·2	1·3				
8	Chitaldroog	3·15	14· 9½	12·70	29·94½	Information not available.															
	General Average...	5·14¾	18·64	12·68½	36·47¼																

I. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF MYSORE TERRITORY.

The Government of the Province is administered by the Chief Commissioner in the name of the Maha Raja. This Officer was nominated in 1834 *as sole Commissioner in supersession of the Joint Commissioners originally appointed in* 1831—32; *in* 1843 *the duties of Resident were superadded, that Office as a separate post being abolished.*

Names of Divisions.	Names of Executive Districts.	No. of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.		Number of Villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Mean distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average Do.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue Imperial. Land.	Revenue Imperial. Gross.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Nundydroog Division	Bangalore	15	2,914	828,354	Town and Cantonment of Bangalore ...	142,513	5,498	24	23	29¼	11	607	1,09,104 1 6	8,77,775 2 7	14,91,225 13 5	
	Kolar	16	2,577	618,954	Kolar	9,924	5,587	17	26	22	10½	490	60,672 14 9	9,10,882 15 1	10,76,347 8 7	
Ashtagram Division	Túmkúr	12	3,606	632,239	Túmkúr ...	11,170	4,994	13	27	22½	17	524	61,231 5 8	8,71,52[illegible] 13 8	10,75,699 ... 5½	
	Mysore	19	4,131	943,187	Mysore ...	57,815	4,741	27	27	33	22	866	82,952 12 10	10,08,783 9 2	15,69,021 5 7	
	Hassan	14	3,291	668,417	Hassan ...	6,305	4,915	13	15	34	17½	495	60,905 1 4	10,31,166 5 1	12,44,488 1 2	*69 Talúks (Revenue.)
Nagar Division	Shimoga	14	3,797	498,976	Shimoga ...	11,034	3,782	15	22	27	19⅓	501	62,990 11 5	12,12,902 6 3	15,72,275 15 9	14 Sub-Divisions (Do.)
	Kadur	10	2,294	333,925	Chikmagalur ...	2,027	3,348	11	14	38	24	355	44,844 5 2	6,71,406 8 4	9,27,995 4 4	8 Judicial Assistants (Civil.)
	Chitaldroog	13	4,471	531,360	Chitaldroog ...	5,812	2,161	14	17	28	21½	571	67,577 15 2	6,86,211 ... 3	8,43,114 5 ½	22 Munsiffs (Civil.)
Total.....		*113	27,081	5,055,412			35,026						5,50,279 3 10	72,70,653 12 5	98,00,167 6 4	113
														Chief Commissioner's Treasury ...	4,72,750 0 2	
														Total.....	1,02,72,917 6 6	

I. D. POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited Houses. No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Inhabited Houses. No. of all other kinds.	Inhabited Houses. Total.	Population. (According to Census of 1871.) Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years. Male.	Children under 12 years. Female.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Classification of Population. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Occupation. Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	Prevailing Languages.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.
Bangalore	2,223	174,398	176,621	271,794	271,938	142,749	141,873	828,354	[illegible]84	17,613	756,693	53,485	1	562	145,825	782,529	Kanarese, Telugu and Hindustani.	
Kolar	98	165,794	165,892	206,232	205,351	103,453	103,918	618,954	2[illegible]10	613	592,652	25,038	0	651	132,872	486,082		
Túmkúr	11	123,390	123,401	199,808	203,716	115,632	113,083	632,239	1[illegible]8	709	609,520	20,535	0	1,475	131,769	500,470		
Mysore	298	174,653	174,951	287,175	308,437	180,387	167,188	943,187	2[illegible]21	2,249	898,897	39,790	37	2,214	171,047	772,140		
Hassan	95	147,148	147,243	199,202	215,104	129,122	124,989	668,417	20[illegible]	2,670	649,333	14,460	0	1,954	141,793	526,624		
Shimoga	24	101,935	101,959	170,267	155,485	88,179	85,045	498,976	1[illegible]	984	468,351	25,598	1	4,042	128,617	270,359		
Kadur	0	75,856	75,856	109,653	103,660	60,684	59,928	333,925	14[illegible]	568	320,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	265,691		
Chitaldroog...	4	118,554	118,558	168,857	159,507	102,730	100,266	531,360	11[illegible]2	270	512,193	18,068	4	825	114,406	416,954		
Total.....	2,753	1,081,728	1,084,481	1,612,988	1,623,198	922,936	896,290	5,055,412	18[illegible]7	25,676	4,807,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	1,034,563	4,020,849		

I. E. FISCAL.

1. *The Survey and Settlement.*

Area previously surveyed in miles, up to 31st March 1877. Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	Revenue. By Villages.	By Fields.	Cost per mile. Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Surveyed during the year ending 31st March 1878 with cost per mile. Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		9	10
Nil.	Nil.	13,145	728,776	Nil.	Nil.	17,714 miles at Rs. 146—8—4 per mile.	N[illegible]	Nil.	1,138 miles at Rs. 245—10—9 per mile.

NOTE.—Cost of classification and settlement is included in cost per mile shewn in Columns 7 and 10 above.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual Revenue assessed.	Date of Expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
Settled in perpetuity	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
For 30 years	9,666	23,16,839	1894—1906	
For 10 years and ended 30	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do do 10	Do	Do	Do	
Do in progress	Do	Do	Do	
Total (up to 31st March 1877).....	9,666	23,16,839	0	
Settlements previously made including full record of rights	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do without record	Do	Do	Do	
Settlements during the year { Detailed...	730	3,26,306	1907	Settlements introduced during the field season of 1878 were made to take effect from 1st April 1878 and will appear in the returns of the year 1878—79.
Settlements during the year { Summary	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

I. E. 2.—*Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1877—78.

No.	Districts.	Cultivated. Irrigated. By Government Work.		Irrigated. By Private Individuals.		Unirrigated.		Total.		Uncultivated. Grazing Lands.		Culturable.		Unculturable Waste.		[illegible] assessed, Columns 7 and 8.		Gross Amount. Land Revenue of the Extent shewn in column 6.			Grazing land.			Total.			Assessment. Rate per Acre on cultivation.			Rate per Acre on culturable land.			Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.			Remarks.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11			12			13			14			15			16			17
		A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	
1	Chitaldroog.	25,536	32	48,588	9	975,141	22	1,049,266	23	539,971	10	801,309	8	623,910	27	1,850,575		55,423	9	4	7	9	0	6,55,431	2	4	0	9	6	0	5	8	0	6	3	
2	Shimoga	194,538	31	15,496	31	323,183	36	533,219	18	563,261	16	280,018	19	700,962	8	813,237		75,434	13	0	13,878	10	6	9,89,313	7	6	1	7	5	1	1	9	1	4	0	
3	Túmkúr	27,605	38	29,960	9	300,775	28	358,341	35	27,898	26	250,553	0	403,561	30	608,891	55	4,66,341	2	3	...	...	...	4,66,341	2	3	1	1	8	0	6	5	0	11	4	
4	Bangalore	7,424	21	3,364	6	75,046	10	85,834	37	40,040	24	28,947	24	67,443	16	114,782	21	1,45,750	2	9	2,417	9	11	1,48,167	12	8	1	10	11	0	9	4	1	7	10	
5	Kolar	6,453	30	2,297	27	26,967	33	35,719	10	17,182	35	29,828	8	39,999	19	65,547	18	73,963	10	6	...	...	...	73,963	10	6	2	1	0	0	14	9	1	9	7	
6	Hassan	14,632	13	2,771	31	37,002	24	54,406	28	26,754	4	13,772	38	17,355	0	68,179	26	96,720	4	0	1,254	1	0	97,974	5	0	1	11	10	1	5	0	1	8	0	
7	Kadur	4,904	9	932	36	5,943	3	11,780	8	8,136	3	3,985	21	4,246	0	15,765	29	23,711	2	3	...	...	...	23,711	2	3	1	11	10	1	5	0	1	8	0	
	Total...	281,096	14	103,411	29	1,744,060	36	2,128,568	39	1,223,244	38	1,408,411	38	1,857,478	20	3,536,980	37	24,37,314	12	1	17,557	14	5	24,54,902	10	6										

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

II. A.—4. *Statement of the Acts of the Governor General in Council extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877—78.

No. of Act.	Title or Purport of Act.	No. and Date of Notification or Orders of the Government of India extending Act to Mysore.	Remarks.
III of 1877.	The Indian Registration Act	Foreign Department Notification No. 71 J., dated 13th June 1877.	
XV of 1877.	The Indian Limitation Act	Foreign Department Notification No. 174 J., dated 26th October 1877.	
Bengal Act I of 1869.	An Act for the prevention of cruelty to animals	Foreign Department Notification No. 7 J., dated 5th February 1878.	

II. B.—1. *Statement shewing the Various Judicial Tribunals, Original and Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year* 1877.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department [illegible] three and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Europeans. Commissioned Military Officers.	Europeans. Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Number of cases decided during the year. Original. Civil.	Number of cases decided during the year. Appeal. Criminal.	Number of cases decided during the year. Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.					Included under the head of Amildars.	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class in Criminal Original Cases.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.									All duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all duties connected with their offices.							
Ashtagram ...	4	...	...	4	1			...	...	...	4	...	600 0 0	Included under the head of Amildars.	...		...	...	485	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	13	...	...	13	1			...	...	...	13	...	259 5 4		...		...	...	2,006	...	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	600 0 0		...		...	...	722	...	...	...
Total...	25	...	..	25	1	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,213	...	...	...
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.					Do	Do	Do									Do						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1	...	446 0 0	Do	...		...	...	18	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	20	...	...	20	1			...	...	...	20	...	223 0 0		...	Revenue and Ministerial functions.	...	...	1,820	...	...	...
Nagar ...	9	...	...	9	1			...	...	...	9	...	233 5 4		...		...	...	457	...	...	...
Total.....	30	...	...	30	1	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,295	...	...	...
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class with the exception of 6 Amildars in the Nundydroog and 7 in the Nagar Division who exercise 2nd Class powers.	Do										General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Talooks.						
Ashtagram ...	20	...	...	20	1			...	...	...	20	...	1,782 14 4	30,512 12 7	847 7 0		...	...	2,589	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	27	...	...	27	1			...	...	...	27	...	958 8 0	41,382 8 0	1,294 8 0		...	...	3,088	...	...	...
Nagar ...	22	...	...	22	1			...	...	...	22	...	865 14 6	32,493 2 4	621 14 0		...	...	1,984	...	...	...
Total.....	69	...	...	69	1	...	...	...	...	...	69	...	...	1,04,388 6 11	2,763 13 0	...	...	...	7,601	...	...	...
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil and Criminal powers.						Dispose of Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20. Mysore Munsiff has small cause powers up to Rs. 50 and exercises the powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate.	Do										General supervision of their Courts. Munsiff of Turuvekere is also a Sub-Registrar.						
Ashtagram ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6	...	2,100 0 0	23,196 2 5	23,331 14 11		...	...	685	3,622	...	...
Nundydroog ...	8	...	...	8	1			..	...	2	6	1,899 0 0	2,200 0 0	33,720 12 5	23,859 12 11		...	...	1,896	3,760	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	1,917 2 3	32,897 9 6	16,510 4 6		...	...	684	2,067	...	...
Total.....	22	...	...	22	1	...	...	...	...	2	20	...	...	89,814 8 4	63,702 0 4	...	...	...	3,265	9,449	...	...

II. B. —1. (*Continued.*)

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Sar-Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercisees powers of a Magistrate of 2nd Class.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.									Sub-Registrar for the Cantonment of Bangalore, and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.						
Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	1	...	2,400 0 0	...	3,671 15 10	184 6 0		...	...	1,246	...	...	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3,671 15 10	184 6 0	...	...	...	1,246	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of Magistrates in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class. The Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore also hears appeals from the decisions of the Sar-Amin and the Magistrate of the Pettah in Criminal cases.	Do								The Town Magistrate of Mysore superintends the Mysore Town Police and is the President of the Municipal Board.						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	1	...	...	6,600 0 0	9,707 10 8	74 8 0		...	...	395	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...	12,000 0 0	...	16,327 5 11	312 3 0		...	..	812	...	15	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	26,035 0 7	386 11 0	...	...	...	1,207	...	15	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners—Exercising Civil powers only.						Dispose of original Civil suits, from Rs. 300 to Rs. 5,000 with appellate powers in cases referred to them by the Deputy Commissioners, also Small Cause powers up to Rs. 300, and exercise powers of a 1st Class Magistrate, with the exception of the Judicial Assistant of Hassan who is invested with the 2nd Class powers.	Do													
Ashtagram ...	2	...	...	2	1			...	...	2	...	...	3,600 0 0	15,567 9 1	24,961 8 0		...	...	124	999	...	194
Nundydroog ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	1	2	...	7,908 0 0	4,500 0 0	28,287 15 0	21,121 13 3	General supervision of Court in charge, of District Jail and Treasury.			84	589	...	211
Nagar ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	...	3	...	...	3,47[illegible]5 0	20,869 10 5	16,071 11 0				293	694	...	42
Total.....	8	..	...	8	1	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	64,725 2 6	62,155 0 3	...	...	...	501	2,282	...	447

| | | |

(Concluded.)

Number of Tribunals.	Designation of Tribunals.	Number of Officers.	Annual Salary of each Paid Judge.			Total Cost of Tribunals.			Net Receipts from Stamps.			Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.			
			Native.												Original.		Appeal.	
															Criminal.	Civil.	Criminal.	Civil.
1	2	3	4			15			16			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.									
1	Judicial Assistant Commissioners	2				23,501	11	3	4,720	13	0	General supervision in the Divisions. The Commissioner of Ash. tagram is also Sessions Judge of Coorg.	...	...	61	...	23	71
2	Small Cause Court, Bangalore	8				23,760	7	3	4,763	6	0		...	...	120	3	34	25
3	Assistant Commissioners, 2nd Class Mag.	8				24,946	5	9	2,492	11	0		...	...	134	2	30	13
4	Do 1st Class invested with full powers.	1																
5	Deputy Commissioners	17				72,208	8	3	11,976	14	0	...	...	...	315	5	87	109
6	Additional Sessions Judge	8				71,136	10	9	3,356	4	0	Also Inspector General of Jails and Police in Mysore and Coorg and Judicial Commissioner of Coorg.	...	...	...	...	274	69
7	Commissioners	8				6,42,286	9	10	1,94,720	14	0	...	...	...	24,183	17,815	619	643
8	Judicial Commissioner	1																
	Total	192																
1		42																
2		29																
3		1																
4		8																
5		1																
6		8																
7		8																
8		1																
9		16																
10		8																
11		3																
12		1																
13		3																
14		1																
		20																

II. B.—2. *Statement of Offences reported, and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877.

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS I.									
Offences against the State, the Public and Justice.									
Against the State.									
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.									
Counterfeiting Coin	...231 to 238	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	2	2	...	...	...	
Diminishing or altering coin	...246 to 249	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin ...	239 to 243 and 250 to 254	Ashtagram ...	27	34	11	20	1	2	
		Nundydroog...	30	29	12	17	...	...	
		Nagar ...	16	16	6	10	...	...	
		Total...	73	79	29	47	1	2	
Counterfeiting stamps or selling same	255 to 259	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Using as genuine stamps or effaci ing same ...								...	
Making, using or weights or mea									
Personating publi soldier ...									
Concealing design offence ...									
Omitting to giv an offence or formation									
Causing disapp dence									
Resisting, obstr ting to assist									
Disobedience o and causing									
Intentional i tion in ju									

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Harbouring an offender	212—216	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender	213 to 215	Ashtagram ...	3	7	7	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	4	1	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	11	15	8	7	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue ...	224—225	Ashtagram ...	20	17	1	12	...	4	
		Nundydroog...	29	30	4	26	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	12	1	11	...	...	
		Total...	56	59	6	49	...	4	
Escape from lawful custody or transportation ...	224—226	Ashtagram ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	7	...	7	...	...	
		Nagar ...	27	28	7	21	...	...	
		Total.....	37	39	7	32	...	...	
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign.	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	22	29	11	16	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	29	49	18	30	...	1	
		Nagar ...	18	27	9	18	...	...	
		Total...	69	105	38	64	...	3	
Failure to attend as Juror Assessor		Ashtagram ...	[illegible]	36	6	[illegible]			

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Fabricating false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	...	...	1	
		Total...	1	1	...	...	...	1	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ...	197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceeding	205—229	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	8	3	5	...	...	
		Total...	8	9	3	6	...	...	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of property or suffering of decree	206 to 208 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
False claim in Court of Justice	202—210	Ashtagram ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	3	4	2	2	...	...	
„ Charge of offence ...	211	Ashtagram ...	7	9	7	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	5	4	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	5	1	4	...	...	
		Total...	17	19	12	7			
Frivolous or vexatious complaints ...	P. C. 209	Ashtagram ...	58	135	135				
		Nundydroog...	162	457					
		Nagar ...	43						
Forgery or fraudulently ... or possessing forged doc...									
Making or using false ... marks ...									
Public...									
Public nuisances und... Code ...									
Relating t...									
Rioting or unlawful ...									
Affray ...									
CL...									
Offences ag...									
Murder, 302—303.		By Thugs...							
		By Dacoi...							
		By Robl...							

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Murder, 302—303. By poison	For sake of robberry...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	From other motives...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	52	96	41	32	...	23	
		Nagar ...	1	2	..	2	...	...	
		Total...	53	98	41	34	...	23	
Other murders.	From motives connected with women ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	26	1	20	...	5	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	2	27	1	21	...	5	
	From other motives ...	Ashtagram ...	15	44	18	17	...	9	
		Nundydroog...	18	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	41	57	27	20	4	6	
		Total...	74	101	45	37	4	15	
Attempt to murder ... 307		Ashtagram ...	6	5	2	1	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	5	7	5	1	...	1	
		Nagar ...	4	9	1	7	...	1	
		Total...	15	21	8	9	...	4	
Culpable homicide ... 304—308		Ashtagram ...	17	44	31	9	...	4	
		Nundydroog...	44	66	16	45	3	2	
		Nagar ...	37	77	50	26	...	1	
		Total...	98	187	97	80	3	7	
[illegible] to 308		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...		...	
		[illegible]droog...	...	...	...	...		...	
				...	—	...		..	
								...	
								...	
								...	
								...	
								12	
								1	
								10	
								23	
								...	
								...	
								1	
								1	
								6	
								2	
								4	
								2	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Act dangerous to life or safety.	336—337	Ashtagram ...	1	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	3	...	3	...	...	
Wrongful Restraint ...	341	Ashtagram ...	120	273	214	42	...	17	
		Nundydroog...	125	238	166	69	...	3	
		Nagar ...	36	61	41	20	...	...	
		Total...	281	572	421	131	...	20	
Do Confinement ...	342 to 346	Ashtagram ...	19	42	24	15	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	4	8	7	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	16	44	34	10	...	...	
		Total.....	39	94	65	26	...	3	
Wrongful confinement to extort property or confession ...	347—348	Ashtagram ...	3	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	2	2	...	...	...	
Assault or use of criminal force	352—355 358	Ashtagram ...	603	1,393	1,002	386	1	4	
		Nundydroog...	1,389	3,124	2,295	819	3	7	
		Nagar ...	651	1,330	964	358	1	7	
		Total...	2,643	6,847	4,261	1,563	5	18	
Criminal intimidation or insult.	504 to 509	Ashtagram ...	127	216			...	...	
		Nundydroog...	588	97			...	4	
		Nagar ...	105					1	
		Total...	820	1,36					
Causing annoyance intoxication ...		Ashtagram ...	4	7					
		roog...							
		...							
Buying or disposing of person as a slave									
Kidnapping or abdu									
Abducting a woma marriage or for									
Selling, letting, or obtaining a wom poses of prostitut									
Enticing a marri criminal inten									
Fraudulent and riages									
Attempt to co									
Adultery									

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Rape...	376	Ashtagram ...	5	9	7	1	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	4	3	1	...	...	
		Total...	9	13	10	2	...	1	
Assault or use of criminal force on a public servant ...	353—354	Ashtagram ...	5	6	3	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	6	3	3	...	...	
Assaulting a woman to outrage her modesty	377	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total ..	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Defamation	500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	4	21	18	2	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	32	8	24	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	16	55	28	26	1	...	
	Total Class II...	Ashtagram ...	1,617	3,661	2,560	1,031	9	61	
		Nundydroog...	2,557	5,323	3,544	1,686	9	84	
		Nagar ...	1,219	2,373	1,569	760	8	36	
		Total...	5,393	11,357	7,673	3,477	26	181	
CLASS III									
				020					
								71	
								635	

II. B.—2. (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Without violence.	Ashtagram ...	112	259	73	186	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	325	555	106	446	1	2	
	Nagar ...	392	849	110	732	3	4	
Theft ... Of cattle 379, 380, 381...	Total...	829	1,663	289	1,364	4	6	
Theft ... of Ordinary 379, 380, 381...	Ashtagram ...	1,805	3,131	984	2,113	10	24	
	Nundydroog...	6,264	10,521	1,251	9,222	13	35	
	Nagar ...	2,043	4,059	937	3,069	23	30	
	Total...	10,112	17,711	3,172	14,404	46	89	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property ... ... 411 to 414	Ashtagram ...	27	38	13	23	2	...	
	Nundydroog ..	115	263	68	164	1	30	
	Nagar ...	56	121	52	66	2	1	
	Total...	198	422	133	253	5	31	
Dishonest misappropriation of property ... ... 403 to 404	Ashtagram ...	59	104	49	52	...	3	
	Nundydroog...	180	305	110	194	1	...	
	Nagar ...	91	128	47	78	1	2	
	Total.....	330	537	206	324	2	5	
Criminal breach of trust ... 406 to 409	Ashtagram ...	29	33	15	15	...	3	
	Nundydroog...	99	125	43	76	4	2	
	Nagar ...	55	65	23	37	...	5	
	Total...	183	223	81	128	4	10	
Cheating							1	
							3	
Mali								
Mischief, ordinary								
Mischief by poisoni cattle ...								
Mischief by destroying marks ...								
Serious mischief by fire								
Criminal trespass or house pass								
Breaking closed receptacl								
Total								
C								
Not include								
Thugs 311 ...								
Belonging to a gang								

II. B —2. (*Continued.*)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Thieves ... 411 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood } C. P. C. 504, 505, 506	Ashtagram ...	24	50	24	26	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	11	21	1	20	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	35	71	25	46	...	...	
Bad habit and repute, C. P. C. 505, 506 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	13	36	12	24	...	...	
	Total...	13	36	12	24	...	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service ... ... 490—492	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
To Contract Act XIII of 1859 ...	Ashtagram ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	6	8	4	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	16	39	7	32	...	...	
		24	50	11	39	...	...	
„ Soldiers' necessaries ...							...	
							...	
							...	

II. B.—2. (*Concluded.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
To Municipalities...	Ashtagram ...		43	60	...	60	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		303	1,002	54	948	...	...	
	Nagar ...		1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Total...		347	1,064	55	1,009	...	...	
„ Forests	Ashtagram ...		29	50	24	26	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		153	366	73	288	1	1	
	Nagar ...		234	549	100	442	...	7	
	Total...		416	965	200	756	1	8	
„ Railways	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		36	43	7	35	...	1	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		36	43	7	35	...	1	
To Gaming and Lotteries	Ashtagram ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...		10	38	...	38	...	...	
	Nagar ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...		10	38	...	38	...	...	
To Cattle Trespass	Ashtagram ...		68	172	79	92	1	...	
	Nundydroog...		36	61	32	29	...	...	
	Nagar ..		26	55	33	22	...	...	
	Total...		130	288	144	143	1	...	
Breaches of Laws relating to [illegible] and [illegible]								...	

II. B.—3. *Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877.

Class of Tribunals.		Number of Persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.								
		Remaining at end of the last year.	Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred	Remaining at end of the last year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended	Remarks.
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
Peshkars	... Ashtagram ...	7	144	236	602	...	...	989	214	440	330	4	...	1	4·3	1,516	
	Nundydroog...	10	1,892	269	1,536	46	5	3,758	117	1,338	2,196	95	2	10	2·5	4,579	
	Nagar ...	...	63	185	452	177	4	1,453	156	408	793	93	...	3	3·5	1,971	
	Total.....	17	2,671	690	2,590	223	9	6,200	487	2,186	3,319	192	2	14	3·8	8,063	
Sheristadars	... Ashtagram ...	..	5	1	18	...	...	24	5	7	12	...	...	...	3·05	69	
	Nundydroog...	...	1,662	412	1,263	31	11	3,379	261	1,033	2,040	39	1	5	4·5	5,212	
	Nagar ...	5	372	137	454	28	...	996	100	385	460	48	3	...	6·5	1,433	
	Total.....	5	2,039	550	1,735	59	11	4,399	366	1,425	2,512	87	4	5	4·9	6,714	
Amildars	... Ashtagram ...	7	1,546	1,230	2,240	142	...	5,165	882	1,654	2,435	170	7	17	5·1	8,370	
	Nundydroog...	9	3,210	634	2,161	220	11	6,245	346	1,907	3,466	463	12	51	4·2	7,912	
	Nagar ...	33	1,956	625	1,175	348	33	4,170	508	777	2,572	228	14	71	5·0	4,999	
	Total.....	49	6,712	2,489	5,576	710	44	15,580	1,736	4,338	8,473	861	33	139	4·8	21,281	
Sar-Amin	... Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2,136	...	243	...	23	2,402	37	197	2,157	11	..	...	1	1,186	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
	Total.....	...	2,136	...	243	...	23	2,402	37	197	2,157	11	...	...	1	1,186	
Munsiffs	... Ashta...															2,477	

...nals in the Province of Mysore in the year 1877.

...e.	Amount realized.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	Detail of Punishment.														
			Imprisonment.												Whipped.		
			15 days.		months.		2 years.		7 years.		Above 7 years.						
			Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.
	,083 10 0	27 8 0	112	3	22	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2,184 0 10	120 2 6	705	129	581	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	565 1 2	63 0 0	358	34	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	832 12 0	210 10 0	1,07[illegible]	166	758	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	22 14 0	... ...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	860 1 [illegible]	65 9 4	815	221	518	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	42 13 [illegible]	9 0 0	147	19	143	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	25 12 5	74 9 4	963	240	665	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	9 8 7	879 0 0	690	47	683	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	0 6 9	528 15 0	1,048	197	1,025	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	51	15
	25 10 4	875 3 6	735	121	827	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	52	43
	9 8	2,283 2 6	2,473	365	2,535	40	7	...	...	...	...	...	23	103	58
	14 0	46 3 0	71	327	516	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	161	35
	7 10	80 0 0	35	8	425	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	24	110	28
	1 11 5	555 9 4	99	101	1,456	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	227	294
	7 11 5	253 8 0	72	2	389	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	151	139
	23 14 8	889 1 4	206	111	2,250	161	2	...	...	...	...	...	160	488	561
	951 1 2	... ...	2	...	42	13	26	...	...	...	...	...	4	18	5
	354 13 6	136 5 0	...	...	41	3	77	...	1	...	...	...	...	8	2
	,489 7 3	41 9 0	27	...	52	5	62	...	...	...	...	...	12	46	141
	2,795 5 11	177 14 0	29	...	135	21	165	...	1	...	...	...	16	72	148
	70 0 0	... ...	4	1	18	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	9	8
	374 8 0	65 0 0	2	...	62	8	64	...	...	...	...	...	3	42	1
	116 3 6	... ...	3	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	26	7
	621 3 8	67 0 0	33	13	228	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	59	261
0	1,111 15 2	132 0 0	38	13	337	15	64	...	...	...	...	...	41	127	269

DETAIL OF PUNISHMENT.

Amount realized.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	Imprisonment.							Whipped.		
		15 days.		6 months.		2 years.		7 years.	Above 7 years.		
		Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.
10	4	36	2	250	19	99	3	...	...	15	53	43
9	3	106	24	917	29	685	...	...	...	94	296	481
9	1	5	1	103	4	64	1	...	...	3	28	118
12	8	147	27	1,270	52	848	4	...	...	112	377	642
9	6	10	1	63	1	42	4	...	...	34	130	10
3	3	84	93	159	7	82	11	...	...	9	56	122
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	10	94	94	222	8	124	15	...	...	43	186	132
10	10	1	6	17	3	36	...	...	...	4	17	14
14	12	2	1	244	3	99	...	1	...	1	17	37
527	8	4	...	67	...	60	...	...	...	2	20	111
342	15	7	7	328	6	195	...	1	...	7	84	162
50	13	...	...	1	...	29	...	60	...	1	1	5
652	1	...	...	25	...	377	...	263	...	...	24	10
203	0	...	...	4	2	32	...	126	2	...	...	1
905	14	...	...	40	2	438	...	452	2	1	25	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
815	0	4	1	98	...	26	...	155	1	...	...	...
301	5	35	11	35	2	66	...	280	3	2	14	35
1,116	5	7	12	187	8	286	...	710	19	4	16	42
52,473	14	1,363	9,211	973	2,133	19	1,164	...	21	475	1,648	2,073
6,556	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
671	0	...	40	2	438	...	452	...	2	1	25	16
5,207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. B.—5. *Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Mysore Province during the year* 1877.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
TRIBUNALS.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 297, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS. Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	REMARKS.
Town and Cantt. Magistrates	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	24	1	14	...	9	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	24	1	14	...	9	...	...	...	...	
Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	46	...	20	4	22	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	106	3	58	19	24	...	...	...	2	
	Nagar ...	8	...	2	...	6	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	160	3	80	23	52	...	...	...	2	
	...am ...	2	...	1		1					

| | | |

II. B.—7. *Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877.

Value of Suits.	Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.					Total Value of Suits.			Remarks.
	Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
In Civil Courts.									
Rs.									
Not exceeding 5	1,172	2.3	29	...	...	4,563	6	5	
„ „ 20	2,073	1,879	176	...	...	49,700	6	2	
„ „ 100	2,054	5,430	798	...	...	3,93,525	2	4	
„ „ 500	693	1,917	858	...	...	6,79,262	11	10	
„ „ 1,000	74	...	257	...	...	2,09,533	8	1	
„ „ 5,000	...	...	164	4	...	3,23,895	5	6	
„ „ 10,000	...	...	...	9	...	62,123	11	8	
„ „ 1,00,000	...	...	...	...	5	89,227	4	7	
Exceeding 1,00,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	6,066	9,449	2,282	13	5	18,11,831	8	7	

II. B.—8. *Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877.

year. | er Courts. | returned. | ault. | leave. | sion. | Contest

Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1877.

Ex-parte.			Contested.									
	Modified.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 348, Act VIII, 1859.	Objections allowed.	Remarks.
5	2	2	117	12	34	12	194	14	...	2	2	
13	2	2	69	25	75	12	211	54	1	3	...	
8	1	...	20	1	4	...	42	9	...	...	...	
26	5	4	206	38	113	24	447	77	1	5	2	
...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	1	1	...	...	
1	...	...	2	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	4	...	...	1	7	2	...	...	...	
3	...	...	6	...	1	3	18	3	1	...	...	
...	...	...	50	9	11	1	71	13	...	...	...	
...	...	...	19	2	1	2	25	10	...	4	...	
...	...	...	7	1	3	...	13	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	76	12	15	3	109	24	...	4	...	
29	5	4	288	50	129	30	574	104	2	9	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	15	4	12	...	31	5	...	...	...	
...	...	...	13	2	8	5	28	3	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	5	1	8	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	30	6	25	6	67	9	...	...	...	
...	...	...	30	8	25	6	69	9	...	...	...	
...	5	4	318	58	154	36	643	113	2	9	2	

II. B.—10. *Statement shewing the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877.

Class of Courts.		Application to execute Decrees.				Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of 1877.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and Number of Coercive Processes issued.					Orders under Section 243, Code of Civil Procedure.	Remarks.
											Movable Property.		Immovable Property.			
		Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.					Imprisonment of person.	Attached.	Sold.	Attached.	Sold.		
Civil Courts.																
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		450	4,377	2	4,829	4,150	482	197	...	232	299	204	...	...	...	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	453	2,161	151	2,765	1,907	416	442	76	77	128	36	271	223	...	
	Nundydroog...	439	2,676	392	3,507	2,346	581	580	74	258	415	161	350	436	...	
	Nagar ...	315	1,076	34	1,425	914	219	292	20	3	254	109	175	123	1	
	Total.....	1,207	5,913	577	7,697	5,167	1,216	1,314	170	338	797	306	826	782	1	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	124	909	28	1,061	775	95	191	14	117	18	4	15	58	1	
	Nundydroog...	139	859	79	1,077	677	265	135	7	41	196	20	82	87	1	
	Nagar ...	125	623	7	755	533	117	105	7	20	44	54	54	42	...	
	Total.....	388	2,391	114	2,893	1,985	477	431	28	178	258	78	151	187	2	
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	2	2										1			
	Nundydroog...	2	12													
	Nagar ...	2	2													
	Total.....	6														
	Ashtagram ...															
	Nundydroog...															
	Nagar ...															

| | | |

MARY—

...d in the Jails and Lock-ups of the Province of Mysore dur...g the year 1877.

6			7			8			9			10		
Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
...10			1,398	479	1,877	1,657	76	1,733	1340·0	62·0	1402·0			
			534	185	719	171	6	177	66·	4·	70·			
			55	2	57	5	...	5	3·	...	3·			
												1,409·0	66·0	1,475·0
			...96		4,438	1,098	44	1,142	1231·28	47·04	1278·32			
			...2		328	39	3	42	24·47	1·83	26·30			
					8	1	...	1	0·85	...	0·85			
												1,256·60	48·87	1,035·47
					909	677	7	684	464·50	9·27	473·77			
					810	88	1	·9	96·29	1·09	97·38			
					14	1	...	1	1·32	...	1·32			
												562·11	10·36	572·47
					723	695	31	726	390·594	18·317	408·911			
					270	144	3	147	41·827	1·169	42·996			
					33	5	...	5	4·065	0·005	4·070			
												436·486	19·491	455·977
					766	200	13	213	153·21	39·041	165·254			
					34	58	5	63	50·104	2·142	52·246			
					10	...	...	...	0·416	...	0·416			
												206·733	11·183	217·916
					575	787	27	814	636·030	22·640	658·670			
					618	10	1	11	35·69	1·12	36·81			
					3	...	...	...	0·08	0·04	0·12			
												671·800	23·800	695·600
			...26		393	45	3	48	60·490	2·080	62·570			
			...3		681	33	4	37	36·39	1·73	36·12			
			...		5	...	...	...	0·16	...	0·16			
												95·040	3·810	98·850
			...49		798	282	9	291	188·0	10·610	198·610			
			...06		1,702	52	1	53	147·43	32·51	149·94			
					1	1	...	1	0·52	...	0·52			
												335·95	13·120	349·070

—(*Concluded*).

	8			9			10		
ged from Causes.	Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	1,062	25	...	25	51·0	...	51·0			
	2,009	54	...	54	84·	...	84·			
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	2,010	31	1	32	74·60	5·37	79·97	135·0	...	135·0
	2,570	19	...	19	39·43	1·22	40·65			
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	2,803	68	13	81	45·12	7·71	52·84	114·03	6·59	120·62
	2,718	41	1	42	85·57	6·03	91·60			
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	1,177	28	1	29	30·75	1·58	32·33	130·70	13·74	144·44
	2,190	79	5	84	140·18	3·16	143·34			
	2	...	...	...	0·002	...	0·002			
9	1,034	38	3	41	43·760	3·121	46·881	170·932	4·74	175·672
30	3,072	26	...	26	94·989	5·342	100·331			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
52	532	30	4	34	19·226	1·752	20·978	138·749	8·463	147·212
133	2,598	12	2	14	36·465	1·591	38·056			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
40	631	35	1	36	20·330	0·720	21·050	55·691	3·343	59·034
77	1,904	17	1	18	34·71	1·60	36·31			
...	1	...	...	...	0·008	...	0·008			
15	305	8	3	11	9·330	0·410	9·740	55·048	2·320	57·368
19	376	6	...	6	7·42	0·22	7·64			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
94	1,792	55	3	58	94·390	6·240	100·630	16·750	0·630	17·380
70	1,711	48	...	48	66·78	0·97	67·75			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
2,231	21,825	5,709	289	5,998	4,855·623	207·901	5,063·524	161·170	7·210	168·380
1,271	25,210	897	33	930	1,085·745	35·724	1,121·469			
4	134	13	...	13	10·421	0·045	10·466	5,951·789	243·670	6,195·459
506	47,169	6,669	272	6,941	5,951·789	243·670	6,195·459	5,951·789	243·670	6,195·459

II. C.—1. *Statement shewing the number and disposal of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3		4		5		6						7			8				9										10		11		12		13		14	15		16			17
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Remained on the 31st December 1876.		Imprisoned during the year.		Total.		Received from other Jails						Total population.			Transfered to other Jails.				Released during the year.										Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.	Remaining on the 31st December 1877.		Daily average number.			Serial Number.
								A			B						A				A		B		C		D																
								To undergo sentence.			In transit for transportation, or to other Jails.						To undergo sentence.			For transportation beyond seas, &c.	On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		On Payment of fine		On account of sickness.		By order of Government. (a)		By order of Government. (b)		On other grounds.											
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	To'al.	M	F	Total.	
1	The Province of Mysore.	2,642	84	20,075	2,241	22,917	2,325	1,807	123	639	22	23 353	2,470	27,823	3,132	136	24	1	182	10	14,063	1,970	656	50	...	...	318	19	48	1	1	...	22	..	43	4	1,101	40	5,759	239	5,998	4855 623	207·901	5063·524	1

II. C.—2. *Shewing the Religion, Age and Previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. C.—4. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877, *who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3			4								5			6				7
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Total.			Number previously convicted.								Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners (under 16 years of age, Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code.)				Serial Number.
					A		B		C		D					A		B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than Twice.		Total.					Number imprisoned.		Number previously convicted.		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	22,917	2,325	25,242	380	32	138	8	111	9	629	49	2·6	2·1	2·6	270	60	...	...	

II .C.—5. *Shewing the Escapes and Recaptures of Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8
Serial Number.	JAILS OF—	Remained on the 31st of those who previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Recaptured during the year.			Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.			Serial Number.
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	
									Of the year.	Total.		Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 7 years.	Above 7 years.	
									18	57		11	7		

the Punishmen
year 1877.

II. C.—7. *Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in Column 3 there were—						Daily average number of Convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year.		Of those in Column 7 there were—						Number released during the year after more than six months in Jail.						Serial Number
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	The Province of Mysore.	20,275	2,241	15,894	2,236	860	5	521	...	4855·623	207·901	·777·97	20·0	15,224	2,049	14,124	2,044	746	5	354	...	1,406	72	494	...	231	...	

II. C.—8. *Shewing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3		4		5		6	7		8
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number of prisoners of all classes.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Average number employed.		Ratio of Col. 5 to Column 3.	Number reduced or otherwise punished.		Serial Number.
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	4,855·623	207·901	140	5	105·241	2·0	2·1	11	...	

II. C.—9. *Shewing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Diet scale of laboring prisoners.	Diet scale of non-laboring prisoners.	Punishment diet scale.	Note of any change effected in diet scales during the year.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	The tables given in Appendix A are in use in the Bangalore Central Jail and District Lock-up, and in the District Jails of Mysore, Hassan Shimoga and Kolar. Those in Appendix B are in use in the District Jails of Túmkúr, Kadur and Chitaldroog. In the Taluk Lock-ups each prisoner is allowed one seer of ragi and ¼ anna per day. In the Malnad Taluks rice is given instead of ragi. For details *vide* Mysore Administration Report for 1876—77 pp. 62 to 64.		Nil.	In the Bangalore Central Jail no meat was issued during the year. In the Shimoga District Jail, the long term prisoners were, owing to famine, put on the B class diet.	

II. C.—10. *Shewing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877, *excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.*

1	2	3								5				6				7							8				9				10			11			12
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number of prisoners.				Rations.				Establishment.				Police Guard.				Hospital Charges.							Clothing.				Contingencies.				Grand Total expended.			Total Cost per head of average strength.			Serial Number.
						A	B			A	B			A	B			A	B			C			A	B			A	B									
		Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			Cost per head of average number sick.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.									
						Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	5,063·524	1,121·469	10·466	6,195·459	347,400	56	1	1	65,013	10	7	11	77,479	12	8	2	12,046	1	15	1	51	11	2	17,317	2	12	9	23,556	3	12	10	5,42,811	0	0	87	9	10	

II.—C. 11. *Shewing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877 *(excluding cost of building new Jails of additions or repairs) compared with the expenditure on the same account in each of three preceding years.*

1	2	3								4								5								6								7								8								9
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Cost of rations per head of average strength.								Cost of Establishment and Police Guard per head of average strength.								Cost of all Hospital charges per head of average strength.								Cost of Clothing per head of average strength.								Cost of Contingencies per head of average strength.								Total cost per head of average strength.								Serial Number.
		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		1874.		1875.		1876.		1877.		
		Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	28	7	28	7	42	8	56	1	52	6	49	9	44	8	23	0	1	5	1	9	1	13	1	15	3	2	2	13	3	12	2	13	5	8	4	13	5	0	3	13	90	12	87	3	97	9	87	10	

II. C—12. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6						7			8
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number of effectives.*	Employment.						Ratio per cent on column 5 of those employed.			Serial Number.
					A	B	C	D	E	F				
					Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Building and repairing Jail.	On Jail garden.	On manufactures.	Extramural.	As prison officers.	As prison servants.	On manufactures.	
1	The Province of Mysore... ...	4,949·25	88·50	4,686·31	85·63	661·13	427·65	699·78	678·98	2,133·14	1·8	14·1	14·5	

* *i. e.* excluding the infirm, sick or convalescent.

II. C.—13. *Shewing the Results of the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3						4					5			6			7	8
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Credits.						Debits.					A	B	C	A	B	C	Amount of outstanding bills due to Jails.	Serial Number.
		A	B	C	D	E	F	A	B	C	D	E								
		Cash received for labor or articles sold during the year.	Value of manufactured goods supplied for Government purposes.	Value of manufactured goods remaining in store.	Value of raw-material in store.	Value of plant and machinery.	Total credits.	Value of manufactured goods in store on 1st January.	Value of raw-material in store on 1st January.	Value of plant and machinery in store on 1st January.	Cash expended on raw-material, plant, &c. during the year.	Total debits.	Excess of credits or profits.	Average profits per head of effectives.	Excess of debits or loss.	Excess of 3 A over 4 D or cash profit.	Average cash profit per head of effectives.	Excess of 4 D over 3 A or cash loss.		
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	36,261	32,574	3,824	1,976	10,262	84,897	4,011	1,733	9,911	35,368	51,023	33,874	8	...	893	1 5 0	...	2,047	

II. C.—14. *Shewing the Expenditure on the Construction of new Jails, and on additions, alterations and repairs with the gross and net cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails of—	On Jail buildings.		On maintaining and guarding the prisoners.	Total expenditure, columns 3 and 4.	Expenditure on manufactures (column 4 D) of Statement 13.	Gross expenditure, columns 5 and 6.	Cash receipts from manufactures (column 3 A) of Statement 13.	Net cost or column 7 minus column 8.	Total expenditure (column 5) per head of average strength.	Net cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
		A	B									
		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.									
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	9,315	13,219	5,42,811	5,65,345	35,368	6,00,713	36,261	5,64,452	91	91	

II. —15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8			9										10
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital			Daily average number of sick.			Number of Deaths in and out of Hospital.			Ratio per cent of average strength.										Serial Number.
																				A			B		C		D		E		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	Of admissions into Hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.		Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from all other causes both in and out of Hospital.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of Hospital.		
																				M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	3,166	277	3,443	5,951·789	243·670	6,195·459	8,588	436	9,024	6,466	193	6,659	219·104	14·238	233·442	1,290	45	1,335	10·8	8	10·68	3·6	5·8	3·2	5·7	3·3	18·5	11·9	18·2	21·7	18·0	21·5	

II. C.—16. *Shewing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3																				4								5
Serial Number.	Jails of—	A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I		K		Ratio of Admissions and Deaths per cent of average strength still from—								Serial Number.
		Small-pox.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Scrofula and Phthisis Pulmonalis.		Anæmia and General debility.		Respiratory diseases		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Jaundice.		Ulcers and Boils.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		
		A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	
1	The Province of Mysore	50	3	1187	15	233	43	304	182	23	14	415	151	157	33	2672	712	28	12	295	6	19·2	0·24	3·8	0·8	4·7	2·5	42·4	11·2	

II. C.—17. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among Under-trial, Convicted and Civil Prisoners severally, and the Mortality from fevers, bowel complaints and cholera in each class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3						4						5						6						7				8		9
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Average population.						Daily average sick.						Total deaths in and out of Hospital.						Deaths from Fevers.						Deaths from Bowel Complaints.				Deaths from Cholera.				Serial Number.
		Under trial.		Convicted.		Civil.		Under trial.		Convicted.		Civil.		Under trial.		Convicted.		Civil.		Under trial.		Convicted.		Civil.		Under trial.		Convicted.		Civil.				
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	1085·745	35·724	485·623	207·901	10·421	0·045	15·307	0·19	203·761	14·048	0·036	...	187	5	1,101	40	2	...	12	...	43	3	...	...	77	2	613	19	1	...	46	2	121	13	...	...	

II. C.—18. *Shewing the Mortality according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3						4						5						6						7						8
Serial Number.	Jails of—	Under 16 years.						16 to 40.						40 to 60.						Over 60.						Total.						Serial Number.
		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	The Province of Mysore	76·483	9·434	14·	...	18·2	...	437·943	179·310	842	25	192	14·0	1284·564	44·495	374	17	29·1	38·6	215·799	10·431	60	3	27·8	29·8	5951·789	243·670	1,290	45	21·6	18·4	

II C.—19. *Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877, *according to length of imprisonment.*

Serial Number.	Jails of—	Under 6 months in Jail.			From 6 to 12 months.			From 1 to 2 years.			From 2 to 3 years.			From 3 to 7 years.			Above 7 years.			Serial Number.
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	3,271·359	917	28·0	900·268	191	21·2	750·993	105	13·9	455·907	57	12·5	721·322	57	7·9	95·61	8	7·5	

II. C.—20. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

Serial Number.	Jails of—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.			Released during the year.			Escaped.		Transferred.		Died.		Remaining on the last day of the year.		Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		Hospital. A: Admissions.	Hospital. A: Daily average sick.	Hospital. B: Deaths.	Hospital. C: Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.	Cost. D: Total Charges.		Cost. D: Average Cost per Prisoner.		Serial Number.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	
1	The Province of Mysore ...	14	1	129	3	143	4	10·421	0·045	128	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	13	...	202·75	8·50	...	...	192·329	8·455	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. C.—21. *Shewing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

Serial Number.	Jails of—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received.		Received by transfer.		Total Population.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Deaths.		Remaining on 31st December 1877.			Cost. A: Rations.	Cost. B: Guard and Establishment.	Cost. C: Other charges.	Cost. D: Total.	Cost. E: Annual cost per head of average strength.			Hospital. A: Admissions.	Hospital. B: Daily average sick.	Hospital. C: Deaths.	Hospital. D: Ratio of Deaths per cent of average strength.	Serial Number.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	A	P.				
1	The Province of Mysore...	379	12	24,457	1,292	...	...	24,836	1,304	26,140	1,085·745	35·724	1,121·469	12,704	601	13,305	11,031	664	11,695	...	...	17	1	187	5	897	33	930	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·9	6·46	36	3·2	

II . D.—(A.) *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution*

PART I—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.										
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.			Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C, and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.					
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.											
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	97	12	109	99	...	...	2	...	35	11	11
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	13	1	14	12	...	...	1	...	2	...	3
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	79	5	84	73	...	...	1	...	5	3	19
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or uulawful assembly	30	10	40	27	...	...	10	...	11	2	3
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
		Total.....	226	28	254	218	...	...	14	...	53	21	37
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.											
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do by dacoits	15	...	15	15	...	...	...	...	2	...	..
10		Do by robbers	6	1	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
11		Do by poison	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders...	149	10	159	144	1	...	1	1	21	9	46
13	307	Attempts at murder	22	6	28	25	...	...	...	...	6	7	3
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	114	8	122	115	...	...	...	...	19	11	38
15	376	Rape	9	4	13	10	...	...	...	...	4	2	4
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	29	3	32	31	...	...	1	...	7	2	12
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	52	8	60	52	...	...	1	...	11	10	10
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	2	...	2	2	...	...	1	3	...	1	..
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt...	144	18	162	141	...	...	...	...	36	15	29
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	55	1	56	53	...	...	...	...	4	4	30
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	9	1	10	10	...	...	...	...	4	2	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	158	32	190	166	...	...	4	...	42	17	36
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	26	6	32	28	...	...	1	4	13	3	3
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	11	...	11	10	1	...	...	...	2	4	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	143	10	153	140	...	...	1	...	52	6	33
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
		Total.....	949	108	1,057	954	2	...	10	8	223	94	247

POLICE.

of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Mysore during the year 1877.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

		PERSONS.																	PROPERTY.				
Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8, 9 in which conviction was obtained.	Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C.P.C and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
			Pending at the end of 1876.	Within the year.			Total.					By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.					
				Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)										In Police custody.	On bail.							
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	
4	64	41	4	...	88	...	92	...	11	12	63	14	...	48	1	...	...	6	..	...	...	...	...	
...	10	8	...	...	15	...	15	...	2	3	10	2	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	58	50	1	...	84	...	85	...	1	9	63	1	...	61	1	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	
6	9	8	20	...	97	...	117	...	14	16	75	11	...	64	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	
...	7	6	...	...	9	..	9	...	...	1	8	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	148	113	25	...	293	...	318	...	28	41	219	29	...	188	2	...	...	30	...	1	1	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	12	8	...	...	119	...	119	6	1	2	77	10	12	52	3	...	...	1	32	11	10	1,767	239	
2	5	2	...	...	9	...	9	1	...	1	5	...	..	5	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	5	5	
1	1	1	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	..	1	1	1	92	12	
27	89	54	13	...	325	...	338	8	3	45	246	3	58	178	7	...	...	21	15	13	9	2,818	242	
2	10	10	8	...	25	...	33	1	8	2	20	...	...	20	..	...	...	1	1	...	...	..	...	
20	65	34	8	...	183	2	193	5	13	48	114	22	25	66	1	...	...	11	2	...	...	...	...	
1	6	2	...	...	9	...	9	...	1	1	4	1	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	..	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	12	5	1	...	13	...	14	...	1	3	7	2	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
4	35	24	3	...	39	...	42	7	3	4	27	3	1	21	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	
...	2	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	67	48	1	...	164	5	170	1	1	36	104	20	...	84	...	...	...	25	3	...	...	...	...	
7	22	11	1	...	59	...	60	6	2	4	31	1	8	22	...	...	...	1	13	1	1	130	125	
1	3	3	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	3	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
36	78	55	27	...	165	1	193	4	7	37	117	18	...	99	...	...	3	25	...	1	1	1	1	
2	7	6	4	...	24	...	28	4	4	4	13	1	...	12	...	...	...	3	..	1	1	1:8	18	
2	3	3	...	...	16	1	17	...	...	6	10	3	...	7	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	72	55	10	...	169	...	179	6	4	15	137	22	...	115	...	...	...	17	...	22	20	616	174	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
151	491	324	76	...	1,336	9	1,421	49	48	212	924	107	104	700	13	...	6	113	69	53	45	5,558	815	

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C. and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	576	48	624	585	...	...	2	3	94	28	151
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity.	17	...	17	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	13
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ by other means	17	1	18	15	...	...	...	...	3	2	6
33	392, 393	Robbery { in dwelling house	16	1	17	17	...	...	1	...	3	...	5
		{ on the highway, between sunset & sunrise.	49	3	52	49	...	...	...	...	7	2	16
		{ other robberies...	365	54	419	374	...	...	4	2	111	44	56
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	98	16	114	102	1	...	1	2	40	6	25
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	3,487	141	3,628	3,305	...	...	21	1	690	123	692
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	29	4	33	29	...	...	...	1	4	3	5
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually...	4	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Total.....	4,658	268	4,926	4,482	1	1	29	9	955	208	970
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.											
38	... ...	Hurt	199	3	202	92	1	...	106	...	23	11	17
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	73	3	76	76	...	...	...	..	28	5	10
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	72	11	83	74	...	...	4	...	40	11	11
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	5	1	6	5	...	...	...	...	2	1	1
42	374	Compulsory labor	44	17	61	30	...	...	17	...	22	2	2
		Total.....	393	35	428	277	1	...	127	...	115	30	41
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.											
43		Mischief to Cattle	173	5	178	168	...	...	1	...	31	2	25
44	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	179	17	196	160	...	...	...	...	59	17	39
45	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle	2,158	12	2,170	2,089	...	2	53	1	151	73	185
		{ Ordinary	8,633	215	8,848	7,971	2	6	881	2	947	184	739
46	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	162	4	166	154	...	...	2	...	39	11	29
47	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	117	3	120	17	...	...	2	...	20	10	22
48	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	140	11	151	134	...	...	10	...	27	11	5
49	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	231	19	250	241	4	...	5	...	92	6	47
		Total.....	11,793	286	12,079	10,934	6	8	954	3	1,366	314	1,091
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.											
50	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers & thieves.	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
51	Chapter XIX, C. P. C. ...	Vagrancy and bad character	35	...	35	35	...	...	...	...	8	..	2
52	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	2	4	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...
53	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	8	1	9	9	...	..	...	...	9	...	...
54		,, Excise Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		,, Railway Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		,, Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
57		,, Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		,, Abkari Act ...	1	...	1	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Sec. 34 of Act V of 1861, & any other Munl. or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	895	20	915	908	...	...	3	...	16	32	6
60	... ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	13	...	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
		Total.....	954	26	980	971	...	...		...	38	34	8
		Grand Total.....	18,973	751	19,724	17,836	10	9	1,1	20	2,750	701	2,394

(*Continued.*)

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and Superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8, 9 in which conviction was obtained.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at the end of 1876.	Within the year. Received by transfer.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Within the year. Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C. P. C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Session or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c, after commencement of trial.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year. Before being put on trial. In Police custody.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year. Before being put on trial. On bail.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year. Under trial before Magistrate.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year. Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
125	371	221	282	1	3,683	7	3,973	142	45	523	2,306	198	385	1,707	16	30	...	535	392	339	254	95,388	8,892
...	2	2	...	...	8	14	22	7	...	7	8	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	9	7	...	...	30	2	30	2	2	...	26	1	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	124	43
2	10	6	1	...	16	...	17	1	...	...	16	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	13	6	2,437	180
5	37	22	...	...	101	...	101	3	1	17	70	4	17	49	...	...	...	10	...	42	28	11,967	1,452
62	206	140	10	...	538	..	548	19	11	71	360	49	...	315	5	3	5	69	1	222	161	7,872	2,253
9	50	31	16	...	112	3	131	1	16	16	91	11	13	67	...	...	...	5	2	2	2	363	1
271	2,148	1,830	121	...	4,451	2	4,574	34	89	378	3,773	472	...	3,300	1	3	18	279	..	2,214	1,661	89,648	39,822
3	21	17	...	...	28	...	28	...	...	1	23	2	...	21	...	...	...	4	...	5	5	62	32
...	2	2	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
477	2,856	2,278	430	1	8,970	26	9,427	209	164	1,013	6,685	737	415	5,511	22	36	23	902	395	2,845	2,122	2,07,861	52,675
5	56	40	...	65	57	...	122	...	4	20	97	15	...	74	8	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...
3	37	30	5	...	63	...	68	...	4	10	53	6	4	43	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
2	28	15	...	...	63	...	63	...	4	17	37	18	...	19	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...
...	4	2	...	....	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	22	5	23	...	17	...	40	...	1	9	23	11	...	12	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
23	147	92	28	65	205	...	298	...	13	56	215	51	4	152	8	...	3	11	...	...	...	...	...
9	123	110	...	...	334	...	334	...	8	14	292	22	...	270	...	...	...	20	...	79	39	1,341	380
16	89	65	2	...	104	...	106	...	1	10	84	5	...	79	...	...	...	3	...	2	2	33	19
74	1,734	1,633	4	...	3,768	5	3,777	40	32	128	3,463	201	...	3,261	1	...	1	113	..	1,728	449	20,078	13,274
314	6,353	5,781	176	...	11,860	23	12,059	44	197	671	10,919	996	...	9,907	16	...	28	200	...	6,008	5,452	73,765	28,986
14	89	71	1	...	128	...	129	...	8	14	104	15	2	87	...	...	...	3	...	79	48	3,296	1,311
5	87	61	...	...	170	...	170	...	6	31	132	37	...	95	...	...	...	1	...	64	56	2,219	721
6	104	92	1	...	184	...	185	2	3	10	167	11	...	156	...	...	...	3	...	5	5	212	62
29	105	71	18	...	439	...	457	1	9	123	264	21	...	243	...	...	...	60	...	93	64	8,670	3,988
467	8,684	7,884	202	...	16,987	28	17,217	87	264	1,009	15,425	1,308	2	14,098	17	...	29	403	...	8,058	6,115	1,09,614	48,741
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	32	24	...	...	101	...	101	1	1	14	84	16	...	68	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	2	2
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	9	...	5	...	33	...	38	...	...	...	38	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
9	891	849	30	...	1,842	...	1,872	10	...	22	1,831	67	...	1,764	...	...	...	9	...	1	1	1	1
1	13	10	...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	16	3	...	13	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...
11	946	884	35	...	1,994	...	2,029	11	1	36	1,970	86	...	1,884	...	...	...	11	...	1	1	3	3
1,145	13,272	11,575	796	66	29,785	63	30,710	356	518	2,367	25,433	2,318	525	22,533	62	36	61	1470	464	10,956	8,284	3,23,038	1,02,236

II. D.

PART II.—NON-

Serial Number.	LAW.	DESCRIPTION OF CRIME.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, columns 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.				
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		5	...	...	4
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ...	Offences against public justice	17	1	...	9
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	19	2	1	13
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	3	...	...	1
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	2	...	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	12	1	1	6
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	...	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	1	...	...	1
		Total.....	59	4	2	34
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	3	1	...	...
		Total.....	3	1	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	22	3	...	8
		Total.....	22	3	...	8
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	54	1	—	14
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	26	1	..	11
		Total.....	80	2	...	25
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	13	3	...	7
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	34	1	...	25
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	...	...	...
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	170	2	...	111
		Total.....	221	[illegible]	...	144
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	2	1	1	1
21	298	Offences against religion	1	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	1	3	...	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult...	11	1	...	4
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	12	...	...	11
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	...	1	1	1
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	10	...	...	7
		Total.....	37	6	2	25
		Grand Total.....	399	21	4	236

—(A.) (*Concluded.*)

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases struck off as false.	Number of cases pending at the end of the year.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Number of persons pending or under trial at the end of year.	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
...	1	6	1	5	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	5	18	4	10	4	...	...	
4	4	18	5	14	...	...	...	
...	2	4	...	2	2	...	...	
1	1	4	1	...	3	...	...	
2	5	13	9	3	2	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	
11	18	67	20	38	11	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	
2	2	1	1	...	...	...	..	
10	7	32	10	12	10	10	7	
10	7	32	10	12	10	10	7	
14	27	29	9	19	1	10	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	5	40	22	16	2	...	...	
25	32	69	31	35	3	10	7	
3	6	8	1	7	...	...	...	
8	2	68	8	60	...	263	237	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	27	357	52	294	11	894	344	
43	35	436	63	362	11	1,157	581	
1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	2	4	...	4	...	...	...	
3	5	16	1	12	3	...	...	
...	1	13	...	13	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
1	2	28	1	27	...	...	...	
6	12	61	2	57	4	...	...	
100	106	665	126	504	39	1,177	595	

II. D.—(B.) *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Total number of cases fully investigated during the year and accepted as true, Column 8 g of II. D.—(A.)		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to true cases investigated.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
			1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877	1876	1877
1	2	3	4	5	5 *a*		6	7	8	9	9 *a*		9 *b*		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																								
1*a*	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.		...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	34	99	20	64	45	64·06	31	88	...	...	31	88	14	63	29·03	55	64·28	96·1	...	2	...	2	...	100
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	3	12	1	10	100	80	19	15	...	...	19	15	5	10	5·26	53·53	20	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice...	15	73	8	58	37·5	86·2	14	84	...	...	14	84	11	63	57·14	72·6	72·72	96·8	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	51	27	42	9	59·52	89	370	97	...	...	370	97	249	75	54·59	66	81·12	85·3	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier...	2	7	2	7	50	86	1	9	...	...	1	9	1	8	100	77·77	100	87·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	105	218	73	148	53·43	76·3	435	293	...	...	435	293	280	219	50·80	64·1	76·92	85·8	...	2	...	...	...	100
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																								
8		Murder by thugs...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	302, 303, 396 ...	„ dacoits	2	15	2	12	50	66·66	15	119	...	...	15	119	5	77	20	43·7	60	67·5	98	1767	7	239	7·14	12·9
10		„ robbers	1	7	1	5	100	40	...	9	...	...	...	9	9	5	...	55·5	55·55	100	298	5	3	3	1	60
11		„ poison	4	2	4	1	75	100	2	3	...	...	2	3	5	2	100	66·66	60	100	...	92	...	12	...	13·04
12		Other murders	50	145	34	89	35·29	60·6	68	325	...	...	68	325	32	246	25	54·7	53·12	72·3	6	2818	6	242	100	8·5
13	307	Attempts at murder	8	25	4	10	50	100	16	25	...	...	16	25	4	20	12·50	80	50	100	2	...	2	...	100	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	30	185	23	65	60·87	52·5	40	185	...	...	40	185	29	114	55	36·07	75·86	57·9	...	..	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	12	10	8	6	62·5	33·33	8	9	...	...	8	9	5	4	62·5	33·33	100	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	23	31	14	12	78·57	41·7	16	13	..	..	16	13	11	7	68·75	38·5	100	71·4	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	53	52	35	35	71·43	69	50	39	...	...	50	39	31	27	54	53·8	87·09	77·77	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	2	...	2	...	50	1	2	...	...	1	2	...	2	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	89	141	57	67	52·63	72	178	169	...	...	178	169	130	104	48·31	51·2	66·15	81·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt... ...	10	53	2	22	50	50	7	59	...	...	7	59	5	31	57·14	37·3	80	70·9	...	130	...	125	...	97
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	8	10	6	3	33·33	100	36	9	...	...	36	9	23	6	5·55	66·66	8·69	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	134	166	79	78	37·97	70·5	169	166	...	...	169	166	87	117	31·95	60	62·06	84·6	...	1	...	1	..	100
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	26	28	14	7	28·57	85·7	35	24	..	...	35	24	21	13	14·28	50	23·80	92·3	...	128	...	18	..	19·06
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	11	...	3	...	100	4	17	...	...	4	17	...	10	...	43·7	...	70	...	...	..	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	..	100	...	1	...	1	...	100
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	61	140	38	72	52·63	76·3	82	169	...	...	82	169	51	137	50	68·04	80·39	83·9	5	616	5	174	100	28·24
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	514	956	321	491	50·15	66	728	1345	...	...	728	1345	448	924	39·42	52·04	64·06	75·7	409	5558	23	815	5·62	14·6

			Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.																							
30	395, 397, 398	...	Dacoity	212	585	145	371	51·03	59·5	1,515	3,690	...	1	1515	3,691	971	2,306	49·24	46·04	76·82	74·02	44,174	95,388	5,491	8,892	12·43	9·32
31	399, 402 ...	...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	1	4	1	2	100	100	5	22	...	...	5	22	1	8	20 ·	36·36	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	...	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs... ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			{ By other means	10	15	7	9	42·85	77·77	26	30	...	...	26	30	12	26	42·30	83·3	91·66	96·2	467	124	7	43	1·49	34·6
33	392, 393 ...	...	Robbery. { In dwelling house	7	17	6	10	50	60	15	16	...	...	15	16	6	16	33·33	100	83·33	100	476	2,437	1	180	20	7·39
			{ On the highway, between sunset and sunrise.	17	49	8	37	62·5	59·5	32	101	...	...	32	101	14	70	43·75	43·5	100	70	503	11,967	93	1,452	18·48	12·13
			{ Other robberies	178	374	89	206	42·7	68	229	538	...	...	229	538	150	369	32·31	58·5	49·33	85·3	6,987	7,872	474	2,253	6·79	28·6
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	...	Serious mischief and cognate offences	64	103	31	50	29·03	62	78	115	...	...	78	115	27	91	21·79	59·8	62·96	73·6	916	363	...	1	...	3
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	936	3305	497	2148	54·93	83·9	980	4,453	...	...	980	4,453	724	3,773	57·95	74·04	78·45	87·4	61,661	89,648	18,646	39,322	20·24	44·4
36	449 to 452 ...	...	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	30	29	21	21	61·9	80·95	49	28	...	..	49	28	31	23	48·98	75	77·41	91·3	106	62	16	32	15·09	51·63
37	412, 413 ...	...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	1	3	1	2	...	100	1	3	...	...	1	3	...	3	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total.....	1456	4483	806	2856	52	79·7	2,930	8,996	...	...	2930	8,996	1936	6,685	49·8	61·03	75·41	82·4	1,15,290	2,07,861	24,728	52,675	21·44	25·3
			Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.																							
38		...	Voluntarily causing hurt	81	93	56	56	55·36	71·4	146	57	...	65	146	122	75	97	39·7	60·7	77·33	76·3	...	...	...	...	...	..
39	334	...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	63	76	41	37	53·66	81·08	58	63	...	...	58	63	48	53	65·52	68·3	79·16	81·1	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	341 to 344 ...	...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	51	74	31	28	38 71	53·6	66	63	...	...	66	63	34	37	36 36	30·1	70·58	51·3	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	336, 337	...	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	5	5	3	4	100	50	6	5	...	...	6	5	3	5	50	80	100	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	...	Compulsory labor	...	30	...	22	...	22·7	...	17	...	...	...	17	...	23	...	70·6	...	52·2	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total.....	200	278	131	147	51·91	62·5	276	205	...	65	276	270	160	215	44·55	56·3	76·87	70·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Class V.—Minor Offences against property.																							
43		...	Mischief by killing animals	18	168	18	123	83·33	89·42	39	334	...	...	39	334	37	292	79 ·	80.8	83·78	92·4	52	1,341	43	380	82·69	28.2
44	453, 456 ...	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	108	160	65	80	32·31	73·03	44	104	...	...	44	104	37	84	56·8	75·9	67·56	94·04	213	33	135	19	63·38	57·5
45	379 to 382 ...	...	Theft { Of cattle	142	2091	112	1734	79·46	94·2	277	3,773	...	...	277	3.773	237	3,463	78·70	86.4	92·82	94·17	1,560	20,078	1,000	13,274	64·10	65·61
			{ Ordinary	2072	7979	1519	6353	76·82	90·9	3,297	11,883	...	...	3297	11,883	2632	10,919	68·80	83·4	86·01	90·7	31,387	73,765	9,183	28,886	29·25	39
46	406 to 408 ...	...	Criminal breach of trust	30	154	22	89	54·54	80	22	128	...	...	22	128	20	104	59·09	67·01	65	83·27	1,342	3,296	314	1,311	23·55	39
47	411, 414 ...	...	Receiving stolen property	52	17	39	87	64·10	70·6	64	170	...	...	64	170	44	132	56·25	55·8	81·81	72	367	2,219	325	721	88·55	32·49
48	447, 448 ...	...	Criminal or house-trespass...	76	134	50	104	80	88·4	128	184	...	...	128	184	98	167	61·71	84·8	80·61	93·4	49	212	49	62	100	29·24
49	461, 462 ...	...	Breaking close receptacle	147	245	65	105	38·46	67·6	228	439	...	...	228	439	131	264	44·29	55·3	77·09	92·04	6,948	8,670	2,115	3,488	30·44	46
			Total.....	2645	10948	1890	8684	73·76	90·8	4,099	17,015	...	...	4099	17,015	3236	15,425	67·55	82·9	85·56	91·4	41,918	1,09,614	13,234	48,741	31·57	44·4
			Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.																							
50	...	...	Attempt to commit offences	1	...	3	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
51	311, 400, 401	...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	...	Vagrancy and bad character	35	35	19	32	89·47	75	36	101	...	...	36	101	36	84	83·33	67·3	90·90	80.96	..	2	...	2	...	100
53	295 to 297	...	Offences against religion	5	2	4	...	50	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	87·5	...	87·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54			Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	9	9	25	9	92	...	129	33	...	...	129	33	124	38	89·92	115	93·54	100	...	.	...	...	...	...
55	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province		,, Excise Laws	...	...	2	...	50	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	14·28	...	16·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56			,, Act XIII of 1859	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57			,, Sect: 505, Civil P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58			,, Abkari Act	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
59			,, Arms Act	1	...	1	...	10	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or Local laws.		Public and local nuisances...	674	908	793	891	95·33	95·2	1,518	1,842	...	...	1000	1,842	1518	1,831	93·87	95·7	97·53	96·3	...	1	...	1	...	100
61	... ...	...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	4	13	21	13	76·19	76·92	59	17	...	...	4	17	52	16	75·75	76·5	86·53	81·25	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total.....	730	971	868	946	94·01	93·43	1,769	1,994	...	...	1154	1,994	1696	1,970	93·53	94·5	96·46	95·6	...	3	...	3	...	100
			Grand Total.....	3913	17,855	4089	13,272	70·85	87·2	10,237	29,848	...	166	5863	29,914	7756	25,438	63·45	75·3	83·75	88·5	1,57,617	3,23,038	37,985	1,02,236	24·09	31·6

II. D.—(C.) *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons							Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1875	1876	1877	1875	1876	1877	1875	1876	1877	1875	1876	1877	1875	1876	1877	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	...	33	196	185	37	2,437	1,217	1,183	820	449	82	758	198	684	1,217	109	373	1217	67	282	686	13,312	34,147	59,083	1620	3774	10887	
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*a*) with murder	...	...	1	1	...	6	5	5	4	1	...	1	...	9	5	...	...	5	...	...	4	...	...	80	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder	...	10	72	63	19	171	103	103	63	10	30	4	59	34	103	23	20	103	19	17	63	803	501	704	42	94	317	
Other professional crimes, *viz*—																												
Kidnapping	...	...	11	8	1	31	18	18	8	7	3	2	8	13	18	4	3	18	4	3	8	119	...	...	12	...	...	
Cattle theft	...	16	595	595	16	1,859	1,184	1,183	1,007	161	16	132	22	165	1,184	16	138	1184	12	123	1007	295	980	7,340	252	679	4,302	

II. D.—(D.) *Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.															Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						Remarks.
	Names of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	2,908	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1,074	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79	1,249	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	719	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	1,175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	555	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	47	845	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	234	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Town, Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	722	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	433	8,759	839	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. D. (E.) *Shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment*

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of								
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Municipal Revenue.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Municipal Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of controlling Officers (Column III) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishment.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Col. III)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers. (Cols. 4 & 5)	Total pay of Constables of all classes. (Cols. 6, 7, 8)	Horse and travelling allowances permanent or otherwise not included in (Col. 11, 13, and 14.)	Average Pay of—		Contingencies and all expenses other than those included in Cols. 11 to 17.
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Foot.	Water.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowance of District and Assistant Superintendents (2)	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishment (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Deputy Inspector General of Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,326	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	248
Bangalore	1	1	99	...	510	..	...	...	...	...	3,414	...	1,076	23,280	40,990	4,462	80	..	1,588
Kolar	1	...	80	...	410	...	3	15	...	...	2,672	...	812	15,893	31,969	11,285	80	..	2,690
Túmkúr	1	1	83	...	443	...	...	...	...	...	3,600	...	1,560	2,436	18,024	34,140	3,960	80	3,122
Mysore	1	2	113	...	565	...	5	50	...	...	3,000	...	782	4,997	23,557	42,892	15,502	80	1,076
Hassan	1	1	80	...	414	...	1	13	...	...	2 750	...	800	2,640	14,175	33,415	3,210	80	8,863
Shimoga	1	1	87	...	447	...	...	...	...	...	3,000	...	961	4,973	17,267	40,243	4,001	80	1,134
Kadur	1	58	297	...	...	...	1	15	...	...	3,000	...	873	3,264	10,732	27,697	2,667	80	1,129
Chitaldroog	1	2	93	...	475	...	2	15	...	...	3,361	...	753	5,248	17,842	43,492	3,532	80	1,507
Town & Cantonment, Bangalore ...	1	4	62	...	230	...	24	135	...	...	7,200	...	...	1,594	21,117	40,478	1,536	90	7,095
Town, Mysore... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,932	15,129	291	88	2.332
Total... ...	9	70	997	...	3,491	...	57	428	...	15,326	31,997	...	7,553	2 ,430	1,67,524	3,50,445	50,446	81	30,784

II. D. (F.) *Return shewing equipment, discipline, and general internal*

Districts.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, and 348 of the Indian Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX of the Indian Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bangalore ...	100	510	44	...	570	3	24	58	97	1	3	...	...	...	...	1	9
Kolar ...	83	425	60	...	472	3	7	14	41	1	1	...	...	1	3	2	6
Túmkúr ..	87	443	80	...	495	5	24	19	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
Mysore ...	120	605	100	...	490	6	36	21	50	4	3	...	...	...	1	3	7
Hassan ...	82	427	100	...	456	4	45	65	147	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	14
Shimoga ...	88	447	80	...	451	12	41	41	119	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	7
Kadur ...	59	312	80	...	289	59	47	50	68	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	5
Chitaldroog ...	97	490	50	...	492	7	32	39	126	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	6
Town & Cantonment, Bangalore ...	90	365	...	...	425	3	28	18	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Town, Mysore ...	21	185	...	...	198	...	7	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	827	4,209	544	...	4,318	102	291	328	889	8	12	2	2	3	8	10	69

Detail of Columns

Districts.	Fined 5 Rupees and under,	
	Officers.	Men.
Bangalore ..	38	76
Kolar ...	2	25
Túmkúr ...	...	103
Mysore ...	5	21
Hassan ...	50	120
Shimoga ...	20	105
Kadur ...	29	41
Chitaldroog ...	19	67
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	11	25
Town, Mysore ...	...	...
Total.....	174	483

of Police in the Province of Mysore during the year 1877.

Police.			Distribution of Force. On District.										Proportion of Police Officers and Men.					
			Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guard over Lock-up and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.						To Area. (6)		To Population.			
Total Cost.	Payable from Municipal Revenues.	Payable from other Sources.	Officers	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	On Town Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5)	Of Towns.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5)	Of Towns. (5)
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
15,574	15,574	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76,881	76,881	...	...	...	...	25	100	482	...	...	2,900	685,841	...	5	...	...	1,129	...
57,635	65,820	1,905	...	13	1	40	68	351	18	...	2,577	618,954	6	...	...	1,145	...	...
66,782	66,782	...	...	...	11	49	76	377	11	...	3,606	632,239	6	...	...	1,096	...	...
91,809	86,374	5,435	...	...	8	45	75	551	34	...	4,124½	885,372	...	5	...	...	1,118	...
66,973	65,853	1,120	...	...	...	30	67	370	14	...	3,291	668,417	5	...	...	1,073	...	...
72,413	69,021	3,393	...	...	8	32	86	358	35	...	3,797	498,976	6	...	...	863	...	...
50,557	49,362	1,295	...	...	...	20	50	206	16	...	2,294	333,925	6	...	...	867	...	...
75,734	74,515	1,219	...	...	8	80	78	393	17	...	4,471	531,360	7	...	...	847	...	...
79,020	39,099	39,921	...	...	...	...	...	...	154	294	14	142,513	...	...	·03	...	...	310
23,384	...	23,384	...	...	...	...	21	184	...	...	3	57,815	...	...	·01	...	...	226
6,76,762	5,99,281	77,672	...	13	36	321	621	3,332	299	294	...	...						

management of the Force in the Province of Mysore for the year 1877.

Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Number who have left the Force during the year.								Percentage of men in Hospital during the year to total strength of the Force.	Percentage of death during the year to total strength of the Force.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.			Of one year's service and under.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.											
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
86	...	98	134	...	...	68	375	165	...	...	11	27	5	...	24	2·7	3·9
82	...	70	127	...	...	53	218	220	...	4	5	10	9	...	28	·20	7
23	22	65	297	...	...	77	252	195	...	1	9	29	2	6	27	·8	5·15
50	1	118	203	...	...	78	390	245	...	...	18	42	2	9	22	...	8
100	...	68	167	...	...	90	283	108	...	1	19	49	17	...	24	26·12	4·97
11	3	76	94	...	...	80	303	136	...	1	16	53	...	...	13	11·07	2·4
2	1	50	57	...	...	87	154	112	...	...	5	52	10	2	7	31·25	1·98
58	2	78	136	...	...	92	393	91	...	...	6	39	11	5	23	·54	4
118	2	74	148	...	192	91	326	31	...	4	35	31	11	5	12	28·5	2·6
...	...	17	100	3	25	34	75	96	...	...	7	7	18	...	3	45·36	1·46
530	31	714	1,463	3	217	750	2,769	1,399	...	11	131	339	85	27	183	22·5	3·7

9 *and* 10.

Above 5 and under.		Degraded.		Suspended.	
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
7	10	13	11	...	...
...	...	9	9	3	7
...	4	14	13	5	10
...	...	13	16	3	13
7	...	8	8	...	19
5	2	4	4	12	8
1	...	11	6	9	21
2	20	9	4	9	35
...	...	6	20	1	...
...	...	3	6	...	2
22	36	90	97	42	115

II. D.—(G.) *Shewing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877.

| Districts. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or Caste. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. E. MILITARY.

II. E.—1. *Statement shewing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877—78.

Arm of Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average Annual Pay and Allowance of each—					Total Cost, including Contingencies,
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions, or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.				Paid Camp Followers and Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.							
European.																					
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Native.																					
Cavalry	1,217	55	...	37	37	...	63	1,172	3	..	...	36	130	1,006	18	1,204	1	8·32	427	9	8·39	130	7	10·24	6,94,201	7	3	
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	328	12	11·86							3,69,102	4	11	
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1,532	14	8·18	558	1	6·63	402	10	5·21	10,63,303	12	2	
Infantry	2,388	155	...	72	72	...	53	2,418	4	...	...	90	279	2,049	147				312	10	3·07	72	10	3·89				
																			90	0	2·14	83	6	9·29				
																						156	1	1·18				
Total	3,605	210	...	109	109	...	116	3,590	7	...	...	126	409	3,055	163	...												

II. E.—1. 2. *Statement shewing the Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877-78.

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.						Employment during the year.							
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on actual Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of men at Head-Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Active Service.			No. of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Cavalry	...	8	38	88	84	177	57	...	196	162	7	...	48	...
Infantry	...	8	72	157	87	231	62	...	272	85	8	...	48	41

II. E.—1. 3. *Statement shewing Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.*

Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.		Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
According to Religion.	Muhammadans	23·92	5′ 4″	...	
	Hindus	27·24	5′ 5″	...	
	Seikhs	36·45	5′ 7″	...	
	Christians	21·90	5′ 4″	...	
	Parsis, ...	...	...	...	
	Other Castes	...	...	...	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	25·00	5′ 4½″	...	
	Panjabis	36·45	5′ 7″	...	
	Afghans	...	...	...	
	Beluchis	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From Eastern Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From Mahratta Countries	31·34	5′ 6″	...	
	Bengalis	...	...	...	
	Telingas	33·49	5′ 4″	...	
	Kanarese	26·5	5′ 4½″	...	
	Tamils	21·90	5′ 4″	...	
	Malabars	...	...	...	
Hindus according to Caste.	Brahmans	32·86	5′ 4″	...	
	Rajputs	21·16	5′ 4″	...	
	Mahrattas	31·45	5′ 6½″	...	
	Rajay	31·00	5′ 6″	...	
	Kunabis	19·55	5′ 5½″	...	
	Telingas or Nayadas	33·50	5′ 4″	...	
	Alemans	22·90	5′ 4½″	...	
	General Average.....	27·01	...	...	

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

III. A.—1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877—78.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.				Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers, Inamdars and Charitable Grants.	Total.		
Land Revenue	43,06,676 4 9	5,588 7 7	7,32,073 12 1¼	25,61,295 12 10	69,364 4 9	33,62,733 13 8¼	9,38,353 15 5¾	
Forest	4,58,644 ... 4	37 8 0	1,98,885 3 2	... ...	... ...	1,98,885 3 2	2,59,721 5 2	
Excise on spirits and drugs ...	7,93,208 5 8	1,157 1 3	26,978 10 0	... ...	... ...	26,978 10 ...	7,70,072 10 5	
Tributes and contributions from Native States	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Total.....	55,63,528 10 9	6,783 ... 10	9,57,937 9 3¼	25,61,295 12 10	69,364 4 9	35,88,597 10 10¼	19,68,147 15 ¾	
Assessed Taxes	1,95,075 10 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,95,075 10 ...	
Sayer Customs	3,65,026 2 ...	1,716 5 5	31,716 ... 2	... ...	... ...	31,716 ... 2	3,31,593 12 5	
Salt ... { Duty on imported / Excise Duty ... / Government Sales }	4,028 5 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	4,028 5 9	
Opium ... { Export and Import Duty ...	321 7 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	321 7 1	
Opium ... { Government Sales...	210 8 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	210 8 8	
Stamps ...	4,95,358 14 10	972 13 10	15,652 8 2½	... ...	... ...	15,652 8 2½	4,78,733 8 9½	
Post Office	55,455 11 1	... ...	1,62,450 4 10	... ...	... ...	1,62,450 4 10	... ...	1,06,994 9 9
Electric Telegraph	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Mint	148 ... 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	148 ... 1	
Law and Justice. { Refunds ...	1,973 1 3½	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,973 1 3½	
Law and Justice. { Real Fines, &c. ...	1,17,706 5 8½	12,496 ... 10	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,05,210 4 10½	
Police { Refunds	7,134 10 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	7,134 10 ...	
Police { Real	627 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	627 ... 8	
Education	28,041 2 4	693 9 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	27,347 9 4	
Interest	5,128 14 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	5,128 14 1	
Public Works { Refunds ... / Sales ... / Real ... }	12,220 8 6	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	12,220 8 6	
Marine. { Refunds ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Marine. { Real	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Military Refunds, &c. ...	1,702 14 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,702 14 9	
Miscellaneous	91,355 9 11½	2,111 11 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	89,243 14 4½	
Total.....	13,81,514 14 9½	17,900 8 8	2,09,818 13 2½	... ...	... ...	2,09,818 13 2½	12,60,700 2 8	1,06,994 9 9
Total Revenue...	69,45,043 9 6½	24,773 9 6	11,67,756 6 5¾	25,61,295 12 10	69,364 4 9	37,98,416 8 ¾	32,28,848 1 8¾	
Local Funds.								
Municipal Fund	1,45,775 ... 10½	... ...	Not yet received.	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,45,775 ... 10½	
District Fund	12,12,204 4 3	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	12,12,204 4 3	
One Anna Cess for local purposes	1,33,646 15 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,33,646 15 1	
District Irrigation Fund ...	41,942 13 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	41,942 13 7	
Miscellaneous Local Cesses ...	1,19,907 9 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,19,907 9 1	
Local Fund General ...	35,946 11 5	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	35,946 11 5	
Miscellaneous Funds ...	2,16,642 7 2	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,16,642 7 2	
Total.....	19,06,065 13 5½	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	19,06,065 13 5½	
Gross Total...	88,51,109 7 ...	24,773 9 6	11,67,756 6 5¾	25,61,295 12 10	69,364 4 9	37,98,416 8 ¾	51,34,913 15 2¼	

III. A.—2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877—78.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1876—77.			Present year, 1877—78.		
Interest on Service Funds and other Accounts	...	...	...	4,268	15	11
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey	15,19,118	6	0	15,41,413	10	6
Civil Contingencies	47,601	1	10	38,685	2	0
Minor Departments	1,26,468	6	2	1,21,663	2	11
Judicial charges. Courts, &c.	9,44,844	2	9½	9,47,014	2	11½
Judicial charges. Prisons	1,98,568	9	10½	5,44,622	14	3
Police charges	6,02,815	13	9	5,72,934	15	2
Military	8,33,625	11	2	8,20,066	7	6
Famine Relief	6,08,135	3	9	41,06,507	13	0
Mint	8,005	14	5	400	9	5
Deficit.—Post Office	99,806	6	7	1,06,994	9	9
Superannuation and retired allowances, &c., religious and charitable grants	1,64,704	7	9	1,32,996	4	10½
Public Works Department						
Agricultural New	4,57,495	0	6	4,51,443	2	6
Agricultural Repairs	1,73,209	2	3	1,58,700	4	10
Military... New	5,018	15	1	9,540	12	8
Military... Repairs	...	...	...	...	...	...
Civil Buildings New	2,33,064	11	1	92,594	15	0
Civil Buildings Repairs	19,058	10	11	9,607	12	6
Communications New	2,81,043	15	11	2,08,719	11	3
Communications Repairs	3,89,176	12	9	3,89,128	15	9
Miscellaneous Public Improvements New	2,87,089	9	3	2,39,693	1	5
Miscellaneous Public Improvements Repairs	897	4	3	2,519	8	9
Establishments, &c.	7,00,103	6	7	7,87,698	2	2
Suspense Heads	17,397	9	0	—11,272	10	5
	25,63,555	1	7	23,38,368	12	5
Mysore State Railway...	...	...	...	1,56,033	8	6
Education	2,41,175	1	9	2,28,679	11	8
Muzrayi or Religious and Charitable Institutions	2,88,174	6	7	2,80,295	3	7
Medical Services	1,75 499	10	11	1,56,440	15	7
Stationery and Printing	85,535	7	11	70,467	3	7
Miscellaneous	2,22,849	0	4	2,25,094	7	0
Total Provincial.....	87,30,473	2	2	1,23,92,978	10	6¾
Surplus Provincial.....	against 42,52,298	2	9	against 91,64,130	8	10
Local Funds.						
Municipal Expenditure	2,06,014	0	9⅝	1,55,428	8	8
District Funds Relief Works	7,28,950	13	5⅛	18,16,980	3	5½
One anna cess for local purposes. Transferred to Village School Fund	34,014	6	4	32,073	9	2
One anna cess for local purposes. Do to District Fund	84,274	0	1½	84,064	11	7
One anna cess for local purposes. Do to Local Fund General	24,233	5	10	17,501	9	9
One anna cess for local purposes. Refunds	115	1	11	7	0	7
District Irrigation Fund allotments	27,166	14	0	33,862	0	0
Miscellaneous local cesses do	1,52,524	1	10	1,19,807	9	1
Local Fund General do	64,272	10	4	17,383	7	2
Miscellaneous Funds Expenditure	2,80,509	12	9	2,12,604	12	11½
Total Local Funds.....	16,02,155	3	4½	24,89,763	8	5
Grand Total.....	1,03,32,628	5	6½	1,48,82,742	2	11¾
Local Fund Surplus.....	against 1,42,841	7	3	against 5,83,697	10	11½
Total Surplus.....	against 43,95,139	10	0	against 97,47,828	3	9½

III. A.—3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1877—78.

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursements.	Amount.		
Treasury and Public Works Cash Balances of last year	27,78,817	3	8½	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2 ...	1,23,92,978	10	6¾
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1 ...	32,28,848	1	8¾	Loans and Interest	4,500	0	0
Receipts on account of Loans	11,852	11	10	Mysore Invested Surplus Account ...	280	0	0
Do of Famine Loan... ...	50,00,000	0	0	Miscellaneous Local Funds, as per Statement No. 2.	24,89,763	8	5
Mysore Invested Surplus Account ...	79,307	13	0	Advances	35,83,069	0	4
Miscellaneous Local Funds, *vide* Statement No. I.	19,06,065	13	5½	Repayment of Deposits	54,45,494	11	4½
Repayment of Advances	32,92,137	8	7½	Bills paid	25,79,808	9	0
Deposits	59,83,835	11	4	Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	29,30,647	2	10
Prize Money	...	...	...	State Railway	4,40,902	6	1
Sale of Waste Land	...	...	...				
Bills drawn	25,84,575	15	7				
Balance of Remittances	*43,42,071	1	5				
Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	29,86,943	0	6				
State Railway	3,84,878	10	11				
	3,25,79,333	12	1½	Total.....	2,98,67,444	0	7½
Disbursements.....	2,98,67,444	0	7½				
Treasury & Public Works Cash Balances at end of year...	27,11,889	11	6				

*Includes the sale proceeds of Government securities belonging to the Mysore Invested Surplus Account.

III. E. AGRICULTURE.

III. E.—1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, Actual or Approximate for the year* 1877—78.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains *viz*, Ragi, Dal, Ballar, Bengal, Green, Horse, and Black Grams.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Mulberry.	Coconut and Arecanut.	Pepper.	Lac.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
1	Bangalore	37,623	16	478,088	29,727	2,264	...	73	...	12	781	...	...	5,096	5,088	8,171	...	171	567,110	
2	Kolar	44,245	13	385,767	12,408	7,370	3	34	...	88	570	...	45	2,698	786	693	...	...	454,720	
3	Túmkúr	43,901	...	560,506	12,712	80	...	...	...	12	1,372	...	...	918	1,180	40,002	...	...	660,683	
4	Mysore	62,612	5,662	623,958	21,018	218	763	...	...	...	2,013	...	...	2,535	3,452	14,108	...	...	736,339	
5	Hassan	70,887	211	327,780	30,642	1,578	...	...	...	280	5,130	...	46,728	263	...	14,854	...	...	498,353	
6	Shimoga	240,000	40	363,000	4,000	1 020	786	...	...	1,500	100	...	3,245	875	...	17,650	7,000	...	639,216	
7	Kadur	5,599	2,000	86,770	3,000	283	649	...	...	1,500	6,000	...	78,420	16	...	10,827	...	...	195,064	
8	Chitaldroog...	34,271	3,066	548,501	16,388	...	12,209	...	...	135	2,358	...	...	2,000	...	14,353	...	...	633,281	
	Total.....	539,138	11,008	3,374,370	129,895	12,813	14,410	107	...	3,527	18,324	...	128,438	14,401	10,506	120,658	7,000	171	4,384,766	

III. E.—2. *Statement of Stock for the year* 1877—78.

No.	Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
1	Bangalore	351,787	621	2,782	10,129	243,824	1,475	13,978	61,230	1	685,787
2	Kolar	183,543	719	1,449	6,982	238,237	1,329	25,031	63,141	...	520,431
3	Túmkúr	221,932	237	1,205	3,424	166,707	2,504	6,453	73,861	...	476,323
4	Mysore	407,463	643	3,049	5,655	370,090	2,891	8,293	102,404	40	900,528
5	Hassan	339,489	166	2,357	4,238	224,934	11,888	3,795	86,871	33	673,771
6	Shimoga	355,999	646	1,733	1,469	44,528	2,754	13,316	62,805	61	483,311
7	Kadur	235,902	490	1,057	1,947	60,109	6,450	6,294	54,392	23	366,664
8	Chitaldroog	201,435	13 95		3,226	243,339	3,038	5,880	53,165	4	511,982
	Total.....	2,297,550	4,917	13,632	37,070	1,592,268	32,329	83,000	557,869	162	4,618,797

III. E. —3. *Statement shewing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year* 1877—78.

| Districts. | Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— | | |

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION:

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1877—78.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denomination.	Number of Persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	a. Natives.	*b.* Others.				
Church of England	1,744	5,600	10	6	31,872	
Church of Scotland			1	1	9,600	
Protestant Dissenter			21	15	...	
Roman Catholic	16,343	1,914	26	51	300	
Greek Church	...	...			...	
Armenian	...	...			...	
Syrian	...	...			...	
Jew	...	...			...	
Parsi	43				...	
Hindu	4,807,425		For these denominations columns 3, 4 and 5 should not be filled up.		...	
Muhammadan	208,991					
Buddhist	13,263					
Jain						
Sikh	...					
Other Sects	14					Brahmos.

IV. B.—EDUCATION.

IV. B. 1.—*Result of the Examinations of the University of Madras for the official year beginning* 1*st April* 1877 *ending* 31*st March* 1878.

Nature of Examination.	No. of Institutions sending up Candidates.			Number of Candidates sent up.				Number of Candidates passed.				Religious or national classification of passed Candidates.					Remarks.
	Government Institutions.	Private Institutions.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	From Government Institutions.	From private Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Natives of India. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.		Europeans.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Entrance or Matriculation	7	5	12	70	69	9	148	31	31	...	62	1	50	...	...	...	11
Arts. First Arts ...	3	1	4	31	3	...	34	13	2	...	15	...	13	...	...	...	2
Arts. Bachelor of Arts ...	1	...	1	1	...	3	4	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Arts. Master of Arts ...																	
Law. Licentiate of Law ...																	
Law. Bachelor of Law ...																	
Law. Doctor of Law ...																	
Medicine. First L. M. S. ...																	
Medicine. L. M. S. ...																	
Medicine. First B. M. ...																	
Medicine. B. M. ...																	
Medicine. M. D. ...																	
Engineering. First L. C. E. ...																	
Engineering. L. C. E. ...																	
Engineering. B. C. E. ...																	
Engineering. M. C. E. ...																	
Total.....	11	6	17	102	72	12	186	45	33	...	78	1	64	...	...	...	13

IV. B.—2. *Return of Colleges and Schools, and the Scholars attending them, for the official year beginning* 1*st April* 1877 *ending* 31*st March* 1878.

Class of Institutions.	Government Institutions.												Aided Institutions.												Unaided Institutions under Inspection.												Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March.	Grand Total of—					
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.						Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Scholars on the 31st March learning through—		Religious or national classification of Scholars as on 31st March.															
				English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Others.				English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Others.				English.	Vernacular only.	Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Others.						Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
Colleges or Departments of Colleges affiliated to the University in—																																									
Arts	3	958	795	958	942	53	875	30	...	...	...	1	136	127	136	...	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	4	1,094	189	875	30	...	...	...
Law																																									
Medicine																																								
Engineering																																								
Colleges not affiliated to the University—																																								
Madrasas																																								
Medical Schools (Vernacular)																																								
Normal Schools—																																								
For Masters	4	81	81	...	81	...	74	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	81	...	74	7	...	...	...
For Mistresses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts	1	17	17	17	...	1	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17	1	15	1	...	...	...
Other Technical Schools	4	805	805	805	...	2	736	37	...	...	30	2	168	168	168	...	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	973	170	736	37	...	...	30
Schools for Boys—																																									
Higher Schools (English)	5	449	386	449	449	37	407	5	...	...	...	5	1,151	872	1,151	768	268	854	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1,600	305	1,261	34	...	...	...
Middle Schools teaching { English	5	172	139	172	172	13	154	5	...	...	...	5	391	312	391	180	146	211	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	563	162	365	36	...	...	...
through— { Vernacular only.	39	3,089	2,450	...	3,089	...	2,693	396	...	...	...	28	1,752	1,330	39	1,752	6	1296	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	4,841	6	3,989	846	...	...	...
Lower or Primary Schools	728	19,742	13,979	...	19,742	1	17,883	1,807	...	...	51	44	2,257	1,606	261	2,257	547	1138	572	...	...	...	652	8815	8815	...	8,815	...	8815	...	...	...	...	1424	30,814	548	27,836	2379	...	...	51
Schools for Girls—																																									
For Natives of India	11	468	298	...	468	...	468	...	...	...	...	31	2,331	1,710	43	2,332	220	1990	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	2,799	220	2,458	121	...	...	...
For Europeans and others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	543	500	284	259	543	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	543	543	...	...	...	...	...
Mixed Schools (Boys and Girls.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	287	260	287	...	287	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	287	287	...	...	...	...	...
Total	800	25,781	18,950	1,596	25,764	107	23,305	2,288	..	..	81	128	9,016	6,985	2,760	7,547	2324	5489	1203	..	..	..	652	8815	8815	...	8,815	...	8815	...	...	...	...	1580	43,612	2431	37,609	3491	...	...	31

IV. B.—3. *Receipts and Expenditure of Educational Establishments in the Province of Mysore for the official year ending 31st March 1878.*

Nature of Establishment.	Received.									Expended.
	Grants from Provincial Revenues.	Local Rate or Cesses.	Endowments.	Subscriptions.	Municipal grants.	From Revenues of Native States.	Fees and Fines.	Funds not included in foregoing heads.	Total.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	15,698	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,698	15,698
Inspection	19,842	8,248	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,090	28,090
Colleges or Departments of Colleges affiliated to the University—										
Art ... ... Government ...	39,369	...	...	...	...	...	8,678	...	48,047	39,369
Aided ...	3,760	...	...	...	...	...	7,190	...	10,950	10,950
Law										
Medicine										
Engineering										
Colleges or Departments of Colleges not affiliated to the University—										
Madrasas										
Medical Schools (Vernacular)										
Normal Schools—										
For Masters ... Government ...	2,084	5,474	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,558	7,558
Aided ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Mistresses ... Government ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art—										
Other Technical Schools ... Government ...	11,349	...	...	...	...	...	1,740	...	13,089	11,349
Aided ...	2,400	...	...	3,357	...	...	...	...	5,757	5,757
Schools for Boys—										
Higher Class, English ... Government ...	14,790	2,372	...	...	...	...	2,881	...	20,043	17,162
Aided ...	8,400	45	...	...	...	...	12,265	13,138	33,848	33,477
Middle Class, English ... Government ...	7,045	...	...	...	...	...	508	1	7,553	7,045
Aided ...	3,360	14	313	590	...	...	1,240	3,542	9,059	8,749
Middle Class, Vernacular ... Government ...	21,216	...	...	...	...	...	1,760	...	22,976	21,216
Aided ...	7,578	...	734	5,753	...	...	1,147	2,534	17,746	17,444
Lower Class and Primary ... Government ...	23,483	86,355	...	...	...	...	1,601	...	1,11,439	1,09,838
Aided ...	6,278	...	...	2,758	...	...	948	3,660	13,644	13,644
Schools for Girls—										
For Natives of India ... Government ...	4,152	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4,156	4,152
Aided ...	8,418	...	...	8,581	...	...	990	4,284	22,273	19,937
For Europeans and others ... Government ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided ...	4,240	...	700	...	...	...	6,311	1,357	13,008	12,932
Mixed Schools (Boys and Girls) Government ...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided ...	3,880	...	...	4,210	...	...	1,394	2,401	11,885	11,256
Scholarships—										
In Colleges Government ...	1,369	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,369	1,369
Endowed ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
In Schools ... Government ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Endowed ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings	4,704	...	...	2,619	...	..	...	...	7,323	7,323
Miscellaneous	18,400	6,401	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,801	24,801
Total.....	2,31,815	1,08,909	1,747	28,268	...	...	48,657	30,916	4,50,312	4,39,116

IV. B.—1. *Distribution of Government Colleges and Schools and of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government in the several Districts under the Government of Mysore and in the States subject to administrative supervision for the year* 1877—78.

Names of Districts and Native States.	Vernaculars spoken.		Area in square miles.	Estimates of Population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on the 31st March 1877.	Average Number of Square Miles to each School.	Percentage of Scholars to Population.	REMARKS.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bangalore ...	Kanarese and Hindustani.	Tamil, Telugu ...	2,914	826,354	410	13,333	7·10	1·60	
Kolar ...		Telugu ...	2,577	618,954	206	4,842	12·50	0·78	
Túmkúr ...		...	3,606	632,239	179	4,426	20·15	0·70	
Mysore ...		...	4,127	943,187	252	7,363	16·37	0·78	
Hassan ...		...	3,291	668,417	164	3,091	20·06	0·46	
Shimoga ...		Mahratti ...	3,797	498,976	132	4,441	28·76	0·89	
Kadur ...		...	2,294	333,925	137	3,137	16·74	0·93	
Chitaldroog ...		Telugu ...	4,471	531,360	98	2,811	45·62	0·52	
Total.....			27,077	5,055,412	1,578	43,448	17·16	0·85	

IV. C.—1. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.

IV. C.—1. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877—78.

NAME.	Objects.	Income. From Government.	Income. Endowments.	Income. Subscription.	Income. Total.	Members or Visitors. Male.	Members or Visitors. Female.	Members or Visitors. Juvenile.	Members or Visitors. Total.	Registered or not.	When established.
Bangalore Book Society ...	Literary	...	...	3,289	3,289	84	1	...	85	...	1845
Bangalore Literary Union ...	Mutual improvement of the members by means of lectures, discussions, library, &c. The improvement of the vernacular literature and encouragement of the education of masses and female education. ...	...	...	692	692	58	...	...	58	...	1874
Literary and Scientific Institute	Moral and intellectual instruction. ...	600	...	644	1,244	57	...	...	57	...	1868
Mutual Improvement Society...	Mutual improvement of its members by means of lectures, discussions, essay readings, library, periodicals, &c.	...	...	264	264	42	...	...	42	...	1867
Mysore Government Museum...	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore...	4,856	...	...	4,856	137,157	82,673	...	219,830	...	1865
St. John's Library	General instruction	...	...	295	295	13	4	...	17	...	1854
	Total.....	5,456	...	5,184	10,640	137,411	82,678	...	220,089	...	...

THE PRESS.

IV. C.—2. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1877—78.

1	2	3	4		
			PUBLICATIONS THEREAT.		
DISTRICT.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	News-Papers.		Periodicals.
Bangalore...	Albion Press ...	W. W. Gaunt ...	Nil	... ...	Nil.
Do ...	Baharul Islam Press	Mahomed Sheriff ...	Mausurai Mahomedi ...	... ...	...
Do ...	Chintamani Press...	V. Subbaiya ...	Nil	... ...	...
Do ...	Chamraj Press ...	Khasim Ghum ...	Khasimul Akhbar... ...	... ...	...
Do ...	Caxton Press ...	Mr. T. T. Leonard ...	Nil	... ...	...
Do ...	Central Jail Press.	Mysore Government ...	...		...
Do ...	Catholic Mission Press ...	Right Rev. Dr. Chevalier	...		...
Do ...	Examiner Press ...	Mr. R. F. Hayes ...	Bangalore Examiner and Mysore Vrittanta Bodhini ...		...
Do ...	Firdusi Press ...	Hafiz Syed Mahomed...	Nil	... ...	...
Do ...	Karnatik Press ...	T. C. Shrinivasacharyar .	Karnataka Prakasika ...	... ...	...
Do ...	Krishnaraj Vilasa Press ...	B. Narayan Chetti ...	Nil	... ...	...
Do ...	Mysore Government Press ...	Mysore Government ...	Mysore Gazette	... ...	...
Do ...	Mysore Book Depôt Press ...	V. B. Subbaiya ...	Nil	... ...	...
Do ...	Mutbi Mahomedi.	Maulvi Abdul Khader...	...		...
Do ...	Spectator Press ...	Mr. T. T. Leonard ...	Bangalore Spectator ...	... ...	Bangalore Spectator Almanac for 1877.
Do ...	Vichara Darpana Press ...	H. Narsinga Rao ...	Nil	... ...	Nil.
Do ...	Victoria Press ...	V. S. Subbaiya ...	Karnataka Vagujjivini	... ...	...
Do ...	Union Press ...	T. L. Tiruvengadam Pille	Nil	... ...	...

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES.

Statement shewing the Deaths registered in the Registration Circles and Towns of the Mysore Province during the year 1877.

Number.	Districts.	Cholera.			Small-pox.			Fevers.			Bowel-complaints.			Injuries.										
														Suicide.			Wounding.			Accident.			Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
1	Bangalore	3,741	2,320	6,061	831	798	1,629	4,396	3,306	7,702	4,970	3,649	8,619	42	37	79	45	33	78	174	126	300	7	5	12
2	Kolar	8,469	5,761	14,230	484	449	933	5,691	3,989	9,680	1,637	1,040	2,677	16	13	29	15	4	19	72	75	147	7	2	9
3	Túmkúr	4,932	3,149	8,081	368	303	671	5,199	3,638	8,837	3.719	2,895	6,614	4	3	7	11	3	14	49	25	74	8	7	15
4	Mysore	5,413	3,731	9,144	416	334	750	5,760	3,113	8,873	2,259	1,392	3,651	12	14	26	12	4	16	72	37	109	15	12	27
5	Hassan	4,742	3,483	8,225	167	149	316	2,832	1,722	4,554	1,891	1,360	3,251	8	5	13	6	4	10	35	14	49	5	1	6
6	Shimoga	1,864	1,321	3,185	248	201	449	2,754	2,035	4,789	1.501	952	2,453	6	6	12	4	3	7	37	24	61	11	8	19
7	Kadur	2,265	1,501	3,766	275	203	478	2,315	1 688	4,015	1 768	1,130	2,898	15	5	20	14	4	18	28	21	49	8	6	14
8	Chitaldroog	3,610	2,346	5,956	373	323	696	4,509	2,977	7,486	2,186	1,432	3,618	9	8	17	8	3	11	99	52	151	1	2	3
	Grand Total for the Province.....	35,036	23,612	58,648	3,162	2,760	5,922	33,456	22,478	55,934	19,931	13,850	33,781	112	91	203	115	58	173	566	374	940	62	43	105

V. A. (*Concluded.*)

Number.	Districts.	All other Causes.			Total Deaths from all causes.			Deaths registered according to Age.														
								Infants (children unable to walk.)		Boys.		Girls.		Adults.		Old People.		Total.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
		27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43				
1	Bangalore	12,988	10,000	22,988	27,194	20,274	47,468	645	674	7,256	6,245	15,437	10,612	3,856	2,743	27,194	20,274	47,468				
2	Kolar	8,844	7,728	16,572	25,235	19,061	44,296	468	443	5,997	4,978	15,126	10,409	3,644	3,231	25,235	19,061	44,296				
3	Túmkúr	6,209	4,801	11,010	20,499	14,824	35,323	395	404	3,719	2,981	10,904	7,628	5,481	3,811	20,499	14,824	35,323				
4	Mysore	2,865	1,753	4,618	16,822	10,390	27,212	333	278	1,446	3,282	10,297	5,810	1,746	1,020	16,822	10,390	27,212				
5	Hassan	2,549	2,113	4,662	12,235	8,851	21,086	234	198	3,727	3,048	7,527	5,014	747	591	12,235	8,851	21,086				
6	Shimoga	952	861	1,813	7,378	5,410	12,788	379	361	1,872	1,567	4,431	3,012	696	470	7,378	5,410	12,788				
7	Kadur	623	483	1,106	7,310	5,056	12,366	255	211	2,037	1,586	4,463	2,829	555	430	7,310	5,056	12,366				
8	Chitaldroog	1,711	1,847	4,558	13,508	8,986	22,494	311	268	4,050	3,105	7,654	4,700	1,463	913	13,508	8,986	22,494				
	Grand Total for the Province...	37,741	29,586	67,327	130,181	92,852	223,033	3,020	2,837	33,104	26,792	75,869	50,011	18,188	13,212	130,181	92,852	223,033				

V. B.—1. *Statement shewing the Number of Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population of the Province.	Dispensaries.	Number open on 31st December 1876.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
12	1st Class	3	...	...	3	
	2nd Class	4	...	...	4	
	3rd Class	12	...	...	12	
	Total.....	19	...	...	19	

...e Number of In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Dispensaries and Hospitals in the Province of Mysore during the year 1877.

3	4								5				6
	In-door Patients.								Out-door Patients.				
	a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*	*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	
Total treated during the year.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of total treated.	Number of beds available.		Daily Average Number.				Number treated.			Average Daily Attendance.	Total Number of Patients treated, both In-door and Out-door.
						Male.	Female.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated.		
104	1,319	38·29	59	44	70·22	39·61	13·33	123·16	20,817	2,641	23,458	162·23	26,902
166	13	26 86	13	12	14	12·50	...	26·50	16,653	4,103	20,756	154·50	21,374
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,007	1,011	5,018	47·00	5,018
26	7·42	6	4	6	5	...	11·	6,276	4,827	11,103	82·47	11,453	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,917	210	7,127	89·12	7,127
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,284	1,434	6,718	54·13	6,718
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,901	3,500	8,401	31·31	8,401
3	34·16	30	26	33·04	29·08	9·49	71·61	13,432	2,013	15,445	140·43	17,386	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	729	168	897	35·75	897
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,564	1,498	4,062	26·25	4,062
...	...	...	3	3·01	1·15	...	4·16	6,596	2,270	8,866	60·59	8,973	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,258	1,633	4,891	35·95	4,891
...	...	...	6	9·75	7·50	3·00	20·25	11,371	974	12,345	89·81	12,837	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,932	1,461	3,393	22·50	3,393
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,618	396	2,014	16·41	2,014
...	...	...	4	7	5·18	...	12·18	6,274	2,336	8,610	98·62	8,789	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,309	128	2,437	41·94	2,437
...	...	...	5	8·25	1·50	3·	12·75	5,542	2,732	8,274	73·25	8,780	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	648	172	820	13·32	820	
104	151·27	101·52	28·82	281·61	121,128	33,507	154,635	1,275·58	162,272				

aries and Hospitals in the Province of Mysore during the year 1877.

| | | |

V. B. 3*a*.—*Statement shewing the Results of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Dispensaries and Hospitals of Mysore for the year* 1877.

Nature of Operations.	Remaining on 31st December.	Performed during the year	Total.	Results.				Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
				Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.		
Bowring Civil Hospital, Bangalore.									
Excision of eye ball...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Lig : Sub : Artery	..	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Reduction of dislocation of shoulder ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
,, ,, Femur ...	...	2	2	1	...	...	1	...	Died from laceration that accompanied the injury.
Removal of splintered Astragalus ...	..	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
,, ,, Patella ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
,, of carious bone by gouging ...	1	4	5	4	...	...	...	1	
Amputation of fingers below head of Metacarpal bones	...	5	5	3	...	...	2	...	
,, of fore arm	...	2	2	1	...	...	1	...	
,, of arm	...	4	4	2	...	...	2	...	
,, of leg	...	6	6	2	...	...	3	1	
,, of thigh	...	3	3	1	...	...	2	...	
Removal of medullary tumour, the size of cocoanut, from shoulder	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Scarification for Extravasation of urine ...	1	3	4	2	...	...	2	...	
Pelvic abscess	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Fungus testis	...	2	2	1	...	...	*1	...	* From Diarrhœa Relieved.
Paracentesis abdominis for ascites ...	...	2	2	...	...	*1	1	...	From Diarrhœa.
Hypertrophy of Clitoris	...	2	2	1	...	...	*1	...	
,, of Scrotum	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Partus, Forceps	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
,, Turning	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Returning protruded omentum and applying sutures to wound of abdomen	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Tapping with Pneumatic Aspirator for abscess of Liver	...	1	1	...	...	*1	...	...	* Absconded.
Excision of mammary tumour	...	1	1	...	...	...	*1	...	From Diarrhœa.
Extirpation of Cancerous penis with Ecraseur.	1	3	4		...	...	1	...	
Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar.									
Reduction of dislocations	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of abdomen	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	
Removal of fœtal remains	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.									
Dislocations reduced	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...	
Fractures set	...	15	15	11	...	...	3	1	
Strictures dilated	1	24	25	20	5	...	...	...	
Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore.									
Excision of eye ball	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduction of dislocations	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	
Excision of bone	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputations	1	2	3	1	...	1	1	...	
Paracentesis of abdomen	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd.									
Cancer on the palm of right hand, removed by circular operation	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Dispensary, Saklespur.									
Dislocation	..	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	
Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga.									
Tapping for ascites	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	..	
Dislocation	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...	
Division of cicatrices	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Opening of large abscesses	...	9	9	8	..	...	...	1	
Congenital cataract	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Hare Lip	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur.									
Dislocation of shoulder	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Wound of eye ,, Jaw	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	5	145	150	106	9	4	72	4	

V. B. 4.—*Statement shewing the Classes and Sexes of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Dispensaries and Hospitals in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3				4							5							
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Total treated during the year.				Classes.							Daily Attendance.							
						a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	Average Number.				Ratio per cent of—			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Hindus.	Muslmans.			Other Classes.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	11,273	6,505	9,124	26,902	734	2,704	10,478	8,760	...	...	4,226	136·64	75·68	73·07	285·39	47·88	26·52	25·60	100·00
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore	10,672	7,835	2,867	21,374	4	338	14,683	3,878	...	...	2,471	125·25	24·25	31·50	181·00	69·20	13·40	17·40	100·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	2,250	1,237	1,531	5,018	...	...	2,922	1,563	..	...	533	40·00	3·00	4·00	47·00	85·11	6·38	8·51	100·00
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	5,693	3,127	2,633	11,453	30	269	6,966	2,947	...	...	1,241	44·47	33·00	16·00	93·47	47·58	35·31	17·12	100·00
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	3,569	2,931	627	7,127	...	128	4,946	1,065	...	...	988	48·75	32·75	7·62	89·12	54·70	36·75	8·55	100·00
6	Do Túmkúr	3,974	1,863	881	6,718	33	351	2,456	2,830	...	...	998	32·03	13·10	9·00	54·13	59·17	24·20	16·63	100·00
7	Do Kunigal	4,975	2,490	936	8,401	40	78	5,488	2,795	...	...	...	16·00	10·00	5·31	31·31	51·10	31·94	16·96	100·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	9,603	3,587	4,196	17,386	99	211	7,048	6,029	...	...	3,999	115·94	52·89	43·21	212·04	54·67	24·98	20·35	100·00
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	502	219	176	897	...	...	686	103	...	...	108	20·33	8·71	6·66	35·75	57·01	24·36	18·63	100·00
10	Do Húnsúr	2,014	923	1,125	4,062	40	112	1,998	1,912	...	...	...	11·71	6·27	8·27	26·25	44·61	23·89	31·50	100·00
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	4,685	2,961	1,327	8,973	127	193	5,428	2,911	...	...	314	30·45	21·16	13·14	64·75	47·03	32·68	20·29	100·00
12	Civil Dispensary, Saklespur	2,469	1,084	1,338	4,891	70	121	2,050	1,732	...	...	918	17·99	7·98	9·98	35·95	50·04	22·19	27·77	100·00
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	7,952	3,017	1,868	12,837	98	297	6,390	3,700	...	...	2,352	70·05	24·65	15·36	110·06	63·65	22·40	13·95	100·00
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	2,382	605	406	3,393	...	...	2,904	441	...	...	48	19·74	1·65	1·11	22·50	87·73	7·33	4·94	100·00
15	Do Tirthahalli	1,116	364	534	2,014	...	...	1,800	138	...	...	76	9·89	2·61	3·91	16·41	60·27	15·90	23·83	100·00
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	6,230	1,911	648	8,789	109	370	4,575	3,735	...	...	...	68·32	32·48	10·00	110·80	61·66	29·31	9·03	100·00
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	993	915	529	2,437	...	4	1,916	517	...	...	...	16·70	16·10	9·14	41·94	39·82	38·39	21·79	100·00
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	3,980	949	3,851	8,780	176	173	4,200	3,257	...	...	974	56·00	10·00	20·00	86·00	65·12	11·63	23·25	100·00
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur	548	118	154	820	4	...	659	157	..	...	...	10·25	2·00	1·07	13·32	76·75	15·02	8·03	100·00
	Total.....	84,880	42,841	34,751	162,272	1,564	5,349	87,593	48,520	...	...	19,246	890·56	378·28	288·35	1,557·19	57·19	24·29	18·52	100·00

V. B. 5.—*Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on account of the Dispensaries and Hospitals in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

1	2	3																4								5	6	7	8
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Income.																Expenditure.								Balance in hand on 31st December.	Average Cost of each Diet.	Percentage of Total Cost paid by Government.	REMARKS.
		a			*b*							*c*	*d*	*e*		*f*		*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
		Balance on 1st January.			From Government.							From Local or other Funds.	Interest on investments.	Subscriptions.		Total Income.		On Establishment.	On Bazar Medicines.	On European Medicines whether from Government Stores or purchased.	On Diet.	On Miscellaneous Charges.	On Building or Repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total Expenditure during the year.				
		Invested.	Floating.	Total.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.			From Europeans.	From Natives.														
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore	...	...	...	8,794	...	2,495	11,312	...	...	22,601	...	...	...	...	22,601	8,794	214	2,495	6,745	4,353	...	...	22,601	...	0 3 5	100	
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	5,304	...	1,100	2,901	...	...	9,305	...	...	...	...	9,305	5,304	15	1,100	1,495	1,391	...	...	9,305	...	0 2 11	100	
3	Civil do Closepet ...	...	...	...	480	...	185	...	...	...	665	397	...	...	...	1,062	480	30	185	...	343	24	...	1,062	...	...	62·62	
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	...	...	...	1,500	...	256	...	...	...	1,756	1493	...	...	...	3,249	2,183	50	256	505	255	...	...	3,249	...	0 2 0	54·04	
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	...	...	501	...	265	...	...	...	766	1812	...	...	...	2,578	792	45	265	...	45	1431	...	2,578	...	...	29·07	
6	Do do Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	1,860	...	285	382	...	51	2,528	...	...	...	...	2,528	1,911	153	285	...	229	...	...	2,528	...	...	100	
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	...	...	300	...	210	...	...	...	510	296	...	...	...	806	480	11	210	...	105	...	...	806	...	...	63·27	
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	...	6,014	...	1,987	6,617	...	...	14,618	...	...	...	...	14,618	6,014	188	1,987	5,198	1,231	...	..	14,618	...	0 3 1	100	
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	...	..	...	480	...	...	...	...	...	480	311	...	...	...	791	711	2	...	...	78	...	...	791	...	...	89·88	
10	Do do Húnsúr ...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	300	660	...	...	...	960	840	720	...	...	...	...	...	960	...	...	87·50	
11	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	...	1,769	...	348	397	...	...	2,514	...	...	...	...	2,514	1,769	49	348	189	159	...	...	2,514	...	0 2 0	100	
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur ...	...	...	...	720	...	...	...	..	...	720	289	...	...	...	1,009	951	58	...	...	...	...	...	1,009	..	...	71·36	
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	...	...	...	3,210	...	1,011	...	...	2,478	6,699	...	...	...	...	6,699	3,210	145	1,011	1,656	677	...	...	6,699	...	0 6 10	100	
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar... ...	...	...	...	720	...	1,497	...	...	...	2,217	408	...	...	...	2,625	975	109	1,497	...	...	44	...	2,625	...	...	84·46	
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	...	...	480	...	513	...	...	...	993	300	...	...	...	1,293	682	3	513	...	95	...	...	1,293	...	..	76·79	
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	1,688	...	270	890	...	...	2,848	...	...	...	...	2,848	1,688	17	270	561	312	...	...	2,848	...	0 2 0	100	
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	...	...	720	...	138	...	...	...	858	450	...	...	...	1,308	900	21	138	...	129	120	...	1,308	...	...	65·51	
18	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	...	2,923	...	700	1,314	...	...	4,937	...	...	...	...	4,937	2,923	62	700	879	373	...	...	4,937	...	0 2 0	100	
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	...	...	...	720	...	109	...	...	...	829	227	...	...	...	1,056	939	8	109	...	...	...	...	1,056	...	...	78·53	
	Total.....	...	...	...	38,483	...	11,319	23,813	...	2,529	76,144	6643	...	...	...	82,787	41,546	1,300	11,319	17,228	9,775	1619	...	82,787	...	0 3 0	87·23	

Column 5.—In calculating this item, those who paid for their own diet will of course be excluded, also Police cases when paid for by Government.

V. C. VACCINATION.

V. C.—3.—*Return of Vaccine Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1877.

DISTRICTS.	Number of Operators.	Number of Persons vaccinated.				Cost of Operations during the year.			Total Number of successful operations recorded to date.	REMARKS.
		Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Total.					
By Vaccinators.										
Bangalore District	12	9,652	1,591	2,780	14,023	1,848	0	0	9,652	
Kolar „	11	8,599	792	2,068	11,459	1,710	9	7	8,599	
Túmkúr „	10	10,570	900	1,046	12,516	1,525	6	5	10,570	
Mysore „	14	16,369	703	150	17,222	2,067	4	9	16,369	
Hassan „	11	11,472	446	119	12,037	1,519	3	0	11,472	
Shimoga „	9	7,991	1,005	488	9,484	1,085	1	7	7,991	
Kadur „	7	5,222	502	573	6,297	860	12	4	5,222	
Chitaldroog „	10	14,683	2065	2,194	18,942	1,490	3	10	14,683	
Head Quarters' Office Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	240	0	0	...	
Total.....	84	84,558	8,004	9,418	101,980	12,346	9	6	84,558	
By Medical Subordinates.										
Nundydroog Division	6	219	89	...	308	9	8	...	219	
Ashtagram „	1	33	3	...	36	...	...	...	33	
Nagar „	16	554	151	...	705	...	...	...	554	
Total.....	23	806	243	...	1,049	9	8	...	806	
Grand Total.....	107	85,364	8,247	9,418	103,029	12,356	1	6	85,364	

Mysore Govt. Press, Bangalore.—14-12-78.—360.

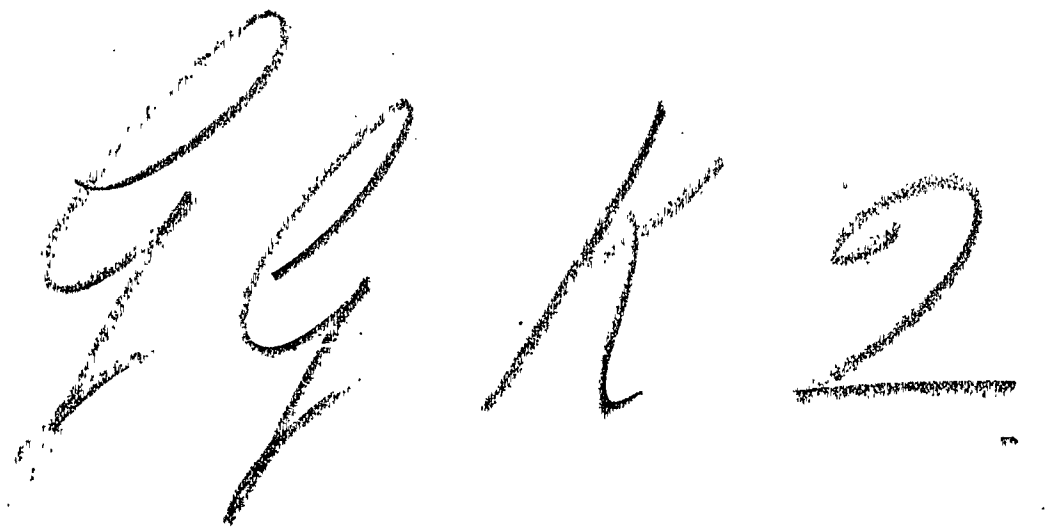
III. B.—*Statement shewing the Expenditure on Public Works in Mysore Province during the year 1877—78.*

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MILITARY.							
Buildings for the Accommodation of Troops.							
Buildings for Native Troops, Lines and Out-Offices for Commissioned Officers and men. Nil.							
Hospital Accommodation.							
Constructing Hospital and Apothecary's quarters at Barr Lines, Bangalore ...	9,541	...	9,541	...	...	...	
Total Military.....	9,541	...	9,541	9,541	...	9,541	
CIVIL BUILDINGS.							
Forest	1,834	184	2,018	...	...	...	
Land Revenue Buildings	28,625	836	29,461	...	...	...	
Excise Buildings	1,088	...	1,088	...	...	...	
Administration.							
Residencies for Local Governments ...	1,150	423	1,573	...	...	...	
Secretariat Offices	353	521	874	...	...	...	
Minor Departments.							
Museums	6,144	25	6,169	...	...	...	
Law and Justice.							
District Court Buildings	1,313	1,899	3,212	...	...	...	
Do Lock-up...	...	140	140	...	...	...	
Jails—							
Central Jail	2,123	935	3,058	...	...	...	
District Jails	7,519	...	7,519	...	...	...	
Police Buildings	1,826	...	1,826	...	...	...	
Post Office	...	1,466	1,466	...	...	...	
Telegraph	...	160	160	...	...	...	
Education.							
Government Schools, Higher Class ...	8,760	...	8,760	...	...	...	
Do Middle Class ...	1,820	584	2,404	...	...	...	
Do Lower Class ...	2,499	...	2,499	...	...	...	
Medical.							
Hospital and Dispensaries ...	3,267	317	3,584	...	...	...	
Printing Offices...	...	180	180	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous or General.							
Clock Tower over Sir Mark Cubbon's Statue	2,203	...	2,203	...	...	...	
Raja's Palace	14,465	...	14,465	...	...	...	
Do grounds ...	840	...	840	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works	1,106	...	1,106	...	...	...	
Public Works Buildings	5,660	1,938	7,598	...	...	...	
Total Civil Buildings.....	92,595	9,608	1,02,203	92,595	9,608	1,02,203	
COMMUNICATIONS.							
Road from Madras to Cannanore with branches south of Madras-Mangalore road	23,873	77,912	1,01,785	...	...	...	
	...	2,969	2,969	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Mangalore with branches south of Madras-Húnsúr road	1,23,486	1,02,548	2,26,034	...	...	...	
	...	1,617	1,617	...	...	...	
Madras-Honnur road with branches west of Bangalore-Bellary road ...	10,095	49,219	59,314	...	...	...	
	..	28,554	28,554	...	...	...	
Bangalore-Bellary road	2,756	38,679	41,435	...	...	...	
	20,205	40,383	60,588	...	...	...	
Grant-in-aid to District funds ...	...	40,000	40,000	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Suburban Roads' Grant-in-aid ...	53	7,248	7,301	...	...	...	
	28,252	...	28,252	...	...	...	
Total Communications.....	1,60,263	3,15,606	4,75,869	1,60,263	3,15,606	4,75,869	
	48,457	73,523	1,21,980	48,457	73,523	1,21,980	
Carried over.....	...	...	...	2,62,399	3,25,214	5,87,613	
				48,457	73,523	1,21,980	

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

III. B.—(*Concluded*).

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
Brought forward.....	...	...	...	2,62,399 **48,457**	3,25,214 **73,523**	5,87,613 **1,21,980**	
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT.							
Water Supply Project at Bangalore ...	,79,186 **17,465**	...	79,186 **17,465**	...	...	..	
Do do at Myscre	40,029 **52,631**	...	40,029 **52,631**	...	...	...	
Drainage of the Town of Mysore ...	..	...	...	..	...	...	
State Railway, Agrahara and Jogenkere tank bunds	... **36,647**	...	... **36,647**	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works and Repairs ...	498 **13,237**	341 **2,178**	839 **15,415**	...	...	...	
Total M. P. Improvements.....	1,19,713 **1,19,980**	341 **2,178**	1,20,054 **1,22,158**	1,19,713 **1,19,980**	341 **2,178**	1,20,054 **1,22,158**	
Establishment	...	...	2,36,932 **89,670**	...	...	2,36,932 **89,670**	
Tools and Plant	...	...	27,767 **72,864**	...	...	27,767 **72,864**	
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Suspense Balances.							
Stock Purchases and Sales	...		**—42,917**	...	...	**—42,917**	
Stock	...	...	23,950	...	...	23,950	
Miscellaneous Advance	...	..	8,413	...	...	8,413	
London Stores	...	...	17,266	...	...	17,266	
Net Debits to Suspense.....	...	...	6,712	...	...	6,712	
Total Expenditure.....	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	9,79,078 **4,06,672**	



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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1878–79.

Bangalore:

PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1879.

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE

FOR 1878—79.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

As the Report for the year 1877—78 was a record of the great Famine, then prevailing, and recounted in almost every sentence its varied effects upon all branches of the Administration, so the history of 1878—79 is a tale of the country's recovery from the dire misfortune; a recovery greatly retarded in many respects by the lasting effects of the calamity, but still marked in all branches sufficiently to afford reason for congratulation that the ill-effects of the times could be so well shaken off.

2. Though the number of paupers under relief was quickly declining, State aid had to continue long into the year, and many officers were withheld from their proper functions to administer to the wants of the poor; the season too was one of exceeding sickness; with a sickly, disorganized and diminished establishment, therefore, the Revenue Survey turned out a shorter amount of measurement work than in 1877—78, the area classed however, which reached 574,896 acres, was larger: and the Topographical Survey were able to detail 3,350 square miles, nearly 1,000 more than in the preceding year, besides triangulating 4,897 square miles.

3. In settlements good progress has been made; the Revenue settlement was introduced into four more taluks, so that a fraction over 30 have now been completed out of a total of 69: Inam settlement went on apace, owing principally to a simplification of procedure; twelve taluks were settled during the year and the time when all the local investigation and original settlement work would be concluded could be pretty accurately predicted. The rapidity with which settlements were conducted, however, entailed unusually heavy review work in the Central Office, where, though 5,049 cases were disposed of in place of 1,089 cases in the previous year, there still remained 1,535 cases pending on the 31st March, and it was evident that the Superintendent's work could not be concluded simultaneously with that of his Assistants. This useful work is carried on, not with a view to increasing revenue, but still at an actual gain to Government, for in the year just past the percentage of permanent increase to revenue upon cost of establishment was a little over eight.

4. The available waste land has increased again from 2,775,155 acres to 3,280,685, but this is not entirely owing to resignation of lands; indeed the land taken up for cultivation considerably exceeded the extent so taken in 1877-78, and measured 126,000 acres. The progress of the Revenue settlement, by correcting areas and adding lands classed before as unculturable to the sum of available culturable waste, influences in no small degree the area available.

5. The Police statistics of crime bear evidence of returning prosperity to the Province; the number of cases reported being 11,693 or 7,280 less than in 1877, and that this is ascribable to a return of better days is further evidenced by the total number of cases reported under the classes of serious and minor offences against property having decreased from 16,451 to 9,432; still offences under these classes bore an abnormally high proportion to the total number reported, and it must be remarked that though the prevalence of crime compares so favorably with the year 1877, there were still nearly twice as many cases reported as in 1876, and that itself was a year

of more than the average amount of crime. At the beginning of the year the temporary extra Police force, which had been specially entertained owing to the great increase of crime, was retained, but not for long, and by the year's close the Police force was below its sanctioned complement, vacancies in the lower grades having been allowed to occur in order to give employment to sepoys of the Local Infantry who were discharged on reduction of the force. Besides the general decrease in crime the most noteworthy features of the year's statistics were that dacoities, which had been very numerous but of the simple character of grain riots, although falling considerably in numbers, assumed a more serious and organized character, and a dangerous class of crime, robbery by administering stupefying drugs, appeared to be gaining head. Special measures adopted for its suppression having been taken, however, the evil was coped with successfully. For several months in the year the Police continued to be employed in assisting to relieve the distressed, and in preventing stragglers from crowding the streets and highways, especially was this necessary in Bangalore where famine pauperism tended to become professional, and where 29,173 persons were sent by the Police to the relief camp.

6. Under the circumstances of the year, it is not surprising to find that the percentage of cases prosecuted to conviction upon those found by Police investigation to be true cases, slightly decreased, yet it was not low, being 84 per cent; but it must be allowed that the circumstances of the past three years have been greatly adverse to improvement in the efficiency and instruction of the Police. It was still found impossible to re-open Police schools.

7. The statistics of the Criminal Courts follow those of the Police; the number of cases reported and tried was very much below the number of 1877, and the decrease was much more marked in those cases investigated and brought up by the Police than in those brought before the Criminal Courts by direct complaint, so much so that whereas the 30,132 persons brought to trial displays a decrease of 20,032 persons, 90 per cent of that decrease is in persons brought up by the Police.

8. The decrease in cases for disposal allowed the Criminal Courts to work off arrears, and the year 1878 closed with 171 persons waiting trial instead of 1,158 at the close of 1877. In that year the punishment of whipping had, owing to circumstances which may easily be understood, been very freely administered; this punishment was awarded 1,660 times in 1878, which is still much in excess of what would be looked for when crime had returned to its ordinary proportions, but still is not half the number awarded in 1877.

9. The number of persons confined in the jails of the Province decreased with the number of cases tried and convictions recorded. There were 19,772 convicts in place of 27,823 and 12,820 under-trial prisoners against 26,140; but the jails were still very full, and the smaller total number of convicts did not afford so great a relief as at first would seem probable, for the daily average of convicts only fell from 5,053 to 4,885. Bad as had been the health of the prisoners in 1877, it was in 1878 even worse, the average daily sick in jail hospitals was 535, more than double the high average of 1877. The total number of deaths was 1,443; their proportion to average strength was about 27. Three-quarters of those who died had been in jail less than a year.

10. The principalcause of this dreadful mortali ty must have been the very bad state of bodily health in which the prisoners were when admitted. The jails were much less crowded than in 1877; for besides a diminution in the number incarcerated, a diminution easily marked among the convicts, but still more considerable among the under-trial prisoners, there was an increase in accommodation. Special measures had been taken for this end in all jails, which, commenced in 1877 but in some instances only partially carried out then, were certainly fully perfected during 1878, and there was the new temporary jail at Kukarhalli near Mysore to which nearly a thousand convicts were, transferred during the year. Whatever the causes of the great sickness of 1878 were they have not yet been explained, but among prisoners as among others the year was one of very great trial, and especially the early part of the year, for towards the end the returns of the jails were very much more favorable.

11. The increased work of the Civil Courts is ascribed to returning prosperity. The number of suits for trial has risen to nearly what it was before the famine threw the civil machinery out of gear, while, it is somewhat curious to note, that the average value of suits has also risen. Relieved of extraneous duties connected with the famine the Judges of the Civil Courts of the Province were able to cope with the increased work, and both the average duration of suits and appeals, and the state of the files at the end of the year shew that the administration of civil justice has been efficient.

12. In the Report for 1877—78 it was noticed that the number of registrations affected was greater than had ever been known before, and the increase had been largest in the optional class of registration of documents affecting immovable property but of less than 100 rupees value. It is natural therefore to find that the total number of registrations had in 1878—79 decreased, and that the greatest proportional decrease was in registration of documents affecting immovable property of less than 100 Rs. value. But for a change in the scale of fees, indeed, this reduction would have been greater, but the fee charged for registration of small properties under 50 rupees value was reduced to one-half of what it had been, and accordingly it is found that among optional registration of small immovable properties the greater number occurred in those of less than 50 rupees. By reduction of fees the registration of those documents affecting movable property, which is optional, was also encouraged, with the result of increasing the number of such by 95. At the same time enhanced fees have been charged for some kinds of compulsory registration, and on the whole the result has been financially beneficial to Government, which has realized Rs. 14,448, as well as being successful in promoting optional registration.

13. Companies registered under Act X of 1866 now number 68, fourteen having stopped payment or gone into liquidation, and only two having been started during the year. The condition of many of these Companies is far from satisfactory, and great difficulty was experienced in getting their prescribed returns from them.

14. In the Money Order Department the issues for remittance to other parts of India exceeded the remittances to Mysore in value by Rs. 64,000 in the year 1877—78. During last year the direction of remittance considerably changed. Issues decreased in number and value, while orders drawn on Mysore increased, and though they were still in number and value below the issues, the difference was reduced from Rs. 64,000 to Rs. 19,000.

15. There are as many as 77 Municipalities in the Province, some of them very small. The Municipal income of the year was over 3½ lakhs of rupees raised from house-tax and octroi; this is expended on conservancy and works, and, in the larger towns, on Police.

16. The garrison of British troops in Mysore, stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks, was considerably reduced in the latter part of 1878 in order to send troops to the front, but it is probable that the strength of this garrison is always more than the normal condition of the Province requires, its reduction in time of need can therefore be with safety effected. The local force was reduced by the disbandment of one of the four regiments of 'Barr' Infantry, as a measure of economy.

17. Most providentially the season was exceptionally favorable, and though there were not wanting causes for serious anxiety, the crops, particularly the rice and ragi crops, on which the agricultural prosperity of the country mainly depends, were most bountiful: although the rain-fall was slightly less than that gauged in 1877, it was much more seasonably distributed and did not, as in the end of 1877, cause damage by copious but untimely fall. At the beginning of the year locusts, and towards its close rats, gave rise to the greatest apprehension for the safety of the crops, but it was fortunate that the anticipations of evil were not in either case equalled by the damage done, which was confined to only a few villages. A plentiful harvest soon effected a most welcome fall in prices especially in the prices of food grains consumed by the people, which were sold at rates within the reach of the poor. The population was thus relieved from the stress of famine, and enabled to return to ordinary occupations and again be self-supporting, but at the same time prices of agricultural produce did not fall to the very low level at which they used to stand, and the agricultural classes reaped the double blessing of large crops and good prices.

18. Live stock which had been greatly reduced during the past few years, has begun to recover in numbers, and whether it was from the rich and abundant pasture everywhere procurable, or from other causes, is not known, but the fecundity of the cattle has been most remarkable.

19. The season being favorable for horticultural experiments much good work was done in the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore where upwards of 150 new plants were introduced during the year ; and the garden itself was, at the same time, improved in appearance by filling up an unsightly old quarry which used to disfigure one corner, expenditure was kept within old limits too and the increase of receipts was not neglected. In the Experimental Farm, on the other hand, little or no experimental cultivation was carried on, as the Superintendent was absent for some time on tour investigating native agriculture, and owing to the illness of the Overseer who had been left in charge.

20. The constitution of the Forest Department has undergone considerable modification. The strength of establishment in the higher grades has been reduced, the Conservator's office has been abolished, and the three officers who remain have been brought into more intimate relations with the Revenue Department. In this way the cost of establishments has been reduced by nearly half a lakh of rupees, without, it is hoped, materially affecting the efficiency of the service.

21. Except that in this year some forests of the Ashtagram Division have been worked for the purpose of supplying sleepers to the Mysore State Railway, but little is done by the Forest Department to supply timber, and the profit of two and a half lakhs of rupees, which accrued to Government, is owing to the sale of sandalwood, of which 1,080 tons were sold in the year, at an average price of Rs. 338 a ton. No new State-forests were added during the year and only small progress is reported in demarcating those which exist, but the protection of State-forests from fire was more extensive and more successful than usual.

22. The year has witnessed a revival of manufactures and the production of raw produce other than agricultural, which is especially noticeable, so far as the returns can be trusted, in the out-turn of cotton fabrics.

23. The financial condition of the Province has necessitated the curtailment of expenditure upon Public Works. Up to 1877—78, the annual grant for expenditure was 25 lakhs. In 1878—79 only $15\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs were granted ; but as there still existed the necessity of carrying on relief works, the outlay of the year amounted to $18\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs.

24. Construction of buildings has been confined as far as possible to the most necessary court houses, offices and jails : other buildings, such as the Bangalore College, and the Maha Raja's Palace at Bangalore, which were begun in more prosperous days have been carried out only so far as was necessary to preserve and utilize the work done, but in a less expensive style than had been at first designed. The extension and reconstruction of irrigation works judiciously chosen with a view to affording permanent aid to the agricultural wealth of the country have been proceeded with as well as the want of labor and other adverse circumstances would admit. In communications, the most important lines of traffic under construction are those connecting the Province with the western coast, and others running through, and opening out the hilly and inaccessible " Malnad" country in the west. Progress on these works was very much impeded by scarcity of labor.

25. Famine relief works were not all closed until November 1878. Long before that the prospect of a good harvest and indeed the harvest of early crops itself, had practically put an end to famine, but still the works had to be kept open for the subsistence of those employed. Gradually as improving times thinned the ranks of the famine laborers pressure was gently applied to aid the natural process, tasks were enhanced, the distance test was enforced, wages were reduced as prices fell and, maintained at a bare subsistence, were soon below what could be obtained from private employers, and finally the infirm and hopeless were transferred to the village grain dole for a time, the Mansion House or English charity funds affording at the same time immense assistance, in making temporary provision for agriculturists during the early operations before harvest and in supplying stock and the means of gaining a liveli-

hood. In this way works were gradually contracted and, one by one, closed and in such a manner that the able-bodied were left with the certainty of remunerative employment, while the feeble and sickly were still assured of support.

26. The number of covers carried by the local post both private and official decreased, the former by 8 per cent, the latter by more than 10 per cent. The decrease of official postage is easily accounted for by a decrease in official staff as the operations of famine relief were curtailed: the contraction of private correspondence cannot be met with so satisfactory an explanation, but it is hoped that it is only temporary. Taking into consideration the postage chargeable on official covers the Department is worked at a small profit, but the actual receipts decreased with the decrease in private correspondence and the cost to the State for carriage of its official correspondence was Rs. 1,14,000.

27. The year's Revenue demand increased upon that of 1877—78 by $1\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs of rupees, from less than 103 to a little over $104\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, and if to this be added the large outstanding balance of 64 lakhs, there were nearly $168\frac{1}{4}$ lakhs of rupees for collection during the year. One hundred and twenty-one lakhs were collected, eight and a half lakhs were remitted and 39 lakhs remained balance outstanding on the 31st March.

28. This unprecedentedly large collection was due to several causes, and was effected, it is satisfactory to be able to report, without coercion and after considerate and careful enquiry with a view to remit and postpone the demand where necessary. As was reported last year, nearly 18 lakhs of the demand for 1877—78 had been postponed by authority and fell for collection in 1878—79, but one reason for large collections of land revenue was that the demand for 1877—78 was distributed over a longer period than usual, about a quarter of the revenue not being due until the month of May, that is after the close of the year. While the collection of that instalment then swelled the returns of 1878—79, the same cause did not recur to balance the effect, for the whole demand for the year was again—as it had been before the famine years—brought within instalments payable from January to March.

29. The natural consequence of the years of famine was that many agriculturists had to curtail the area of their operations, others completely ruined had to give up agriculture altogether, and too many, again, had died or deserted their homes, leaving their lands untilled; but up to the year now being reported on, all such lands remained on the village rent-rolls and served merely to swell the amount of irrecoverable balances eventually to be written off, and to make it appear as if Government were demanding revenue which, any one could see at a glance, could never be realized. During the annual settlement of the year's land revenue therefore, careful and thorough investigation was made into the circumstances of each ryot, and, where demands had been made on account of lands such as have been above described, remission was granted to the extent of 6 lakhs 68 thousand rupees of land revenue altogether; and the demand against ryots who retained their lands and were battling against adversity though now unable to cultivate to the extent they formerly could, and now crippled in resources, was again postponed. Some of this, and of the land revenue demand otherwise uncollected on the 31st March 1878 will doubtless never be realized; but still of the Rs. 32,60,000 which were then owing, nearly 16 lakhs had been recovered by the end of September.

30. As far then as has been ascertained the contraction of assessed lands in occupation owing to the impoverishment and loss of life among the agricultural classes, amounts to 113,758 acres, the reduction of assessment payable to Government on their account amounts to Rs. 1,66,000. This is not so much as was anticipated, and bears no great proportion on a total of more than four million acres and $66\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs of rupees of assessment.

31. Other items of revenue which have increased during the year as compared with the preceding year, are Customs, Stamps, Law and Justice, Public Works and Miscellaneous; the latter is largely matter of account and due to refund of unexpended balances of relief grants and sale proceeds of materials of relief camps; the increase under Customs is chiefly due to increased exportation of supari (betel-nut) the outturn of which was fair, and the stock in hand, large, when the revival of trade and rising markets induced a brisk export trade.

32. The revenue from Forests, Excise, Assessed Taxes and the Post Office fell as explained already, though a few more tons of sandalwood were sold than in 1877—78 the average price was lower; and on this chiefly depends the forest revenue. The revenue from excise on spirits and drugs fell off more seriously than any other item; the demand decreased by Rs. 73,000, and in addition remissions were made to the extent of Rs. 1,42,000. This was principally owing to the failure of the farmers of toddy contracts, who with hardly an exception relinquished their farms. They had to be renewed at lower rates and in some cases the working of the toddy revenue was taken up by Government agency, to the great detriment of the revenue. Assessed taxes produced less by reason of the diminution in the number of tax paying houses and shops.

33. The revenue of the year, amounting to the unprecedented sum of 121 lakhs, was better than the estimate by Rs. 6,30,000 notwithstanding that the realizations under some budget heads, notably excise and assessed taxes, were far short of the estimate; but under land revenue alone the collections were Rs. 20,83,000 better than the estimate.

34. Large as this income was the year's expenditure again unfortunately exceeded it. Excluding for the present, the grant under Public Works, the budget grant for expenditure in civil departments was Rs. 96,10,000 and the expenditure under those heads for which provision had been made was only Rs. 93,78,000, and this notwithstanding some extraordinary charges, such as a lakh and a quarter for expenses of H. H. the Maharaja's wedding, more than a lakh and a half excess over the estimate in jails in consequence of high average numbers of prisoners, and of great sickness. In almost every department of the service the expenditure was within the estimate, but owing to the famine alone which had been incurred by the Province there was a heavy charge for interest amounting to Rs. 3,38,775 for which no budget provision had been made and thus even without considering the expenditure under Public Works, Railway and Famine Relief, the expenditure exceeded the grants by Rs. 1,08,000.

35. But the necessity for retaining famine relief during three parts of the year, the necessity for keeping open famine relief works without reference to the budget forecast of the year, and the expenditure incurred on the Mysore Railway for which no budget provision had been made, combined to swell the disbursements to nearly 128½ lakhs of rupees, against grants aggregating 111 lakhs and against an income of 121 lakhs.

36. To meet the deficit the loan from the Government of India, which in 1877—78 had amounted to 50 lakhs, was increased by 30 more.

37. Though happily the Province was not visited by any epidemic during the year, 1878 will be memorable as a time of grievous sickness, and great mortality, especially from fever. The hospitals and dispensaries treated more sick persons than in 1877, which shews at once how unhealthy the season was, and that people were beginning to be able to maintain themselves even in sickness, but because there were many special famine hospitals to go to, the numbers of in-patients in the ordinary hospitals shew a diminution on the returns of 1877. The births and deaths registered give 2·53 and 14·5 per mille calculated on the returns of the census of 1871, but these returns must be very inaccurate and it is to be hoped that the changes lately introduced in the system of registration will greatly improve the trustworthiness of future returns.

38. Owing to the new classification of schools which has been adopted in this year's report, it is not possible to compare with any accuracy the schools and pupils of 1878—79 with those of 1877—78, but this much is certain that though the total number of pupils under tuition has again slightly decreased, there is a good sign of revival in a small increase to the pupils in the Hobli schools. At the close of the year important changes were effected in the inspecting agency, by which five Native Deputy Inspectors were substituted for the two European Inspectors who had hitherto divided the work. The effect of the changes does not, however, appear in the history of the past year.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

The physical features of the country, the area, &c., have been given in the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

2. See the Report for 1872—73.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

3. Topographical Survey.—The aggregate area which this Department accomplished during the past field season was 3,550 square miles of detail survey on the standard scale of one inch to the mile and 4,897 square miles of triangulation. In addition to this the State-forests of Devaraydurga and Nundydroog were surveyed on the scale of four inches to the mile comprising (with overlaps) an area of 36·3 square miles.

4. The area topographically surveyed lay in the Districts of Kolar, Túmkúr, Chitaldroog and Bangalore; the triangulation embraced the Western Ghats and was undertaken with a view to the settlement of the boundary between Mysore and South Canara.

5. Revenue Survey.—The operations of the survey continued to suffer from the famine even to a greater extent than in the previous year. Though the direct action of the famine ceased, the effects of the general disorganization which followed, coupled with the sickness which was generally prevalent, told seriously on the work of the Department. There was a great loss of men in the native establishments due to deaths and desertions, which was with difficulty supplied, whilst the superior officers who had been deputed for famine duty were for the most part not relieved in time to take any part in the field operations during the working season. What was actually accomplished therefore was attained only by great exertions on the part of those who remained in the Department under the able supervision of the Acting Superintendent Major Anderson.

6. Acres 5,45,109 were measured and 5,74,896 were classed during the year under report, against 6,77,691 acres and 5,68,320 acres respectively in the previous year, whilst the Survey settlement was introduced into 4 complete taluks comprising 1,173 villages, a greater progress than usual, the same being dependen t on the measurement and classification completed in previous years.

7. The cost of the Department during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,56,095. Excluding from it the pay of the officers and men deputed on famine duty, the cost per acre of measurement, classification and settlement in the year was Rs. 0—5—5·8 against Rs. 0—5—4·6 in the preceding also an unfavorable year, the ordinary average cost being Rs.—0—4—3·3.

SETTLEMENTS.

8. Revenue Settlement.—Out of 69 taluks in the Province, 30½ taluks comprising 9,299 villages were up to the close of the year under review brought under the Survey settlement; 4 more taluks were ready for settlement. In 3 more taluks the measurement was completed and classification was in progress, and in 10

taluks, the measurement only was in progress. There remained 21½ taluks to which the Survey operations had to be extended.

9. INAM SETTLEMENT.—The work of the inam settlement, which was retarded so much during the year 1877—78 in consequence of all 15 executive members being employed on famine duty, was resumed and the out-turn of work during the year under report has been most satisfactory.

10. The procedure in the settlement of Inam was amended with the view of facilitating the work with very happy results. Under the old procedure each inamdar had to submit a statement of the inams enjoyed by him. This he did at his convenience and when he could get the Village Shanbhog to fill up the printed form for him. Under the new procedure the settlement is chiefly based on the entries in the inamti accounts as compared with a register which is kept and prepared by the Amildars, and which shews the existing enjoyment and all other details of each inam.

11. No less than 12 taluks were finally settled during the year, and the settlement of two taluks, Nagamangala and Arkalgúd, in the Hassan District, was commenced, which will complete the settlement of that District.

12. The Assistant Superintendents settled 320 whole villages and 10,942 minor inams. The Inam Superintendent made the original settlement of 176 whole villages and 334 minor inams. The review work in the Central Office was rendered peculiarly heavy by the rapidity with which settlements were effected under the new procedure; and the Superintendent was unable to keep pace with the work cast on him. There had been 433 cases pending in the Central Office at the close of the year previous and 6,151 were received during the year, making a total of 6,584 cases for disposal. Of these 5,049 were disposed of against 1,089 in the preceding year, leaving 1,535 cases pending on the 31st March 1879.

13. The total area confirmed amounted to 2,031—3—6 kandis bearing an assessment of Rs. 35,381—8—9 and a jodi of Rs. 7,381—8—5. The quit-rent imposed on these lands amounted to Rs. 3,111—7—7 which, added to the jodi, raised the sum payable to Government to Rs. 10,493 or 29¾ per cent of the recorded assessment.

14. The extent of inam lands struck off the register and resumed was 67 kandis bearing an assessment of Rs. 4,313 and a jodi thereon of Rs. 68—4—0.

15. There were 974 religious and charitable inams assessed at Rs. 6,833—7—8 confirmed during the year, 312 on rent-free tenure. The number of personal and miscellaneous inams settled during the year was 1,195 assessed at Rs. 24,976—12—5. The number of kodigi inams registered and revised during the year under report was 291, of which 280 were in Government villages and 11 in inam villages. There were 65 inams of village artizans and service cases in inam villages confirmed during the year against 19 of the year previous. The number of whole inam villages confirmed was 76 against 12 of the year previous; these were assessed at Rs. 22,835—8—6 and paid jodi amounting to Rs. 5,743—15—6. The quit-rent imposed in addition was Rs. 302—0—6. Besides, 52 whole villages and 25 minor inams were finally settled on the survey valuation.

16. The number of land inams attached on account of the non-attendance of the holders was 464 against 129 of the year previous. Under the Muzrayi Rules 85 cases valued at Rs. 2,767—4—0 were confirmed against 7 cases valued at Rs. 119—8—6 in the year previous. Twenty cases valued at Rs. 240—6—3 were resumed, and 34 valued at Rs. 1,333—5—5 were struck off.

17. The number of quit-rent, &c., registers prepared during the year was 4,338 against 987 in the preceding year, that of title-deeds 2,313 for 3,051 inams against 2,764 for 3,538 inams in the previous year.

18. The cost of the Department during the year was Rs. 66,183—7—6. The additional revenue derived from its operations amounted to Rs. 8,620—15—11, of which Rs. 5,361—8—9 were permanent increase. This gives 8 1/16 per cent on the cost of the Department.

WASTE LANDS.

19. The available extent of cultivable waste at the end of the year under report is given below :—

	Acres.
Extent of land available at the close of 1877-78	2,775,155
Add extent of lands relinquished and increase of arable waste owing to the results of the survey operations	631,630
	3,406,785
Deduct extent of land taken up for cultivation	126,100
Balance..	3,280,685

GOVERNMENT ESTATES. } Nil.
WARDS' ESTATES. }

III. PROTECTION.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

20. *Acts extended to Mysore.*—During the year under report, the following Acts of the Indian Legislature were extended to this Province :—

Act I of 1868—The General Clauses Act.
Act XXVI of 1871.—The Land Improvement Act.
Act XXI of 1876.—An Act to amend the Land Improvement Act of 1871.
Act IX of 1872.—The Indian Contract Act.
Act I of 1877.—The Specific Relief Act.
Act X of 1877.—The Code of Civil Procedure.

21. It is a matter for congratulation that the famine which made its appearance in 1876 and reached its climax in 1877 gradually disappeared in the year under review. With the fall of copious and seasonable showers, the ryots returned to their normal vocations with cheerful prospects before them. It could not however be hoped that crime would suddenly fall to its usual proportions. There has certainly been a considerable decrease during the past year, which may be attributed not only to the termination of the famine, but to the fact that many of the worst characters and habitual robbers are still undergoing punishment in jails.

22. During the year under review the cases reported numbered 11,693 as against 18,973 in the previous year, shewing a decrease of crime by 7,280 cases. But the number reported during the past year is nearly twice as great as that reported for 1876. There were nearly 2,257 cases brought over from the previous year, making 13,950 cases in all for investigation. Of these, the Police investigated 12,408 cases and 116 were not investigated; 4,048 cases were under investigation and pending before Magistrates at the close of the year. The following statement will shew the state of crime during the year under review:—

Class of Offences.	Number of Cases reported.		Number of Cases struck off.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
Class. I—Offences against State, &c. ...	226	184	74	46	...	42
Do. II—Serious offences against the person ...	949	958	317	396	9	...
Do. III— do do property ...	4,658	2,425	1,163	790	...	2,233
Do. IV—Minor do do the person ...	393	118	145	47	...	275
Do V— do do do property ...	11,793	7,007	1,680	1,704	...	4,786
Do. VI—Other offences not specified above ..	954	1,001	72	48	47	...

23. It will be seen that there has been a decrease of crime in all the classes except II and VI, where a slight increase is observable, the chief increase in class VI being public and local nuisances and offences against special and local laws, the figures having risen from 895 and 13 in 1877 to 916 and 60 in 1878. In class I there has been a general decrease in all offences. In class II the offence of murder by poison rose from 2 in 1877 to 7 in 1878. There has been no increase in the crime of rape, and unnatural offences are nil as against only one in 1877. The offence of administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt, which was greatly on the increase in 1877, has considerably decreased, there having been 39 cases reported in 1878 as compared with 55 in the preceding year. But on the other hand, 43 cases of robbery by means of stupefying drugs have occurred. The offence of hurt by dangerous weapons appears at first sight to have been greatly on the increase, the figures being 158 in 1877 and 457 in 1878. The small number shewn in 1877 is accounted for by the fact that the majority of the cases that actually came under section 324 were, by a misconception of the Police, treated as coming under section 323 in the preceding year. This mistake was rectified and hence the increase. In class III, dacoities decreased from 576 to 229, but in 1877 most of the dacoities were perpetrated for the purpose of obtaining grain, and this cannot be said to be the case in the year under review. Most of the dacoities have been committed by organized gangs. There were 43 cases of robbery by means of stupefying or poisonous drugs, against none in the previous year. Stringent orders were issued during the year for the adoption of such measures as would check the progress of this growing and dangerous crime, and it is satisfactory to record that in consequence of the strict supervision exercised at all public places and other precautionary measures adopted, the crime is becoming scarce. Robbery in dwelling houses rose from 16 in 1877 to 20 in 1878, while robbery in highways decreased by 6. Offences of lurking, house-trespass or house-breaking fell from 3,487 to 1,880; the decrease being nearly one-half. In class IV there was an increase of five cases of wrongful restraint or confinement. There has been a general decrease in all offences under class V as compared with 1877, but when compared with the crimes of previous years under this class, the number is still abnormally high.

24. From the following table it will be seen that crime was highest in the Bangalore District. Kolar comes next, while the Shimoga District had the smallest number of cases on its file. Crime in the Bangalore Town and Cantonment has been high, the number registered being 2,329 as against 2,551 or 222 less than in the previous year. The influx of destitute persons which commenced last year did not entirely cease, and under the circumstances it was natural that crime should have continued:—

Districts.	Total number of cognizable cases reported.		Percentage of convictions to true cases investigated.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Bangalore	3,028	1,903	90	91·33
Kolar	3,574	1,860	87·7	59·39
Túmkúr	1,372	830	87	86·56
Mysore	2,186	1,545	61·61	72·84
Hassan	2,227	956	93	97
Shimoga	898	476	80·82	77·01
Kadur	784	693	81	92
Chitaldroog	2,077	884	90	92·92
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore	2,551	2,329	95	96
Town, Mysore	322	224	84	87·67

25. In the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore, 29,173 famine-stricken persons were collected and sent to relief camps and 3,841 to hospitals. The number of dead bodies disposed of was 121.

26. It should be observed that in the aggregate the amount of crime during the past year was nearly double that reported in 1876. In the Shimoga District, however, there is a decrease, the figures having fallen from 510 in 1876 to 476 in 1878.

27. The number of cases under investigation at the close of the year was somewhat high in all Districts when compared with the number reported, being 2,950 cases under investigation as compared with 11,693 cases reported. The Mysore District was foremost in this respect, while Kolar stands next. In the former District the figures were 762 and in the latter 622. The Inspector General writes: "Most of these cases though belonging to the past year may be said to be past detec- "tion and notwithstanding are still kept on, in view to future detection. The neces- "sity for a thorough investigation into the circumstances of crime is not understood "by the Police, who instead of proceeding to the scene of crime without delay and "using their best endeavours to secure proof, trust to getting confessions from the "accused, which they find when too late to be useless, as Magistrates very properly "want something more than confessions. That many of these cases are true there is "no doubt, but Police officers shew great neglect in not fully testing the truth of "statements made to them by accused persons and endeavouring to confirm them by "independent evidence. This serious defect prominently came under notice in several "instances and suitable instructions have been issued to check it."

28. The number of cases pending orders before the Magistracy was highest in the Mysore District, where there were 385 cases; and it was also high in Túmkúr where it was 164.

29. The total number of cases fully investigated and accepted as true amounted to 8,010, and the number of cases in which convictions, ensued was 6,729 or a per-centage of 84. This result is satisfactory on the whole, but not so good as that obtained in 1877, *viz.*, 87 per cent. In that year however as regards many of the cases taken up by the Police, detection was rendered easy as the culprits put themselves in the way of detection in order that on a conviction by a Magistrate, they might secure for themselves an asylum in the jail.

30. The following statement will shew the action taken by the Police in regard to arrests:—

	1877.	1878.
Total number arrested, &c.	30,710	15,387
Released by Magistrates before trial	2,885	1,849
Discharged or acquitted after trial	2,843	1,368
Convicted	22,533	11,473
Died, escaped, &c.	418	143
Pending	2,031	549

31. It will be seen that the number of arrests decreased by one-half and there is a proportionate decrease under all other heads.

32. The value of property said to be lost during the year was Rs. 2,30,473 or nearly half of that lost during the previous year, and the amount recovered Rs. 62,473; the percentage of recovery was 7 per cent less than in the previous year. On this the Inspector General remarks: "The apparent want of success in the re- "covery of property may partly be attributed to the fact that complainants not un- "frequently place very high value on the property stolen or robbed, and partly to the "fact that jewellery is broken up and melted within a day or two after the plunder."

33. The Police have taken more advantage of the provisions of Chap. XXXVIII of Criminal Procedure Code in dealing with bad characters during the year under review than in the previous year, shewing that they begin to see the usefulness of this portion of the law.

34. There is nothing peculiar in any of the serious offences reported during the year that requires special notice.

35. The Police were employed in investigating 442 non-cognizable offences. In 232 cases the Police obtained convictions, the percentage being 45 per cent. In all 58,298 processes were executed by the Police as against 74,020 in 1877. The number of warrants fell from 8,714 to 7,575, while summonses and proclamations rose from 37,742 and 273 to 40,009 and 377.

36. Ninety-eight cases of professional dacoity appear to have been perpetrated. Of these 85 were brought to trial, 428 persons were arrested, 340 brought to trial and 167 persons convicted. The value of property lost was Rs. 22,044 and only a small sum of Rs. 2,337 recovered. There were four cases of robbery by drugging reported, supposed to be professional; three were brought to trial involving 9 persons, of whom five were convicted. One case of kidnapping occurred; but the case is still under enquiry.

37. There were 240 cases of cattle theft, and of these 228 were brought to trial. Four hundred and eighty-seven persons were arrested and 409 convicted.

38. On account of the continuance of the famine during the early part of the year, the extra Police force consisting of 5 officers and 458 men entertained during 1877 was kept up for the first two months of the year at a cost of Rs. 5,219.

39. The patrol system that was introduced in the previous year was kept up for some months. The beat system has again been adopted.

40. The several Police schools that were closed on account of the famine were not opened during the year, as the pressure of work was still felt. No officers of the force could be spared to receive instruction at the head-quarter school. The total number of the educated members of the force was 1,954 as against 2,177.

41. Towards the close of the year vacancies in the lowest grades of the force were not filled in order to make room for sepoys of the local Infantry Regiment, which was being disbanded.

42. The total number of officers and men was 4,661 as against 4,916 in the previous year, and their cost was Rs. 5,44,630 as against Rs. 6,77,761. The decrease is owing to the force being under strength for some months during the year.

43. A sum of Rs. 5,396 was spent in the construction of six new stations and repairs of 36.

44. Punishments in the force were more numerous during the year under review than the year previous, the number being 1,772 as against 1,271.

45. Four hundred and thirty-five persons were rewarded by promotion as against 530, shewing a decrease of 95, while those rewarded with money fell from 31 to 23 in 1878.

46. The health of the force has been on the whole indifferent, the prevailing diseases being fever and dysentery. There were 127 deaths during the year as against 183, the percentage of death being nearly three.

47. The Village Police still remains the same.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

48. There was no change in the constitution of the Judicial administration of the Province during the year.

49. The total cost charged for Law and Justice in 1878 was Rs. 4,91,217; the net receipts from stamps amounted to Rs. 2,42,169, as compared with Rs. 6,42,287 and Rs. 2,51,360 under the same heads in 1877.

50. The total number of offences reported during the year was 16,128 as compared with 24,823 in the year previous, shewing a marked decrease of 8,695. The falling off was most remarkable in the Nagar Division, where the figures shew a decrease of 79·2 per cent, as compared with 53 per cent in the Nundydroog Division and 35·3 per cent in the Ashtagram Division. This is attributable to the fact of the recent famine, which extended into the year 1878, having gradually disappeared, and the condition of the people having, in consequence, improved. This is further illustrated by the figures in the subjoined table which shews the number of heinous offences reported and the number of persons convicted of them during the past and previous years in the several Divisions of the Province.

		Ashtagram.		Nundydroog.		Nagar.		Total.	
		Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.
Offences by public servants.	1877	44	42	32	24	34	26	110	92
	1878	33	25	54	46	61	53	148	124
Giving false evidence ...	1877	7	5	13	8	18	16	38	29
	1878	11	16	38	26	18	13	67	55
Murder ...	1877	15	17	84	100	43	23	142	140
	1878	24	39	32	71	27	24	83	134
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder ...	1877	17	9	44	45	37	26	98	80
	1878	17	11	17	18	16	28	50	57
Dacoity ...	1877	109	242	277	1,157	163	499	549	1,898
	1878	56	221	95	320	64	150	215	691
Robbery ...	1877	35	33	172	269	104	64	311	366
	1878	64	59	71	103	31	28	166	190
Rape ...	1877	5	1	...	...	4	1	9	2
	1878	4	...	1	...	2	...	7	...
Grievous hurt ...	1877	48	33	28	27	23	13	99	73
	1878	27	15	20	12	9	18	56	45
House-breaking ...	1877	456	542	1,272	1,501	591	596	2,319	2,639
	1878	270	297	618	713	222	172	1,110	1,182
Cattle-theft ...	1877	112	186	325	446	392	732	829	1,364
	1878	172	165	106	146	228	311	506	621
Theft and dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	1877	1,832	1,136	6,179	9,386	2,099	3,135	10,140	13,657
	1878	1,878	1,205	3,184	3,893	896	1,032	5,327	6,130

51. In the Ashtagram Division there were 24 murders, 64 robberies and 172 cattle thefts reported, as compared with 15, 35 and 112 respectively in the previous year. No reason is assigned for the increase in cases of murder which occurred chiefly in the Mysore District. The decrease in the number of offences of dacoity, robbery, house-breaking and theft is considerable and is attributed to the gradual fall of the price of provisions since the famine rates of the previous year.

52. In all 16,089 cases were tried by the Magisterial and 417 by the Sessions Courts as compared with 22,662 and 386 cases respectively in 1877. The total number of persons brought to trial was 30,132 being 20,032 persons less than in the previous year. It is noteworthy that as the greatest decrease occurred in grave crimes so about 90 per cent of the decrease was in the number of persons arrested by the Police.

53. The manner in which persons brought to trial were dealt with is shewn thus :—

	1877.	1878.
Discharged	6,272 ..	3,975
Acquitted	11,760 ..	8,888
Convicted	30,787 ..	16,995
Died, escaped or transferred	187 ..	103
Pending trial	1,158 ..	171

54. The percentage of conviction to the number of persons actually put on trial was 56·7 as compared with 63 in the year previous. The Judicial Commissioner transferred 17 cases involving 29 prisoners from the file of the Nundydroog Sessions Court to that of his Court in December 1878 in order to relieve the Sessions Judge. In 11 of these cases 14 prisoners were prosecuted to conviction and in the remaining 6 cases the prisoners were acquitted.

55. The Sessions Judges were generally aided by 2 or 3 assessors; the number of cases in which they differed from their verdict was 45 as against 48 in 1877, and the number of cases in which they agreed was 319.

56. Thirty-nine European British Subjects, being 16 less than in 1877, were charged in 37 cases during the year, all before the Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore; one was committed to the Nundydroog Sessions Court and sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the juvenile reformatory and a fine of Rs. 30. Twenty others were convicted and the rest discharged.

57. The number of persons sentenced to death was 46 or 19 less than in the year previous. There were 1,660 sentences of whipping as compared with 4,196 in the previous year.

58. The total number of persons fined was 8,651 and the total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 1,09,798—13—9 as compared with 12,585 persons and Rs. 1,13,191—4—7 in the preceding year.

59. Out of the total amount of fines imposed during the year, Rs. 49,448—5—6 were realized, being about the same percentage as in 1877, *viz.*, 46, and out of the unrealized balances of previous year, only Rs. 8,142—15—8 or 6·5 per cent were collected.

60. In all Rs. 7,035—5—8 were paid as compensation to injured parties as compared with Rs. 7,383—12—3 in the previous year. Compensation awarded to accused persons in frivolous and vexatious complaints amounted only to Rs. 977—15—0 being Rs. 458—3—0, less than in 1877.

61. The total number of witnesses examined was 51,081, being 19,627 less than in 1877 ; this decrease is of course due to the large decrease in cases tried during the year. The average duration of cases disposed of was nearly the same as in the year previous, being 5·65 days. It varied from 1 to 11 days in the Magisterial Courts and was 34·65 days in the Sessions Court.

62. The number of original appeals received in the Magisterial Courts was 225 and in the Sessions Courts 155, as compared with 264 and 89 respectively in the previous year. The disposal of these appeals is shewn below :—

	Number of Cases.
Appeals rejected and sentences confirmed ..	215
Do do modified ..	43
Do do reversed or proceedings quashed	114
Remanded or referred	6
Pending	10
Total ..	388

63. The average duration of appeals in the Magisterial Courts was 14 days and in the Sessions Courts 23 days. The total number of appeals for disposal in the Judicial Commissioner's Court was 495 against 353 in the year previous.

64. The Judicial Commissioner revised 148 cases, or 33 more than in the year before. In disposing of these, the appeals were rejected or the sentences confirmed in 107 cases, sentences were modified in 13 cases, reversed in 10 cases, and quashed in 16, and 2 cases were remanded.

65. Fifty-two cases, or 11 less than in the year previous, were referred to the Judicial Commissioner and disposed of as follows:—Thirty-nine sentences of death were confirmed, 7 were modified, and 6 were reversed.

66. In addition to the work detailed above, 771 miscellaneous cases and 2,434 miscellaneous petitions were disposed of by the several Courts.

PRISONS.

67. This chapter is divided into two parts, the first being a general view of the Jail administration of the Province, and the second being devoted to a separate consideration of the management of Prisons and Lock-ups in each District.

68. *General Summary.*—The marginally noted jails were inspected by the Judicial Commissioner and found to be in good order. A large proportion of the lock-ups were inspected by the Deputy Commissioners in the course of the year, some once and others oftener.

Bangalore Central Jail.
Kolar District Jail.
Túmkúr do
Mysore do
Hassan do
Chikmagalur do

69. The buildings were the same as in the previous year ; and no new ones were added or alterations of any importance made.

70. The accommodation in many of the jails was rather scanty in the first half of the year, owing to the prevalence of crime, though on a less scale than in the previous year, consequent on the famine and its after-effects.

71. *Number of Convicted Prisoners.*—The total number of prisoners convicted and imprisoned in all the jails and lock-ups of the Province was 9,053 males and 1,173 females. These added to 5,759 men and 239 women who remained in jails at the end of the previous year, and 3,457 males and 91 females received by transfer, gave a total population of 19,772 convicts (18,269 men and 1,503 women) as compared with 27,823 (25,353 men and 2,470 women) in the previous year. The decrease of 8,051 or 29 per cent of convicts from the number in 1877 is chiefly attributed to the decrease in the number of offences committed during the year under report consequent on the improved condition of the country.

72. The daily average strength fell from 5,063·324 in the preceding year to 4,884·848 during the year under review.

73. Of the total population, 3,747 prisoners were transferred to other jails to undergo sentence and for transportation, the remaining 16,025 convicts were disposed of as noted below compared with the figure in 1877:—

		1877.	1878.
Released	On appeal	192	117
	On expiry of sentence	16,038	9,138
	On payment of fine	706	559
	By Government order	0	0
	For sickness	0	7
	On other grounds	337	923
Transported beyond seas		49	44
Transferred to the Lunatic Asylum		1	2
Escaped		22	15
Executed		46	38
Died		1,141	1,378
Remaining at the end of the year		5,998	3,804

74. By special order of Government 923 convicts were released in honor of the marriage of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore. The selection was made from among the prisoners who came in during famine times, having been convicted of crimes which could be traced to privation, &c., unattended with violence. This benefit was extended to prisoners who were weakly and likely to suffer by imprisonment, and to those of special good conduct.

75. *Religion and Age.*—Of the total number of convicts 1·2 per cent were Christians, 10·9 per cent Muhammadans, 87·9 per cent Hindus and all other classes.

76. The convict population of the Muhammadans increased by about 4·2 per cent over the proportion returned in 1877.

77. The proportion of juveniles under 16 years of age has but slightly increased, that of prisoners above 60 years of age having slightly diminished.

78. The subjoined table compares the proportion of convicts according to religion and age :—

		No. of Convicts in—		Percentage in—	
		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Religion.	Hindus	20,616	12,373	81·7	76·3
	Muhammadans	1,700	1,776	6·7	10·9
	Christians	269	197	1·1	1·2
	All other classes	2,657	1,878	10·5	11·6
	Total	25,242	16,224	0	0
Age.	Under 16 years	878	575	3·48	3·54
	Between 16 and 40 years	19,329	12,419	76·58	76·55
	Do 40 and 60 years	4,577	3,009	18·13	18·54
	Above 60 years	458	221	1·81	1·37
	Total	25,242	16,224	0	0

79. In regard to the previous occupation of the male convicts, the return when compared with that for 1877, shews an increase in the number of men of independent property and of Government servants :—

Previous Occupation.	1877.	1878.	Increase or Decrease.
Of independent property..	413	694	281 I.
Agriculturists	10,035	7,232	2,803 D.
Non-agriculturists	8,205	4,719	3,486 D.
Domestic Servants	1,720	903	817 D.
Government Servants	487	517	30 I.
No Occupation	2,057	747	1,310 D.

80. Of the female convicts, 1,077 were married, 182 were unmarried and 153 were prostitutes: 128 of the latter were imprisoned in the Bangalore Central Jail alone. In 1877 there were 219 prostitutes in all the jails.

81. Sixty-one per cent of the total number of convicts, as against 65·9 per cent in 1877, were sentenced to imprisonment for terms not exceeding six months. Only 13 prisoners, as against 48 in the previous year, were sentenced to imprisonment for periods above 10 years. All other sentences of imprisonment were for terms between six months and ten years. The number of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment was 1,285 or about 8 per cent of the total convict population, being 4 per cent less than in 1877.

82. *Re-committals.*—Seven hundred and eighty-nine convicts, as compared with 678 in 1877, and 433 in 1876, were old offenders who had been previously in the jail, 473 once, 198 twice and 118 oftener than twice. It is noteworthy that so many as 90 of the old offenders were females.

83. *Escapes.*—During the year under review 15 convicts effected their escape, 4 from inside the jails and 11 from outside, as against 10 and 17 respectively in 1877. Two of these and four of the 54 prisoners who had escaped during the previous ten years that remained uncaptured were apprehended during the year and punished.

84. *Prison Discipline.*—While in jail 26 convicts committed criminal offences, and 301 breaches of jail rules, chiefly by using or having forbidden articles. Three of these were women. The ratio per cent of the number punished to the average strength was 6·6, as compared with 8 per cent in the preceding year. Sixty-seven of these offenders were punished by solitary confinement and reduced diet, two hundred and fifty-five by whipping and the rest by other means.

85. *Education.*—As in the previous year education was given to prisoners only in the Jails at Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga. But instructions have recently been issued to extend the system to all jails. The daily average number under instruction was about 838 prisoners or 40 in excess of the number in 1877.

86. Of the number released during the year after more than 6 months in jails, 367 men and 5 women were able to read and write a little, and 190 men and 6 women well.

87. *Prison Officers.*—The total number of prison officers including warders, work overseers, &c., was 168, of whom 6 were women. The percentage was 2·15 as against only 2 in 1877.

88. *Diet.*—The scales of diet in force in the jails remained the same as in the previous year.

89. *Expenditure.*—The cost of the guarding and maintenance of convicts amounted to Rs. 4,39,935, being Rs. 1,02,876 less than in the previous year. The decrease, as might be expected from the smaller number of prisoners and cheaper rates of food grains and other articles of consumption than in the previous year, was general, the annual cost of each prisoner having been Rs. 82—8—6 as compared with Rs. 87—9—10 in 1877.

90. There was however an increase in the hospital charges of Rs. 9,981 due to the still large number of sick prisoners affected by the late famine and to the necessity of feeding them with extra diet. The details of the expenditure incurred are given below :—

	1877. Rs.	As.	P.	1878. Rs.	As.	P.
Rations	3,47,400	0	0	2,50,063	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	56	1	1	47	1	2
Establishment	65,013	0	0	67,129	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	10	7	11	12	9	6
Police guard	77,479	0	0	67,521	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	12	8	2	12	10	8
Hospital charges	12,046	0	0	22,027	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	1	15	1	4	2	1
Clothing	17,317	0	0	13,306	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	2	12	9	2	11	7
Contingencies	23,256	0	0	19,889	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	3	12	10	3	11	8
Total Cost....	5,42,811	0	0	4,39,935	0	0
Cost per head.. .	87	9	10	82	8	6

91. *Employment of Convicts.*—The average number of prisoners sentenced to labor was 4,784, of whom, excluding the infirm, sick or convalescent, there were about 4,170 convicts actually available for labor. The nature of their employment was as follows:—791 were employed as prison officers and servants, 223 on building and repairing jails, 479 on jail gardens, 640 on manufactures, and the rest on extramural labor.

92. *Financial Results.*—Cash received for labor or articles sold during the year amounted to Rs. 38,815, and the value of manufactured goods supplied for Government purposes was Rs. 24,741. Added to this Rs. 17,361, value of goods, raw materials, plant and machinery in store, the total credits amounted to Rs. 80,917. The debits including cash expended on raw materials, &c., amounted to Rs. 50,054, thus giving a profit of Rs. 30,863 or about 7 Rs. per head of effectives. Besides the above there was an outstanding balance of Rs. 5,943 due to the Bangalore, Shimoga and Kadur Jails.

93. Including Rs. 34,492 spent on raw materials and Rs. 7,830 on repairs, &c., executed to jail buildings, the gross expenditure to the State on account of the prisoners was Rs. 4,82,257; and deducting therefrom Rs. 38,815, receipts from manufactures, the net cost to Government was Rs. 4,43,442, being the same cost per head of average strength as in the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 91.

94. *Health of the Prisoners.*—The after-effects of the famine told severely on the general health of the prisoners which was less favorable than in the previous year. In all 8,310 sick prisoners were admitted into the jail hospitals as compared with 6,622 in 1877. The daily average number sick was about 534·6 as against 233 in the previous year. The total number of deaths was 1,443. The proportion of deaths to average strength of prisoners was about 27 per cent, being about 6 per cent in excess of the proportion in 1877, and 23 per cent in excess of that in 1876.

95. *Principal Diseases.*—The annexed table shews the principal diseases which proved fatal and the number of patients treated:—

	Admissions.	Deaths.
Anœmia and general debility	526	203
Dysentery and diarrhœa	2,094	770
Fevers	1,595	88
Respiratory diseases	121	22
Cholera	20	9
Scrofula and phthisis pulmonalis	78	37
Small-Pox	4	0
Jaundice	49	16
Ulcers and boils	1,236	75

96. As compared with 2 deaths in 1877, there were no deaths among civil prisoners during the year.

97. One thousand, three hundred and thirty-nine men and 39 women died among the convicts, and 62 men and 3 women among the under-trial prisoners.

98. *Mortality according to Age.*—Of the deaths ·62 per cent occurred among the juveniles, 76·3 per cent among the prisoners between the ages of 16 and 40, 21·2 per cent between 40 and 60 years and 1·88 per cent among the prisoners above 60 years of age.

99. *Mortality according to length of Imprisonment.*—The largest proportion of deaths, *viz.*, 75·2 per cent, was among prisoners who had been in jail for periods less than one year, 23·63 per cent died among prisoners who were incarcerated for periods from one to seven years, while 1·17 per cent died among those who had been in jail for more than seven years.

100. *Civil Prisoners.*—At the commencement of the year there were 13 civil prisoners in confinement in all the District Jails in the Province; 240 (231 men and 9 women) were admitted during the year as against 132 in 1877. The average daily number likewise increased from 10·46 to 18·5. All except 24 were released before the end of the year.

101. *Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners excluding all transfers was 12,820 (11,851 males and 969 females), being 13,320 or 50·9 per cent less than the number in 1877. Their daily average number also fell from 1121·469 in the previous year to 427·123 in the year under report.

102. Of the total number, 6,066 were released, 6,559 were convicted, 3 escaped, 65 died, leaving 127 awaiting trial on the last day of the year.

103. In the preceding paragraphs, the jail administration of the Province has been generally reviewed. The following paras give detailed information regarding the working of the 8 District Jails in the Province.

104. *Bangalore Central Jail.*—In the Bangalore Central Jail the accommodation was scanty. Notwithstanding a decrease of 200 in the total number of convicted prisoners, there was an increase of 214 in the daily average strength.

105. Including Rs. 1,004 spent on repairs, &c., the total expenditure for the year was Rs. 1,31,715, which gives Rs. 78—10—2 or about Rs. 19 less per head of average strength than in 1877.

106. In the manufacturing department the estimated profits amounted to Rs. 11,278, being Rs. 8 per head of effectives, as compared with Rs. 21,084 and Rs. 16 respectively in 1877. The value of manufactured goods supplied for Government purposes also fell from Rs. 23,742 in 1877 to Rs. 17,171 in the year under report.

107. Five prisoners escaped, one of whom was re-captured. Three of the prisoners who had escaped in the previous year were also re-captured.

108. During the year 194 convicts were punished for offences committed while in jail, being 47 more than in the previous year, the chief punishment resorted to being flogging.

109. The average number of convicts having been large, the time required for locking them up was necessarily much longer, and in consequence the time for school was trenched upon. Of the prisoners discharged, 401 were able to read and write a little and 104 well. The number at school on the last day of the year was 526.

110. The total admissions into hospitals were 1,868, being 117 less, and the daily average sick was 97 or 24 more than in the previous year, shewing that sickness was more prolonged and serious; the number of deaths increased from 191 to 234. Of these 13 were under-trial prisoners, and 9 were women. The ratio per cent of deaths to average strength was about 14.

111. *Kolar District Jail.*—As might be expected, there is a considerable decrease both in the total and average number of convicted and under-trial prisoners, and in the total cost incurred for them, as compared with the figures in the previous year. There was an increase of one civil prisoner over the number in 1877.

112. Three prisoners effected their escape, two of whom were re-captured. There were 279 deaths among the convicted, and 5 deaths among the under-trial prisoners, as compared with 369 and 4 respectively in the preceding year. The mortality was above 36 per cent of the average strength.

113. *Túmkúr District Jail.*—There was a decrease in the total cost to the extent of Rs. 9,854. Three convicts attempted to escape, but were re-captured; also one of the prisoners who had escaped in previous years was apprehended and punished during the year.

114. The number of persons punished for breaches of jail discipline was very small. Only 7 prisoners were punished for using or possessing forbidden articles while in jail, as against 21 in 1877.

115. The health of the prisoners was less favorable than in the previous year. Ninety-one convicts and 6 under-trial prisoners died, as compared with 61 and 13 respectively in 1877. The proportion of mortality was about 18 per cent to the average strength. This high death-rate is attributed to a large number of emaciated and half-starved people who were admitted during the famine times and who died during the year.

116. *Mysore District Jail.*—There was a very large increase in the number of convicted prisoners incarcerated in the Mysore Jail. To prevent the overcrowding which existed as a consequence of the famine, and owing to the great unhealthiness and mortality which prevailed there, as also to provide suitable and remunerative work to the great number of convicts, an auxiliary jail at Kukarhalli was opened as a temporary measure, which was occupied on the 23rd January 1878. Nine hundred and thirty-seven male prisoners, sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, were received from the Mysore Jail; of whom 426 were released, 41 were placed on the weak list, 165 died, leaving 305 remaining in Kukarhalli at the end of the year.

117. In the Mysore Jail, the total population was 2,180 and the daily average strength about 327. On the last day of the year there were 237 convicts in the jail.

118. There were no escapes either from the Mysore Jail or from the Kukarhalli Sub-jail.

119. Only 29 persons were found guilty of breaches of jail discipline, 24 at Mysore and 5 at Kukarhalli, as against 59 in the previous year.

120. Of the prisoners discharged during the year, 51 went out able to read and write a little, and 33 well.

121. The estimated profit from convict labor was Rs. 10,090, as compared with Rs. 5,648 in 1877.

122. The total cost notwithstanding cheaper rates of articles of food, increased from Rs. 46,317 to Rs. 62,232, owing to the increase in the number of convicts.

123. The general health of the prisoners was exceptionally bad. Three hundred and ninety-four convicts and 4 under-trial prisoners died during the year, as compared with 94 and 3 respectively in the previous year. The proportion of deaths to average strength was very high, being 57·6 per cent, and is attributed almost entirely to causes which originated from famine.

124. There were 107 civil prisoners as compared with only 38 in 1877. There was no death among this class of prisoners.

125. *Hassan District Jail.*—There was a decrease in all classes of prisoners, convicted, civil and under-trial, and a corresponding decrease in the total cost by more than one-half, the figures being Rs. 10,385 in 1878 as compared with Rs. 22,307 in 1877.

126. Two convicts effected their escape, but both were re-captured shortly after.

127. Nine persons were found guilty of offences against prison discipline and were all flogged.

128. The health of the prisoners was extremely bad. The jail being situated on low ground, sickness increased, and there was heavy mortality in the monsoon months owing to dampness. The daily average sick was 17 and the total number of deaths was 126, as compared with 10·56 daily sick and 151 deaths in the previous year; more than one-half of the deaths were from bowel-complaints.

129. *Shimoga District Jail.*—During the year there was a slight increase in the number of convicts and civil prisoners, while the number of under-trial prisoners largely diminished.

130. The expenditure on maintaining and guarding the prisoners was less than in the previous year, the average cost being about Rs. 93 as compared with Rs. 111 in the year preceding. The estimated profits from convict labor amounted to Rs. 6,747, giving an average profit per head of effectives of Rs. 9—10—8, which is nearly double the average profits realized in 1877.

131. Two as against three convicts in 1877 escaped from inside the jail and have not been re-captured as yet.

132. Forty convicts, being 6 less than in the previous year, were found guilty of breaches of jail discipline and were punished.

133. 166·5 convicts or 4 less than in 1877 were under instruction every day. Of the number released during the year after more than 6 months in jail, 16 went out able to read and write a little and 11 well. Instructions have been issued that all juveniles whose sentence is over one month must be taught, as well as other prisoners sentenced to more than six months.

134. During the year 40 convicts were employed as warders or work-overseers, being 21 more than in the preceding year.

135. As compared with 70 deaths among the convicts and 8 among the under-trial, in the previous year, 82 convicts, being about 10·6 per cent of the average strength, died during the year under report. The largest proportion of the mortality, *viz.*, 78 per cent, was from bowel-complaints and general debility, which is attributed to the late famine.

136. *Kadur District Jail.*—There were during the year 394 convicts, 402 under-trial and 3 civil prisoners, as compared with 441, 718 and 5 respectively in 1877.

137. The total cost fell from Rs. 17,850 to Rs. 10,773 and the average cost per head from Rs. 181 to Rs. 129.

138. One prisoner escaped, but was shortly after re-captured.

139. The health of the prisoners was comparatively good. Only 4 deaths among the convicts, and two among the under-trial prisoners took place chiefly from fever, as compared with 25 and 13 respectively in 1877.

140. *Chitaldroog District Jail.*—Throughout the year there were 119·83 convicted, 19·22 under-trial and ·52 civil prisoners, as compared with 198·61 149·94 and ·52 respectively confined every day during the previous year.

141. The total expenditure shews a decrease of Rs. 15,948, due to the fall in the number of prisoners and in the prices of articles of consumption.

142. Two convicts effected their escape both from outside the jail, one of whom was re-captured during the year.

143. One hundred and sixty-six deaths occurred among the convicts and 14 among the under-trial prisoners, as compared with 161 and 27 respectively in the preceding year.

144. The proportion of deaths to daily average strength was 130 per cent; the largest proportion of mortality, *viz.*, 64·4 per cent, occurred from dysentery and diarrhœa, and 54·4 per cent died among convicts who had been in jail for less than one year, a result attributable to the famine.

145. The new jail building has been undertaken by the Public Works Department, but has not yet been completed.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

146. The total number of suits instituted in all the Civil Courts of the Province was 21,509, as compared with 17,341 suits filed in 1877, being an increase of 4,168 suits or about 24·3 per cent over the number instituted in the previous year. Sixty-six per cent of this increase occurred in the Nundydroog Division, notwithstanding a decrease of 111 cases in the Bangalore Court of Small Causes. Twenty-five per cent

occurred in the Ashtagram Division and 9 per cent in Nagar. The increase which took place in the Courts of the Munsiffs and Judicial Assistants is generally attributable to the gradual disappearance of famine and to the improved state of the country; indeed the civil work of the Province has nearly returned to its dimensions before the famine. Corresponding to the increase in the number, there is an increase also in the aggregate value of suits filed during the year, the amount being Rs. 25,06,341—2—0, giving an average per cent of Rs. 116, as compared with Rs. 19,98,022—8—3 and Rs. 115 respectively in the preceding year.

147. Including the 1,554 suits pending from the previous year and the 6 cases received by transfer, there were for disposal 23,069 cases in all the Courts of the Province. Of these, 21,632 were disposed of and 10 were transferred, leaving 1,427 suits pending at the close of the year. The aggregate value of the original suits that were disposed of was Rs. 23,61,969, as compared with Rs. 18,11,831 of the year previous; thus there was an increase of Rs. 5,50,137 in the value of original suits disposed of over that for 1877. Six thousand, two hundred and twenty-three suits out of 23,059 or 27 per cent were decided after contest. The number of cases dismissed for non-appearance of parties was 2,493, being more than 11 cases for every hundred suits disposed of. The proportion of cases decreed *exparte* was 37 per cent which is very high. The number of cases decided in favor of plaintiffs including decrees on compromise, confession and *exparte* was 17,389, being 80·4 per cent of the cases decided during the year.

148. Owing to the heavy work the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore had in connection with the famine and to relieve him somewhat, the Judicial Commissioner transferred 4 original suits from the file of the Deputy Commissioner's to his own Court and disposed of them.

149. Of the 1,427 suits pending at the close of the year, 1,308 were under 2 months, 105 between 2 and 4 months, and 14 above six months. The state of the files at the end of the year was certainly good, considering that only 14 cases had been pending for more than 4 months against 170 such cases of the year previous and the improvement is especially marked in the Courts of the Munsiffs, where there were only 3 suits pending for upwards of 4 months against 170 such cases in the previous year.

150. *Duration of Suits disposed of.*—In the matter of duration of suits it is perhaps hardly fair to compare the results of 1878 with those of the year 1877, when every Civil Judge's time was more or less taken up with other pressing duties. The average duration in contested cases was 29·33 days and in uncontested cases 21·27 days as compared with 55 days and 31 days respectively in the preceding year. The improvement is marked in every class of Courts; but the duration is still much too high in the Courts of the Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners, two classes of Civil Courts, which, in the re-organization of establishments now being carried out in Mysore, will both be abolished.

151. *Appeals.*—During the year under review 723 appeals as against 535 in 1877 were preferred to the various Appellate Courts of the Province. These, together with 104 appeals pending at the commencement of the year, made a total of 827 appeals for disposal, of which 768 were disposed of, leaving 59 appeals pending at the end of the year. The 768 appeals were disposed of as follows:—454 were confirmed, 93 decisions were modified, and 144 reversed, 39 cases were remanded and 33 appeals were dismissed. The percentage of reversals was nearly the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 19·3.

152. In the Court of the Judicial Commissioner there were 5 regular appeals, 3 from the decision of the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division and 1 from each of the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar. In 3 of these cases the original decisions were confirmed, the remaining 2 cases remanded. Second appeals for disposal numbered 119 or 43 more than in 1877, all but 9 were disposed of, and the Lower Courts' decisions were upheld in as many as 79 cases.

153. The total number of applications for execution of decrees including those pending was 24,970 against 15,458 of the year previous. Of these 4,445 were completely executed, 8,292 partially, and 10,110 struck off. The number of persons ordered to be imprisoned in execution of decrees was 1,267 as compared with 748 in the previous year, but of these only 240 were actually imprisoned.

154. The number of processes for sale in regard to movable property was 845, and in regard to immovable property 1,859 as against 591 and 984 respectively in 1877. There were 2,193 miscellaneous cases and 4,952 miscellaneous petitions disposed of as against 1,388 and 3,382 in 1877.

155. *Process-serving Establishment.*—The total number of processes issued during the year was 113,802 as compared with 77,876 in 1877, being 35,926 more than in the previous year ; 110,848 of these processes were served, leaving 2,954 outstanding at the close of the year. The amount of fees collected was Rs. 71,945 or an increase of Rs. 23,546 —3— 0 over the previous year. The expenditure was Rs. 37,394, being Rs. 7,843 less than in 1877. The net saving to Government was thus Rs. 31,389.

REGISTRATION.

156. The total number of documents of all classes registered was 16,513. In 1877—78 it was 17,381 which was notable as the largest number attained in any year. A stimulus was given to registration by the transfers of property arising from the agricultural distress of that period, the effects of which were doubtless felt largely in the year 1878—79 also. The returns shew that the sales and mortgages of immovable property of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards were as numerous as in the previous year. Those of property under Rs. 100 were, however, fewer by nearly a thousand.

157. With the sanction of the Government of India a revised scale of fees was introduced from the 1st September 1878. Whilst the fees on immovable property of the higher values subject to the compulsory clauses of the Act were somewhat enhanced, the minimum fee of one rupee which formerly applied to all below Rs. 100 was reduced to 8 annas in the case of documents not exceeding Rs. 50. So also documents of value above Rs. 100 relating to movable property, which are registrable at the option of the parties, received an important concession by the reduction of the fees to one-half of documents of like value for which registration is prescribed. The object was to encourage optional registration of all kinds and such seems to have been the effect as regards documents relating to movable property, whilst as regards immovable property of petty value, the returns shew that of the total number registered (*viz.*, 5,447) 3,426 were under Rs. 50 in value. The aggregate value of the property transferred by registered documents was as follows :—

	1877—78. Rs.	1878—79. Rs.
Documents relating to immovable property ..	47,30,243	47,22,671
Documents relating to movable property ..	1,64,739	2,11,719

158. The average registration fee for each document was as below :—

	1877—78. Rs. As. P.	1878—79. Rs. As. P.
Compulsory Registration	2 2 7	2 9 9
Dptional Registration	1 3 0	1 1 6

159. There was a considerable falling off in documents relating to immovable property of Rs. 100 and upwards in the Túmkúr District, where distress had been severe and where the increase of registrations affecting small immovable properties in 1877—78 had been proportionally largest. In the Bangalore District there was on the whole an increase of 249 documents.

160. As regards immovable property less than Rs. 100 in value which belongs to the optional class the figures were as follows in each District :—

	1877—78.	1878—79.
Bangalore	1,297	1,304
Mysore	1,324	1,335
Túmkúr	1,183	741
Kolar	1,009	804
Hassan	806	730
Kadur	401	326
Shimoga	117	95
Chitaldroog	230	112

161. During 1878—79 there were 141 refusals against 116 of the previous year. The number appealed against was 10, of which 2 were confirmed and 8 reversed.

162. There were four prosecutions during the year. The charges were false personation, forgery and falsification of accounts. Seven persons were charged, of whom one, a Gumasta, absconded, five were convicted and one was acquitted.

163. During the year 30 documents were impounded under the provisions of the Stamp Act. Deficient stamp duty and penalty amounting to Rs. 575 were realized on these.

164. At the close of 1878—79, 662 documents remained to be delivered to the presenters, being 54 more than in the year previous.

165. During the year under review 13 registered documents (against 6 of the year previous) were destroyed.

166. Four hundred and four court-sale certificates were presented for registration against 256 of the preceding year.

167. No new offices were opened nor were any abolished during the year.

168. The total receipts of the Department during 1878—79 were Rs. 39,783, which is Rs. 4,066 more than in the previous year and the largest amount as yet realized in any year. The expenditure was Rs. 25,336 or Rs. 1,240 more, mainly on account of the charges for commission which rise in proportion to the income from fees. The balance in favor of the Department for the year was Rs. 14,448. The enhanced income is due to the revised table of fees, which was in operation during the last seven months of the year.

169. Registration of Companies under Act X of 1866.—Fourteen Banks either stopped payment or went into liquidation during the year, and only 2 new companies were formed. The number in existence at the end of the year was thus reduced from 80 to 68.

170. During 1878—79, 235 documents were registered and filed against 275 in the year previous. The number of proceedings of ordinary meetings registered was less by 1 than in the previous year, being 52; but the fees on these increased from Rs. 165 to Rs. 260; fees on extraordinary meetings' proceedings decreased from Rs. 275 to Rs. 110 and that for new banks from Rs. 180 to Rs. 80.

171. The receipts amounted to Rs. 1,312 against Rs. 1,640 of the year previous. The expenditure was Rs. 609, as against Rs. 611 of the preceding year, shewing a balance in favor of the Department of Rs. 702.

172. The report of the year's operations is like that of the previous year in shewing how unsatisfactorily most of these institutions are worked. The same difficulty was experienced in obtaining the prescribed returns, &c., and the Directors of two banks were successfully prosecuted for an infringement of some of the provisions of the Act.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

173. On the whole there has been an increase in the number and amount of orders paid and a falling off in issues compared with those of the previous year. Seven thousand, three hundred and thirty-seven orders amounting to Rs. 2,35,471 were issued in 1878—79, as against 7,684 orders aggregating Rs. 2,71,811 in the year previous. Seven thousand, one hundred and fifty-nine orders of the value of Rs. 2,15,948 were paid, as against 6,526 orders amounting to Rs. 2,08,605 in the preceding year.

174. Within the Mysore Circle, 45 more orders were issued for Rs. 5,216. The number paid was fewer by 34, while the amount paid was greater by Rs. 4,435.

175. The orders drawn and paid by Mysore on account of the Government of India Circles amounted to Rs. 1,25,942 and Rs. 1,06,702 respectively.

176. There was a decrease of Rs. 99 as compared with the previous year in the cost of management on account of water-marked paper not being purchased during the year and the abolition of the Saklespur Money Order Office.

177. The Overland Money Order business diminished during the year. Two hundred and twenty-four orders were issued for Rs. 13,533 against 282 for Rs. 19,630 in the previous year, and 49 were paid for Rs. 2,191 against 64 for Rs. 3,001.

178. The financial result of the year is a surplus of Rs. 1,019 against Rs. 861 in 1877—78. Rupees 285 have been charged as the prescribed contribution for pensions and Rs. 1,239 as commission payable to the Government of India at one per cent on the amount of all money orders drawn by Mysore on India Circles. On the other hand a sum of Rs. 994 has been realized through Her Majesty's Treasury at Bangalore and credited on account of similar commission on India orders paid by Mysore during the year. In the adjustment of similar transactions with the Berar Circle, Mysore has been charged Rs. 21 and credited with Rs. 27, and on Overland Money Orders paid, Rs. 22 were realized by Mysore.

MUNICIPAL.

179. Municipal administration which now extends to all the taluk kasbas in the Province embraces 77 separate Municipalities, and their income and expenditure during the year under report are shewn in the following statement. The receipts are derived from house-tax and octroi, whilst the expenditure in the District head-quarter towns includes the cost of the Police in addition to conservancy:—

Municipalities.	Number.	Opening Balance.	Income.	Expenditure.
Cantonment of Bangalore	1	7,713	1,24,446	1,23,179
Town do	1	903	62,368	57,835
Bangalore District	15	1,597	6,090	4,330
Kolar do	11	2,397	9,136	7,222
Túmkúr do	11	5,019	6,237	7,120
Town of Mysore	1	29,490	82,929	85,595
Mysore District	10	15,705	14,163	13,807
Hassan do	10	1,173	6,999	5,213
Shimoga do	8	14,868	20,285	18,089
Kadur do	6	13,343	20,372	17,789
Chitaldroog do	3	1,865	8,474	8,672
Total.....	77	94,073	3,61,499	3,48,851

MILITARY.

180. The Province of Mysore is garrisoned by a division of British Troops stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks near Mysore. The Bangalore garrison consists of a Regiment of British Cavalry, a Battery of Royal Horse Artillery, two Field Batteries of Artillery, a Regiment of British Infantry, two Native Infantry Regiments and the Head-Quarters of the Madras Sappers. Towards the end of the year the 67th Regiment of British Infantry and the 36th Madras Native Infantry were withdrawn for active service as well as some Companies of Sappers. The garrison at French Rocks consisted of the 38th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, but at the end of 1878 they too left for active service, and a wing of the Native Regiment stationed at Mercara took their place.

181. Besides the Imperial troops of the Mysore Division stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks, Mysore has its own local force. During the year this consisted of three Regiments of Siledars, 1,166 strong, and four Regiments of "Barr" Infantry, the total strength of which at the close of the year was 2,040. As a necessary measure of economy steps had been taken during the latter part of the year to reduce

the strength of the Infantry with a view to disbanding the fourth Regiment which was actually effected on the last day of the year.

182. The stations of the Local force were as follows :—at Bangalore the 1st Regiment Cavalry and 4th Regiment 'Barr'; at Mysore the 2nd Cavalry and 1st 'Barr' Regiments; at Shimoga the 3rd Cavalry and 3rd 'Barr,' and the 2nd 'Barr' at Túmkúr. There are numerous detachments too, especially of the 'Barr' who are employed in guarding Taluk Treasuries and District Jails. The force was maintained at a total cost of Rs. 8,42,763.

183. In connection with the Siledar Cavalry a farm and breeding stud is maintained at Kunigal in the Túmkúr District. There 53 foals were dropped during the year and 20 out of a total number of 134 were transferred to the ranks. Sixteen died. The crops raised were good, and the stud is well reported on though an accession to the number of stallions standing there was desirable.

184. *Volunteers.*—The following shews the strength of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Corps as it stood on the 31st March 1879 :—

	No.
Officers	13
Non-commissioned Officers ..	38
Volunteers	116
Cadets.	49
Total....	216

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER.

185. The rain-fall during the year was copious and seasonable, and admitted of agricultural operations being carried on over a longer period than usual. This was of great advantage, as the ryots, owing to their reduced circumstances after the famine, would not have otherwise been able to bring so large an extent of land under cultivation. The rain-fall averaged 34 inches and 34 cents against 35 inches and 92 cents in 1877, and was distributed over the several Districts as follows :—

Districts.	1877.	1878.
Bangalore	39·28	40·81
Kolar	32·63	42·80
Túmkúr	34·98	44·56
Mysore	31·68	31·72
Hassan	38·55	29·01
Shimoga	42·58	27·67
Kadur	42·13	32·16
Chitaldroog	29·94	26·01

186. The average of 1877 especially in the western districts was raised by an untimely heavy fall of rain in the latter months of the year, but compared with previous years generally, the rain-fall, both in regard to its quantity and equal distribution, placed the year under report amongst the most favorable on record in regard to agricultural operations.

187. The rain-fall entered against Bangalore was that gauged at the Bowring Civil Hospital at that station. The average temperature at Bangalore for the year was registered at 75·5 degrees against 76 degrees in the previous year.

CROPS.

188. In the early months of the year, the appearance of locusts in different parts of the Province created great apprehensions amongst the ryots. In a few villages, the locusts ate up the Vaisakh or early rice crop then under harvest: in many others, they destroyed the seedlings of dry grains, but the favorable character of the season, as already referred to, rendered it feasible to re-sow the lands, so that the visitation passed away without any serious injury. Considerable damage was

done in individual villages, especially in the Chitaldroog District, to cotton and rice crops by a plague of rats which appeared in the latter months of the year; but taking the Province as a whole, the out-turn of all descriptions of crops during the year was above the average. The yield of the great staples, rice and ragi, was especially good. In many taluks, ragi gave bumper crops, and as the prices were moderately favorable, the surviving population of the Province made rapid recovery from the effects of the famine.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

189. *Number of Agricultural Stock.*—The following comparative statement shews the live stock and other agricultural resources for the past and present years. The statement cannot claim to be very accurate, but the increase of cattle shewn in the present year is fully borne out by the well known fact that there has been an unusual fecundity amongst cattle since the famine:—

Live and other Stock.	1877—78.	1878—79.
Cows and Bullocks	2,297,550	2,361,615
Horses	4,917	5,083
Ponies	13,632	14,723
Donkeys	37,070	38,986
Sheep and Goats	1,592,268	1,693,105
Pigs	32,329	29,221
Carts	83,000	79,130
Ploughs	557,869	562,047
Total.....	4,618,635	4,783,910
Net Increase.....	...	165,275

190. One hundred, sixteen thousand, six hundred and eighty-five head of cattle are returned as having died during the year against 341,894 in the previous year. Of this 5,070 are reported to have been killed by wild beasts and the remainder to have died of disease.

191. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The following comparative statement shews the prices of the principal articles of agricultural produce. As is to be expected, there has been a great fall in the prices of the various staples especially in that of ragi, the local food grain, as compared with the high rates which prevailed during the famine. But the prices realized were nevertheless above the average and sufficiently profitable to the cultivators:—

Articles.		1877—78.	1878—79.
Rice per Rupee	Seers.	5·98	8·90
Wheat „	„	5·98	6·87
Dál „	„	7·86	7·60
Ballar „	„	6·32	7·73
Ragi „	„	7·94	14·44
Horse-gram „	„	6·93	12·52
Bengal-gram „	„	6·92	6·85
Salt „	„	9·3	8·47
Cotton, per maund	Rs.	8 3 6	6 14 6
Sugar	...	4 12 0	5 7 4
Plough bullocks, each		From 10 to 200 Rs.	From 10 to 100 Rs.
Sheep		5 7 10	3 14 1
Fish, per seer		From 1 0 to 6 4	From 1 0 to 6 4
Iron, per maund		4 5 1	4 1 8
Fresh cocoanuts, per 100		6 4 4	5 3 10
Jaggory, per maund		2 13 2	3 1 0
Arecanut		9 1 2	7 14 2
Tobacco		10 3 5	11 10 2
Ghee		14 12 5	10 9 10
Opium, per seer		7 9 11	8 5 6

192. *Labor.*—The average wages of labor during the year were as shewn below :—

		Rates.					
		From			To		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Wages per diem.	Skilled labor varied	...	4	...	1	...	...
	Unskilled labor do	...	2	...	...	8	...
Cart per day		...	8	...	1	...	...
Donkey per score per day		1	8	...	7	8	...

HORTICULTURE.

193. LAL-BAGH GARDEN.—The following statement shews the receipts and charges for the garden during the years 1877—78 and 1878—79 :—

	Rs.		Rs.
Receipts..1877-78. ..2,459		Expenditure..1877-78....14,680	
Do ..1878-79....3,375		Do ..1878-79....13,785	

194. The year under report was very favorable for horticultural experiments except for the presence of many destructive insects that did great damage to young vegetable crops.

195. The forage plant *Reana luxurians* has been grown experimentally on a small scale. Sixteen square yards of highly manured land produced 288 lbs of dry fodder and 19 lbs of seed. Cattle are stated to be fond of the green grass, horses especially, and the Superintendent thinks that it will be a useful introduction into the Province as a green forage crop in the monsoon season.

196. Eight pounds of *Prosopis glandulosa* or *Mesquit bean* were received during the year in two consignments of 7 lbs and 1 lb each. All were treated in the same manner, *i. e.*, being steeped for 24 hours in water the seeds were then separated from the carpels and were sown in prepared beds in the nursery. The seeds germinated at the rate of about 10 per cent, two hundred and fifty seedlings being raised altogether. One hundred and forty are in pots growing fairly well.

197. Two ounces of the seed of *Eucalyptus saligna* germinated freely, returning nearly 300 plants. It is a tree of quick growth and elegant habit and one that is likely to succeed in this Province.

198. One ounce of the seed of *Pithecolobium saman* returned 63 seedlings which are now six inches high and looking very healthy.

199. The reserve nursery contains upwards of 10,000 useful plants in pots. The Conservator of Forests availed himself during the year of 420 young plants including 100 of the *Eucalyptus saligna*.

200. The *Liberian coffee* is reported to have made little progress in growth or utility. A few plants were however propagated by cuttings.

201. Thirty young plants of the *Mahogany* tree were raised from 4 lbs of seed presented by Dr. King of Calcutta and Mr. Woodrow of Ganesh Khind.

202. Altogether upwards of 150 new plants were introduced during the year, comprising forest trees, orchids, economic plants, and ornamental garden plants.

203. The old quarry at the east end of the garden is being utilized as a field for profitable cultivation. It is hoped that the clearing up of this untidy corner will be also an improvement in other respects.

204. Steps were taken during the year to reduce the expense of the menagerie and the aviary, and the less important birds and a few small animals have been either sold or let loose.

205. THE EXPERIMENTAL FARM AT BANGALORE.—The season opened with a heavy fall of rain of 3·1 inches which enabled a large tract of land to be re-ploughed. *Cholam* was sown and grew magnificently without irrigation and attained a height of 15 feet, but owing to defective drainage it yielded little seed. In the month of May *yellu*, *white cholam*, *karamani*, *ground-nut* and *maize* were sown, but owing to the cessation of the rains, the sowings were either partial or total failures. The months of May and June gave an average fall of 5·65 inches, the average of the same months for the previous eight years having been 8·25 inches; but the Farm suffered more from the chief fall being earlier than usual and the rain ceasing for considerable intervals than from the low average. In the middle of June the Superintendent left the Farm on a tour to investigate native agriculture in the Districts. Owing to the absence of the Superintendent for several months and to his illness and that of his Overseer during the remainder of the year, little or no experimental cultivation was carried on at the Farm. Portions of the Farm were rented to cultivators and in this manner the financial results of the year, which are as stated below, were more satisfactory than would have been possible otherwise :—

Expenditure (exclusive of the pay of the Superintendent)	Rs.	7,235
Income	..	1,566
Net Charge..		5,669

206. Sixty-three improved English ploughs were issued during the year from the Farm workshop to meet the demands of ryots in the Districts. Out of these only 13 have found purchasers, and there remain on hand 50 ploughs valued at Rs. 1,800.

207. At the end of the year the Farm was closed having been in existence for 3 years and 8 months. The preliminary working expenses incurred in bringing it into an efficient state from the date of opening up to 31st March 1879 have amounted to Rs. 49,089, and the receipts to Rs. 5,668.

FORESTS.

208. The approaching restoration of the Province to Native Rule has necessitated considerable reductions and simplification of establishments, and the consequent abolition of the Forest Department as a separate or independent branch of the Administration. The budget grant for establishments has been reduced from Rs. 1,20,000 to Rs. 75,000 per annum. The office of Conservator has been abolished and only 3 trained Forest Officers are retained for the management of the great forests in the Districts bordering on the Western Ghats and of the plantations and jungles in the Bangalore District and along the line of the Railway. The conservancy of the remaining forests scattered throughout the Province and the promotion of the growth of trees both by Government and by private individuals will devolve mainly on the District Revenue Officers. These arrangements which were approved by the Government of India were but partially carried into effect in the last months of the year under report.

209. *State-Forests.*—The list of State-forests remains unaltered. There are 33 State-forests covering an area of 454 square miles. The only notable alteration which took place during the year was the loss of 3 square miles in the Ainur-Marigudi Forest, which extent was transferred to Madras in the settlement of the boundary disputes between that Government and Mysore. Considerable progress has been made in defining the boundaries of the Hirikalgudda Forest in the Hassan District, which when completed would bring about 80 square miles of Maidan forests under proper conservancy.

210. *Demarcation.*—Ten and a half miles of new demarcation lines have been cut in the Nundydroog Division, and 5 miles in Ashtagram, the latter in connection with the re-adjustment of forest boundaries between Madras and this Province. In other respects the operations of the Forest Departments under this head have been confined to the re-clearing of the old demarcation lines in connection with fire protection. The new demarcation lines in the Nundydroog Division cost Rs. 8 per

mile and the re-clearing 3 rupees. The total length of boundary lines completed up to date is 227½ miles.

211. *Breaches of Forest Rules.*—The offences relate almost entirely to unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood. Six hundred and forty-one persons were prosecuted in 295 cases, of whom 556 were convicted. The cases are most numerous in the Shimoga District, where the villages being interspersed among the jungles afford facilities for the unauthorized felling and removal of timber from the forests.

212. *Improvement and Extension of Forests.*—Little has been done during the year in the way of promoting re-production in natural forests by artificial sowings.

213. *Protection of Forests from Fire.*—In the Nundydroog Division, attempts were made to protect from fire only 3 of the forests containing an area of 33 square miles, out of which about 1¾ square miles were burnt. All the other forests in this Division were burnt over early in the season. In the Nagar Division, 3 forests containing an area of 54 square miles were completely protected, fire having extended only to ¾th of a square mile. In the Ashtagram Division, the protection of 4 forests with an area of 87½ square miles was attempted, out of which only 8 square miles failed. These successful results are partly due to the favorable character of the season. The total expenditure on fire-protection amounted to Rs. 7,215, out of which Rs. 6,605 were incurred in the Ashtagram Division alone. In addition to the clearing and burning of fire-paths, the planting of dense belts of trees around the forests as the best means of preventing the growth of grass is being tried.

214. *Plantations.*—There are 20 plantations under the charge of the Forest Officers. The total area planted up to date was 3,986 acres, and the expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 1,36,676. The plantations may be classified as shewn under :—

No. of Plantations.	Class.	Area planted up to date. Acres.	Expenditure up to date. Rs.
5	Teak ..	263	23,372
2	Timber ..	413	15,215
3	Sandal ..	404	5,416
9	Fuel ..	2,902	91,587
1	Exotic plants	4	1,086
	Total....	3,986	1,36,676

215. During the year, 25 acres were sown with teak in the Ashtagram Division, and 105,161 seedlings of different kinds were transplanted in the plantations along the Railway. The expenditure incurred, amounting to Rs. 23,167, was chiefly in the maintenance of existing plantations.

216. *Yield of Forests.*—The quantity of timber of different kinds collected and sold during the year, the amount realized by Government and the expenditure incurred are shewn below:—

Particulars.	Quantity collected.	Quantity sold.	Amount realized.	Amount expended.
Collected by Government Agency.				
Sandal (tons)	1,047¼	1,080	3,69,268	36,479
Teak (C. ft.)	5,449	12,040	20,646	7,729
Junglewood „	20,878	19,262		
Teak poles (pieces)	4,071	3,661		
Teak sleepers „	39	3		
Junglewood poles (pieces)	2,170	2,058		
Bamboos	76,070	68,882	2,212	1,169
Firewood (carts)	2,126	2,204½	2,987	1,368
Grass and other produce	...	...	1,259	919
Collected by individuals under licenses.				
Timber	...	...	1,420	...
Firewood	...	...	940	...
Bamboos	...	...	2,882	...
Grazing and other Forest products	...	...	48,354	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	2,607	34,078
Establishment	...	...	...	1,16,278
Total.....	...	...	4,52,575	1,98,020

217. *Sandalwood.*—The quantity of sandalwood sold, *viz.*, 1,080 tons, was 70 tons in excess of the sales of the previous year, but the prices realized were less favorable, averaging Rs. 338 as against Rs. 385 per ton.

218. *Other Descriptions of Timber.*—The proceeds from other descriptions of timber are quite inconsiderable. Rs. 15,117 were realized by the Forest Department in the Nagar Division, Rs. 7,650 in Ashtagram and Rs. 3,063 in Nundydroog, the last item consisting entirely of proceeds from the sale of firewood. The markets both at Bangalore and Mysore are largely supplied from outside, the former with Rangoon timber brought by rail from Madras, and the latter with timber cut in private forests in the adjoining British Territories in the Malabar District.

219. The great forests in the Ashtagram Division having been little worked for some years past, and there being an undue accumulation of stunted teak, the removal of which was desirable to promote the growth of the forests as well as to prevent danger from the wood dying and taking fire, it was resolved to utilize the same for the supply of sleepers for the Mysore State Railway. Eleven thousand, three hundred and seven logs of teak estimated to yield 35,000 sleepers were cut during the year and removed to the nearest depôts, where arrangements are being made for their being sawn through contractors.

220. The receipts from timber removed from forests by private individuals under licenses amounted to Rs. 5,242. This was almost entirely from the forests under the charge of the District Officers. Pasture and other forest products in these forests realized Rs. 48,354, the receipts from this source in the State-forests being insignificant.

221. *Financial Results.*—The total Forest receipts under all heads amounted to Rs. 4,52,575. The expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 81,742 on Conservancy and Works and Rs. 1,16,278 on Establishments. The net revenue derived by Government from forests was therefore Rs. 2,54,555. This is entirely due to sandal. The operations of the Department in other respects being chiefly directed to conservancy, shew on the whole a loss rather than a profit.

222. *Trees in Groves and Avenues.*—There has been little variation under this head, as compared with the previous year. On the 31st March 1879 there were 818,814 trees in 16,645 topes distributed over 12,296 villages. Out of 3,994 miles of road in the Province, 3,718 have been planted with avenues of trees on either side at distances varying from 12 to 60 feet.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

223. The only mineral products worked in the Province are iron and pot-stone. Their produce for the year under report are given below :—

Iron	7,035 maunds	valued at	Rs. 24,400.
Pot-stone	920 „	„	1,000.

MANUFACTURES.

224. The estimated produce of the various industries other than agriculture carried on in the Province is detailed below. Their total value is estimated at Rs. 65,33,398, but it must be remarked that this value includes the price of the raw material out of which the manufactures are made :—

	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Silk	2,02,000	1,16,600	...	85,400
Cotton	5,30,396	15,49,436	10,19,040	...
Wool	1,37,975	2,36,575	98,600	...
Fibres	32,133	88,041	55,908	...
Iron	83,717	67,644	...	16,073
Brass and copper	14,25,475	12,93,875	..	1,31,600
Sugar	8,82,000	13,48,331	4,66,331	..
Coffee	15,89,516	13,35,696	...	2,53,820
Paper	...	...	...	...
Wood	...	39,797	39,797	..
Oils	4,62,736	4,57,403	...	5,333
Total...	53,45,948	65,33,398	16,79,676	4,92,226
Net...	...	...	11,87,450	

TRADE.

225. Appendix III (Nos. 1 & 2) exhibits the estimated quantity and value of the exports and imports of the principal articles both from outside as well as within the Province from one District to another. The statements are compiled from returns made by the Village and Taluk officials upon no proper data, and are altogether unreliable.

PUBLIC WORKS.

226. The annual grant for expenditure in the Public Works Department of this Province was 25 lakhs up to 1877—78 inclusive, but owing to financial difficulties caused by the famine, the grant for 1878-79 was reduced to Rs. 16½ lakhs, and subsequently to 15¾ lakhs, a sum of Rs. 75,000 having been resigned to provide for anticipated outlay on famine works. This grant provided both for "Irrigation" and "Roads and Buildings," which during previous years had been treated as separate branches, each having a distinct budget. The outlay during the year was Rs. 18,44,935, but of this amount Rs.7,25,206 was on account of relief works, leaving Rs. 11,19,729 only as debitable to ordinary works. As in the previous year, the ordinary expenditure was confined to works adapted to affording relief to the distressed classes, the necessity for which did not cease until three-fourths of the official year had elapsed.

227. The following statement shews the original grants, modified grants and outlay, distributed over the various heads and sub-heads of service. The small figures represent the normal expenditure on famine works. The loss or abnormal expenditure which, under the rules, has been debited to the Civil Department, amounted to Rs. 3,55,847:—

Head of Service.	Original Budget Grant.	As modified after issue of Budget Orders.	Expenditure.	Expenditure compared with Modifications. More.	Expenditure compared with Modifications. Less.	Remarks.
Original Works	6,50,000	5,75,000	3,14,172	...	2,60,828	
			2,66,900	2,66,900	...	
Repairs	4,76,000	4,76,000	4,06,023	...	69,977	
			2,19,563	2,19,563	...	
Establishment	4,95,650	4,95,650	4,00,256	...	95,394	
			2,33,301	2,33,301	...	
Tools and Plant	30,000	30,000	16,785	...	13,25	
			5,442	5,442	...	
Profit and Loss	...	...	17	17	...	
Suspense Balance.						
Stock Purchases and Sales	...	...	—778	...	778	
Stock...	...	...	—6,730	...	6,730	
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	—5,525	...	5,525	
London Stores	...	...	39	39	...	
Grand Total.....	16,51,650	15,76,650	11,24,259	56	4,52,447	
			7,25,206	7,25,206	...	
Deduct Receipts on Capital Account...	...	...	4,530	...	4,530	
			11,19,729	56	4,56,977	
Net Increase and Decrease.....			7,25,206	7,25,206	...	
			...	7,25,206	4,56,921	

228. In addition to the expenditure detailed in the above statement, Rs. 8,409 were expended out of Rs. 8,489 contributed by District Funds, and Rs. 26,271 out of cash contributions amounting to Rs. 60,019 promised by ryots and others. The ryots promised labor contributions towards the repair of irrigation works to the value of Rs. 31,410, but owing to the famine it was not found possible to get them to carry out work to the value of more than Rs. 1,273.

229. The actual money expenditure on works in the Province (exclusive of loss on account of famine charged to Civil Department) was thus Rs. 12,50,588, and the value of work supervised Rs. 12,51,861.

230. Under the head of Civil Buildings belonging to Land Revenue, work was continued in the construction of a Taluk Cutcherry at Yedehalli, but from difficulties in the matter of labor and supervision, the few details required to complete this building were not finished by the end of the year. The building had been roofed in and made habitable in previous year.

231. A still more unsatisfactory lapse of allotment than that of the previous year occurred in the case of the Taluk Cutcherry at Sorab which was also under construction, from delay in the submission of contractor's bills, although the building was practically completed. This delay has still to be explained by the parties responsible for the timely measurement of the work.

232. In addition to these, small sums were spent in completing the Taluk Cutcherries at Belur, Kolar and Kankuppa.

233. Under Law and Justice, work progressed in constructing a Munsiff's Court at Chikmagalur. The walls were run up during the year; but the difficulty experienced by the contractor in getting in properly seasoned wood of good quality prevented further progress, and only Rs. 842 were expended during the year.

234. In the work of constructing a District Jail at Chitaldroog, a few of the minor buildings were completed, whilst the foundations of main block of barracks, and of enclosure and cross walls were got in, and part of the superstructure run up. The supervision was imperfect, and the rejection by the Superintending Engineer of a quantity of inferior materials collected by the contractor partly accounts for the bad progress and lapse on the grant. The estimated cost is Rs. 30,800. Out of an allotment of Rs. 12,000, Rs. 9,940 were expended in the year.

235. The bad work done in the previous year in constructing a wall around the Civil Jail at Chikmagalur was re-built, and further progress was as good as the number of stone-workers available for quarrying the stone would admit.

236. The only work under Police buildings was that of constructing a separate block for Police Assistant, Munsiff's Court and Local Fund Engineer's Office at Chikmagalur, which was satisfactorily completed at a cost of Rs. 7,743.

237. The non-receipt from England of iron work and finials for the pinnacles at angles of the central block and wings, prevented the completion of the work of extending and improving the High School at Bangalore so far as it has been determined to complete it. As noted in the review of previous year, the somewhat expensive ornamental iron parapets are to be postponed. The estimated cost of the project is Rs. 45,143 and the total outlay up to date Rs. 34,862.

238. The administrative block, one cottage-ward, cook-room and godowns of the Lying-in-Hospital at Bangalore were satisfactorily finished. To complete the project in its entirety two additional wards and quarters for an Apothecary have still to be built. The estimated cost is Rs. 49,302.

239. *Palace of the Maha Raja at Bangalore.*—The work of the year was restricted to laying Minton tiles and fixing the iron work of upper iron verandah, these materials having been already collected and being useless for other purposes. The total expenditure incurred up to date is Rs. 1,98,158.

240. The large bungalow at Túmkúr, the property of General Dobbs, having been offered for sale on most advantageous terms to Government, and it being necessary to provide the District Munsiff with suitable accommodation at head-quarters, the Chief Commissioner decided to purchase the above property for Rs. 10,000 and to transfer thereto the office and residence of the Executive Engineer, leaving the old Public Works Department office available for the Munsiff's Court, for which its central position and proximity to the District offices rendered it most suitable.

IRRIGATION.

241. In the Cauvery Division the work done on irrigation channels is described below:—

Four miles of new channel were excavated on the extension of north channel, Sriramdevar dam, and water can now be delivered as far as 46¼ miles. Permanent irrigation sluices have been completed with the exception of two. An aqueduct at the 43¾th mile was built, and the one at the 42¾th mile completed during the year. The work still remaining to be done consists of the completion of bridges and accommodation bridges over aqueducts; and the delay in the prosecution of the same is due to the difficulty experienced in the collection of slab stones, of which a large number is required.

242. *Improving Krishnaraj Anicut and Channels*:—In the Ramnathpur channel the Ulenhalli aqueduct was satisfactorily repaired, and water passed over it during the last irrigation season. The Agraram aqueduct was also completed and utilized during the irrigation season. Three miles of extension were completed, including one aqueduct, and water admitted. Twelve permanent sluices, and face walls to four waste-weirs, were built. Bund-raising in 4 miles of channel was also carried out.

243. In the Kattapur channel 11 permanent sluices and 5 bridges were built. Five waste-weirs were overhauled, face and wing walls being constructed of brick, and aprons re-set. Bund-raising for two miles was finished. The foundations for a super-passage were laid, and materials collected for its superstructure. Progress on this channel was somewhat retarded owing to the preparation of materials for masonry works not having been sufficiently advanced.

244. Rupees 10,805 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 15,000.

245. The allotment for improvements to Chikdevarsagar channel was Rs. 24,000, which was expended together with Rs. 3,452 from ryots' contribution.

246. Thirty-seven permanent sluices were constructed, and 6 bridges of 12 feet width each, and 2 others which were commenced in previous year, were completed. Repairs to 7 bridges were also carried out. Of the waste-weirs, 12 were completed between the head-sluice and the 45th mile. Four Biddagundis or sand-sluices were reconstructed. Some work to aqueducts at the 14th and 25th miles was done, and materials collected for the one at 33rd mile. The Karikal aqueduct was completed, and worked during the last irrigation season with very satisfactory results. The quality of work continues good.

247. The modified allotment for improvements to Viziyanadi channel was Rs. 12,000, of which only Rs. 6,456 was expended; the difficulty in procuring labor delayed the work, but better progress should have been made. The work carried out during the year consisted of completion of waste-weirs, bridges and permanent sluices. The channel bed towards the end has yet to be brought to section, and it is in this portion of the channel that the incompleted items are. It is believed that Rs. 8,000 will suffice to complete the work, but it is proposed to utilize the savings on estimate in the construction of masonry works to deal with the drainage in first 4 miles of channel, and in the re-construction of under-sluice.

248. The allotment for improvements to Ramaswami channel was reduced from Rs. 12,000 to Rs. 2,000. Rupees 2,455 were expended during the year. The revised estimate of Rs. 96,567, providing for improvements to this channel, was not sanctioned till towards the close of the year, and this accounts for the reduction in grant and small expenditure. The work done during the year was in bringing anicut to a level with concrete, with which satisfactory progress was made, over 400 feet in length of lowest portion of anicut having been brought to section. The manufacture of bricks was put in hand, and sufficient bricks burnt to answer for masonry works from head-sluice to 5th mile.

249. Rupees 6,000 were provided for improvements to Kannambadi channel by re-appropriation; but owing to materials not being ready for masonry works, and to the difficulty experienced in procuring labor in this part of the District which is thinly populated, only Rs. 3,214 were expended. During the year the head-sluice was completed, and foundations for under-sluice got in. The quality of work is reported to be fair.

250. The following is a brief account of the work done to irrigating tanks in the different Divisions of the Province.

251. *Hassan Division.*—The allotment for the restoration of Bellur-Dasankere series was increased from Rs. 10,000, to 15,000, and Rs. 14,468 were expended during the year, together with Rs. 1,314 from contributions. With the exception of three tanks, which it has been found necessary to postpone, the series has been completed.

252. The few tanks in the Channaraypatna series which were selected and started with the Chief Commissioner's sanction, for the purpose of affording relief to the distressed in the neighbourhood during the famine, have been completed at a total cost of Rs. 19,308.

253. Work on the Janavar series was completed and accounts were closed. expenditure of Rs. 4,342 incurred during the year has been debited to famine, the works having been expressly started for relief purposes under the sanction of the Local Administration.

254. *Mysore Division.*—The modified allotment for the Koppa series was Rs. 11,250, of which Rs. 9,638 were expended. The short expenditure is attributed to difficulty in procuring labor and to the scattered position of the tanks.

255. In the Sulekere series, Nos. 1 and 2 sub-series were completed in previous years, and tanks handed over to Revenue Department for up-keep by ryots. No. 3 was completed during the year. The tanks still in hand in No. 4 Sub-series are inam; and with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, works are being carried out by this Department, the amount being recovered from inamdars. No. 5 sub-series was under execution by Revenue Officers. No. I outlaying chain has been completed with the exception of one inam tank, which is now in hand by this Department.

256. Only Rs. 672 was expended for the Maddur series out of a modified allotment of Rs. 5,000, the cause of short expenditure being the same as that assigned for Koppa series. There is only one tank remaining incomplete in this series, and it will be out of hand during the current year.

257. *Kolar Division.*—Rupees 3,012 were expended on the Kadgodi series against an allotment of Rs. 5,000. Rupees 8,029 were expended on the large Mallappa Chetti's tank, which was carried on as a relief work. This tank is completed, except raising of waste-weir to full height.

258. The modified allotment for the Hoskote series (including the Hoskote large tank) was Rs. 19,616. Rs. 23,907 were expended under "Ordinary" and "Famine." Bhadram tank, one of the largest in the series, was carried on as a relief work, and was almost completed at the close of the year.

259. In the Ramsagar series, sub-series 1 to 6 were completed in previous years. Good progress was made with No. 7 and 8 sub-series; only 3 tanks remained incomplete at the close of the year in the former, and one in the latter; and these are approaching completion. Two tanks in No. 9 sub-series were started for relief purposes, of which one was completed, and good progress made with the other. A few tanks in Nos. 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 18 and 23 were also started for relief purposes, and most of them got out of hand. The large Betmangala and Ramsagar tanks situated in Nos. 24 and 25 sub-series, respectively, were satisfactorily completed.

260. The Palar minor series consisting of 3 sub-series were all completed during the year.

261. The allotments for irrigation works in Kolar Division aggregated Rs. 83,634, and Rs. 1,08,631 were expended under ordinary and famine.

262. *Chitaldroog Division.*—On the abolition of No. I Tank Division, of which Chitaldroog District formed a Range, the latter was constituted a temporary division with the sanction of the Government of India, *vide* Public Works Department No. 50 E. I. of the 2nd April 1878. The modified allotments for original irrigation works in this division aggregated Rs. 25,891, against which Rs. 29,945 were expended. Rs. 13,567 were expended in addition under "Famine," making the total expenditure in the division Rs. 43,512. The principal irrigation works in hand in the division were the tanks in

Chinna Hagari drainage, and the Talak and Dodéri tank feeders; the two former have been completed. The Dodéri feeder was carried on as a relief work.

263. *Túmkúr Division.*—The restoration of the Timmenhalli tank, which was commenced in Chitaldroog Division as a relief work, was transferred in June 1878 to Túmkúr Division, it being situated within easy range of the other works in latter Division. Rs. 11,939 were expended and debited to famine. The work was closed in November 1878, the necessity for it as a relief work having ceased, and its further prosecution as an ordinary work not being considered desirable.

264. *Kadur Division.*—The feeder to Keresante tank was commenced in the previous year as a relief work, and continued as such until October 1878, when it was taken in hand as an ordinary work. Rs. 10,373 were expended under famine, and Rs. 1,390 out of the imperial allotment of Rs. 2,000 provided towards the close of the year by re-appropriation.

265. Rupees 7,992 were expended by Revenue Officers in the restoration of a few small serial and other original works out of Rs. 10,770 provided by re-appropriation. Rs. 2,372 were also expended by them under "Famine."

266. Under the head of Communications many important works are in progress in the Province; the necessity of providing for famine relief and of reducing expenditure generally has adversely affected their progress. The more important road works only need be noticed here.

267. The progress of the year in constructing 7 miles of new road from Periyapatna to Coorg frontier was very poor owing to the great scarcity of labor from which all works along the western frontier suffered severely during the year.

268. Considering the locality which is notoriously unhealthy, and the difficulty of procuring labor, the progress made on improving and bridging the Manantody road was fair. The one arch bridge on the 109th mile was satisfactorily finished, but work to the adjoining iron lattice bridge of 44 feet span across the worst nullah on the road made little or no progress, owing to want of foresight and resource on the part of the establishment. The masonry of an important bridge near Kakankote was completed, as well as several small culverts. This is an important project and its estimated cost is Rs. 1,42,630.

269. Want of labor was the sole cause of the wretched progress on ghat improvements. For stone work in the Kadur Malnad, Mapla labor is solely employed, and large gangs usually come up the ghats at the close of the monsoon in search of contracts for stone revetting, earth-work, &c. This year this class of labor entirely failed, and hardly any progress is in consequence reported in the work of widening the Bhund ghat, on the Basvankanve ghat deviation or the Basvankote-Balehonnur road.

270. Some stone work to parapets, copings, &c., of bridges on the Vastara-Balehonnur road, (sections 3 and 4) alone remained to be done at the close of the year. The expenditure incurred up to date has been Rs. 30,300. Owing to changes in establishment the work of building bridges on the Anemahal-Múdgere road was taken in hand very late in the season, and but little was done.

271. Part of the allotment for the road from Achur to Kamakki on the Vastara-Hariharpur line was withdrawn for reasons already stated, and the supply of labor was inadequate to do more than widen the bridle road in places; on the 2nd section from Balehonnur to Baggunjikatte, however, a small bridge was completed and a little blasting and gravelling done, leaving but little to complete the line, which is now in excellent trafficable order. The total outlay incurred on this section has amounted to Rs. 66,542.

272. It having been considered desirable, in view to meet outlay on famine works which it was found necessary to carry on for a longer period than had been anticipated, to retrench on ordinary works which were not pressing, a large portion of the allotment for the Hydergharghat-Shimoga road, 4th section, Kallurkatte-Bennavalli road was withdrawn in the month of November. Notwithstanding this the expenditure fell far short of the remaining grant from lack of labor. Three small bridges and three culverts were completed, as well as some embanking. For the same reason the project of bridging the Kodachi and Sutah Rivers on the section between

Kallurkatte and Nagar was held in abeyance, but the bridges over the Shiddi and Mumbar nullahs on the Kallurkatte-Bennavalli road were thrown open to traffic, but parapets, cap stones and copings still remain to be done.

273. On the 5th section of the Hydergharghat-Shimoga road between Ainur and Bennavalli, progress was poor owing partly to scarcity of labor, partly to illness of the subordinate in charge.

274. Bridging the Benhatti river which separates the Province from an outlying part of the South Canara Collectorate, was begun. Piers and abutments were brought up to springing level. The exhaustion of the quarry which had been depended on for the supply of stone, prevented more rapid progress, and the rains came on before the arches could be turned.

275. On the Shimoga-Agumbe road scarcity of labor as elsewhere prevented the anticipated completion of the deviation at Bangod. This is to be regretted, as the traffic has still to go over a terribly bad gradient between the 32nd and 34th miles of the Agumbe road, which this deviation is meant to overcome.

276. The Kushavati bridge has been completed during the year.

277. The project for improving the Manjarabad ghat hung fire like others from want of labor. The small outlay incurred was on making good the new embankments which had impeded traffic in the previous year.

278. In connection with the line from Mallur ghat to Shimoga, a road is under construction, partly in the Shimoga District and partly in Kadur, to join Yedehalli by Umblibail with Shimoga. The allotment for the portion in Shimoga was withdrawn, and in the Kadur District very little was done owing to dearth of labor and short establishments.

279. In Miscellaneous Public Improvements the progress made on the Bangalore Water Works was materially affected by the results of the famine upon labor, and also by a considerable reduction therein, due to the carrying on of the railway works near Bangalore. A large proportion of the labor previously came from the Pettah, and nearly the whole of this was diverted to the railway works. A body of relief coolies was employed to supplement the deficient labor during the early part of the year, but the work turned out by these was very small. The main work of the project is the bund, and this was practically completed, the concrete heart wall being carried up to full level, and the earth work to crest level. Some little work in pitching the front slope has yet to be done, and some trimming up of the rear slope, but this should be completed within the next three to four months. The several weirs for the overflow from the tank have since been completed, as also the feeder channels, so far as it is proposed to carry them out for the present.

280. The flat concrete arches of the aqueducts on the delivery channel have not turned out so well as was expected, owing mainly to shrinkage, but the less bold concrete arch over the north inlet channel of 40 feet span and 10 feet rise, carrying the railway feeder road, has answered well.

281. The rock cutting through the Guttahalli ridge has been delayed unexpectedly, owing to the Sappers who undertook the work being required for service in the field. It is now in the hands of a native contractor, but it will probably be some months before the cutting is ready to carry the delivery channel through to the Cantonment basin tanks. The total outlay on the project has up to date amounted to Rs. 4,99,679.

282. Outside what was done upon the Mysore Water Supply Project by the agency of famine and convict labor the progress was very backward, from the scarcity of local able-bodied coolies. The puddle trench along the centre of bund was brought up to ground level, and some progress was made with the bund itself and excavation of feeding channel. The puddling and consolidation of the earth work have been carefully attended to.

FAMINE RELIEF WORKS.

283. The closing months of the previous year had seen the numbers on relief works rapidly diminish as prospects improved and prices became easier ; yet though famine in the ordinary acceptation of the term had ceased altogether as the early rains set in, it was found impossible to close relief works until there was a reascna-

ble certainty that the occupants of the camps would find means of subsistence elsewhere. The enhancement of tasks, the enforcement of the distance test, and the reduction of the wage to correspond with the fall in prices, first thinned the able-bodied gangs, whilst the transference of the old and infirm to the village grain-dole and the judicious distribution of Mansion House Funds to ryots and artizans, gradually reduced the numbers on relief. No work was closed suddenly, no harsh or summary disbanding of the gangs took place, and till the last the "Specials" were exceptionally treated and the hospitals kept open. By the end of November the gangs had dissolved and famine operations had ceased.

284. The extension of the earth-works of the Mysore State Railway up to Closepet, the completion of the Agrahar reservoir and feeder, the Mysore Water Works, the Hebbur tank, the Bhadram, Bindganhalli, Hoskote, and Mallappa Chetti's Tank, the metalling of the Bangalore-Bellary road, the improvement of the Hiriyur-Bellary road, and the collection of metal along the main roads in Túmkúr, were the chief relief works of the year. Each and all of them were works of decided utility, and for the money expended, a fair out-turn of useful work may be claimed.

REPAIRS.

285. Against the grant of Rs. 15,000 for repairs to Civil Buildings, the outlay was Rs. 14,424. This was much heavier than the similar outlay of previous year, but careful scrutiny of the estimates was maintained and the excess was unavoidable.

286. For repairs of channels Rs. 27,437 were provided, of which Rs. 25,401 were expended, together with Rs. 4,660 from cash contributions. In all 90 works were in hand; they were satisfactorily executed, and call for no special remarks. The decrease in expenditure of late years on the maintenance of these channels is due principally to their improved condition.

287. The expenditure on tank repairs by Public Works Officers has been Rs. 54,230, *viz.*, Rs. 21,137 under ordinary against appropriations aggregating Rs. 24,241, and Rs. 33,093 under famine and from cash contributions.

288. Expenditure on ordinary tank repairs by Revenue Officers amounted to Rs. 1,14,225, which includes Rs. 61,019 expended under famine, and Rs. 430 from cash contributions. The percentage of establishment to outlay under Revenue Officers paid from the Public Works Budget was 12·56 or 3·42 more than that of 1877—78. This establishment has since been amalgamated with that of the Public Works Department, which will in future carry out all public works in the Province.

289. During the year, 115 tanks were breached or otherwise damaged against 564 in the previous year, or an average of 208 in the preceding five years. This is partly due to the scanty rain-fall, and partly to the tanks being in better condition than formerly.

290. The cost of the Conservancy Establishment for maintaining irrigation channels was Rs. 33,263, whilst the expenditure incurred upon the repairs of the channels, including money and labor contributions by ryots, amounted to Rs. 30,184. The revenue for the year was Rs. 3,71,296, being an increase of Rs. 1,268 over that for the previous year. A full supply of water was maintained in the channels throughout the irrigation season.

291. The outlay on road repairs was Rs. 43,832 less than the grant of Rs. 3,35,000, but as a set-off against this saving, there was a famine outlay of Rs. 1,25,530, much of which went towards the actual maintenance of the roads, though the larger proportion went to improvements, and the laying in of stocks of metal. The Hiriyur-Bellary road, which had fallen into serious disrepair during previous years, was greatly improved by the agency of relief coolies. The main roads in the Bangalore, Túmkúr and Shimoga Divisions were kept in excellent order, the Cuddapah road in Bangalore and the Kunigal road in Túmkúr being, however, exceptions. In Hassan-Kadur two of the most important roads deteriorated seriously, but this was partly due to want of establishment and want of labor, whilst in Mysore the 1st class roads from loose and careless work fell far short of the standard condition.

292. The budget grant for establishment was Rs. 4,95,650, and the outlay against it Rs. 4,00,256, the saving being Rs. 95,394; but Rs. 2,33,301 were expended under famine, for which no special provision was made. Excluding the charges for the Channel Conservancy Establishment, the cost of the establishment proper,

including famine, amounted to Rs. 6,00,294; the total expenditure supervised by it being Rs. 12,51,861, the percentage for the year was 48·2 on works alone, and 31·8 on the total outlay. This high percentage is due, among other causes, to the large expensive establishments that were maintained for the purpose of supervising relief works, some of which failed to draw labor and had to be closed.

293. The reduced budget for the year provided for one Superintending Engineer instead of two, as in previous years, for the separate Roads and Buildings and Irrigation Branches; but owing to the famine it was found necessary to retain the services of both Superintending Engineers until the close of the year.

294. During the year 5 passed students of the School of Engineering and Natural Science at Bangalore were appointed Engineer Apprentices, and two Overseers.

295. The Superintending Engineer appends the following remark to his report:—

"The operations of the Department during the year were made subservient to the necessities induced by the famine. Such works as could be deferred were stopped and the funds thus obtained freely applied to other works more suitable to relief purposes. Many budget works that were perfectly suitable languished from want of labor, and as will be seen from the remarks made against these works, indifferent progress was the result. As the pressure of famine declined, the numbers of the famine-stricken and the expenditure thereon of course became gradually less. Supervision could not however be reduced in the same proportion, and this will account to a great extent for the heavy percentage the establishment charges bear to the expenditure.

Taking the very serious drawbacks into consideration, the progress made on works during the year was quite as good as could have been looked for, and a great deal of very important and useful work, notably the earth-work to the Mysore Railway and the construction and improvement of several important tanks, was turned out by the famine coolies."

POST OFFICE.

296. The year exhibits no change in the constitution of the Anche Department or the means employed in the local postal service, but the rates charged were changed in accordance with an alteration made in the Imperial postage rates to which Anche rates are assimilated.

297. No new receiving houses were opened during the year, but one was closed, reducing the number to 156. A new line of 13 miles was opened experimentally between Sorab and Banavasi, and another of equal distance from Periyapatna to Fraserpet was closed, leaving the total length of lines worked by the Anche the same as in the year previous, namely, 2,365 miles.

298. The returns of paid letters shew a decrease of 95,339 or 8·07 per cent. The number of registered letters have fallen from 16,331 in 1877—78 to 14,228 in 1878—79. There was also a decrease in the number of parcels to the extent of 47·17 per cent. On the other hand, the return of packets and newspapers which passed through the post exhibits an increase of 1,538 or 3·13 per cent. Official and un-paid correspondence decreased by 145,770. or 10·39 per cent.

299. The number of mis-sent letters increased from 90 in 1877—78 to 247 in the year under report.

300. The number of letters sent to and received from the Imperial Post Office exhibits a decrease of 14,734 and 458 respectively.

301. There was only one case of highway robbery as against 3 in the year preceding.

302. The total income of the Department including postage of official covers was Rs. 1,86,230, while the actual receipts amounted to Rs. 50,198, or 5,205 less than in the year before, against disbursements amounting to Rs. 1,64,567.

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(a) IMPERIAL REVENUE.

303. The demand for the year under all heads of revenue amounted to Rs. 1,04,52,853, as against Rs. 1,02,72,913 for the previous year, giving a net increase of Rs. 1,79,940 as particularized in the subjoined statement :—

No.	Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Difference,	
				Increase.	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue	72,70,654	73,00,677	30,023	...
2	Forest	4,79,283	4,51,843	...	27,440
3	Abkari (including opium revenue)	10,25,596	9,52,082	...	73,514
4	Assessed Taxes	3,03,662	2,76,444	...	27,218
5	Customs (Sayer)	3,66,231	4,58,537	92,306	...
6	Salt pans	6,114	8,713	2,599	...
7	Stamps	4,96,873	5,29,685	32,812	...
8	Post Office	55,450	50,347	...	5,103
9	Law and Justice	1,14,004	1,24,875	10,871	...
10	Police	8,527	7,758	...	769
11	Public Works	25,073	60,235	35,162	...
12	Mint	148	6,293	6,145	...
13	Miscellaneous	1,21,298	2,25,364	1,04,066	...
	Total.....	1,02,72,913	1,04,52,853	3,13,984	1,34,044
	Net Increase.....			1,79,940	

304. Including the balance of Rs. 64,17,722 outstanding on the 1st April 1878 on account of previous years, the revenue to be collected amounted to Rs. 1,68,70,575, of which Rs. 1,21,22,604 were realized during the year. This unprecedentedly large collection is partly owing to the last khist of the previous year amounting to 4 annas in the rupee falling due in May of the current year under special arrangements made in connection with the famine. In the year under report, the revenue khists or instalments were again brought back within the *year. That such large collections were made without difficulty or much resort to coercive measures is proof of the rapid revival of the agricultural classes with favorable seasons and prices.

	Annas.
*December	2
January	6
February	6
March	2

305. Considerable remissions of arrears of revenue due on account of the famine-years had to be made to the extent of Rs. 8,66,126. They were granted under the following heads :—

	Rs.
1. Land Revenue	6,86,727
2. Forests	2,679
3. Abkari	1,42,510
4. Mohatarfa	34,134
5. Miscellaneous	76
	8,66,126

and were distributed over the several Districts as shewn below :—

	Rs.
Bangalore	1,23,048
Kolar	74,745
Túmkúr	3,35,481
Mysore	41,328
Hassan	1,36,784
Shimoga	14,408
Kadur	32,755
Chitaldroog	1,07,577
Total.....	8,66,126

306. The remissions were necessarily heaviest in the Districts which most suffered from the famine. The arrears remitted were almost entirely due by ryots who had died or deserted or otherwise abandoned their lands, or who had lost all their means

and were not able to resume their cultivation. In the case of ryots who retained their lands and carried on cultivation to the usual extent, consideration where required was shewn by way of postponement of portions of the demand instead of granting absolute remissions.

307. The remissions shewn under the head of land revenue include Rs. 37,462, the assessment on lands remitted in favor of Patels and Shanbhogs in unsettled taluks on account of the temporary remuneration assigned to them pending the survey.

308. The item of revenue which most suffered from the famine was that derived from toddy, the consumers of which, consisting of the poorer and miscellaneous classes, largely perished from want. The contractors of the monopoly, who entered into their engagements for a term of years in favorable seasons, consequently broke down, and large arrears remained uncollected ; of which portions had to be remitted on condition of the contractors paying up the remainder.

309. Notwithstanding the large collections made and the remissions granted, there still remained at the close of the year a balance of Rs. 38,81,845, of which Rs. 32,60,000 were due on account of land revenue. Of this Rs. 15,87,000 have been subsequently recovered up to the end of September, but a portion of the remainder would require to be remitted in the ensuing settlement.

310. The following is a brief explanation of the fluctuations observable in the several items of the revenue demand of the year.

311. The land revenue amounted to Rs. 73,00,677 as against Rs. 72,70,654 in the preceding year, and was composed of the following items :—

Items.	1877—78.		1878—79.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.
Money Assessment ...	4,206,870	66,62,179	4,093,112	65,27,891	...	...	113,758	1,34,288
Batayi or division of crops	6,140	36,996	23,569	1,46,499	17,429	1,09,503	...	...
Coffee halat ...	...	38,108	...	33,453	...	...	...	4,655
Pasture land ...	...	36,926	...	60,068	...	23,142	...	...
Kayamgutta villages ...	...	61,957	...	62,263	...	306	...	...
Lightly assessed and whole Inam villages ...	...	1,55,518	...	1,56,756	...	1,238	...	...
Inam Jodi on minor inams	...	1,77,341	...	1,96,702	...	19,361	...	...
Sale proceeds of Government lands ...	...	22,954	...	8,314	...	...	...	14,640
Miscellaneous ...	...	78,675	...	1,24,055	...	45,380	...	...
Total.....	...	72,70,654	...	73,16,001	...	1,98,930	...	1,53,583
Deduct $\frac{1}{17}$th of the assessment on wet and garden lands in surveyed taluks, credited to Irrigation Cess Fund ...	...	...	...	15,324	...	...	...	15,324
Net Land Revenue.....	...	72,70,654	...	73,00,677	...	1,98,930	...	1,68,907

312. Under the main head of money assessment on cultivated lands or lands under occupation, there was a net decrease in extent of 113,758 acres, and in assessment of Rs. 1,34,288, and this notwithstanding that the introduction of the Survey settlement during the year into the four Taluks of Banavar, Tarikere, Kavaledurga, and Nelamangala, was attended with an increase to the revenue of Rs. 31,866.

313. The above decrease represents the loss of cultivation and revenue resulting from the famine, consisting of lands relinquished by ryots in indigent circumstances who were not able to carry on their cultivation to the full extent, and of lands belonging to ryots who died or deserted, which were struck off the accounts. These lands continued to be borne on the rent-rolls during the general disorganization which

ensued on the famine, but they brought in no revenue and only swelled the amount of the irrecoverable balances which had afterwards to be written off: but as soon as the Province again settled itself into order, the ryots came forward to relinquish the lands which they could not hope any longer to cultivate.

314. The lands relinquished and those taken up for cultivation during the year are shewn in the subjoined statement separately for the surveyed and unsurveyed taluks:—

	Surveyed.		Unsurveyed.		Total.	
	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment. Rs.
Lands taken up.	89,413	93,101	36,687	93,549	126,100	1,86,650
Do relinquished	196,188	166,768	77,260	1,25,111	273,448	2,91,879
Do deserted	...	...	...	....	...	84,365

315. The area under cultivation which amounted to 4,093,112 acres assessed at Rs. 65,27,891 may be classified as under:—

Class of Land.	1877—78.		1878—79.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.
Dry	3,469,693	30,59,072	3,337,831	29,20,245	...	...	131,862	1,38,827
Wet	543,865	23,24,897	554,797	23,35,346	10,932	10,449	...	...
Garden... ...	172,555	11,23,410	179,887	11,18,511	7,332	...	...	4,899
Sugar-cane ...	10,258	1,09,644	10,875	1,12,193	617	2,549	...	...
Mulberry ...	10,499	45,156	9,722	41,596	...	...	777	3,560
Total.....	4,206,870	66,62,179	40,93,112	65,27,891	18,881	12,998	132,639	1,47,286
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	113,758	1,34,288

316. The falling off in cultivation was entirely in dry lands, and it occurred in the Districts which were most affected by the famine. That the falling off should have been so small when the loss of population from famine was estimated at no less than 20 per cent, shews how the agricultural classes, who are the mainstay of the country, sustained themselves against the effects of that dire calamity, which swept away chiefly the poorer and miscellaneous classes.

317. Amongst the other items included in the land revenue, there is a considerable increase in the receipts from batayi, or lands cultivated under the system of the division of the crop between the Government and the cultivators. These consist chiefly of wet lands in the Kolar and Bangalore Districts which, in order to promote the cultivation of abandoned lands, were given out on more favorable terms than usual. The area under batayi cultivation was therefore greater, and the out-turn of the crop being good and prices favorable, the receipts under this head were larger than usual.

318. The receipts from the halat on coffee which fell off considerably in previous years shew a further loss in the present. The duty being levied at the rate of four annas per maund, the amount of duty levied would represent a total produce for the year of 132,608 maunds, or 33,152 cwts, which is a poor produce for the 120,000 acres held on coffee patta. The introduction of an acreage assessment on the coffee lands is looked forward to to secure to the Government a fair revenue.

319. The rent of pasture lands shews an increase as the concession of free grazing allowed during the famine years has been withdrawn.

320. The increase in the next three heads is due to quit-rent imposed during the Inam settlement. A considerable extent of kodagi inams was enfranchised at varying rates of quit-rent; whilst the remissions of jodi allowed during the famine years on the inam lands of minor village servants were discontinued.

321. There was a considerable falling off in the receipts from the sale of lands for coffee cultivation in which there had been an unusually brisk competition in the previous year.

322. The various items comprised in the head "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous" are particularized in the subjoined statement:—

No.	Items.	1877-78.	1878-79.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Village Amrayi or fruit trees	59,242	95,652	36,410	...
2	Collections on account of land cultivated but not included in Jamabandi	3,871	6,666	2,795	...
3	Collections on account of concealed cultivation ...	11	457	446	...
4	Do from Inam lands on account of inamdars' absence	784	891	107	...
5	Fees on coffee pattas	456	385	...	71
6	Sale proceeds of assessed unoccupied lands sold by public auction	7,762	...	...	7,762
7	Sale proceeds of ryots' receipt books	103	292	189	...
8	Do of trees in unoccupied lands in surveyed taluks...	...	5,309	5,309	...
9	Fees collected on Revenue processes	487	1,439	952	...
10	Additional assessment charged on lands cultivated without orders	3,918	5,299	1,381	...
11	Other items	2,041	7,665	5,624	...
	Total.....	78,675	1,24,055	53,213	7,833
			Net Increase.....!	45,380	

323. There was a considerable increase in the receipts from "Amrayi" or fruit trees which no longer suffered from the effects of the famine.

324. The several causes of increase and decrease which produced the net result under "Land Revenue" above shewn may be thus summarized:—

A. Increase.

	Rs.
By land taken up for cultivation	1,86,650
„ increase of assessment occasioned by Survey and Settlement	1,84,768
„ imposition of rent for additional crops raised	15,057
„ increase in the enumeration of cocoanut and supari trees in gardens not brought to book in previous years	11,022
„ „ in prices realized by the sale of batáyi crop ..	1,09,503
„ imposition of quit-rent, &c., by the Inam Department ..	20,905
„ increase in sale proceeds of pasture lands	23,142
„ „ in miscellaneous items	45,380
Total,...	5,96,427

B. Decrease.

By decrease owing to relinquishment of lands	2,91,879
Do do desertions	84,365
Do of assessment occasioned by Survey and Settlement ..	1,52,901
Do in enumeration of cocoanut and arecanut trees ..	2,640
Do in Coffee Halat	4,655
Do in sale proceeds of Government lands	14,640
Total....	5,51,080
Net Increase....	45,347

FORESTS.

325. The total revenue from "Forests" amounted to Rs. 4,51,843 or Rs. 27,440 less than that of the previous year, as particularized in the subjoined table:—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.
Proceeds from sale of sandalwood	3,89,335	3,65,298
Do do timber	39,791	28,812
Amount realized from the contract of pepper and cardamom jungles ...	8,441	10,379
Lac	2,543	1,175
Wax and honey	1,914	1,868
Iron furnaces	5,069	2,930
Miscellaneous or other minor forest produce including pasturage, &c. ...	32,190	41,381
Total.....	4,79,283	4,51,843
Decrease.....	...	27,440

326. The quantity of sandal sold was slightly in excess of that of the preceding year, *viz.*, 1,080 tons, as against 1,009½ tons in 1877—78; but the prices realized were not favorable, the maximum and minimum rates obtained for good and inferior wood being Rs. 374 and 23 per ton, as against Rs. 427 and 51 respectively in the previous year. The sales of timber to the public fell off as the timber in the State-forests was being utilized for the supply of sleepers to the Mysore State Railway. The increase in the receipts from minor forest products was to be expected as the forests were beginning to recover from the effects of the famine.

ABKARI.

327. The abkari revenue for the year under report amounted to Rs. 9,52,082, as against Rs. 10,25,596 in the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 73,514 as shewn in the subjoined comparative statement:—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Still-head duty on arrack	3,62,088	3,80,462	18,374	...
Do do beer	9,612	4,279	...	5,333
License fees	33,433	27,663	...	5,770
Sale of arrack shops by public auction	10,474	7,022	...	3,452
Toddy contract, &c.	5,95,940	5,20,324	...	75,616
Gánja contract	11,026	10,224	...	802
Opium	1,940	1,931	...	9
Miscellaneous	1,083	177	...	906
Total.....	10,25,596	9,52,082	18,374	91,888
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	73,514

328. Though the receipts from the still-head duty on arrack shews some increase as compared with the preceding year, they are considerably short of the amount realized before the famine. During the year under report, the Sadar Distillery system was discontinued in the Nundydroog Division, and the exclusive right of manufacturing and selling arrack was given out on contract for three years from 1st

April 1878 to 31st March 1881, the renter guaranteeing a minimum amount of rent to Government, who are also entitled to the profits of any increase of sales over the minimum amount. The minimum amount guaranteed, *viz.*, Rs. 3,00,000, was Rs. 22,900 in excess of the receipts of the previous year; but the Government derived no further additional profit as there was no increase of sales.

329. *Beer.*—The revenue from this source, which in 1876—77 amounted to Rs. 17,314, has fallen off considerably. This is attributed to disunion amongst the brewers, and to diminished consumption as well as to some extent to smuggling.

330. *License Fees.*—The falling off under this head was due to a diminution in the number of shops which at several minor stations were closed for want of demand after the famine. The number of wholesale and retail shops was 40 and 648 as against 60 and 790 in the preceding year.

331. For the same reason there was a loss in the receipts from the sale of arrack shops in those Districts in which they are sold by auction, instead of being given out on license.

332. The greatest loss however occurred under the head of toddy rents, which, in the Nundydroog Division, had to be renewed at a reduction of ⅓th and were attended with similar losses in the Nagar Division also. It was found that even these reduced rents could not be realized, and the farms had to be given out for the subsequent year at much reduced rates throughout the Province, and in some cases had to be retained under direct management for want of suitable offers of rent.

333. The privilege of selling gánja and opium is partly rented out and partly worked under a system of license fees, in addition to which an *ad-valorem* duty of 20 per cent is levied on the import and export of opium. These items produce but a small revenue in this Province.

ASSESSED TAXES.

334. Exclusive of the realizations under this head credited to municipal funds, a sum of Rs. 2,76,444 or Rs. 27,218 less than in the previous year, was realized from the various sources noted below :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on Houses	1,27,005	1,18,660	...	8,345
Do on Shop	91,225	81,223	...	10,002
Do on Looms	47,820	43,049	...	4,771
Do on Oil-mills	12,224	11,521	...	703
Do on Carts	25,384	21,842	...	3,542
Miscellaneous	4	149	145	...
Total.....	3,03,662	2,76,444	145	27,363
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	27,218

335. The decrease, which is to be found in all the items is due to the effects of the famine which were but partially exhibited in the accounts of the famine-years. These effects were shewn in the abandonment of houses, in the depression of all petty trades and in the ruin of the weaving industry.

336. The mohatarfa revenue before the famine from the several items above shewn amounted to Rs. 3,67,727, so that there has been a loss of nearly a lakh of rupees.

337. The total number of houses, which before the famine had been 1,038,746, was returned during the year under report at 950,260, shewing a loss of 88,486 houses, which affords some indication of the loss of population sustained during the famine.

338. Only 97,427 houses out of the above belonging to non-agricultural and non-privileged classes pay the house-tax, and they are classified as follows:—

Class.	No.	Rate of Tax. From—			To—			Amount realized.	Average Rate per house.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.
Terraced Houses	25	2	0	0	12	0	0	148	6	0	0
Tiled do	15,865	0	4	8	10	0	0	42,462	2	10	11
Mud do	21,661	0	8	0	9	0	0	33,408	1	8	8
Thatched do	59,876	0	4	8	4	0	0	42,642	0	11	4
Total.....	97,427							1,18,660			

339. *Shops.*—The total number of shops was 25,376 as against 27,863 in the previous year, and 28,383 before the famine; of this number 285 shops belonged to Shanbhogs, Patels and other privileged classes exempted from the tax. The rate of tax varies from annas 8 to Rs. 30, giving an average of Rs. 3—3—2 per shop.

340. *Looms.*—There were 23,774 looms at work as against 25,944 in the preceding year and 39,835 before the famine. Of this number, 1,763 looms belonging to Patels and Shanbhogs were exempt. The tax paid on the remainder ranged from annas 8 to Rs. 8 giving an average of Rs. 1—12—11 per loom.

341. *Oil Mills.*—The number of oil-mills at work during 1878—79 was 2,694, as against 2,898 in the previous year and 3,363 before the famine. The rate of the tax varied from Rs. 1—7—3 to Rs. 20 per oil-mill, averaging Rs. 4—1—0.

342. *Carts.*—Cart tax is levied at the uniform rate of Rs. 2, the carts used for agricultural purposes being exempt. The number of carts upon which the tax was levied in the year was 10,921 as against 12,691 in the previous year and 15,869 before the famine.

CUSTOMS OR SAYER.

343. The details of the sayer collections realized during the year are shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1877—78	1878—79	Increase.	Decrease.
Supari or arecanut	2,83,394	3,77,318	93,924	...
Tobacco	37,734	41,574	3,840	...
Cardamoms	2,231	4,505	2,274	...
Cocoanut, dry	14,179	4,552	...	9,627
Do fresh	20,934	30,267	9,333	...
Betel leaves	22,776	23,950	1,174	...
Miscellaneous	3,269	3,769	500	...
Total.....	3,84,517	4,85,935	1,11,045	9,627
Deduct Amount paid to Inamdars.. ...	18,286	27,398	9,112	...
Balance credited to Government.....	3,66,231	4,58,537	1,01,933	9,627
Net Increase	...	...	92,306	...

344. The year was favorable to all agricultural products, and though there was some loss from rot in the Malnad taluks, the produce of supari may be taken as an average one, and as a considerable quantity of the produce of the previous year which remained on hand owing to the want of demand during the famine was also brought into the market, the sayer receipts during the year reached as high a figure as is ever likely to be reached by Government under this head. The receipts from the sayer on supari in 1874—75 when the rate of duty was higher amounted to Rs. 5,56,720.

345. The receipts from the other articles subjected to the sayer are comparatively inconsiderable, and are by no means commensurate with the annoyance to the cultivation and trade, and the cost in establishments which are entailed by the collection.

SALT PANS.

346. The manufacture of earth-salt is restricted and inconsiderable. The details are given below :—

Years.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of Manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per Pan.		Amount of Revenue.
			From—	To—	
1877—78.	1,840	2,441	0—1—0	16—0—0	6,114
1878—79.	2,158	2,644	0—1—1	6—0—0	8,713

347. The small increase in the revenue derived, as compared with the previous year, is due to the renewal of the manufacture in those cases in which it had temporarily ceased during the famine.

STAMPS.

348. The revenue from stamps has, with the revival of general prosperity, nearly recovered its normal amount before the famine. It amounted to Rs. 5,29,685, being an increase of Rs. 32,812 over the realizations of the previous year :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
General stamps	1,83,323	1,62,717	...	20,606
Receipt draft labels	7,034	6,882	...	152
Penalties and other items	13,794	20,883	7,089	...
Court fees stamps or labels	2,92,722	3,39,203	46,481	...
Total.....	4,96,873	5,29,685	53,570	20,758
Net Increase.....	...	...	32,812	...

349. The increase was entirely under the head of court fee stamps, the civil tribunals whose operation was partially suspended during the famine having again come into full working.

POST OFFICE.

350. The receipts from the Anche or the Local Post were Rs. 50,347, being Rs. 5,103 less than in the previous year.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

351. The sub-joined is a statement of the realizations under this head as compared with the previous year :—

Items.	1877-78.	1878-79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Magisterial fines	56,597	60,112	3,515	...
Registration fees, &c.	37,049	40,788	3,739	...
Sale of unclaimed property	3,727	4,222	495	...
Sale proceeds of jail manufacture	13,141	12,523	...	618
Value of convict labor	547	1,051	504	...
Miscellaneous	2,943	6,179	3,236	...
Total.....	1,14,004	1,24,875	11,489	618
Net Increase.....			10,871	

POLICE.

352. The decrease under this head of Rs. 769 calls for no remark, as the item is of a fluctuating nature.

PUBLIC WORKS.

353. The Public Works receipts for the year under report amounted to Rs. 60,235, as against Rs. 25,073, exhibiting a net increase of Rs. 35,162 as detailed in the subjoined statement.

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.
Refunds	11,411	34,989	23,578
Contributions	10,797	21,530	10,733
Rent on houses	904	1,256	352
Miscellaneous	1,961	2,460	499
Total.....	25,073	60,235	35,162

354. The increase in the amount of contributions is due to the recovery during the year of sums promised in previous years.

MINT.

355. The receipts under this head comprise chiefly the copper coins received from the Madras Government, for which the intrinsic value of the metal had alone to be paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

356. The revenue under this head, composed of the items noted in the subjoined comparative table, amounted to Rs. 2,25,364, as against Rs. 1,21,298 in the preceding year, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 1,04,066. This increase is for the most part nominal, as the greater portion thereof consists of refunds of unexpended balances of relief grants and sale proceeds of kitchen property :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Fines (Revenue Department)...	17,931	10,322	...	7,609
School fees	17,589	14,169	...	3,420
Sale proceeds of school books...	10,187	9,554	...	633
Subscriptions to *Mysore Gazette*	2,140	2,752	612	...
Travellers' bungalow fees	5,163	6,508	1,345	...
Gross revenue of the island of Seringapatam ...	21,247	21,686	439	...
Tolls on bridges...	11,064	9,711	...	1,353
Interest realized on Government securities... ...	1,545	1,545	...	...
Value of private work done by Government Press ..	1,667	1,612	...	55
Produce of Public Gardens	3,176	3,816	640	...
Premium on hundis	2,832	1,138	...	1,694
Savings and fines in the Military Local Force ...	501	405	...	96
Interest collected on arrears of revenue	3,621	12,888	9,267	...
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture	1,797	6,933	5,136	...
Sundry receipts	20,838	1,22,325	1,01,487	...
Total.. ...	1,21,298	2,25,364	1,18,926	14,860
Net Increase.....	...	..	1,04,066	...

FINANCE.

357. The total revenue collections under all heads in 1878—79 amounted to 121 lakhs, the largest amount realized in any year. "Land Revenue" alone produced Rs. 90,83,000, a sum which was Rs. 10,83,000 in excess of the budget estimate under that head. It included a large amount of arrears, of which Rs. 57,35,000 were outstanding at the close of the previous year, and 34 lakhs were recovered up to November 1878.

358. Whilst the land revenue collections were so much in excess of the estimates, other heads taken together shewed a deficiency of Rs. 4,45,000 on the estimates, principally under Excise (Abkari) and Assessed Taxes *vide* margin.

	Estimates.	Actuals.
Land Revenue	80,00,000	90,83,509
Forests	5,00,000	4,52,575
Excise (Abkari)	11,87,000	7,79,869
Assessed Taxes	4,12,000	3,36,662
Sayer	4,76,000	4,62,176
Salt ...	9,000	7,951
Stamps (See also separate statement)	5,34,000	5,29,505
Mint	...	6,293
Post Office	60,000	50,416
Law and Justice	1,24,000	1,28,218
Police	8,000	6,971
Military	4,000	405
Education	58,000	22,840
Interest	16,000	12,866
Miscellaneous	89,000	1,24,415
Public Works Department ...	5,000	11,727
Famine Relief (see Funds) ...	...	82,723
	1,14,62,000	1,20,99,121

359. *Charges.*—The expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 1,28,44,000 as shewn in the following abstract statement:—

Heads of Disbursements.	Budget Estimates.	Actuals.
Interest	...	3,38,775
Refunds	33,000	28,934
Land Revenue	12,10,000	11,98,893
Forests	2,40,000	1,97,552
Excise (Abkari)	36,000	44,612
Sayer	38,000	31,827
Salt	...	...
Stamps	17,000	16,149
Mint	...	89
Post Office	1,68,000	1,65,899
Administration and Public Departments	14,20,000	13,67,145
Minor Departments...	1,26,000	99,534
Law and Justice	12,08,000	13,08,440
Police	6,24,000	5,72,294
Education	2,49,000	2,32,143
Muzrayi	2,92,000	2,80,463
Medical	1,82,000	1,78,197
Stationery and Printing	75,000	76,511
Allowances and Assignments, &c...	25,61,000	25,61,281
Miscellaneous	83,000	81,906
Superannuation Pensions, &c.	1,83,000	1,51,569
Mysore Local Force	8,65,000	7,85,405
Public Works Department	14,84,000	18,44,985
Mysore State Railway	...	2,05,133
Famine Relief	...	10,76,126
Total.....	1,10,94,000	1,28,43,812

The ordinary Civil charges exclusive of Public Works and Famine amounted to Rs. 97,18,000, against an original budget grant of Rs. 94,60,000, which was increased by Rs. 1,00,000 for Palace expenditure and Rs. 50,000, on account of the Topographical survey. These grants aggregating Rs. 96,10,000 were exceeded by Rs. 1,08,000 principally under the head of jails, the maintenance of which, in consequence of the abnormal jail population since the famine, exceeded by Rs. 1,68,000 the jail grant of Rs. 1,96,000. The Public Works expenditure aggregating Rs. 18,45,000 exceeded the grant provided in the Civil Budget by Rs. 3,61,000. Further, the Mysore State Railway was debited with Rs. 2,05,000 and the Famine Relief expenditure amounted to Rs. 10,76,000. These three items aggregating Rs. 16,42,000 were not provided for when the Civil Budget was framed. They resulted mainly from the necessity that arose for continuing relief to the people during the second year of famine.

360. The famine expenditure proper is classed as follows:—

		Rs.
1.	Famine batta to Civil Establishments on pay not exceeding Rs. 16	32,500
2.	State Grants for Relief Kitchens	1,33,600
3.	Allowances to Special Officers and Establishments	1,86,600
4.	Compensation for dearness of grain to Local Force	57,200
5.	Village Relief	1,28,500
6.	Destruction of Locusts	5,600
7.	Miscellaneous	4,000
8.	Moiety of charges incurred by the Madras Government for opening certain Roads in Wynad	13,800
9.	Loss or excess outlay on account of abnormal rates on works on which famine labor was employed	5,12,800
10.	Interring paupers	1,400
		10,76,000

361. Other special charges of the year were—

I. Interest on the Famine Loan at 5 per cent, thus—

Interest on 55 lakhs received by instalments on various dates between September 1877 and June 1878, computed up to 30th June 1878. .. .. .. Rs. 1,57,575		
Do on 55 lakhs plus 25 lakhs received as above between July and November 1878, computed up to 31st December 1878. Rs. 1,72,315		3,29,890
On Loan of Rs. 2,90,000 from the Madras Bank repaid in February 1879 at 5, 6 and 7 per cent, thus—		
From 6th December to 8th January, 33 days at 5 per cent Rs. 1,311		
„ 8th to 17th January, 9 days at 6 per cent „ 429		
„ 17th January to 22nd February, 36 days at 7 per cent „ 2,002		3,742
		3,33,632

II.	Expenses attending the marriage of His Highness the Maha Raja. 2,36,300	
	Deduct charged to His Highness Personal Estate account 1,07,700	1,28,600
III.	Gratuities to 5 British Officers on retirement from the Administration	15,185
		4,77,417

PUBLIC DEBT.

362. The credits and debits under the above are the following—

		Credits.	*Debits.*
1.	Contribution for works recoverable from Ryots	26,450	22,949
2.	Personal Estates of His Highness the Maha Raja. Interest realized on Government Securities and Miscellaneous receipts	20,172	
	Charges on account of His Highness' Marriage ..	..	1,07,754
3.	Military Assistant's Equipment Account ..	15,061	327
4.	One Anna Cess for local purposes	2,71,551	Appropriated in full to credit of No. 6, 7 and 8.
5.	Half Anna Cess	2,05,655	
6.	District Fund { Ordinary receipts .. .. / Grants-in-aid	3,69,912 / 87,140	3,51,511
7.	Local Funds General	40,581	22,109
8.	Village School Fund	1,14,530	93,292
9.	Municipal Funds	1,72,045	1,68,283
10.	District Irrigation Fund	77,782	35,968
11.	Miscellaneous Funds	1,45,758	1,81,696
12.	Revenue Deposits	25,51,452	31,12,416
13.	Judicial do	2,58,656	2,47,100
14.	Mysore Government Savings' Bank Deposits ..	80,068	70,124
15.	Advances recoverable (ordinary)	34,02,764	34,92,543

		Credits.	*Debits.*
16.	Takavi Advances	1,18,221	3,300
17.	Local Loans (recovered)	10,295	..
18.	Famine Loan from the Government of India ..	30,00,000	..
19.	Local Remittances	2,26,79,628	2,25,55,487
20.	Her Majesty's Treasury	7,78,070	8,06,954

363. The apparent excess charge under the head of deposits (Rs. 5,60,000) includes Rs. 4,11,744 paid in the year 1878—79 on account of Mansion House and other Relief Funds which were received in the Treasuries in the previous year, Rs. 95,708 Public Works Funds similarly credited in that year and paid in the next and Rs. 65,000 which were drawn on account of takavi advances and placed in deposit in 1877—78, but paid out in 1878—79.

364. The cash balances in the Treasuries on the 31st March 1879 amounted to Rs. 46,44,478, *i. e.*, Rs. 21,87,640 more than at the close of 1877—78 as shewn below:—

Cash Balance.—

		Rs.	
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1878 ..		24,56,838	
Do of the Public Works Department ..		2,55,052	
		———	27,11,890

Revenue.—

Receipts for 1878—79 ..	1,20,99,121		
Expenditure ..	1,28,43,812		
Deficit on Revenue and Expenditure....	7,44,691		

Public Debt.—

Famine Loan	30,00,000			
Other Credits	3,31,85,930			
	3,61,85,930			
Charges ..	3,34,65,024			
Excess of Credits ..	..	27,20,906		
Net Receipts ..	..	..		19,76,215
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1879 .		46,44,478		
Do of Public Works Department ..		43,627		
Cash Balance, 31st March 1879, Rs. ..	..	..		46,88,105

(*b*). REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

LOCAL FNUDS.

365. The current demand and actual collections under the several heads of Local Funds are shewn in the subjoined statement. The total receipts credited to the funds during the year amounted to Rs. 6,00,652, the balance remaining to be recovered at the end of the year being Rs. 2,93,232

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.
Local Cess	4,01,537	2,53,267	4,25,318	4,75,664
Irrigation Cess—inclusive of the amount merged in the assessment of wet lands	69,633	41,943	76,803	77,782
Sale of stray cattle and fines	24,120	24,120	27,822	27,822
Ferry collections	4,801	4,185	5,672	5,479
Miscellaneous	6,156	6,156	13,905	13,905
Total...	5,06,247	3,29,671	5,49,520	6,00,652

366. The increase under the heads of Local and Irrigation cesses are due to the progress of the survey settlements, under which the Local cess is raised from 6 pie to 1 anna per rupee and the Irrigation cess is newly given effect to.

MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

367. The Municipal arrangements are in force in 77 towns in the Province comprising all the District Head-quarter and Taluk Kasba stations. Their receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 3,61,499, and were derived from the following sources:—

		Amount.
1.	Octroi	1,46,759
2.	House tax	87,458
3.	Receipts from licenses on trades	28,925
4.	Mohatarfa	35,439
5.	Rents	12,162
6.	Fines	1,915
7.	Miscellaneous	29,839
8.	Grants-in-aid, &c.	19,002
	Total....	3,61,499

368. Inclusive of the cash balance at the beginning of the year, the total amount available for expenditure was Rs. 4,55,572, of which a sum of Rs. 3,48,851 was expended, leaving a balance in hand at the end of the year of Rs. 1,06,721. The expenditure was incurred under the following heads:—

		Amount.
1.	Head office charges	21,154
2.	Collection	30,177
3.	Conservancy	73,490
4.	Police	76,743
5.	Lighting	12,950
6.	Construction and maintenance of roads .. .	51,741
7.	Water supply, &c.	3,003
8.	Drainage works	17,978
9.	Building	14,131
10.	Other Public Works	7,649
11.	Charitable Institutions	4,556
12.	Miscellaneous	35,279
	Total....	3,48,851

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

369. The total population under registration according to the Census of 1871 was 5,050,000, and according to the Test Census taken in 1878, it was calculated to have been then 4,100,000.

370. *Deaths.*—The total number of deaths registered during 1878 was 73,343. The number of males who died to every 100 females is 129·43. The Deputy Surgeon General remarks that the difference is probably due to the greater exposure of the former.

371. The ratio of deaths *per mille* based on the Census of 1871 was 14·50; according to the Test Census of 1878, it was higher, (17·88). All the Districts shew a great decrease in mortality as compared with 1877, when the rate for the Province was 48·10 *per mille*. The average death-rate for the five years preceding the famine is registered at about 10 in a thousand, but it is generally supposed that the true ratio is probably about 3 times as high or 30 in a thousand. If we consider that in the register of 1878 the same margin of error should be allowed, the ratio of deaths will be not 14·50 or 17·88, but 43·5 or 53·64. In the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore where statistics are to a great extent trustworthy, the death-rate in 1878 based on the population of 1871 is given as 32 and 24 respectively. In the previous year the numbers were 67 and 85.

372. *Deaths according to Season.*—The deaths gradually fell from 10,762 in January to 4,531 in December. The ratio *per mille* (Census of 1871) in January was 2·13, in December ·90. The fall was gradual from January to April, but the ratio increased in May from 1·09, of April to 1·14, June gave a rise to 1·19, and July to 1·36, after which the ratio fell month by month. All the Districts except Shimoga shewed a marked decrease in December as compared with January, but the difference in public health is easily accounted for by the changed condition of affairs. The seasons had been generally favorable, and the country was regaining prosperity.

373. *Deaths according to Age.*—The ratios have been very high in the aged, and adults generally shew a much higher ratio than children do. Among children the mortality of infants under one year, *viz.*, 10·97 *per mille*, is as great as the mortality from 1 year to 12 years.

374. *Deaths according to Nationality.*—The following statement shews the mortality among various classes:—

Hindus	61,957
Muhammadans	3,471
Other classes	7,915

375. *Deaths according to Causes.*—The subjoined table gives the deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of Mysore:—

Causes.	Deaths. In Districts.	In Towns.
Cholera	658	65
Small-pox	946	25
Fevers	42,558	3,904
Bowel-complaints	7,825	1,462
Injuries	1,001	118
All other causes	10,862	3,919
Total	63,850 or 13·32 per mille.	9,493 or 36·42 per mille.

376. The Province has fortunately been almost exempt from cholera. The total deaths registered are only 723 or in the ratio per 1,000 of population of 0·14. In the year 1877, the deaths were in the ratio of 11·60. According to Districts the ratio was highest in Shimoga, Chitaldroog and Mysore, the respective figures being ·30, ·31 and ·29. There were no deaths in the Kolar District. As regards towns the ratio

of deaths was highest in the small towns of Harihar and Davangere in the Chitaldroog District, where it was 2·19 and 1·82 respectively. The deaths were however only 14 and 12, whereas Mysore had 38 deaths but a ratio of only ·66. As regards monthly mortality no month was quite free, but the deaths rose consequent on an outbreak in Mysore and Chitaldroog from 12 in April to 79 in May. June gave 187 deaths, July 189, August 117, September 62 and October 38, while November and December contributed only 5 and 6. The time of greatest prevalence is thus shewn to be the wet season. According to Districts the months of greatest prevalence were in Mysore, May, July, August and September; in Hassan June and July; in Shimoga June, July and August; in Chitaldroog May, June and July and in Bangalore October.

377. There was a great decrease in the number of fatal cases of small-pox, compared with the previous year. The number in 1877 was 5,922 or 1·17 in 1,000, in 1878 it is only 971 or ·19 in 1,000. This ratio is however higher than the mean of the previous 5 years, which was only ·10. The mortality was above the mean in the Districts of Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan, the respective ratios being ·78, ·54 and ·22. The highest mortality was in the Shimoga and the lowest in the Túmkúr District, the figures being respectively 391 and 1 or a ratio of ·78 and ·001. In towns the number of fatal cases was only 25 or in the ratio of ·09, shewing therefore that the disease was most prevalent in villages. The large towns were almost entirely exempt. According to season it is observed that the first half of the year was the time of greatest prevalence, more especially the first quarter. The Districts of Túmkúr, Kolar, and Chitaldroog and Bangalore suffered very little from small-pox, but in the previous year all these except Túmkúr shewed deaths above the mean rate.

378. The number of deaths from fevers in 1878 was 46,462 against 55,934 in 1877, the ratios being 9·19 and 11·06. The mean ratio of the previous 5 years was 4·73. The three Districts of the Nagar Division gave the highest mortality, the ratios (Shimoga 14·23, Kadur 12·96, Chitaldroog 10·55) being even in excess of the mean of the previous year. The period of greatest fatality was the first quarter, at which time the prices of provisions were still exceedingly high, and the ill-fed people were less able to struggle against the ever-present malaria.

379. The fatality under bowel-complaints in 1878 is much less than in 1877. In the former year the deaths are 9,287 or a ratio *per mille* of 1·84; in the latter 33,781 or a ratio *per mille* of 6·68, the mean of 5 years is ·93. There is a marked difference between the ratio of the Districts which is 1·63 and that of the towns which is 5·68. The difference is probably to be accounted for by the increased influx to towns of destitute and sick persons in search of relief or of such food as was not obtainable in the villages. It is probable too that from imperfect registration the deaths in villages are much underestimated. The Districts in which the deaths are above the average are Kadur where the ratio is 4·51 and Shimoga (4·39). The Districts of lowest average are Kolar (·89) and Túmkúr (1·13). The months of greatest mortality are January, July and August. In the former month the effects of famine added to the cold of the season probably increased the mortality as did the wet season in July and August. The last quarter of the year shewed a greatly diminished mortality due no doubt to cheaper and better food and to improving prospects.

380. *Births.*—The total number of births registered during the year is 12,782, *viz.*, 6,698 male and 6,084 female. The ratio of births per 1,000 is 2·53 for the whole Province, while in the previous year it was 4·75. The highest ratio is in the Shimoga District where it was 5·69, and the lowest in the Hassan District where it is ·79. There was excess of deaths over births in all the Districts, the greatest excess being in Shimoga where it was 16·71, and the lowest in Bangalore where it was 8·82. The total excess of deaths over births is 11·97; in the previous year it was 39·37.

EMIGRATION.

381. The number of emigrants to the colonies during the year 1878—79 was 71, of whom 44 were men, 20 women and 7 children. The largest number embarked for Natal and the Mauritius. The number of emigrants who returned was 4, 2 men and 2 women.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

382. *Number of Dispensaries.*—The number of dispensaries in operation during the year was 19, which was made up of three dispensaries of the first class, four of the second and twelve of the third.

383. *Numbers treated.*—Taking *in* and *out* patients together, the number who received medical treatment and surgical aid was 177,429 or 15,157 more than in the preceding year. The daily average number of in-door sick was 237·26 and of out-door sick 1,525·67, against 281·61 and 1,275·58 respectively in the year previous. The number of individuals treated as in-door patients was 4,851 or 2,786 less than in 1877. The decrease is due partly to the improved circumstances of the year and partly to the fact that many destitute sick were provided for in famine hospitals who in the previous year would have swelled the numbers in the ordinary civil hospitals. The death-rate per cent among in-patients was 21·71.

384. *Operations.*—Of major surgical operations there were 76, of these 34 were performed at the Bowring Civil Hospital at Bangalore, 26 at Mysore, 11 at Chikballapur, 3 at Shimoga, 1 at Kolar and 1 at Chikmagalur. The minor surgical operations numbered 2,841.

385. *Principal Diseases.*—Taking in-patients alone the principal diseases which were treated in the several institutions were, in the order of their frequency, as follow :—

Cholera.	Continued fever.	Wounds and Accidents.
Diarrhœa.	Remittent fever.	Respiratory diseases.
Dropsy.	Dysentery.	Abscess and ulcers.

The cases of continued fever were nearly all treated at the Bowring Hospital. The Deputy Surgeon General remarks :—"Where fever is of long continuance or has been "neglected, it is sometimes impossible to form an accurate diagnosis as to its type "Some of the fatal cases of fever returned as '*Continued*' would perhaps have been re-"cognized as '*remittent*' or '*typhoid*,' had the history been known or had there been "an opportunity of observing the disease from the outset."

386. *Patients distributed by classes.*—Of the total number treated during the year—

1,698	were	Europeans.	59,026	were	Muhammadans.
5,484	„	Eurasians.	19,451	belonged to other classes.	
91,770	„	Hindus.			

387. *Sexes of the patients.*—Of the patients treated—

55·11	per cent	were	men.
23·18	„	„	women.
21·71	„	„	children.

388. *Income and Expenditure.*—The expenditure was Rs. 76,386 against Rs. 82,787 in the previous year. The percentage of total cost paid by Government was 93·88 against 87·23 in 1877. The average cost of diet diminished from 3 annas per head in 1877 to 2 annas 5 pies in 1878, consequent on the returning prosperity of the country.

SPECIAL HOSPITALS.

389. The special hospitals in this Province are the Lunatic Asylum and the Leper Hospital, both at Bangalore.

390. *Lunatic Asylum.*—At the close of 1877, there were 121 insane in the asylum. Thirty-eight were admitted during the year, making a total of 162 under treatment or observation. Of this number 10 were discharged cured, 1 improved, 3 absconded, and 16 died, leaving 129 in the asylum at the close of the year 1878. Among the insane there were 14 criminals, of whom 2 were struck off the roll on expiry of the term of sentence passed on them on conviction and transferred to the civil list, and one died, leaving eleven at the end of the year.

391. Gardening was revived during the year. The lunatics were also employed in weaving, rope making and various domestic occupations. They manufacture their own clothes.

392. The total cost of the asylum was Rs. 19,126 against Rs. 22,059 in 1877, the decrease being mainly accounted for by the great fall in the prices of articles of food and in part by the smaller number dieted.

393. *Leper Asylum.*—There were 43 lepers in the asylum on the 31st December 1877, and 18 were admitted during the year. Of the 61 patients, six absconded; ten died, one was discharged at her own request, and one for misconduct, reducing the number at the close of the year under report to 43.

394. A supply of gurjin oil was received from the Madras Medical Stores and used on the patients, but from the Medical Officer's report it does not appear to be of any permanent benefit. The total expenditure incurred on account of the asylum was Rs. 3,760 against Rs. 4,489 in the year previous.

VACCINATION.

395. Eighty-nine thousand, nine hundred and seventy-three cases, or 12,007 less than in the previous year, are reported to have been operated on. Of this number 73,155 cases or 81·31 per cent are said to have proved successful against 84,558, or 83·60 per cent in the previous year.

396. The falling off in the total number vaccinated is no doubt due—1st, "to the diminution of population by famine distress; 2ndly, to the great mortality, and 3rdly, to the low birth-rate during the year" and that in the ratio of successful cases is owing to the low state of vitality of the population.

397. The lymph in use is generally good, but that received from the Vaccine Institution in London failed in the Nagar Division.

398. The cost of the Department amounted to Rs. 10,721 against Rs. 12,347 in 1877.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

399. During 1877—78 the work of the Educational Department was carried on under very great disadvantages owing to the general scarcity which prevailed. The year under report has likewise been unfavorable in many respects to the progress of education. It is therefore the more gratifying to find that the results, on the whole, are fairly satisfactory.

400. There were at the end of the year 1,055 schools with 34,378 pupils, against 928 schools and 34,797 pupils in the previous year. There has been no real increase in the number of schools, but the apparent difference is owing to the adoption of the altered classification and revised forms of educational returns prescribed by the Government of India. The schools are classified as under :—

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government ..	800	25,781	875	25,620
Aided ..	128	9,016	180	8,758

401. The schools are classified according to the standard of instruction imparted by them as follows :—

Class of Institutions.		1877—78.		1878—79.	
		Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
University	... Colleges	4	1,094	4	92
Boys'.....Secondary ..	High Schools, English ...	10	1,600	14	574
	Middle do do ...	78	5,436	24	1,129
	Middle do Vernacular ...			82	1,183
Girls'.....Secondary ...	High Schools, English ...	4	547	1	17
	Middle do do ..	10	723	6	151
	Middle do Vernacular ...			7	114
Boys'.....Primary ...	English	775	22,125	32	2,095
	Vernacular			827	25,323
Girls'.....Primary ...	English...	36	2,202	6	252
	Vernacular			43	2,625
Special ...Engineering, Normal and others		11	1,073	9	823
	Total.....	928	34,797	1,055	34,378

402. Schools for Europeans and Eurasians furnished the following results :—

Class of Institutions.		1877—78.		1878—79.	
		Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
University	... Colleges	1	13	1	15
Boys'.....Secondary....	High Schools	3	386	3	78
	Middle do	2	66	4	152
Girls'... ..Secondary....	High Schools	3	200	1	17
	Middle do	2	86	5	137
Boys'.....Primary ...	Primary Schools	3	227	8	405
Girls'.....Primary ...	Primary Schools	1	22	5	152
	Total.....	15	1,000	27	956

GENERAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

403. The expenditure for the year under the different budget headings was as summarized below :—

Head of Charge.	Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.
Direction	16,067	...	...
Inspection	20,867	9,342	...
Government Schools	1,26,455	76,836	2,527
Aided Schools	48,059	...	...
Scholarships	1,332	...	...
Miscellaneous	22,249	5,558	...
Total.....	2,35,029	91,736	2,527
		3,29,292	

404. By adding the private expenditure from other sources which amounted to Rs. 93,658, a grand total is obtained of Rs. 4,22,950. The details of the expenditure on instruction in the various grades of Government and Aided colleges and schools are exhibited in the following statement :—

Class of Institutions.		Government.		Aided.	
		From Provincial Funds.	From Local Funds.	From Provincial Funds.	From Other Sources.
University ...	Colleges	20,274	...	2,160	1,440
Boys'...Secondary...	High Schools, English	23,441	708	3,073	11,320
	Middle do do	13,285	1,005	5,431	16,185
	Do do Vernacular	9,026	...	3,579	4,660
Girls'...Secondary...	High Schools, English	..	...	600	612
	Middle do do	...	...	2,619	6,503
	Do do Vernacular	339	76,836	362	348
Boys'...Primary ...	English Schools	10,536	351	9,056	17,995
	Vernacular do	36,705	463	9,062	10,852
Girls'...Primary ...	English Schools	...	...	2,508	9,155
	Vernacular do	4,081	...	7,859	13,230
Special Schools ...	... ...	14,369	...	1,750	1,358
	Total.....	1,32,056	79,363	48,059	93,658

405. For Government schools the receipts amounted to Rs. 1,45,392, which sum was made up of Rs. 14,493 from fees, Rs. 14,082 proceeds of book sales, Rs. 1,14,290 educational share of Local Fund collections and Rs. 2,527 contributions from Municipal Funds.

406. In Aided schools the receipts were returned at Rs. 93,658, of which Rs. 36,960 were derived from fees.

407. Adding together the receipts from all sources we obtain a grand total of Rs. 2,39,050. Of this sum Rs. 51,453 were paid in fees by the pupils.

408. The fee income from Government institutions shews a falling off of Rs. 2,679. Almost the whole of this deficit is accounted for in the diminished receipts at the Engineering School, the Central College and High School at Bangalore, and the Maha Raja's College and High School at Mysore.

409. The total number of under-graduate pupils in the Government and Aided colleges was 92 against 100 in the previous year.

CONTROLLING AGENCIES.

410. From the 1st April 1879 the new scheme for inspection came into operation. In the place of two European Inspectors five Deputy Inspectors have been appointed to the charge of five circles as specified below :—

Circle.	Area.	Number of Schools.
East	5,491	63
Bangalore Town	...	44
South	7,419	48
West	6,091	31
North	8,077	40

411. Under the above arrangement each Deputy Inspector whose special duty is the supervision of Primary and Middle schools has about 45 schools for which he is directly responsible, besides exercising a general control over Sub-Deputy Inspectors of whom there are 15 for Kanarese schools and 2 for Hindustani.

412. On the work of inspection during the year, the Director remarks : "Departmental changes and an unusual amount of sickness amongst all grades of inspecting officers, have interfered with inspection work, but at the time of writing this report everything is working smoothly and the general health is improved."

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.

413. The results of the Matriculation, F. A. and B. A. examinations are contrasted below with those reported for the year before :—

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.
Matriculation	139	62	131	26
F. A.	34	15	38	17
B. A.	4	1	3	3

414. One noticeable feature in connection with the Matriculation examination is that the ratio of successful candidates to the examinees has fallen suddenly from 44·6 to 19·8 per cent in the year under notice. The Director explains that this was owing to the comparative severity of the test.

415. Colleges.—*Bangalore Central College.*—There was no change in the tuitional staff of the college. The average daily attendance shewed a slight falling off; a result attributed to the famine and the change to midday-school hours. Twelve pupils were successful at the First Arts and 2 at the B. A. degree examination. The expenditure of the college amounted to Rs. 14,184, of which Rs. 5 ;3 were contributed by fees.

416. *Maha Raja's College at Mysore.*—The number of pupils at the end of the year on the roll of the Maha Raja's College at Mysore was 12. Fees produced Rs. 164. Six students were sent up for the F. A. Examination, and two passed.

417. *Shimoga College.*—The Shimoga College has not taken a good place this year. It sent up two candidates for the F. A. and 7 for the Matriculation examination, all of whom failed.

418. *Bishop Cotton's College at Bangalore.*—Bishop Cotton's College at Bangalore is described as maintaining a good standard of efficiency and discipline. At the University examinations two students passed the F. A. Fees produced Rs. 1,440.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

419. There were 8 Government High schools with a total of 286 pupils, against 5 schools with an attendance of 449 in the year previous. No new schools of this grade were opened during the year, but the addition to the list arose from the transfer of the classes hitherto incorporated with colleges and collegiate schools.

420. The Government High and Middle schools at Chikmagalur, Chitaldroog and Kolar are in a state of inefficiency, while those at Bangalore, Hassan, Mysore and Túmkúr as well as the Middle School at Shimoga are in fair working order.

421. The Aided High and Middle schools for boys as well as for girls, which are without exception in the towns of Bangalore and Mysore, appear to be satisfactorily and successfully carried on under the careful and systematic supervision of Missionary Societies, who take deep interest in their work.

422. The number of Aided Sanskrit schools decreased during the year from 12 to 11. The pupils are almost all 'Vaidika' (priestly) Brahmans.

423. There were 12 Government Girls' schools with 504 pupils, as compared with 11 schools with 468 pupils in the year preceding. No fees are levied in this class of schools, but the Director thinks that the time has arrived for doing so at Bangalore and other large towns, where the wealthy and well-born send their daughters regularly for instruction. He adds "although the education of girls "is unquestionably on the increase, the practice cannot yet be regarded as popular, "and the schools opened for this purpose require most careful treatment. Too "much must not be expected of them. Efforts are being made to engage the services of Hindu women, chiefly Brahman widows as teachers in these schools, but "in this direction much caution is necessary."

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

424. There were 110 primary taluk schools with 5,431 pupils classified as follows :—

	Schools.	Pupils.
Kanarese	76	4,221
Telugu	8	228
Hindustani	26	982

425. The Kanarese schools are favorably reported on. Regarding Telugu and Hindustani schools, the Director writes : " Telugu schools have not got on so well as " Kanarese schools principally for the reason that trained masters are not yet available. " Hindustani schools also lack the vitality apparent in Kanarese schools. The masters, " as a class, are superior in attainments to the Telugu masters, and most of them have " had a Normal school training, but the general poverty of the parents is put forward " everywhere as a reason for irregular attendance. In some schools the one anna fee " was reduced one-half and during the famine was largely remitted, but it is doubtful " whether the minimum fee should anywhere be less than one anna. It has been " found that a relaxation in levying fees has generally aggravated irregular atten- " dance."

426. Hobli schools shew a very slight increase of pupils. There were at the close of the year 653 schools with 16,776 pupils against 653 schools with 16,615 pupils in the preceding year. This increase, slight as it is, may be regarded as a sign of returning prosperity amongst the agriculturists after the crushing effects of the late famine. The Director writes : " Reviving activity is beginning to make itself apparent by " applications for new schools, repairs to neglected school-houses, and vigorously ex- " pressed complaints against certain masters who are not giving satisfaction. Dis- " cipline was relaxed under the presence of severe calamity, and it has not been fully " re-established yet."

427. Attending Hobli schools there are 16,456 boys and 320 girls. According to creed there are 15,977 Hindus, 785 Muhammadans and 14 others.

SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL OR TECHNICAL TRAINING.

428. The School of Engineering and Natural Science, which has been in operation since 1st May 1875, consists of an Upper and a Lower Department. At the examination of the Upper Subordinate Division, 2 out of 5 students passed the required test. One was appointed to the Department Public Works and the other to the Forest Department.

429. There are at present under instruction the following :—

Upper Department 4 students will complete the course in January 1880.
Lower Department 6 students will complete the course in March 1880.

430. Up to the end of March 1879 the number of students who have completed the course of instruction, and been admitted to the public service is 8 in the Superior grade and 6 in the Upper Subordinate's grade. Fees for the year under review produced Rs. 725 which is less by Rs. 1,015 than the sum levied in the previous year. This is owing to a fall in the number of students from 11 to 4 and to the reduction made in the school fees levied from students during their second year's course of study.

431. In connection with the reductions which, owing to financial necessity, were proposed to be made, a suggestion to abolish this institution was submitted for the consideration and orders of the Government of India, who, however, did not approve of the proposal and directed the retention of the school as a local institution.

432. The Hindustani Normal School at Bangalore was the only training school kept up during the year. At the final examination of the school, two out of five students were declared qualified.

433. The Literary and Scientific Institute keeps up a circulating library and a reading-room. This institution is intended for the improvement of Europeans and Eurasians.

434. There were 5 jail schools having 660 convicts under instruction, of whom 600 were male convicts, 37 juveniles and 23 women.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

435. The sum of Rs. 1,332 was expended by Government for scholarships. The following statement shews the distribution for the year under review :—

	Rs.
Colleges	970
High and Middle Schools	362
Primary Schools	..

There were also private scholarships of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,338 per annum.

BUILDINGS.

436. The enlargement of the Central College premises at a cost of Rs. 5,193 was carried out by the Public Works Department. A further sum of Rs. 328 has been expended on the construction of a second class school house from the Public Works Budget.

437. Various repairs to 23 school houses were made by the Educational Department at a cost of Rs. 3,513, and school compounds were laid out and enclosed in 8 stations at a total cost of Rs. 756. Repairs were executed to 4 schools by the Public Works Department at a cost of Rs. 1,188.

LITERATURE.

438. The value of the books in the Central and Branch Depôts on the 31st March 1879 was Rs. 74,870.

439. Books added to the stock during the year cost Rs. 11,792. Branch Depôts were supplied with 18,742 books worth Rs. 5,714.

440. The amount realized by sales and paid into Government Treasuries was Rs. 14,082.

441. The total number of publications registered during the year was only 25, composed of 13 books and 12 pamphlets.

442. The publications are classified under the following prescribed heads :—

Drama 2, Fiction 1, History 1, Language 2, Law 3, Miscellaneous 7, Poetry 1, Philosophy 2. Of these works 7 were in Kanarese and 10 in Hindustani or Urdu, 4 in Sanskrit, 1 in Persian and 3 others in Arabic.

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

443. *Roman Catholic Mission.*—Mention was made in last year's report of the addition in the inmates to the Convent owing to a number of orphans and other distressed people being taken in during the year when the famine prevailed in such an unprecedented manner ; this has been further supplemented by their having received a number of orphans from the Government for whom a capitation allowance of Rs. 2 is granted. The principal object of the Mission was to try and find some suitable employment for these orphans, and the best means appeared to be farming, for this purpose the Mission have opened out a farm near Bangalore on which many of these orphans are employed. They appear to like the occupation. A similar method of employing the orphans in the Shimoga and Mysore Orphanage has been adopted in those stations. Land on most favorable terms has been conceded when applied for.

444. *Wesleyan Mission.*—There are six stations which are occupied by European Missionaries, *viz.*, Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga, Túmkúr, Gubbi and Hassan and native agents in 5 other stations. The mission employs 11 European and 3 Native ministers and 12 catechists. Connected with the Mission are 56 schools in which 177 teachers are employed. The English institutions in Bangalore and Mysore contain 515 boys. The Vernacular Boys' schools contain 2,288 scholars, and the Girls' schools 1,592. They have 455 famine Orphans in their orphanages at Bangalore, Túmkúr and Hassan and to whom a like capitation grant is given.

445. *London Missionary Society.*—Occupies 3 stations and employs 5 missionaries, 8 catechists and 44 teachers. It has 12 schools containing 1,143 scholars, of whom 513 are girls. Much attention is also devoted to the preparation and circulation of Vernacular school books and literature.

MUZRAYI.

446. The fixed annual grant to Muzrayi institutions in the Province is Rs. 2,92,986—3—7, distributed as follows:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Temples	1,12,654	14	3
Chattrams	54,620	12	1
Dargas	4,181	3	0
Masjids	3,190	14	2
Matts	52,708	5	4
Miscellaneous (Muzrayi stipends, &c.)	15,922	2	9
Total..	2,43,278	3	7

Add allowances to institutions under the management of the Officer in charge of the Palace at Mysore.

	Rs.	As.	P.			
Temples	34,577	0	0			
Chattrams	6,604	0	0			
Other Institutions	8,527	0	0			
				49,708	0	0
Grand Total..				2,92,986	3	7

447. The actual income during the year of the institutions under the management of Muzrayi Officers was—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Money allowance from Government including balances received during the year	2,50,021	2	5
Receipts from land	69,657	15	8
Private contributions	35,840	14	5
Total....	3,55,520	0	6

448. The surplus balances which remained at the credit of the Muzrayi Department at the close of the previous year, amounting to Rs. 1,15,164—1—8, raised the available assets to Rs. 4,70,684—2—2. Deducting therefrom the expenditure incurred during the year as detailed below, the surplus left at the credit of the institutions at the end of the year amounted to Rs 1,21,906—7—4 :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
1. Hindu and Jain Devasthans	1,92,113	4	4
2. Chattrams	60,240	5	7
3. Dargas	6,555	15	8
4. Matts	59,675	1	3
5. Masjids	2,407	5	11
6. Langarkhanas	3,288	0	3
7. Miscellaneous	24,488	9	10
Total....	3,48,777	10	10

449. The expenditure above shewn comprises the following extra items not included in the ordinary Tasdik Patti of the institutions :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Repairs	5,994	14	7
Temple Establishments	2,558	14	0
Taluk do	900	9	8
District do	4,842	7	10
Contingencies	205	7	4
Government Promissory Notes purchased	4,000	0	0
Total.. ..	18,502	5	5

450. Besides the above, there are the Puduvat Funds or endowments made by private individuals in order to provide out of their income for special services in the respective temples. These have been invested as follows :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Lent to private individuals..	84,723	15	5
Deposited in Government Treasury	1,402	11	0
Invested in Government Promissory Notes	24,193	4	11
Total.. ..	1,10,319	15	4

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

451. The Mysore Government Museum is increasing in popularity with the natives of the country. The number who visited the institution during the year under report was 407,680, against 219,830 of the year previous, being an increase of 187,850. Thirty-four thousand, eight hundred and seventy-four males and 524 females signed their names in the Visitors' book. Two hundred and eighty-three new specimens were added to the collections, 196 being contributed by donors, 19 volumes have been added to the library, making the total number 496.

452. The expenditure during the year on account of the institution was Rs. 2,532.

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STATISTICAL TABLES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. *Area cultivated and uncultivated and Communications.*

Districts.	Total area in square miles.				Un-appropriated culturable waste in acres.			Communications, Mileage of—			Remarks.
	Cultivated.	Waste.		Total.	Remaining last year.	Sold or granted during the year.	Remaining at close of the year.	Water distinguishing navigable rivers and canals.	Made roads, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class.	Rail Road.	
		Culturable.	Un-culturable.						Miles. F.	Miles. F.	
Bangalore	894	769	1,177	2,840	435,130	18,656	492,658	...	511—7	17	The total area can only be accurately given after the whole Province is surveyed by the Revenue Survey Department. The area given in the column "Total" includes both the surveyed and unsurveyed portions of the Province.
Kolar	710	306	875	1,891	195,520	12,790	202,420	...	419—4	31—4	
Túmkúr	792	1,497	1,131	3,420	804,277	...	958,377	...	491—6	...	
Mysore	1,138	122	1,720	2,980	78,049	6,917	83,304	...	563—4	...	
Hassan	718	77	831	1,626	26,292	135	49,584	...	588—4	...	
Shimoga	1,069	428	2,300	3,797	301,200	28,400	272,800	...	...	...	
Kadur	1,048	467	6,724	8,239	133,374	...	298,800	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	1,534	1,442	1,864	4,840	801,313	63,813	922,742	...	370	...	
Total.....	7,903	5,108	16,622	29,633	2,775,155	130,711	3,280,685	...		48—4	

I. A.—PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt. The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it, from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges.		
	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Droogs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:— Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate. Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennair, the Palar and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—the principal food of the people. Ballar—a kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

3. *Climate.*

Places at which observations were taken and year for which taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks.
					May.				July.				December.							
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.																
Bangalore	6·44	27·80	6·57	40·81	93	69	...	...	83	67	...	...	81	60	...	...	55	37	51	
Kolar	4·90	23·22	11·68	42·80	88	80	89	78	84	78	88	74	79	71	82	69				
Túmkúr	5·86	31·10	7·60	44·56	97·3	66·1	99	61	86·1	59·4	90	57	86·2	64·1	89	63				
Mysore	11·42	15·20	5·10	31·72	92·5	68·5	98	57	90	65	93	57	82·5	63·5	85	55				
Hassan	8·19	15·15	5·67	29·01	82·	63·	96	65	76	68	84	63	...	6 5	83	57				
Shimoga	5·81	17·97	3·89	27·67	Information not available.															
Chikmagalur	7·38	18·11	6·67	32·16	Do															
Chitaldroog	6·69	17·31	2·10	26·01	Do															
Total.....	56·60	168·83	49·28	274·74																
General Average...	7·07	21·11	6 16	34·31																

I. B. POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1.—*Native States.*

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or feudatory.	Tribute in Men or Money.	Population.	Supposed Gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit Duties or not.	Principal Articles of production including manufactures and mines.
			Nil				

R. 2. *Native Chiefs and Principal Male Members of their families.*

Name of individual and State and family to which he belongs.	Present Position.	Caste or Race and Religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has Sannad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows Primogeniture or not.	Has Male Heirs or not.	Remarks.
						Nil.			

I. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF MYSORE TERRITORY.

The Government of the Province is administered by the Chief Commissioner in the name of the Maha Raja. This Officer was nominated in 1834 *as sole Commissioner in supersession of the Joint Commissioners originally appointed in* 1831—32; *in* 1843 *the duties of Resident were superadded, that Office as a separate post being abolished.*

Names of Commissionerships.	Names of Executive Districts.	No. of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.		Number of Villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average Do.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.			Revenue Imperial. Land.			Revenue Imperial. Gross.			
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16
Nundydroog Division	Bangalore	15	2,840	828,354	Town and Cantonment of Bangalore ...	142,513	5,502	24	24	17¼	11	587	1,19,120	9	3	9,47,745	4	8	16,61,110	3	6	
	Kolar	16	1,891	618,954	Kolar	9,924	5,587	17	26	20	9¾	489	55,181	15	3	10,06,986	9	0	11,82,795	13	10	
	Túmkúr	12	3,420	632,239	Túmkúr ...	11,170	4,994	13	27	22¼	17	524	63,525	7	½	8,29,445	13	3	10,23,339	14	5½	
Ashtagram Division	Mysore	19	2,980	943,187	Mysore ...	57,815	4,741	25	25	43	22	763	78,356	7	1	10,12,387	14	4	15,87,072	0	1¼	
	Hassan	14	1,626	668,417	Hassan ...	6,305	4,915	13	15	34	17½	495	59,659	12	7	9,76,135	11	4	11,92,714	10	5	
Nagar Division	Shimoga	14	3,797	498,976	Shimoga ...	11,034	3,760	15	24	27	19½	501	59,254	6	2	12,08,524	8	1	16,32,556	3	7	
	Kadur	10	8,239	333,925	Chikmagalur ...	2,027	3,269	11	14	38	24¼	334	46,238	2	10	6,81,065	4	5	9,52,392	15	1	
	Chitaldroog	13	4,840	531,360	Chitaldroog ...	5,812	2,161	14	16	28	21½	571	66,642	15	6	6,38,385	10	5	7,82,455	0	10	
																			4,37,905	10	3½	Chief Commr.'s Treasury.
Total.....		113	29,633	5,055,412			34,929					4,264	5,47,979	11	8½	73,00,676	11	6	1,04,52,852	8	1½	

I. D. POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited Houses. No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Inhabited Houses. No. of all other kinds.	Inhabited Houses. Total.	Population (According to Census of 1871.) Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years. Male.	Children under 12 years. Female.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Classification of Population. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Occupation. Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	Prevailing Language.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.
Bangalore	2,223	174,398	176,621	271,794	271,938	142,749	141,873	828,354	284	17,613	756,693	53,485	1	562	145,825	782,529	Kanarese.	A great loss of population has resulted from the Famine since the Census of 1871.
Kolar	292	165,600	165,892	206,232	205,351	103,453	103,918	618,954	240	613	592,6f2	25,038	0	651	132,872	486,082		
Túmkúr	12	123,435	123,447	199,808	203,716	115,632	113,083	632,239	178	709	609,520	20,535	0	1,475	131,769	500,470		
Mysore	303	167,653	167,956	287,175	308,437	180,387	167,188	943,187	232½	2,249	898,897	39,790	37	2,214	171,047	772,140		
Hassan	87	127,050	127,137	199,202	215,104	129,122	124,989	668,417	203	2,670	649,333	14,460	0	1,954	141,793	526,624		
Shimoga	24	99,311	99,335	170,267	155,485	88,179	85,045	498,976	131½	984	468,351	25,598	1	4,042	128,617	270,359		
Kadur	0	74,490	74,490	109,653	103,660	60,684	59,928	333,925	145½	568	320,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	265,691		
Chitaldroog	4	91,379	91,383	168,857	159,507	102,730	100,266	531,360	118¾	270	512,193	18,068	4	825	114,406	416,954		
Total.....	2,945	1,023,316	1,026,261	1,612,988	1,623,198	922,936	896,290	5,055,412	187	25,676	4,807,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	1,034,563	4,020,849		

I. E. FISCAL.

1. *The Survey and Settlement.*

Area previously surveyed in miles, up to 31st March 1878.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year ending 31st March 1879 with cost per mile.			
		Revenue.								
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	By Villages.	By Fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
22,216	4,653* on 1 inch scale.	13,762	760,270		Rs. 40—4—6	18,852 miles at Rs. 152—0—7 per mile.	4,853	†3,350 on 1 inch scale at Rs. 24—4—0 per square mile including triangulation.	836 miles at Rs. 279—7—11 per mile.	

NOTE.—Cost of classification and settlement is included in cost per mile shewn in Columns 7 and 10 above.

* Also 47·6 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches= 1 mile.

† Also 56·3 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches= 1 mile.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual Revenue assessed.	Date of Expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
Settled in perpetuity	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
For 30 years	10,396	26,43,145	1894—1895, 1901—1902, 1901—1902, 1902—1903, 1906—1907, 1907—1908.	
For 10 years and ended 30...	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do do 10...	Do	Do	Do	
Do in progress	Do	Do	Do	
Total (up to 31st March 1878).....	10,396	26,43,145	0	
Settlements previously made including full record of rights	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do without record	Do	Do	Do	
Settlements during the year } Detailed...	1,848	7,16,736	1,908	Settlements introduced during the field season of 1879 were made to take from 1st April 1879 and will appear in the returns of the year 1879—80.
Settlements during the year } Summary	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

2. *Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1878—79.

Districts.	Cultivated.			Un-cultivated.			Total Area assessed, Columns 6 and 8.	Assessment.									
	Irrigated.		Un-Irrigated.	Total.	Grazing lands.	Culturable.	Un-culturable waste.	Gross Amount.			Rate per Acre on Cultivation.	Rate per Acre on Culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.				
	By Government works.	By Private individuals.						Land Revenue of the extent shewn in Column 6.	Grazing land.	Total.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
Chitaldroog	26,213 35	44,185 11	828,944 11	899,343 17	570,094 22	922,737 37	622,930 18	1,822,081 14	591,586 9 4	12,140 6 10	6,03,727 0 2	0 10 6	0 6 0	1 8 0			
Shimoga	216,422 27	18,588 10	324,777 33	559,788 30	643,644 22	336,590 28	827,969 8	896,379 18	11,05,304 10 10	13,155 13 6	11,18,460 8 4	1 15 7	0 14 2	1 9 2			
Túmkúr	26,749 3	29,053 0	249,709 2	305,511 5	34,453 5	303,890 14	403,581 19	609,401 19	4,32,822 2 2	... ...	4,32,822 2 2	1 6 8	0 6 5½	1 15 9			
Bangalore	13,066 28	4,876 22	125,297 13	143,240 23	59,006 20	62,182 13	51,955 20	205,422 36	2,34,196 12 10	2,852 14 0	2,37,049 10 10	1 10 2	0 9 4	1 7 10			
Kolar	6,226 32	2,202 27	23,725 8	32,154 27	17,182 35	33,392 31	39,999 19	65,547 18	69,139 10 5	220 12 6	69,360 6 11	2 2 5	0 14 9	1 9 7			
Hassan	15,855 16	1,303 16	35,057 12	52,216 4	26,754 4	15,974 0	17,355 0	68,190 4	94,073 6 6	1,362 2 0	95,435 8 6	1 12 10	0 12 4	1 6 2			
Kadur	19,767 15	13,428 6	182,030 38	215,226 19	155,270 26	233,799 13	110,027 12	449,025 32	2,62,084 11 8	3,147 4 0	2,65,231 15 8	1 3 6	0 10 1	0 14 2			
Total.....	324,301 36	113,637 12	1,769,541 37	2,207,481 5	1,506,406 14	1,908,567 16	2,073,818 16	4,116,048 21	27,89,207 15 9	32,879 4 10	28,22,087 4 7	1 4 3	... ...	... ...			

I. E. FISCAL.

3. *Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Estates.	Number of Villages.	Number of Holders and Share-holders.	Gross area in Acres.	Average Area of each Estate.	Average Assessment of each Estate.	Revenue Rate per acre.	Supposed net profit per Acre.
Correct information not available.								

4. *Varieties of Tenure not held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Holdings.	Average Area of each Holding.	Average Rent of each Holding.	Average Rent Rate per Acre.
Correct information not available.				

5. *Register of Transfers.*

Nature of Tenure transferred.	Number of Transfers recorded.			Average Area in Acres of each holding transferred.		
	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.
Correct information not available.						

6. *Land Revenue for the year* 1878—79.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue for 1877—78. Assessed.	Realized.	Revenue for 1878—79. Assessed.	Realized.	Cost of Collection.	Net Collection during the year.	Outstanding Balance.	Number of Sales for Arrears of Revenue.	Revenue of Estates sold.	Cause of Increase or Decrease of revenue with explanation of any items realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
From settled estates bearing revenue in past year (Jodi, Kayamgutta and Minor Inams)	3,71,666 14 10		3,94,815 11 1							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the present year ...	23,148 12 3		20,906 1 4							
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during the present year ...	...		...							
Collections from Government estates (Ryotwar)	66,62,179 9 10	29,15,057	65,27,890 13 11	* 52,09,436—15—9	7,65,160—12—4½ as per Deputy Accountant General's statement.	44,44,276—3—4½	20,69,103—5—9	1,573	17,541—15—10	
Income from sale of Government estates	22,954 0 0		8,313 15 10							
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	1,90,704 7 6		3,64,075 9 9							
Total.....	72,70,653 12 5	29,15,057	73,16,002 3 11	52,09,436—15—9						

* Exclusive of remissions granted *viz.*, Rs. 37,461—14—5.

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

1. *Statement of Acts of the Indian Legislature extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

Title of Act	By whom Proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date on which extended.
Act No. I of 1868—The General Clauses Act	Chief Commissioner	An Act for shortening the language used in Acts of the Governor General of India in Council and for other purposes.	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 93 J., dated 11th July 1878.
Act XXVI of 1871—The Land Improvement Act	Do	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Advances of Money by the Government for agricultural purposes.	Do do No. 55 J, dated 5th June 1878.
Act XXI of 1876—An Act to amend the Land Improvement Act, 1871 ...	Do	An Act to remove doubts in certain provisions of the Land Improvement Act, 1871.	
Act IX of 1872—The Indian Contract Act	Do	An Act to define and amend certain parts of the Law relating to Contracts.	Do do No. 47 J, dated 27th May 1878.
Act I of 1877—The Specific Relief Act	Do	An Act to define and amend the Law relating to certain kinds of Specific Relief.	
Act X of 1877—The Code of Civil Procedure	Do	An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature	

2. *Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province of Mysore during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending, why, and in what state.
		Nil			

3. *Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the Chief Administrative Authority of the Province of Mysore for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date, Result, or present Position of the proposed Bill.
		Nil	

II. B.—JUDICIAL.

1.—*Statement shewing the various Judicial Tribunals, Original and Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year* 1878.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.									All duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all duties connected with their offices.						
Ashtagram ...	5	...	...	5	1			...	...	...	5	...	600 0 0	Included under the head of Amildars.	...		269	...	266	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	10	...	...	10	1			...	...	...	10	...	505 0 0		...		196	...	1,592	...	...	...
Nagar ...	9	...	...	9	1			...	...	...	9	...	600 0 0		88 8 0		579	1	451	...	...	...
Total...	24	...	..	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	88 8 0	...	...	...	2,309	...	...	...
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Do	Do									Do						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1	...	210 0 0	Do	...	Revenue and Ministerial functions.	...	...	3	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	14	...	...	14	1			...	...	...	14	...	210 0 0		...		164	...	1,201	...	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	220 5 4		39 8 0		411	...	165	...	...	...
Total.....	23	...	...	23	1	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	39 8 0	...	...	...	1,369	...	...	...
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class with the exception of 10 Amildars in the Nundydroog and 8 in the Nagar Division who exercise 2nd Class powers.	Do										General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Taluks.						
Ashtagram ...	21	...	...	21	1			...	...	...	21	...	1,823 11 5	25,065 0 2	740 15 0		...	...	1,990	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	27	...	...	27	1			...	...	...	27	...	3,456 0 0	35,616 7 0	1,421 0 0		196	...	2,705	...	...	...
Nagar ...	22	...	...	22	1			...	...	...	22	...	14,941 6 8	15,214 5 10	320 13 0		1,486	1	1,626	...	...	...
Total.....	70	...	...	70	1	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	75,895 13 0	2,482 12 0	...	...	...	6,321	...	...	...
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil and Criminal powers.						Dispose of Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20. Mysore Munsiff has small cause powers up to Rs. 50; also exercise the powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate except the Munsiff of Húnsúr who was 3rd Class Magistrate.	Do										General supervision of their Courts. Some of the Munsiffs are also Sub-Registrars.						
Ashtagram ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6	...	2,130 0 0	23,196 2 5	33,423 4 8		223	...	476	4,496	...	...
Nundydroog ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	2,413 0 0	21,550 9 0	40,909 2 0		260	...	615	6,068	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	2,524 0 0	16,531 7 3	14,167 11 1		804	11	273	2,447	...	...
Total.....	22	...	...	22	1	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	61,278 2 8	88,500 1 9	...	...	...	1,364	...	...	...

II. B.—JUDICIAL 1. (*Continued.*)

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges.			Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge.		Net Receipts from Stamps.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year.	
								Europeans.		Natives.	European.	Native.						Original.	Appeal.
								Covenanted.	Uncovenanted Commissioned Military Officers.									Civil.	Criminal.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Sar Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.					Exercises powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate.		Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.															
Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagar	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2,400	0	0	...	...	...	1,012	...	...	...
Total	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2,400	0	0	...	...	...	1,012	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.					Exercise powers of a Magistrate of 1st Class. The Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore also hears appeals from the decisions of the Sar Amin and the Magistrate of the Pettah in Criminal cases.		Do								The Town Magistrate of Mysore superintends the Mysore Town Police and is President of the Municipal Board.						
Ashtagram	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	6,600	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	12,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	25,920	12	2	203	1	0	...	...	971	...	9	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners—Exercising Civil powers only.					Dispose of Original Civil suits from Rs. 300 to 500, with appellate powers in cases referred to them by the Deputy Commissioners, also Small Cause powers up to Rs. 300 and exercise powers of a 1st Class Magistrate.		Do								General supervision of Courts. Also charge of the District Jail and Treasury in some Districts.						
Ashtagram	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	3,800	...	...	15,609	2	11	27,911	10	230	...	74	852	...	158
Nundydroog	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	6,999	...	...	18,220	...	...	31,733	12	255	...	47	1,009	...	332
Nagar	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3,600	...	...	18,981	4	7	14,092	...	794	16	166	913	...	93
Total	8	...	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	47,810	7	6	73,036	14	9	...	...	287	...	...	...

| | | |

II. B.—JUDICIAL 1. (*Concluded.*)

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Commissioners— Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Sessions Judge. Dispose of Civil suits above Rs. 10,000 in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of the Judicial	Do										General supervision in the Division. The						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1	Assistants in Civil cases,		...	1	...	...	15,000 0 0	... ...	23,794 9 8	5,639 9 0	Commissioner of Ashtagram is also Sessions	...	...	102	3	40	98
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1	and of the 1st Class and		...	1	...	...	15,000 0 0	... ...	15,000	5,094 15 0	Judge of Coorg.	165	...	233	5	83	36
Nagar ..	1	...	...	1	1	District Magistrates in Criminal cases.		...	1	...	...	1,500 0 0	... ...	23,214 11 8	2,702 0 0		831	1	65	2	28	23
Total.....	3	...	...	3	1	...		...	3	...	...	... ...	... ...	62,009 5 4	13,436 8 0	...	...	...	400	...	151	...
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercises powers of a High Court and original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	Do	1	...	...	...	38,000 0 0	... ...	70,868 4 6	8,344 9 0	Also Inspector General of Jails and Police in Mysore and Coorg and Judicial Commissioner of Coorg.	..	...	17	3	379	115
Grand Total.....	178	...	...	178	1	...	...	1	8	4	165	... ...	... ...	4,91,216 9 8	2,42,169 1 6	...	...	...	16,506	21,632	757	884

ABSTRACT.

Courts.	Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appellate. Criminal.	Appellate. Civil.
Peshkars and Sheristadars	47	...	...	...
Amildars	70	...	..	...
Munsiffs	22	22	...	...
Sar-Amins	1	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	2	...	1	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners ...	8	8	...	8
Small Cause Court, Bangalore ..	...	1	...	...
General Assistant Commissioners ...	14	...	10	...
Deputy Commissioners	8	8	8	8
Commissioners	3	3	3	3
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	1	1	1
Total.....	176	43	23	20

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

2. *Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS I.									
OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC AND JUSTICE.									
Against the State.									
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.									
Counterfeiting coin	231 to 238	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	5	8	3	5	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	5	8	3	5	...	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin	239 to 243 and 250 to 254	Ashtagram	26	32	16	15	1	...	
		Nundydroog	20	21	9	12	...	...	
		Nagar	10	12	3	9	...	...	
		Total	56	65	28	36	1	...	
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps or effacing or altering same	260 to 263	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	3	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total	3	4	...	4	...	...	
Making, using or possessing false weights or measures	264—267	Ashtagram	45	62	28	33	...	1	
		Nundydroog	13	21	9	12	...	...	
		Nagar	7	9	4	5	...	...	
		Total	65	92	41	50	...	1	
Against Public Justice.									
Personating public servant or Soldier	140—170 and 171	Ashtagram	4	12	10	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog	2	5	1	4	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	7	18	11	7	...	...	
Omitting to give information of an offence or giving false information	176—177 181—182 202—203	Ashtagram	10	12	5	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog	10	12	2	10	...	...	
		Nagar	13	16	5	11	...	...	
		Total	33	40	12	28	...	...	
Causing disappearance of evidence	201 to 204	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nagar	1	8	...	5	1	2	
		Total	3	11	1	7	1	2	
Resisting, obstructing or omitting to assist public servant	183—187 189—190	Ashtagram	7	17	14	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog	7	22	18	4	...	...	
		Nagar	4	7	1	5	1	...	
		Total	18	46	33	12	1	...	
Disobedience of lawful order and causing injury	188	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	4	5	2	3	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	4	5	2	3	...	...	
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceedings	228	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Harbouring an offender	212 to 216	Ashtagram	...	3	3	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	1	4	3	1	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender	213 to 215	Ashtagram	5	9	4	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog	10	12	3	9	...	...	
		Nagar	5	13	6	7	...	...	
		Total	20	34	13	21	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue	224 to 225	Ashtagram	19	26	8	17	1	...	
		Nundydroog	16	17	1	16	...	...	
		Nagar	8	9	1	8	...	...	
		Total	43	52	10	41	1	...	

H. D.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Escaped from lawful custody or transportation	224—226	Ashtagram ...	9	7	...	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	24	23	2	21	...	...	
		Total.....	33	30	2	28	...	...	
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	40	52	27	25	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	22	5	17	...	...	
		Nagar ...	9	17	6	11	...	...	
		Total...	65	91	38	53	...	...	
By Public Servants.									
Taking valuable thing by, or to influence public servant ...	161 to 165	Ashtagram ...	16	20	9	11	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	24	34	15	17	...	2	
		Nagar ...	11	12	9	3	...	...	
		Total...	51	66	33	31	...	2	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ...	166 to 167	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	5	1	3	...	1	
		Nagar ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	8	9	1	7	...	1	
Fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture ...	217 to 218	Ashtagram ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	13	3	10	...	...	
		Total...	10	16	4	12	...	...	
Intentionally omitting to apprehend or permitting to escape	221 to 222	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Total...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
Negligently suffering escape ...	129—223	Ashtagram ...	15	23	11	12	..	...	
		Nundydroog...	26	31	5	26	...	...	
		Nagar ...	35	47	13	34	...	...	
		Total...	76	101	29	72	...	...	
Giving false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	11	26	7	16	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	28	56	25	26	2	3	
		Nagar ...	18	23	9	13	...	1	
		Total...	67	105	41	55	2	7	
Fabricating false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ...	197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceedings	205—229	Ashtagram ...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of property or suffering of decree ...	206 to 208 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	6	4	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	..	..	...	...	
		Total...	7	7	4	3	...	...	
„ Charge of offence ...	211	Ashtagram ...	8	10	3	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	5	4	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	8	3	5	...	...	
		Total...	21	23	10	13	...	...	
Frivolous or vexatious complaints ...	...C. P. C. 209	Ashtagram ...	36	85	85	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	141	428	424	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	36	56	56	...	...	...	
		Total...	213	569	565	4	...	...	
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document	465—466 467—469 471—473 to 477	Ashtagram ...	6	14	8	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	24	16	8	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	11	10	1	...	...	
		Total...	29	49	34	15	...	...	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Public Nuisances.									
Public nuisances under Penal Code	269 to 294	Ashtagram ...	20	53	7	46	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	29	73	22	51	...	...	
		Nagar ...	19	34	5	29	...	...	
		Total...	68	160	34	126	...	...	
Nuisances under Police or Municipal and Local Acts		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
Relating to the Public Peace.									
Rioting or unlawful assembly...	143—153 157 & 158	Ashtagram ...	11	77	29	29	...	19	
		Nundydroog...	4	21	10	11	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	35	12	17	...	6	
		Total...	19	133	51	57	...	25	
Causing disappearance of evidence	201—204	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Public servant intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ...	221—222	Ashtagram ...	3	3	1	1	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
		Total...	4	5	1	3	...	1	
Abetment of an offence punishable with death or imprisonment	115 to 117	Ashtagram ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	..	1	...	1	...	...	
Affray	160	Ashtagram ...	19	65	10	55	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	18	60	3	57	...	...	
		Nagar ...	11	43	14	29	...	...	
		Total...	48	168	27	141	...	...	
		Total Class I..... Ashtagram ...	316	617	289	302	2	24	
		Nundydroog...	417	893	583	302	2	6	
		Nagar ...	256	416	166	239	2	9	
		Total...	989	1,926	1,038	843	6	39	
CLASS II.									
Offences against the Person.									
Murder, 302—303. By Dacoits		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	63	27	36	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	...	63	27	36	...	...	
By Robbers		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner		Nundydroog...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
By poisons. For sake of robbery...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	1	...	...	...	...	...	
From other motives...		Ashtagram ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	14	9	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	...	17	9	8	...	...	
Other Murders. From motives connected with women		Ashtagram ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	14	27	18	9	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	18	6	8	...	4	
		Total...	14	45	24	17	...	4	
From other motives ...		Ashtagram ...	24	73	28	39	5	1	
		Nundydroog ..	18	37	14	19	...	4	
		Nagar ...	26	32	14	13	...	5	
		Total ..	68	142	56	71	5	10	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Attempt to murder ...	307	Ashtagram ...	4	8	5	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	5	1	3	1	...	
Judicial Commissioner		Nundydroog...	...	2	1	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	4	1	3	...	...	
		Total...	13	19	8	10	1	...	
Culpable homicide ...	304—308	Ashtagram ...	17	31	14	11	...	6	
		Nundydroog...	17	52	29	18	1	4	
		Nagar ...	16	31	2	28	...	1	
		Total...	50	114	45	57	1	11	
Abetment of suicide ...	305—306	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Attempt to commit suicide ...	309	Ashtagram ...	7	7	2	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	14	14	6	8	...	...	
		Nagar ...	6	5	2	3	...	...	
		Total...	27	26	10	16	...	...	
Causing miscarriage ...	312—316	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
Exposure of infants or concealment of birth... ...	317—318	Ashtagram ...	12	9	2	5	2	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	17	15	2	11	2	...	
Grievous hurt	325—326	Ashtagram ...	27	36	21	15	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	20	24	12	12	...	...	
		Nagar ...	9	40	21	18	1	...	
		Total...	56	100	54	45	1	...	
„ on grave and sudden provocation ...	335	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Hurt...	323—334	Ashtagram ...	414	903	567	335	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	201	369	185	177	...	7	
		Nagar ...	172	315	144	168	1	2	
		Total...	787	1,587	896	680	2	9	
By dangerous weapon ...	324	Ashtagram ...	25	45	31	13	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	38	10	28	...	...	
		Nagar ...	24	38	13	25	...	...	
		Total...	65	121	54	66	1	...	
Administering stupefying drugs	328	Ashtagram ...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	29	64	25	35	...	4	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	32	67	27	36	...	4	
Causing hurt to extort property or confession	327—329 to 333	Ashtagram ...	4	12	5	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	19	14	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	14	8	6	...	...	
		Total...	13	45	27	18	...	...	
Act dangerous to life or safety.	336—337	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
Wrongful restraint ...	341	Ashtagram ...	60	137	92	45	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	85	134	101	33	...	...	
		Nagar ...	23	41	18	23	...	...	
		Total...	168	312	211	101	...	...	
Do confinement ...	342—346	Ashtagram ...	18	40	27	11	2	...	
		Nundydroog...	18	20	14	2	...	4	
		Nagar ...	21	27	21	6	...	...	
		Total.....	57	87	62	19	2	4	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Wrongful confinement to extort property or confession ...	347 & 348	Ashtagram ...	7	19	17	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	7	4	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	6	2	3	...	1	
		Total...	12	32	23	8	...	1	
Assault or use of criminal force	352, 355 to 358	Ashtagram ...	395	851	317	234	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1,344	2,778	2,087	685	1	5	
		Nagar ...	488	908	662	246	...	...	
		Total...	2,227	4,537	3,366	1,165	1	5	
Criminal intimidation or insult.	504, 509	Ashtagram ...	107	174	98	76	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	522	851	532	311	1	7	
		Nagar ...	63	91	40	51	...	...	
		Total...	692	1,116	670	438	1	7	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	510	Ashtagram ...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	4	1	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	9	1	8	...	...	
Kidnapping or abduction ...	363—365 367—369	Ashtagram ...	5	12	6	5	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	5	1	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total...	8	20	10	9	1	...	
Dealing in slaves... ...	370 & 371	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	5	...	5	...	...	
Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for the purpose or prostitution ...	372—373	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent... . .	498	Ashtagram ...	6	8	6	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	9	11	7	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	15	21	15	6	...	...	
Adultery	497	Ashtagram ...	2	4	3	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	7	3	2	...	2	
Judicial Commissioner.....		Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	14	14	9	3	...	2	
Rape...	376	Ashtagram ...	4	9	8	...	..	1	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total ..	7	12	11	...	...	1	
Assault or use of criminal force on a public servant ...	353—354	Ashtagram ...	9	19	14	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	19	14	5	...	...	
Assaulting a woman to outrage her modesty	377	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
Defamation	500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	4	4	2	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	19	11	2	...	6	
		Nagar ...	2	4	3	1	...	...	
		Total...	16	27	16	5	...	6	
Total Class II...		Ashtagram ...	1,159	2,409	1,567	922	12	8	
		Nundydroog...	2,357	4,583	3,118	1,418	4	43	
		Nagar ...	870	1,592	966	611	2	13	
		Total...	4,386	8,584	5,651	2,851	18	64	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS III.									
Offences against Property.									
With violence.									
Dacoity	395—397, 398	Ashtagram ...	56	535	304	221	9	1	
		Nundydroog...	95	657	305	320	22	10	
	Judicial Commissioner.....	Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	64	342	179	150	9	4	
		Total...	215	1,535	789	691	40	15	
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon, &c.	394—397, 398	Ashtagram ...	1	7	3	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	19	17	2	...	...	
		Total...	3	26	20	6	...	...	
Robbery	392—393	Ashtagram ...	63	105	43	55	1	6	
		Nundydroog...	71	152	49	103	...	...	
		Nagar ...	29	41	15	26	...	...	
		Total...	163	298	107	184	1	6	
Extortion	384 to 389	Ashtagram ...	11	27	19	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	38	75	56	19	...	...	
		Nagar ...	21	24	15	8	...	1	
		Total..	70	126	90	35	...	1	
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit theft.	451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	269	481	175	297	7	2	
		Nundydroog...	348	553	157	394	1	1	
		Nagar ...	218	238	65	168	5	...	
		Total...	833	1,272	397	859	13	3	
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449, 450, 451, 454, 457	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Total..	2	2	...	2	...	...	
House-breaking or house-trespass with preparation for an attempt at hurt ...	452, 455, 458 & 460	Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	272	402	81	319	...	2	
		Nagar ...	2	2	...	2	...	..	
		Total...	275	404	81	321	...	2	
Without Violence.									
Theft ... Of cattle ...	379, 380, 381	Ashtagram ...	172	282	115	165	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	106	193	44	146	1	5	
		Nagar ...	228	452	139	311	...	2	
		Total...	506	930	298	622	1	9	
Theft ... Ordinary ...		Ashtagram ...	1,218	1,861	656	1,189	6	10	
		Nundydroog...	3,071	4,734	1,017	3,707	4	6	
		Nagar ...	848	1,392	416	973	1	2	
		Total...	5,137	7,987	2,089	5,869	11	18	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property	411—414	Ashtagram ...	29	46	30	16	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	113	253	67	186	...	...	
		Nagar ...	48	100	40	59	...	1	
		Total...	190	399	137	261	...	1	
Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	403 to 404	Ashtagram ...	64	104	67	36	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	166	266	155	109	1	1	
		Nagar ...	95	138	50	88	...	...	
		Total ..	325	508	272	233	2	1	
Criminal breach of trust ...	406—409	Ashtagram ...	36	50	29	19	1	1	
		Nundydroog...	104	134	50	83	...	1	
		Nagar ...	67	78	26	46	2	4	
		Total...	207	262	105	148	3	6	
Cheating	417—420	Ashtagram ...	14	26	18	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	54	79	40	35	2	2	
		Nagar ...	21	27	15	12	...	...	
		Total...	89	132	73	55	2	2	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Malicious Offences.									
Mischief, ordinary ...	426—427 430—433	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	143 161 30	347 350 64	251 236 31	96 114 33	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	334	761	518	243	...	...	
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle	420—429	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	76 38 49	222 86 129	38 24 34	184 61 94	... 1 1	... ...	
		Total...	163	437	96	339	2	...	
Mischief by destroying land marks	434	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	4 ... 2	4 ... 2	1 ... 1	3 ... 1	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	6	6	2	4	...	...	
Serious mischief by fire ...	435—436 438	Ashtagram .. Nundydroog... Nagar ...	11 8 3	17 15 3	11 5 ...	4 10 2	1 .. 1	1	
		Total...	22	35	16	16	2	1	
Criminal trespass or house trespass	447—448	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ..	125 203 38	314 421 83	217 257 58	96 164 25	... ...	1	
		Total...	366	818	532	285	...	1	
Breaking closed receptacle ...	461—462	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	5 8 7	13 29 49	6 11 26	7 18 22	 1	... ...	
		Total...	20	91	43	47	1	...	
Criminal Procedure Code ...	396 & 397	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog.. Nagar ..	3	9	... ...	9	... ...	... .	
		Total...	3	9	...	9	...	...	
Total for Class III		Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	2,299 4,854 1,774	4,450 8,403 3,185	1,983 2,555 1,127	2,417 5,788 2,024	26 32 20	24 28 14	
		Total...	8,927	16,038	5,665	10,229	78	66	
CLASS IV.									
Not included in the above classes.									
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood ...	C. P. C. 94	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog.. Nagar ...	1 ... 1	1 ... 1	1	 1	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
Bad habit and repute,	C. P. C. 505—506	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	13 ... 7	67 ... 43	10 ... 10	56 ... 33	1	... ...	
		Total...	20	110	20	89	1	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service	490 to 492	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	 1	 1	 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Maintenance of wives and children	C. P. C. 536	Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	... 3 ...	... 3 ...	... 2 ...	... 1 ...	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
To Contract Act XIII of 1859 ...		Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	14 7 ...	19 7 ...	14 3 ...	5 3 ...	... ...	... 1 ...	
		Total...	21	26	17	8	...	1	
„ Soldiers' necessaries, Act VII of 1867 ...		Ashtagram ... Nundydroog... Nagar ...	... 2 ...	... 5 ...	... ...	... 5 ...	... ...	... ...	
		Total...	2	5	...	5	...	..	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
To Companies Act X of 1866	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	9	9	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	9	9	...	...	...	
To Arms Act XXXI of 1860	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Total...	3	4	1	3	...	...	
To Registration Act	Ashtagram ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
To Abkari Rules	Ashtagram ...	5	9	4	5	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	5	4	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	12	21	6	15	...	...	
	Total...	19	35	14	21	...	...	
To Octroi Rules	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	28	39	1	38	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	28	39	1	38	...	...	
To Police Rules	Ashtagram ...	22	23	4	19	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	560	1,064	22	1,041	...	1	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	582	1,087	26	1,060	...	1	
To Opium	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	4	1	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	4	1	3	...	...	
To Stamps, Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869	Ashtagram ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	13	19	4	15	...	...	
	Total...	15	24	4	20	..	...	
To Post Office	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	1	...	1	...	...	
To Municipalities...	Ashtagram ...	36	36	...	36	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	292	768	76	692	...	...	
	Nagar ...	38	45	3	42	...	...	
	Total...	366	849	79	770	...	...	
„ Forests	Ashtagram ...	35	38	5	33	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	203	440	80	360	...	...	
	Nagar ...	165	328	59	269	...	...	
	Total...	403	806	144	662	.	...	
„ Railways	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	22	32	1	31	..	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	22	32	1	31	...	...	
To Gaming and Lotteries	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	7	21	...	21	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	7	21	..	21	...	...	
To Cattle Trespass	Ashtagram ...	58	73	42	31		...	
	Nundydroog...	60	132	75	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	27	66	46	20	...	...	
	Total...	125	271	163	108	...	...	

H. B.—JUDICIAL 2. (*Concluded.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 287 of 1874	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	12	18	...	18	...	...	
	Total ..	12	18	...	18	...	...	
Rules relating to Prostitutes and Brothel Keepers	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	104	104	2	102	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	104	104	2	102	...	...	
Security to keep peace	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
Cruelty to animals	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog..	41	48	4	44	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	41	48	4	44	...	...	
Security for good behaviour	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	7	21	13	8	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	7	21	13	8	...	...	
Offences relating to excise on spirits and drugs	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	7	2	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	5	7	2	5	...	...	
Act XXIII of 1859	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	24	26	3	23	...	...	
	Total...	24	26	3	23	...	...	
Act X of 1872	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	7	28	...	28	...	...	
	Total...	7	28	...	28	...	...	
Total Class IV	Ashtagram ...	167	271	80	190	1	...	
	Nundydroog..	1,351	2,715	296	2,417	...	2	
	Nagar ...	308	598	133	465	...	...	
	Total...	1,826	3,584	509	3,072	1	2	
Grand Total	Ashtagram. ...	3,941	7,747	3,919	3,731	41	56	
	Nundydroog..	8,979	16,565	6,537	9,911	38	79	
Judicial Commissioner	Nundydroog...	...	29	15	14	...	...	
	Nagar ...	3,208	5,791	2,392	3,339	24	36	
	Total...	16,128	30,132	12,863	16,995	103	171	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (*Criminal.*)

3. *Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

Class of Tribunals.		Remaining at end of the last year.	Number of Persons dealt with.						Persons disposed of.					Remaining at end of the year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended.	Remarks.
			Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred				
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
Peshkars	Ashtagram	1	128	147	176	...	3	455	59	186	198	12	...	...	5·6	803	
	Nundydroog	10	1,411	271	1,389	27	1	3,109	81	1,176	1,796	50	...	6	2·8	3,351	
	Nagar	3	268	175	324	25	...	795	99	276	397	22	1	...	4·5	1,362	
	Total	14	1,807	593	1,889	52	4	4,359	239	1,638	2,391	84	1	6	3·33	5,516	
Sheristadars	Ashtagram	..	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	..	...	10·33	6	
	Nundydroog	5	780	349	1,246	2	...	2,382	258	1,009	1,077	29	3	6	4·3	3,636	
	Nagar	...	70	52	195	2	...	319	34	140	119	26	..	...	4·9	590	
	Total	5	850	401	1,444	4	...	2,704	292	1,152	1,196	55	3	6	4·4	4,232	
Amildars	Ashtagram	17	1,139	824	1,662	91	38	3,771	694	1,314	1,609	127	3	24	4·7	6,390	
	Nundydroog	51	2,308	458	2,220	72	51	5,160	319	1,858	2,790	164	5	24	3·3	7,902	
	Nagar	71	1,137	491	1,140	115	18	2,972	452	740	1,666	107	2	5	5·9	4,818	
	Total	139	4,584	1,773	5,022	278	107	11,903	1,465	3,912	6,065	398	10	53	4·56	19,110	
Sar-Amin	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	1,322	...	294	...	...	1,616	40	227	1,303	46	...	...	1·2	878	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
	Total	...	1,322	...	294	...	...	1,616	40	227	1,303	46	...	...	1·2	878	
Munsiffs	Ashtagram	19	569	46	184	2	6	826	206	137	442	35	4	2	5·4	2,065	
	Nundydroog	37	891	41	93	3	12	1,077	99	248	607	122	1	...	5·1	2,603	
	Nagar	12	385	43	56	...	23	519	44	91	344	38	2	...	3·9	858	
	Total	68	1,845	130	333	5	41	2,422	349	476	1,393	195	7	2	5·06	5,526	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram	9	90	27	13	...	9	148	40	7	82	7	...	12	6·66	331	
	Nundydroog	12	51	35	4	...	...	102	7	46	36	12	1	...	22·0	309	
	Nagar	25	124	90	27	1	41	308	128	25	93	52	2	8	11·8	789	
	Total	46	265	152	44	1	50	558	175	78	211	71	3	20	12·2	1,429	
Yelandur Jahagirdar	Ashtagram	...	39	4	...	...	10	53	25	2	25	1	...	...	3·4	143	
	Total	...	39	4	...	...	10	53	25	2	25	1	...	...	3·4	143	
2nd Class Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram	5	248	30	31	...	31	345	95	15	220	15	...	...	12·62	783	
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar	1	59	30	5	...	5	100	16	9	55	20	...	...	17·3	355	
	Total	6	307	60	36	...	36	445	111	24	275	35	..	...	13·6	1,138	
1st do do	Ashtagram	210	684	302	151	...	77	1,424	454	298	483	170	16	3	15·5	2,271	
	Nundydroog	25	1,497	142	66	2	30	1,762	379	111	1,062	207	3	...	4·3	2,904	
	Nagar	33	239	76	96	1	34	479	125	54	213	79	6	2	12·1	1,090	
	Total	268	2,420	520	313	3	141	3,665	958	463	1,758	456	25	5	9·05	6,265	
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	Ashtagram	1	216	10	167	...	...	394	19	73	297	4	...	1	2·1	927	
	Nundydroog	2	609	20	294	...	50	975	29	216	685	32	...	13	1·5	1,803	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	3	825	30	461	...	50	1,369	48	289	982	36	...	14	1·8	2,730	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram	12	105	5	4	...	23	149	53	1	67	21	3	4	14·1	214	
	Nundydroog	2	44	9	7	2	29	93	22	3	50	13	1	4	14·7	80	
	Nagar	6	148	39	4	...	77	274	22	5	200	47	...	...	7·3	525	
	Total	20	297	53	15	2	129	516	97	9	317	81	4	8	10·7	819	
Do (with enhanced powers)	Ashtagram	9	116	8	...	..	5	138	83	1	41	6	5	2	17·6	330	
	Nundydroog	...	163	2	1	...	1	167	41	39	83	4	...	...	9·3	409	
	Nagar	...	154	20	...	...	3	177	52	13	108	2	1	1	9·7	328	
	Total	9	433	30	1	...	9	482	176	53	232	12	6	3	11·8	1,067	
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	Ashtagram	208	...	...	...	...	231	439	...	154	267	...	10	8	52·6	618	
	Nundydroog	340	...	...	...	...	490	830	...	329	422	29	24	26	34·5	1,074	
	Nagar	32	...	...	...	...	209	241	...	67	144	...	10	20	6·9	459	
	Total	580	...	...	...	...	930	1,510	...	550	833	29	44	54	34·65	2,151	
Judicial Commissioner	...		...	...	...	...	29	29	...	15	14	...	...	...	9	77	
Grand Total		1158	14,994	3,746	9,852	345	1,536	31,631	3,975	8,888	16,995	1,499	103	171	5·65	51,081	

4. *Statement shewing the Punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

| Class of Tribunals. | | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Class of Tribunals. | | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

5. *Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal cases in the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
TRIBUNALS.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 297, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
			Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
Town and Cantt. Magistrates	Nundydroog...	13	3	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	13	3	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	
Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	70	3	23	6	38	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	106	1	48	15	28	14	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	176	4	71	21	66	14	...	...	...	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	63	5	14	5	35	...	...	...	4	
	Nundydroog...	72	...	33	16	18	...	...	3	2	
	Nagar ...	154	3	29	...	92	29	...	...	1	
	Total.....	289	8	76	21	145	29	...	3	7	
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	57	1	37	11	2	...	6	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	107	13	66	10	11	...	...	...	7	
	Nagar ...	47	4	34	4	5	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	211	18	137	25	18	...	6	...	7	
Judicial Commissioner...	Ashtagram ...	197	46	84	22	29	15	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	400	74	266	19	33	5	2	...	1	
	Nagar ...	179	38	96	23	14	6	...	...	2	
	Total.....	776	158	446	64	76	26	2	...	4	
	Grand Total.....	1,465	191	734	132	310	69	8	3	18	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL)

6. *Statement shewing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts of the Mysore Province in the year* 1878.

CLASS OF TRIBUNALS.		Suits for money, distinguishing suits up to Rs. 500, cognizable by Small Cause Courts from "Other Cases."																Suits under the Rent Law.								Other Suits.																
		On written obligation.		On unwritten obligation.		On account stated.		Money had and received.		Goods sold.		Breach of contract not mentioned above.		Rent not falling under the Rent Law.		Movable property or value thereof.		Damages.		Arrears of rent with or without ejectment or cancelment of lease.	Enhancement or abatement of rent.	Relating to Distraint.	Damages for extortion or withholding receipts or on account of illegal restraint, or other cause.	For Pattas or Kabuliyats.	For ejectment or recovery of possession.	For recovery of money or accounts from agents.	All other suits under the Rent Law not included above.	Suits for immovable property.	Suits for specific performance of contract.	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to shipping.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	REMARKS.
		Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.	Rs. 500 and under.	Above Rs. 500.																								
Bangalore Court of Small Causes ...		2,569	82	743	2	11	...	26	...	2,127	11	61	...	249	...	91	5	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	2,698	...	228	...	283	...	72	...	224	...	43	...	316	...	116	...	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	409	2	28	5	1	...	6	7	4	3	...	4	
	Nundydroog ...	4,504	...	126	...	239	...	96	...	60	...	91	..	36	...	433	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	381	8	14	17	1	...	9	...	8	7	...	2	
	Nagar ...	1,564	...	295	...	85	...	5	...	38	...	13	..	21	...	82	...	15	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	2	1	1	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	
	Total.....	11,335	82	1,392	2	618	...	199	...	2,449	11	208	...	622	...	722	5	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	912	12	43	23	2	...	18	7	12	11	...	6	
Judicial Asstt. Commissioners.	Ashtagram ...	444	116	62	8	23	3	5	...	21	1	14	...	25	3	17	6	13	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	2	3	7	9	...	8	...	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	666	143	30	10	11	6	6	3	9	6	3	3	1	2	10	3	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	12	3	23	...	8	...	2	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	490	124	71	2	62	6	8	...	53	4	3	1	7	...	4	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	1,600	383	163	20	96	15	19	3	83	11	20	4	33	5	31	10	25	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	68	5	16	12	32	...	16	...	2	8	...	...	
Deputy Commissioners. ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	12,935	472	1,555	22	714	16	218	3	2,532	22	228	4	655	5	753	15	134	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	981	17	59	37	35	...	35	7	14	22	...	6	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL)

7. Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1878.

Value of Suits.			Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.			Remarks.
			Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.	Judicial Commissioner.				
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9
									Rs.	A.	P.	
Not exceeding Rs.	5 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	110	1	...	...	...	439	12	1	
		Nundydroog ...	910	127	9	...	...	...	3,402	8	1	
		Nagar ...	...	51	11	...	...	...	524	9	10	
		Total.....	910	288	21	...	...	...	4,366	14	0	
„ „	„ 20 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	975	17	...	...	...	12,495	14	2	
		Nundydroog ...	2,094	1,266	89	...	...	...	41,789	9	6	
		Nagar ...	...	549	113	...	...	...	14,462	6	4	
		Total.....	2,094	2,790	219	...	...	...	68,747	14	0	
„ „	„ 100 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	2,592	278	...	...	...	1,43,358	11	6	
		Nundydroog ...	1,958	3,542	435	...	...	...	2,82,126	8	1	
		Nagar ...	...	1,293	398	...	...	...	96,623	6	4	
		Total.....	1,958	7,427	1,111	...	...	...	5,22,108	9	11	
„ „	„ 500 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	819	362	1	...	...	2,33,284	0	3	
		Nundydroog ...	794	1,133	233	...	...	...	3,49,029	10	9	
		Nagar ...	...	554	244	...	...	...	1,52,461	8	4	
		Total.....	794	2,506	839	1	...	...	7,34,775	3	4	
„ „	„ 1,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	136	...	...	...	94,240	6	7	
		Nundydroog ...	72	...	131	...	...	...	1,33,036	3	3	
		Nagar ...	...	...	86	...	...	...	59,745	2	8	
		Total.....	72	...	353	...	...	...	2,87,021	12	6	
„ „	„ 5,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	58	...	...	...	1,12,755	1	7	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	112	2	...	...	2,21,218	15	8	
		Nagar ...	...	...	61	...	...	2	1,12,575	0	5	
		Total.....	...	...	231	2	...	2	4,46,549	1	8	
„ „	„ 10,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	2	...	...	8,749	10	4	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	3	...	1	23,945	9	0	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5,965	14	6	
		Total.....	...	...	...	6	...	1	38,665	1	10	
„ „	„ 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1,01,687	0	2	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	5	...	92,590	15	2	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	65,456	3	10	
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	10	...	2,59,734	3	2	
Exceeding	„ 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Grand Total.....	5,828	13,011	2,774	9	10	3	23,61,968	12	5	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

8. *Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

CLASS OF COURTS.		Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1878.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *exparte*.	Dismissed *exparte*.	Contested. Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Contested. Judgment for Defendant.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits. Contested.	Average Duration of Suits. Uncontested.	Referred to Arbitration.	REMARKS.
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Civil Courts.																							
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		243	5,993	...	6,236	3	...	592	121	85	586	3,092	...	1,080	269	5,825	408	19	3	11·75	10·64	6	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	264	4,508	1	4,773	...	27	339	100	184	944	1,440	147	1,024	291	4,496	277	13	...	31·5	25	2	
	Nundydroog...	435	6,051	...	6,486	...	45	544	113	215	1,034	1,981	203	1,611	322	6,068	418	18	2	31·7	20·9	...	
	Nagar ...	316	2,248	...	2,564	...	24	271	37	130	557	648	151	486	143	2,447	117	5	1	38·7	33·3	...	
	Total.....	1,015	12,807	1	13,823	...	96	1,154	250	529	2,535	4,069	501	3,121	756	13,011	812	36	3	32·8	24·7	2	
Judicial Assistants ...	Ashtagram ...	84	836	...	920	2	5	36	15	72	221	253	2	168	80	852	66	7	...	79·8	35	...	
	Nundydroog...	98	994	...	1,092	1	8	71	23	32	123	256	19	395	82	1,009	82	39	3	13·3	26·3	...	
	Nagar ...	103	862	...	965	...	1	82	6	17	187	327	35	228	30	913	52	4	1	39·2	27·4	...	
	Total.....	285	2,692	...	2,977	3	14	189	44	121	531	836	56	791	192	2,774	200	50	4	18·3	25·3	...	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	132	70·5	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	10	...	12	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	5	3	...	...	20·6	22	...	
	Nagar ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	...	...	72	...	...	
	Total.....	3	12	1	16	4	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	3	9	3	...	...	53·2	46·2	...	
Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	3	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	2	...	2	336	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	4	2	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	5	1	...	1	603·5	168	1	
	Nagar ...	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	210	...	...	
	Total.....	8	5	...	13	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	4	3	10	3	...	3	376·4	168	1	
Judicial Commissioner ...		...	...	4	4		...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	1	...	1	163	55	...	
Grand Total.....		1,554	21,509	6	23,069	10	111	1,936	416	736	3,653	8,000	557	5,000	1,223	21,632	1,427	105	14	29·3	21·27	9	

9. *Statement shewing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

CLASS OF COURTS.		Remaining.	Instituted. Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Dismissed for default, or under 5 and 6, Act XXIII of 1861.	Heard *exparte*. Confirmed.	Heard *exparte*. Modified.	Heard *exparte*. Reversed.	Contested. Confirmed.	Contested. Modified.	Contested. Reversed.	Contested. Remanded.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Sect.on 348, Act VIII, 1859.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
Civil Courts.																			
Judicial Assistant Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	14	151 ...	165	...	4	8	3	3	104	15	16	5	158	7	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	54	295 ...	349	1	10	6	2	4	170	31	86	22	331	17	...	17	5	
	Nagar ...	9	83 ...	96	...	13	16	1	5	34	7	12	5	93	3	...	...	...	
	Total.....	77	533 ...	610	1	27	30	6	12	308	53	114	32	582	27	...	17	5	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	1	1 ...	2	...	...	1	...	..	1	...	...	...	72	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2 1	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2	19 ...	21	...	2	4	...	1	5	1	3	3	19	2	...	...	...	
	Total.....	3	22 1	26	...	2	5	...	1	8	1	4	3	24	2	...	...	...	
Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	13	97 ...	110	...	3	9	2	...	59	14	8	3	98	12	...	7	...	
	Nundydroog...	10	40 ...	50	...	...	...	...	...	23	12	1	...	36	14	1	2	2	
	Nagar ...	1	31 ...	32	...	1	...	...	...	12	5	9	1	28	4	...	...	...	
	Total.....	24	168 ...	192	...	4	9	2	...	94	31	18	4	162	30	1	9	2	
Judicial Commissioner—																			
Regular Appeals		...	5 ...	5	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	
Special Appeals		9	110 ...	119	...	...	...	...	...	79	5	19	7	110	9	...	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	113	838 1	952	1	33	44	8	13	492	90	155	48	883	68	1	26	7	

II. B.—JUDICIAL.

10. *Statement shewing the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts of the Mysore Province in the year* 1878.

Class of Courts.		Application to execute Decrees. Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of year.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and Number of coercive processes issued. Imprisonment of person.	Movable property. Attached.	Movable property. Sold.	Immovable property. Attached.	Immovable property. Sold.	Orders under Section 243, Code of Procedure.	Applications transferred or struck off.	Remarks.
Civil Courts.																	
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		197	8,234	6	8,437	855	4,299	364	...	368	263	169	...	...	...	2,919	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	442	3,605	105	4,152	1,213	848	397	121	83	441	63	688	408	...	1,694	
	Nundydroog...	580	5,265	518	6,363	1,206	1,443	761	85	336	829	261	973	843	...	2,953	
	Nagar ...	292	1,616	39	1,947	484	369	213	31	20	196	192	243	228	...	881	
	Total.....	1,314	10,486	662	12,462	2,903	2,660	1,371	237	439	1,466	516	1,904	1,479	...	5,528	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	191	1,210	21	1,422	277	587	86	24	344	205	30	164	192	1	472	
	Nundydroog...	135	1,505	38	1,678	164	531	170	14	76	387	36	167	90	...	813	
	Nagar ...	105	794	14	913	242	205	118	4	39	9	93	76	83	...	348	
	Total.....	431	3,509	73	4,013	683	1,323	374	42	459	685	159	407	371	1	1,633	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	2	6	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
	Nundydroog...	1	11	1	13	1	2	3	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	7	
	Nagar ...	1	1	2	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	
	Total.....	4	14	5	23	2	3	3	...	1	...	1	2	3	...	15	
Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	2	1	2	5	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	4	16	2	22	2	5	5	...	...	1	...	11	3	...	10	
	Nagar ...	2	6	...	8	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	4	
	Total.....	8	23	4	35	2	7	11	...	...	1	...	13	6	...	15	
Grand Total.....		1,954	22,266	750	24,970	4,445	8,292	2,123	279	1,267	2,415	845	2,326	1,859	1	10,110	

11. *Statement shewing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed, distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualification.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases with Assessors.	Jury Trials. Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Jury Trials. Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Assessors' Trials. Number of cases in which Judges agreed with Assessors.	Assessors' Trials. Number of cases in which Judges differed from Assessors.	Note shewing in what classes of cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.	Remarks.
Criminal.										
Sessions Judges ...	Ashtagram ...	2	...	97	...	...	84	13	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	...	186	...	...	172	14	...	
	Nagar ...	2	...	64	...	...	48	16	...	
Judicial Commissioner for Nundydroog Sessions Cases		2	...	17	...	...	15	2	...	
	Total.....	...	...	364	...	...	319	45	...	

12. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immovable property, Book I.																					Registrations affecting movable property, Book IV.						Receipts.			Total Expenditure.	Remarks.
	Number of Registration Offices.	Compulsory.								Optional.									Total value of immovable property transferred.														
		Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1).	Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Other instruments registered under Section 17, clause 2.	Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4).	All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, clause 4.	Total of Compulsory Registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Leases for one year or less (Section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under proviso, Section 17.	Awards (Section 18, clause 4).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Total of optional registrations relating to immovable property.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.		Instruments of sale of movable property.	Obligations for the payment of money (Section 18, clause 7).	All other documents registered under Section 18, clause 7.	Total of Registration in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered, Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Book III.	Number of Registrations under Section 24.	Number of Registrations under Section 34.	Number of Refusals to register.	Number of Powers of Attorney attested.	Number of searches or applications for copies.	Total of Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 11, 20 and 26, and the total fees paid for registration under column 29.	Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Inspector General's Office	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	5 8 ...	5 8 ...	5,153 11 ...	
Bangalore	13	10	1,209	1,340	4	130	11	67	2,771	7,267	12	741	508	1	24	3	26	1	1,304	1,169	8	15,04,805	4	18	113	135	336	8	...	21	2	13	37	29	75	119	8,874 12	1,537 13 9	10,412 9 9	5,188 15 6	
Mysore	15	17	1,342	1,468	6	69	11	65	2,978	7,363	...	899	421	1	5	...	7	2	1,325	1,277	12	11,21,387	3	12	32	47	140	...	...	10	...	5	14	30	73	78	8,832	1,234 12 8	10,066 12 8	4,717 12 8	
Túmkúr	11	1	543	567	5	18	...	10	1,144	2,487	8	471	281	...	2	...	6	1	741	666	4	3,35,464	...	11	24	35	80	8	...	4	1	9	12	17	18	22	3,253 8	306 5 7	3,559 13 7	2,119 14 1	
Kolar	13	4	273	455	1	21	18	13	785	1,819	...	487	296	...	1	8	11	1	804	877	4	2,22,085	8	13	32	53	94	8	...	3	...	7	5	5	16	17	2,804 4	179 8 8	2,983 12 8	1,808 4 2½	
Hassan	11	2	482	561	...	20	6	19	1,090	2,791	12	507	222	...	...	...	1	...	730	664	...	4,83,200	2	4	16	22	39	...	...	5	...	6	16	6	26	49	3,519	621 ... 4	4,140 ... 4	2,084 1 6	
Kadur	8	3	457	376	...	25	4	10	875	3,354	4	236	88	...	...	...	2	...	326	341	8	7,26,391	7	18	38	63	174	4	...	3	...	9	19	33	68	98	3,888 8	1,188 2 ...	5,076 10 ...	2,313 15 9	
Shimoga	9	5	281	256	...	31	32	8	613	1,811	8	72	18	...	1	...	1	3	95	103	4	2,56,773	3	27	32	62	158	12	...	1	...	4	4	18	23	31	2,080 8	430 13 7	2,511 5 7	1,271 2 6	
Chitaldroog	10	2	162	157	...	6	...	6	333	719	12	78	29	...	1	...	1	3	112	113	8	62,566	2	3	3	8	10	12	...	2	1	2	3	3	8	854 4	172 11 2	1,026 15 2	677 12 5	
Total	91	44	4,749	5,180	16	320	82	198	10,589	27,614	8	3,491	1843	2	34	11	55	11	5,447	5,213	...	47,22,671	29	106	290	425	1031	4	...	47	5	54	109	141	302	424	34,106 12	5,676 11 9	39,783 7 9	25,335 9 7½	

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Shewing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8						10		
Station.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	1,657	76	1,733	1,143	386	1,529	2,800	462	3,262	1,431	380	1,811	1,369	82	1,451	1,526	90·	16·16			
		Under-trial ...	171	6	177	250	206	456	421	212	633	414	203	617	7	9	16	48	5·	53·			
		Civil ...	5	...	5	82	3	85	87	3	90	81	3	84	6	...	6	6	...	·6			
	District Jails.																				1,580	95·	1,675
	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	1,098	44	1,142	761	74	835	1,859	118	1,977	1,384	103	1,487	475	15	490	749·9	19·7	769·6			
		Under-trial ...	39	3	42	75	8	83	114	11	125	109	10	119	5	1	6	15·1	1·6	16·7			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	9	...	9	10	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	·56	...	·56			
																					765·56	21·3	786·86
	Túmkúr District Jail ...	Convicts ...	677	7	684	188	5	193	865	12	877	634	6	640	231	6	237	485·9	8·0	493·9			
		Under-trial ...	88	1	89	207	6	213	295	7	302	289	6	295	6	1	7	26·6	·7	27·3			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	23	...	23	24	...	24	18	...	18	6	...	6	2·5	...	2·5			
																					515·0	8·7	523·7
	Mysore District Jail ...	Convicts ...	695	31	726	722	65	787	1,417	96	1,513	897	74	971	520	22	542	628·585	24·482	653·067			
		Under-trial ...	144	3	147	162	8	170	306	11	317	304	11	315	2	...	2	37·482	·969	38·451			
		Civil ...	5	...	5	96	6	102	101	6	107	93	6	99	8	...	8	6·846	·350	7·196			
																					672·913	25·801	698·714
	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	200	13	213	509	49	558	709	62	771	643	57	700	66	5	71	81·581	9·791	91·372			
		Under-trial ...	58	5	63	329	33	362	387	38	425	371	36	407	16	2	18	18·614	1·132	19·746			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	9	...	9	9	...	9	7	...	7	2	...	2	·780	...	0·780			
																					100·975	10·923	111·898
	Shimoga District Jail ...	Convicts ...	787	27	814	208	12	220	995	39	1,034	250	25	275	745	14	759	740·98	19·51	760·49			
		Under-trial ...	10	1	11	177	5	182	187	6	193	176	6	182	11	...	11	8·51	·54	9·05			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	4	...	4	1	...	1	·19	...	0·19			
																					749·68	20·05	769·73
	Kadur District Jail ...	Convicts ...	45	3	48	250	15	265	295	18	313	215	12	227	80	6	86	59·91	2·74	62·65			
		Under-trial ...	33	4	37	355	10	365	388	14	402	385	14	399	3	...	3	18·78	·88	19·66			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	2	...	2	1	...	1	·76	...	0·76			
																					79·45	3·62	83·07
	Chitaldroog District Jail. ...	Convicts ...	282	9	291	351	32	383	633	41	674	584	32	616	49	9	58	112·58	7·25	119·83			
		Under-trial ...	52	1	53	334	26	360	386	27	413	378	26	404	8	1	9	18·39	·83	19·22			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	4	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	·52	...	0·52			
																					131·49	8·08	139·57

GENERAL SUMMARY.—(*Concluded*).

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Station.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	District Lock-up.																						
	Bangalore ...	Convicts ...	25	...	25	566	...	566	591	...	591	577	...	577	14	...	14	24·	...	24·			
		Under-trial ...	54	...	54	1,264	...	1,264	1,318	...	1,318	1,299	...	1,299	19	...	19	28·	...	28·			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Taluk Lock-ups.																						
	Bangalore District ...	Convicts ...	31	1	32	818	114	932	849	115	964	846	114	960	3	1	4	33·7	2·4	36·1	52	...	52
		Under-trial ...	19	...	19	1,156	73	1,229	1,175	73	1,248	1,172	73	1,245	3	...	3	14·2	·5	14·7			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Kolar District ...	Convicts ...	68	13	81	928	159	1,087	996	172	1,168	983	172	1,155	13	...	13	89·5	6·5	96·	47·9	2·9	50·8
		Under-trial ...	41	1	42	870	120	990	911	121	1,032	908	121	1,029	3	...	3	26·57	1·69	28·26			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Túmkúr District ...	Convicts ...	28	1	29	456	54	510	484	55	539	476	55	531	8	...	8	20·29	1·4	21·69	116·07	8·19	124·26
		Under-trial ...	79	5	84	978	80	1,058	1,057	85	1,142	1,045	85	1,130	12	...	12	41·82	2·16	43·98			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Mysore District ...	Convicts ..	38	3	41	653	53	706	691	56	747	688	56	744	3	...	3	23·861	1·599	25·46	62·11	3·56	65·67
		Under-trial ..	26	...	26	1,633	116	1,749	1,659	116	1,775	1,646	115	1,761	13	1	14	41·683	2·176	43·859			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Hassan District ...	Convicts ...	30	4	34	381	46	427	411	50	461	396	47	443	15	3	18	19·981	2·158	22·139	65·544	3·775	69·319
		Under-trial ...	12	2	14	1,656	139	1,795	1,668	141	1,809	1,667	141	1,808	1	...	1	19·541	1·586	21·127			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Shimoga District ...	Convicts ...	35	1	36	334	37	401	399	38	437	393	37	430	6	1	7	19·12	1·29	20·41	39·522	3·744	43·266
		Under-trial ...	17	1	18	645	42	687	662	43	705	660	42	702	2	1	3	13·16	·74	13·90			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Kadur District ...	Convicts ...	8	3	11	201	17	218	209	20	229	197	20	217	12	...	12	9·28	·46	9·74	32·28	2·03	34·31
		Under-trial ...	6	...	6	249	15	264	255	15	270	255	15	270	...	...	...	5·04	·19	5·23			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Chitaldroog District ...	Convicts ...	55	3	58	554	55	609	609	58	667	582	54	636	27	4	31	57·92	4·48	62·4	14·32	·65	14·97
		Under-trial ...	48	...	48	614	49	663	662	49	711	662	49	711	...	...	...	24·03	·91	24·94			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Grand Total.....	Convicts ...	5,759	239	5,998	9,053	1,173	10,226	14,812	1,412	16,224	11,176	1,244	12,420	3,636	168	3,804	4,683·088	201·760	4,884·848	81·95	5·39	87·34
		Under-trial ...	397	53	930	10,954	936	11,890	11,851	969	12,820	11,740	953	12,693	111	16	127	405·520	21·603	427·123			
		Civil ...	13	...	13	231	9	240	244	9	253	220	9	229	24	...	24	18·156	·350	18·506	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477
		General Total...	6,669	272	6,941	20,238	2,118	22,356	26,907	2,390	29,297	23,136	2,206	25,342	3,771	184	3,955	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477

II. C.—PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

1. *Shewing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1	2		3		4		5							6			7				8												9		10		11		12		13		14			15		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Remained on the 1st January 1878.		Imprisoned during the year.		Total.		Received from other Jails.				Total population.			Transferred to other Jails.				Released during the year.															Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining on the 31st December 1878.			Daily Average Number.		
							A		B					A		B		A		B		C		D																							
							To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation, or to other Jails.					To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		On payment of fine.		By order of Government. (a) On account of sickness.		By order of Government. (b) On other grounds.																					
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
Mysore Province.	5,759	239	9,053	1,173	14,812	1,412	3,368	80	89	11	18,269	1,503	19,772	3,571	102	61	13	111	6	8,031	1,107	524	35	7	...	904	19	34	10	1	1	15	..	35	3	1,339	39	3,636	168	3,804	4683·083	201·760	4884·818

2. *Shewing the Religion, Age and previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1	2														3								4									5		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Religion.														Age.								Previous Occupation.											
	A						B		C		D		E		A		B		C		D		Males.						Females.			Total.		
	Christians.																						A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I			
	a		b		c																													
	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Muhammadans.		Hindus.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other Classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.		Of independent property.	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.	Domestic servants.	Government servants.	No Occupation.	Married.	Unmarried.	Prostitutes.			
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F										M	F	Total.
Mysore Province.	16	...	12	4	125	40	1,650	126	11,273	1,100	7	...	1,729	142	486	89	11,332	1,087	2,786	223	208	13	694	7,232	4,719	903	517	747	1,077	182	153	14,812	1,412	16,224

3. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province for the year* 1878, *according to the Nature and Length of Sentence.*

1	2																								3				4		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Classes according to length of Sentence.																								Nature of Imprisonment.				Total.		
	A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H				I		A		B								
	Not exceeding one month.		Above 1 and not exceeding six months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.		Above 3 and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. For life.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. For a term.		Sentenced to death.		Simple Imprisonment.		Rigorous Imprisonment.								
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
Mysore Province...	5,736	864	2,926	380	1,563	63	2,714	52	965	18	661	7	13	...	102	21	82	1	50	6	994	291	13,818	1,121	14,812	1,412	16,224

II. C.—PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

4. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878, *who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3			4								5			6				7
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Total.			Number previously convicted.								Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners (under 16 years of age, Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code.)				Serial Number.
					A		B		C		D					A		B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than Twice.		Total.					Number imprisoned.		Number previously convicted.		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	
1	Province of Mysore...	14,812	1,412	16,224	425	48	169	29	105	13	699	90	4·72	6·37	4·87	201	48	4	1	

6. *Shewing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3		4		5						6										7	8
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Average number of Convicts.		Criminal Offences.		Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.										Ratio of Column 6 C to Column 3.	Serial Number.
						Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		A	B By Jail Officers.							C			
												By Criminal Courts.	A Solitary confinement.		B Reduced diet.		C Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		D Corporal punishment.	E Other punishments.		Total punishments.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Male.	Female.		
1	Province of Mysore ...	4683·88	201·76	26	...	90	1	91	1	117	1	3	53	...	3	1	9	1	255	1	1	327	6·6

7. *Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in Column 3 there were—						Daily average number of Convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year.		Of those in Column 7 there were—						Number released during the year after more than six months in Jail.						Serial Number.
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	Province of Mysore.	9,053	1,173	8,135	1,153	441	2	477	18	4,683·088	201·76	819·535	18·25	9,577	1,167	8,336	1,155	916	6	325	6	1,319	26	367	5	190	6	

II. C. PRISONS. (FINANCIAL.)

10. *Shewing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878, *excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.*

1	2	3				4				5			6			7					8			9			10			11		12
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Average number of prisoners.				Rations				Establishment.			Police Guard.			Hospital Charges.					Clothing.			Contingencies.			Grand Total expended.			Total Cost per head of average strength.		Serial Number.
		Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	A	B			A	B		A	B		A	B				A	B		A	B							
						Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Cost per head of average number sick.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.							
						Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1	Mysore Province ...	4,884·848	427·123	18·506	5,330·477	2,50,063	47	1	2	67,129	12	9	6	67,521	12	10	8	22,027	4	2	1	41	3	4	13,306	2	11	7	19,889	3	11	8	4,39,935	...	...	82	8	6	

12. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6						7			8
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number of effectives.	Employment.						Ratio per cent on column 5 of those employed.			Serial Number.
					A	B	C	D	E	F				
					Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Building and repairing Jail.	On Jail garden.	On manufactures.	Extramural.	As prison officers.	As prison servants.	On manufactures.	
1	Mysore Province.	4,784·044	100·804	4,170	91	700	233	479	40	2,027	2·17	16·8	15·34	

14. *Shewing the Expenditure on the construction of new Jails, and on additions, alterations and repairs, with the gross and net cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	On Jail buildings.		On maintaining and guarding the prisoners.	Total expenditure, columns 3 and 4.	Expenditure on manufactures (column 4 D) of Statement 13.	Gross expenditure, columns 5 and 6.	Cash receipts from manufactures (column 3 A) of Statement 13.	Net cost or column 7 minus column 8.	Total expenditure (column 5) per head of average strength.	Net cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
		A	B									
		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.									
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mysore Province...	3,014	4,816	4,39,935	4,47,765	34,492	4,82,257	38,815	4,43,442	92	91	

II. C.—PRISONS. (VITAL.)

15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital.			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of Hospital.			Ratio per cent of average strength.									Serial Number.
																				A			B			C		D	E	
		M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	Of admissions into Hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from all other causes both in and out of Hospital.	Of deaths from all causes both in and out of Hospital.	
																				M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	Total.	
1	Province of Mysore.	4,494·65	313.87	3,808·52	5,108.764	223·713	5,330·477	7,150	248	7,398	8,092	228	8,310	523·909	10·692	534·601	1,401	421	1,443	158·2	101·8	155·9	10·2	49	10·04	·18	...	·17	27·2	18·7	26·9	27·4	18·7	27·07	1

II. C.—PRISONS. (CIVIL.)

20. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.			Released during the year.			Escaped.			Transferred.			Died.			Remaining on 31st December 1878.			Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		Hospital.				Cost.		Serial Number.
																																A	B	C	D	A		
																																Admissions.	Daily average sick.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.	Total Charges.	Average Cost per Prisoner.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	
1	Province of Mysore.	13	...	231	...	9	244	9	...	9	18·156	·350	220	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	84·50	8·25	...	...	...	...	65·994	8·25	2	...	·043	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

II. C.—PRISONS. (UNDER-TRIAL.)

21. *Shewing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Received by transfer.		Total Population.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.			Escaped.			Deaths.			Remaining on 1st January 1879.			Cost.					Hospital.				Serial Number.
																														A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	
																														Rations.	Guard and Establishment.	Other charges.	Total.	Annual cost per head of average strength.	Admissions.	Daily average sick.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	A	P.					
1	Province of Mysore.	897	33	10,954	933	...	...	11,351	969	12,820	405·520	21·603	427·123	5,708	358	6,066	5,967	592	6,559	...	...	...	3	...	...	62	3	111	16	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	12·764	65	15·2	1

II. D.

1. *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution*

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.											
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.			Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C, and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.					
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.												
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	75	10	85	74	...	...	...	...	18	4	20
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	77	18	95	85	...	...	...	1	10	4	27
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	24	9	33	29	...	...	...	...	6	2	9
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
		Total.....	184	37	221	196	...	...	...	1	35	11	57
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.												
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do by dacoits	5	5	10	8	...	...	...	...	1	...	5
10		Do by robbers	4	2	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
11		Do by poison	7	1	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
12		Other murders...	93	48	141	116	...	...	...	1	24	5	47
13	307	Attempts at murder	16	3	19	17	...	...	...	...	4	1	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	58	27	85	70	...	...	...	...	21	3	21
15	376	Rape	9	4	13	9	...	...	...	...	7	2	2
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	23	7	30	24	...	...	...	...	6	...	10
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	32	11	43	34	...	...	...	..	22	3	5
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	79	36	115	96	...	...	...	...	39	6	23
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	39	13	52	44	...	...	...	1	10	...	21
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	10	1	11	11	...	...	...	...	2	1	2
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	457	95	552	457	5	2	20	3	142	16	109
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	19	5	24	20	1	...	...	...	12	1	1
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	13	2	15	15	...	...	...	...	5	2	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	92	25	117	103	...	...	...	...	54	6	25
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
		Total.....	958	285	1,243	1,038	6	2	20	5	349	47	285

POLICE.

of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

			PERSONS.																PROPERTY.				
Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C.P.C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
			Pending at the end of 1877.	Within the year.								By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.					
				Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.									In Police custody.	On bail.							
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	51	29	6	...	61	...	67	...	6	12	46	9	...	37	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	64	46	11	...	58	1	70	8	...	11	48	...	...	48	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
7	14	9	12	...	124	...	136	...	...	25	100	21	...	55	24	...	11	...	...	1	1	200	200	
1	4	3	...	...	8	..	8	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
29	134	88	29	...	252	1	282	8	6	43	201	30	...	147	24	1	11	7	...	1	1	200	200	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	6	3	33	...	26	...	59	...	...	18	40	8	12	20	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	240	7	
1	8	3	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	33	6	
...	6	3	1	....	14	...	15	1	...	6	8	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	
18	90	46	37	...	156	1	194	4	9	30	121	...	27	93	1	2	...	19	9	6	5	424	49	
1	23	9	2	...	19	...	21	...	1	8	12	...	3	8	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	22	22	
9	43	31	11	...	74	...	85	...	4	17	57	2	4	51	...	...	...	..	7	...	...	...	...	
2	2	...	5	...	8	...	13	...	...	6	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
3	14	11	3	...	12	...	15	1	...	1	12	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	18	13	1	...	26	...	27	1	1	12	13	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	46	36	20	2	61	6	89	1	3	15	64	6	5	53	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	
3	33	17	10	...	29	...	39	2	...	3	31	3	1	27	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	4	...	
1	7	5	...	...	21	...	21	...	...	9	11	...	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
72	252	190	34	...	449	4	487	1	6	106	349	22	2	325	...	...	..	25	...	2	...	154	...	
4	7	6	3	...	16	...	19	...	3	6	16	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	..	2	2	49	3	
3	4	2	1	...	11	...	12	...	...	4	6	2	...	4	..	...	...	2	...	2	...	57	22	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	39	25	11	...	82	...	93	...	3	39	47	5	...	42	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	17	...	
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
136	594	401	174	2	1,007	11	1,194	11	30	280	788	49	59	678	2	2	...	64	19	23	12	1,045	109	

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 3 C and 3 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C. and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	229	199	428	307	1	...	...	2	61	1	208
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity.	2	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery By poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	43	...	43	43	...	...	...	...	6	1	20
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	5	3	8	7	...	...	...	...	2	...	3
		Robbery with hurt — in dwelling house	20	6	26	24	...	...	...	1	10	...	11
33	392, 393	Robbery — on the highway, between sunset & sunrise.	43	13	56	51	...	...	...	1	11	1	23
		Robbery — other robberies...	156	95	251	187	2	...	...	...	63	8	61
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	36	20	56	43	1	...	...	...	16	1	19
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	1,880	546	2,426	2,081	4	...	5	3	530	70	766
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	9	7	16	11	...	...	...	...	4	..	6
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	1
		Total.....	2,425	890	3,315	2,758	8	...	5	7	708	82	1,120
		ClasIV.—Minor Offences against the person.											
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	38	1	39	39	...	...	...	..	13	1	1
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	77	10	87	79	2	...	...	1	28	3	21
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
41	374	Compulsory labor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	118	11	129	121	2	...	...	1	43	4	23
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.											
		Mischief, section 428, 429	143	18	161	139	1	1	1	...	25	13	19
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	59	59	118	75	...	...	...	..	28	...	60
43	379 to 382	Theft ... Of cattle	1,392	166	1,558	1,459	3	..	9	5	356	28	253
		Theft ... Ordinary	5,016	668	5,684	5,169	8	1	80	4	989	120	100
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	142	23	165	152	7	...	...	...	53	8	36
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	95	20	115	99	1	...	...	...	14	2	30
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	79	12	91	82	1	...	...	2	23	1	11
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	81	55	136	110	...	...	...	1	42	2	38
		Total.....	7,007	1,021	8,028	7,285	21	2	90	12	1,530	174	1,451
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.											
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers & thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C. ...	Vagrancy and bad character	12	1	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		„ Excise Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53		„ Railway Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		„ Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
55		„ Stage Carriage Act ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		„ Stamp Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
		Security for good behaviour	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, & any other Muni. or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	916	11	927	924	...	...	1	...	20	15	9
58	... ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	60	1	61	60	...	...	...	...	8	1	4
		Total.....	1,001	13	1,014	1,010	...	...	1	...	32	16	14
		Grand Total.....	11,693	2,257	13,950	12,408	37	4	116	26	2,697	334	2,950

1 (*Continued.*)

			Persons.																Property.			
Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and Superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C. P. C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			Pending at the end of 1877.	Within the year.			Total.					By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
				Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)										In Police custody.	On bail.						
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
17	264	139	963	...	732	2	1,697	57	1	239	1,388	247	337	804	...	...	...	7	5	208	85	52,082	5,107
1	1	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	28	12	5	...	32	...	37	3	2	9	22	2	2	18	...	...	...	1	...	27	9	761	207
...	4	3	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	3	10	3	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
1	8	3	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	4	11	4	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	11	6	2,228	458
9	29	11	10	...	38	...	48	...	1	10	35	10	...	25	...	...	...	2	...	28	9	2,514	1,312
35	97	79	60	...	187	3	250	2	3	51	174	13	...	161	...	...	...	13	1	107	66	4,366	549
8	24	12	2	...	27	...	29	...	...	9	19	3	...	16	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	885	...
209	1,096	843	238	...	1,597	2	1,837	13	40	218	1,492	175	...	1,316	1	5	1	67	1	1,218	810	76,834	17,230
2	8	4	4	...	9	...	13	...	...	2	7	2	...	5	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	2	1
...	2	1	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
285	1,561	1,107	1282	...	2,658	7	3,947	75	53	551	3,160	459	339	2,361	1	5	1	94	8	1,603	985	1,39,673	24,865
2	22	22	...	...	37	...	37	...	...	...	36	1	...	35	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
10	34	24	2	...	81	7	90	3	...	34	42	5	...	35	2	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	56	46	2	...	119	7	128	3	...	35	78	6	...	70	2	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
9	116	94	15	...	303	4	322	...	2	55	260	4	...	256	...	...	1	4	...	7	1	179	80
12	24	18	...	...	27	...	27	...	...	2	25	3	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	70	40
132	924	775	116	...	1,723	4	1,843	5	22	175	1,564	110	...	1,453	1	5	4	68	...	986	816	18,891	12,919
406	3,509	3,079	223	2	4,896	25	5,146	11	47	398	4,498	234	...	4,232	2	5	5	180	2	3,842	2,466	60,798	20,217
13	68	57	3	...	104	...	107	...	5	23	77	9	...	68	...	...	...	2	...	63	4	3,265	542
6	84	64	1	...	127	...	128	...	2	29	94	12	...	82	...	...	...	3	...	46	43	894	473
4	56	50	3	...	94	...	97	...	1	10	86	14	...	72	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	15	...
34	32	19	27	...	124	...	151	2	1	45	77	4	...	73	...	...	...	26	...	29	14	5,443	3,028
616	4,813	4,155	388	2	7,398	33	7,821	18	80	737	6,681	390	...	6,288	3	10	10	283	2	4,981	3,350	89,555	37,229
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	12	1	...	64	...	65	...	...	7	58	...	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	7	7	...	...	21	...	21	...	...	...	21	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	2	...	...	27	...	27	...	...	1	26	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	868	864	9	...	1,647	1	1,657	1	...	12	1,624	29	...	1,595	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
1	50	47	1	...	244	...	245	...	...	10	235	7	...	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	940	932	11	...	2,003	1	2,015	1	...	30	1,964	36	...	1,928	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
1,098	8,010	6,729	1886	4	13,473	60	15,387	116	168	1,681	12,873	970	398	11,473	32	18	22	480	29	6,609	4,348	2,30,473	62,478

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, columns 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.				
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ...	Offences against public justice	20	4	3	10
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	28	4	...	17
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	7	3	5	4
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	2	...	...	1
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	28	4	2	16
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	1	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	7	...	...	6
		Total.....	93	15	10	54
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	2	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	3	2	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	13	1	...	6
		Total.....	13	1	...	6
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	111	13	5	44
14	345	Wrongful confinement	3	...	...	1
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	23	4	1	13
		Total.....	137	17	6	58
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	15	5	...	9
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	55	1	...	41
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	4	...	..	1
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	95	22	17	39
		Total.....	169	28	17	90
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	1	2	1	1
21	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	...	2	...	...
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult...	7	2	2	7
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	2	...	...	...
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	17	2	2	16
		Total.....	27	8	5	24
		Grand Total.....	442	71	38	232

1 (*Concluded.*)

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases struck off as false.	Number of cases pending at the end of the year.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Number of persons pending or under trial at the end of year.	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	7	28	9	16	6	25	25	
8	7	32	11	21	...	...	...	
5	1	11	10	5	1	...	...	
...	1	2	...	1	1	...	...	
12	4	20	3	18	1	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	29	2	27	...	...	...	
33	21	122	35	88	9	25	25	
3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	
5	3	20	8	12	...	...	...	
5	3	20	8	12	...	...	...	
60	20	115	14	95	11	...	...	
...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	
6	8	26	9	18	...	...	...	
66	30	142	23	114	11	...	...	
4	7	17	3	13	1	301	287	
3	12	76	17	55	4	418	248	
1	2	3	2	1	...	13	6	
47	31	141	41	97	20	695	348	
55	52	237	63	166	25	1,427	889	
1	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	7	1	8	...	...	...	
1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	45	27	20	...	...	...	
8	3	55	30	30	...	...	...	
170	111	576	159	410	45	1,452	914	

2. *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Total number of cases fully investigated during the year and accepted as true, Column 8 g of II. D.—(A.)		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to true cases investigated.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.												Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
			1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878
1	2	3	4	5	5 *a*		6	7	8	9	9 *a*		9 *b*		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																								
1*a*	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	99	74	64	51	64·06	68·86	88	67	...	...	88	67	63	46	55	55·22	96·1	89·12	2	...	2	...	100	...
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	12	1	10	1	80	100	15	1	...	...	15	1	10	1	53·53	100	80	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice...	73	85	58	64	86·2	71·87	84	70	...	...	84	70	63	48	72·6	68·56	96·8	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	27	29	9	14	·89	64·28	97	136	...	...	97	136	75	100	66.	40·44	85·3	55	...	200	...	200	...	100
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier...	7	7	7	4	86	75	9	8	...	...	9	8	8	6	77·77	75	87·5	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	218	196	148	134	76·3	65·6	298	282	...	...	293	282	219	201	64·1	52·12	85·8	73·13	2	200	2	200	100	100
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																								
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by thugs...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits	15	8	12	6	66·36	50	119	59	...	...	119	59	77	40	43·7	33·89	67·5	50	1,767	240	239	7	12·9	3
10		„ robbers	7	5	5	3	40	100	9	4	...	...	9	4	5	4	55·5	100	100	100	5	33	3	6	·60	18·18
11		„ poison	2	7	1	6	100	50	3	15	...	...	3	15	2	8	66·66	26·6	100	50	92	5	12	...	13·04	...
12		Other murders	145	116	89	90	60·6	51·11	325	194	...	...	325	194	246	121	54·7	47·94	72·3	76·85	2,818	424	242	49	8·5	11·55
13	307	Attempts at murder	25	17	10	23	100	43·9	25	21	...	...	25	21	20	12	80	38·09	100	68·66	...	22	...	22	...	100
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	185	70	65	43	52·5	71·88	185	55	...	...	185	85	114	57	36·07	60	57·9	89·87	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	10	9	6	2	33·33	...	9	13	...	...	9	13	4	2	33·33	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	31	24	12	14	41·7	78·5	13	15	...	...	13	15	7	12	38·5	80	71·4	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	52	34	35	18	69	72·22	39	27	...	...	39	27	27	13	53·8	48·33	77·77	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	2	...	2	...	50	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	141	96	67	46	72	78·29	169	87	...	2	169	87	104	64	51·2	59·56	81·5	82·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt... ...	53	44	22	33	50	51·51	59	39	...	..	59	39	31	31	37·3	68·97	70·9	87·09	130	4	125	...	97	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	10	11	3	7	100	71·42	9	21	...	...	9	21	6	11	66·66	82·38	100	100	...	154	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	166	466	78	252	70·5	74·3	166	487	...	...	166	487	117	349	60·	66·73	84·6	90·25	1	49	1	3	100	6·12
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	28	21	7	7	85·7	85·71	24	19	...	...	24	19	13	10	50·	52·63	92·3	100	128	57	18	22	19·06	38·59
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	11	15	3	4	100	50	17	12	...	...	17	12	10	6	43·7	53·33	70	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	1	...	1	...	100	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	140	103	72	33	76·3	64·1	109	93	...	...	169	93	137	47	6 ·04	45·16	83·9	89·14	616	17	174	...	28·24	10·43
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	2	...	1	...	100.	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	936	1,046	491	594	66	67·5	1,315	1,192	..	2	1,315	1,194	924	788	52·04	56·78	75·7	86·04	5,538	1,045	815	109	14·6	9·47

		Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.																								
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	585	308	371	264	59·5	52·65	3,690	1,697	1	...	3,691	1,698	2,306	1,388	46·04	41·54	74·02	57·99	95,388	5,282	8,892	5,107	9·32	96·57
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	4	2	2	1	100	...	22	3	...	...	22	3	8	...	36·36	...	100	...	...	7	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs... ...	...	43	...	28	...	42·85	...	37	...	...	...	37	...	22	...	45·94	...	81·31	...	751	...	207	...	27·2
		{ By other means	15	7	9	4	77·77	75	30	13	...	...	30	13	26	10	83·3	53·84	96·2	70	124	1	43	1	34·6	100
33	392, 393	Robbery. { In dwelling house	17	24	10	8	60	37·5	16	15	...	...	16	15	16	...	100	46·86	100	63·63	2,437	2,228	189	458	7·39	20·55
		On the highway, between sunset and sunrise.	49	51	37	29	59·5	37·93	101	48	...	...	101	48	70	35	48·5	52·29	70	71·41	11,967	2,514	1,452	1,312	12·15	52·18
		Other robberies	374	189	206	97	68	81·44	538	250	...	...	538	250	369	174	58·8	64·4	85·3	95·52	7,872	4,365	2,253	549	28·6	12·57
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ...	Serious mischief and cognate offences	103	44	50	24	62	50	115	29	...	...	115	29	91	19	59·5	51·17	73·6	84·21	363	885	1	...	3	...
35	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	3,305	2,085	2,148	1,096	83·9	77	4,453	1,837	...	...	4,453	1,837	3,773	1,492	74·04	71·63	87·4	88·20	89,648	76,834	39,322	1,723	44·4	22·42
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	29	11	21	8	80·95	50	28	13	...	...	28	13	23	7	75	38·4	91·3	71·4	62	2	...	1	51·63	50
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	3	2	2	2	100	50	3	5	...	...	3	5	3	2	100	40	100	100	...	...	..	...	...	...
		Total.....	4,483	2,766	2,856	1,561	79·7	70·9	8,996	3,947	1	...	8,997	3,948	6,685	3,160	61·03	60·1	82·4	74·7	2,07,861	1,39,673	52,675	24,865	25·3	17·8
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.																								
		Voluntarily causing hurt	81	39	56	...	71·4	...	57	37	35	...	122	37	97	...	60·7	...	76·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	335	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	76	81	37	22	81·08	100	63	90	...	...	63	90	53	36	68·3	94·6	81·1	97·7	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	74	...	28	34	53·6	67·64	63	1	...	...	63	1	37	42	30·1	38·89	51·3	83·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	5	3	4	...	50	...	5	1	...	...	5	1	5	...	80	...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	374	Compulsory labor	30	...	22	...	22·7	...	17	...	...	...	17	...	23	...	70·6	...	52·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	278	123	147	56	62·5	82·14	205	128	65	...	270	128	215	78	56·3	54·61	70·67	89·74	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.																								
		Mischief by killing animals	168	141	123	116	89·42	81·03	334	322	...	...	334	322	292	260	80·8	79·5	92·4	97·7	1,341	179	380	80	28·2	44·69
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	160	75	89	24	73·02	75	104	27	...	...	104	27	84	25	75·9	81·48	94·04	88	33	70	19	40	57·5	57·14
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	2,091	1,482	1,734	924	94·2	83·87	3,773	1,843	...	..	3,773	1,843	3,463	1,564	86·4	78·84	94·17	91·62	20,078	18,891	13,274	12,919	65·61	68·07
		{ Ordinary	7,979	5,178	6,353	3,509	90·9	35·72	11,833	5,144	...	2	11,883	5,144	10,919	4,498	83·4	82·8	90·7	94·78	73,765	60,798	28,986	20,217	39	33·25
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	154	159	89	68	80	85·29	128	107	...	...	128	107	104	77	67·01	63·56	83·27	88·31	3,296	3,265	1,311	5,282	39	16.6
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	17	100	87	84	70·6	751	170	128	...	...	170	128	132	94	55·8	64·06	72	87·23	2,219	894	721	473	32·49	52·9
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass...	134	83	104	56	88·4	92·59	184	97	...	...	184	97	167	86	84·8	7·.23	93·4	8·.72	212	15	62	...	29·24	...
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	245	110	105	32	67·6	59·37	439	151	...	...	439	151	264	77	55·3	41·72	92·04	94·8	8,670	5,443	3,988	3,028	46	55·62
		Total.....	10,948	7,308	8,684	4,813	90·8	86·33	17,015	7,821	...	2	17,015	7,823	15,425	6,681	82·9	83·78	91·4	94·12	1,09,614	89,555	48,741	37,299	44·4	41·65
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.																								
		Attempts to commit offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX C. P. C....	Vagrancy and bad character	35	13	32	13	75	92·3	101	65	...	...	101	65	84	58	67·3	88·88	80·96	100	2	...	2	...	100	...
50	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion	2	4	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	9	7	9	7	100	100	33	21	...	.	33	21	38	21	115	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	„ Excise Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53		„ Act XIII of 1859	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		„ Section 505 C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		„ Stage Carriage Act, Abkari Act	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		„ Stamp Act, Arms Act	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		„ Security for good behaviour	...	2	...	2	...	100	...	27	...	...	...	27	...	26	...	96·3	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	908	924	891	868	95·2	99·4	1,842	1,657	...	...	1,842	1,657	1,831	1,624	95·7	96·26	96·3	98·28	1	...	1	...	100	...
58	... ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	13	60	13	50	76·92	94	17	245	...	...	17	245	16	235	76·5	93·03	81·25	97·92	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	971	1,010	946	940	93·43	99·14	1,994	2,015	...	...	1,994	2,015	1,970	1,964	94·5	95·68	95·6	98·1	3	...	3	..	100	...
		Grand Total.....	17,855	12,449	13,272	8,010	87·2	71·53	29,848	15,383	66	4	29,914	15,383	25,438	12,873	75·3	74·56	88·5	81·36	3,23,038	2,40,973	1,02,236	62,473	31·6	27·11

3. *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.							Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	...	45	98	85	48	1,246	428	340	167	197	7	228	559	1,400	428	288	1,022	340	233	785	167	27,342	43,993	22,044	3490	9864	2337	
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*a*) with murder	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder	...	6	4	3	7	10	9	7	5	2	...	1	...	13	9	...	13	7	...	9	5	...	30	375	...	10	129	
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																											
Kidnapping	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	...	2	3	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cattle theft	...	61	240	228	73	587	487	436	409	27	6	76	175	1,450	487	143	1,224	436	136	1,129	409	1,073	8,382	4,660	853	5536	3853	

4. Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.																Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						
	Names of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total Cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	651	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79	844	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	734	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	609	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	339	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	57	668	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	174	87	127	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town, Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	458	5,219	87	127	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. D.

5. *Statement shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment*

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of									
	Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Municipal Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Commissioners (Column 3)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers. (Cols. 4 and 5) (4.)	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cls. 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than those included in Cols 2 and 17.
		Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Number of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards.	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Foot.	Water.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.				Mounted Constable.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Deputy Inspector General of Police	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,440	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	394
Bangalore ...	...	1	1	98	...	510	...	...	...	...	3,600	896	2,668	22,103	41,973	4,104	...	80	1,473
Kolar ...	...	1	1	78	...	410	...	3	15	...	2,200	767	2,026	15,283	31,141	3,852	...	80	2,238
Túmkúr ...	...	1	2	85	...	443	..	...	...	...	3,000	1,500	2,184	17,976	34,140	3,720	...	80	3,105
Mysore ...	...	1	1	113	...	565	...	5	50	...	3,600	775	3,411	23,508	36,092	4,844	...	80	5,534
Hassan ...	...	1	1	80	...	414	...	1	13	...	3,043	958	2,623	13,903	32,584	3,105	...	80	6,316
Shimoga ...	...	1	1	87	...	447	...	...	...	...	2,076	976	3,266	14,527	23,489	2,553	...	80	5,299
Kadur ...	...	1	1	57	...	297	...	1	15	...	2,500	1,259	3,508	9,774	22,879	2,382	...	80	4,555
Chitaldroog ...	...	1	2	93	...	475	...	2	15	..	4,347	1,385	4,765	15,372	37,474	4,659	...	80	1,334
Town and Cantonment of Bangalore ...	...	1	4	62	...	230	...	20	139	...	7,200	...	1,569	24,216	33,696	1,640	...	90	9,395
Town of Mysore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	177	...	...	...	...	5,857	15,178	300	...	80	2,237
Total...	1	9	14	753	...	3,791	...	62	424	3,440	31,566	8,516	26,020	1,62,469	3,08,646	31,139	...	81	41,880

6. *Return shewing Equipment, Discipline and general Internal*

Districts.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, & 348, of the Indian Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of the Indian Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bangalore ...	99	510	...	...	570	9	27	29	393	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	19
Kolar ...	82	425	50	...	472	1	18	13	84	...	4	...	...	...	2	1	11
Túmkúr ...	86	443	...	...	495	3	33	31	89	...	3	1	2	...	...	1	6
Mysore ...	121	614	...	...	683	7	80	15	124	...	12	...	...	...	1	2	7
Hassan ...	82	431	72	...	460	2	50	142	277	1	1	1	...	...	...	3	11
Shimoga ...	88	437	80	...	436	5	45	50	123	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur ...	59	312	84	...	341	2	21	26	81	...	3	...	...	...	9	...	...
Chitaldroog ...	97	490	100	100	508	6	29	31	102	2	1	...	...	...	...	3	19
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	86	369	...	...	425	2	17	12	33	2	...	...	...	1	1	1	8
Town, Mysore ...	29	177	...	...	198	...	5	2	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total..	719	4,208	386	100	4,391	386	325	351	1,321	5	30	3	2	1	13	15	81

Detail of Columns 9

Districts.	Fined 5 Rs. and under.	
	Officers.	Men.
Bangalore	12	391
Kolar	5	70
Túmkúr	11	57
Mysore	6	110
Hassan	121	254
Shimoga	35	105
Kadur	20	64
Chitaldroog	22	52
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	4	18
Town, Mysore	...	...
Total...	236	1,151

POLICE.

of Police in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Police.			Distribution of Force.										Proportion of Police Officers and Men.					
			On District.										To Area (6.)			To Population.		
			Guards at District, Central, or subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.											
Total Cost.	Payable from Municipal Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5)	Of Towns.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5.)	Of Towns (5.)
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
8,834	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76,817	...	...	...	...	...	23	93	474	...	...	2,914	6,85,841	1 to 4	...	...	1 to 1,160	...	...
57,437	55,862	1,575	...	...	...	30	67	348	18	...	2,577	6,18,954	1 to 5	...	...	1 to 1,336	...	...
65,625	65,625	...	...	...	6	48	66	377	14	...	3,606	6,32,239	1 to 7	...	...	1 to 1,237	...	...
77,733	72,805	4,959	...	...	6	26	75	499	36	...	4,127	9,15,728	1 to 6	...	...	1 to 1,426	...	...
62,532	61,485	1,047	...	...	...	20	61	371	11	...	7,011	6,23,272	1 to 15	...	...	1 to 1,346	...	...
52,186	49,102	2,992	...	...	8	32	63	355	35	..	3,805	5,13,106	1 to 7	...	...	1 to 1,040	...	...
46,857	45,692	1,265	...	...	6	18	44	256	16	...	2,294	3,58,145	1 to 6	...	...	1 to 1,053	...	...
69,336	67,855	1,481	...	...	4	55	62	383	16	...	4,471	5,31,360	1 to 8	...	...	1 to 1,021	...	...
77,716	39,040	38,676	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	281	14	1,42,513	...	...	31 to 1	...	...	1 to 333
23,572	...	23,572	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	3	57,815	...	...	72 to 1	..	...	1 to 284
6,13,675	4,56,466	75,567	...	...	30	252	531	3,063	495	281	30,822	50,78,973	...	..	...	...	...	...

Management of the Force in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Reward.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage of men in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.		
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
71	...	84	133	...	...	72	359	159	1	6	15	36	3	...	7	22·4	1·2
43	...	66	125	...	...	38	211	214	..	8	16	19	20	...	8	37·71	1·79
62	9	86	117	...	...	67	296	148	...	...	11	36	...	14	13	1·6	2·54
15	11	79	213	...	...	127	268	247	...	1	24	87	6	5	30	5	5·10
34	...	61	189	...	...	92	260	111	...	5	26	52	11	...	22	20	6·4
...	...	91	82	...	..	65	266	162	...	2	17	50	...	...	10	53	2·02
42	3	43	80	...	...	101	174	65	...	1	11	23	13	55	12	27·49	3·38
35	...	68	97	...	...	31	402	87	...	...	12	35	7	16	15	54	2·6
133	...	75	161	6	7	68	267	92	1	3	38	19	13	8	5	60·8	1·1
...	...	15	89	4	20	25	83	95	1	3	9	5	4	...	5	73·39	2·46
435	23	686	1,286	10	27	686	2,586	1,380	3	29	179	362	77	94	127	364·59	2·7

and 10.

Above 5 Rs.		Degraded.		Suspended.	
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
...	...	12	2	3	...
...	...	5	5	3	9
3	...	11	10	6	24
1	1	3	12	5	2
2	...	8	4	1	20
2	...	14	3	9	15
1	...	4	6	1	11
...	...	5	2	4	13
...	...	8	13	...	2
...	...	2	13	...	3
11	1	72	70	32	99

7. *Statement shewing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

| District. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or Caste. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. E.—MILITARY.

1. *Statement shewing the Strength, Caste and other particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Arm of Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each.					Total Cost including Contingencies.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.				European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men. and Non-Combatants.						
European— Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,209 4 1·76	1,534 2 0·96	546 14 1·11	402 3 8·20	131 0 9·8	5,33,111 6 5
Native. Cavalry	1,172	73	...	22	22	...	75	1,148	3	...	36	102	1,010	18	...	324 13 11·20	419 15 0·21	312 3 7·87	69 1 10·32	61 14 10·76	3,09,651 8 9
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		126 15 0·90	90 0 0·33			
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Infantry	2,418	42	...	73	73	...	442	1,945	4	...	69	246	1,587	138	...						8,42,762 15 2
Total	3,590	115	...	95	95	...	517	3,093	7	...	105	348	2,597	156	...						

2. *Statement shewing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of men at Head-Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Actual Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-Post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Actual Service.			Number of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Cavalay	...	8	30	142	33	93	102	...	176	181	8	...	36	...
Infantry	...	8	54	76	101	223	84	...	216	113	7	...	48	40

3. *Statement shewing religion, races, and classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.*

Classification according to Religion, Race &c.		Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
According to Religion.	Muhammadans	33·2	5′ 6″	...	
	Hindus	32·0	5′ 5″	...	
	Seikhs	37·0	5′ 8″	...	
	Christians	24·35	5′ 4″	...	
	Parsis	...	...	...	
	Other Castes	...	...	...	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	28·0	5′ 6″	...	
	Punjabis	37·0	5′ 8″	...	
	Afghans	...	...	...	
	Beloochis	...	...	...	
	From W. Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From E. do	...	...	...	
	From Maharatta countries	34·5	5′ 6″	...	
	Bengalis	...	...	...	
	Telingas	31·60	5′ 3½″	...	
	Kanarese	27·15	5′ 4″	...	
	Tamils	22·55	5′ 5″	...	
	Malabars	...	...	...	
Hindus According to Caste.	Brahmans	32·28	5′ 5″	...	
	Rajputs	28·0	5′ 6″	...	
	Mahrattas	34·5	5′ 6″	...	
	Rajay	...	...	...	
	Kunbis	22·40	5′ 5″	...	
	Telingas or Naidus	31·60	5′ 3½″	...	
	Alemans	23·20	5′ 2″	...	
	General Average.....	31·59	...	...	

II. F. MARINE.

1. *Statement shewing the Strength and other particulars of the Marine Force attached to the Province of in the year*

Arm of Service.	Total Number of fighting Officers and Men.								Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					Total cost including contingencies.
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of last year.	Number of Ships.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.					European Commissioned Officer.	Native Commissioned Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officer.	Fighting man.	Paid non-combatant.	
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.						
									Nil.												

2. *Statement shewing the Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Marine Force attached to the Province of on the last day of the year.*

Classification according to Religion, Races, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each Caste and Race.
		Nil.		

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.			Refunds and Drawbacks.			Charges against Income. Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.			Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.			Allowances to District and Village Officers and Inamdars and Charitable Grants.			Total.			Net Receipts.			Deficit.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue ...	90,83,508	12	4	7,805	14	0	7,65,160	12	4½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	34,25,962	4	6½	56,49,740	9	0½	...	...	...
Forests ...	4,52,57.	6	11	468	3	0	1,97,552	0	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,97,552	0	7	2,54,555	3	4	...	...	...
Excise on spirit and drugs ...	7,78,262	8	9	...	...	...	44,612	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,612	7	2	7,33,650	1	7	...	...	...
Tributes and contributions from Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	1,03,14,346	12	0	8,274	1	0	10,07,325	4	1½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	36,68,126	12	3½	66,37,945	14	8½	...	...	...
Assessed Taxes ...	3,36,661	10	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,36,661	10	3	...	...	...
Sayer Customs ...	4,62,176	1	1	17	13	4	31,826	12	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,826	12	9	4,30,331	7	0	...	...	...
Salt { Duty on imported / Excise duty / Government sales }	7,951	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,951	3	3	...	...	...
Opium { Export and import duty ... / Government Sales..	850	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	850	10	4	...	...	...
	755	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	755	15	1	...	...	...
Stamp	5,29,504	14	3	3,909	3	6	16,149	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,149	3	8	5,09,446	7	1	...	...	...
Post Office	50,415	13	2	...	...	...	1,65,899	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,65,899	6	11	...	...	...	1,15,483	9	9
Electric Telegraph ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mint	6,292	9	7½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,292	9	7½	...	...	...
Law and Justice. { Refunds / Real Fines, &c...	5,157	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,157	6	1	...	...	...
	1,23,060	5	9	12,579	15	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,10,480	6	5	...	...	...
Police { Refunds ... / Real ...	6,437	6	4	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,437	6	4	...	...	...
	534	3	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	534	3	6	...	...	...
Education	22,840	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,840	9	10	...	...	...
Interest	12,866	0	2½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,866	0	2½	...	...	...
Public Works { Refunds / Sales / Real }	11,727	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,727	1	6	..	..	..
																						...	...	...
Marine { Refunds ... / Real ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Military Refunds, &c. ...	404	12	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	404	12	6	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	1,24,415	1	3½	4,153	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,20,261	13	10½	...	...	...
Famine Relief	82,723	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82,723	6	11	...	...	...
Total.....	17,84,775	2	8½	20,660	3	4	2,13,875	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,13,875	7	4	16,65,723	1	9½	1,15,483	9	9
Total Revenue.....	1,20,99,121	14	8½	28,934	4	4	12,21,200	11	5½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	38,82,002	3	7½	83,03,669	0	6½	...	...	...
Local Funds.																								
Municipal Fund ...	1,72,045	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,72,045	4	8	...	...	...
District Fund	4,57,061	3	½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,57,061	3	½	...	...	...
One Anna Cess for Local purposes	2,71,551	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,71,551	2	4	...	...	...
District Irrigation Fund ...	77,782	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77,782	4	0	...	...	...
Half Anna cess for Local purposes	2,05,654	15	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,05,654	15	0	...	...	...
Local Fund General ...	40,580	14	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,580	14	6	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Funds ...	2,80,459	15	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,80,459	15	10	...	...	...
Total.....	15,05,135	11	4½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,05,135	11	4½	...	...	..
Gross Total.....	1,36,04,257	10	1¼	28,934	4	4	12,21,200	11	5½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	38,82,002	3	7½	98,08,804	11	10½	...	...	...

III. A. FINANCE.

2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1877—78.	Amount. Present year, 1878—79.	Cause of Increase or Decrease.
Interest on Service Funds and other accounts ...	4,268 15 11	*a* 3,38,775 3 5	*a.* Increase due to the interest paid on account of famine loan.
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey ...	15,41,413 10 6	*b* 16,68,458 3 10	*b.* Increase under Palace due to expenses on account of H. H. Marriage Rs. 1,23,526.
Civil Contingencies	38,685 2 0	32,897 13 7	
Minor Departments	1,21,663 2 11	*c* 99,534 5 1	*c.* Decrease due to reduction of Topographical Survey Establishment.
Judicial Charges. { Courts, &c.	9,47,044 2 11¼	9,43,509 14 8	
{ Prisons	5,44,622 14 3	*d* 3,64,930 3 1	*d.* The famine tended to increase the number and cost of prisoners in 1877—78.
Police Charges	5,72,934 15 2	5,72,293 9 11½	
Military	8,26,066 7 6	*e* 7,85,405 6 9	*e.* Savings owing to reductions in Force.
Famine Relief	42,53,582 13 0	*f* 10,76,126 4 1	*f.* Decrease owing to the closing of relief Kitchens and the operation of Special Famine Relief Officers.
Mint	400 9 5	88 10 9	
Deficit.—Post Office	1,06,994 9 9	1,15,483 9 9	
Superannuation and retired allowances, religious and charitable grants	1,32,996 4 10½	*g* 1,51,569 2 3½	*g.* Increase in number of pensioners.
Public Works Department.			
Irrigation { New	4,51,443 2 6	2,84,654 11 0	
{ Repairs	1,58,700 4 10	1,93,776 14 6	
Military... { New	9,540 12 8	42 4 0	
{ Repairs	... ...	... ...	
Civil Buildings { New	92,594 15 0	44,803 9 5	
{ Repairs	9,607 12 6	14,424 8 10	
Communications { New	2,08,719 11 3	1,10,980 14 7	
{ Repairs	3,89,128 15 9	4,16,697 5 2	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { New	2,39,693 1 5	1,40,590 9 6	
{ Repairs	2,519 8 9	687 3 9	
Establishments, &c.	7,87,693 2 2	6,55,800 4 2	
Suspense Heads	— 11,272 10 5	— 17,523 10 5	
	23,38,368 12 5	18,44,934 10 3	Reduction of Grant.
Mysore State Railway.			
Preliminary Expenses	4,083 9 3	9,877 1 9	
Land	20,220 0 0	4,222 1 9	
Construction of Line	70,182 0 0	1,02,988 3 9	
Ballast and Permanent Way	3,304 0 0	8,258 0 0	
Stations and Buildings	... ...	2,921 9 8	
Steam Ferries	... ...	... ...	
Plant	11,526 7 9	1,809 1 10	
Rolling Stock	... ...	... ...	
Establishment	45,259 4 2	75,924 12 8	
Suspense Heads	1,458 3 4	— 878 3 2	
	1,56,033 8 6	2,05,133 6 3	
Education	2,28,679 11 8	2,32,142 15 2	
Muzrayi or Religious and Charitable Institutions ...	2,80,295 3 7	2,80,463 7 5	
Medical Services	1,56,440 15 7	1,78,196 11 8	
Stationery and Printing	70,467 3 7	76,511 8 2	
Miscellaneous	2,25,094 7 0	*h* 81,905 9 2	*h.* Charges of 1877-78 include the expenditure on account of the Imperial Assemblage at Delhi Rs. 1,30,500.
Total Provincial.....	1,25,40,053 10 6¾	90,48,360 11 7	
Expenditure in excess of Receipts.....	93,11,205 8 10	7,44,691 11 ¾	
Local Funds.			
Municipal Expenditure	1,55,428 8 8	1,68,283 0 1	
District Fund. Establishment and Works	16,69,905 3 5½	*i* 3,51,511 3 8	*i.* Owing to famine, the outlay of 1877-78 was abnormally high.
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Transferred to Village School Fund ...	32,073 9 2	65,169 14 6	
{ Do to District Fund ...	84,064 11 7	1,86,171 5 8	
{ Do to Local Fund General ...	17,501 9 9	20,200 0 9	
{ Refunds	7 0 7	9 11 5	
District Irrigation Fund	33,862 0 0	35,968 0 0	
Half Anna Cess for local purposes	1,19,907 9 1	2,05,654 15 0	
Local Fund General	17,333 7 2	22,108 12 4	
Miscellaneous Funds	2,12,604 12 11½	3,82,742 0 11½	
Total Local Funds.....	23,42,688 8 5	14,37,819 0 4½	
Grand Total.....	1,48,82,742 2 11¾	1,04,86,179 11 11½	
Local Fund.....	*b* 4,36,622 10 11½	*a* 67,316 11 0	*a.* Receipts in excess of expenditure.
Total.....	*b* 97,47,828 3 9½	*b* 6,77,375 0 ¾	*b.* Expenditure in excess of receipts.

III. A. FINANCE.

3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursements.	Amount.		
Treasury and Public Works, Cash balance of last year ...	27,11,889	11	6	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2 ...	90,48,360	11	7
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	83,03,669	0	6¼	Loans and interest	...	...	...
Receipts on account of loans	10,294	12	8	Mysore invested surplus account ...	...	...	...
Do Famine loan	30,00,000	0	0	Miscellaneous Local Funds as per Statement No. 2	14,37,819	0	4½
Mysore invested surplus account	...	...	...	Advances	43,37,371	3	9½
Miscellaneous Local Funds, *vide* Statement No. 1 ..	15,05,135	11	4½	Repayment of deposits	34,29,640	14	½
Repayment of Advances	43,40,566	0	11½	Bills paid	15,36,786	0	9½
Deposits	28,90,176	5	2	Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	12,68,950	15	1
Prize money	...	...	...	State Railway	4,35,752	13	3
Sale of waste land	...	...	...				
Bills drawn	15,18,887	12	9½				
Balance of remittances	1,42,038	10	7½				
Public Works Department Debt Heads	13,43,843	10	1				
State Railway do	4,16,285	10	8				
	2,61,82,787	6	4¼		2,14,94,681	10	11
Disbursements.....	2,14,94,681	10	11				
Treasury and Public Works Cash Balances at end of year...	46,88,105	11	5¼				

4. *Statement shewing the Gross and Net Revenue of General and Court Fee Stamps during the year* 1878—79.

Description.	Gross Revenue.	Expenditure.					Net Revenue.
		Charges for stamping, &c., at Madras.	Establishment and Contingencies of Superintendent of Stamps.	Salaried Court Fee Vendors at Head Quarters of Districts.	Discount to Vendors.	Total.	
General Stamps	1,71,912	4,852	159	...	4,885	9,896	1,62,016
Court Fee Stamps	3,39,206	766	315	2,850	2,322	6,253	3,32,953
Total.....	5,11,118	5,618	474	2,850	7,207	16,149	4,94,969

N. B.—The difference of Rs. 18,387 between the amount herein shewn as Gross Revenue and that under "Stamps" in Statistical Statement No. I consists of "Duty on unstamped and insufficiently stamped Documents, Fines, Penalties, &c.," excluded from this statement.

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS.

(BUILDINGS AND ROADS.)

1. *Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department, Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MILITARY.							
Hospital Accommodation.							
Constructing Hospital and Apothecary's quarters at Bangalore	42	...	42	...	...	...	
Total Military.....	42	...	42	42	...	42	
CIVIL BUILDINGS.							
Forest	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Land Revenue Buildings	5,190	3,900	9,090	...	...	...	
Excise Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Administration.							
Residences for Local Government ...	2,247	2,508	4,755	...	...	...	
Secretariat Offices	...	480	480	...	...	...	
Minor Departments.							
Museum	8	14	22	...	...	...	
Law and Justice.							
District Court Buildings	842	1,179	2,021	...	...	...	
Jails—							
Central Jail	...	262	262	...	...	...	
District Jails	12,228	...	12,228	...	...	...	
Police Buildings	2,045	..	2,045	...	...	...	
Post Offices	100	...	100	...	...	...	
Telegraph	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Education.							
Government Schools, Higher Class ...	5,193	..	5,193	...	...	...	
Do Middle Class ...	...	851	851	...	...	...	
Do Lower Class ...	329	337	666	...	...	...	
					...	...	
Medical.							
Hospitals and Dispensaries ...	6,117	83	6,200	...	...	...	
Printing Office	...	25	25	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous or General	...	490	490	...	...	...	
Clock Tower over Sir Mark Cubbon's Statue	336	...	336	...	...	...	
Raja's Palace	—2,677	...	—2,677	...	...	...	
Do Grounds ...	370	...	370	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works	990	..	990	...	...	...	
Public Works Buildings	11,486	4,295	15,781	...	...	...	
Total Civil Buildings.....	44,804	14,424	59,228	44,804	14,424	59,228	
COMMUNICATIONS.							
Road from Madras to Cannanore with branches south of Madras-Mangalore road	20,221	68,469	88,690	...	...	...	
	...	16,466	16,466	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Mangalore with branches south of Madras-Honnur road	52,887	90,640	1,43,527	...	...	...	
	...	108	108	...	...	...	
Madras-Honnur road with branches south of Bangalore-Bellary road ...	5,302	43,364	48,666	...	...	...	
	...	44,454	44,454	...	...	...	
Bangalore-Bellary road	1,987	34,198	36,185	...	...	...	
	27,887	64,502	92,389	...	...	...	
Suburban Roads	1,134	14,497	15,631	...	...	...	
	1,563	...	1,563	...	...	...	
Grant-in-aid to District Funds ...	...	40,000	40,000	...	...	...	
Total Communications.....	81,531	2,91,168	3,72,699	81,531	2,91,168	3,72,699	
	29,450	1,25,530	1,54,980	29,450	1,25,530	1,54,980	

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS.—*Continued.*

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.							
Water Supply Project at Bangalore ...	60,230	...	60,230	...	...	...	
Do at Mysore and Drainage of the Town of Mysore ...	8,415	...	8,415	...	...	...	
Agrahara Tank bund and Channel combined with 1st mile of Mysore State Railway	34,472	...	34,472	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Jogankere Tank	23,258	...	23,258	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Magadi Road Diversion	—1,451	...	1,451	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Two Kodis, 2 Culverts, 3 Masonry Drops and 1 Bridge	2,622	...	2,622	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works and Repairs ...	11,802	...	11,802	...	...	...	
	* 1,202	687	1,189	...	...	...	
	41	...	41	...	...	...	
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	69,847	687	70,534	69,847	687	70,534	
	70,744	...	70,744	70,744	...	70,744	
Establishment	...	...	2,11,506	...	...	2,11,506	
	...	...	1,32,728	...	...	1,32,728	
Tools and Plant...	...	...	13,803	...	...	13,803	
	...	...	2,636	...	...	2,636	
Profit and Loss...	...	...	17	...	...	17	
Suspense Balances.							
Stock Purchases and Sales	...	...	—778	...	...	—778	
Stock	...	...	—6,730	...	...	—6,730	
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	—5,525	...	...	—5,525	
London Stores	...	...	39	...	...	39	
Net debits to Suspense	...	..	—12,994	...	...	—12,994	
						7,14,835	
Total Expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	3,61,088	

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

IRRIGATION.

Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure in the Public Works Department during the year 1878—79.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Hesargatta Series	...	...	...			
Ramasagar do	—21,226	...	—21,226			
	82,946		82,946			
Chinna Hagari do	17,881	...	17,881			
Sulikere do	3,015	...	3,015			
Bellur Dasankere do	14,468	...	14,468			
Hoskote do	1,322	...	1,322			
	24,404		24,404			
Bharmasagar do	33	...	33			
Dodéri Drainage do	6,280	...	6,280			
	13,567		13,567			
Nayakanhatti Drainage	5,688	...	5,688			
Arakere Series	...	...	...			
Kadgodi do	6,527	...	6,527			
	4,534		4,534			
Palar do	—982	...	—982			
	5,861		5,861			
Shimsha Chain	...	...	...			
Basral Series	2,155	...	2,155			
Bannur do	...	...	...			
Maddur do	672	...	672			

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS.—IRRIGATION.—(*Continued.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Koppa Series	9,638	...	9,638			
Arkavati do	116	...	116			
Chikdevaraysagar Channel	24,000	...	24,000			
Channaraypatna Series...	5,941	...	5,941			
Viziyanadi Channel	6,456	...	6,456			
Papagni Series	1,880	...	1,880			
Rekalgere Series	4,412 139	...	4,412 139			
Janavar do	—5	...	—5			
Malvalli do	4,347 ...	...	4,347 ...			
	83,998 1,40,071	...	83,998 1,40,071	83,998 1,40,071	...	83,998 1,40,071
Bangalore District.						
Restoring the Sarjapur tank	2,423 2,952	...	2,423 2,952			
Hulimangala tank	...	1,263 3,233	1,263 3,233			
Anekal big tank	...	28 2,352	28 2,352			
Dammambudi tank	759 783	...	759 783			
Alsur tank feeder	...	...	...			
Biskur tank	34 15	...	34 15			
Karpur tank	...	863	863			
Manne great tank	...	3,218	3,218			
Timmanhalli tank	...	791	791			
Nagarur tank	...	... 778	... 778			
Nelamangala tank	...	... 2,121	... 2,121			
Tyamagondal Hirekere tank	...	... 1,507	... 1,507			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	113	6,181 7,017	6,294 7,017			
	3,310 3,769	12,344 17,008	15,654 20,777	3,310 3,769	12,344 17,008	15,654 20,777
Kolar District.						
Gathere tank	1,036	...	1,036			
Ganigarhalli tank	...	1,399	1,399			
Vadigan tank	...	1,291	1,291			
Sadli Hoskere	...	897	897			
Doddakere of Rascherhalli	...	182	182			
Gurrammavakere	...	839	839			
Nukanda Dodkere	...	...	...			
Hebbare Amanikere	...	... 1,913	... 1,913			
Kamaraddi Hallikere	...	...	...			
Gaudankere	...	...	...			
Santehalli tank	...	... 654	... 654			
Ulvadikere	...	...	...			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	6	14,924 19,198	14,930 19,198			
	1,042	19,532 21,765	20,574 21,765	1,042	19,532 21,765	20,574 21,765

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS—IRRIGATION.—(*Continued.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Túmkúr District.						
Excavating a feeder from the Pennar river to the Marlur tank	1,483	...	1,483			
Kadagattur tank	1,261	...	1,261			
Hebbur tank	...	...	...			
Bukapatna tank	...	10,608 2,996	10,608 2,996			
Yelliyur tank	...	...	...			
Gubbi tank	...	1,884 194	1,884 194			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	126	12,858 14,447	12,858 14,573			
	2,744 126	16,048 26,939	18,792 27,065	2,744 126	16,048 26,939	18,792 27,065
Mysore District.						
Improving Ramaswami channel	2,455	...	2,455			
Do Maddur Ane channel	... 1,069	...	... 1,069			
Viziyanadi channel	...	2,217	2,217			
Chikdevaraysagar channel	...	4,173	4,173			
Rajparmeswari channel	...	341	341			
Devaray channel	...	790	790			
Tippur channel	...	1,621	1,621			
Tailur tank	...	10	10			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	438	15,206	15,644			
	2,893 1,069	24,358	27,251 1,069	2,893 1,069	24,358	27,251 1,069
Hassan District.						
Sriramdever Dam and channel	... —399	...	... —399			
Do north channel extension ...	8,586	...	8,586			
Improving Krishnaraj channel	10,805	...	10,805			
Mandigherri channel extension	2 —641	...	2 —641			
Constructing head sluice and improving Kannambudi channel	3,214	...	3,214			
Tigganhalli tank	...	1,353	1,353			
Shambudevar tank	...	124	124			
Hulvagal anicut and channel	...	1,360	1,360			
North channel Sriramdevar Dam ...	...	625	625			
Nagasandra tank	...	... 1,306	... 1,306			
Hunsankere	...	... 2,054	... 2,054			
Mudadi tank	...	... 1,759	... 1,759			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	216	5,638 2,450	5,854 2,450			
	22,424 —641	9,100 7,569	31,524 6,928	22,424 —641	9,100 7,569	31,524 6,928

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS—IRRIGATION.—(*Concluded.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Shimoga District.						
Minor Works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	150	4,309	4,459			
	150	4,309	4,459	150	4,309	4,459
Kadur District.						
Keresante tank feeder	1,390	...	1,390			
Javur Tank	10,373 131	...	10,373 131			
Belur Channel	86	...	86			
Alsur Anicut	...	513	513			
Herakatturkatte Holé Anicut ...	...	1,579	1,579			
Karadikatte tank	...	—234	—234			
Tangle Anicut	...	3,034	3,034			
Minor Works and Repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	—219	2,104	1,885			
	1,388 10,373	6,996 0	8,384 10,373	1,388 10,373	6,996 0	8,384 10,373
Chitaldroog District.						
Timmenhalli tank	...	...	...			
Kotagudda tank	11,939	... 2	11,939 2			
Siddapur tank	...	3,028 20	3,028 20			
Kotagudda tank	..	...	...			
Byadnur tank	...	1,952 1	1,952 1			
Kannamadi tank	...	2,377 2	2,377 2			
Oblapur tank	...	4,540 994	4,540 994			
Huchavanhalli tank	..	...	...			
Minor Works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	...	3,877 6,038 4,978	3,877 6,038 4,978			
	... 11,939	7,057 20,752	7,057 32,691	... 11,939	7,057 20,752	7,057 32,691
Total Works and Repairs...	...	...	...	1,17,949 1,66,706	99,744 94,033	2,17,693 2,60,739
Deduct receipts on capital account ...	...	...	...	4,530	...	4,530
Net Outlay on Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	1,13,419 1,66,706	99,744 94,033	2,13,163 2,60,739
Establishment	..	...	1,88,750 1,00,573	...	...	1,88,750 1,00,573
Tools and Plant	...	...	2,981 2,806	...	...	2,981 2,806
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	4,04,894 3,64,118

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS (STATE RAILWAY).

2. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on the Mysore State Railway for the year* 1878—79.

Name of Work.	Total Outlay on construction to end of 1878—79.	Total Income realized during 1878—79.	Deduct Charges up to end of 1878—79.			Net Deposit.
			Cost of main branches including Establishment.	Interest on Capital at 4½ per cent.	Total Charges.	
Mysore State Railway	4,72,622	...	...	48,612	48,612	48,612

III. C.—RAILWAYS.

Name of Work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles opened.	Passengers during the year.					Approximate Receipts from Passengers.	Approximate Receipts fom merchandize.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total approximate receipts.	Working expenses, approximate.	Net profits, approximate.	Number of European Staff.	Do Native Staff.	Total Capital Expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Cooly Class.	Total.									
Nil.																

III. D. MARINE.

1. *Statement shewing the various Government Ships and Vessels employed under the Government of in the year*

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each vessel and horse power of engines, if a steamer.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Earnings of the Vessels.	Remarks (In this column should be stated the nature of the duties on which each vessel was employed.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SEA-GOING VESSELS						
RIVER-GOING VESSELS				Nil.		
ALL OTHER CRAFT BOATS, &C.						

After the name of the vessel, it should be stated whether she is a steamer or a sailing vessel.

2. *Statement shewing the number of Officers and Men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels under the Government of in the year*

*Description of Establishment.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
SUPERINTENDING ESTABLISHMENT					
DOCK-YARD ESTABLISHMENT					
PILOT ESTABLISHMENT—					
Government salaried			Nil.		
Government free...					
Licensed					
ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT					

* When necessary the description of Establishments here shewn should be altered to suit local circumstances,

III. E—1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, Actual or Approximate, for the year* 1878—79.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains including Ragi, Tuvar Ballar, Bengal, Green, Horse and Black Grams.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Mulberry.	Cocoanut and Arecan ut.	Pepper.	Lac.	Total.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore	44,176	24	479,739	26,741	2,420	...	61	...	12	740	...	...	5,029	4,780	8,178	...	171	572,071	
2	Kolar	62,250	95	287,971	12,522	8,054	...	44	...	98	714	...	45	3,515	778	590	...	...	376,676	
3	Túmkúr	44,632	...	419,328	7,191	902	...	...	...	5	1,163	...	...	1,953	1,335	30,074	...	...	506,583	
4	Mysore	62,637	5,681	617,140	24,480	218	116	...	...	...	2,051	...	...	2,562	3,444	14,006	...	...	732,335	
5	Hassan	71,339	293	314,692	18,300	2,459	...	...	...	188	5,755	...	45,338	249	41	14,800	...	...	473,454	
6	Shimoga	245,000	35	365,000	4,000	1,100	4,900	...	...	1,400	100	...	3,245	850	...	18,000	7,000	...	650,630	
7	Kadur	66,500	3,000	196,073	6,900	724	1,519	...	...	3,000	8,000	...	79,065	315	...	20,580		...	385,676	
8	Chitaldroog...	46,585	4,725	585,156	23,663	725	14,508	...	...	345	613	...	...	1,200	...	13,724	...	...	691,244	
	Total.....	843,119	13,853	3,265,099	123,797	16,602	21,043	105	...	5,048	19,136	...	127,693	15,673	10,378	119,952	7,000	171	4,388,669	

2. *Statement of Stock for the year* 1878—79.

No.	Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bangalore	321,322	723	2,986	11,454	270,643	1,166	14,246	65,870	1	688,411
2	Kolar	210,609	607	1,761	7,576	263,237	2,128	22,058	64,085	...	572,061
3	Túmkúr	244,133	241	1,388	3,930	193,824	2,182	6,036	77,532	...	529,266
4	Mysore	419,829	739	3,610	5,474	390,660	2,724	8,687	101,208	39	932,970
5	Hassan	342,964	132	2,130	2,750	220,541	10,203	3,405	83,503	...	665,628
6	Shimoga	377,811	688	1,720	2,340	45,266	2,062	13,784	67,416	57	511,144
7	Kadur	232,524	541	1,128	1,999	62,406	5,610	5,969	52,813	23	363,013
8	Chitaldroog	212,423	1,412		3,463	246,528	3,146	4,945	49,620	4	521,541
	Total.....	2,361,615	5,083	14,723	38,986	1,693,105	29,221	79,130	562,047	124	4,784,034

3. *Statement shewing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year* 1878—79.

| Districts. | Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— | | |

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce in the Province of Mysore at the end of year* 1878—79.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES *for* 1878—79.

Districts.	Mineral Produce.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Bangalore	Iron	7	230 Maunds, Iron	
Kolar	Stone and Iron	373	370 do do	
Túmkúr	Iron	2	250 do do	
Mysore	Iron	32	4,800 Rs.	
Hassan	Stone and Iron	14	600 Rs.	
Shimoga	Black and Pot Stone, Iron and Gold	833	20,800 Rs.	
Kadur	Stone and Iron	31	Iron Maunds. 5,385 Pot Stone Maunds. 410	
Chitaldroog...	Do	108	Iron. 860 510	

III. H. MANUFACTURES.

Estimated Value of Manufacture for the year 1878—79.

Districts.	Class of Manufacture.											
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Fibres.	Iron.	Brass and Copper.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Paper.	Wood.	Oils.	Total.
Bangalore	1,10,000	12,60,000	50,000	9,250	1,534	12,40,000	2,36,000	...	...	...	1,98,120	31,04,904
Kolar	6,000	74,600	30,400	5,081	...	...	5,01,600	...	...	...	18,600	6,36,281
Túmkúr	...	43,540	10,300	64,080	7,100	52,800	1,08,971	...	...	...	57,715	3,44,506
Mysore...	...	1,26,216	1,18,675	2,500	6,900	...	3,99,260	96	...	...	94,318	7,47,965
Hassan	...	16,000	13,200	6,670	...	...	42,000	4,35,600	...	...	56,650	5,70,120
Shimoga	...	15,000	6,000	300	19,000	375	...	...	...	9,000	19,000	68,675
Kadur	...	6,080	3,000	100	32,310	...	60,500	9,00,000	...	30,797	13,000	10,45,787
Chitaldroog	600	8,000	5,000	60	800	700	...	...	...	...	...	15,160
Total.....	1,16,600	15,49,436	2,36,575	88,041	67,644	12,93,875	13,48,331	13,35,696	...	39,797	4,57,403	65,33,398

III. I. TRADE.

1. *Principal Imports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average value.	From what place.
Rice	29,314	5	80	35,98,500	Interior of the Province of Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	11,415	0	0	6,74,000	Do do
Wheat	15,893	17	16	21,62,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Paddy	9,975	0	0	3,82,500	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	712	2	96	39,900	Do Dharwar and other places.
Bengal-gram	2,034	1	48	2,86,180	Interior of the Province, Dharwar, &c.
Horse-gram	3,832	17	16	1,99,800	Do and Her Majesty's Territories.
Black-gram	1,241	18	64	1,58,720	Do do
Green-gram	1,311	8	64	1,71,020	Do do
Tuvar	5,469	15	80	5,76,400	Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Poppy seeds...	32	2	96	3,750	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Arecanut	1,802	12	92	11,25,463	Do do
Cotton	2,223	3	16	12,43,720	Bellary, Dharwar, Coimbatore, &c.
Coffee	440	14	48	4,10,731	Interior of the Province, Coorg, &c.
Cardamoms	33	4	8	35,645	Coorg, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Cloves	14	14	0	33,972	Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	1,324	16	48	3,52,015	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Dry cocoanuts	384	0	0	1,91,980	Do do
Pepper	263	0	80	1,86,100	Talacheri, Mangalore, &c.
Tamarind	263	4	32	20,340	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Tobacco	998	2	32	4,85,165	Bellary, Mangalore, Coimbatore, &c.
Jaggory	1,073	18	64	1,99,650	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Sugar	257	1	24	92,542	Do do
Gingelly oil	357	1	48	1,64,500	Do and other Districts of H. M. T.
Cocoanut oil...	107	19	0	60,046	Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Sandal oil	...	...	60	760	Her Majesty's Territories.
Opium	...	1	13	181	Do
Camphor	41	6	56	65,484	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Silk	91	17	104	2,48,400	Kollegal, Dharwar, &c.
Cotton thread	456	0	64	2,45,850	Madras, Bellary, &c.
Course cloth...	No. 170,884	0	0	3,10,000	Salem, Coimbatore, &c.
Piece goods	„ 449,650	0	0	42,63,350	Salem, Madura, Conjeveram, Adoni, Bombay, &c.
Silk cloth	„ 14,530	0	0	2,07,600	Collegal, Poona, Benares, &c.
Gold	...	14	58	10,86,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Silver	21	19	110	19,72,984	Poona, Mangalore, &c.
Iron	1,098	11	48	2,19,275	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Cocoanuts (fresh)	No. 6,549,300	0	0	1,99,958	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 8,180,200	0	0	5,13,970	Do do
Hides	„ 28,800	0	0	40,500	Do do
Total.....	...	0	0	2,22,30,151	

2. *Principal Exports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	To what place.
	Tons.	cwt.	lbs.		
Rice	2,632	2	96	2,68,300	Bellary and other places in H. Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	34,125	...	...	14,85,066	Coorg, Bellary and do
Wheat	30	...	...	3,200	Interior of the Province.
Paddy	54,743	6	64	21,31,876	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	11,409	5	80	7,13,150	Do do
Bengal-gram	141	17	6	22,200	South Canara, &c.
Horse-gram	4,683	...	...	1,84,320	Coorg and Bellary.
Green do	80	14	16	6,780	Interior of the Province.
Tuvar	180	...	...	18,000	Talacheri and other Districts.
Arecanut	4,626	1	104	20,56,658	Coorg, Hindupur, Bellary and other Districts.
Cotton	73	11	48	38,800	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Coffee	1,578	11	48	11,99,120	Mangalore, &c.
Cardamoms	25	8	64	1,19,989	Do
Chillies	848	4	32	1,31,209	Coorg, Bellary and other Districts.
Dry cocoanuts	222	10	...	80,800	Do do
Pepper	103	...	...	52,600	Interior of the Province.
Tamarind	851	15	80	48,625	Talacheri, Ganjam and other Districts.
Tobacco	483	5	89	1,21,323	Coorg, Bellary, Magalore, and other places.
Jaggory	2,046	5	...	3,71,000	Coorg, Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Sugar	161	15	80	60,400	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gingelly oil	113	6	8	46,550	Talacheri, Bellary and other Districts.
Cocoanut oil...	20	17	96	10,350	Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Opium	...	4	56	2,090	...
Camphor	3	4	32	4,500	...
Silk	32	2	96	60,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cotton thread	64	5	80	45,325	Madaksira, Bellary and other places.
Coarse cloth...	No. 42,350	...	...	61,800	Coorg and the interior of the Province.
Piece goods	„ 46,900	...	...	4,18,275	Coorg, Dharwar, and South Canara.
Silk cloth	„ 1,000	...	...	20,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gold	...	4	32	3,20,000	Do do
Silver	5	7	16	4,80,000	Do do
Iron	169	6	48	32,725	Dharwar and South Canara.
Cocoanut (fresh)	No. 8,060,370	...	...	2,91,016	Coorg, Bellary and other places.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 6,331,270	...	...	6,28,691	Coorg, Bellary and Dharwar.
Hides	„ 101,240	...	...	74,850	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Total.....	...	...	...	1,16,09,579	

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY.

1. *Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coin imported during the year.						Coined During the Year.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated Value of Coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold mohurs.	Rupees.	Half-Rupees.	Quarter-Rupees.	⅛th Rupees.	Double Pice.	Single Pice.	Smaller Coin.	Total Value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
											Nil.										

2. *Paper Currency.*

Notes in circulation at beginning of the year—Number and Value of			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total Value of Notes issued during the year.	In circulation at end of the year—Number and Value of			Reserve at end of the year stated in Rupees.						Securities, Class of security being stated.
Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.			Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.	Coin.			Bullion.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper	
							Nil.							

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878.

No.	Class and Object of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided during the year.	Income.									In what shape Relief is given.
					Paid by Government.	From Local or other Funds.		From Endowments.		Subscriptions and Donations.				
						In land.	In money.	In land.	In money.	In-Door.	Out-Door.	General.		
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	1	290·28	26,028	19,507	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Medicine and food.
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore ...	1	173·55	22,431	6,799	...	...	...	...	...	1	...		Medicine.
3	Civil do Closepet	1	77·69	9,971	726	...	323	...	...	...	1	...		Do
4	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	1	95·48	13,212	2,155	...	1,480	...	...	1	1	1		Do
5	„ Dispensary, Chikballapur ..	1	87·75	6,847	1,011	...	316	...	...	...	1	1		Do
6	„ „ Túmkúr	1	60·47	5,432	3,035	...	...	...	...	...	1	...		Do
7	„ „ Kunigal	1	53·00	7,953	752	...	335	...	...	...	1	...		Do
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	1	182·66	15,970	13,320	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Medicine and food.
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1	33·22	3,119	1,258	...	235	...	...	...	1	...		Medicine.
10	„ „ Húnsúr	1	37·47	5,490	1,291	...	660	...	...	...	1	...		Do
11	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	1	79·46	9,890	3,362	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Do
12	„ Dispensary, Saklespur	1	49·75	5,949	963	...	180	...	...	...	1	...		Do
13	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	1	133·44	10,896	6,795	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Medicine and food.
14	„ Dispensary, Ságar	1	27·75	3,430	634	...	258	...	...	...	1	...		Medicine.
15	„ „ Tirthaha'li	1	62·74	6,070	1,192	...	340	...	...	...	1	...		Do
16	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	1	145·58	9,065	3,250	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Medicine and food.
17	„ Dispensary, Davangere	1	42·87	4,442	750	..	355	...	...	...	1	...		Medicine.
18	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur..	1	104·75	9,573	4,191	...	...	...	...	1	1	1		Medicine and food.
19	„ Dispensary, Hariharpur	1	25·02	1,621	720	...	193	..	...	...	1	...		Medicine.
		19	1,762·93	77,429	71,711	...	4,675	...	...	...	...	...		

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878—79.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Denomination.	Number of Persons. a. Natives.	Number of Persons. b. Others.	Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
Church of England	1,744	5,600	10	6	31,872	No return.
Church of Scotland			1	1	9,600	Do
Protestant Dissenter			21	15	...	Do
Roman Catholic	16,343	1,914	26	51	300	Do
Greek Church	...	...				
Armenian	...	...				
Syrian	...	...				
Jew	...	...				
Parsi	43					Do
Hindu	4,807,425					Do
Muhammadan	208,991					Do
Buddhist	13,263		For these denominations columns 3, 4, and 5 should not be filled up.			Do
Jain						Do
Sikh	...					
Other Sects	14					Brahmos.

IV. B. EDUCATION.

1. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1878—79.

Area and Population of the Province.					Colleges, Schools and Scholars.	University Education.	Secondary Education.		Primary Education.	Special or Technical Education.				Percentage of Schools and Scholars to Population.			Remarks.
Number of Districts.	Number of Divisions.	Total Area.	Cultivated Area.	Total Population.		Colleges.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Engineering Schools.	Normal Schools.	Industrial Schools.	Other Schools.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11a	11b	11c	11d	12	13	14	15
8	3	27,077	8,111	5,055,412	Institution — For Males...	4	14	106	859	1	1	5	2	·00027	·00209	·00106	
					Institution — For Females	...	1	13	49	...	...	...	...	·0000019	·00025	·00096	
					Institution — Total.....	4	15	119	908	1	1	5	2	·00029	·00235	·01191	
					Scholars — Males ...	92	574	2,312	27,418	10	5	660	148	·01135	·04	·54	
					Scholars — Females ...	...	17	265	2,877	...	...	...	...	·00033	·00523	·05	
					Scholars — Total	92	591	2,577	30,295	10	5	660	148	·01169	·0 5	·59	

IV. B. EDUCATION.

2. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1878—79.

Class of Institutions.	Government Institutions.							Aided Institutions.							Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March 1879.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Classification according to Race or Creed of the Scholars on 31st March 1879.					REMARKS.
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	
					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21*a*	21*b*	21*c*	21*d*	21*e*	22
Arts Colleges.																									
University Education ... English...	3	77	73	55	77	2	75	1	15	15	14	15	15	..	4	92	92	17	75	16	...	76	...	...	
High and Middle Schools.																									
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools ... English	8	286	241	216	286	4	289	6	288	231	196	288	79	218	14	574	574	83	507	89	8	463	12	2	
Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
Middle Schools ... English	12	568	498	389	568	...	555	12	561	495	442	536	153	353	24	1,129	1,104	153	908	178	33	901	17	...	
Vernacular	54	690	639	501	..	70	688	28	493	482	366	17	336	208	82	1,183	17	406	896	...	8	1,008	167	...	
For Girls. High Schools ... English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17	17	15	17	17	...	1	17	17	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Middle Schools .. English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	151	147	128	151	3	...	6	151	151	3	...	151	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	3	18	15	9	...	...	18	4	96	90	77	...	...	96	7	114	...	...	114	...	4	109	...	1	
Primary Education. For Boys ... English	13	591	600	462	591	...	591	19	1,504	1,446	1,268	1,297	...	849	32	2,095	1,888	...	1,440	449	328	1,187	112	19	
Vernacular	663	22,211	20,669	15,015	...	47	22,187	14	3,112	2,982	2,327	117	452	2,708	727	25,323	117	499	24,895	2	255	22,025	3,025	16	
For Girls ... English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	252	253	222	252	...	...	6	6	252	...	...	252	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	12	504	497	321	...	...	504	31	2,121	2,041	1,553	66	...	2,121	43	535	66	...	2,625	...	379	2,100	137	9	
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																									
Engineering School	1	10	16	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	
Normal School for Masters	1	5	5	4	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	....	5	...	...	...	1	4	...	
Industrial Schools	5	660	623	564	12	...	628	1	90	80	76	90	...	...	5	660	12	...	628	...	34	399	103	124	
Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	58	58	58	58	...	...	2	148	134	..	...	148	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	875	25,620	23,858	17,547	1,544	128	25,535	180	8,758	8,338	6,742	2,904	1,055	6,553	1,055	34,378	4,448	1,183	32,088	1,302	1,049	28,279	3,571	171	

3. *Return of Expenditure on Educational Establishments in Mysore for the official year* 1878—79.

Class of Institutions.	Expenditure.															Average Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				Remarks.
	Government Institutions.					Aided Institutions.						Total Government Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from Other Sources.	Grand Total of Expenditure.	Percentage on Total Expenditure.	Government Institutions.		Aided Institutions.		
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rate or Cesses.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Endowments.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Other Sources.	Total.					Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2	3a	3b	3c	3d	3e	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Arts Colleges.																				
English	19,304	...	697*	..	19,304	2,160	...	1,440	...	...	3,600	21,464	1,440	22,904	5·41	264 7 0	254 14 3	240 0 0	144 0 0	
High and Middle Schools.																				
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools... English	22,587	...	2,922	708	23,295	3,073	10	5,392	...	5,918	14,393	26,368	11,320	37,688	8·91	96 10 7	84 8 7	62 0 7	13 3 11	
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Middle Schools English ...	13,255	...	3,883	853	14,108	5,431	32	7,362	...	8,791	21,616	19,539	16,185	35,724	8·44	28 5 3	20 8 6	43 10 8	10 15 6	
Vernacular ...	7,705	...	470	152	7,857	3,579	704	403	...	3,553	8,239	11,436	4,660	16,096	3·80	12 4 9	11 8 11	17 1 6	7 6 9	
For Girls. High Schools English ...	...	...	...	...	...	600	...	612	...	...	1,212	600	612	1,212	0·28	...	...	71 4 8	35 4 8	
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Middle Schools English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,619	...	5,654	...	849	9,122	2,619	6,503	9,122	2·15	...	...	62 0 10	17 13 1	
Vernacular ...	339	...	...	...	339	362	...	...	...	348	710	701	348	1,049	0·24	22 9 7	22 9 7	7 14 3	4 0 4	
Primary. For Boys ... ... English ...	9,811	...	2,840	351	10,162	9,056	138	7,340	...	10,517	27,051	19,218	17,995	37,213	8·79	16 14 0	12 3 3	18 11 4	6 4 2	
Vernacular ...	85,371	76,836	2,956	463	1,12,670	9,062	453	1,311	...	9,088	19,914	1,21,732	10,852	1,32,584	31·34	5 7 2	5 4 11	6 10 10	3 0 7	
For Girls ... ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,508	...	6,941	...	2,214	11,663	2,508	9,155	11,663	2·75	...	...	46 1 7	9 14 7	
Vernacular ...	3,714	...	...	...	3,714	7,859	578	505	60	12,087	21,089	11,573	13,230	24,803	5·86	7 7 6	7 7 6	10 5 3	3 13 7	
Schools for Special and Technical Training.																				
Engineering School...	12,006	...	725	...	12,006	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,006	...	12,006	2·84	750 6 0	705 1 0	...	...	
Normal School for Masters	963	...	...	...	963	...	...	...	...	...	...	963	...	963	0·22	192 9 7	192 9 7	...	...	
Industrial School	...	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	...	720	1,920	1,200	720	1,920	0·45	...	...	24 0 0	15 0 0	
Others...	...	...	...	...	...	550	...	...	...	638	1,188	550	638	1,188	0·28	...	...	20 7 9	9 7 9	
Direction	16,067	...	...	...	16,067	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,067	...	16,067	3 79	...	...	...	...	
Inspection	20,867	9,342	...	...	30,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,209	...	30,209	7·11	...	...	...	...	
Scholarship ...Colleges ...	970	...	...	...	970	...	...	...	...	...	...	970	...	970	0·23	...	...	...	...	
Schools ...	1,762	...	...	...	1,762	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,762	...	1,762	0·41	...	...	...	...	
Buildings	4,269	...	...	...	4,269	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,269	...	4,269	1·00	...	...	...	...	
Endowments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous	17,980	5,558	...	...	23,538	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,538	...	23,538	5·56	...	...	...	...	
	1,86,970	91,736	14,493	2,527	2,81,233	48,059	1,915	36,960	60	54,723	1,41,717	3,29,292	93,658	4,22,950	...	...	...	...	...	

* The fees entered in column 2c in Government Schools are paid into the treasuries.

4. *Return shewing the Result of prescribed Examinations during the official year* 1878—79.

Name of Examination.	Number of Institutions sending Examinees.			Number of Examinees.				Number passed.				Percentage of passed Scholars on Total Number on Rolls at the beginning of the year.		
	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
ARTS COLLEGES.														
Master of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Bachelor of Arts	2	...	2	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	3			
First Arts	3	1	4	33	4	1	38	14	2	1	17			
SCHOOLS.														
Matriculation	6	5	11	58	70	3	131	12	13	1	26			Accurate information could not be gathered under these heads for 1878-79, as the new form requiring the information was received in the last month of the official year.
Standard equivalent to Matriculation ... ... { Boys ... ... / Girls														
Middle School Examination ... ... { Boys ... ... / Girls														
Upper Primary School Examination ... ... { Boys ... ... / Girls														
Lower Primary School Examination ... ... { Boys ... ... / Girls														

IV. C. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY SOCIETIES.

1. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Name.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When established.	Remarks.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.	Total.			
Bangalore Book Society ...	Literary	...	...	3,289	3,289	84	1	...	85	...	1845	No return this year.
Bangalore Literary Union ...	Mutual improvement of the members by means of lectures, discussions, library, &c. The improvement of the vernacular literature and encouragement of the education of masses and female education. ...	...	...	730	730	65	...	...	65	...	1874	
Literary and Scientific Institute	Moral and intellectual instruction. ...	600	...	1,248	1,848	50	...	...	50	...	1868	
Mutual Improvement Society...	Mutual improvement of its members by means of lectures, discussions, essay readings, library, periodicals, &c.	...	...	264	264	42	...	...	42	...	1867	Do
Mysore Government Museum ..	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore...	4,356	...	...	4,356	232,591	175,089	...	407,680	...	1865	
St. John's Library	General instruction	...	...	217	217	14	1	...	15	...	1849	
Richmond Town Pensioners' Reading Room ...	Do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do

IV. C. THE PRESS.

2. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

1	2	3	4	
			Publications thereat.	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	News-Papers.	Periodicals.
Bangalore...	Albion Press ...	W. W. Gaunt ...	Nil	Nil.
Do ...	Baharul Islam Press	Mahomed Sheriff ...	Mausurai Mahomedi	...
Do ...	Chintamani Press...	V. Subbaiya ...	Nil	...
Do ...	Chamraj Press ...	Khasim Ghum ...	Khasim-ul Akhbar	...
Do ...	Caxton Press ...	Mr. T. T. Leonard ...	Nil	...
Do ...	Central Jail Press.	Mysore Government ...	Nil	...
Do ...	Catholic Mission Press ...	Right Rev. Dr. Chevalier	...	...
Do ...	Columbian Prss...	Mr. Kent ...	Bangalore Advertiser...	...
Do ...	Examiner Press ...	Mr. R. F. Hayes ...	Bangalore Examiner and Mysore Vrittanta Bodhini ...	...
Do ...	Firdusi Press ...	Hafiz Syed Mahomed...	Nil	...
Do ...	Karnatik Press ...	T. C. Srinivasacharyar	Karnataka Prakasika	...
Do ...	Krishnaraj Vilasa Press ...	B. Narayan Chetti ...	Nil	...
Do ...	Mysore Government Press ...	Mysore Government ...	Mysore Gazette	...
Do ..	Mysore Book Depôt Press ...	V. B. Subbaiya ...	Nil	...
Do ...	Mutbi Mahomedi.	Maulvi Abdul Khader...	Nil	...
Do ...	Spectator Press ...	Mr. T. T. Leonard ...	Bangalore Spectator	Bangalore Spectator Almanac for 1877.
Do ...	Vichara Darpana Press ...	H. Narsinga Rao ...	Nil	Nil.
Do ...	Victoria Press ...	V. S. Subbaiya ...	Karnataka Vagujjivini	...
Do ...	Union Press ...	T. L. Tiruvengadam Pille	Nil	...

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Statement shewing Births and Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Number.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1871.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries. Suicide. Males.	Suicide. Females.	Injuries. Wounding or Accident.	Injuries. Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	Injuries. Total.	All other causes.	Total Deaths from all causes.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes. For the year.	From all causes. Mean of previous five years.	No.
	Districts.																					
1	Bangalore	736,724	38	40	3,749	948	26	30	310	11	377	2,870	8,022	·05	·06	5·09	1·28	·51	3·88	10·88	9·75	
2	Kolar	586,388	...	29	4,957	396	3	3	106	12	124	2,106	7,612	...	·05	8·45	·67	.21	3·78	12·98	11·34	
3	Túmkúr	621,069	6	1	5,710	713	5	5	81	9	100	1,376	7,906	·01	·00	9·19	1·15	·16	2·21	12·73	7·45	
4	Mysore	869,664	231	138	6,633	525	14	6	70	9	99	1,342	8,968	·26	·16	7 63	·60	·11	1·54	10·30	6·57	
5	Hassan	656,859	88	134	5,251	883	5	3	41	7	56	1,105	7,517	·13	·20	7·99	1·34	·12	2·04	11·44	7·84	
6	Shimoga	487,942	146	389	6,936	2,087	5	8	51	33	97	1,228	10,883	·30	·80	14·21	4·28	·20	2·52	22 30	10·34	
7	Radur	328,623	11	178	4,197	1,501	12	10	34	7	63	378	6,328	·03	·54	12·77	4·57	·19	1·15	19 26	9·71	
8	Chitaldroog	507,480	138	37	5,125	772	3	11	60	11	85	457	6,614	·27	·07	10 69	1·52	·17	·90	13·01	6·91	
	Total.....	4,794,749	659	946	42,558	7,825	73	76	733	99	1,001	10,862	63,850	·14	·19	8·88	1·63	·20	2·30	13·32	9·53	
9	Towns	260,663	65	25	3,804	1,462	9	19	88	2	118	3,919	9,493	·25	·09	14·98	5·68	·45	15·03	36·42	14·57	
	Total for the Province.....	5,055,412	723	971	46,462	9,287	82	95	841	101	1,119	14,781	73,343	0·14	·19	9·19	1·84	·22	2·92	14·50	10·13	

V. A. (*Concluded.*)

No.	Districts.	Deaths registered according to Age. Under 1 year. Males.	Under 1 year. Females.	From 2 to 5 years. Males.	From 2 to 5 years. Females.	6 to 12 years. Males.	6 to 12 years. Females.	13 to 20 years. Males.	13 to 20 years. Females.	21 to 30 years. Males.	21 to 30 years. Females.	31 to 40 years. Males.	31 to 40 years. Females.	41 to 50 years. Males.	41 to 50 years. Females.	51 to 60 years. Males.	51 to 60 years. Females.	Above 60 years. Males.	Above 60 years. Females.	Number of Births registered. Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of Births per 1,000 of Population. Males.	Females.	Total.	Number of Males born to every 100 Females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.
1	Bangalore...	215	216	363	355	497	417	470	471	764	707	886	776	816	671	598	519	941	910	1,692	1,572	3,264	4·03	3·79	3·94	107·63	...	8·82
2	Kolar	106	66	215	170	372	300	438	477	691	579	847	632	948	708	736	684	943	880	631	600	1,231	2·03	1·94	1·90	105·17	...	14·07
3	Túmkúr	Information not available.																		280	244	524	·88	·77	·82	114·75	...	11·89
4	Mysore	83	70	318	239	490	477	572	398	942	644	1,249	629	1,385	564	1,019	541	825	507	1,084	957	2,041	2·31	2·01	2·16	113·27	...	6·45
5	Hassan	112	125	241	232	405	376	464	414	899	676	1,060	795	887	547	685	395	437	311	298	282	580	·90	·88	·79	128·45	...	12·56
6	Shimoga	322	182	416	453	343	303	501	512	1,113	1,072	1,148	633	934	619	782	507	649	542	1,479	1,365	2,844	5·72	5·67	5·69	108·35	...	16·71
7	Kadur	168	114	253	250	285	251	312	266	649	530	738	472	606	364	380	290	297	241	527	469	996	3·09	2·98	2·99	112·37	...	16·39
8	Chitaldroog	76	55	224	172	335	284	429	376	820	631	774	544	691	419	437	351	398	319	707	645	1,352	2·60	2·49	2·52	109· 1	...	11·28
	Total for the Province.....	1,082	928	2,030	1,851	2,727	2,498	3,186	2·914	5,878	4,839	6,702	4,391	6,315	3,692	4,587	3,287	4,490	3,710	6,698	6,084	12,782	2·64	2·41	2·53	110·09	..	11·97
	Ratio per 1,000 living.....	·1274	·1048	·594	5 27	7·16	7·28	9·10	7·30	14·01	10·94	22·15	16·88	33·84	22·43	43·09	33·35	95·57	81·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

V. B. HOSPITALS.

1. *Statement shewing the Number of Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population of the Province.	Dispensaries.	Number open on 31st December 1877.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
5,055,412	1st Class	3	...	...	3	
	2nd Class	4	...	...	4	
	3rd Class	12	...	...	12	
	Total.....	19	...	...	19	

2. *Statement shewing the Number of In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3	4											5				6
			In-door Patients.											Out-door Patients.				
			a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*		*h*				*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Of what Class.	Total treated during the year.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of total treated.	Number of beds available.		Daily Average Number.				Number treated.			Average Daily Attendance.
									Male.	Female.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated.	
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	1st	2,087	1,532	37	26	407	19·50	59	44	61·35	39·01	6·28	106·64	18,354	5,627	23,981	183·64
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore	3rd	212	192	1	1	18	8·49	15	12	1·06	0·43	0·06	1·55	15,223	6,996	22,219	172·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,891	2,080	9,971	77 69
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	2nd	278	262	1	...	5	1·78	6	4	6·43	3·87	...	10·30	11,292	1,642	12,934	85·18
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,760	87	6,847	87·75
6	Do Túmkúr	2nd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,526	906	5,432	60·47
7	Do Kunigal	3rd	263	27	5	217	14	532	...	...	00·75	2	00·25	3·00	4,989	2,701	7,690	50·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	1st	864	467	7	48	322	37·26	34	22	15·79	20 38	19·42	55·59	12,753	2,353	15,106	127·07
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2,564	555	3,119	33·22
10	Do Húnsúr	3rd	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,340	2,150	5,490	37·47
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	2nd	122	80	...	...	42	34·42	5	3	2·83	2·35	...	5·21	4,829	4,939	9,768	74·26
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,185	1,764	5,949	49·75
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	1st	625	442	7	17	159	25·44	12	6	16	6·26	10	32·26	6,846	3,425	10,271	101·18
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,573	857	3,430	27·75
15	Do Tirthahalli	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	4,839	1,231	6,070	62·74
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	2nd	185	172	...	..	2	1·08	6	4	8·38	5·08	...	13·46	5,947	2,'33	8,880	132·12
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,728	714	4,442	42 87
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	2nd	215	113	3	1	84	39·06	6	6	5	3·75	·50	9·25	7,135	2,223	9,358	95·50
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,008	553	1,621	25·02
	Total.....		4,851	3,287	61	310	1,053	21·71	143	101	117·62	83·13	36·51	237·26	128,812	43,736	172,578	1,5 5·67

6
Total Number of Patients treated, both In-door and Out-door.
26,068
22,431
9,971
13,212
6,847
5,432
7,953
15,970
3,119
5,490
9,890
5,949
10,896
3,430
6,070
9,065
4,442
9,573
1,621
177,429

3. *Statement Shewing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | | |

V. B. HOSPITALS.

3a. Statement shewing the Results of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of Mysore for the year 1878.

Nature of Operations.	Remaining on 31st December.	Performed during the year.	Total.	Results.				Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
				Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.		
Bowring Civil Hospital.									
Removed Cataract	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total Excision of eye ball	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Reduction of shoulder joint	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	
Amputation of lower third of Femur	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ Ankle joint	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ above wrist joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ of finger at Carpometacarpal articulation	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ at middle finger at do	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removed Index and middle fingers at Metacarpal Phalangeal articulation	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removal of big toe below head of Metatarsal bone (Fracture Compd)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ (Phagadenic ulcer)	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removal of big toe at Tarso Metatarsal articulation	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
„ „ Metatarso Phalangeal articulation	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of tumour of breast	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Ligature and Excision do of uterus	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Opened Trachœa	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Opened large abscess of thigh	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ pelvic abscess	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Excision of Hypertrophy of clitoris	...	4	4	3	...	1	...	...	
Perinœal section (Str. urethra)	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Removal of Hypertrophy of Scrotum	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
„ cancer of Scrotum	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Extirpation by ecraseur of cancer of penis	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Replacement of bowels (Abdominal Wound)	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Pared Edges (Vagina Laceration)	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	
Tied Hœmorrhoids	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
1 Craniotomy 3 Turning (Partus)	...	4	4	1	...	...	3	...	
Civil Dispensary, Kolar.									
Amputation of elbow	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.									
Dislocations reduced	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Fractures set	...	1	8	9	6	...	3	...	...
Civil Hospital, Mysore.									
Amputation of ulcerated foot with diseased bone	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removed Tumour	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Tracheotomy	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removed non-malignant tumour	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of abdomen	...	3	3	...	...	1	2	...	
Removed Hœmorrhoids internal	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of penis (cancer)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Extraction of Lens	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	
Perinœal section of Fistula and Stricture	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of bladder	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
For cicatrix (Occlusion of nares)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduced dislocation of lower jaw	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Excision of eye ball (Tumour)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of thumb (Gun Shot)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduced dislocation of shoulder	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Aspirated abscess of liver	...	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	
Artificial pupil	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of lower arm	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Civil Hospital, Shimoga.									
Extraction of bullet from the back	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Induction of Premature labor in 33 weeks with Forceps	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of head in utero	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikmagalur.									
Dislocation of lower jaw	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	1	75	76	44	2	11	16	3	

4. *Statement shewing the Classes and Sexes of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3				4							5							
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Total treated during the year.				Classes.							Daily Attendance.							
						a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	Average Number.				Ratio per cent of—			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Hindus.	Musalmans.			Other Classes.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	12,147	6,030	7,891	26,068	432	2,258	8,606	9,391	...	...	5,381	155·25	82·44	52·59	290·28	46·60	23·13	30·27	100·00
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore	13,397	5,432	3,602	22,431	3	270	14,319	4,805	...	...	3,034	109·00	29·00	35·55	173·55	59·73	24·21	16·06	100·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	5,190	2,616	2,165	9,971	13	29	5,659	3,363	..	...	907	43·62	17·78	16·29	77·69	52·05	26·24	21·71	100·00
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	6,900	3,412	2,900	13,212	1	736	7,642	4,497	...	...	336	54·18	24·62	16·68	95·48	52·22	25·83	21·95	100·00
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	3,383	1,770	1,694	6,847	...	87	5,306	1,014	...	...	440	47·75	21·50	18·50	87·75	49·41	25·85	24·74	100·00
6	Do Túmkúr	3,241	1,065	1,126	5,432	166	139	2,415	2,019	...	...	693	35·89	11·89	12·69	60·47	59·66	19·61	20·73	100·00
7	Do Kunigal	4,945	2,028	980	7,953	37	45	5,749	2,122	...	...	...	32·25	·15	5·75	53·00	62·18	25·49	12·33	100·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	8,472	4,732	2,766	15,970	275	582	5,867	6,487	...	...	2,759	83·18	58·57	40·91	182·66	53·05	29·63	17·32	100·00
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1,716	647	756	3,119	...	...	2,166	626	...	...	327	16·89	7·54	8·79	33·22	50·84	22·70	26·46	100·00
10	Do Húnsúr	3,254	1,101	1,135	5,490	60	165	2,239	2,770	...	...	256	22·44	7·27	7·76	37·47	59·28	20·05	20·67	100·00
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	5,364	2,465	2,061	9,890	196	255	4,369	3,226	...	...	1,844	40·40	24·24	14·82	79·46	54·27	24·91	20·82	100·00
12	Civil Dispensary, Saklespur	2,801	1,822	1,326	5,949	84	100	3,086	2,347	...	...	332	24·55	14·60	10·60	49·75	47·08	30·63	22·29	100·00
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	7,147	1,178	2,571	10,896	161	308	3,591	5,169	....	..	1,667	72·17	31·78	29·49	133·44	65·59	10·82	23·59	100·00
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	2,174	839	417	3,430	...	...	1,765	1,434	...	...	231	14·30	6·00	7·45	27·75	51·53	21·62	26·85	100·00
15	Do Tirthahalli	3,479	985	1,606	6,070	3	2	5,347	484	...	...	234	34·60	13·01	15·13	62·74	55·15	20·74	24·11	100·00
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	5,475	1,712	1,878	9,065	15	313	5,064	3,673	...	...	...	83·45	33·12	30·01	145·58	60·39	18·89	20·72	100·00
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	2,569	802	1,071	4,442	3	18	3,392	1,016	...	...	13	24·77	8·33	9·77	42·87	57·85	18·05	24·10	100·00
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	5,260	2,100	2,213	9,573	248	177	4,018	4,133	...	...	997	48·75	29·75	26·25	104·75	54·04	21·94	23·12	100·00
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur	861	401	359	1,621	1	...	1,170	450	..	...	...	17·00	5·00	3·02	25·02	53·12	24·74	22·14	100·00
	Total.....	97,775	41,137	38,517	177,429	1,698	5,484	91,770	59,026	...	...	19,451	960·44	440·44	362·05	1,762·93	55·11	23·18	21·71	100·00

5. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on account of the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3																4								5	6	7	
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Income.																Expenditure.								Balance in hand on 31st December.	Average Cost of each Diet.	Percentage of Total Cost paid by Government.	REMARKS.
		a			*b*							*c*	*d*	*e*		*f*		*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
		Balance on 1st January.			From Government.							From Local or other Funds.	Interest on investments.	Subscriptions.		Total Income.		On Establishment.	On Bazar Medicines.	On European Medicines whether from Government Stores or purchased.	On Diet.	On Miscellaneous Charges.	On Building or Repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total Expenditure during the year.				
		Invested.	Floating.	Total.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.			From Europeans.	From Natives.														
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	...	...	...	7,152	...	2,195	10,160	...	...	19,507	...	...	...	...	19,507		7,152	211	2,195	6,995	2,954	...	...	19,507	...	0 2 10	100	
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	5,635	...	...	1,164	...	...	6,799	...	...	...	...	6,799		5,635	33	...	643	483	...	...	6,799	...	0 2 6	100	
3	Civil do Closepet ...	...	...	...	480	...	246	...	...	...	726	323	...	...	...	1,049		660	41	246	...	78	24	...	1,049	...	...	69·20	
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	...	...	...	1,500	...	655	...	...	...	2,155	1480	...	...	...	3,635		2,244	267	655	469	...	...	...	3,635	...	0 2 0	59·28	
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	...	...	480	...	325	...	...	206	1,011	316	...	...	...	1,327		896	63	325	...	43	...	...	1,327	...	...	76·19	
6	Do do Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	1,860	...	853	308	...	14	3,035	...	...	...	...	3,035		1,860	41	853	...	281	...	...	3,035	...	...	100·00	
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	...	...	480	...	272	...	...	...	752	335	...	...	...	1,087		696	10	272	...	109	...	...	1,087	...	...	69·18	
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	...	6,713	...	2,003	4,604	...	...	13,320	...	...	...	...	13,320		6,713	178	2,003	3,786	640	...	...	13,320	...	0 3 5	100·00	
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	...	...	...	480	...	778	...	...	...	1,258	235	...	...	...	1,493		630	...	778	...	85	...	...	1,493	...	...	84·26	
10	Do do Húnsur ...	...	...	...	300	...	991	...	...	...	1,291	660	...	...	...	1,951		840	120	991	...	...	...	...	1,951	...	...	66·17	
11	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	...	2,225	...	354	783	...	...	3,362	...	...	...	...	3,362		2,225	48	354	242	493	...	...	3,362	...	0 2 0	100·00	
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur ...	...	...	...	720	...	243	...	...	...	963	180	...	...	...	1,143		900	...	243	...	...	...	...	1,143	...	...	86·00	
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	...	...	...	3,162	...	981	...	...	2,652	6,795	...	...	...	...	6,795		3,162	114	981	1,828	710	...	...	6,795	...	0 2 5	100·00	
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar... ...	...	...	...	380	...	254	...	...	...	634	258	...	...	...	892		560	18	254	...	60	...	...	892	...	...	71·07	
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	...	...	480	...	712	...	...	...	1,192	340	...	...	...	1,532		660	15	712	...	145	...	...	1,532	...	...	...	
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	1,583	...	492	1,175	...	...	3,250	...	...	...	...	3,250		1,583	29	492	612	534	...	...	3,250	...	0 2 0	100·00	
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	...	...	467	...	283	...	...	...	750	355	...	...	...	1,105		640	32	283	...	30	120	...	1,105	...	...	...	
18	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	...	2,620	...	677	894	...	...	4,191	...	...	...	...	4,191		2,620	39	677	438	417	...	...	4,191	...	0 2 0	100·00	
19	Do Dispensary, Haribarpur ...	...	...	...	720	...	...	...	...	...	720	193	...	...	...	913		899	3	...	...	11	...	...	913	...	...	66·17	
	Total.....	...	...	...	37,437	...	12,314	19,088	...	2,872	71,711	4675	...	...	...	76,386		40,575	1,262	12,314	15,018	7,073	144	...	76,386	...	0 2 5	93·88	

Column 5—In calculating this item those who paid for their own diet will of course be excluded; also Police cases when paid for by Government.

Amount of contributions from Local Funds	3,555—14—2
Do do Municipal Funds	1,666— 9—5
Total.....	5,222— 7—7

V. B.

6. *Statement shewing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each Class of Disease in the*

	Number of each Disease																	
	Cholera.	Small-Pox.	Fever Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Disease.
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.																	
Bangalore District.																	
1. Bowring Civil Hospital.																	
European Patients ...	1	1	829	8	58	1	...	93	126	27	14	376	7	4	...	112	40
Native do ...	31	3	5,200	23	216	1	3	662	909	91	86	891	25	126	...	923	961
In-door do ...	19	4	291	1	45	2	3	112	170	16	5	54	10	15	..	58	111
Out-door do ...	13	...	5,738	30	229	..	...	643	865	102	95	1,152	22	115	...	977	890
2. Pettah Civil Dispensary.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	7	11	...	1	18	...	...	...	15	7
Native do ...	3	1	4,356	15	...	...	...	235	366	33	60	471	2	61	...	886	598
In-door do ...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...
Out-door do ...	3	1	4,410	15	...	...	...	240	377	33	61	489	2	58	...	900	605
3. Civil Dispensary, Closepet.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	16	...	6	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	...
Native do ...	...	4	3032	5	462	...	...	156	230	...	136	186	8	11	...	586	223
Out-door do ...	...	4	3,048	5	468	...	...	157	231	1	137	188	8	11	...	587	223
Kolar District.																	
4. Civil Dispensary, Kolar.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	159	5	7	...	...	18	35	...	3	39	...	...	...	17	...
Native do ...	...	19	1,595	104	135	...	...	382	443	10	34	543	8	111	...	521	200
In-door do ...	...	1	27	2	7	...	...	17	17	...	1	1	...	16	...	6	14
Out-door do ...	...	18	1,727	107	135	...	...	383	461	10	36	581	8	95	...	532	186
5. Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	23	...	9	...	...	4	3	...	...	14	...	...	...	5	...
Native do ...	...	...	2,060	23	235	...	...	51	79	14	67	106	...	68	...	155	113
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	2,083	23	244	...	...	55	82	14	67	120	...	68	...	160	113
Tumkur District.																	
6. Civil Dispensary, Tumkúr.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	137	2	3	...	...	7	14	2	...	14	...	...	...	6	8
Native do ...	...	...	1,983	3	3	...	1	96	199	1	24	106	1	15	...	129	134
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	2,120	5	6	...	1	103	213	3	24	120	1	15	...	135	142
7. Civil Dispensary, Kunigal.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	1	2,542	27	...	...	...	300	312	...	35	200	3	41	...	103	152
In-door do ...	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	13	25	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	2
Out-door do ...	...	1	2,559	27	...	...	...	287	287	...	35	201	3	25	...	108	150
NAGAR DIVISION.																	
Shimoga District.																	
8. Civil Hospital, Shimoga.																	
European Patients ...	..	...	87	...	3	...	...	9	34	1	2	35	...	...	...	5	...
Native do ...	...	...	3,101	7	27	...	...	234	220	16	57	247	7	63	3	252	117
In-door do ...	...	...	51	2	1	...	...	26	58	3	3	7	5	12	...	10	28
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,137	5	29	...	...	217	196	14	56	275	2	51	3	247	89
9. Civil Dispensary, Ságar.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	17	821	3	282	...	...	74	67	...	57	78	2	20	3	97	63
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	17	821	3	282	...	...	74	67	...	57	78	2	20	3	97	63
10. Civil Dispensary, Tirthahalli.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	5	2,740	8	15	...	...	124	134	6	95	189	...	17	...	146	114
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	5	2,742	8	15	...	...	124	134	6	95	189	...	17	...	146	114

HOSPITALS.

Dispensaries and Hospitals, &c., in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																				
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Disease.	Eye Disease.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds & Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
56	418	112	467	2,690	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7
520	2,790	1,634	8,284	23,378	14	...	3	...	27	1	3	52	110	3	...	11	5	8	...	...	...	...	26	87	53	403
...	189	229	753	2,087	11	...	3	...	30	1	3	52	112	4	...	11	5	8	...	...	...	...	26	87	54	407
576	3,019	1,517	7,998	23,981	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	3
2	25	13	113	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
397	5,065	1,095	8,514	22,158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	2	18
...	119	19	61	212	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	2	18
399	4,971	1,089	8,566	22,219	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	12	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
180	1,177	369	3,164	9,929	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	12
180	1,178	369	3,176	9,971	...	..	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	12
9	4	7	434	737	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
571	1,358	619	5,822	12,475	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	6
...	85	39	45	278	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	5
580	1,277	587	6,211	12,934	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	1	2	26	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
693	580	162	2,354	6,760	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
693	581	164	2,380	6,847	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	9
4	2	4	102	305	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
107	414	168	1,743	5,127	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
111	416	172	1,845	5,432	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	11
...	10	6	16	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
89	1,385	174	2,502	7,871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	15
...	50	1	124	263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	14
89	1,345	179	2,394	7,690	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
5	8	5	275	469	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
1,225	1,042	408	3,401	10,427	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	12	38	1	...	...	4	9	...	1	2	...	29	17	47	165
1	153	74	191	625	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	12	37	1	...	...	3	9	...	1	2	..	29	17	45	159
1,229	897	339	3,485	10,271	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	214	80	1,533	3,430	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	214	80	1,533	3,430	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	342	139	1,947	6,065	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	342	139	1,950	6,070	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	16

	Number of each Disease																
	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.
KADUR DISTRICT.																	
11 *Civil Dispensary, Chikmagalur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	150	3	10	...	...	35	55	9	5	25	...	...	...	8	10
Native do ...	...	5	4,211	22	214	...	...	387	229	11	202	204	3	145	...	174	129
In-door do ...	...	2	7	4	...	...	...	24	40	...	...	4	...	33	...	2	2
Out-door do ...	...	3	4,354	21	224	...	...	398	244	20	207	225	3	112	...	180	137
12 *Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	935	...	2	...	...	90	24	...	24	30	...	21	...	34	13
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	936	...	2	...	...	90	24	...	24	30	...	21	...	34	13
CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.																	
13 *Civil Dispensary, Chitaldroog.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	97	...	...	...	...	19	24	1	7	16	...	...	...	18	...
Native do ...	...	...	3,099	...	...	...	...	247	248	4	98	205	...	65	...	263	83
In-door do ...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	28	15	...	...	4	...	5	...	10	9
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,166	...	...	...	...	238	257	5	105	217	...	60	...	271	74
14 *Civil Dispensary, Davangere.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	21	...	1,721	6	9	...	...	67	61	15	87	129	...	15	...	177	80
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	21	...	1,730	6	9	...	...	69	61	15	87	129	...	15	...	177	80
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.																	
MYSORE DISTRICT.																	
15 *Raja's Hospital, Mysore.*																	
European Patients ...	2	...	214	2	...	...	...	22	64	1	3	65	...	...	...	12	...
Native do ...	16	...	4,676	14	...	...	...	326	537	...	162	333	7	133	...	615	294
In-door do ...	15	...	63	9	...	...	...	54	268	...	6	7	1	72	...	13	88
Out-door do ...	3	...	4,827	7	...	...	...	294	333	1	159	391	6	61	...	614	206
16 *Civil Dispensary, Húnsúr.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	65	...	...	...	...	10	25	...	1	9	...	...	...	5	3
Native do ...	...	...	2,113	3	...	...	...	210	224	...	32	137	8	32	...	195	126
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	2,178	3	...	...	...	220	249	...	33	146	8	32	...	200	129
17 *Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	1,482	...	...	...	...	67	40	3	109	27	4	35	...	46	63
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,482	...	...	...	...	67	40	3	109	27	4	35	...	46	63
HASSAN DISTRICT.																	
18 *Civil Dispensary, Hassan.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	85	...	...	...	...	30	29	...	1	40	...	...	...	15	2
Native do ...	...	1	3,598	12	...	...	...	230	246	2	108	188	2	93	...	342	92
In-door do ...	...	1	6	3	...	...	...	6	8	...	1	1	1	14	...	2	2
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,677	9	...	...	...	254	267	2	108	227	1	79	...	355	92
19 *Civil Dispensary, Saklespur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	66	4	...	...	...	11	6	7	4	7	...	...	...	1	5
Native do ...	1	...	1,948	46	...	...	...	163	105	...	87	96	...	59	...	248	87
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	1	...	2,014	50	...	...	...	174	111	7	91	103	...	59	...	249	92
Total European Patients ...	3	1	2,050	24	98	1	...	268	427	49	42	601	7	4	...	220	75
Do Native do ...	89	39	51,213	321	1,600	1	4	4,101	4,673	206	1,560	4,365	80	1,131	6	5,897	3,642
Do of Both do ...	92	40	53,263	345	1,696	2	4	4,369	5,100	255	1,602	4,966	87	1,135	6	6,117	3,717
Do In-door do ...	34	8	514	21	53	2	3	282	601	19	16	78	17	186	...	102	256
Do Out-door do ...	58	32	52,749	324	1,643	...	1	4,087	4,499	236	1,586	4,888	70	949	6	6,015	3,461

6. (*Concluded*).

treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																							
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	,, Remittent.	,, Continued.	,, Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory do.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
...	50	15	50	425	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	826	161	2,221	9,148	...	1	2	9	3	...	...	35	40	...	...	1	1	28	...	...	...	...	7	4	13	144
...	40	28	29	215	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	13	28	...	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	7	4	8	84
4	836	148	2,242	9,358	...	1	2	6	3	...	...	22	12	...	...	1	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	60
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	76	27	331	1,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	76	27	331	1,621	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	28	18	100	328	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
294	1,296	218	2,617	8,737	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	16
...	45	11	28	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
294	1,279	225	2,689	8,880	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	14
...	...	...	10	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
238	605	19	1,100	4,421	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
238	605	19	1,110	4,442	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	12
6	22	35	409	857	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
501	2,568	358	4,573	15,113	8	...	2	2	...	...	...	19	175	...	...	2	...	51	...	...	10	...	12	10	29	320
4	68	57	139	864	10	...	2	2	...	...	...	19	175	...	...	2	...	51	...	...	10	...	12	10	29	322
503	2,522	336	4,843	15,106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
2	8	3	94	225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
149	805	109	1,122	5,265	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	813	112	1,216	5,490	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	240	65	890	3,119	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	5	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	240	65	890	3,119	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	5	17
9	...	5	235	451	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	1,097	256	3,032	9,439	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	13	11	...	2	...	1	25	...	1	...	...	3	...	16	77
...	24	16	37	122	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	3	5	...	1	...	1	11	...	1	...	...	3	...	13	42
149	1,073	245	3,230	9,768	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	35
..	17	5	51	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	594	106	2,200	5,765	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	611	111	2,251	5,949	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
93	594	230	2,397	7,182	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	6	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	19
5,257	22,474	6,238	57,350	170,247	39	3	28	20	30	1	3	144	387	4	2	16	12	144	...	2	14	...	95	123	193	1,260
5,350	23,068	6,468	59,747	177,429	41	3	29	20	33	1	3	144	393	5	2	17	12	144	...	2	14	...	95	123	198	1,279
5	773	474	1,407	4,851	21	...	8	9	30	1	3	105	358	5	1	13	9	108	...	2	12	...	92	120	156	1,053
5,345	22,295	5,994	58,340	172,578	20	3	21	11	3	...	...	39	35	...	1	4	3	36	...	...	2	...	3	3	42	226

1. *Statement shewing Particulars of Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total Number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of Successful Cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average Annual Number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-Vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under 1 year.	Over 1 and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					M	F	Total.														
Nundydroog Division.	1 Bangalore District	828,354	284·3	12	7,387	5,060	12,447	1037·2	12,447	...	...	8,098	...	...	65·0	...	9·77	12,184	14·71	592	0·71
	2 Kolar Do	618,954	240·2	11	7,436	5,679	13,115	1191·3	13,115	...	...	9,518	...	...	72·5	...	22·3	11,028	17·81	326	0·76
	3 Túmkúr Do	632,239	175·3	10	7,167	5,152	12,319	1231·9	12,319	...	...	9,973	...	...	80·0	...	15·77	10,484	16·58	274	0·43
	Total.....	2,079,547	233	33	21,990	15,891	37,881	1147	37,881	...	...	27,589	...	...	72·80	...	13·21	33,696	16·2	1,192	0·57
Ashtagram Division.	4 Mysore District	943,187	228·5	14	8,988	7,306	16,294	1165	16,294	...	...	15,283	...	...	94	...	16·19	16,258	123	229	0·24
	5 Hassan Do	668,417	203·1	11	5,936	4,764	10,700	974	10,700	...	...	10,153	...	...	94	...	19·32	12,034	108	191	0·28
	Total.....	1,611,604	215	25	14,924	12,070	26,994	1079	26,994	...	...	25,436	...	...	94	...	16·13	28,292	17·55	420	0 25
Nagar Division.	6 Shimoga District	498,976	131·4	9	4,722	2,523	7,295	810·5	7,295	...	...	6,098	...	...	83·5	...	12·22	7,048	7·04	205	0·20
	7 Chitaldroog Do	531,360	118 8	10	7,011	4,970	11,981	1198·1	11,981	...	...	9,874	...	...	98·7	...	18·58	11,601	11·6	250	0·25
	8 Kadur Do	333,925	157	5	3,524	2,298	5,822	1164·4	5,822	...	...	4,158	...	...	71·4	...	12·45	5,202	5·20	152	0·15
	Total.....	1,364,261	131	24	15,307	9,791	25,098	1045	25,098	...	...	20,130	...	...	80·27	...	14·75	23,862	17 48	607	0·44
	Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186	82	52,221	37,752	89,973	1071	*89,973	...	...	73,155	...	...	81·31	...	14·58	85,851	16 98	2,219	0·43

*Excluding Municipal and Dispensary Vaccination.

2. *Statement shewing the Cost of the Department in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Establishment.							Expenditure.				Paid from—					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average Cost of each successful case.
		Superintendent General.	Superintendents of Circles.	Deputy Superintendents.	Native Superintendents.	Vaccinators. 1st Class.	Vaccinators. 2nd Class.	3rd Class Vaccinators.	Pay of Establishment.	Travelling Allowance.	Contingencies.	Total Cost.	Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Nundydroog Division.	1 Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	1	6	5	1,673 8 0	...	...	1,673 8 0	...	...	...	...	1,673 8 0	1,673 8 0	8,098	0 3 2
	2 Kolar do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,492 13 9	...	...	1,492 13 9	...	...	...	...	1,492 13 9	1,492 13 9	9,518	0 2 6
	3 Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,425 8 0	...	...	1,425 8 0	...	...	...	...	1,425 8 0	1,425 8 0	9,973	0 2 3
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	16	14	4,591 13 9	...	...	4,591 13 9	...	...	...	...	4,591 13 9	4,591 13 9	27,589	0 2 7
Ashtagram Division.	4 Mysore District	...	...	...	...	1	7	6	1,814 3 4	...	33	1,847 3 4	...	...	...	...	1,847 3 4	1,847 3 4	15,283	0 1 10
	5 Hassan do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,255 15 1	...	...	1,255 15 1	...	...	...	...	1,255 15 1	1,255 15 1	10,153	0 1 10
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	2	13	10	3,070 2 5	...	33	3,103 2 5	...	...	...	...	3,103 2 5	3,103 2 5	25,436	0 1 10
Nagar Division.	6 Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	899 6 7	...	...	899 6 7	...	...	...	...	899 6 7	899 6 7	6,098	0 2 4·31
	7 Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,356 0 0	...	...	1,356 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,356 0 0	1,356 0 0	9,874	0 2 2
	8 Kadur do	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	770 9 2	...	...	770 9 2	...	...	...	...	770 9 2	770 9 2	4,158	0 2 11·58
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	18	5	3,025 15 9	...	...	3,025 15 9	...	...	...	...	3,025 15 9	3,025 15 9	20,130	0 2 4·86
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	8	47	29	10,687 15 11	...	33	10,720 15 11	...	...	...	...	10,720 15 11	10,720 15 11	73,155	0 2 4

4. *Comparative Statement shewing the number of Persons primarily vaccinated and the number of those Persons who were successfully vaccinated in the Province of Mysore in each of the undermentioned official years.*

Establishments.	Persons primarily vaccinated.																			
	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.
	Years ended 31st March																			
	1869—70		1870—71		1871		1872		1873		1874		1875		1876		1877		1878—79	
Government	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	588	465	893	767	1,170	1,056	2,221	1,970	4,211	3,476	2,641	2,293
Local Funds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native States	73,793	70,635	92,181	87,627	93,616	88,596	97,241	93,231	96,461	86,548	97,513	87,734	96,438	88,731	96,242	84,474	101,980	84,558	89,973	73,155
Dispensaries	2,568	1,215	1,483	1,032	831	530	1,046	794	1,115	840	1,217	869	1,016	786	1,025	768	1,049	806	225	186
Army	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	76,361	71,850	93,667	88,659	94,447	89,126	98,287	87,025	98,164	87,853	99,623	89,370	98,624	90,573	99,488	87,212	105,015	89,465	92,839	75,634

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1879-80.

Bangalore:

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1880.

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE

FOR 1879—80.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

The Report of the Mysore Administration for the year 1879—80 deals with the last year but one of British administration of the Province. Crippled as the resources of the country have been by the disastrous circumstances of the two years preceding, it is not possible to hand over the Province, as until the calamity of the famine overtook it, it was hoped to hand it over with a full exchequer and a teeming population, but the superabundant harvests, which have succeeded those years of dire want, have already gone far to restore prosperity where all was want. The urgent need for retrenchment had already, before the commencement of the year now to be roported on, prompted the reduction of expenditure upon civil establishments, by the elimination wherever possible of highly paid European officers, and the substitution of a more economical Native agency. The movement was all in the direction which the near rendition of the Province also demanded, and during the year the sanctioned scale of Civil Officers of the higher grades was entirely recast, the subordinate establishments being at the same time reorganized and very generally reduced.

2. The new scale substitutes a Secretary and Revenue Commissioner, who is a Native Officer, for the three Commissioners of Divisions formerly existing; and the judicial service has been completely separated from the list of Revenue Officers. Deputy Commissioners of Districts no longer exercise any civil powers. Each local jurisdiction which formerly constituted a Division is now under a District and Sessions Judge in judicial matters, the Districts having each a Subordinate Judge of the standing of an Assistant Commissioner. Below them again are the Munsiffs, who however are no new creations having been gradually introduced since 1873, but it is a novel feature that they all exercise magisterial as well as civil powers. A Deputy Commissioner has the revenue and magisterial charge of each District as before, but the scale of their pay has been materially reduced to suit the changing conditions of the Province. Instead of ranging from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,666, their pay is now between Rs. 700 and Rs. 1,200. The District Police are immediately under the Deputy Commissioners unaided as they were by Assistant Commissioners specially appointed for those duties; for the Deputy Commissioner is now relieved of civil work and has no longer the expenditure on local works of the District Funds, all works being executed by the Department of Public Works, so that his time is more at command for Police administration. Excluding then the Judicial Assistant Commissioners and the Town Magistrate of Mysore, there were 27 Assistant Commissioners, and now there are 19. None of these officers are now Europeans, but it has not yet been possible to eliminate all the Deputy Commissioners on the old scale, four of whom remained to the close of the year, three Europeans and one Native. To that extent the new organization, though settled and sanctioned, has yet been incompletely introduced.

3. The same principle of reduction, and of substitution as far as possible of Native for European agency, has ruled the changes introduced in the Education, Forest and Public Works Departments, and so far as the reform has been carried there is no reason to question its expediency.

4. The near approach of the day when Mysore shall again be administered by its own Ruler, has, as might be expected, influenced the history of the year in more ways than by merely inducing a change in the personnel of the Executive, and for one thing, the most strenuous endeavours were made by the Topographical survey to complete the detailed work on the Western Ghats, in view to the settlement of a long pending question as to the boundary between Mysore and South Canara. The natural difficulties of the ground, added to the unhealthiness of the localities in which much of the work had to be carried on, prevented the completion of this much desired work; but enough has been done to enable a boundary commission to take the field, and commence the actual settlement of the question.

5. Though the acreage out-turn of the Revenue survey was less than that of the preceding year, the work, which should be rather gauged by the number of fields that were measured, was really greater; but it was attained at an increased cost per acre; a result to be expected where the average of holdings dealt with were small in extent. Classification work was pushed on with greater rapidity and by an increased strength of establishment employed upon it.

6. The settlement of the land revenue was introduced into four taluks, and just half the number in the Province have now been completed. With the work of measurement as much in advance of classification of the land as two and a half millions of acres, it is anticipated that in two years it will be practicable to commence reducing the survey establishments.

7. The Inam Settlement Department having been reduced in strength, turned out a proportionally less amount of work than in the previous year, but the progress made was good and the work of the Department is rapidly approaching completion.

8. The introduction of several useful Acts was effected, some of them more especially designed for the safety and better Government of the country, such as the Prisons Act and the Arms Act, others relating to the Revenue and Fiscal arrangement, as for instance the Excise Act and the Opium Act, but perhaps the most important legislative enactment of the year was the Regulation issued by Notification of the Supreme Government which recast the constitution and powers of the Civil Courts in the Province.

9. Changes were also introduced into the administration of the Police Department. In a small Province like Mysore it is not easy to provide adequately, and at the same time economically, for the control of the Police. The Province is not large enough to afford a highly paid Inspector General and it is not sufficient to give supreme control to a junior officer. Hitherto therefore the Judicial Commissioner has been Inspector General of Police, but the arrangement by which one officer is at the same-time head of the Judicial and Police organization was never looked on as satisfactory, and has always been liable to be changed. Yet it was not easy to find another officer who could relieve him of the duty, and the difficulty has only been solved by the Chief Commissioner assuming the direct control himself. In other respects the constitution of the Police Force remained unchanged, except that, as already stated, the Assistant Commissioners specially employed as Police Officers in each District were discontinued.

10. The arrangement above alluded to is not intended to be permanent, and was indeed only part of more extensive changes which have been carried out as regards the lower ranks, since the close of the year. The management of the Police directly by the Chief Commissioner is defective in making insufficient provision for local inspection and minute direction, and it throws upon him an inconvenient amount of detailed and routine work which can only be partially avoided by extending the powers and responsibility of District Officers; it will still be necessary therefore to place the immediate control of the Police under a single officer, subordinate to the executive Local Government.

11. The decrease in cognizable offences reported was as much as 41 per cent of the previous year's numbers; and it is still more satisfactory that the graver classes of crime exhibited the most decided falling off. The offence of dacoity for instance decreased by 106 cases; still this crime has been more prevalent than the circumstances of the year warrant, and that more especially in the Túmkúr District, where the boldness and good organization of the robber bands called for special repressive measures.

12. With so great a decrease in the work to be done the Police were able to carry out their investigations with greater care and to shew better results: thus, of the cases considered by the Police to be true and reported accordingly 85 per cent resulted in conviction against 71 per cent and the percentage of persons convicted to the total number put on trial rose from 81·36 to 87·36. Still it appears that in many instances arrests must be hastily made on mere unconfirmed information, and when the circumstances do not require the precaution, for only 67·27 per cent of the persons arrested were convicted, in place of 74·56 per cent in 1878.

13. In the administration of Criminal Justice little change was made in the number or constitution of Courts. Each station where formerly a Commissioner of Division resided has still its Sessions Judge exercising in criminal matters just the same jurisdiction as the Commissioner did. Gradually however the Subordinate Judicial Officers, the Subordinate Judges, or Judicial Assistant Commissioners as they were until November 1879, and the Munsiffs have been invested with magisterial powers, and as the number of Magistrates has on the one hand been increased by these means, the opportunity has been taken to withdraw powers from Peshkars and Taluk Sheristadars, who were always too ill-paid, and generally too ill-informed to be trusted advantageously with those powers.

14. An increase of petty offences such as assaults and public nuisances counteracts to some extent the effect of the real diminution of crime by adding to the number of offences reported, and therefore, whereas the decrease in offences as given in the Police statistics was 41 per cent, that given in the returns of Criminal Justice, embracing cognizable and non-cognizable crime, was only 30 per cent. In the serious class of offences against property the decrease is most gratifying, 3,906 having been reported as against 8,927. This increase in petty cases also resulted in a low percentage, 43·66, of persons convicted to those tried, for it is in this class of magisterial cases that the greatest number of discharges, acquittals and withdrawals appear, and it is especially in the Magisterial Courts of the Peshkars and Sheristadars, now abolished, that the largest number of such cases are brought, and that most cases are entertained without that investigation which would eliminate at the outset the frivolous and useless.

15. The decreased number of persons brought to trial naturally diminished the number of prisoners, both under-trial and convicted, the former numbering 5,227 against 12,820 and being but one-fifth of the number in 1877. Convicts averaged 3,096 daily, but their numbers fell steadily throughout the year so that on the last day there were but 2,772 remaining. While the numbers fell, too, accommodation was increased by the extension of the temporary jail at Kukarhalli near Mysore, and there was not overcrowding.

16. With smaller numbers and cheaper food the cost of maintaining the jails further fell from Rs. 4,39,935 to Rs. 2,62,472, and those incarcerated in Kukarhalli did good work on the Mysore Water-supply projects, while in other jails the earnings from manufactures were kept up to the mark. The health condition of the prisoners improved considerably, but it is conjectured that years must elapse before the death rate can revert to what it used to be before the famine. The only change introduced into the jail management was the introduction of a set of rules for the reward of convict servants by remission of sentence and grant of gratuities earned on the mark system.

17. The introduction in the middle of the year of a regulation altering and fixing the jurisdiction of the several grades of Civil Courts renders it difficult to compare in any detail the civil work of the different classes of courts, for the Munsiff's civil original jurisdiction has been raised from Rs. 300 to Rs. 500, and the Civil Courts of the Deputy Commissioners being abolished, appeals from the decrees of Munsiffs lie direct to the Subordinate Judges. The total number of suits instituted was, however, within a very few of being exactly the same as in 1878. The number for disposal was 23,070; of these 21,802 were disposed of and the 1,268 pending suits are less than the number received from 1878 by 159.

18. The other changes made during the year were the revision and increase of salaries of the Process-serving Establishment by which it is hoped that more efficient and satisfactory work will be secured; and the issue of rules for regulating

the qualification and admission of Advocates and Pleaders ; a measure which should raise the status of the local bar.

19. The returns of registration display a continuation of the movement recorded in last year's report ; on the whole there is a decrease in the number of documents registered, the decrease is marked in the class of documents affecting small immovable properties, the registration of which is optional, but it is thought that it would have been even more marked, but for the new scale of fees which encourages registration, when the property is under Rs. 50 and the general decline is counterbalanced by an increase of documents affecting movable property, which class is also favored by the new fees. Both expenditure and receipts were smaller than in the previous year, but the ratio maintained between them remained as before.

20. The new system of Post Office orders, coming into force on the 1st January 1880, affected the Mysore Money Order Department during the last quarter of the year. In some towns in the interior of Mysore there are Imperial Post Offices, but in most places only local or Anche Offices, in the former places the public can choose between sending orders by post or by the old money order, if they are remitting to other stations in Mysore where Post Offices exist, and for orders to British India the Post Office at those places is the only means : indeed for some time there was no means of remitting money from the interior of Mysore to British India except by Post Office order; and as the stations, at which Post Offices exist, are not numerous, this state of affairs was likely to cause much inconvenience ; now however a means of reciprocity has been found though it is hardly so convenient as the former system where the Mysore Money Order Offices were in direct communication with those of British India.

21. Naturally therefore the orders issued by Mysore Offices on India circles fell off in number and amount, and, but for an unusual activity in the Offices of Districts where no Post Office exists, the same result would have been seen with Mysore circle orders. As it was however these shew a slight increase in number combined with decrease in value.

22. The revision of the octroi and a uniform system of house taxation in the several Municipal towns of the Province materially raised their income during the year. The principles which guided the revision were those laid down by the Government of India in Resolution No. 4446 of 6th November 1868 and in letter dated 28th September 1877, No. 2—103. The year's income was Rs. 3,92,768 against Rs. 3,61,499 of the year previous. The amount expended was Rs. 3,52,285 chiefly on conservancy and works.

23. The strength of British troops in the Mysore Division was much under what is usual. Only two Companies of a European Infantry Regiment were stationed in Bangalore in place of the 67th, who had gone to the front ; one Native Infantry Regiment was present instead of two, and almost all the Madras Sappers were away. The full strength of Cavalry and Artillery was maintained. At French Rocks also, the only out-station in Mysore country, there was a wing instead of a whole Native Infantry Regiment. The Local force was not changed during the year and numbered 1,189 of all ranks of Siledar Cavalry and 1,949 of Barr Infantry.

24. The rain-fall in tracts other than the Malnad was less than what was gauged in the year previous: but the crops in general throve well notwithstanding. The cereals were all over the Province good, and in some Districts ragi, hallar and horse-gram turned out remarkably well. The only crops that suffered slightly were paddy in the Kolar and the Hassan Districts, dependent on tank irrigation, and supari in the Malnad tracts where a very heavy fall of rain produced the rot disease. The prices of agricultural produce fell in the year almost to the level at which they generally stood prior to the famine.

25. The return of live stock shews a slight decrease, 4,755,528 against 4,783,910 of the year previous: the increase in mortality appears chiefly in the Districts of Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga where murrain, foot and mouth disease were somewhat prevalent.

26. There is very little horticulture in the Province; a small attempt is made in the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore at cultivation of new varieties of trees foreign as well as Indian ; and the success though not great, is not altogether discouraging. The Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh reports favorably on the present appearance of the manilla and the cocoa, plants of more than three years' old, and on the newly introduced rubber trees and the *Eucalyptus Saliqua and E. Cetriodosa.*

27. The operations of the Forest Department were confined to the protection of a few of the State forests from fire and to the clearing of demarcation lines; the department supplied no timber on any large scale and the net profit of Rs. 3,50,393 was derived entirely from the sale of sandalwood.

28. Mines and quarries constituted but an insignificant part of the provincial revenue; the only minerals worked being iron and potstone on a small scale.

29. No great improvement is visible in trade and manufacture; but the returns on these subjects cannot altogether be depended upon, based as they are upon inaccurate registration and superficial enquiry.

30. Up to the year under report the Public Works Department executed only those works which, termed 'Imperial' are provided for out of the general revenues of the State. Works paid for from District and Irrigation Cess funds, as well as small repairs to buildings provided for in the civil budget, post office buildings and police works were executed by the Deputy Commissioners, under whom in two Districts were Local Fund Engineers, the control of the Public Works Department, in such cases, being limited to a general examination and checking of projects brought forward, and to occasional supervision of works in progress, only a few works of those classes, which might require special knowledge and experience, being executed by the direct agency of the Public Works Department. In 1879—80, however, the execution of all works of whatever nature, and whatever the sources of the funds provided for them, devolved for the first time on the Public Works Department, and establishment charges were ratably distributed over the several different funds.

31. The preliminary arrangements entailed by the change, the remodelling of the different establishments which were thereby placed at the disposal of the Department, and the consequent delay in starting many of the works combined to raise the percentage of cost of establishment upon expenditure on works; and it stood at the end of the year as high as 41·4. The same causes, with others, entailed heavy lapses upon the budget grants amounting in all to Rs. 2,63,742 upon a grant of Rs. 17,68,911.

32. Six new taluk cutcherries were undertaken, works rendered very necessary to afford suitable accommodation for the Amildars' Offices at *Kasaba* towns where that was much wanted. These and the new maternity hospitals at Mysore and Bangalore, both of which were advanced to a condition when they could be opened, were the most important buildings under construction. Irrigation works comprised both the extension of irrigating channels and the completion of several tanks on the serial system; for although the scheme for restoring all tanks on this system has been abandoned with the approval of the Government of India, there were several which had been begun before that decision was arrived at, and it was expedient to carry them out.

33. In opening out communications the most important works are being carried out in the west of the Province towards Coorg and the Wynad in the south, and down the Western ghats into Canara further north. The Wynad road towards Manantadi, and the new road from Periyapatna, in the Mysore District, to the Coorg frontier were hampered by the difficulty in procuring labor, a difficulty which, always present in those localities, was more than ever experienced during the year.

34. In the Kadur and Shimoga Districts the chief works in hand are the improvements to the Bhund ghat, on which good progress is reported, the road from Shimoga by Umblibail to Yedahalli, the Vastara-Hariharpur line and the Hyderghar ghat road. The Umblibail road made fair progress in the Kadur District, but work on the Shimoga section was delayed, and little was done. The Vastara-Hariharpur road made good progress, and carts can now travel along it, while on the Hyderghar ghat road from where it leaves the existing road near Shimoga to the foot of the ghats, it is far advanced, and open to wheeled traffic; the work remaining to be done being chiefly the construction of several large bridges.

35. The earthwork of the Mysore State Railway was completed to Maddur, more than half its length, and three-quarters of the remaining distance was also finished. With few exceptions the foundations of all large bridges were in and one-third of the small bridges finished by the end of 1879—80. About $\frac{1}{5}$ of the ballast, also, was collected, and by the end of the year the material and stores had begun to arrive in

Madras. All the Railway buildings were well in hand, and as delay was anticipated in procuring timber for sleepers from the local forests 60,000 creosoted pine sleepers were ordered from England.

36. Retrenchment of expenditure so urgently called for, and generally carried out was applied to the Anche, or Local Post, establishment also. The Head-quarter establishments were reduced, and the special offices attached to each District and Divisional Officer, were abolished, but an equal number of experimental offices, in situations where the post had not yet reached, were established on an extremely economical scale. The reduction on expenditure over the previous year was Rs. 8,000, and the number of paid covers increased though the receipts from them slightly fell, and stood at Rs. 49,823. Post cards were introduced, and a reduction of bhángi parcel rates was ordered, though it did not actually come into force until the close of the year.

37. The total Revenue demand for the year was Rs. 99,29,515 which in addition to the balance of Rs. 38,97,131 outstanding on the 1st April 1879 formed the amount for collection during the year. Of this sum more than 108 lakhs were realized leaving a balance of Rs. 27,87,834 at the close of the official year. The fall in the demand was chiefly under Land Revenue explained by the fact that lands retained in the names of dead, deserted or impoverished ryots in the previous year were finally struck off the rent rolls in the year under report.

38. The fall under other items of Revenue, namely Abkari, Mohatarfa and Sayer which suffered equally from the effects of the famine had been noticed in the reports of the previous years.

39. Remissions had to be granted to the extent of Rs. 1,52,384 under Land and other sources of Revenue. Further remissions in the balance may be found necessary hereafter; it is however satisfactory to note that of the balance of 27 lakhs, more than half had been collected by the end of September 1880.

40. Clear rules were laid down which whilst providing that the arrears should be enforced against well-to-do ryots, allowing postponement where necessary, left ample room for remission of balance where the ryots had no means of paying them. Coercive measures were adopted when necessitated by the contumacious conduct of the defaulters.

41. The budget estimate of receipts was for Rs. 1,07,65,000, the actuals came to Rs. 1,08,57,548. Land Revenue, which was budgeted for 74 lakhs, produced Rs. 76,73,792. Other heads of account did not come up to the budget estimate, though in several cases they shewed an improvement upon the preceding year. The retrenchment of Civil establishments, and of the Military force, carried out during the year, led to the preparation of a revised budget of expenditure. The original budget provided for Rs. 87,61,000 for Civil charges, and Rs. 8,01,000 for the Local force. In the revised budget the Civil charges were reduced to Rs. 86,71,000 and the Local force to Rs. 7,84,000. The actuals of the latter only reached Rs. 7,62,524 shewing a still further saving, but the Civil charges nearly reached the figure of the original estimate. This excess was due to transfers from the Railway and Public Works Department, on account of Famine labor, amounting to Rs. 1,08,672, but for that the actual expenditure on Civil charges would have been within the estimate. The Public Works Department expenditure on the other hand reached only Rs. 10,70,460 against a budget grant of Rs. 12,25,000 so that on the whole the actuals of the year are Rs. 1,06,02,325, the budget estimate Rs. 1,07,87,000. Ordinary expenditure was therefore within the estimate and two lakhs and a half short of the collected income. The expenditure of Rs. 5,46,000 on the State Railway however brings up the total charges of the year to Rs. 1,11,49,000.

42. This shews a deficit of about three lakhs of rupees, which was met from the cash balances. The loan of Rs. 30,00,000 received in the previous year had sufficed to pay the deficit of that year and the excess charges under Public Debt augmented in consequence of payments under the head of Deposits of money belonging to the Mansion House Famine Relief Funds, and had raised the cash balances to Rs. 46,88,000 at the commencement of the year. In October and November the balances again ran so low, that although no loan was taken, the payment of the subsidy for those months was deferred and paid in January.

43. The reductions in expenditure in Revenue and Judicial establishments, in the Secretariat, the Police and the Local Force were commenced during the currency of the year and do not affect the results in full, besides they were counteracted to some extent by unusual charges which will not recur, and the Province has now to pay 4 lakhs of rupees interest on the Famine loan; still, excluding expenditure on Famine and on State Railway the expenditure of 1879—80 is less by 11 lakhs than that of 1878—79.

44. The introduction of a new system of registering births and deaths in rural circles during the course of the year, caused a sudden, and otherwise inexplicable increase both of births and of deaths in the month of April, and so affected the returns of the remaining nine months of 1879 that it is of little use to compare the results of that year with 1878, though it is satisfactory to know that so great an improvement has been so quickly effected. The registered birth rate was 9·82 per mille, the death rate 15·88; figures which must be still much below the truth, but are yet a great improvement upon the rates of 1878, 2·53 and 14·5 respectively, and that the improvement is due to better registration is shewn by the relatively greater increase of the birth rate.

45. The year was healthy and free from epidemics; four doubtful cases of cholera appear among the registered causes of death and small-pox only accounts for 278. Two-thirds of the deaths are ascribed to fever, and fever is as the hospital returns shew exceedingly prevalent, and when not subjected to proper treatment it is in all probability exceedingly fatal too though, in hospitals, fever is at once the most prevalent and relatively least fatal disease.

46. Vaccination was entrusted to 84 paid Vaccinators in rural circles four in Bangalore, and to 22 medical subordinates at the different Hospitals and Dispensaries, the latter of whom performed more operations than usual. There was a slight decrease in the general number of vaccine operations.

47. The schools in the Province have again got into fair working order; the attendance is steadily increasing and the native inspection agency appointed in the previous year is reported upon favorably. The only material alteration made in the year was in connection with the Engineering College which is being replaced by schools for elementary instruction in the Engineering, Medicine and Natural Sciences on a more extended scale; scholarships being provided for advanced students of promise to complete the higher course in the Engineering and Medical Colleges of Bombay and Madras.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

The physical features of the country, the area, &c., have been given in the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION.

2. There have been two causes at work both acting towards the introduction of changes in the administration of the Province. The necessity for retrenchment, consequent upon the great drain on the resources of the country, caused by famine expenditure, would alone have entailed the most rigid examination of every existing establishment, but added to this the fast approaching restoration of the Province to Native rule pointed to the direction in which changes had to be made, generally indeed coincident with reduction in expenditure, but not always induced entirely by that motive.

3. Expedited by the financial necessity, and the eventual direction of the administrative changes being tolerably accurately known before their details were actually determined, the movement had already commenced in the end of the year preceding that which is now reported on, by the elimination of several European Officers of the Commission, but it was only during the past year that the re-organization of the Executive and Judicial Establishments was carried out throughout the whole Province.

4. At head-quarters the Chief Commissioner had been aided by a Secretary who had control of all subjects except Public Works, in which branch the Chief Engineer was Secretary. With the abolition of the Commissioners of Divisions as Revenue Officers the office of Revenue Commissioner and Secretary in the Revenue Department was created, and a Native Officer of the Commission was appointed to it. Besides all questions of Land Revenue, including Forests, this Department deals with what has hitherto formed the 'Residency Department' of the Secretary's Office, and with Education. The Secretary in the General Department takes Political, Judicial and Miscellaneous work, and since the abolition of the office of Deputy Inspector General of Police, the Chief Commissioner is the head of the Police, that work also being done through the General Secretary.

5. As has been said above, the Commissioners of Divisions have been abolished, and Deputy Commissioners of Districts correspond direct with the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner. At the same time the number of Assistant Commissioners has been considerably reduced, and the Revenue and Judicial branches of the service have been completely separated, as regards Civil Judicial work, the Deputy Commissioners being relieved of all Civil jurisdiction, but remaining Magistrates of Districts, and, since the abolition of the Police Assistant Commissioners, being invested with the more immediate and detailed control of the Police.

6. Three District and Sessions Judges are retained at the stations where Commissioners (who were Civil and Sessions Judges as well as Revenue Officers) were located; one of the three is a Native Officer.

7. There were ten Deputy Commissioners—

2	of	the first class	on	Rs.	1,666	10	8	
2	of	the second „	on		1,333	5	4	
3	of	the third „	on		1,166	10	8	and
3	of	the fourth „	on		1,000			

the latter class including the Judge of the Small Cause Court and the Cantonment Magistrate in Bangalore. The new scale provides for eight Deputy Commis-

sioners, one in each District. The offices of Cantonment Magistrate and Judge of the Small Cause Court in Bangalore are amalgamated, and held by one European Officer, who receives the pay of a fourth class Deputy Commissioner on the former scale. The grades of Deputy Commissioners are as follows:—

1 first class	on	..	..	..	..	Rs. 1,200	
2 second „	on	..	..	..	..	„ 1,000	
3 third „	on	..	..	..	..	„ 800	and
2 fourth „	on	..	..	..	..	„ 700	

But as four officers of the Commission on the old scale have been temporarily retained, three Europeans and one Native, the above revised scale has only been partially brought into force.

8. The revision of the Establishment of Assistant Commissioners was effected in its entirety in December 1879. There used to be two Rolls of Assistant Commissioners, Roll A comprised 3 first class Assistants on Rs. 800, 3 second class on Rs. 700, 3 third class on Rs. 600, 8 fourth class on Rs. 500, 8 fifth class on Rs. 400, and 11 sixth class on Rs. 300. In this Roll were placed all the Assistant Commissioners in the Province who on the 26th January 1872 were drawing a substantive pay of Rs. 500 and upwards. No new appointments were made in that Roll since 1872, and the numbers of officers actually getting that scale of pay was consequently diminishing by degrees ever since; new appointments to the Commission being made in Roll B which comprised 3 first class Assistants on Rs. 600, 5 second class on Rs. 500, 5 third class on Rs. 400, 5 fourth class on Rs. 350, 9 fifth class on Rs. 300, and 9 sixth class on Rs. 250.

9. Each Roll provided for 36 Assistant Commissioners; in this number were included the Judicial Assistant Commissioners and the Town Magistrate at Mysore. The latter appointment is now separated from the list of Assistant Commissioners and the present lists of Subordinate Judges, who in the revised judicial arrangements take the place of Judicial Assistant Commissioners, are quite distinct from the "General and Revenue" Assistant Commissioners; the present total of 28 Sub-Judges and Assistant Commissioners should therefore be compared with 35 Assistant Commissioners on the old list, though from the fact that the Registrar of the Judicial Commissioner's Court is now graded as a Sub-Judge and included in the above total, the reduction in actual complement is actually eight appointments.

10. In the other branches of the Administration similar changes have been effected. The Forest Department, for instance, comprised a Conservator, Deputy Conservator and seven European Assistant Conservators; there are now a Deputy Conservator, two Assistant Conservators and two Native Probationers. In the Educational Department there were a Director and two European Inspectors of Schools. The latter have been abolished and the work of inspection under the Director is carried on by 5 Native Sub-Deputy Inspectors. The Public Works staff has also been very greatly reduced. In 1876 there were a Chief Engineer, two Superintending Engineers, thirteen Executive Engineers and seventeen Assistant Engineers, all European Officers; during the past year there were a Superintending Engineer, nine Executive Engineers and fourteen Assistant Engineers; one of the Executive and eight of the Assistant Engineers being Natives. This establishment does not include the staff of the Mysore State Railway.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

11. Topographical Survey.—Sufficient triangulation had been completed in previous years to embrace an area for at least two years' detail surveying, therefore no more was undertaken during the season; but the whole strength of the party was employed on the topography of the South Canara frontier. The completion of that part of the work during the past season was particularly desirable that the knowledge gained by it might be utilized in determining the boundary line.

12. This proved as anticipated a most difficult operation. The country on the boundary presents almost every conceivable obstacle to rapid progress; and the out-turn of the work is small in consequence. Special methods of survey had to be employed, and much time was necessarily occupied in cutting clearings through the heavy forests which extend over the whole western frontier of Mysore.

13. The programme of the year had been so laid out that, if not interrupted by any accidents, the whole of the boundary would have been completed, but every Assistant in the Party was at one time or other incapacitated by fever, and the consequence is that there are two gaps left undone aggregating about 25 square miles. The cost of this work will be very heavy, as only 1,911 square miles were surveyed in the season and no other work was done.

14. Revenue Survey.—The results of the Survey operations during the year 1879—80 were not unaffected by the surviving consequences of the late famine. The personnel of more than one establishment suffered from sickness, on which account, the loss of working days amounted to 7 per cent in the Measuring and 5 per cent in the Classing Departments. The out-turn of work nevertheless was satisfactory.

15. The field season opened with eight establishments, towards the close a ninth was formed, thus making the average strength of the Department 8½ establishments as against 8 in the previous year.

16. *Measurement.*—Fifty-seven thousand, nine hundred and eighty-four fields measuring 550,214 acres was the out-turn in this branch of the Department, as against 37,862 fields covering an area of 634,125 of the preceding year. The increase is very large as regards the fields, and therefore satisfactory, the number of fields measured being a more accurate indication of the work done than the area of acres. The deficiency in the area measured is due to the greater prevalence of irrigated fields which are smaller in area in the taluks taken on hand.

17. *Classification.*—Three establishments as against two in the previous year conducted operations in this branch, and the results are better in proportion: 46,885 fields measuring 723,176 against 30,804 fields measuring 566,240 acres.

18. *Test.*—The amount of test applied to original work in the Measurement and Classification branches was ample and satisfactory in the year. 5,118 fields of those measured and 4,328 fields of those classified were tested as against 2,747 and 2,695 fields respectively of the previous year; and the results shew greater accuracy in the original measurement, the mean average difference between test and original measurement being $\frac{33}{40}$ of an acre per cent against $\frac{34}{40}$ of the year previous. The average difference in the Classification branch however was slightly in excess being 5 pies against 3 in the previous year.

19. *Cost.*—The total cost incurred by the Department in the year was Rs. 2,34,420 against 2,11,698 of the preceding year, the additional cost being mainly due to the return of officers from famine duty, all of whom, with the exception of one who joined in April 1880, were on the establishments at the commencement of the season. Cost per acre of measurement, classification and settlement was Rs. 0—6—5 in the year against Rs. 0—5—5·8 of the previous year, the ordinary average cost of Rs. 0—4—3·3 being yet to be reached.

SETTLEMENTS.

20. Revenue Settlement.—Four taluks were finally settled in the year, thus making the total number of taluks completely settled 34 out of 69 in the Province. Four more taluks comprising 1,202 villages are ready for settlement in the current season; altogether from the commencement 12,900,000 acres have been measured, 10,400,000 acres classified, the measuring work being 2,500,000 acres in advance of classification. The Survey Commissioner expects that the number of officers may commence to be reduced two years hence.

21. Inam Settlement.—Preparatory to the final winding up of the Department, the Assistants attached to it commenced to be reduced from the latter part of the year. The work done was proportionately less. The Superintendent with his Assis-

tants have settled in all 375 whole villages and 4,877 minor inams against 496 and 11,200 respectively of the year previous. In the Central Office 1,535 cases were pending at the commencement of the year under review, and during the year, 17,138 cases were filed: a little more than half of the total number of cases has been disposed of, 8,700 cases were pending at the close of 1879—80.

22. The total area confirmed in the year is K. 3, 140—K. 19—P. 1½ bearing assessment of Rs. 1,51,393—9—5 and a jodi of Rs. 29,697—12—5. Amount of quit-rent imposed on this area is Rs. 6,985—10—7 which added to the jodi, raised the Government demand to Rs. 36,683—7—0 or 24½ per cent of the assessment.

23. The number of cases struck off and resumed during the year was 267 and 1,278 respectively, and the extent, assessment and jodi thereon are as follow:—

		K. K. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Struck off..	..	95—4—10	5,471—11—7	518—14—6
Resumed ..	..	508—0— 0	6,771— 0—0	998— 0—0

24. Religious and charitable inams confirmed during the year were 1,945 bearing assessment of Rs. 50,662—12—4: of these 447 were confirmed "Rent free" and 105 subject to payment of existing jodi. In the remaining 1,399 cases ½ quit-rent was charged. Personal and miscellaneous inams brought under settlement were 1,866, assessed at 65,027—2—4: of these 1,639 were enfranchised on ⅛th quit-rent and 157 on half quit-rent, the remaining 70 cases were confirmed rent free or on the existing jodi. Kodigi inams settled in the year were 568, in 212 cases the inams enfranchised were confirmed on hereditary tenure, 1 on ⅛th, 28 on ¼th and 183 on ½ quit-rent. The remaining 356 inams were confirmed to their present holders for life on ½ quit-rent. Of the 297 inams of the village artizans inclusive of service inams in inam villages 104 were confirmed "Rent free," 24 subject to the existing jodi and 169 on ½ quit-rent.

25. Two hundred and thirty-one whole villages against 76 of the year previous were confirmed; they bear an assessment of Rs. 1,18,114—13—10 and jodi of Rs. 20,178—9—11: the additional *ad-interim* quit-rent imposed is 2,178—6—1. 112 whole villages and 194 minor inams were finally settled during the year on the survey valuation particularized in the margin. 65 villages and 2 minor inams were confirmed as alienable and transferable tenures without any charge of quit-rent, as their sannads conferred on the holders the powers of alienation.

	R.	A.	P.
1. Old assessment ...	20,255	6	9
2. Survey valuation ...	63,514	12	0
3. Ad-interim Quit-Rent ...	8,233	14	8
4. Final Quit-Rent ...	17,525	6	8

26. The number of land inams attached on account of the absence of the inamdars at the time of enquiry and settlement was 235 in the year against 464 of the year previous.

27. Four hundred and sixty-three cases of cash payments under the Muzrayi rules were settled during the year, of these 192 valued at 34,128—14—0 were confirmed, 50 valued at 990—1—10 resumed, and 231 valued at 1,927—7—10 struck off the registers.

28. The cost of the Department in the year amounted to Rs. 55,551—10—8; the permanent addition to the annual revenue secured is Rs. 27,028—13—5.

WASTE LANDS.

29. The arable waste at the end of the year 1878—79 was 3,280,685 acres; owing to relinquishment and increase of arable waste from the results of the survey operations, a further extent of 374,374 acres was added to the area available for cultivation, of which 143,231 acres were taken up during the year for cultivation, leaving 3,511,828 acres unoccupied at the end of 1879—80.

GOVERNMENT ESTATES. } Nil.
WARDS' ESTATES. }

III. PROTECTION.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

30. During 1879—80 the following Acts of the Indian Legislature were extended to Mysore:—

Act XXVI of 1870.—The Prisons' Act.
Act X of 1871.—The Excise Act.
Act I of 1878.—The Opium Act.
Act XI of 1878.—The Indian Arms' Act.
(Madras) Act VIII of 1878.—The Coffee Stealing Prevention Act.
Act I of 1879.—The General Stamp Act.
Act IV of 1879.—The Indian Railway Act.
Act XII of 1879.—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure, the Registration Act and the Limitation Act.

31. New rules prescribing the constitution and powers of the Civil Courts in the Province were also enacted for Mysore in Government of India Notifications, Foreign Department, Nos. 235 and 236 of 27th August 1879.

POLICE.

32. Hitherto the Judicial Commissioner was Inspector General of Police, but in August 1879 the Chief Commissioner assumed the direct control of the Police through his Secretary in the General Department, while the Military Assistant supervised the discipline, clothing and equipment of the Force.

33. During the year under review, 6,876 cognizable offences were reported shewing a decrease of 41 per cent as compared with the previous year. There has been a considerable decrease in all the classes except 4 and 6. The increase in the former head may be seen under Sections 323, 334 and 374. Under the latter the increase is observable under the offence of public and local nuisances. The considerable falling off of crime must be attributed to the disappearance of Famine and the consequent facility of obtaining employment. In regard to crime reported, the Mysore District shews the highest figure. In the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore the figures are rather high; but the principal increase occurred in the unimportant class of "Public and Local Nuisances." In all there were 51 cases of murder. Of attempt at murder and culpable homicide there were 10 and 16 respectively. The highest number of murders were reported from the Kadur District. The offence of administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt, and to facilitate the commission of robbery has dwindled down considerably. There were one hundred and six cases of dacoity less this year than in the previous. The greater number of offences under this head has been reported in the Túmkúr District, which was more or less overrun by a few organized gangs of dacoits, whose predatory incursions were not checked till the adjoining Districts in this Province and Bellary co-operated steadily. In order to instil terror into these lawless bands and to inspire confidence in travellers, new stations were erected at the different ghats, and others that were at a distance from the main road were brought nearer, so as to facilitate beat-patrolling and afford help when needed. This precaution, with other preventative measures, has to a great extent produced the desired effect.

34. The Police investigated *suo motu* 8,137 cases out of 8,777 to be investigated, as against 12,408 in the previous year, and the Police were employed in 346 non-cognizable cases as against 442 in the previous year, thus shewing a considerable decrease in the work to be done.

35. The total number of cases in which convictions resulted was 3,204 as against 6,729, there being a less number of cases reported this year and the total number of cases struck off as false is 2,624. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to true cases investigated has risen from 71 to 85 per cent. The Mysore District has made the most decided improvement on the whole in this respect, Kolar comes next, while the results in the Hassan, Chitaldroog and Kadur Districts are fair, but not quite so satisfactory as those in last year. The greatest

number of cases under investigation were in the Mysore District and the greatest number of cases pending before the Magistracy in the Kadur District. The total number of persons arrested by the Police was 7,662 shewing a decrease of nearly one-half; but a material difference may be seen in the number of discharges and acquittals. The percentage of persons convicted to arrested is 67·27 as against 74·56, while the percentage of persons convicted to those put on trial was 87·36 as against 81·36. On the one hand results are unsatisfactory, while on the other they are pretty fair. The Mysore District shews the most unfavorable percentage in the former class, the figure being 36·61, while the Shimoga District shews the least percentage, *viz.*, 68·26 in the latter class. The percentage in the recovery of property is very unsatisfactory, the recovery being 24·02 as against 27·11; the only Districts shewing any decided improvement in this respect being Kadur and Hassan, while the Shimoga and Túmkúr Districts shew a considerable falling off. The greatest losses have been reported in the Shimoga and Mysore Districts, but the recovery in Mysore is better than that of Shimoga.

36. All the Districts except Kolar and Mysore appear to have enforced the provisions of Chapter XXXVIII of the Criminal Procedure Code to a greater extent than last year. Most of the Districts appear to be more particular this year in registering previous convictions.

37. During the middle of the year the appointment of Police Assistants was abolished.

38. The strength of the Force on the last day of the year was 4,760 costing Rs. 6,02,671. The vacancies that were allowed to remain unfilled during the last year were filled up by disbanded Barr sepoys; 231 in all were distributed amongst all the Districts; 186 additional stand of arms were thus supplied to the Police by the Military Department. These sepoys were principally employed in guarding Treasuries and Lock-ups.

39. Under the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3589—71, dated 25th July 1879, all works in connection with tannahs have been transferred to the Public Works Department.

40. The internal economy of the Force remained the same.

41. As compared with the previous year the departmental punishments under all heads have fallen, while the number rewarded by promotion has increased by 22. The schools that were closed were opened in certain Districts during the last quarter of the year. The number of men reported to be able to read and write has not improved over last year.

42. Desertions have increased from 74 to 118, the health of the Police has been indifferent, the prevailing disease being fever.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

43. The Courts exercising Criminal jurisdiction in Mysore at the close of 1879 were; first, the Court of the Judicial Commissioner who exercises the powers of a High Court, next three Sessions Judges, and, lastly, 153 Magistrates. When the Nundydroog Division Commissioner's Office was abolished in July 1879, a Native of the country was appointed District and Sessions Judge of Nundydroog. The other two Sessions Judges are European Officers and they exercise jurisdiction within the limits of what used to be the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions respectively. The number of Magisterial Courts has been diminished by 19, Munsiff Magistrates having to a great extent supplanted the old machinery of the Taluk Magistracy, powers have been withdrawn from Peshkars and Sheristadars. There were still some of those officers exercising Magisterial powers at the close of the year, but since then the change has been carried out in its integrity.

44. Compared with 1878 the statistics of 1879 shew a very marked decrease of crime. The total number of offences reported was 11,292 in place of 16,128, shewing a decrease of about 30 per cent, and only 20,679 persons were brought to trial against 30,132 in 1878. What is more important, the diminution is most marked in the most serious classes of crime. It is general in the first class, offences against

the State and Public Justice, and in the 3rd, or offences against property ; but there has been an increase in the total of the second and fourth classes, namely, offences against the person and miscellaneous offences. It is in cases of petty assault and slight hurt however that the increase is shewn, grave offences against the person such as murder, culpable homicide and grievous hurt have considerably fallen in number, and the increased number of offences against special and local laws is made up by a greater number of prosecutions for breach of Police and Municipal rules. The most remarkable difference, and one which points to the improved condition of the country as the true cause of the amelioration, is in the 3rd class of offences, those against property, of which 3,906 were reported as against 8,927 in the previous year, and in that class the most heinous offences such as dacoity, robbery, cattle theft and house-breaking shew the greatest fall, the comparative numbers of the latter for instance being 1,110 and 374.

45. As a necessary consequence of the decrease in crime there was a great decrease in the number of persons brought to trial and of witnesses examined, the numbers being 9,453 persons tried and 12,777 witnesses examined less than in 1878. The ratio too, which sentences of imprisonment for more than 2 years bear to the total sentence of imprisonment has fallen from 6·7 per cent to 3·3 per cent. Small as was the number of persons tried, however, the proportion convicted is yet lower than it was. Only 9,769 of the 20,186 persons brought to trial were convicted and 105 were waiting trial on the last day of the year. It is in the Courts of the Taluk Magistrates that the large number of dismissals and acquittals—including withdrawals of the complaint —produces this effect. A great number of the cases brought in those Courts are petty matters which can legally be compromised and withdrawn, but still it is feared that many are entertained which the Magistrate should never have brought on his file, and it is with the view of improving the efficiency of the Taluk Magistracy that *Peshkars* and *Sheristadars*, officers of inferior rank to the Amildar of the taluk, are, wherever possible, having their powers withdrawn, leaving the Munsiff and Amildar to do the Magisterial work in the taluks.

46. In the average duration of trials and in the detention of witnesses the results are good; the average is 4·7 for all Courts being one day less than in 1878 and in the detention of witnesses 90·8 per cent of the number examined were discharged on the first day and only one in every hundred was kept over three days.

47. In the matter of punishments awarded there is naturally a great decrease in the most severe forms, following on the decrease in heinous crime. Thus there were but 11 sentences of death instead of 46 and 41 sentences of transportation against 100, and of the total number of sentences awarded 72·5 per cent were sentenced to be fined and 5·6 to be whipped. More discretion seems to have been exercised in awarding fine as a punishment, and no doubt the realization was easier, for 74 per cent of the fines imposed were recovered before the close of the year instead of only 46 per cent in 1878.

48. In appeals the reversals have been nearly 34 per cent against 32 per cent in 1878. This has arisen from an increased number of reversals, by the Sessions Court of Nundydroog, of the decisions of the Assistant Commissioners of Bangalore and Kolar. The work of the Appellate Courts was, however, light; 358 persons appealed to Magistrates' Courts, 187 to Sessions Judges and 175 to the Court of the Judicial Commissioner.

PRISONS.

49. The general reduction in the number of prisoners throughout the Province has relieved the pressure on existing accommodation and it is reported that in 1879 there was enough room; this result has been assisted by enlarging the temporary Jail at Kukarhalli near Mysore, to which large drafts were made during the year in order to employ the convicts on the Mysore water works, and where an average daily strength of 611·5 convicts was maintained.

50. The number of civil debtors imprisoned rose a little, but their total is very insignificant and the very great decrease in under-trial and convicted prisoners reduced the total daily average of the three kinds of prisoners from 5,330 to 3,247. This is the result, of course, of a continued diminution of crime in consequence of which the number of under-trial prisoners was 5,227 in place of 12,820 in 1878, their daily average was 130 instead of 427. The supply being happily cut short and the con-

victs being gradually released as their sentences expired, the reduction in numbers went on during the year, and at its close there were only 2,772 convicts remaining; nearly 1,000 less than the number of the first day of the year and about 300 under the daily average, which, amounting to 3,096, compares very favorably with the 4,885 of 1878.

51. Nor has the diminution in the number of convicts been largely affected by the release of men before the expiration of the full term of sentence, as was the case in 1878; there were only 128 released during the year on account of good behaviour and having regard to the circumstances of the times which led to their crime.

52. Deducting from the total number of convicts left upon the last day of the year the number of those sentenced to death or transportation, it is found that of the remainder, all of whom were undergoing sentences of imprisonment, just one-half were sentenced to imprisonment for two years and upwards.

53. Again, this year it seems that the recommittals have increased. The proportion of old offenders among the convicts received during the year was 5·1 per cent; and of the convicts who remained at the end of 1878, 9·4 per cent had been previously convicted. The highest proportion was displayed among the convicts received in the Central Jail at Bangalore in explanation of which the Superintendent says that habitual crime is very prevalent, or these men are very readily captured by the Police; there is much truth in this, but the large number of women among the old offenders suggests another reason, that the returns of this class of convict are swelled by the working in Bagalore of a special and local law which principally cencerns women of the town.

54. Special rules were passed during the year for the appointment and reward, by remission of sentence and grant of small gratuities of convicts as warders and work overseers, the rewards being allotted under what is known as the 'mark system.' These rules had only been in force during the last quarter of the year, and the practical experience gained of their working was scarcely sufficient to afford means of judging their success.

55. The total cost of maintaining and guarding the prisoners has decreased with their decreasing numbers and in consequence of cheapening food from Rs. 4,39,935 to Rs. 2,62,472, which is but half the cost of jail administration in the Province two years ago. The average per head is also less than in 1878, being Rs. 80—13—3, though in the items of establishment and Police guard there is exhibited an increase on the capitation cost. This is always a natural consequence of reduction in the number of prisoners, but it has also been partly brought about by the adoption of a uniform system of charging against taluk lock-ups a fixed cost for Police guards. The expenditure is actually met from the Police grant, but the charge is shewn in the jail statements and is proportioned according to the distance of each lock-up from the District Jail.

56. Convicts were employed on manufactures, gardening and public works. The profits resulting from their labor amounted to Rs. 11,904, being about Rs. 4 per head of convicts sentenced to labor. Excellent work has been done by the prisoners in the Kukarhalli temporary jail. They were employed on the water works and on building a new Government Distillery and they earned Rs. 23,717, the total cost of the jail being Rs. 38,396.

57. In point of the health of the prisoners the year, as was anticipated, shews the most marked improvement. The death rate per cent on the average strength was 4·7 in place of 27 in 1878, the total number of deaths was 153 against 1,443 and the daily average sick was 133·7 instead of 534·6. The decrease in mortality was universal and has been most remarkable in those jails where it was highest during the famine years, thus for instance there were but two deaths in the Chitaldroog District Jail, whereas in 1878 there were 180. It is in the Shimoga Jail alone that the percentage of deaths has risen, there having occurred in the District Jail there 12·67 per cent of the average daily strength, as compared with 10·65 per cent in 1878. More than three-fourths it is reported died within the first five months, and 40 of the deaths occurred from dysentery and diarrhœa. It is peculiar that these diseases which were so prevalent in all the Province, but which have so generally abated, should have continued thus in the Shimoga Jail, a jail where in the worst days of 1877 and 1878 the mortality was never so high as in any of the others.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

58. The most noteworthy feature in the history of the administration of Civil Justice in Mysore during 1879 has been the change introduced in the constitution and powers of tribunals. The direction of reform during late years has ever been towards the complete separation of the executive having revenue and civil powers. The introduction of Munsiffs' Courts accompanied by the withdrawal of civil powers from Amildars began this which was continued by the gradual contraction of the Deputy Commissioners' civil powers. During the year 1879 the process has been completed. Commissioners of Divisions have ceased to exercise any revenue powers and in their place as Civil Judges have been constituted the Courts of the District Judges, who have unlimited original pecuniary jurisdiction and hear appeals from the Subordinate Judges. The latter, who take the place of Judicial Assistant Commissioners, form the next Court in grade below the District Judges, for the intermediate Civil Court of the Deputy Commissioner is abolished. The jurisdiction of the Subordinate Judge is little altered from that of the Judicial Assistant Commissioner ; as before Rs. 5,000 represents the limit of their original pecuniary jurisdiction, but the Munsiff's original jurisdiction having been raised from Rs. 300 to Rs. 500, that of the Subordinate Judge commences now at the latter figure. Where they have Small Cause powers too the pecuniary limit thereof is now Rs. 500 in place of Rs. 300, and these Judges now hear appeals from Munsiffs direct instead of upon reference by the Deputy Commissioner.

59. As has been said the Munsiff's original pecuniary jurisdiction is raised and in cases where Small Cause powers are conferred upon them the pecuniary limit is Rs. 50 in place of Rs. 20. The only other change is the reduction of the jurisdiction of the Bangalore Small Cause Court, the Judge of which is Town and Cantonment Magistrate for Bangalore as well, from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 500.

60. These alterations were effected by Government of India Notifications in the Foreign Department Nos. 235 and 236, dated 27th August 1879, and they took effect from the 15th September.

61. These changes in the constitution of Courts render it difficult to compare the number of suits instituted in, and disposed of by the different classes of Courts, but the total number of suits instituted in 1879 was 21,475 or 34 less than in 1878, while the number for disposal, after adding 1,427 pending suits and 168 received by transfer, was 23,070 or one more than in 1878. The number disposed of was 21,802, leaving 1,268 pending at the close of the year.

62. The proportion of contested suits, 28 per cent, is the same as in the previous year. A large proportion, namely 49 per cent, were dismissed for non-appearance of either party and decreed *exparte*, but it is satisfactory to be in a position to state that there were comparatively few applications for setting aside the orders or decrees passed. The Courts of Munsiffs decided 60 per cent of the total number and the single Court of Small Causes in Bangalore decided as many as 28·5 per cent. In the matter of duration of these suits it is noticed that the average for contested suits rose from 29·33 days to 31 and that, although the duration for uncontested suits declined from 21·27 to 19, the important classes of Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges' Courts both shew a higher average in these cases as indeed in those of contested suits too ; and while the small improvement in the duration of uncontested suits is almost wholly due to better results in the Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners' Courts, the increase in duration of contested suits would have been much more marked had it not been for the abnormal results in 1878 in the Courts of the Commissioners.

63. The results of the year's work in the Appellate Courts are satisfactory. With a slightly increased number of cases for hearing a smaller balance of cases pending is displayed at once with a shorter average duration of cases disposed of.

64. A revision of the salaries of the Process-serving establishment has been effected which has resulted in a smaller net saving to Government, although the number of processes served and the fees collected on that account have risen. It is expected that the reform introduced in this matter will lead to more efficient and satisfactory work. One hundred and twenty thousand, two hundred and ninety-four processes were issued, of which 118,479 were served, leaving 1,815 processes outstanding at the

close of the year. This is an increase of 6,492 processes over the number of 1878, and the fees collected also increased by Rs. 3,657, but this expenditure, owing to enhanced salaries, was more than in 1878 by Rs. 9,108.

65. Rules were framed in the early part of the year for regulating the qualification and admission of Advocates and Pleaders and the Judicial Commissioner has done what was in his power towards placing the practitioners of the courts in the position which becomes the members of an honorable calling.

66. Instructions were issued during the year for opening the work of the courts at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and for apportioning the business to different days of the week so as to ensure, so far as rule can do, punctuality and regularity in the proceedings of the courts. The sums to be entered in the decrees of the courts as Advocates' and Pleaders' fees were determined ; and attention was paid to a more careful check of accounts of money paid into and out of court and to the securities to be taken from the officers of the courts.

REGISTRATION.

67. The statistics of the year 1879—80 which was one of agricultural prosperity shew a slight falling off in the number of documents registered as contrasted with that of the last two years. This result accords with the theory that during periods of famine and such distress as marked the years 1876—77, 1877—78 and part of 1878—79 sales and mortgages, especially of small properties, are more numerous. The proportionally greatest decrease is in documents affecting immovable property of less than 100 rupees value, the registration of which is optional. The Inspector General reports that the decrease in the number of this class would have been greater still had it not been for the reduction of fee for those of Rs. 50 and lower value. The returns do not exhibit documents of that value separately, but a comparison made between the registrations of 1876—77 and 1879—80 supports this theory, for though the number of documents of all classes is greater in the latter year, those of the kind alluded to have increased in highest proportion. In chosing the years for this comparison 1877—78 has been rejected as a wholly abnormal year, and 1878—79 because the reduction of rates began in the middle of it.

68. The total number of registrations was 14,577 ; there were 9,532 affecting immovable property each over 100 rupees in value, and 479 affecting movable property. The latter is the highest number attained in any year except 1875—76, and it appears that the reduction of fees for such registrations has the desired effect of increasing their number.

69. Decrease in business done is owing to the abnormal conditions of the two previous years, and registration is really growing in popularity. A comparison of registration work between the years 1869—70 when the Department was in its fourth year, and 1879—80, is interesting as an exemplification of this fact. During the decade the total number of registered documents has nearly doubled, searches and the grant of copies of registered documents to the public have increased fourfold, and copies and extracts furnished by one sub-district to another relating to property comprised in both are more than doubled. In miscellaneous work only has there been a diminution, which is mainly due to the discontinuance of memoranda of court decrees which used to be filed in the registers. That the public are encouraged to make greater use of registration by the new scale of fees is seen by the facts that though the number of documents affecting movable property registered during the year was greater than that of the year before, the value of property affected by them fell from Rs. 2,11,719 to Rs. 1,67,476 giving a smaller average value, and the percentage of fees on the value of property increased from 7 annas 10 pies to 10 annas 5 pies though the average registration fee per document fell from Re. 1—1—6 to 15 annas 2 pie.

70. The aggregate value of immovable property transferred by registered documents was Rs. 42,33,465 being about 5 lakhs less than the previous year's figures, a result due no doubt to the fewer registrations effected ; the percentage of fees on the value of immovable property was 11 annas 11 pie, just ten pies more than in 1878—79. There were only 94 refusals to register against 141, 19 were appealed against, and the appeals were successful in 15 instances. The most frequent grounds for refusal were

non-appearance of executant within the prescribed time, denial of execution, non-payment of prescribed fees and minority of executants.

71. There was only one prosecution, which was in the Bangalore District. The charges were false personation and abetment and the parties were convicted and fined Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 each. The introduction of the new Stamp Act, which came into force from June 1879, led to a greater number of documents being impounded, the enhancement of duty on some documents and other changes which it introduced being, it seems, but imperfectly understood. The amount of deficient stamp duty and penalty recovered from the 166 documents impounded were Rs. 738.

72. Abolition of the office of *Peshkar* and a change made in the locality of a Munsiff's Court led to the closing of seven offices; and in three instances Special Sub-Registrars have been appointed in the place of Amildars and Sheristadars, a change that promises well.

73. Departmental receipts were Rs. 38,388 against Rs. 39,783, the decrease being due to fewer registrations. Expenditure was also reduced from Rs. 25,336 to Rs. 24,444, the effect of the substitution of a special paid Sub-Registrar for the Bangalore Taluk in place of the Sub-Registrar paid by fees; for, though, in consequence, the expenditure on salaries of establishments was increased, the outlay on commission was more than proportionally curtailed. The percentage of expenditure on income is 63·68 as before.

74. Registration of Companies under Act X of 1866.—Two new companies have been formed and registered, but four banks went into liquidation during the year. There are thus 84 companies on the register, but 20 have discontinued business. Sixteen companies made default in the due submission of prescribed periodical returns, and in those cases where the default was sufficiently protracted to bring the Directors within the operation of the penal clauses of the Act, the Registrar has instituted criminal proceedings. It will be seen therefore that there is still much irregularity in the working of some of these companies.

75. The receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 1,571 against Rs. 1,312, the increase being mainly due to the registration of a new bank in the Cantonment of Bangalore with a capital of Rs. 5,00,000, paying a fee of Rs. 325. The expenditure as in the previous year was Rs. 609—8—0, leaving a balance to credit of Rs. 961—8—0.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

76. On the 1st of January 1880 the Money Order Department in British India was transferred to the Post Office. This has adversely affected the operations of the year in Mysore, because it was not possible to use the local Anche in the same way and at first no means of reciprocity could be arranged. All dealings in money orders between the Mysore Districts where no Post Office existed and British India ceased, and in those places where there is a Post Office the work was transferred so far as concerns orders to and from places in British India to the Post Office.

77. Arrangements were subsequently made, but not until the close of the year, whereby money orders could be drawn by District Head-quarter Treasuries on Imperial Post Offices, but the same facilities for transacting this business at all Taluk Cutcherries do not exist, and so far the change as it affects the interior of the Mysore Province has caused inconvenience that apparently will be permanent as well as that which has now been got over.

78. The same machinery as before exists for the payment of Mysore Circle orders, but as in all places within Mysore where there are Post Offices the public can choose between using the Treasury or the Post Office for local orders and the Post Office procedure is more convenient to the drawer, it is probable that the number of orders drawn and paid on account of local remittances will decrease considerably. Indeed the falling off was strongly marked in the Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore and Hassan Offices during the months January to March.

79. The income accruing to the Department may therefore be expected nearly to disappear as regards dealings with British India Circles and to drop considerably as regards local remittances, but the only expenditure on establishment, now that the Bangalore Office Clerk has been taken away, is in the Head Office of Inspection and the loss of the small income is a trifling matter compared with public convenience, if only that be secured by the transfer.

80. Naturally the orders issued by Mysore Offices on India Circles and the India Circle orders paid by Mysore decreased both in number and value; the issues numbered 3,138 and were valued at Rs 94,321 against 4,061 valued at Rs. 1,25,942, the transactions of the year having ceased with the 31st December 1879. Orders paid by Mysore numbered 2,934 valued at Rs. 76,490 against 3,880 valued at Rs. 1,06,702.

81. From the remarks made above a similar falling off, though not to so great an extent, might be looked for in the returns of local orders; and it would have occurred but for a very marked activity in the last three months in the Offices of Districts where no Post Office exists. This quite counter balanced the falling off elsewhere; the issues consequently numbered 3,674 against 3,276 though their value Rs. 1,08,569 was a little under Rs. 1,09,529 that of 1878—79. Orders paid numbered 3,687 valued at Rs. 1,07,379 against 3,279 valued at Rs. 1,09,247. The Department was worked at a small surplus of Rs. 888.

MILITARY.

82. The Bangalore Garrison was under its ordinary strength throughout the year by reason of the absence of the 67th Regiment in Affghanistan, and of one of the two Native Infantry Regiments. Two Companies of the 13th P. A. Light Infantry were on detachment in Bangalore during the year. The only out-station in Mysore is at French Rocks, where a Wing of the 40th Madras Native Infantry are stationed with a single Company on detachment at Mysore to afford a guard of honor for His Highness the Maha Raja. The return in the Appendix shews that the force consisted of 528 officers and men of British Cavalry, 395 of British Engineers and Infantry, 527 of Artillery, and 1,928 of Native Infantry including Sappers.

83. The Local Force now consists of three Regiments of Siledars with a total strength of all ranks of 1,189 and three Regiments of Barr Infantry with a total strength of 1,949; the Barr Infantry having been reduced by the disbandment of the 4th Regiment on the first day of 1879—80.

84. No reliefs of Cavalry were carried out during the year. The 1st Regiment is quartered at Bangalore, the 2nd at Mysore, with detached Risalas at Túmkúr and Kolar; it also gives one Risala on detachment as Body Guard to His Highness the Maha Raja. The 3rd Regiment is quartered at Shimoga with detached Risalas at Chitaldroog, Chikmagalur and Hassan. In the Túmkúr District three new outposts were added for patrol duty.

85. The 1st Infantry Regiment is quartered at Bangalore giving a detachment of 3 Companies to the Kolar District. The 2nd Regiment is at Shimoga, and 4 Companies are on detachment, two in the Túmkúr District and two in Chitaldroog. The 3rd Regiment is quartered at Mysore and has two detachments, 2 Companies in the Hassan District, and one Company in the Kadur District. No reliefs of Regiments were made, but a few minor changes of station occurred. Owing to the withdrawal of regular troops from Bangalore the Barr Infantry furnished a guard to the Remount Depôt at Oossoor during the month of October.

86. The issue of clothing to the Siledars which had been so long delayed owing to non-compliance by the Secretary of State with the indent was completed, and Colonel Stewart is to be congratulated on the improved, smart and soldierly appearance of the men. All the Regiments moreover have now been equipped with the new pattern sword and sword-belt, and the men of the 1st Regiment are being furnished with saddles of English Cavalry pattern. The mounting of the ranks has also engaged the Military Assistant's constant attention and with marked improve-

ment. There were 134 horses short of the complement to supply which 80 Arabs and Persians were bought in Bombay and 20 in Madras or locally.

87. From the Stud Farm at Kunigal too, 28 foals were passed to the ranks. The season was very favorable for the farm and grain was cheap. Two new stallions, one of them a very high caste Arab, were purchased, the number now being 16 or 4 under full complement; 55 foals were dropped during the year, of which 9 died; the number at the farm at the close of the year including those born in the year was 126.

88. The Chanda Fund from which the men pay for their horses opened with a balance of Rs. 49,309, to which were added receipts amounting to Rs. 90,095 bringing the total to Rs. 1,39,404. The expenditure was Rs. 1,02,700 and the closing balance Rs. 36,704.

89. The other funds connected with the Siledars are Stable Fund and Stallion Fund. The former opened with a balance of Rs. 7,388 and closed with Rs. 6,734; the latter opened with a balance of Rs. 4,729 and closed with Rs. 5,981.

90. *Volunteers.*—The following table shews the strength of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Corps as it stood on the 31st March 1880:—

Ranks.	Extra Efficient.	Efficient.	Non-efficient.	Total.
Officers	5	8	...	13
Non-commissioned Officers...	28	14	10	52
Volunteers	34	109	149	292
Total.....	67	131	159	357
Cadets	...	48	65	113
Grand Total.....	67	179	224	470

91. The Corps has continued under the command of Colonel C. A. Benson during the year under review, and was inspected in the month of March by the Major-General Commanding the Mysore Division, who reported favorably on its efficiency.

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRICULTURE.

92. Since the closing of the Experimental Farm at Bangalore 25 acres of the ground have been made over to the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh for experimental cultivation. The outlay on this during the year was Rs. 458, the income Rs. 405. The Superintendent is to try and make the ground self-supporting as well as useful for experiment and he almost attained that in his first year.

93. Sugar-cane was tried, but in too small a plot of ground to test the question of its being remunerative: indeed it was only put down to afford cuttings and that it did enough for 2¾ acres from 50 poles.

94. *Teosinte or Euchlæna luxurians* proves to be an important addition to the fodder supply of the country and there has been an eager demand for its seed. An experiment with paddy was rendered useless by an accident against which however the Superintendent hopes to be better on guard hereafter.

95. Agricultural Stock.—Murrain, foot and mouth disease swelled the mortality among cattle. Total loss from all causes in the year was 122,096 against 116,685 of the preceding year. Of this number, 7,686 are reported to have been killed by wild animals, and 114,410 to have died of sickness. The following is a comparative statement of the agricultural stock of the two years of 1878—79 and 1879—80:—

Live and other Stock.	1878—79.	1879—80.
Cows and bullocks	2,361,615	2,357,382
Horses	5,083	4,592
Poneys	14,723	13,135
Donkeys	38,986	38,393
Sheep and goats	1,693,105	1,668,697
Pigs	29,221	28,645
Carts	79,130	72,716
Ploughs	562,047	571,968
Total.....	4,783,910	4,755,528

96. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The statement below gives the particulars :—

Articles.	1878—79.	1879—80.
Rice per rupee ... ... Seers. ...	8·90	12·8
Wheat do ... ... Do ...	6·87	6·1
Dál do ... ... Do ...	7·60	10·
Ballar do ... . Do ...	7·73	14·9
Ragi do ... ... Do ...	14·44	26·5
Horse gram do .. .. Do ...	12·52	22·3
Bengal gram do ... ... Do ...	6·35	8·8
Salt do .. .. Do ...	8·47	8·14
Cotton per maund ... ... Rupees. ...	6 14 6	5·8
Sugar do ... ... Do ...	5 7 4	5·4
Plough, bullock, each	From 10 to 100	From 13½ to 200
Sheep do	3 14 1	5 0 0
Fish per seer	1 to 6 As. & 4 Pie.	1 Anna to 5 Annas.
Iron per maund of 80 lbs.	4 1 8	From 6 10 8 to 20 7 0
Fresh cocoanuts per 100	5 3 10	3 13 0
Jaggory per maund	3 1 0	2 0 0
Arecanut do	7 14 2	5 3 0
Tobacco	11 10 2	8 0 0
Ghee	10 9 10	7 0 0
Opium per seer	8 5 6	8 9 0

97. The average wages of labor were as follow :—

Average prices of Labor		*Rates.*
Wages per diem	Skilled labor	4 Annas to 1 Rupee.
	Unskilled labor	2 do to 10 Annas.
	Cart per day	8 do to 1 Rupee.
	Donkey per score per day ..	Rs. 1—8 to 7—8.
	Boat per day	8 Annas to 4 Rs.

WEATHER.

98. The average rain-fall of 1879—80 was 32 inches and 90 cents against 34 inches and 34 cents of 1878—79. The table below compares the average fall of the two years as gauged in the head-quarters of the eight Districts of the Province ; the figures against Bangalore were furnished by the Bowring Civil Hospital Station :—

District.	1878.	1879.
Bangalore	40·81	40·67
Kolar	42·80	26·49
Túmkúr	44·56	34·82
Mysore	31·72	26·28
Hassan	29·01	34·11
Shimoga	27·67	35·77
Kadur	32·16	40·21
Chitaldroog	26·01	24·89

99. *Temperature.*—The average temperature at Bangalore was 74° during the year as against 75·5 of the previous year.

CROPS.

100. *Crop*—"A very fair harvest" was the general feature of the year; the staple articles of food, rice and ragi, were not reaped in bumper crops as in the previous year of plenty; but the yield was good and in some tracts horse-gram and ballar yielded beyond expectations. Diminished fall of rain in Kolar and Hassan Taluks told to some extent on wet cultivation under tanks which failed to secure their usual storage of water.

HORTICULTURE.

101. The Lal-Bagh at Bangalore is more a botanical than a purely horticultural institution, and in either way its usefulness is rather hampered; and its income swallowed up, by a menagerie that is an attraction certainly to many people but is somewhat out of place there. Nevertheless though the means are limited the Superintendent is indefatigable in the introduction of new varieties of trees and plants; over 180 of which were introduced during the year and now some of the foreign trees which were introduced years ago are beginning to seed, so that there is a prospect of their plentiful distribution in the Province.

102. The vanilla plants are only now beginning to recover from the three years' drought which nearly killed them and have borne a good crop. A good number of cocoa plants have been put out under mango trees. These young plants, some of them three years' old, are seedlings from cocoa plants reared in the garden and the success with which they appear to be grown points to this plant as valuable introduction.

103. Among newly introduced trees are the *Manihot Glaziovii* (the Ceara rubber tree) the *Landolphia*: also a rubber producing tree; *Eucalyptus Saligna* and *E. Cetriodora* are all doing well.

FORESTS.

104. Nothing of importance to record under this head, the operations being for the present confined to the preservation of the existing forests.

105. *Reserved Forest.*—No addition to the number of these forests which are as reported in the previous year, 33 covering an area of 454 square miles. A trifling addition of 4 square miles was made to the Nundydroog forest in the Kolar District by closing the adjoining forest of Chennarayabetta which is promising in the sandal. There was an equal deduction, 1 square mile in the Bilikal forest given back to the inamdar of Bachanahalli and three square miles the difference in the area of the Nundydroog forest as fixed by the Survey.

106. *Demarcation.*—There has not been much progress under this head. The Ashtagram Division forests had all been demarcated in the previous years and the Deputy Conservator's report shews that the lines were in good order and required no clearing. Of the 12 forests of the Nagar Division, only three have been properly demarcated and reserved strictly; the remaining nine have not as yet been demarcated. The work of the year was confined to the clearing of the demarcation lines of the three reserved forests. In the Nundydroog Division, 18 miles of new lines have been cut and 33 miles of old lines re-cleared and brought up to the standard width of one chain, or 22 yards; 63¼ miles have also been preliminarily demarcated.

107. *Breach of Forest Rules.*—There is a fair decrease under this head as compared with the figures of the year previous, 145 cases with 319 persons against 295 cases with 641 persons. A little more than half of the offences were under "unauthorized fellings or appropriation of wood," minor offences 31 and trespass 8. In 117 cases conviction was secured against 223 persons.

108. *Improvement and Extension of Forests.*—In the Nundydroog Division alone has anything been done under this head. In six reserved forests and on the demarcation lines of fire seeds have been sown at a total cost of Rs. 918—9—4.

109. *Protection from fire.*—The three reserved forests in the Nagar Division, the forests of Ashtagram and the Devaraydurga and Maddagiri forests of Nundydroog Division were again successfully protected from fire, and six miles in the Lakvalli forest however caught fire when the fire lines were being burnt and sustained trifling injury. Fire protection was also attempted in the Bilikal forest of Nundydroog with but partial success. The total cost incurred under this head amounted to only Rs. 1,622.

110. *Plantations.*—Three hundred and twenty-one acres were added to the planted areas in the fuel plantations of the Nundydroog Division mostly situated along the line of the Madras Railway. The cost incurred amounted to Rs. 16,897. The expenditure of Rs. 5,726 incurred in the Ashtagram Division was for the weeding and maintenance of the existing plantations, the only addition made being 71 acres dibbled over with sandal seed in the reserves of Bhaktarvalli and Vijiyapur at a cost of Rs. 1,758.

111. *Yield of Forests.*—The quantity of timber of all kinds collected and sold during the year, the amount realized by Government and the expenditure incurred are shewn below :—

Particulars.	Quantity collected.	Quantity sold.	Amount realized.	Amount expended.
Collected by Government Agency.				
Sandal Tons	1,377	1,396½	4,45,193	50,880
Teak Cft.	33,644	4,161		
Junglewood	23,649	30,015		
Teak poles, &c., (pieces)	9,148	8,681	29,325	15,172
Teak sleepers	71	1,804		
Junglewood poles (pieces)	1,909	1,847		
Bamboos	1,15,765	126,478	3,385	1,975
Firewood (Carts)	699	821¾	769	588
Grass and other produce	...	...	2,052	575
Collected by individuals under licenses.				
Timber	...	...	1,922	...
Firewood	...	...	1,881	...
Bamboos	...	...	6,430	...
Grazing and other forest products	...	...	49,371	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	2,984	36,389
Establishment	...	...	...	87,340
Total.....			5,43,312	1,92,919

112. *Sandalwood.*—The number of tons of sandalwood sold was 1,396½, about 310 tons in excess of the sale of the previous year, and the average price per ton was 354 Rs. against 338 Rs. of the previous year. The receipts from timber, &c., in the Reserved Forests were only Rs. 40,813 ; that from District Forests, chiefly from minor forest products, amounted to Rs. 57,306.

113. *Financial Results.*—The total forest receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 5,43,312, expenditure incurred was Rs. 87,340 on establishments and Rs. 1,05,579 on conservancy, &c. works.

114. *Trees in Groves and Avenues.*—The number of trees in topes is returned at 799,395 and 3,750 miles of road are reported as planted with avenues, the difference in comparison with last year being due entirely to corrections of errors in the returns of the previous year.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

115. The produce in iron and pot stones, the only minerals worked in the Province, is returned as 80,119.

MANUFACTURES.

116. An approximate estimate of the produce of industries other than agriculture is given below :—

	1878—79.	1879—80.	Increase.	Decrease.
Silk	1,16,600	2,32,410	1,15,810	...
Cotton	15,49,436	14,66,116	...	83,320
Wool	2,36,575	2,41,391	4,816	...
Fibres	88,041	34,704	...	53,337
Iron	67,644	88,127	20,483	...
Brass and copper	12,93,875	17,01,040	4,07,165	...
Sugar and jaggory	13,48,331	7,95,900	...	5,52,431
Coffee	13,35,696	15,04,045	1,68,349	...
Paper	..	400	400	...
Wood	39,797	39,500	...	297
Oils	4,57,403	7,48,820	2,91,417	...
Total.....	65,33,398	68,52,453	10,08,440	6,89,385
Net Increase	...	...	3,19,055	...

TRADE.

117. The usual returns connected with this, No. 1 and 2 of the Appendix III, do not claim to any accuracy.

PUBLIC WORKS.

118. The total grant of 1879—80 for all Public Works was Rs. 17,68,911, of which Rs. 12,25,000 were for "Imperial" works, and the balance for works debitable to Local Funds and Cesses, and for repairs to all civil buildings formerly carried out by the Revenue officers from funds provided in the Civil Budget. For the first time the execution and maintenance of the whole of the works in the Province, of whatever kind, whether provincial, local, or petty, devolved on the Department, and the cost of establishment was met "*pro rata*" from the sources from which the several grants were made. The lapse on the "Imperial" grant,—that made from the general revenues of the country—amounted to Rs. 1,54,540, whilst a lapse of Rs. 1,09,202 occurred on the grants for local services. The circumstances which led to the non-utilization of the full funds available will be explained in detail below.

119. Six new Taluk Cutcherries were undertaken during the year at Devanhalli, Dodballapur, Chikballapur, Tirthahalli, Arsikere, and Múdgere. Very fair progress was made on the first two; but from delays in the matter of sites, contracts, &c., progress on the others was poor. These buildings completed, there will remain but few kasba towns unprovided with proper buildings for the Taluk Establishments. The Munsiff's Court at Chikmagalur was completed, and a similar court-house was commenced at Dodballapur and made very satisfactory progress. The wall round the Chikmagalur Jail was completed. Progress on the new Jail at Chitaldroog was not satisfactory, nor was the work done good. The contract has since been closed, and the buildings will now be finished off by departmental labor.

120. A contribution of one-third of the total cost was made from the Public Works grant to the construction of a Lying-in-Hospital at Mysore, two-thirds of the required outlay having been raised by private subscriptions or contributed by the Municipality and from Palace funds. This useful building was completed during the year by the Department at a total cost of Rs. 21,701, and is now thrown open to the public. On the similar institution at Bangalore Rs. 654 were spent on finishing up laying out grounds, &c., prior to throwing it open.

121. Besides the above specially mentioned works small appropriations were made to and spent on incomplete works of previous year. The construction of a Munsiff's Court at Shikarpur which had been budgeted for was abandoned, it having

been decided to convert the existing school building into a court house, and build instead a new school house on a site more convenient for school purposes.

122. IRRIGATION CHANNELS.—Work has not progressed well during the year on the improvements to Chikdevaraysagar Channel. Only Rs. 10,445 were expended, *viz.*, Rs. 7,240 from the Public Works allotment of Rs. 21,200, and Rs. 3,205 from cash contributions paid by the ryots. The reasons given for the short outlay are not satisfactory. The work done during the year consisted in removing rock from head of channel and below 41st mile, in the construction of detached masonry works, and in the completion of improvements to the Arakere tank. The channel worked satisfactorily during the past irrigation season. Water was sent down for sugar-cane crops as far as the 33rd mile instead of the 16th mile as in former years. The quality of work remains good.

123. An allotment of Rs. 10,000 was made for improvements to the Viziyanadi Channel in the budget; but it was resigned as it was found that sufficient money was available from contributions to cover the year's expenditure, which amounted to Rs. 10,778. Work done during the year consisted principally in bringing the lower section of channel to grade. Difficulty in procuring labor prevented more work being done. A large saving on the estimate is anticipated, and it is proposed to utilize the same in the construction of masonry works to deal with the drainage in the upper portion of the channel, the provision for which is incomplete.

124. Only Rs. 10,850 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 25,000 for improvements to Ramaswami channel. The reasons assigned for short outlay are the same as those given for Chikdevaraysagar channel, and are not satisfactory. The work done during the year was in bringing anicut to a level with concrete, with which satisfactory progress was made, in bringing bund to section for 10 miles, in the construction of a lodge at Bannur which was all but completed in the construction of 8 permanent sluices and one bridge, and in the preparation of materials for masonry works.

125. The expenditure of Rs. 727 on the Maddur Ane channel was principally in the formation of a new channel.

126. In the Ramnathpur channel, 14 sluices, 3 silt dams and one bridge were constructed during the year. The work on this channel will probably be out of hand during 1880—81. In the Kattapur channel 20 permanent sluices, one bridge, one waste weir, four silt dams and one small superpassage were completed and one large superpassage nearly so. Six lakhs of bricks have been manufactured, where required, for the remaining masonry works. The channel has been cut to gradient width and level from 34¼ to 35¼ miles, and the necessary bund raising completed in 4 miles of channel. Rs. 10,270 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 12,000.

127. The allotment for the Kannambadi channel was Rs. 5,900, of which Rs. 5,307 were expended. During the year, the head and under sluices were completed, 3 waste weirs were constructed, 4 superpassages repaired or reconstructed, and nearly the whole of the raising to the bund carried out. The balance of work, which consists of rock clearing and completion of permanent sluices, will be finished during 1880—81.

128. Poor progress was made on the improvements to Belur channels, Rs. 1,349 only being expended.

129. The extension of North Channel, Sriramdavar Dam, from 46½ to 47½ miles was completely excavated. Water was passed down to the end on the 12th August 1879, and the supply was continued to the end of the irrigation season. Four Mangalore pipe sluices were fixed in the last ¾ mile of channel, 8 bridges across the channel were fully completed, and another nearly so; accommodation bridges were built over six aqueducts, five silt dams and three permanent sluices were constructed, and bund brought to section from 45½ to 46 miles. The new cut to the nullah above Haddanhalli aqueduct was nearly completed. Rs. 5,973 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 7,000.

130. *Irrigating Tanks.*—Although the Government of India, in Foreign Department No. 126 C. P. of the 5th December 1878, approved of the proposal to abandon the serial restoration of tanks in Mysore, the following serial works were

carried out during the year as they were commenced prior to receipt of the above communication, and it was desirable that they should be completed.

131. Seven tanks of the Koppa series were completed during the year, and the 10 tanks still remaining to be taken up will probably be put out of hand during 1880—81.

132. Out of 9 tanks of the Basral series in hand during the year, 4 were completed at an expenditure of Rs. 3,899. The progress was poor owing to changes in establishment, but arrangements have been made for pushing on with the works.

133. Sub-series 1 to 6 of the Ramsagar series were completed in previous years. Good progress was made with Nos. 7 and 8 sub-series, in each of which only one tank remains incomplete. The few tanks in Nos. 9, 10, 12, 15, 21 and 23 sub-series, which were commenced during the famine, have almost all been finished. The allotment for the year was Rs. 42,670, of which Rs. 34,898 were expended.

134. In Hoskote series the allotment was Rs. 3,017: expenditure Rs. 2,784. This series may be considered to have been completed.

135. The principal work in the Kadgodi series is the large Mallappa Chetti's tank, which was commenced as a relief work. Work is completed, excepting raising of waste weir to full height, which is now in hand.

136. On the Bellur-Dasankere series, Rs. 2,394 were expended out of Rs. 3,550 allotted. The Yerganal tank, the principal one in the series, has only just been started, the commencement of the work having been postponed during the famine owing to want of funds. Remaining tanks in the series have been completed.

137. In the Dodéri series the principal work is the Dodéri feeder, which was commenced during the famine, and afforded considerable relief to the distressed in the neighbourhood. The series is completed with a saving of about Rs. 8,000 on the sanctioned project.

138. The Hirekerehalli is the only tank in the Chenna Hagari series to which anything remains to be done. It could not be completed during the year owing to scarcity of labor.

139. *Communications.*—Metalling the Bangalore-Bellary road *viâ* Devanhalli is the only original work under this head in the Bangalore and Kolar Divisions, in which already all requirements on the main roads have been fully met. The line, although an important one between Bangalore and Chikballapur, had up to 1876—77 been maintained only as a gravelled road. Metalling it had long been a wished for improvement, and the famine afforded an excellent opportunity of giving employment to relief coolies in collecting the requisite materials. Since then the work has been carried on as an ordinary major work and is now approaching completion, Rs. 53,519 having been spent out of the estimate of Rs. 77,274.

140. Only Rs. 3,661 of the grant of Rs. 8,000 were spent on constructing 7 miles of new road from Periyapatna to Coorg frontier, Mysore Division, the lapse being entirely due to the great difficulty in raising and keeping together gangs of labor in the frontier jungles, besides which the efforts of the Coorg planters to raise labor for their estates in the bordering taluks necessarily told on the labor supply for works in Mysore. The bridges and culverts have all been completed and the line is trafficable, although very heavy during the monsoon along several miles as yet unmetalled.

141. In the work of improving and bridging portions of the Manantadi road, Mysore Division, there was a lapse of over, Rs. 16,000 out of the budget grant of Rs. 30,000. About Rs. 6,000 of this lapse is, however, due to provision having been made in the appropriation for the cost of iron girders which will fall against the budget of the year 1880—81. The remainder of the lapse was due to the great difficulty in procuring sufficient labor to ensure rapid progress in the unhealthy jungles bordering on the Wynad. The delay in completing the metalling and bridging of this useful out-let to the Wynad is much to be regretted, as many miles of the road are, from want of proper surfacing and cross drainage, all but impassable during the rainy season. One bridge was completed during the year, the foundations of another, the

worst on the line, were got in, and the masonry of two others was raised to girder level, besides which two miles of the road were fully metalled.

142. In the improvements to Manjarabad Ghat, Hassan Division, as elsewhere, the labor difficulty paralysed progress, and only Rs. 5,584 were spent out of an allotment of Rs. 12,000. The ghat is one which in its present condition is difficult to keep open during the monsoon, but it is of primary importance to the planting interests to maintain it in trafficable order for the transport of coffee to the western ports, and a large portion of the labor imported for the new work on the ghat had to be diverted to repairing the old. For the adjoining Bisle pack-bullock ghat for which an allotment of Rs. 3,000 had been made, no labor could be spared, all that was available having been concentrated on the Manjarabad, the improvement of which is of the first importance.

143. Although Rs. 4,237 were spent on the Vaddenahalla bridge on the Anemahal-Múdgere road, Hassan Division, against an allotment of Rs. 3,000, the efforts of the establishment to get in the pier foundations before the rains set in were for the third time baffled. A substantial coffer dam was, however, constructed, and the surface of the smooth rounded rock on which the pier is to rest was chiselled into steps to receive masonry, so that it may safely be anticipated that next working season will see this bridge open to traffic. The others provided for in the project have been completed for some time.

144. Very fair progress was made on widening the Bhund ghat, Kadur Division, the outlay having been Rs. 6,377 against the budget allotment of Rs. 4,000. So far Rs. 46,148 have been expended out of the sanctioned amount of Rs. 55,303. The main work of the year consisted in blasting and removing rocks along the last 4 miles of the road, and still more might have been done were it not that much of the labor engaged had to be employed in clearing away the numerous heavy slips of earth and boulders constantly occurring on the precipitous scarps of this ghat.

145. On opening out Umblibail-Yedahalli road, Kadur Division, Rs. 11,147 were expended of the allotment of Rs. 18,000; dearth of labor and bad water supply during the hot weather along sections of the road preventing better progress. The road was, however, widened out to 18 feet for nearly its whole length, and the masonry of the one big bridge on the line, and of a small one on the Division boundary, was raised to springing level.

146. Of the allotment of Rs. 13,205 for opening out Koppa-Sringeri road, Kadur Division, Rs. 12,700 were expended. This is very fair progress considering the locality. Work was confined to earth-work and blasting, and the road was cut throughout to a width of 12 feet and made passable at gaps by ramps. No masonry work was done, but stone for the bridges was collected.

147. Only Rs. 9,485 of the allotment of Rs. 16,000 were spent on the first section of the Vastara-Hariharpur road from Achur to Kalmakki. The earth work was nearly all completed, also nearly all the slabbed culverts, and carts have been able to use the road freely to the great relief of the country traffic. The lapse is said to be due to difficulties experienced by the bridge contractors in obtaining lime stone, which had to be brought from a great distance.

148. In the second section, the road from Balehonnur to Baggunjikatte, the Ittige bridge was completed, and the budget allotment fully worked out. But little now remains to complete this section, and there being a saving on the estimate, it is proposed to utilize it in re-constructing some culverts originally built of dry stone and covered with logs, the only katcha structures on the line.

149. The third section, the road from Basvankote to Balehonnur, made fair progress. Opening out the first quarter of 174th mile, some blasting and forming, and two culverts only required to complete the project. Bridges on the Vastara-Balehonnur road, which includes the above section, and the road from Vastara to Basvankote and the Basvankote Ghat, for which there is a separate estimate of Rs. 32,569, were also completed, and the through line may now be said to be open for carts from end to end. Some work was also done in the Kadur Division on completing the deviation on Basvankanave Ghat, on ferry approaches to the Bhadra river at Balehonnur, on re-constructing rough stone and log bridges on the Tarikere-Agumbe and Shimoga-Agumbe roads, and on various minor works.

150. Opening out the section of the Shimoga-Umblibail Road in the Shimoga Division will complete the communication between Shimoga and Sringeri, *viâ* Yedahalli and Koppa, the Umblibail-Yedahalli and Koppa-Sringeri sections being now passable for carts in fair weather. There was delay in starting work owing to the unnecessarily high estimate first framed by the Executive Engineer, and only Rs. 978 were expended of the budget allotment of Rs. 5,000.

151. The Hyderghar Ghat, Shimoga Road, Shimoga Division, was when projected sub-divided into 7 sections,—*viz.*, 1st section, (7½ miles), Hyderghar Ghat; 2nd section, (10½ miles), Hulikal-Nagar road; 3rd section, (8¾ miles), Nagar-Kallukatte road; 4th section, (19½ miles), Kallurkatte-Bennavalli road; 5th section, (11 miles), Bennavalli-Ainur road. At Ainur it meets the main line from Shimoga to Ságar. Each section was estimated for separately. The first three sections of the road have been already completed, and the budget of the year under review provided only for the two last. On the Kallurkatte-Bennavalli section the outlay was Rs. 4,643 out of an allotment of Rs. 10,000, and on the Bennavalli-Ainur section Rs. 5,896 out of a similar allotment. The bad progress was mainly due to dearth of labor. Another (the current) year's work will however complete these sections.

152. Each large bridge also formed a separate project of which six have been sanctioned and completed, three are in progress, and three have not yet been designed. The rivers are the Surlamakki, Vettibutchil and Kadkoli on the second section; the Kodachi, Sutah and Kalhalla on the 3rd section; the Mumbar, Koppargundi, Santapur, Shiddi and Gantur on the 4th section; and the Chordi on the 5th section. Of these the Surlamakki, Vettibutchil and Kadkoli were bridged in previous years; bridges over the Mumbar, Shiddi and Santapur were completed during the year under review, and bridges over the Kodachi, 3 lattice girders spans of 60 feet each, Kalhalla, 5 stone arches of 25 feet each, and Koppargundi, 1 lattice span of 60 feet and 2 side arches of 15 feet each, made excellent progress. Projects are now under preparation for the Sutah, Gantur, and Chordi.

153. Besides the above work in the Shimoga Division, some outlay was incurred on the Bangod deviation of the Shimoga-Agumbe road, on the re-construction of a bridge on 21st mile of same road, and on the restoration of the old Varda bridge on the Shimoga-Ságar road, which had become unsafe, and on the Benhatti bridge on the Kallurkatte-Lakshmipur road.

154. *Miscellaneous Public Improvements.*—On the Bangalore Water-supply scheme Rs. 19,105 out of the allotment of Rs. 21,200 were expended, bringing the total outlay up to Rs. 5,18,784 against the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 5,48,174. The bund of the reservoir was nearly completed, and work was done in repairing and strengthening the aqueducts on the distribution channel which had failed, and on continuing the difficult rock cutting through the Upparhalli ridge.

155. The Mysore Water-supply project, the estimate for which is Rs. 4,20,823, made good progress. The feeder channel was excavated as far as Hinkal Tank, a distance of 5 miles, and the earthwork to bund was carried up to nearly its full height. The outlay was Rs. 30,180 against a grant of Rs. 43,000 modified from the original budget grant of Rs. 35,000. The work is being carried out almost entirely by convict labor, and the lapse was altogether due to an unanticipated falling off in the number of the jail gangs.

156. The plan and estimate for the subsidiary drainage scheme of Mysore have been received but cannot be dealt with as yet, further investigation and consideration of the details being necessary. An outlay of Rs. 3,051 was incurred on account of compensation for land and for houses that will have to be removed, and was debited as a final charge against this project.

157. REPAIRS.—Rupees 19,112 were expended out of the Imperial Grant of Rs. 20,000 for the repair of Civil Buildings. The repairs whether special or occasional met out of this grant were confined to the more important buildings belonging to the several branches of the Administration; the cost of repairs of the numerous small buildings scattered all over the Province, hitherto executed by the local officers but now carried out by the Public Works Department, being met from the grant provided in Civil Budget.

158. Rupees 3,19,245 were expended on imperial road repairs during the year against the budget grant of Rs. 3,00,000, subsequently increased by re-appropriations to Rs. 3,20,000. The roads throughout the Province were on the whole maintained in excellent order, portions of the two main roads in Chitaldroog and parts of the main road in Hassan, *viâ* Yediyur and Saklespur, excepted. The Subordinates who were in charge of the latter and responsible for its deterioration have since been dismissed for general negligence. In Chitaldroog, the want of water, great scarcity of labor, and character of the soil traversed, tell most unfavorably on the general condition of its roads.

159. *District Funds.*—The grant for Local Fund works was Rs. 4,89,611. Prior to 1879 -80, the control of the Public Works Department, so far as local works were concerned, was limited to a general examination and checking of the projects brought forward, and to occasional supervision of works in progress. A few works requiring special knowledge and experience were executed by direct agency of Public Works Department Officers ; all others were left to the District Officers concerned, the Deputy Commissioners of Shimoga and Chitaldroog having two local Assistant Engineers attached to their Districts for purposes of supervision. In the year under review, the Department was entrusted with the entire control and management of all local works. Of the grant only Rs. 3,82,040 were utilized, shewing a lapse of Rs. 1,07,571 or 21·97 per cent, which is however better progress than was made during the previous year under Revenue Officers, when 25·51 per cent of the grant lapsed. The short outlay was due to the difficulties and delays consequent on the transfer of works from one Department to another, and to the shifting of the establishments thereby necessitated.

160. The grant for " Original Communications " was Rs. 99,905, of which Rs. 60,367 were spent. There were 14 new roads in hand during the year, of which 1 was in Bangalore, 2 in Mysore, 2 in Chitaldroog, 3 in Kadur, and 6 in Shimoga Division ; besides these, several new bridges and various improvements to existing local lines were carried out. The expenditure of Rs. 1,18,116 on the maintenance of local roads was also met from the District Fund grant.

161. A grant of 1½ lakhs from the Irrigation cess was included in the budget for the repairs of Irrigation works in the Province during 1879—80, it being under contemplation to debit to that fund all future expenditure under this head. Deducting 20 per cent or Rs. 30,000 on account of Establishment, a sum of Rs. 1,20,000 was available for works. Of this Rs. 24,276 were expended on channel repairs and Rs. 74,938 on tank repairs, Rs. 20,000 having lapsed. An additional sum of Rs. 6,755 was expended from cash contributions.

162. The outlay on the petty construction and repair of the numerous buildings defrayed from the grant for works in the Civil Budget was Rs. 52,669. The works which were all of a petty character call for no remark.

163. The cost of the Conservancy Establishment, which was met from Irrigation Cess Funds, was Rs. 13,518 ; whilst the expenditure incurred upon the repairs of the channels, including money and labor contributions by ryots, amounted to Rs. 29,204. The revenue derived from the channels was Rs. 3,81,407, being an increase of Rs. 7,063 over that for the previous year. A full supply of water was maintained in the channels throughout the irrigation season.

164. The Channel Conservancy Establishment worked fairly.

165. ESTABLISHMENT.—The total charges under this head were Rs. 4,51,397 (excluding Rs. 13,518 for Channel Conservancy Establishment met from Irrigation cess) distributed ratably against " Imperial," " District Funds " and "Civil Budget " grant in the proportion noted in the Budget Estimate. The total outlay on works under all heads including contributions being Rs. 10,90,523 the percentage of establishment as against works amounted to 41·4. This heavy percentage was due principally to the transfer of Local Fund works to the Public Works Department at the commencement of the year. Not only did the taking over these works and the change of establishment lead to considerable delay in getting the works started which resulted in the heavy lapses already brought to notice, but a large proportion of the Local Fund Establishments had to be kept on for some months, until they could be

otherwise disposed of, their salaries for that time being a charge against the Department. The formation of a new local establishment was also commenced during the year and led in many cases to extra cost. Officers whose services were dispensed with generally taking leave and thus creating a charge against the Department. An item of no less than Rs. 10,875 was also debited to this head on account of Colonel Chrystie's furlough allowances. The above circumstances account satisfactorily for the heavy percentage which there is no doubt will be considerably reduced in future.

166. The following changes occurred in the Establishment during the year :—

Licutenant Kensington, R. E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, was temporarily transferred to Military Department, for field service from 6th October 1879.

The services of Major Fraser, R. E., Executive Engineer, were placed at the disposal of the Madras Government from 15th August 1879, he being no longer required in this Department.

The following Officers retired under the provisions of Government of India Resolution No. 2079, dated 31st July 1879 :—

Mr. R. C. Dobbs, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, May 1879.
Mr. W. P. Lynam, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, March 1880.
Mr. C. B. Target, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, and Mr. C. F. Gilbert, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, were transferred to other Provinces in March 1880.

The services of Mr. T. Inman and Mr. S. Nagavkar, Local Fund Engineers, were placed at the disposal of this Department, on the amalgamation of the District Funds with Public Works, *viz.*, 1st April 1879.

The following Native gentlemen were appointed to the Local Establishment of this Department in March 1880 :—

Syed Yusuf Sahib, as Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.
Mr. E. R. Subbarayar, B. A., B. C. E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Amongst Subordinates, Serjeants Anderson and Healy, Overseers, were remanded to Military duty ; and Overseer, Mr. Harley allowed to resign his appointment.

Raghavachari, Overseer, 3rd Grade, died on the 3rd August 1879.

The following men were transferred from District Fund Establishment and appointed to the Upper Subordinate Establishment :—

District Surveyor,	Mr. Lee,	as Overseer,	1st Grade, 1st April 1879.
Do	Arnachalam	do	do
Assistant Surveyor	Thomas Pille,	do	3rd Grade, November 1879.
Irrigation Surveyor	Mr. Raynor,	do	2nd Grade, November 1879.

167. Owing to the transfer of Local Fund works and scarcity of labor, there were considerable difficulties to contend with during the year, but the establishment generally worked very well and gave satisfaction.

STATE RAILWAY.

168. The original survey for the line was prepared as far back as 1871 by Major Lindsay, R. E., but the project was abandoned and only revived during the famine year of 1877—78, when the earthwork between Bangalore and Channapatna was commenced as a relief work. The 1st section of 3 miles between Bangalore Cantonment and Pettah was for the broad gauge, while the metre gauge was adopted for the line between Bangalore Pettah and Mysore, a distance of about 86 miles.

169. The complete project, estimated to cost Rs. 38,82,930, was sanctioned in February and June 1879, by the Government of India.

170. Rupees 4,72,622 were expended to end of 1878—79, chiefly on earthwork and supervision.

171. In 1879—80 a Railway Establishment was organized and the work systematically undertaken as an ordinary public work, the budget grant for the year being Rs. 7,65,200.

172. The total expenditure to the end of the official year 1879—80 amounted to Rs. 10,19,317 after deducting certain sums due to famine work and preliminary expenses connected with other lines, leaving Rs. 28,63,613 still to be spent out of the original sanctioned estimate of Rs. 38,82,930.

173. The earthwork between Bangalore and Channapatna, commenced as a famine work in 1877—78, was nearly completed in 1879—80. By the same date the earthwork between Channapatna and Maddur was nearly finished as well as the heavy banks and cuttings on the section between Maddur and Mysore, and under this minor head $\frac{3}{4}$ of the work had been completed.

174. Of minor bridges, nearly $\frac{1}{3}$ were completed, and the foundations of all large bridges, with a few exceptions, were filled in.

175. A live fence of aloes was planted along three-quarters of the line.

176. About $\frac{1}{5}$ of total ballast has been collected, of which sufficient for about 20 miles of bottom ballast was done by famine labor.

177. An indent for the permanent way materials for 3 miles of broad gauge and for the permanent way materials, stores and equipment for 60 miles metre gauge was forwarded by the Government of India, to the Secretary of State under No. 196 of August 2, 1879, with a request that 3 miles broad gauge and 20 miles of permanent way materials and certain stock for metre gauge should be despatched as early as possible by Canal, and the balance by the Cape.

178. The material for the broad gauge arrived in February 1880, and was detained in Madras in consequence of the arrangement which had been agreed to on 16th May 1879 by the Madras Railway, whereby that Company was to take over the Pettah extension up to Formation Level free of cost and then complete and work it as a portion of their system. In March 1880 an indent was submitted to the Madras Railway for 3 miles of their permanent way materials to be laid by the Mysore State Railway on the Pettah extension, so that when the negotiations for the transfer of this portion of the line came to be completed, the terms for such transfer could be more easily adjusted. Delivery under this indent commenced on 24th March 1880.

179. Out of the indent for 60 miles of material and stores for the metre gauge, 20 miles of rails, fastenings and stores arrived in Madras in February 1880; but neither engines nor wagon stock had been received at the close of the official year.

180. Arrangements were made for a supply of 50,000 teak sleepers from the Ashtagram forests near Mysore, and owing to the difficulty in opening out the Basvanbetta forests south of Channapatna, 60,000 creosoted pine sleepers were ordered from England for the line from the Bangalore end.

181. At the Pettah junction, the Transfer Goods Platform and the Metre Gauge Engine Shed were finished; and the Passenger Station House for broad gauge and the Carriage Shed for metre gauge were far advanced towards completion.

182. Station grounds were laid out and planted, and the buildings along the line had been put in hand.

183. The Workshop buildings in Bangalore were well in hand by the close of the year, and the store building completed. Two Double StaffQuarters were built in Pettah Station ground.

184. The construction establishment consisted of an Engineer-in-Chief, 3 Executive and 4 Assistant Engineers, with a staff of Upper Subordinates. One Assistant Engineer was re-transferred to the Public Works Department in the latter part of the year.

185. Detailed surveys for the line from Channapatna to Mysore were commenced and finished during the year. Working sections were prepared, and the line realigned with certain diversions on the project of 1871.

186. Difficulties have been experienced in executing the works. The attempts to induce local contractors to undertake work in a general way did not succeed, and the few who commenced short lengths failed, either from a want of capital enterprize or a sufficient knowledge of the manner under which such works should be prosecuted and their works had to be completed departmentally.

187. Certain evils which may have influenced contractors have been now fully experienced. Many portions of the line are unhealthy, and the mortality from famine having more than decimated the population rendered labor difficult and scarce.

POST OFFICE.

188. Under a new Anche Bakshi, the Department has seen some important changes in the past year. Early in the year an economy in expenditure on establishments was effected by doing away with the Anche Offices attached to the Division and District Office establishments, by recasting the pay of the Bakshi and abolishing one or two places in the Head-quarter offices. Over Rs. 8,000 have been saved by these measures. The eleven offices thus abolished, with the closing of an experimental receiving-house at Dobbspet, reduced the total number of offices, open throughout the Province, by twelve, but an equal number of experimental receiving-houses have been opened at various places on existing lines so that the year closes with 156 offices, just the same number as in 1878—79.

189. These experimental receiving-houses mark a new system. An attempt is being made for the first time to extend the postal system so as to take in many small places, at a cost so low that the little revenue likely to accrue with still be sufficient. To this end Hobli School-masters have been appointed Anche Mutsaddis and given a small addition of rupees 3 per mensem for doing the extra work. Where the private correspondence is enough to pay for this small outlay the offices will be retained, and there seems little doubt but that a way has been opened for extending the post very considerably and with no risk of losing money by failure. Should an office produce absolutely nothing for six months the insuitability of the locality will have been conclusively proved for the small cost 18 rupees. There has not been time yet to judge by results the success of the trial.

190. Other changes introduced which should be noticed are the introduction of post-cards and reduction of bhangi rates. When first post-cards were introduced into the Imperial Post it was necessary to interdict their use in Mysore, for a post-card dropped into a Post Office in a town in the interior and addressed to some place that could only be served through the Anche was cause of some embarrassment. A letter in the same situation could be carried by the Anche and charged for on delivery, but the addressee would take a post-card in his hand to see if it were really to himself; read it carefully, and then return it to the delivery-peon and refuse to receive it. The difficulty has however been removed, and post-cards can now be used in Mysore, as in British India, wherever there is an Imperial Post Office, owing to an arrangement made between the Post Office and the Anche.

191. The change in bhangi rates only came into force on the 1st April, so that it has not affected the past year at all, by it bhangis posted for carriage in the interior of Mysore are charged with rates just equal to one-half of Imperial rates; the same charge is levied on bhangis, intended for or received from outside the Province, for forwarding them to or from the frontier Post Office; but light parcels of one pound and under are now forwarded free of Anche charge like letters.

192. The closing of the Banavasi experimental line diminished the length of line served by 12 miles; in the number of offices open, and the mileage run there was, therefore, hardly any change; but the reduction of establishment and other economies resulted in reducing the expenditure which had been in 1878—79 Rs. 1,64,567 to Rs. 1,56,103 in the year 1879–80.

193. The number of paid covers carried by the Anche slightly increased having been 1,154,257 instead of 1,142, 465, but the actual income from all sources, which was Rs. 49,823, shews a slight decrease from Rs. 50,198 of the previous year; and this is the more remarkable that postage on letters has been less though the number

of paid letters carried was more. The net cost of the postal service during the year is thus Rs. 1,06,280 being Rs. 8,000 less than in the year before, a reduction effected by economizing the expenditure, and it is hoped that increased postal facilities may supplement this by bringing about an addition to the income.

194. It is curious to observe that though the postage on private correspondence has fallen off, and is now lower than it has been in any year since 1874—75, the number of covers interchanged with the Imperial Post has very considerably increased. The Bakshi does not explain the reason of this; perhaps it is due to the substitution of Imperial for Anche post in Coorg.

195. Official letters and packets have again decreased in number. Nothing is charged for carrying official covers and a decrease in their number represents so much less work to be done by the Department. The total number carried was 1,194,196 and at Imperial postal official rates they would represent an income of Rs. 1,17,295. A nominal charge on covers carried to and from the Imperial Post, the whole revenue on which goes to the Post Office, represents Rs. 10,713 worth of work done; and if for this and for official correspondence actual receipts had been taken, the departmental surplus would have been Rs. 21,730.

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(A.) IMPERIAL REVENUE.

196. The total "demand" shews a net decrease of Rs. 5,23,338 as compared with the demand of the year previous: particulars are given below:—

No.	Items.	1878—79.	1879—80.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue	73,00,677	69,75,406	...	3,25,271
2	Forest	4,51,843	5,29,136	77,293	...
3	Abkari (including opium revenue)	9,52,082	8,64,621	...	87,461
4	Assessed taxes	2,76,444	2,40,707	...	35,737
5	Customs (sayer)	4,58,537	4,27,437	...	31,100
6	Salt pans	8,713	11,359	2,646	...
7	Stamps	5,29,685	5,06,441	...	23,244
8	Post Office	50,347	49,870	...	477
9	Law and Justice	1,24,875	1,11,506	...	13,369
10	Police	7,758	6,921	...	837
11	Public Works	60,235	42,785	...	17,450
12	Mint	6,293	228	...	6,065
13	Miscellaneous	2,25,364	1,63,098	...	62,266
	Total.....	1,04,52,853	99,29,515	79,939	6,03,277
	Net Decrease	...	...	...	5,23,338

197. The revenue to be collected in the year 1879—80 was the demand of that year and a sum of Rs. 38,97,131 being the arrears of previous years. Of this total of Rs. 1,38,26,646, the actual collection amounted to Rs. 1,08,34,700, leaving a balance of little more than twenty-nine lakhs. Coercive measures were adopted only in cases of obstinate defaulters who could have paid the demand against them but did not in vague anticipation of the demand being remitted. In cases where indulgence was called for, remissions were granted. The following figures shew the details of the remissions under the various heads and in each of the eight Districts:—

		Rs.
Land Revenue		1,67,185
Forests		1,302
Abkari		26,476
Mohatarfa		9,098
Miscellaneous		51
	Total	2,04,112
Bangalore		9,273
Kolar		30,199
Túmkúr		1,011
Mysore		9,218
Hassan		68,345
Shimoga		4,740
Kadur		34,314
Chitaldroog		46,871
Forest		141
		2,04,112

198. The remissions of land revenue and mohatarfa granted comprised balances due by the ryots who had died and abandoned their homesteads or who had been completely reduced to poverty during the late famine. The amount above shewn as remission includes a sum of Rs. 51,728 of land revenue remitted in favor of Patels and Shanbhogs in unsettled taluks as temporary remuneration pending the introduction of the Survey settlement.

199. Deducting the above remissions the balance outstanding at the close of the official year was Rs. 27,87,834. Subsequent reports received from the Districts up to 30th September shew that of this sum Rs. 14,73,327 have been collected leaving a balance of Rs. 13,14,327, of which 11,78,287 being land revenue.

200. The several items constituting the land revenue of the Province are given below and compared with the figures of the year 1878—79 :—

Items.	1878—79.		1879 -80.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres	Amount	Extent in Acres.	Amount.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Money assessment. ..	4,093,112	65,27,891	3,943,400	63,15,817	...	...	149,712	2,12,074
Batayi or division of crops.	23,569	1,46,499	6,499	30,217	...	..	17,070	1,16,282
Coffee halat	...	33,453	...	36,712	...	3,259	...	...
Pasture land... ...	...	60,068	...	85,350	...	25,282	..	...
Kayamgutta villages. ...	...	62,263	...	61,790	...	...	...	473
Lightly assessed and whole inam villages ...	...	1,56,756	...	1,58,122	...	1,366	...	...
Inam jodi on minor inams..	...	1,96,702	...	2,12,488	...	15,786	...	...
Sale proceeds of Government lands	...	8,314	...	3,607	...	...	...	4,707
Miscellaneons ..	...	1,24,055	...	90,771	...	...	...	33,284
Total.....	...	73,16,001	...	69,94,874	...	45,693	...	3,66,820
Deduct $\frac{1}{17}$th of the assessment on account of wet lands in surveyed taluks credited to Irrigation Cess Fund	...	15,224	...	19,468	...	4,144	...	...
Net Land Revenue.....	...	73,00,677	...	69,75,406	...	41,549 Net.	...	3,66,820 3,25,271

201. The principal items of decrease are under money assessment and batayi tenure. The former is due to lands retained in the names of dead, deserted or impoverished ryots having been finally struck off the accounts and thus shewing the full effects of the famine. The batayi cultivation which was encouraged by the high prices and the favorable terms granted during the famine has necessarily fallen off.

202. The following table gives the details of land relinquished and taken up by the ryots :—

Items.	Surveyed.		Unsurveyed.		Total.	
	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.
Lands taken up	1,08,769	87,733	33,539	72,463	1,42,308	1,60,196
Do relinquished	1,58,000	1,55,627	89,491	1,54,385	2,47,491	3,10,012
Do resumed to Government consequent on deaths and desertions	...	73,961	...	13,815	...	87,776

203. The area under cultivation assessed at Rs. 63,15,817 may be classified as under :—

Class of Land.	1878—79.		1979—80.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.
Dry	3,337,831	29,20,245	3,202,874	27,96,709	...	...	134,957	1,23,536
Wet	554,797	23,35,346	534,879	22,15,310	...	...	19,918	1,20,036
Garden	179,887	11,18,511	181,665	11,29,693	1,778	11,182	...	...
Sugar-cane ...	10,875	1,12,193	15,374	138,693	4,499	26,500	...	...
Mulberry ...	9,722	41,596	8,608	35,412	...	...	1,114	6,184
Total.....	4,093,112	65,27,891	3,943,400	63,15,817	6,277	37,682	155,989	2,49,756
						Net Decrease...	149,712	2,12,074

204. The fall in wet and dry cultivation observable in the above statement has already been explained. The figures shewn against the head "Sugar-cane" is only an approximate estimate. Sugar-cane cultivation is more largely carried on when the price of paddy falls. Amongst other items there is an increase in the revenue from pasture lands in consequence of the revival from the effects of the famine, and in the jodi or minor inams due to the operations of the Inam settlement, while there was a fall in the receipts from amrayi included under Miscellaneous explained by the fact that the yield of fruit trees rises and falls in alternate years. The items comprised under Miscellaneous are given below :—

Items.	1878—79.	1879—80.	Decrease.	Increase.
1 Village amrayi or fruit trees...	95,652	45,275	...	50,377
2 Collections on account of land cultivated but not included in jamabandi	6,666	5,126	...	1,540
3 Collections on account of concealed cultivation ..	457	87		370
4 Collections from Inam lands on account of inamdars' absence	891	1,073	182	...
5 Fees on Coffee Pattahs	677	436		241
6 Sale proceeds of trees on unoccupied lands in surveyed taluks	5,309	4,661	...	648
7 Fees collected on lime-stone kilns	...	2,757	2,757	...
8 Additional assessment charged on land cultivated without orders	5,299	9,550	4,251	...
9 Other items	9,104	21,806	12,702	...
Total	1,24,055	90,771	19,892	53,176
		Net Decrease ...	33,284	

ABKARI.

205. The demand under this head shews a further decrease of Rs. 87,461 during the current year as may be seen from the following comparative statement :—

Items.	1878—79.	1879—80.	Increase.	Decrease.
Still head duty on arrack	3,80,462	4,13,228	32,766	..
Do do on beer	4,279	1,390	...	2,889
License Fees...	27,663	31,795	4,132	...
Sale of arrack shops by public auction	7,022	8,451	1,429	...
Toddy contract, &c.	5,20,324	3,99,225	...	1,21,099
Ganja do	10,224	6,130	...	4,094
Opium	1,931	3,832	1,901	...
Miscellaneous	177	570	393	...
Total.....	9,52,082	8,64,621	40,621	1,28,082
Net.....	...	...	...	87,461

206. The consumption of arrack in the Bangalore Town which fell off during the famine is fast regaining its normal level which accounts for the increase under that head as well as in the receipts from license fees of arrack shops. The great falling off in toddy is owing to the renewed rents having been given at a great sacrifice as explained in last year's report. The duty on beer was reduced from 4 to 2 annas per gallon from the 1st March 1879, which accounts for the loss under that head. Ganja, which is a small item in this Province, was managed during the year under a nani at a loss. The new arrangements prohibiting the local manufacture of opium and the supply through Government of the imported drug date from 1880—81.

ASSESSED TAXES OR MOHATARFA.

207. The details of the mohatarfa collections are given in the annexed statement:—

Items.	1878—79	1879—80.			Increase.	Decrease.
		Mohatarfa in Villages other than Municipalities.	Moiety transferred from the Municipal Towns to Imperial Revenue.	Total.		
Taxes, Houses	118,660	85,478	21,966	107,444	...	11,216
Do Shops	81,223	48,064	15,269	63,333	..	17,890
Do Looms	43,049	36,820	2,880	39,700	...	3,349
Do Oil mills	11,521	8,489	1,528	10,017	...	1,504
Do Carts	21,842	18,283	1,691	19,974	...	1,868
Miscellaneous	149	239	...	239	90	...
Total.....	276,444	197,373	43,334	240,707	0	35,827
Net.....	...	...	...	...	...	35,737

208. The house and other items of mohatarfa have been, as already reported, revised in the Municipal towns with the object of combining the separate levy heretofore made for Municipal and Government purposes into one item and dividing the proceeds equally. The effect was some loss to Government under all the heads, but considerable relief was afforded to the people. A similar revision of the mohatarfa tax which falls oppressively on the poorer classes has early to be carried into effect throughout the rest of the Province.

CUSTOMS OR SAYER.

209. The receipts under the head are as follow:—

Items.	1878—79.	1879—80.			Increase.	Decrease.
		Sayer.	Moiety of Octroi credited to Imperial Revenue.	Total.		
Supari or areca nut	3,77,318	3,54,997	..	3,54,997	...	22,321
Tobacco	41,574	34,905	1,939	36,844	...	4,730
Cardamoms	4,505	5,299	...	5,299	794	...
Cocoanut, dry	4,552	2,154	820	2,974	...	1,578
Do fresh	30,267	25,164	3,716	28,880	...	1,387
Betel leaves	23,950	15,730	2,907	18,637	...	5,313
Miscellaneous	3,769	4,233	...	4,233	464	...
Total... ...	4,85,935	4,42,482	9,382	4,51,864	1,258	35,329
Deduct amount paid to inamdars ...	27,398	...	...	24,427	...	2,971
Balance credited to Government ...	4,58,537	...	..	4,27,437	1,258	32,358
Net Decrease.....	...	..	...	...	...	31,100

210. The decrease under the head arecanut was owing to the blight from which the gardens suffered in the Shimoga and Kadur Districts. The sayer on all the other items has been virtually abolished, the duty on them being collected in the Municipal towns only and divided between the Government and the Municipalities. The falling off of revenue, it will be seen, is inconsiderable.

SALT-PANS.

211. The small revenue under this head is due to salt-pans which temporarily ceased to be worked during the famine having been resumed for manufacture, but the item is quite inconsiderable under the restricted arrangements now in force:—

Years.	Number of Salt-Pans.	Number of Manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per Pan.	Amount of Revenue.
			From To	
1878—79	2,158	2,644	0—1—1 6—0—0	8,713
1879—80	2,339	2,135	0—1—1 5—0—0	11,359

STAMPS.

212. A fall of Rs. 23,244 in the receipts under this head is chiefly due to the somewhat reduced condition of the Province, the unusual activity in the transfer of property owing to famine which kept up the revenue from general stamps in the previous years having subsided:—

Items.	1878—79	1879—80	Increase.	Decrease.
General stamps	1,62,717	14,80,68	...	14,649
Receipt draft labels	6,582	9,369	2,487	...
Penalties on other items..	20,883	12,128	...	8,755
Court fees stamps and labels	3,39,203	3,36,876	...	2,327
Total.....	5,29,685	5,06,441	2,487	25,731
			Net Decrease...	23,244

POST OFFICE.

213. Realization from the local post was Rs. 49,870 against Rs. 50,347 of the preceding year, shewing a slight decrease of Rs. 477.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

214. The subjoined statement compares the receipts of the year with those of the preceding:—

Items.	1878—79	1879—80	Increase.	Decrease.
Magisterial fines	60,112	55,547	...	4,565
Registration fees, &c.	40,788	39,555	...	1,233
Sale of unclaimed property	4,222	5,108	886	...
Sale proceeds of jail manufacture	12,523	5,627	...	6,896
Value of convict labor	1,051	249	...	802
Miscellaneous	6,179	5,420	...	759
Total.....	1,21,875	1,11,506	886	14,255
		Net Decrease.....		13,369

The fluctuations are of the ordinary character.

POLICE.

215. For similar reasons, the decrease of Rs. 837 in the receipts under Police calls for no remark.

PUBLIC WORKS.

216. Amount realized under this head was Rs. 42,785: particulars are shewn below:—

Items.	1878—79	1879—80	Increase.	Decrease.
Refunds	34,989	19,401	...	15,588
Contributions	21,530	20,967	...	563
Rent on houses	1,256	998	...	258
Miscellaneous	2,460	1,419	...	1,041
Total.....	60,235	42,785	...	17,450

MINT.

217. There were little or no receipts under this head.

MISCELLANEOUS.

218. The small improvements noticed under several of the items, such as school fees, are due to the revival from the effects of famine, whilst a much smaller amount was credited to sundries in the year under report from the refund of the relief grants and sale proceeds of relief kitchens. The sub-joined comparative statement gives the particulars:—

Items.	1878—79	1879—80	Increase.	Decrease.
Fines (Revenue Department)	10,322	10,634	312	...
School fees	14,169	20,809	6,640	...
Sale proceeds of school books, &c.	9,554	9,174	...	380
Subscriptions to *Mysore Gazette*	2,752	3,572	820	...
Travellers' Bungalow fees	6,508	6,908	400	...
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam	21,686	21,250	...	436
Tolls on bridges	9,711	12,837	3,126	...
Interest realized on Government securities	1,545	1,545	...	...
Value of private work done by Government Press ..	1,612	3,056	1,444	...
Produce of Public Gardens	3,816	3,785	...	31
Commission fees on Money Orders	1,138	984	...	154
Savings and fines in the Military Local Force	405	279	...	126
Interest collected on arrears of revenue	12,888	17,755	4,867	...
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture.	6,933	3,955	...	2,978
Sundry receipts	1,22,325	46,555	...	75,770
Total.....	2,25,364	1,63,098	17,609	79,875
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	62,266

FINANCE.

219. *Revenue.*—The total receipts under all heads of revenue in the year 1879—80 amounted to Rs. 1,08,57,548 against a budget estimate of Rs. 1,07,65,000. "Land Revenue" which was budgeted at 74 lakhs produced Rs. 76,73,792. This sum includes a considerable amount of arrears, of which Rs. 32,60,000 were outstanding at the close of the previous year, (*vide* para 309 of Administration Report for that year). While the land revenue collections were in excess of the estimates, other heads taken together shewed a net deficiency of Rs. 1,79,212, but compared with the actual collections of the previous year the new year shewed an improvement, the total being Rs. 31,83,756 against Rs. 30,15,612, *vide* margin. On the whole the income of 1878—79 was Rs. 12,41,573 more than that of 1879—80. The land revenue collected in the former year attained the unprecedented amount of Rs. 90,83,000 including at least 34 lakhs of arrears which had accumulated during the two years of famine. Under "Forests" there was an improved collection in 1879—80, of Rs. 75,934 in sandalwood and Rs. 14,803 in timber, and under "Excise" there was an increase of Rs2,45,379 caused by payment of arrears to the amount of Rs. 2,56,702. The decrease in assessed taxes is partly attributable to the assignment of a moiety of the collections from November 1879 to the Municipal Funds. Similarly half the sayer duties on betel-leaves, cocoanuts and tobacco were thus transferred, reducing the public revenue from these sources. Under stamps the falling off was in *General* stamps Rs. 15,800, in court fees labels Rs. 2,200, and miscellaneous receipts Rs. 5,000. Under "Law and Justice" the hire of convicts employed on public works produced Rs. 17,000 and jail manufactures Rs. 7,000 more than in the previous year. Education fees were also better by Rs. 6,000. The receipts under "Interest" are those levied on arrears of land revenue. The decrease under the head of "Miscellaneous" is due to some special items realized in 1878—79 only.

	Estimates. 1879—80.	Actuals. 1878—79.	Actuals, 1879—80.
Land Revenue ...	74,02,000	90,83,509	76,73,792
Forest ...	6,13,000	4,52,575	5,43,312
Excise ...	10,63,000	7,79,869	10,25,248
Assessed Taxes ...	3,00,000	3,36,662	2,68,546
Sayer Customs ...	5,1 ,000	4,62 172	4,30,349
Salt ...	9,000	7,951	12,080
Opium ...	...	...	2,002
Stamps ...	5,28,000	5,20,505	5,06,434
Mint ...	...	6,293	228
Post Office ...	60,000	50,416	50,266
Minor Departments ...	3,000	3,171	3,088
Law and Justice ...	1,16 000	1,24,218	1,46,629
Police ...	9,000	6,971	6,919
Education ...	38 000	22,840	29,851
Medical ...	1,600	1,411	2,150
Stationery and Printing ...	4,579	1,612	8,275
Interest ...	15,000	13,866	21,131
Miscellaneous ...	70,821	1,18,221	83,488
Public Works Department ...	5,000	11,727	12,143
State Railway ...	...	...	...
Military ...	1,000	405	541
Famine Relief (Refunds) ...	...	82,723	29,471
	33,63,000	30,15,612	31,83,756
Total ..	1,07,65,000	1,20,99,121	1,08,57,548

220. *Expenditure.*—In the budget originally prepared in December 1878 the civil charges were estimated at Rs. 87,61,000, and the Local Force at Rs. 8,01,000 on the scale then existing, as the scheme of reductions in establishments subsequently determined on was not then matured. In September 1879, however, a revised budget was framed upon that scheme and in accordance with an estimate submitted by the Local Administration to the Government of India. In the Judicial and Revenue Departments the salaries of the European Officers, whose services had been dispensed with, were eliminated and provision was made for the gratuities and compensation allowances granted to them, and for the curtailed allowances assigned to their Native successors. The reductions in subordinate establishments began to take effect for the most part in the latter half of the year and the savings from this source were therefore only partially recorded in the estimates, but provision was made for the pensions and gratuities of men who were to be retired. Further Rs. 70,000 were added to the grant for interest on the famine loan of 80 lakhs, as it was contemplated when the original budget was framed to pay off some 20 lakhs of that loan during the year. It was ultimately decided by the Government of India to assign any available funds to the construction of the Mysore State Railway. On the other hand some reductions which were anticipated in the revised budget were not carried out.

221. On the whole, taking the expenditure in all Departments, the total of the year was well within the estimates as shewn below, but the civil charges amounted in aggregate to the original estimate and were nearly one lakh in excess of the revised figures of September 1879 in consequence of transfers from the Railway and Public Works Department on account of famine labor amounting to Rs. 108672.

	Original Estimates.	Revised Estimates.	Actuals.	More.	Less.
Civil Charges ..	87,61,000	86,71,000	87,69,341	98,341	...
Local Force ...	8,01,000	7,84,000	7,62,524	...	21,476
Public Works Department ..	12,25,000	12,25,000	10,70,460	...	1,54,540
Total Ordinary...	1,07,87,000	1,06,80,000	1,06,02,325	98,341	1,76,016
				Net.	77,675

222. The following are the principal charges which produced this result :—

Interest.—

Interest on subsidy			4,100

Land Revenue.—

Remuneration of village servants, Arrear payments in excess of grant			35,100

Forests.—

Establishments do			9,300

Excise.—

Establishments and contingencies do ..		7,400	
Purchase of spirits for the Mysore and Hassan Districts under special arrangements for which the budget did not provide		33,500	
			40,900

Administration.—

Public Departments, the reductions in establishments anticipated in the budget not being fully carried out			34,300
Palace supplies, &c., in excess of grant			62,900

Law and Justice. —

Judicial Commissioner's Court, reduction of establishment not fully carried out		6,900	
Sessions Judges and Courts formed in October and February		21,900	
Jail excess owing to Kukarhalli Jail		17,900	
			46,700

Civil Furlough and absentee allowances paid in England and not specially provided for			56,100
Pensions in excess of grant			20,400

Miscellaneous.—

The provision for the Volunteer Corps struck out in the estimate of the Local Administration ..		..	10,600
Other excess charges of petty items under all heads		..	24,700

Famine Relief.—

Re-adjustment in Railway accounts as loss on account of Famine-Share of establishment charges under G. of I. orders, 29th March 1880 ..	1,06,800		
Do in Public Works Department ..	1,900		
Pay of Famine Officers and dues from Relief Kitchens in arrears	6,500		
		1,15,200	
			4,60,300

Against the foregoing excess charges we have to place savings in the estimates of the following Departments :—

Land Revenue.—			
Commissioners, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners and their establishments, &c. ..	48,700		4,60,300
Revenue Survey	49,000		
			97,700
Forests.—			
Conservancy and working			28,800
Sayer.—			
Establishment and contingencies			6,700
Palace.—			
Establishments, pensions, &c.			18,300
Minor Departments.—			
Topographical Survey	13,800		
Other Departments	2,300		
			16,100
Law and Justice.—			
Less under moiety of land revenue charged to this head			34,700
Police.—			
Less both under Cantonment Rs. 1,800 and Rural Police Rs. 59,500			61,300
Medical.—			
Medical Services, Hospitals, &c.			27,800
Pensions.—			
Gratuities	35,100		
Charitable Grants	5,000		
Famine Orphans	25,400		
		65,500	
Miscellaneous items		5,100	
			3,62,000
			98,300

223. It will be observed that the net excess over the revised grant for civil charges is mainly due to a re-adjustment of certain establishment charges incurred on account of the Mysore State Railway as a famine work and partly in the Public Works Department aggregating Rs. 1,08,700 which may be regarded as a set off to the saving of 1½ lakhs in the budget of that Department. But for this transfer of charge to the Civil Department the civil expenditure was in reality less than the revised grant by Rs. 16,900.

224. Comparing the actual expenditure of the year 1879—80 with that of the previous year during which the establishments stood at their maximum before revision and reduction, the following results appear. Excluding interest on the famine loan which deferred in the two years to the extent of Rs. 70,000, the total civil expenditure of 1878—79 was Rs. 86,02,000 and that of 1879—80 Rs. 82,54,000 or Rs. 3,48,000 less.

225. Further comparison of the details of expenditure exhibits some noteworthy facts as follow:—(1) The land revenue charges were Rs. 1,12,850 less in 1879—80 in consequence of the abolition of Commissionerships, the reduction of the pay of Deputy Commissioners and that of the District and Taluk Establishments, measures which were carried out at various periods during the year. The Inam Commission by abolition of Assistantships and establishments shewed a saving of Rs. 10,660, the Revenue Survey Rs. 12,434; there were casual savings under other heads, the whole aggregating Rs. 1,49,000, but this large saving was reduced to only Rs. 59,500 owing

to an increase of Rs. 89,500 in the remuneration of village servants under the new Survey settlements. (2) In the establishments of the Secretariat, the Deputy Accountant General's Office and the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, the decrease was Rs. 32,400, but owing to the appointment of an additional Secretary in the General Department and an Assistant Commissioner in the Revenue entailing an additional charge of Rs. 10,500, an increase of Rs. 7,000 in travelling allowances and tour charges, a long deferred outlay of Rs. 10,000 in furnishing the reception rooms of Government House and a few minor items, the net saving was only Rs. 1,150. The expenditure of the Palace was less than 1878—79 by Rs. 1,77,500, notwithstanding an addition to the allowances of some of the Rajbindes which come to Rs. 11,400. The savings were principally in the cost of supplies owing to the high prices which prevailed in that year and the outlay on the marriage ceremonies of His Highness the Maha Raja. Under the head of "Law and Justice" the accounts shewed a satisfactory diminution of Rs. 1,95,300, of which Rs. 1,25,200 were in the jails, the expenditure of which, in consequence of famine prices and an abnormal number of prisoners, was high in 1878—79. The Judicial Commissioners, the Commissioners, the Deputy Commissioners, the Small Cause and the Magistrates' Courts cost less by Rs. 36,000, but this saving was absorbed by the newly constituted Sessions Judges' Courts which cost Rs. 45,400 and Rs. 11,900 by additional process establishments for Munsiffs' Courts. Rs. 81,800 were credited to this head from the savings in establishments under Land Revenue. The Rural Police gave a substantial saving of Rs. 35,300, the force having been maintained at a reduced strength. The Educational establishments which had been curtailed in 1878—79, gave a saving of Rs. 12,000 and the Medical Department Rs. 10,000 principally in the cost of Hospitals and Dispensaries. Stationery and Printing cost Rs. 97,800 or Rs. 21,300 more than in 1878—79. There was also a serious increase in the charge for pensions and gratuities flowing from the extensive reductions of establishments. In 1878—79 the pensions cost Rs. 98,600, in the next year Rs. 1,40,600. The total amount of pensions sanctioned from the beginning to the end of the year was Rs. 5,904 per month or Rs. 70,850 per year. The gratuities chiefly paid to the uneducated classes of civil establishments aggregated Rs. 54,900, or Rs. 33,200 in excess of the previous year. The allowances for famine orphans maintained by the various religious sects cost Rs. 34,500 for the 12 months of 1879—80, the charge in 1878—79 was Rs. 10,300 being for only part of that year.

226. Among the miscellaneous charges are classed the retiring gratuities of 3 months' pay granted to the late European Military officers of the Administration, these amounted to Rs. 15,185 in 1878—79 and Rs. 11,800 in 1879—80, but in the latter year a further charge of Rs. 26,850 was disbursed as compensation allowances to the same officers, being the difference between their former and the Military allowances which was granted to them for a period of 18 months. They will have mostly ceased by October 1880.

227. The Local Force was on the whole less by Rs. 23,000, the reduction of one battalion of sepoys gave a saving of Rs. 47,000 and office establishment Rs. 1,500. On the other hand the mounted corps in consequence of enlistments to fill up vacancies cost Rs. 14,600 more, and the gratuities granted to discharged sepoys amounted to Rs. 5,600 more than in 1878—79. A further increase of Rs. 5,700 on account of Military buildings reduced the savings in the cost of the entire force to the net sum of Rs. 23,000. The Public Works expenditure was reduced from Rs. 18,45,000 in 1878—79 to Rs. 10,70,000 in 1879—80. Thus the diminution of the Civil, Military and Public Works expenditure, which had been of a permanent character, amounted to Rs. 11,45,000. Under the head of Famine Relief consisting almost entirely of charges on account of works on which famine labor had been employed, the year 1878—79 shewed Rs. 10,76,000, and 1879—80 Rs. 1,15,000. The outlay on the State Railway naturally increased with the progress of the work, having been Rs. 2,05,000 in the first year and Rs. 5,46,000 in the next. On the whole, the aggregate charges of all Departments of the State amounted to Rs. 1,28,44,000 in 1878—79 and to Rs. 1,11,49,000 in 1879—80.

228. In the former year 1878—79, whilst the expenditure was Rs. 1,28,44,000, the State income was at the abnormal figure of Rs. 1,21,00,000, but owing to the low condition of the cash balances which amounted to Rs. 27,12,000 at the beginning of that year, and the heavy demands on account of Famine Relief up to a late period it became necessary to borrow Rs. 30,00,000 between April and November 1878 making

the total famine loan Rs. 80 lakhs. The 30 lakhs were applied to the extent of Rs. 7,44,000 to meet the excess of State expenditure over income, and Rs. 2,80,000 the excess of charges under the head of "Public Debt" which were augmented in consequence of payments under the head of "Deposits" of money belonging to the Famine Mansion House Funds which had been received in the preceding year. Rs. 19,76,000 were added to the cash balances which thus amounted to Rs. 46,88,000 at the close of 1878—79.

229. In the year just past (1879—80) no loan was taken, but during the months of October and November when the cash balances again descended to an insufficient amount, the payment of the British subsidy was deferred with the sanction of the Supreme Government. It was however paid for those months, in January, and that for January in February. The State income was as already stated Rs. 1,08,57,000, whilst the ordinary expenditure, Civil, Military and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 1,06,02,000. The surplus thus obtained of 2½ lakhs was with the sanction of the Government of India, applied towards the construction of the Mysore State Railway, which it will have been seen cost in that year Rs. 5,46,000, the excess charge beyond surplus having been met from the cash balances.

PUBLIC DEBT.

230. The annexed statement shews the condition of the accounts comprised under the head of public debt :—

1. *Contribution for works recoverable from Ryots.*

Debit balance on 1st April 1879 ..		1,15,050
Charged by credit to Public Works Department during 1879—80 ..		11,660
		1,26,710
Receipts by recoveries during do ..		14,776
Debit Balance..		1,11,934

2. *Personal estate of His Highness the Maha Raja.—*

Credit Balance		3,41,986
Receipts.		
Interest on Government Securities	12,800	
Miscellaneous receipts ..	13,948	
		26,748
		3,68,734
Disbursements.		
Purchase of a bungalow at Ootacamund	10,000	
Refund of certain receipts ..	72	
		10,072
Credit Balance..		*3,58,662

* In Government Bonds ...	3,20,000
In Cash	38,662
	3,58,662

3. *Military Assistant's Equipment Account.*

Debit Balance ..		13,999
Equipments purchased during 1879—80 ..		26,312
		40,311
Receipts by sales during 1879—80 ..		12,218
Debit Balance ..		28,093
4. *One Anna Cess for Local purposes* ..	3,90,119	Appropriated in full to the credit of District and Village School Funds and Local Funds General.
5. *Half anna do do* ..	1,67,432	

6. *District Funds.*—

Debit Balance..	..	..	2,93,757
Disbursements.			
By Public Works Department—			
Original Works ..	75,095		
Repairs ..	1,29,105		
Establishments ..	51,181		
Tools and Plant ..	2,767		
Other Items ..	36		
		2,58,184	
By Districts—			
Pay of Statistical Clerks	1,925		
Other Establishments, &c.	3,053		
3rd Class Travellers' Bungalow charges ..	5,520		
Charges of Dispensaries	4,048		
		14,546	
			2,72,730
			5,66,487
Receipts.			
Ordinary receipts ..		52,855	
Grants-in-aid from Local Funds General		64,765	
Allotments from Local Cesses ..		3,77,469	
			4,95,089
Debit Balance ..			71,398

7. *Local Funds General*—

Credit Balance ..			77,309
Receipts during 1879—80 ..			46,767
			1,24,076
Disbursements during 1879—80..			65,178*
Credit Balance..			58,898

* Allotted to District Funds ... 55,638
Do to do on account of Kukarialli Distillery ... 9,127
Paper purchased for printing rules for the registration of vital statistics 413
65,178

8. *Village School Fund.*—

Credit Balance ..			64,751
Receipts during 1879—80 ..			1,33,790
			1,98,541
Disbursements on account of village schools, 1879—80 ..			88,045
Credit Balance..			1,10,496

Allotments from Local Cesses.

9. *Municipal Funds (of Districts).*

Credit Balance ..			68,822
Receipts during 1879—80 ..			2,05,125*
			2,73,947
Disbursements do ..			1,57,311
Credit Balance			1,16,636

* Receipts are more than last year by Rs. 33,000
Owing to the transfer of a moiety of collections under Mohatarfa and Sayar

	1878—79	1879—80.
Mohatarfa ...	57,500	63,600
Octroi ...	48,100	62,000
Building sites ..	300	18,000
Other Items ...	66,100	61,500
	1,72,000	2,05,100
		Net. 33,100

10. *District Irrigation Fund*—

Credit Balance		..	2,93,332
Receipts during 1879—80 ..		..	73,830
			3,67,162
Charges during do		..	*1,23,896
Credit Balance..			2,43,266

*Repairs of Tanks ... 99,214
Establishments ... 24,679
Refunds 73
1,23,896

11. ***Miscellaneous Funds—***

Credit Balance	.. ..	1,76,692
Receipts during 1879—80	.. ..	1,84,132
		3,60,824
Disbursements do	.. ..	1,54,241
Credit Balance	.. ..	*2,06,583

*Balances.

Police Superannuation fund ...		12,042
Surplus funds of Devasthans and Chattrams	...	56,094
Allowances deducted from Sayer and other collections	...	25,685
Small Cause Court Suitors' Fund		6,128
Siledar Stable Fund	...	6,734
Chanda Fund ...	...	36,610
Barr Lines Repair Fund	...	2,568
Residency Garden Fund	...	1,427
Receipts of Temples under Management of Government Officers ...	...	43,238
Experimental Farm, Bangalore		4,038
Gumbaz Fund ...	...	4,598
Cloth Surplus Fund	...	1,982
Stallion Fund ...	...	5,647
		2,06,791
Deduct debit balance under purchase of ploughs by Experimental Farm ...	...	208
		2,06,583

12. ***Revenue Deposits—***

Credit Balance	.. ..	3,48,877
Receipts during 1879—80	.. ..	10,82,867
		14,31,744
Disbursements during do	.. ..	11,89,383
Credit Balance	.. ..	2,42,361

Excess charges of over one lakh consisted of items transferred to their proper heads of account—

Mansion House Funds	...	17,300
Relief Kitchens ...	...	28,300
Building Sites ...	...	16,200
District Funds ...	...	26,000
Abkari amount ...	...	18,100
		1,05,900

13. ***Judicial Deposits—***

Credit Balance	..	63,853
Receipts during 1879—80	.. ..	2,73,694
		3,37,547
Disbursements during do	.. ..	2,78,173
Credit Balance	.. ..	59,374

14. ***Mysore Government Savings' Bank Deposits—***

Credit Balance	.. ..	1,45,451
Receipts during 1879—80	.. ..	1,34,385
		2,79,836
Disbursements during do	.. ..	65,333
Credit Balance	.. ..	2,14,503

Increase in receipts of over half a lakh owing to additional deposits.

15. ***Advances Recoverable—***

Advances for boundary marks recoverable from ryots.

Debit Balance	.. ..	3,07,805
Disbursements during 1879—80	..	84,070
		3,91,875
Recoveries during do	.. ..	35,514
Debit Balance	.. ..	3,56,361

Balance to be recovered in each District.

Bangalore	...	7,665
Kolar	...	6,220
Tumkur	...	47,362
Shimoga	...	3,147
Kadur	...	45,948
Chitaldroog	...	7,643
Mysore	..	65,131
Hassan	...	1,73,245
		3,56,361

Forest Advances.

Debit Balance	..	12,148
Disbursements during 1879—80	..	1,16,805
		1,28,953
Credits during do	.. ..	1,16,591
Debit Balance	.. ..	12,362

Advances Recoverable.

Debit Balance ..	..	30,657
Disbursements during 1879—80	..	2,37,096
		2,67,753
Credits duringdo ..	..	2,42,270
Debit Balance ..	..	25,483

Suspense Account.

Debit Balance ..	..	1,29,606
Disbursements during 1879—80	..	14,88,695
		16,18,301
Credits during do ..	..	15,31,364
Debit Balance ..	..	*86,937

* Palace ..A ... 23,632
Civil Pension Paymaster 403
Revenue Survey ... 62,911
86,937

Cultivation of Grass in Ochterlony's Park.

The original advances made from 1874-75 to 1877-78 amounted to Rs. 6,770.

Debit Balance ..	..	3,640
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	..
		3,640
Receipts during do ..	..	944
Debit Balance ..	..	2,696

Takavi Advances, (Famine).

Debit Balance ..	..	1,65,667
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	..
		1,65,667
Receipts during do ..	..	57,577
Debit Balance ..	..	1,08,090

Advances for purchase of Malwa Opium—

Procured from Malwa under the new system introduced from April 1880.

Balance ..	..	0
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	2,072
		2,072
Re-credited from price of Opium ..	..	20
Debit Balance ..	..	2,052

Permanent Advances—

Debit Balance	..	17,611
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	1,165
		18,776
Receipts during do ..	.	2,493
Debit Balance	..	16,283

Advances for Railway sleepers and timber supply—

Debit Balance	..	11,970
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	11,997
		23,967
Adjusted by charge to State Railway during 1879—80	..	15,970
Debit Balance ..	..	7,997

Local Loans—

Debit Balance	..	96,058
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	0
		96,058
Receipts during do ..	..	11,451
Debit Balance ..	..	84,607

18. *Local Remittances—*

Credit Balance .. .	..	82,000
Receipts during 1879—80 ..		1,85,96,438
		1,86,78,438
Debited during do ..		1,84,93,617
Credit Balance		*1,84,821

* This balance includes 1,62,291 on account of the value of Railway stores received through the Secretary of State, credited by the Public Works to the Civil Department in March, but debited to the Public Works Department when payment was made into Her Majesty's Treasury in June 1880. The remainder consists of current remittances (Treasury and Department) which have been adjusted in 1880—81.

19. *Her Majesty's Treasury—*

Credit Balance		51,628
Receipts during 1879—80 ..		5,81,904
		6,33,532
Disbursements during 1879—80 ..	..	5,98,511
Credit Balance ..	..	35,021

This balance was adjusted in April 1880.

231. The cash balances in the Treasuries on the 31st March 1880 amounted to Rs. 48,39,024, *i. e.*, Rs. 1,94,546 more than at the close of 1878—79 as shewn below :—

Cash Balances—			Rs.	
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1879 ..			46,44,478	
Do of the Public Works Department ..			43,627	46,88,105
Revenue—				
Receipts for 1879-80 ..	..	1,08,57,549		
Expenditure	..	1,11,49,021		
Deficit on Revenue expenditure			2,91,472	
Public Debt—				
Credits	..	2,68,12,239		
Debits	..	2,63,55,074		
Excess of Credits ..			4,57,165	
Net Receipts ..			..	1,65,693
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1880 ..			48,39,024	
Do of Public Works Department ..			14,774	
Total Cash Balance on 31st March 1880 ..			..	48,53,798

(*B*) REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERIAL.

LOCAL FUNDS.

232. The demand and the actual collections under the items constituting Local Funds are as follow :—

Items.	1878—79.		1879—80.	
	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.
Local Cess...	4,25,318	4,75,664	5,57,748	5,58,581
Irrigation Cess	76,803	77,782	78,629	73,295
Sale of stray cattle and fines	27,822	27,822	25,589	25,589
Ferry collections	5,672	5,479	6,386	6,881
Miscellaneous	13,905	13,905	18,372	18,372
Total.	5,49,520	6,00,652	6,86,724	6,82,718

233. The balance uncollected at the end of the year was Rs. 2,72,884. Increase under the head "Local Cess" was due to the levy of one instead of ½ anna in the rupee of land and other items of revenue in the unsurveyed as well as in the surveyed taluks of the Province.

MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

234. The number of Municipalities during the year under review was 77, the same as in the previous year. The following statement exhibits their receipts and expenditure:—

Municipalities.	No.	Opening Balance.	Income.	Expenditure.
1. Cantonment of Bangalore	1	8,980	1,25,758	1,33,172
2. Town of Bangalore	1	5,436	61,627	66,275
3. Bangalore District	15	3,657	13,538	5,130
4. Kolar District	11	4,311	8,925	7,076
5. Túmkúr District	11	4,136	15,097	6,330
6. Shimoga District	8	17,065	23,845	17,766
7. Kadur District ... — ...	6	15,926	22,540	14,259
8. Chitaldroog District	3	1,667	7,556	7,654
9. Mysore District	11	42,885	1,03,276	89,482
10. Hassan District	10	2,959	10,606	5,141
Total.....	77	1,07,022	3,92,768	3,52,285

235. The receipts amounted to Rs. 3,92,768 against Rs. 3,61,499 in the year 1878—79 and were derived from the following sources:—

		Rs.
1.	Octroi	1,59,304
2.	House tax	83,137
3.	Receipts from licenses on trades ..	39,552
4.	Mohatarfa tax	28,555
5.	Rents	14,378
6.	Fines	1,884
7.	Miscellaneous	49,951
8.	Grants-in-aid	16,007
	Total.	3,92,768

236. Inclusive of the cash balance of Rs. 1,07,022, which was in hand on the 1st of April 1879, the total assets available for expenditure amounted to Rs. 4,99,790. The actual amount expended in the year was Rs. 3,52,285, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,47,505, to be carried over to the credit of the year 1880—81. The total expenditure was distributed as follows:—

1.	Head Office	20,436
2.	Collection	28,646
3.	Police	77,403
4.	Conservancy	73,450
5.	Lighting	14,135
6.	Construction and maintenance of roads ..	50,749
7.	Water-supply	6,013
8.	Drainage Works	31,420
9.	Buildings	11,535
10.	Other Public Works	6,437
11.	Charitable Institutions	2,877
12.	Miscellaneous	29,184
	Total	3,52,285

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

237. On the 1st of April 1879 a new system of registering births and deaths was instituted. The work is now done by the Patels of villages and registers are kept in each village, duplicates being sent to the taluk head-quarters for tabulation; it is possible in this way to test the accuracy of the registration by enquiries made on the spot with the registers in one's hand; and the greater facility thus given for discovering errors may be expected to induce greater accuracy and more care being taken in the work. The returns of nine months of the year are affected by the new system, and there is no doubt that, though much remains to be done, a marked improvement has been attained. The number of births registered was 49,666 or 9·82 per mille against 12,782 or 2·53 per mille in 1878; and it is probable that, though the great increase is mainly due to improved registration, there was a higher birth rate; for the people were in a more prosperous condition and a good many families who had strayed from home during the famine returned to their villages during the course of the year.

238. The normal registered birth rate before the famine was 7·7, but judging by the registered rate in the Bangalore Cantonment, which is likely to be nearly accurate, the real rate was probably four times that, or 30 per mille. If the same rate held good in 1879, the registration has so improved as to be one-third instead of one-fourth of the truth; or indeed allowing that the population has decreased, it is probably better than one-third. Of all the Districts in the Province Túmkúr has probably lost most in population, and Shimoga has probably gained, and accordingly it is noticeable in the returns that the birth rate in Shimoga is 15 per mille, the highest in the Province, but in Túmkúr it is lowest and only 5·76 per mille.

239. The recorded deaths also increased over those of 1878 but not nearly by so great a number as the births; they numbered 80,291 or 15·88 per mille of the population according to the Census of 1871. In all probability the actual number of deaths in 1879 was considerably less than in 1878, and the greater number recorded is entirely due to more accurate registration. As in the the case of births, the highest average is displayed in the Shimoga District, but the lowest was in Bangalore, which is closely followed however by Túmkúr.

240. The registration of deaths among the Native troops and in the jails where, at least, accuracy may be guaranteed, shews an improved death rate, though, curiously, the daily average sick displayed no decrease. In the Native army the death rate was 8·11 almost exactly half the rate of 1878. In jails the drop was much more sudden, though the rate is still exceedingly high, being 47·36 against 282·69. The health of the jail population continued to improve throughout the year and that the mortality was still so high is undoubtedly ascribable to the dregs of the famine still lingering among the prisoners, indeed it seems inevitable that for a few years to come the death rate of the jails must be maintained at a much higher figure than used to be the average up to 1875.

241. The returns of deaths according to season cannot be taken to shew which was the most unhealthy month, because the introduction of the new system of registration caused a sudden rise in April making that month appear the worst, though there was no epidemic nor increase of sickness to account for it. The registered mortality by ages shews a ratio of 34·64 for infants under one year; the least mortality is among children from 1 to 6 years; increasing gradually up to 20 years; the rise becomes more and more abrupt until the rate becomes 80·41 for males and 74·88 for females of 60 years and more.

242. The country was free from epidemics. Only 14 deaths are ascribed to cholera and as they were all in villages it is not unlikely that the symptoms of other ailments were mistaken for cholera. There is a considerable diminution in the deaths from small-pox too, which only numbered 278 or ·05 per mille. The principal cause of death as recorded is fever, from which there were 54,886 deaths or 10·86 per mille of the population. Fever is ascribed as a cause in many cases where it is rather a symptom of some other disease, and the registration of causes of mortality is by no means accurate; deaths from bowel-complaint are returned as only 6,998 for instance; and one or two fair sized towns return either no deaths at all, or a very few deaths from this cause. Making allowance however for this, it is still probable that a decrease in deaths from bowel-complaint occurred owing to general improvement in the public health.

EMIGRATION.

243. Nineteen emigrants embarked from Madras for Natal and the Mauritius, 14 men, 4 women and one child, of whom 15 were from Bangalore. Five returned from the Mauritius during the year and none from Natal. For the French Colonies 195 emigrants embarked, 177 from Pondicherry and 18 from Carical. The returns do not shew to which of the French Colonies the coolies emigrated, nor in the case of returned emigrants from the French Colonies, can it be ascertained how many belong to the Mysore Province.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

244. The number of hospitals and dispensaries remained unaltered; and excluding special hospitals, they comprised three first class hospitals, four second class and twelve of the third class, the last being purely dispensaries without any accommodation for the sick. Arrangements were however made for raising the 3rd class dispensary at Túmkúr to the 2nd class and for opening a new third class one at Kadur. These small dispensaries appear to be growing rapidly in popularity and it is no uncommon thing now to receive numerously signed petitions praying for the institutions of a dispensary in the town from which they write.

245. It is no sign of unpopularity, but a gratifying proof of the general improvement in the health of the people that the numbers of both in-patients and out-patients have decreased during the year, a fact that is further evidenced by a reduction in the death rate of hospital patients from 21·71 to 16·46. One hundred and fifty thousand and thirty persons came under medical treatment, of whom 3,998 were hospital patients. The decrease in the latter from the numbers of 1878 was 853 and the out-patients were less by 26,546.

246. According to the classification of diseases into general, including zymotic and constitutional, and local, there were treated 37,324 zymotic, 8,939 constitutional and 103,767 local cases. Of major operations 73 were performed resulting in the cure of 50 persons, and relief of one, while 15 died and 10 remain under treatment. The deaths are thus 20·5 per cent which is again an improvement on 24· in 1878.

247. Among diseases of most frequent occurrence fevers occupy by far the highest place, next come skin diseases, diseases of the eye, respiratory diseases and dysentery and diarrhœa in the order named. Cases of small-pox and cholera are rarely brought to hospital for treatment and during 1879 there were none of the former and

only 12 of the latter treated in the different hospitals, but indeed there were but a very few, if any, cholera cases in the Province and small-pox too was but little met with. There is a further satisfactory feature in the year's list of diseases in that admissions from diarrhœa and dysentery, and from dropsy have fallen in a marked manner; and though deaths from dysentery and diarrhœa are still by far the highest in proportion, and number 372·34 per mille of the deaths among in-patients, the death rate is much better than it was in 1878, and under dropsy the rate is just a quarter of that year. Fever though so frequent a cause of admission to treatment shews a very low rate of mortality, nearly all the cases being of the intermittent type.

248. The Lunatic Asylum and Leper Hospital, both in Bangalore, are the only special hospitals in the Province; but both at Bangalore and at Mysore maternity hospitals are under construction and nearly ready to open. In the Lunatic Asylum 35 admissions added to 129 remaining at the close of 1878, made the total patients 164, of whom 14 were discharged cured, 1 absconded and 11 died, leaving 138 at the end of the year. These figures shew that the Asylum was worked very successfully; the ratio of recoveries to admissions is 40 per cent, a figure not exceeded since 1873; and the death rate of 8·4 per cent of the total inmates is lower than usual.

249. In the Leper Asylum there were 43 inmates at the end of 1878, and 14 admissions during the year. The improved condition of the people has told in reducing the number seeking admission, as it has become so much more easy to obtain a livelihood outside the institution, and another effect was that 7 inmates obtained their discharge and 4 left clandestinely. There were 7 deaths, and at the close of the year the inmates numbered 39.

VACCINATION.

250. The work of the Vaccination Department was carried on by 84 Taluk Vaccinators who are paid by results with maxima of Rs. 15, 12 or 10 according to the class; by 22 medical subordinates attached to Hospitals and Dispensaries, and by 4 paid Vaccinators in the Bangalore Municipality.

251. The Taluk Vaccinators operated on 88,785 cases, being 1,188 less than in 1878—79, at a cost of Rs. 10,065—9—5, which gives an average cost of 2 annas 3¼ pie (within a fraction of a pie of the average of the previous year) for each of the 70,634 successful cases. The medical subordinates in Dispensaries vaccinated 935 cases, of which 731 were successful, and the Municipal Vaccinators vaccinated 2,430 cases, of which 2,099 were successful.

252. It appears therefore that the percentage of successful cases in Bangalore amounted to 94·6; while of the operations conducted by Taluk Vaccinators it was only 79·5. As cases in which the result is unknown swell the numbers of unsuccessful cases, the difference may be due to the greater ease with which in a Municipality persons operated on can be found and the results ascertained and noted. It is satisfactory that out of 10,658 children taken at haphazard and examined by medical subordinates, as many as 4,510 or 42·3 per cent bore marks of vaccination.

253. More attention has been given both by Medical and Revenue Officers to inspection than before, and the number of dispensary operations has risen. These are good signs and much benefit may arise from the institution of a healthy competition between the paid Vaccinators and Medical Subordinates.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

254. During the year under review, the re-organized agency for inspection described in last report has been in full operation, and the standards of education prescribed by the Government of India have been generally introduced.

255. With the return of more prosperous seasons, there has been an increase in the aggregate number of pupils under instruction, which has risen from 34,378 at the close of last year to 36,723 at the close of the present one, although the num-

ber of schools is fewer by four. It is gratifying to note that the addition is chiefly due to the Hobli schools. The following comparative statement gives the details:—

Year.	Government.		Aided.		Total.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
1878—79	875	25,620	180	8,758	1,055	34,378
1879—80	871	28,054	180	8,669	1,051	36,723

256. The numbers attending the above schools include 33,093 boys and 3,630 girls. But these figures do not embrace all the juvenile instruction of the country, as there are numerous private and unaided schools, of which no account is taken in the new statistical forms from their not being under regular inspection.

257. The number and strength of the different grades of schools, both Government and Aided, are given in the subjoined statement:—

Class of Institutions.	Government.		Aided.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
University Education.				
Colleges	3	112	1	7
Secondary Education.				
High Schools, English ... ... Boys ...	8	310	6	326
Girls ...	...	..	2	21
Do Vernacular ... ... Boys ...	...	...	2	40
Middle Schools, English... ... ... Boys ...	12	572	12	560
Girls ...	...	...	6	93
Do Vernacular ... ... Boys ...	67	611	26	344
Girls ...	2	5	5	51
Primary Education.				
Primary Schools, English ... ... Boys ...	13	551	19	1,357
Girls ...	...	...	6	219
Do Vernacular ... ... Boys ...	748	24,519	62	3,414
Girls ...	12	444	32	2,195
Special or technical training.				
Engineering and other Schools	6	950	1	42
Total... ...	871	28,054	180	8,669

258. The pupils in Government and Aided schools being classified according to creed or nationality and distributed under the several grades of instruction, the following is the result:—

Grade of Instruction.	University.	Secondary.	Primary.	Special.	Total.
Hindus ... ... Boys ...	109	2,267	25,543	676	30,571
Girls ...	...	50	1,900	26	
Muhammadans ... Boys ...	...	171	3,138	72	3,648
Girls ...	...	...	267	...	
Europeans and Eurasians ... Boys ...	9	246	414	43	1,046
Girls ...	1	114	219	...	
Native Christians ... Boys ...	...	78	672	...	1,194
Girls ...	...	6	438	...	
Others ... ... Boys ...	...	1	54	175	264
Girls ...	...	...	34	...	
Total...	119	2,933	32,679	992	36,723

259. The success which attended the University examinations in the Colleges and High Schools is shewn in the following table. The results were much more favorable than last year, especially as regards the Matriculation examination :—

Colleges and High Schools from which Candidates appeared.	B. A. Degree Examination.		F. A. Examination.		Matriculation Examination.		Total.	
	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.
Bangalore Central College	7	2	16	9	39	15	62	26
Mysore Maha Raja's do	...	...	4	3	18	14	22	17
Shimoga do	...	...	4	1	8	5	12	6
Bishop Cotton's do (Aided) ...	...	...	5	4	12	5	17	9
Other Government High Schools at District Head-quarters	...	...	...	...	19	6	19	6
Other Aided High Schools	...	...	...	...	58	41	58	41
Private Study	...	...	2	2	6	6	8	8
Total.....	7	2	31	19	160	92	198	113

260. The middle class and primary English schools consist of the corresponding classes of the higher schools and a few minor aided schools in the Town of Bangalore chiefly for the education of European and Eurasian children. Government Vernacular schools for middle class and primary instruction are established at all the taluk kasbas and in all the larger villages, and are generally well attended. The few aided schools for Vernacular instruction in Kanarese, Tamil and Telugu consist chefly of those maintained by the Wesleyan Mission in the Túmkúr District and in the Towns of Bangalore and Mysore. The Hindustani aided schools are chiefly in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, and there are besides 9 Sanskrit aided schools in different parts of the Province. The progress in all these schools generally is reported in favorable terms.

261. Female education is yet in its infancy, and does not admit of any systematic arrangements on the part of Government. There are but 12 scattered Government Vernacular schools in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts. The rest are aided schools established almost entirely by the Missionary societies in the Towns of Bangalore, Mysore and Túmkúr. The rural Hindu population however seem to have no objection to send their daughters to the Hobli schools for education along with their boys, and it is also reported that 25 Muhammadan girls of the rural classes are reading with the boys in the Hindustani school established at the taluk kasba of Sidlaghatta.

262. The difficulty of continuing the system of guarantee of appointments owing to approaching changes in the Administration and the uncertain demands of the public service, the very small number of students who, notwithstanding such guarantee, presented themselves for instruction in the higher course of Engineering, and the consequent extreme costliness of the institution have necessitated the abolition of the Bangalore School of Engineering on a collegiate scale, and arrangements are being made for replacing it by schools for elementary instruction in Engineering, Medicine and the Natural Sciences on a more extended scale, scholarships being provided for advanced students of promise to complete the higher course in the Engineering and Medical Colleges of Bombay and Madras. Arrangements will also be shortly made for establishing one or more Normal schools for the training of masters for Vernacular Taluk and Hobli schools.

263. The remaining schools shewn under the head of special schools comprise the Jail schools at Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga and the Juvenile Reformatory in which 945 convicts are returned as under instruction.

264. The Government expenditure on education from Provincial and Local Funds amounted during the year to Rs. 3,10,953, and may be thus classified :—

Head of Charge.	Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.
Direction	18,331	...	...
Inspection	15,585	9,613	...
Government Schools	1,23,423	73,079	2,831
Grants to Aided Schools	46,315	...	...
Scholarships	1,632	...	...
Miscellaneous	15,785	4,359	...
Total.....	22,1,071	87,051	2,831
	3,10,953		

265. The charges of the Taluk Vernacular schools hitherto met from the Provincial revenue, amounting to Rs. 47,700, have been transferred to Local Funds.

266. The expenditure in Aided schools other than from Government grants is returned at Rs. 81,311 raising the total amount spent on education during the year to Rs. 3,92,264.

267. The receipts from fees in the Government schools amounted to Rs. 18,174 as against Rs. 14,493 in the previous year; the increase being attributed to the withdrawal of the remissions previously allowed on account of the pressure of the famine. Admission to the Hubli schools is free and only nominal fees are collected in the Taluk Vernacular schools. The fees collected in the Aided schools amounted to Rs. 37,108.

268. The educational grants made by Government are thus distributed :—

	Rs.
Church of England .. .	9,840
Do of Scotland	3,960
Wesleyan Mission	11,484
London Mission	4,500
Roman Catholic	6,240
Hindu	3,948
Muhammadan	5,383
General	960

and as regards the languages taught may be classified as follows :—

English	25,300
Kanarese	9,962
Tamil and Telugu	2,932
Hindustani	5,494
Sanskrit	2,627

269. The Government receipts on account of education were :—

Under Provincial Funds—

	Rs.	
From school fees	18,174	
From sale of books	14,231	
		32,405

Under Local Funds—

Educational share of the local cess collections	1,33,790	
Municipal contributions	2,831	
		1,36,621
Total....		1,69,026

270. It is under contemplation to provide a separate head of advance for the transactions connected with the purchase and sale of books.

LITERATURE.

271. An Agricultural Class Book prepared by Mr. Harman has been translated for use in the Vernacular schools, and the Sanitary Primer for Indian schools by Dr. Cuningham for the Government of India is now under translation. The private publications registered during the year amounted to 27 and are of the ordinary kinds.

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

272. *Roman Catholic Mission.*—Including 1,694 Europeans and East Indians the Catholic population of the Province amounts to 22,426 as far as can be known. The Province contains 55 parochial churches besides 2 collegial and 4 conventical chapels. Besides the Bishop there are 20 European Missionaries and 7 Native Priests employed in the Province, either for parochial duties or educational purposes. They are all subject to the Vicar Apostolic, as the Archbishop of Goa has no church in Mysore.

273. There are 2 orphanages for Europeans and East Indians numbering (besides the military pensioned children) 84 orphans of both sexes, and 8 orphanages for Natives. The total number of orphans is 1,278. There are in the Province 8 English schools with an attendance of 500 children of all classes, and 19 Vernacular schools attended by about 1,080 children.

274. Three farms have been lately started for the purpose of teaching agriculture to the famine boys. The girls are taken care of in the Convents of Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga and Shethalli. The Convent of Bangalore affords superior education to a number of European girls, and for the youths of the Mission there is an ecclesiastical Seminary and a High School (St. Joseph's) with a large staff of priests and other teachers.

275. *Wesleyan Mission.*—The Wesleyan Mission has 14 stations in the Mysore Province occupied by 12 European Missionaries, three Native Ministers, and 12 Catechists. Four stations, *viz.*, Chikballapur, Dodballapur, Channapatna and Davangere have been recently occupied. The communicants number 587, and the adherents 1,916.

276. In connection with the mission there are two High schools with 622 pupils, two boys' orphanages with 256 pupils and 31 Vernacular boys' schools with 2,125 pupils. For girls there are one English school with 36 pupils, three orphanages with 203 pupils and 18 Vernacular schools with 1,353 pupils.

277. *London Missionary Society.*—The London Missionary Society occupies 3 stations in the Mysore Territory, *viz.*, Bangalore, Malur, and Anekal. Its operations are carried on by 3 European Missionaries, 2 Native Ministers, 8 Native Preachers, and 47 School Teachers. The number of Native-Christians connected with the mission is 372. It has also under its care 13 schools; 7 for boys and young men, and 6 for girls, containing altogether a total of 1,142 scholars, 627 male and 515 female. Of these schools one educates up to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University, at whose last examination 12 of the students passed.

278. There is also an orphanage into which many famine orphans were admitted, of whom only 25 now remain.

279. Much time is devoted by one of the Missionaries to the preparation and circulation of school books and Vernacular literature, of which the circulation during last year was 120,686 copies.

MUZRAYI.

280. The fixed annual grant to muzrayi institutions in the Province is Rs. 2,92,986—3—7 distributed as shewn in para 446 of the previous year's report.

281. The receipts and expenditure during the year are given below ;—

Receipts.

		Rs.	A.	P.			
Money allowances	In money	2,46,887	12	9			
	In land	62,974	4	3			
Private contributions, &c.		30,008	6	7			
	Total....	3,39,870	7	7			
Add surplus at the end of the preceding year		1,21,906	7	4			
					Total....	4,61,776	14 11

Expenditure.

	Rs.	A.	P.			
1. Hindu and Jain Devasthans or temples ..	1,80,019	10	4			
2. Chattrams	51,045	14	6			
3. Dargas	6,251	7	8			
4. Matts	52,797	2	1			
5. Masjids	2,397	2	10			
6. Langarkhanas	2,649	9	9			
7. Miscellaneous	24,721	7	7			
				Total....	3,19,882	6 9
Surplus Muzrayi to the credit of the Institutions at the end of the year ..	..		..		1,41,894	8 2

282. The above expenditure includes the following items not provided for in the ordinary *tasdik* of the institutions : —

Repairs ..	..	..	5,454	4	6
Temple establishments	..	..	3,528	15	9
Taluk do	..	..	1,032	15	4
District do	..	..	3,416	12	10
Contingencies	..	..	62	8	9
		Total.....	13,495	9	2

283. The condition of the puduvat funds was the same as shewn in the preceding year's report. No fresh investments in Government promissory notes were made during the year.

284. A revision of the muzrayi expenditure in view to making it more useful to the public without in any way withholding or diminishing the grants is under consideration.

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

285. For the first time the number of visitors to the Museum during the year has decreased, but this is probably owing to the fact that the people of the Town of Bangalore have less occasion now to visit an institution with which they have already rendered themselves familiar. It is evident, however, from the greatest number of visitors in any one day having risen during the year as high as 12,027 on the occasion of the Dasara festival, when many villagers visit Bangalore, that the Museum is increasing in popularity with the people of the interior.

286. Two hundred and eighty-five new specimens were added during the year, 74 of which were contributed by 19 donors, and 23 volumes of books were added to the Library which now consists of 519 volumes. The total cost of the institution was Rs. 2,185.

APPENDICES,

STATISTICAL TABLES.

APPENDICES.

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STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. *Area cultivated and uncultivated and Communications.*

Districts.	Total area in square miles.				Un-appropriated culturable waste in acres.			Communications, Mileage of—			Remarks.
	Cultivated.	Waste.		Total.	Remaining last year.	Sold or granted during the year.	Remaining at close of the year.	Water distinguishing navigable rivers and canals.	Made roads, 1st 2nd and 3rd class.	Rail Roads.	
		Culturable.	Unculturable.						Miles. F.	Miles.	
Bangalore	882	796	1,223	2,901	492,658	10,888	509,561	...	511 7	19½	The total area can only be accurately given after the whole Province is surveyed by the Revenue Survey Department. The area given in the column "Total" includes both the unsurveyed and surveyed portion of the Province.
Kolar	692	324	875	1,891	202,420	13,827	207,510	...	419 4	31½	
Túmkúr	771	1,518	1,131	3,420	958,377	29,116	971,582	...	491 6	...	
Mysore...	1,138	152	1,690	2,980	83,304	3,572	97,450	...	563 4	...	
Hassan...	710	172	927	1,809	49,584	10,232	109,768	...	588 4	...	
Shimoga	1,194	438	2,165	3,797	272,800	10,511	280,441	...	...	...	
Kadur	545	489	2,041	3,075	298,800	9,976	312,869	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	1,419	1,598	1,854	4,871	922,742	55,109	1,022,647	...	454 6	...	
Total.....	7,351	5,487	11,906	24,744	3,239,685	143,231	3,511,828	...	...	...	

I. A.—PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges.		The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it, from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Droogs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:—
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate. Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennar, the Palar and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—the principal food of the people. Tullar—a kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

3. *Climate.*

Places at which observations were taken and year for which taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks.
					May.				July.				December.							
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
Bangalore	I. C. 11·74	I. C. 18·45	I. C. 10·48	I. C. 40·67	88·8	68 1	99·4	62·3	83·1	65·6	87·6	63·1	80·1	60·1	84·2	52·4	35	62	44	
Kolar	7·66	14·46	4·37	26·49	82·5	77·11	10·1	76·	78·14	71·8	79·	70·	81·5	67·12	83·	65·				
Tumkúr	7·84	21·89	5·9	34·82	86·2	64·1	94·	56·	86·2	58·1	90·	54.	84·7	62·6	86·	60·				
Mysore	8·18	12·44	5·66	26·28	85·5	68·5	99·	64·	82·	68·	85·	62·	82·	68·	86·	61·				
Hassan	11·43	15·66	6·97	34·11	84·	66·	95·	63·	81·	65·	84·	63·	83·	56·	88·	36·				
Shimoga	9·86	21·21	4·70	35·77	Information not available.															
Chikmagalur	13·26	15·63	11·27	40·21	Do															
Chitaldrog	10·49	11·17	3·23	24·89	Do															
Total.....	80·51	130·96	51·77	263·24																
General Average...	10·6	16·37	6·47	32·90																

I. B. POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1. *Native States.*

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or feudatory.	Tribute in Men or Money.	Population.	Supposed Gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit Duties or not.	Principal Articles of production including manufactures and mines.

2. *Native Chiefs and Principal Male Members of their families.*

Name of individual and State and Family to which he belongs.	Present Position.	Caste or Race and Religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows Primogeniture or not.	Has Male Heirs or not.	Remarks.
						Nil			

I. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF MYSORE TERRITORY.

The Government of the Province is administered by the Chief Commissioner in the Name of the Maha Raja. This Officer was nominated in 1834 *as sole Commissioner in supersession of Joint Commissioners originally appointed in* 1831—32 ; *in* 1843 *the duties of Resident were superadded, that Office as a separte post being abolished.*

Names of Executive Districts.	No. of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.	Number of Villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue, Imperial. Land.	Revenue, Imperial. Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bangalore	15	2,901	828,354	Town and Cantonment of Bangalore 142,513...	5,502	20	19	17½	11	599	1,11,483 12 1	869,347 4 9	15,30,036 12 6½	*Chief Comm'r's Treasury.
Kolar	16	1,891	618,954	Kolar ... ... 9,924...	5,587	17	17	22½	10½	484	54,691 0 3	881,080 3 1	10,06,690 11 2	
Túmkúr	12	3,420	632,539	Túmkúr ... ... 11,170...	5,010	13	15	22½	17	527	59,394 4 1	810,047 3 5	967,628 8 5	
Mysor	19	2,980	943,187	Mysore ... ... 57,815...	4,741	23	23	43	22	680	70 477 3 4	999,141 4 10	15,22,927 2 7	
Hassan	14	1,869	668,417	Hassan ... ... 6,305...	4,915	13	15	22	11	489	51,863 14 8	941,665 7 2	11 27,410 2 3	
Shimoga	14	3,797	498,976	Shimoga ... ... 11,034...	3,759	17	16	27	19½	500	57,173 3 2	12,02,837 11 6	16,11,556 14 5	
Kadur	10	3,675	333,925	Chikmagalur ... ... 2,027...	3,297	11	11	33	21	355	43,005 0 10	671,270 9 2	921,164 3 3	
Chitaldroog	13	4,871	531,360	Chitaldroog ... ... 3,812...	2,161	14	14	48	12	570	65,228 12 2	599,517 0 7	736,547 13 5	
											23,569 13 6		5,05,655 2 6½	
Total	113	24,744	5,055,412		34,966					4,204	5,36,687 0 1	69,75,406 12 6	99,29,517 6 6*	

I D. POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited Houses. No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Inhabited Houses. No. of all other kinds.	Inhabited Houses. Total.	Population (According to Census of 1871.) Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years. Male.	Children under 12 years. Female.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Classification of Population. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Occupation. Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	Prevailing language.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.	Remarks.
Bangalore	2,223	174,398	176,621	271,784	271,938	142,749	141,87.	828,354	284	17,613	756,693	53,485	1	562	145,823	782,529			
Kolar	292	165,600	165,892	206,282	205,351	103,455	103,918	618,954	240	613	592,652	25,038	0	651	132,872	486,082			
Túmkúr	12	123,435	123,447	199,808	208,716	115,632	113,083	832,239	175	709	609,510	20,535	0	1,475	131,769	500,470			
Mysore	303	167,653	167,956	287,175	308,437	180,387	167,188	943,187	2.2	2,249	898,897	39,790	37	2,214	171,047	772,140			
Hassan	87	127,050	127,137	199,202	215,104	129,122	124,989	668,417	203	2,670	649,933	14,460	0	1,954	141,794	526,624			
Shimoga	24	99,311	99,335	170,267	155,485	88,179	85,045	498,976	131	984	468,351	25,598	1	4,042	128,617	270,359			
Kadur	...	74,490	74,490	109,653	103,660	60,684	59,92.	333,925	145	568	320,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	265,691			
Chitaldroog	4	91,379	91,383	168,857	159,507	102,730	100,266	531,360	118	270	512,193	18,068	4	825	114,406	416,954			
Total.....	2,945	10,23,316	10,26, 61	1,612,988	1,623,198	922,936	896,290	5,055,412	187	25,676	4,807,667	208,991	43	13,035	1,034,563	40,20,849	Kanarese.		A great loss of population has resulted from the Famine since the Census of 1871.

I. E. FISCAL.

1. *The Survey and Settlement.*

Area previously surveyed in miles, up to 31st March 1879.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year ending 31st March 1880 with cost per mile.			
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	Revenue. By Villages.	Revenue. By Fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical on one scale.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
27,069	*8,903	14,670	832,253	Nil.	34—0—5.	19,688 miles at Rs. 165—5—11 per mile.	Nil.	† 2,087 at Rs. 40—10—5 per square mile.	973 miles at Rs. 242—13—7 per mile.	The cost per square mile of the present year's work is approximate only.

Note.—Cost of classification and settlement is included in cost per mile shown in columns 7 and 10 above.
† 1,911 square miles completed up to May. 176 will be completed during September.

* Also 839 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches = 1 mile.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in Miles.	Annual Revenue assessed.	Date of expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
Settled in perpetuity	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
For 30 years	12,244	33,59,881	1894—95, 1901—2, 1901—2, 1902—3, 1906—7, 1907—8, & 1908—9	
For 10 years and ended 30...	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do do 10...	Do	Do	Do	
Do in progress	Do	Do	Do	Settlements introduced during the field season of 1880 were made to take effect from 1st April 1880 and will appear in the returns of the year 1880—81.
Total up to 31st March 1879.....	12,244	33,59,881	...	
Settlement previously made including full record of rights	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do without record	Do	Do	Do	
Settlement during the year { Detailed	1,334	4,37,289	1,910	
Settlement during the year { Summary	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

2. *Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1879—80.

Districts.	Cultivated. Irrigated. By Government works.	Cultivated. Irrigated. By Private individuals.	Cultivated. Unirrigated.	Cultivated. Total.	Uncultivated. Grazing lands.	Uncultivated. Culturable.	Uncultivated. Unculturable waste.	Total Area assessed, Columns 5 and 7.	Assessment. Gross Amount. Land Revenue of the extent shown in Column 5.	Assessment. Gross Amount. Grazing land.	Assessment. Gross Amount. Total.	Rate per Acre on Cultivation.	Rate per Acre on culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Chitaldroog	20,759 33	4,380 4	8,43,177 36	9,06,317 33	4,38,935 20	10,22,647 5	7,49,727 18	19,28,764 38	5,49,878 3 3	14,386 5 6	5,64,264 8 9	... 10 6		
Shimoga	2,06,8 0 7	23,265 33	3,14,097 30	5,44,193 0	6,33,271 39	3,72,473 37	8,74,340 3	9,6,67 27	10,79,654 7 7	15,923 13 6	10,94,588 5 1	1 15 7		
Tumkur	26,088 33	33,411 34	2,76,151 11	3,35,651 33	94,899 18	3,78,554 0	4,54,848 30	7,14,205 38	4,91,753 8 3	8,432 10 11	5,00,186 3 2	1 6 8		
Bangalore	15,416 8	6,792 7	1,64,35 2	1,86,243 17	1,10,758 3	1,01,810 4	76,063 35	2,88,154 11	2,25,182 4 6	12,915 4 3	3,08,097 8 9	1 10 2		
Kolar	5,778 18	2,201 15	21,257 35	29,237 28	17,414 38	36,909 34	40,592 23	66,147 22	65,258 8 2	499 15 0	165,758 7 2	2 2 5		
Hassan	15,294 7	5,084 23	67,702 26	90,381 6	30,293 13	22,640 0	43,740 27	1,13,021 16	1,52,615 4 10	2,803 2 9	1,55,418 7 7	1 12 10		
* Kadur	37,748 7	18,723 12	1,87,933 9	2,44,401 28	2,43,255 11	2,55,452 34	19,4,749 31	4,79,857 22	3,49,487 7 2	4,378 2 7	3,53,865 9 9	1 3 6		
Total.....	3,27,915 33	1,37,859 8	18,50,755 29	23,16,530 30	15,66,828 12	21,90,488 24	23,74,066 7	45,07,019 14	29,83,839 11 9	57,339 6 6	30,41,179 2 3			

I. E. FISCAL.

3. *Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Estates.	Number of Villages.	Number of Holders and Share-holders.	Gross Area in Acres.	Average Area of each Estate.	Average Assessment of each Estate.	Revenue Rate per Acre.	Supposed net profit per Acre.
Correct information not available.								

4. *Varieties of Tenure not held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Holdings.	Average Area of each Holding.	Average Rent of each Holding.	Average Rent Rate per Acre.
Correct information not available.				

5. *Register of Transfers.*

Nature of Tenure transferred.	Number of Transfers recorded.			Average Area in Acres of each holding transferred.		
	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.
Correct information not available.						

I. E. FISCAL.

6. *Land Revenue for the year* 1879—80.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue for 1878—79.		Revenue for 1879—80.		Cost of Collection.	Net Collection during the year.	Outstanding Balances.	Number of Sales for Arrears of Revenue.	Revenue of Estates sold.	Cause of Increase or Decrease of revenue with explanation of any items realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
From settled estates bearing revenue in past year (Jodi, Kayamgutta and Minor Inams)	3,94,815 11 1		4,15,721 12 5							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the present year ...	20,906 1 4		16,677 15 10							
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during the present year ...	...		...							
Collections from Government estates (Ryotwar)	65,27,890 13 11	52,09,436—15—9	63,15,817 1 4	55,68,716—6—2	6,38,087—14—0	49,30,628—8—2	13,54,962—8—9	6,008	76,172—1—9	
Income from sale of Government estates	8,313 15 10		3,607 3 8							
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	3,64,075 9 9		2,43,050 3 10							
Total.....	73,16,002 3 11	52,09,436—15—9	69,94,874 5 1	* 55,68,716—6—2	6,38,871-4-0	49,30,628-8-2	13,54,962-8-9	6,008	76,172—1—9	

* Exclusive of remission granted, Rs. 71,195—6—2.

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATURE.

1. *Statement of Acts of the Indian Legislature extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879—80.

Title of Act.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date on which extended.
Act XXVI of 1870—The Prisons Act	The Chief Commissioner	An Act to amend the law relating to prisons	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notfication No. 248 I. J., dated 4th September 1879.
Act X of 1871—The Excise Act...	Do do	An Act to amend the laws relating to the excise revenue ...	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 251 I. J., dated 12th September 1879.
Act I of 1878...The Opium Act	Do do	An Act to amend the law relating to opium	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 931 I. J., dated 21st November 1879.
Act XI of 1878—The Indian Arms Act	Do do	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to arms, ammunition, and Military stores	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 27 I. J., dated 7th January 1880.
(Madras) Act VIII of 1878—The Coffee Stealing Prevention Act	Do do	An Act to prevent thefts of coffee	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 130 I. J., dated 9th June 1879.
Act I of 1879—The General Stamp Act	Do do	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to stamps	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 99 I. J., dated 22nd May 18 79.
Act IV of 1879—The Indian Railway Act	Do do	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Railways in India	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 132 I. J., dated 10th June 1879.
Act XII of 1879—Amending the Code of Civil Procedure, the Registration Act and the Limitation Act	Do do	An Act to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, the Registration Act, 1877, and the Limitation Act, 1877 ...	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 220 I. J., dated 19th November 1879.

Statements 2 *and* 3.—These are blank.

II. B. JUDICIAL.

1. *Statement shewing the various Judicial Tribunals, Original and Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year* 1879.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Native.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.									All duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all duties connected with their offices.						
Ashtagram ...	0	...	...	0	0			...	...	...	0	...	...	0 0	Included under the head of Amildars.		...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1	...	865	0 0			321	...	321	...	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	300	0 0			58	...	358	...	...	...
Total...	9	...	..	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	679	...	...	...
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Do	Do									Do						
Ashtagram ...	2	...	...	2	1			...	...	...	2	...	900	0 0			269	...	240	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	11	...	...	11	1			...	...	...	11	...	468	0 0			220	...	434	...	...	...
Nagar ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6	...	300	0 0			75	...	72	...	...	...
Total.....	19	...	...	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	746	...	...	...
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class with the exception of 8 in Nundydroog and 7 in Nagar who exercise 2nd Class powers.	Do										General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Talúks.						
Ashtagram ...	21	...	...	21	1			...	...	...	21	...	2,759	2 11	27,638	9 2	837	15 0	269	...	1,469	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	27	...	...	27	1			...	...	...	27	...	1,549	5 4	41,953	15 4	900	13 0	287	...	2,353	...	...	...
Nagar ...	22	...	...	22	1			...	...	...	22	...	1,061	0 0	31,455	0 0	677	2 0	280	...	1,070	...	...	...
Total.....	70	...	...	70	1	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	1,01,047	8 6	2,415	14 0	...	...	4,892	...	...	...
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil and Criminal powers.						Dispose of Civil suits up to Rs. 500 in value and some have small cause powers up to Rs. 50, within the Head-Quarter Towns; also exercise the powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate.	Do										General supervision of their Courts. Some of the Munsiffs are also Sub-Registrars.						
Ashtagram ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6	...	2,550	0 0	24,357	7 4	36,786	2 5	217	...	208	4,546	...	...
Nundydroog ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	1	7	2,438 11	3 2,165	5 4	31,125	0 7	45,157	12 6	198	...	229	5,948	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	1,837	0 0	30,584	0 0	21,356	7 6	232	...	206	2,467	...	...
Total.....	22	...	...	22	1	...	...	...	...	1	21	...	...	...	86,066	7 11	1,03,300	6 5	...	...	643	12,961	...	...

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Europeans. Commissioned Military Officers.	Europeans. Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Sar Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.																						
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercises powers of a 1st Class Magistrate.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.	...	...	1	...	3,600	...	5,020 4 6	279 4 0	Sub-Registrar for the Cantonment of Bangalore and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.	289	...	1,321	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of 1st Class.	Do									The Town Magistrate of Mysore superintends the Mysore Town Police and is President of the Municipal Board. The Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore is also the Judge of the Small Cause Court.						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	1	...	5,454 12 5	...	8,508 3 2	174 6 0		269	...	411	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	1	...	2,451 9 10	...	5,328 14 10	222 2 0		246	...	401	...	3	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	13,837 2 ...	396 8 0	...	...	...	812	...	3	...
Subordinate Judges—Exercising Civil and Criminal powers.						Dispose of Original Civil suits from Rs. 500 to 5,000, with small cause powers up to Rs. 500 within the Head-quarter Towns and appellate powers from Munsiffs; also exercise powers of a 1st Class and 3 of a 2nd Class Magistrate.	Do															
Ashtagram ...	2	...	...	2	1			...	...	2	...	4,800	...	15,905 12 3	21,435 12 10		269	...	70	857	1	191
Nundydroog ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	...	1	2	6,000	...	3,300	28,773 3 8	3 ,227 3 6	114	...	119	983	12	346
Nagar ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	...	...	3	...	...	3,014	20,631	20,104 12 9	232	...	114	638	13	91
Total.....	8	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	65,309 15 11	73,767 13 1	...	...	...	303	2,478	26	628

Small Cause Court confined to proper functions.																																
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	The Court is constituted under Act XI of 1865 and consists of 1 Judge and 1 Registrar.		The Judge has small cause jurisdiction up to Rs. 500. The Registrar up to Rs. 20.	Do	...	...	1	...	12,000	...	...	...	...	24,206	15	9	39,265	15	...	...	...	...	...	6,167	...	...
Honorary Magistrate, Jahagirdar of Yelandur—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers within the limits of the Jahagir (Unpaid).																								The present Jahagirdar is an Assistant Commissioner in the Mysore Commission.								
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	...	Exercises powers of a 1st Class Magistrate.	Do	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	269	...	14	...	...	...
General Assistant Commissioners—Exercising Criminal and Revenue powers.																								Generally assist the Deputy Commissioners in all branches of duties except in Civil matters.								
Ashtagram ...	5	...	...	5	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate 1O of the 1st and 4 of the 2nd Class. The former dispose of appeals from the decisions of the 3rd Class Magistrate.	Do	...	...	5	...	6,850	...	...	25,619	15	3	260	14	...					269	...	460	...	27	...
Nundydroog ...	4	...	...	4	1			...	...	4	...	4,500	...	...	18,000	...	...	13	9	...					171	...	333	...	18	...
Nagar ...	5	...	...	5	1			...	...	5	...	1,390	...	...	11,443	...	...	120	10	...					167	...	224	...	...	...
Total... ..	14	...	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	55,062	15	3	395	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,019	...	45	...
Deputy Commissioners—Exercising powers of a Magistrate of District in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.																								General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, Public Works, Police, &c.								
Ashtagram ...	2	3,641	8,05,802	2	1	Exercise powers of a Magistrate of a District with enhanced powers at Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore, and Hassan under Section 36 of Act X of 1872. Hear appeals from the decisions of 3rd Class Magistrates in Criminal cases.	Do	...	2	...	...	7,317	2	4	...	...	...	21,662	7	...	629	2	...					269	...	41	...	36	5
Nundydroog ...	3	2,799	6,93,186	3	1			...	...	1	2	20,000	...	...	10,000	...	...	28,380	13	3	229	11	...					235	...	97	2	70	1
Nagar ...	3	3,590	3,23,736	3	1			...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3,660	...	...	22,834	...	...	1,709	9	...					280	...	137	3	41	16
Total.....	8	3,307	5,82,795	8	1	...	...	...	2	1	5	...	...	...	72,877	4	3	2,568	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	275	5	147	22		
District and Sessions Judges Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge.						Exercise powers of a Sessions Judge and have unlimited pecuniary jurisdiction with power to hear appeals from the decisions of the Subordinate Judges in Civil cases and of the 1st Class and District Magistrates in Criminal cases.																			The Sessions Judge of Ashtagram is also Sessions Judge of Coorg.								
Ashtagram ...	1	7,282	16,11,604	1	1			...	1	...	...	30,000	...	...	...	...	...	37,684	3	7	7,823	11	...					...	...	44	8	61	69
Nundydroog ...	1	8,398	20,79,547	1	1		Do	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	14,400	...	...	20,907	11	3	12,740	15	...					289	...	104	9	55	103
Nagar ...	1	10,770	9,71,208	1	1			...	1	...	...	12,709	...	...	...	...	...	21,515	...	...	3,645	12	...					216	...	58	3	22	35
Total.....	3	8,817	15,54,119	3	1	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	80,106	14	10	24,210	6	...	...	...	...	...	206	20	138	207		

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	26,450	46,62,359	1	1	Exercises powers of a High Court and original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.	1	.....	.....	.....	38,000	.....	.....	61,873 5 11	8,262 15 ... Also Inspector General of Jails in Mysore and Coorg and Judicial Commissioner of Coorg	126	...	2	1	114	93
Grand Total.....	159	26,450	46,62,359	159	1	...	...	1	4	6	148	.....	.....	5,65,408	13 10	2,54,862 8 6	...	...	10,912	21,632	473	950

ABSTRACT.

Courts.	Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appellate. Criminal.	Appellate. Civil.
Peshkars and Sheristadars	28	...	...	...
Amildars	70	...	..	...
Munsiffs	22	22	...	...
Sar-Amin	1	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	2	...	...	...
Subordinate Judges	8	8	5	8
Small Cause Court, Bangalore ...	...	1	...	...
General Assistant Commissioners ...	14	...	10	...
Deputy Commissioners	8	...	8	...
District and Sessions Judges ...	3	3	3	3
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	1	1	1
Total.....	157	35	27	12

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL).

2. *Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS I.									
OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC AND JUSTICE.									
Against the State,									
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.									
Counterfeiting coin	231 to 238	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	3	10	2	4	4	...	
		Nagar	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	4	10	2	4	4	...	
Diminishing or altering coin	246 to 249	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altering coin	239 to 243 and 250 to 254	Ashtagram	19	21	9	12	...	...	
		Nundydroog	12	13	11	2	...	...	
		Nagar	10	9	...	9	...	...	
		Total	41	43	20	23	...	...	
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps or effacing or altering same	260 to 263	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	2	2	...	2	...	...	
Making, using or possessing false weights or measures	264—267	Ashtagram	41	73	24	49	...	...	
		Nundydroog	19	28	3	25	...	...	
		Nagar	7	8	2	6	...	...	
		Total	67	109	29	80	...	...	
Against Public Justice.									
Personating public servant or soldier	140—170 and 171	Ashtagram	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	4	4	2	2	...	...	
Omitting to give information of an offence or giving false information	176—177 181—182 202—203	Ashtagram	8	12	2	10	...	...	
		Nundydroog	5	10	2	8	...	...	
		Nagar	10	12	5	7	...	...	
		Total	23	24	9	25	...	...	
Causing disappearance of evidence	201 to 204	Ashtagram	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	1	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total	3	7	2	5	...	...	
Resisting, obstructing or omitting to assist public servant	183—187 189—190	Ashtagram	6	12	5	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog	7	12	9	3	...	...	
		Nagar	6	10	3	7	...	...	
		Total	19	34	17	17	...	...	
Disobedience of lawful order and causing injury	188	Ashtagram	2	5	5	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	12	35	17	12	6	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	14	40	22	12	6	...	
Harbouring an offender	212 to 215	Ashtagram	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender	213 to 215	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue	224 to 225	Ashtagram	8	11	5	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog	15	24	10	13	1	...	
		Nagar	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Total	25	37	15	21	1	...	

II. B. JUDICIAL 2.—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Escaped from lawful custody or transportation	224—226	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	7	13	4	8	1	...	
		Nagar ...	10	8	2	6	...	...	
		Total.....	17	21	6	14	1	...	
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	6	7	2	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	22	35	10	25	...	...	
		Nagar ...	25	50	4	46	...	...	
		Total...	53	92	16	76	...	...	
By Public Servants.									
Taking valuable thing by, or to influence public servant ...	161 to 165	Ashtagram ...	8	8	3	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	9	12	9	...	3	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Total...	20	23	13	7	3	...	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ...	166 to 167	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	7	4	...	...	3	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	9	5	1	...	3	
Do fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture ...	217 to 218	Ashtagram ...	4	4	4	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	6	8	4	4	...	...	
Do wilfully making order or decision contrary to law...	219 to 220	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
Intentionally omitting to apprehend or permitting to escape	221 to 222	Ashtagram ...	1	2	1	1		...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
Negligently suffering escape ...	129—223	Ashtagram ...	5	8	1	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	28	14	14	...	...	
		Nagar ...	12	16	3	13	...	...	
		Total...	33	52	18	34	...	...	
Giving false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ..	11	23	18	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	27	16	10	1	...	
		Nagar ...	11	13	4	9	...	...	
		Total...	38	63	38	24	1	...	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ...	197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	3	4	2	2	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceedings	205—229	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	5	3	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	8	9	3	6	...	..	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of property or suffering of decree ...	206 to 208 & 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	..	..	...	...	
		Total...	2	5		5	...	...	
False claim in Court of Justice.	202 to 210	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	...	...	...	..	...	
Do charge of offence ...	211	Ashtagram ...	7	8	5	1	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	...	1	1	...	
		Nagar ...	7	8	3	5	...	...	
		Total...	15	18	8	7	1	2	
Frivolous or vexatious complaints, C. P. C. ...	209	Ashtagram ...	21	45	45	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	21	29	4	25	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	7	7	..	...	...	
		Total...	49	81	56	25	...	...	

II. B. JUDICIAL 2.—*Continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document	465—466 467—469 471—473 to 477	Ashtagram ...	8	25	19	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	23	55	16	24	13	2	
		Nagar ...	8	12	3	9	...	...	
		Total...	39	92	38	39	13	2	
Making or using false trade marks	482 to 489	Ashtagram ...	36	97	30	67	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	48	194	55	133	1	...	
		Nagar ...	32	62	12	50	...	...	
		Total...	116	353	97	255	1	...	
Relating to the Public Peace.									
Rioting or unlawful assembly...	143—153 157 & 158	Ashtagram ...	8	74	47	21	...	6	
		Nundydroog...	9	66	50	6	10	...	
		Nagar ...	3	46	28	18	...	...	
		Total...	20	186	125	45	10	6	
Affray	160	Ashtagram ...	109	357	179	178	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	19	72	10	62	...	...	
		Nagar ...	9	26	5	21	...	...	
		Total...	137	455	194	261	...	...	
Offence relating to religion ...	295 to 298	Ashtagram ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	3	3	..	...	...	
		Total...	1	5	5	...	...	...	
Non-attendance in obedience to an order from a public servant	174	Ashtagram ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
Total Class I		Ashtagram ...	322	809	411	390	...	8	
		Nundydroog...	276	686	250	390	41	5	
		Nagar ...	176	313	90	223	...	...	
		Total...	774	1,808	751	1,003	41	13	
CLASS II.									
Murder, 302—303. — By Dacoits		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Murder, 302—303. — By poisons from other motives ...		Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Murder, 302—303. — Other Murders. — From motives connected with women ...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	6	...	6	...	...	
		Total...	4	6	...	6	...	...	
Murder, 302—303. — Other Murders. — From other motives ...		Ashtagram ...	8	18	14	3	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	11	35	13	7	10	5	
		Nagar ...	4	20	17	3	...	...	
		Total...	23	73	44	13	10	6	
Attempt to murder ...	307	Ashtagram ...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	...	1	1	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	5	2	2	1	...	
Culpable homicide ...	304—308	Ashtagram ...	12	25	15	9	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	16	35	11	9	11	4	
		Nagar ...	18	18	9	9	...	...	
		Total...	46	78	35	27	11	5	
Attempt to commit suicide ...	309	Ashtagram ...	9	9	5	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog ...	16	16	3	12	...	1	
		Nagar ...	7	7	2	4	1	...	
		Total...	32	32	10	20	1	1	

II. B. JUDICIAL 2.—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Causing miscarriage	312—316	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	14	4	4	4	2	
		Nagar	12	13	3	6	2	2	
		Total	13	32	12	10	6	4	
Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	317—318	Ashtagram	4	3	...	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog	10	16	4	5	5	2	
		Nagar	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total	18	23	4	12	5	2	
Grievous hurt	325—326	Ashtagram	13	13	13	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog	6	11	...	6	5	4	
		Judicial Commissioner's Court	...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	1	23	14	9	...	...	
		Total	37	61	27	25	5	4	
„ on grave and sudden provocation	335	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Hurt	323—334	Ashtagram	742	1,122	603	458	...	1	
		Nundydroog	301	556	302	244	8	2	
		Nagar	205	436	176	258	1	1	
		Total	1,108	2,114	1,141	960	9	4	
By dangerous weapons	324	Ashtagram	23	41	31	10	...	...	
		Nundydroog	21	45	21	23	1	...	
		Nagar	30	31	16	18	...	..	
		Total	74	129	68	51	1	...	
Administering stupefying drugs	328	Ashtagram	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	2	11	5	6	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	3	12	6	6	...	...	
Causing hurt to extort property or confession	327—329 to 333	Ashtagram	3	9	9	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	3	11	7	1	3	...	
		Nagar	4	12	10	2	...	...	
		Total	10	32	26	3	3	...	
Act dangerous to life or safety.	336—337	Ashtagram	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	7	9	2	5	1	...	
		Nagar	2	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total	10	12	6	5	1	...	
Wrongful restraint	341	Ashtagram	31	72	61	11	...	...	
		Nundydroog	68	113	77	33	...	3	
		Nagar	19	18	10	8	...	...	
		Total	118	203	148	52	...	3	
Do confinement	342—346	Ashtagram	11	28	23	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog	5	23	13	8	2	...	
		Nagar	17	34	17	17	...	...	
		Total	33	85	53	30	2	...	
Do to extort property or confession	347 & 348	Ashtagram	1	7	7	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	...	2	...	2	...	...	
		Total	1	9	7	2	...	...	
Assault or use of criminal force	352, 355 to 358	Ashtagram	446	963	624	298	...	1	
		Nundydroog	1,523	2,560	1,980	564	3	12	
		Nagar	526	928	665	271	1	1	
		Total	2,495	4,450	3,269	1,133	4	14	
Criminal intimidation or insult.	504, 509	Ashtagram	163	295	158	158	...	...	
		Nundydroog	512	807	507	285	15	1	
		Nagar	61	72	53	39	...	...	
		Total	741	1,176	698	462	15	1	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	510	Ashtagram	4	8	...	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog	5	11	1	10	...	...	
		Nagar	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total	10	20	1	19	...	...	

II. B. JUDICIAL 2—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Kidnapping or abduction	363—365 367—369	Ashtagram	4	4	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	4	4	[illegible]	1	...	3	
		Nagar	1	5	[illegible]	...	...	...	
		Total	9	10	12	1	...	3	
Abducting a woman to compel marriage or for defilement	366	Ashtagram	1	2	1	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar	2	8	8	...	...	...	
		Total	3	10	9	1	...	...	
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent	498	Ashtagram	4	[illegible]	7	...	...	1	
		Nundydroog	11	[illegible]	16	4	...	...	
		Nagar	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Total	17	31	25	5	...	1	
Fraudulent and unlawful marriages	493 to 495	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	1	4	2	1	1	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	4	2	1	1	...	
Adultery	497	Ashtagram	4	4	3	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog	14	5	10	5	8	...	
		Nagar	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Total	17	40	25	7	8	...	
Rape	376	Ashtagram	5	7	3	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog	5	7	3	1	3	...	
		Nagar	4	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total	14	17	9	5	3	...	
Assault or use of criminal force on a public servant	353—354	Ashtagram	13	17	9	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog	2	7	7	1	...	...	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	15	25	16	9	...	...	
Defamation	500 to 502	Ashtagram	13	25	25	12	...	...	
		Nundydroog	19	43	21	21	...	1	
		Nagar	8	8	7	1	...	...	
		Total	40	86	51	34	...	1	
Total for Class II		Ashtagram	1,[illegible]	2,66[illegible]	1,678	983	...	5	
		Nundydroog	2,2[illegible]5	4,410	3,031	1,258	81	40	
Judicial Commissioner's Court			...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar	1,01[illegible]	1,667	938	660	5	4	
		Total	4,6[illegible]5	8,7[illegible]4	5,707	2,902	86	49	

CLASS III.

Offences against Property.

With violence.

Dacoity	395—397, 398	Ashtagram	[illegible]3	[illegible]0	[illegible]1	18	...	21	
		Nundydroog	29	2[illegible]2	[illegible]1	61	90	...	
		Nagar	[illegible]9	[illegible]0	69	21	...	...	
		Total	81	402	191	100	90	21	
Robbery	392—393	Ashtagram	14	48	22	26	...	...	
		Nundydroog	24	54	[illegible]0	33	1	...	
		Nagar	[illegible]1	40	[illegible]1	[illegible]9	...	...	
		Total	[illegible]9	1[illegible]2	12	79	1	...	
Extortion	384 to 389	Ashtagram	[illegible]5	[illegible]5	[illegible]5	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog	[illegible]8	[illegible]3	[illegible]9	12	2	...	
		Nagar	[illegible]1	[illegible]0	10	20	...	1	
		Total	44	88	[illegible]6	32	2	1	
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit theft	451—454 457	Ashtagram	81	160	76	[illegible]3	...	1	
		Nundydroog	167	[illegible]47	139	157	47	4	
		Nagar	117	101	46	54	1	...	
		Total	365	608	261	294	48	5	

II B.—JUDICIAL 2—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449, 450, 451, 454, 457	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	5	3	2	...	...	
		Total...	4	5	3	2	...	...	
House-breaking or house-trespass with preparation for or attempt at hurt ...	452, 455, 458 & 460	Ashtagram ...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	5	5	2	3	...	...	
Without Violence.									
Theft ... Of cattle ...	379, 380, 381	Ashtagram ...	...	...	41	24	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	75	130	45	79	1	5	
		Total...	110	172	46	83	1	5	
Theft ... Ordinary ...		Ashtagram ...	5[illegible]7	[illegible]19	459	433	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	1,[illegible]9	1,[illegible]6	5[illegible]5	1,103	23	6	
		Nagar ...	[illegible]61	[illegible]75	[illegible]61	423	2	14	
		Total...	[illegible],[illegible]	[illegible],[illegible]	1,[illegible]5	1,967	25	23	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	411—414	Ashtagram ...	[illegible]	[illegible]9	29	21	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	[illegible]7	[illegible]3	17	39	2	...	
		Nagar ...	[illegible]7	38	17	20	...	2	
		Total...	[illegible]1	130	53	80	2	2	
Dishonest misappropriation of property ...	403 to 404	Ashtagram ...	56	65	43	18	2	...	
		Nundydroog...	61	111	65	43	3	..	
		Nagar ...	61	60	21	36	...	...	
		Total...	178	236	137	97	5	...	
Criminal breach of trust ...	406—409	Ashtagram ...	[illegible]0	82	63	18	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	95	117	58	75	12	2	
		Judicial Commissioner's Court...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	55	57	23	32	...	2	
		Total...	150	257	145	125	12	5	
Cheating	417—420	Ashtagram ...	14	31	24	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	30	11	19	...	...	
		Nagar ...	11	9	6	3	...	...	
		Total...	41	70	41	29	...	...	
Malicious Offences.									
Mischief, ordinary ...	426—427 430—433	Ashtagram ...	1[illegible]3	27[illegible]	2[illegible]3	69	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1[illegible]2	2[illegible]8	20[illegible]	88	...	2	
		Nagar ...	31	46	22	24	...	...	
		Total...	2[illegible]9	616	433	181	...	2	
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle	420—429	Ashtagram ...	10	21	15	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	[illegible]	14	4	5	5	...	
		Nagar ...	11	15	4	11	...	...	
		Total...	29	50	23	22	5	...	
By destroying land marks ...	434	Ashtagram ...	3	5	2	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	5	3	2	...	...	
		Total...	8	11	5	6	...	...	
Serious mischief by fire ...	435—436 438	Ashtagram ...	5	5	3	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	7	4	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	10	[illegible]	6	...	...	1	
		Total...	17	21	13	7	...	1	
Criminal trespass or house trespass	447—448	Ashtagram ...	68	113	108	35	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	157	354	174	171	1	8	
		Nagar ...	27	80	29	21	...	...	
		Total...	252	547	311	227	1	8	
Breaking closed receptacle ...	461—462	Ashtagram ...	1	5	2	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	8	1	2	5	...	
		Nagar ...	6	13	3	10	...	...	
		Total...	11	26	6	15	5	...	
Total for Class III		Ashtagram ...	1,[illegible]2	1,901	1,105	768	2	26	
		Nundydroog...	1,[illegible]09	[illegible],[illegible]07	1,327	1,817	191	22	
		Judicial Commissioner's Court.....	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1,[illegible]55	1,[illegible]03	610	764	4	25	
		Total...	3,[illegible]76	6,[illegible]52	3,043	3,349	197	73	

II B. JUDICIAL 2—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS IV.								
Not included in the above classes.								
Bad habit and repute, C. P. C. 504—505 506	Ashtagram ...	10	22	2	20	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2	31	...	31	...	...	
	Total...	12	53	2	51	...	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service ... ... 490 to 492	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Breaches of laws relating— To Vagrancy, Act XXI of 1859 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
To Contract, Act XIII of 1859 ...	Ashtagram ..	12	24	18	6	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	8	10	6	4	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	20	34	24	10	...	...	
To Soldiers' necessaries, Act VII of 1867	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	4	8	...	8	...	...	
	Nagar ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	4	8	...	8	...	...	
To Companies, Act X of 1866 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	11	5	6	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	11	5	6	...	...	
To Arms, Act XXXI of 1860 ...	Ashtagram ...	5	7	3	4	...	...	
	Nundydroog..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	5	7	3	4	...	...	
To Registration Act	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	9	6	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total...	3	10	7	3	...	...	
To Abkari Rules	Ashtagram ...	9	15	6	9	...	...	
	Nundydroog ..	29	36	3	33	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	38	51	9	42	...	...	
To Octroi Rules	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	44	45	9	36	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
	Total...	44	45	9	36	...	...	
To Police Rules	Ashtagram ...	31	60	7	53	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	757	996	27	964	5	...	
	Nagar ...	39	135	23	111	1	...	
	Total...	827	1,191	57	1,128	6	...	
To Saltpetre...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	36	106	8	98	...	...	
	Total...	36	106	8	98	...	...	
To Stamps, Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869	Ashtagram ...	6	11	2	8	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	5	2	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
	Total...	11	19	6	13	...	...	

II. B. JUDICIAL 2—*Continued.*

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Breaches of laws relating— To Post Office	...	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
To Municipalities	...	Ashtagram ..	59	63	2	61	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	422	777	160	617	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	21	1	20	...	...	
		Total...	477	861	163	698	...	...	
To Forests ...	...	Ashtagram ...	22	23	4	23	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	98	207	67	130	...	...	
		Nagar ...	72	113	35	125	...	3	
		Total...	192	346	106	287	...	3	
To Railways	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	23	24	3	21	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	23	24	3	21	...	...	
To Gaming and Lotteries	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	8	44	...	44	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	8	44	...	44	...	...	
To Cattle Trespass	...	Ashtagram ...	54	135	73	57	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	72	150	73	76	...	1	
		Nagar ...	31	86	63	23	...	...	
		Total ..	157	371	209	151	...	1	
Security to keep peace	...	Ashtagram ...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
Cruelty to animals	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	43	54	3	51	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	43	54	3	51	...	...	
Offences relating to excise on spirits and drugs	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	20	28	8	18	...	2	
		Total...	23	33	8	23	...	2	
Rules relating to Public Prostitutes and Brothel-keepers	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	59	62	1	61	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	59	62	1	61	...	...	
Emigration	...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	39	2	37	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	6	39	2	37	...	...	
Persons dealt with under Chapter XXXVIII		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	26	16	10	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	26	16	10	...	...	
Persons dealt with under Chapter XXXVII		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	3	3	...	...	...	
Criminal Procedure Code	... 657	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	5	4	...	1	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	5	4	...	1	...	

II. B, JUDICIAL 2—*Concluded.*

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Revenue	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	11	11	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	11	11	...	...	...	
Coffee Stealing Prevention Act ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
	Total...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
Total for Class IV	Ashtagram ...	201	356	120	236	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1,591	2,519	392	2,120	6	1	
	Nagar ...	215	590	151	433	1	5	
	Total...	2,007	3,465	663	2,789	7	6	
Grand Total	Ashtagram ...	2,853	5,732	3,314	2,377	2	39	
	Nundydroog...	5,941	10,972	5,000	5,585	319	68	
	Judicial Commissioner's Court...	...	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2,498	3,973	1,849	2,080	10	34	
	Total...	11,292	20,679	10,164	10,043	331	141	

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

3. *Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

CLASS OF TRIBUNALS.		Remaining at the end of last year.	Number of persons dealt with.						Persons disposed of.					Remaining at end of the year 1879.	Average Number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses who attended.	REMARKS.
			Brought to trial during present year.				Received by transfer.	Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.				
			Under arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
Peshkars	Ashtagram	...	35	39	81	1	...	156	34	66	53	3	..	...	5·2	697	
	Nundydroog	6	470	71	779	...	...	1,326	124	576	602	15	...	9	3·99	1,507	
	Nagar	...	137	131	384	20	...	672	60	250	355	6	...	1	5·0	1,093	
	Total	6	642	241	1,244	21	...	2,154	218	892	1,010	24	...	10	4·2	2,897	
Sheristadars	Ashtagram	...	107	130	46	...	...	283	70	89	122	2	...	...	4·4	605	
	Nundydroog	6	117	201	523	2	...	849	159	556	332	1	...	1	5·12	1,693	
	Nagar	...	30	27	111	...	...	168	21	93	52	1	1	...	5·0	262	
	Total	6	254	358	680	2	...	1,300	250	538	506	4	1	1	4·9	2,560	
Amildars	Ashtagram	24	707	723	1,532	43	1	3,031	767	1,066	1,140	51	2	4	4·6	5,293	
	Nundydroog	24	1,194	438	2,796	36	26	4,514	779	1,616	1,994	107	2	16	4·4	7,418	
	Nagar	5	652	352	955	35	8	2,007	298	595	1,014	74	5	21	4·2	4,092	
	Total	53	2,553	1,513	5,283	114	35	9,551	1,844	3,277	4,148	232	9	41	4·3	16,803	
Sar-Amin	Ashtagram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog	...	1,517	13	527	...	8	2,065	55	392	1,602	12	...	4	1·2	875	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	...	1,517	13	527	...	8	2,065	55	392	1,602	12	...	4	1·2	875	
Munsiffs	Ashtagram	2	244	45	90	2	2	385	154	80	130	20	...	1	4·5	1,023	
	Nundydroog	...	266	58	164	1	1	490	119	191	146	17	1	16	4·19	1,382	
	Nagar	..	195	34	87	...	8	324	43	68	175	36	...	2	4·5	848	
	Total	2	705	137	341	3	11	1,199	316	339	451	73	1	19	4·3	3,253	
Subordinate Judges	Ashtagram	12	83	28	36	...	4	163	59	19	59	31	...	...	11·0	364	
	Nundydroog	...	118	33	38	...	1	190	71	19	90	10	...	...	12·47	780	
	Nagar	8	128	46	24	...	25	231	110	9	77	27	3	5	9·0	714	
	Total	20	334	107	98	...	30	589	240	47	226	68	3	5	9·6	1,858	
Yelandur Jahagirdar	Ashtagram	...	10	7	3	...	2	22	9	5	6	2	...	...	3·2	50	
General Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram	3	375	234	211	...	72	895	268	237	308	71	...	11	9·2	2,219	
	Nundydroog	...	348	58	93	2	23	524	187	39	212	79	1	6	5·93	1,352	
	Nagar	2	215	61	104	...	48	430	83	76	182	87	1	1	9·0	1,108	
	Total	5	938	353	408	2	143	1,849	538	352	702	237	2	18	8·4	4,679	
Town and Cantt. Magistrates	Ashtagram	1	291	19	489	...	...	800	76	230	473	21	...	...	1·5	1,459	
	Nundydroog	13	380	20	188	...	9	610	26	160	392	26	...	6	2·75	1,006	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	
	Total	14	671	39	677	...	9	1,410	102	390	865	47	...	6	1·94	2,465	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram	4	36	11	14	...	13	81	31	17	27	6	...	...	8·9	202	
	Nundydroog	4	91	18	11	1	23	148	10	29	62	46	...	1	2·89	453	
	Nagar	1	138	31	36	...	79	285	51	22	153	59	...	...	8·0	610	
	Total	9	265	63	61	1	115	514	92	68	242	111	...	1	5·9	1,265	
Do with enhanced powers	Ashtagram	2	4	...	...	...	1	7	5	...	2	...	...	...	5·0	20	
	Nundydroog	...	23	..	...	...	...	23	...	14	9	...	...	...	1·0	66	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	2	27	...	...	...	1	30	5	14	11	...	...	...	3·9	86	
District and Sessions Judges	Ashtagram	8	...	...	...	...	104	112	...	32	57	...	...	23	34·2	265	
	Nundydroog	26	...	...	...	...	207	233	...	78	144	1	1	9	38·4	633	
	Nagar	20	...	...	...	...	126	146	...	70	72	...	...	4	5·0	598	
	Total	54	...	...	...	...	437	491	...	180	273	1	1	36	28·0	1,496	
Judicial Commissioner		...	...	...	...	...	2	2	..	1	1	...	...	...	19·5	17	
	Grand Total	171	7,916	2,831	9,322	143	793	21,176	3,669	6,495	10,043	811	17	141	3·9	38,304	

4. *Statement shewing the Punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

| CLASS OF TRIBUNALS. | | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | |

| Class of Tribunals. | | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

5. *Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
TRIBUNALS.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 297, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
			Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
Town and Cantt. Magistrate	Nundydroog...	4	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	4	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
General Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	40	2	12	...	26	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	28	3	11	6	6	...	...	...	2	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	68	5	23	6	32	...	...	...	2	
Subordinate Judges	Ashtagram ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	14	1	3	2	8	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	25	...	5	2	16	1	...	...	1	
	Total.....	40	1	9	4	24	1	...	...	1	
Deputy Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	51	...	21	3	27	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	115	5	33	35	40	...	...	2	...	
	Nagar ...	80	...	31	32	13	4	...	...	...	
	Total.....	246	5	85	70	80	4	...	2	...	
Sessions Judges	Ashtagram ...	79	10	52	5	12	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	77	29	12	13	23	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	31	4	19	2	6	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	187	43	83	20	41	...	...	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner	...	175	10	124	13	18	...	...	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	720	67	334	113	196	5	...	2	3	

6. *Statement shewing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

| CLASS OF TRIBUNALS. | Suits for money, distinguishing suits up to Rs. 500, cognizable by Small Cause Courts, from "Other Cases." | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Suits under the Rent Law. | | | | | | | | Other Suits. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

7. Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1879.

VALUE OF SUITS.			Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.			REMARKS.
			Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Munsifs.	Subordinate Judges.	Deputy Commissioners.	District Judges.	Judicial Commissioner.				
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9
									Rs.	A.	P.	
Not exceeding	Rs. 5 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	123	17	...	...	...	509	8	9	
		Nundydroog ...	796	109	4	...	...	...	2,932	0	7	
		Nagar ...	...	20	9	...	...	...	124	1	6	
		Total.....	796	252	30	...	...	...	3,565	10	10	
" "	" 20 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	936	93	...	...	...	13,754	15	10	
		Nundydroog ...	2,186	1,317	93	...	...	...	43,256	3	5	
		Nagar ...	...	372	92	...	...	...	6,315	12	10	
		Total.....	2,186	2,625	278	...	...	...	63,327	0	1	
" "	" 100 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	2 657	327	...	...	...	1,48,323	12	1	
		Nundydroog ...	2,426	3,457	371	...	...	...	3,11,197	11	2	
		Nagar ...	...	1,370	233	...	...	...	85,483	13	10	
		Total.....	2,426	7,484	931	...	...	...	5,45,005	5	1	
" "	" 500 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	830	308	...	...	...	2,14,780	7	5	
		Nundydroog ...	736	1,065	255	...	...	...	3,75,292	12	3	
		Nagar ...	...	705	189	...	...	...	1,72,923	1	2	
		Total.....	736	2,600	752	...	...	...	7,62,996	4	10	
" "	" 1,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	64	...	...	...	54,926	8	3	
		Nundydroog ...	23	...	166	...	...	...	1,14,153	15	2	
		Nagar ...	...	...	67	...	...	...	46,826	0	3	
		Total.....	23	...	297	...	...	...	2,15,906	7	8	
" "	" 5,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	48	...	...	...	87,925	0	11	
		Nundydroog ..	...	...	94	...	3	...	1,72,483	9	0	
		Nagar ...	...	...	48	1	...	...	94,426	6	2	
		Total.....	...	...	190	1	3	...	3,54,835	0	1	
" "	" 10,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	8	...	2,13,876	5	11	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	2	4	...	45,430	7	1	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	2	2	...	20,942	8	3	
			...	...	...	...	...	1	6,586	2	4	
		Total.....	...	...	...	4	14	1	2,86,835	7	7	
" "	" 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	25,045	0	0	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	25,000	0	0	
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	2	...	50,045	0	0	
Exceeding	" 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2,00,000	0	0	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	1	...	2,00,000	0	0	
		Grand Total.....	6,167	12,961	2,478	5	20	1	24,82,516	4	2	

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

8. *Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

CLASS OF COURTS.		Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1879.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *exparte*.	Dismissed *exparte*.	Contested. Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Contested. Judgment for Defendant.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits. Contested.	Average Duration of Suits. Uncontested.	Referred to Arbitration.	REMARKS.
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Civil Courts.																							
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		408	5,849	...	6,257	...	...	750	195	...	409	3,567	...	879	367	6,167	90	12	5	13	10	3	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	277	4,575	71	4,923	105	16	548	105	247	844	1,235	185	990	376	4,546	272	25	...	34	22	5	
	Nundydroog...	418	6,061	13	6,492	14	23	767	169	179	954	1,678	228	1,552	393	5,948	530	63	2	32	26	4	
	Nagar ...	117	2,506	11	2,634	1	6	198	25	368	657	555	22	496	139	2,467	166	12	2	45	24	2	
	Total.....	812	13,142	95	14,049	120	45	1,513	299	794	2,455	3,469	435	3,038	913	12,961	968	100	4	35	25	11	
Subordinate Judges ...	Ashtagram ...	66	886	49	1,001	16	3	94	9	35	173	260	5	227	51	857	128	16	1	50	33	...	
	Nundydroog...	82	959	17	1,058	18	4	57	22	43	152	326	...	314	65	983	57	1	1	36	22	...	
	Nagar ...	52	615	1	668	12	..	17	5	25	139	255	22	152	23	638	18	2	...	42	25	...	
	Total.....	200	2,460	67	2,727	46	7	168	36	103	464	841	27	693	139	2,478	203	19	2	42	27	...	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	1	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	30	10	...	
	Nagar ...	...	4	...	4	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	58	26	...	
	Total.....	3	6	...	9	4	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	44	13	...	
District Judges...	Ashtagram ...	2	7	1	10	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	4	...	8	2	2	...	127	108	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	9	4	14	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	8	...	9	5	2	1	114	131	...	
	Nagar ...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	87	...	...	
	Total.....	3	18	6	27	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	14	1	20	7	4	1	117	112	...	
Judicial Commissioner ...		1	...	...	1	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	220	...	...	
Grand Total.....		1,427	21,475	168	23,070	170	53	2,432	530	901	3,329	7,878	462	4,627	1,420	21,632	1,268	135	12	31	19	14	

9. *Statement shewing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

CLASS OF COURTS.		Remaining.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Dismissed for default, or under 5 and 6, Act XXIII of 1861.	Heard *exparte*. Confirmed.	Heard *exparte*. Modified.	Heard *exparte*. Reversed.	Contested. Confirmed.	Contested. Modified.	Contested. Reversed.	Contested. Remanded.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 561, Act X, 1877.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
Civil Courts.																				
Subordinate Judges	Ashtagram ...	7	200	2	209	...	2	14	...	6	104	16	38	11	191	18	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	17	347	...	364	2	11	2	2	1	169	47	90	24	346	16	...	16	6	
	Nagar ...	3	95	1	99	...	10	17	...	7	27	7	22	1	91	8	...	...	...	
	Total.....	27	642	3	672	2	23	33	2	14	300	70	150	36	628	42	...	16	6	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram ...	...	7	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	2	14	...	16	...	...	1	1	1	7	2	3	1	16	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	2	22	...	24	2	...	1	1	1	10	3	5	1	22	...	...	...	...	
District Judges	Ashtagram ...	12	60	...	72	...	2	3	1	1	32	13	14	3	69	3	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	14	93	2	109	...	2	7	...	2	48	29	9	6	103	6	...	9	1	
	Nagar ...	4	32	...	36	...	1	...	...	...	23	3	8	...	35	1	...	...	...	
	Total.....	30	185	2	217	...	5	10	1	3	103	45	31	9	207	10	...	9	1	
Judicial Commissioner—																				
Regular Appeals ...	... ...	...	6	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	4	2	...	...	...	
Second Appeals ...	... ...	9	106	...	115	...	2	3	...	4	44	3	19	8	83	32	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous Appeals ...	... ...	...	8	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	1	...	5	3	...	...	...	
Do 2nd do ...	... ...	...	3	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	
Grand Total.....		68	972	5	1,045	4	30	50	4	22	459	122	209	54	950	91	...	25	7	

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

10. *Statement shewing the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts of the Mysore Province in the year* 1879.

Class of Courts.		Application to execute Decrees.				Transferre, withdrawn, rejected, returned or dismissed for default.	Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of 1879.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and Number of coercive process issued.						Remarks.
		Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.						Imprisonment of person.	Movable property.		Immovable property.		Orders under Chapter 36 of Act X of 1877.	
												Attached.	Sold.	Attached.	Sold.		
Civil Courts.																	
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		364	8,899	2	9,265	2,780	585	5,820	80	...	191	140	99	...	...	...	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	397	3,372	166	3,935	1,514	1,340	640	441	145	333	327	67	576	509	2	
	Nundydroog...	761	5,251	585	6,597	2,048	1,579	2,259	711	95	380	756	219	1,074	829	8	
	Nagar ...	213	1,605	46	1,864	717	626	315	206	26	53	198	177	262	121	...	
	Total.....	1,371	10,228	797	12,396	4,279	3,545	3,214	1358	266	766	1281	463	1,912	1,459	10	
Subordinate Judges ...	Ashtagram ...	86	1,187	250	1,523	501	204	629	189	17	196	221	47	248	194	...	
	Nundydroog...	170	1,722	33	1,925	731	449	676	69	18	174	167	51	149	145	...	
	Nagar ...	118	774	16	908	365	224	237	82	5	35	121	71	62	56	...	
	Total.....	374	3,683	299	4,356	1,597	877	1,542	340	40	405	509	169	459	395	...	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	...	2	1	3	2	1	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	8	...	11	3	1	7	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	5	1	6	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	3	15	2	20	10	3	7	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	
District Judges ...	Ashtagram ...	4	7	41	52	44	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	16	5	26	7	7	6	6	...	1	11	...	14	1	...	
	Nagar ...	2	2	...	4	3	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	Total.....	11	25	46	82	54	7	7	14	...	1	12	...	15	1	...	
Grand Total....		2,123	22,850	1,146	26,119	8,720	5,017	10,59	1792	307	1,363	1943	731	2,389	1,855	10	

11. *Statement shewing use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed, distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualification.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Number of Cases with Assessors.	Jury trials.		Assessors' trials.		Note shewing in what classes of cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.	Remarks.
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Number of Cases in which Judges agreed with Assessors.	Number of Cases in which Judges differed from Assessors.		
Criminal.										
Sessions Judges	Ashtagram ...	3	...	44	...	...	37	7	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	...	90*	...	...	70	20	...	
	Nagar ...	3	...	54†	...	...	47	7	...	
Judicial Commissioner for Nundydroog Sessions Cases		3	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	
	Total.....	3	...	190	...	...	156	34	...	

* Excluding 14 cases which were disposed of without Assessors.

† Excluding 4 cases do do.

12. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879—80.

Districts.	Number of Registration Offices.	Registrations affecting immovable property, Book I.																			Registrations affecting movable property, Book IV.				Registrations affecting movable property, Book V.						Receipts.			Total Expenditure.	Remarks.
		Compulsory.									Optional.									Total value of immovable property transferred.																
		Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1).	Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Other instruments registered under Section 17, clause 2.	Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4).	All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, clause 4.	Total of Compulsory Registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Leases for one year or less (Section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under proviso, Section 17.	Awards (Section 18, clause 4).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Total of optional registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.		Instruments of sale of movable property.	Obligations for the payment of money (Section 19, clause 7).	All other documents registered under Section 18, clause 7.	Total of Registration in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered, Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Book III.	Number of Registrations under Section 24.	Number of Registrations under Section 34.	Number of Refusals to register.	Number of Powers of Attorney attested.	Number of Searches and Applications for Copies.	Total of Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 11, 20 and 26, and the total fees paid for registration under column 29.	Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Inspector General's Office	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 ...	4 ...	4,898 11 8	
Bangalore	13	21	1,194	1,369	4	145	29	85	2,847	8,414	4	843	511	...	47	1	23	2	1,427	1,109	12	14,31,057	10	13	136	159	326	4	...	36	...	14	27	18	72	240	9,985 8	1,554 1 8	11,539 9 8	5,325 9 5	
Mysore	15	16	1,132	1,160	3	94	13	74	2,492	7,017	8	707	248	...	4	...	6	2	967	760	12	10,39,726	5	22	41	68	178	12	...	8	5	7	11	25	73	88	8,006 4	1,401 ... 2	9,407 4 2	4,414 8 7	
Túmkúr	11	7	435	412	4	9	2	7	876	2,103	12	310	129	...	5	...	5	...	449	325	8	2,64,733	2	7	15	24	40	...	...	3	...	2	9	6	10	41	2,479 ...	205 3 2	2,684 3 2	1,751 13 4	
Kolar	13	5	270	281	1	32	19	16	624	1,698	8	428	203	...	3	2	26	3	665	605	...	1,96,550	5	13	46	64	133	4	...	7	...	2	6	6	20	31	2,466 8	242 8 8	2,709 ... 8	1,717 8 6½	
Hassan	11	2	440	436	1	20	3	10	912	2,420	8	436	170	...	...	...	1	5	612	474	8	3,59,433	3	4	10	17	39	8	...	1	...	9	18	8	20	37	2,939 ...	528 9 6	3,467 9 6	1,952 2 9	
Kadur	8	4	436	319	...	33	10	6	808	3,160	8	169	55	...	1	...	2	1	228	218	4	5,53,845	5	14	51	70	177	...	...	1	...	5	17	16	69	87	3,567 4	1,062 13 4	4,630 1 4	2,281 8 8	
Shimoga	9	4	322	316	1	32	44	12	751	2,422	...	59	25	...	...	...	2	3	89	83	4	3,25,603	2	23	42	67	165	...	...	6	...	9	14	15	21	54	2,689 4	561 12 ...	3,251	1,512 9 6	
Chitaldroog	10	1	145	84	...	1	2	4	237	563	8	50	16	...	1	...	...	...	67	54	8	64,518	1	2	7	10	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8	645 ...	54 4 ...	699 4 ...	589 5 8	
Total	91	60	4,374	4,377	14	366	122	214	9,527	27,800	8	3,002	1357	...	61	3	65	16	4,504	3,631	8	42,33,465	33	98	348	479	1086	12	...	62	5	48	102	94	295	586	32,777 12	5,610 8 6	38,388 4 6	24,443 14 1½	

II. C. PRISONS.

General Summary.

Shewing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Serial No.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	1,369	82	1,451	607	214	821	1,976	296	2,272	994	234	1,228	982	62	1,044	1,119·0	67·0	1,186·0			
		Under-trial ...	7	9	16	49	87	136	56	96	152	55	93	148	1	3	4	4·0	2·0	6·0			
		Civil ...	6	...	6	13	7	20	19	7	26	19	6	25	...	1	1	1·0	1·0	2·0			
	District Jails.																				1,124·0	70·0	1,194·0
2	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	475	15	490	210	22	232	685	37	722	625	35	660	60	2	62	220·160	6·22	226·380			
		Under-trial ...	5	1	6	47	5	52	52	6	58	48	5	53	4	1	5	2·39	0·28	2·67			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	26	...	26	26	...	26	19	...	19	7	...	7	1·88	0·0	1·88			
3	Túmkúr District Jail ...	Convicts ...	231	6	237	195	15	210	426	21	447	391	21	412	35	...	35	116·29	2·84	119·130	224·43	6·50	230·93
		Under-trial ...	6	1	7	168	13	181	174	14	188	171	12	183	3	2	5	17·08	0·85	17·93			
		Civil ...	6	...	6	44	..	44	50	...	50	48	...	48	2	...	2	3·67	0·0	3·67			
4	Mysore District Jail ...	Convicts ...	215	22	237	1,590	33	1,623	1,805	55	1,860	1,421	40	1,461	384	15	399	255·392	15·523	270·915	137·04	3·69	140·73
		Under-trial ...	2	...	2	44	4	48	46	4	50	46	4	50	...	...	...	4·104	0·273	4·377			
		Civil ...	8	...	8	57	3	60	65	3	68	58	3	61	7	...	7	5·356	0·068	5·424			
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	Convicts ...	305	...	305	933	...	933	1,238	...	1,238	458	...	458	780	...	780	611·575	...	611·575	264·852	15·864	280·716
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
6	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	66	5	71	201	22	223	267	27	294	231	22	253	36	5	41	42·041	4·358	46·399	611·575	...	611·575
		Under-trial ...	16	2	18	235	23	258	251	25	276	214	25	239	37	...	37	9·276	0·564	9·840			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	11	...	11	13	...	13	13	...	13	...	...	...	0·810	0·0	0·810			
7	Shimoga District Jail ...	Convicts ...	745	14	759	324	31	355	1,069	45	1,114	735	31	766	334	14	348	481·68	13·04	494·72	52·127	4·922	57·049
		Under-trial ...	11	...	11	173	11	184	184	11	195	176	9	185	8	2	10	8·47	0·46	8·93			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	17	...	17	18	...	18	18	...	18	...	...	...	0·87	0·0	0·87			
8	Kadur District Jail ...	Convicts ...	80	6	86	193	15	208	273	21	294	250	19	269	23	2	25	47·51	2·35	49·86	491·02	13·50	504·52
		Under-trial ...	3	...	3	193	17	210	196	17	213	195	16	211	1	1	2	8·29	0·31	8·60			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	6	...	6	7	...	7	7	...	7	...	...	...	0·55	0·0	0·55			
9	Chitaldroog District Jail. ...	Convicts ...	49	9	58	166	9	175	215	18	233	195	17	212	20	1	21	39·05	1·35	40·4	56·35	2·66	59·01
		Under-trial ...	8	1	9	108	11	119	116	12	128	115	12	127	1	...	1	7·89	0·6	8·49			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	4	2	...	2	2	..	2	0·09	0·0	0·09			
	Total...	Convicts ...	3,535	159	3,694	4,419	361	4,780	7,954	520	8,474	5,300	419	5,719	2,654	101	2,755	2,932·698	112·681	3,045·379	47·03	1·95	48·98
		Under-trial ...	58	14	72	1,017	171	1,188	1,075	185	1,260	1,020	176	1,196	55	9	64	61·500	5·337	66·837			
		Civil ...	24	...	24	178	10	188	202	10	212	184	9	193	18	1	19	14·226	1·068	15·294	3,008·424	119·86	3,127·510

General Summary—*Concluded.*

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Station.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	District Lock-up.																						
1	Bangalore ...	Convicts ...	14	...	14	267	...	267	281	...	281	276	...	276	5	...	5	11·0	...	11·0			
		Under-trial ...	19	...	19	559	...	559	578	...	578	572	...	572	6	...	6	13·0	...	13·0			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	57	...	57	57	...	57	53	...	53	4	...	4	5·0	...	5·0			
	Taluk Lock-ups.																						
2	Bangalore District ...	Convicts ...	3	1	4	198	30	228	201	31	232	199	31	230	2	...	2	4·89	1·44	6·33	29·0	...	29·0
		Under-trial ...	3	...	3	259	25	284	262	25	287	262	25	287	...	...	...	3·62	·177	3·797			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
3	Kolar District ...	Convicts ...	13	...	13	213	48	261	226	48	274	225	47	272	1	1	2	4·64	0·76	5·40	8·51	1·617	10·127
		Under-trial ...	3	...	3	522	82	604	525	82	607	521	80	601	4	2	6	8·44	0·83	9·27			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	9	...	9	9	...	9	9	...	9	...	...	...	0·30	·0·0	0·30			
4	Túmkúr District ...	Convicts ...	8	...	8	103	11	114	111	11	122	110	11	121	1	...	1	2·05	0·21	2·26	13·38	1·59	14·97
		Under-trial ...	12	...	12	478	45	523	490	45	535	486	45	531	4	...	4	11·73	0·57	12·30			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	0·02	0·0	0·02			
5	Mysore District ...	Convicts ..	3	...	3	108	12	120	111	12	123	111	10	121	...	2	2	2·796	0·176	2·972	13·822	0·781	14·603
		Under-trial ..	13	1	14	946	66	1,012	959	67	1,026	955	67	1,022	4	...	4	12·82	0·645	13·465			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
6	Hassan District ...	Convicts ...	15	3	18	129	10	139	144	13	157	141	13	154	3	...	3	3·684	0·385	4·069	15·616	0·821	16·437
		Under-trial ...	1	...	1	899	76	975	600	76	976	899	76	975	1	...	1	7·408	0·601	8·009			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
7	Shimoga District ...	Convicts ...	6	1	7	143	16	159	149	17	166	149	17	166	...	...	...	3·62	1·90	5·52	11·092	0·986	12·078
		Under-trial ...	2	1	3	391	34	425	393	35	428	376	35	411	17	...	17	7·54	1·76	9·30			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...			
8	Kadur District ...	Convicts ...	12	...	12	96	21	117	108	21	129	108	21	129	...	...	...	3·59	0·480	4·070	11·16	3·66	14·82
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	222	20	242	222	20	242	220	20	240	2	...	2	2·23	0·14	2·37			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
9	Chitaldroog District ...	Convicts ...	27	4	31	141	13	154	168	17	185	166	17	183	2	0	2	8·18	0·83	9·01	5·82	0·62	6·44
		Under-trial ...	...	..	...	236	14	250	236	14	250	236	14	250	...	...	...	4·0	0·16	4·16			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Total.....	Convicts ...	101	9	110	1,398	161	1,559	1,499	170	1,669	1,485	167	1,652	14	3	17	44·450	6·181	50·631	12·18	0·99	13·17
		Under-trial ...	53	2	55	4,512	362	4,874	4,565	364	4,929	4,617	362	5,079	38	2	40	58·788	4·883	63·671	108·558	11·064	119·622
		Civil ...	...	...	...	68	...	68	68	...	68	64	...	64	4	...	4	5·32	0·0	5·32			
	Grand Total.....	Convicts ...	3,636	168	3,804	5,817	522	6,339	9,453	690	10,143	6,785	586	7,371	2,668	104	2,772	2,977·148	118·852	3,096·010			
		Under-trial ...	111	16	127	5,529	533	6,062	5,640	549	6,189	5,547	538	6,085	93	11	104	120·288	10·220	130·508	3,116·982	130·150	3,247·132
		Civil ...	24	...	24	246	10	256	270	10	280	248	9	257	22	1	23	19·546	1·068	20·614			

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

1. *Shewing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1	2	3		4		5		6				7			8				9										10		11		12		13		14		15		16		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year.		Total.		Received from other Jails.				Grand Total.			Transferred to other Jails.				Released during the year.										Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining at the end of present year.		Daily average number.		
								A		B					A		B		A		B		C		D																	
								To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation to other Jails.					To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence or payment of fine.		Under remission rules.		By order of Government, a. On account of sickness.		By order of Government, b. On other grounds.														
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1,369	82	590	212	1,959	294	4	...	13	2	1,976	293	2,272	499	...	...	...	34	1	340	230	2	...	...	...	95	..	...	...	...	1	...	5	2	18	1	982	62	119·0	67·0	1186·0
2	Kolar District do ...	475	15	193	20	673	35	...	...	12	2	687	37	722	209	6	1	...	5	...	401	29	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	8	...	60	2	220·100	6·22	226·380
3	Túmkúr do ...	231	6	113	5	344	11	82	10	...	...	426	21	447	94	5	16	...	2	1	275	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	35	...	116·29	2·84	119·130
4	Mysore do ...	215	22	314	31	529	53	1,276	2	...	...	1,805	55	1,860	939	...	6	...	14	1	422	36	1	...	12	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	..	23	2	384	15	255·392	15·523	270·915
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	305	...	...	...	305	...	933	...	...	...	1,238	...	1,238	445	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	12	...	780	...	611·575	...	611·575
6	Hassan District Jail ...	66	5	197	22	263	27	4	...	...	...	267	27	294	72	2	...	...	3	...	145	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	9	...	36	5	42·041	4·358	46·399
7	Shimoga do ...	745	14	195	17	940	31	129	14	...	...	1,069	45	1,114	220	...	6	2	17	1	394	28	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	.	63	...	394	14	481·68	13·04	494·72
8	Kadur do ...	80	6	125	12	205	18	68	3	...	...	273	21	294	49	2	...	...	1	...	195	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	23	2	47·51	2·35	49·86
9	Chitaldroog do ...	49	9	118	7	167	16	48	2	...	...	215	18	233	33	5	...	...	4	...	156	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	20	1	39·05	1·35	40·40
	Total.....	3,535	159	1,850	326	5,385	485	2,544	31	25	4	7,954	520	8,474	2,560	20	29	2	80	4	2,328	387	3	...	12	1	128	...	...	...	2	...	6	...	8	2	144	3	2,654	101	2932·698	112·681	3,045·379
	Lock-ups	101	9	1,391	161	1,492	170	5	...	2	...	1,499	170	1,669	301	32	...	...	12	...	1,171	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	14	3	44·450	6·181	50·631
	Grand Total.....	3,636	168	3,241	487	6,877	655	2,549	31	27	4	9,453	690	10,143	2,861	52	29	2	92	4	3,499	521	3	...	12	1	128	...	...	...	2	...	7	...	8	2	144	4	2,668	104	2,977·148	118·862	3,096·010

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

2. *Shewing the Religion, Age and Previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the 31st December 1879.*

1	2	3														4								5												6		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Religion.														Age.								Previous Occupation.												Total.		
		A						B		C		D		E		A		B		C		D		Males.							Females.							
		Christians.																						A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K			
		a.		b.		c.		Muhammadans.		Hindus.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other Classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.		Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other local authorities.	Professional persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures and engineering operations, &c., &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.			
		Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.																																
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.													M.	F.	T.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	2	...	3	...	15	2	81	7	876	53	...	...	5	...	22	3	752	47	190	11	18	1	81	21	26	424	79	123	228	25	7	28	2	982	62	1,044
2	Kolar District do ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	1	54	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	2	7	...	...	...	4	6	5	32	6	3	4	...	...	2	...	60	2	62
3	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	6	...	...	...	11	...	...	17	1	1	5	...	...	...	...	35	...	35
4	Mysore do ...	...	...	...	...	3	1	41	...	340	14	...	...	...	...	1	1	328	12	53	2	2	...	17	27	11	173	32	13	111	9	3	3	...	384	15	399
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	...	...	...	...	15	...	97	...	666	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	77	...	203	...	...	...	30	...	6	423	155	23	143	...	...	...	...	780	...	780
6	Hassan District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	30	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	4	5	1	...	...	2	...	3	15	1	1	14	2	1	2	...	36	5	41
7	Shimoga do ...	...	...	1	...	4	...	40	2	126	10	...	...	163	2	1	...	275	8	54	6	4	...	30	11	...	108	22	...	163	2	...	11	1	334	14	348
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	15	2	...	...	5	..	...	...	21	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	11	..	...	10	...	...	2	...	23	2	25
9	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	...	1	...	5	1	...	...	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	1	...	7	1	...	...	...	20	1	21
	Total.....	2	...	4	...	41	3	281	10	2,145	85	3	...	178	3	24	4	2,086	75	519	21	25	1	176	66	52	1,214	297	164	685	39	11	48	3	2,654	101	2,755
	Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	1	9	1	...	2	3	...	...	...	14	3	17
	Grand Total.....	2	...	4	...	41	3	281	10	2,159	88	3	...	178	3	24	4	2,098	77	521	22	25	1	176	67	53	1,223	298	164	687	42	11	48	3	2,668	104	2,772

3. Shewing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the 31*st December* 1879 *according to the nature and length of sentences.*

1	2	3	4																				5		6
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment indicated by letters marking the four Jail Divisions.	Numbers according to length of sentence.																						
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J		Total.
			Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		
																			A		B				
																			For life.		For a term.				
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	Rigorous.	29	6	121	10	118	10	141	11	132	6	222	10	74	...	4	...	51	8	90	1	...	...	982	62	1,044
2	Kolar District do		4	...	10	2	29	...	11	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	2	62
3	Túmkúr do		1	..	9	...	7	...	7	...	8	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	35	..	35
4	Mysore do		2	1	13	2	23	3	47	2	79	3	111	4	77	...	1	.	...	...	1	...	...	...	384	15	399
5	Kukarhalli Jail		...	...	11	...	10	...	34	..	178	...	495	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	780	...	780
6	Hassan District Jail		4	...	4	3	24	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	4	...	36	5	41
7	Shimoga do		3	...	3	...	13	2	52	3	47	3	114	4	94	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	334	14	348
8	Kadur do		3	...	8	1	9	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	2	25
9	Chitaldroog do		2	...	8	1	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	1	21
	Total.....		48	7	187	21	242	16	294	16	446	12	982	18	300	2	9	...	51	8	91	1	4	...	2,654	101	2,755
	Lock-ups		14	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	17
	Grand Total.....	...	62	10	187	21	242	16	294	16	446	12	982	18	300	2	9	...	51	8	91	1	4	...	2,668	104	2,772

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

4. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the* 31*st day of December* 1879, *who had been previously convicted.*

PART I.

Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of Convicts on the last day of the previous year.			Number previously convicted.										Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Sec. 318 of the Criml. Pro. Code.)					
					A		B		C		D							A			B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.							Number in prison on the 1st day of the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ..	1,369	82	1,451	144	2	51	3	55	...	250	5	255		18·26	6·09	17·57	36	...	36	3	...	3
2	Kolar District do ...	475	15	490	6	...	2	...	...	...	8	...	8		1·68	...	1·63	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Túmkúr do ...	231	6	237	3	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	5		2·1	...	2·1	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore do ...	215	22	237	9	2	16	...	7	1	32	3	35		14·837	13·636	14·768	..	...	...	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	305	...	305	19	...	4	...	2	...	25	...	25		8·196	...	8·196	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	66	5	71	6	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6		9·090	...	8·450	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Shimoga do ...	745	14	759	13	...	...	1	2	...	15	1	16		2·01	7·14	2·11	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Kadur do ...	80	6	86	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5		6·25	...	5·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	49	9	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	3,535	159	3,694	205	4	75	4	66	1	348	9	355		9·7	5·6	9·6	36	...	36	3	...	3
	Lock-ups	101	9	110	3	..	...	...	...	...	3	...	3		11·1	...	9·68	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	3,636	168	3,804	208	4	75	4	66	1	349	9	358		9·6	5·3	9·4	36	...	36	3	...	3

PART II.

4. *Shewing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails during the year* 1879, *who had been previously convicted.*

Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.										Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Sec. 318 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)					
					A		B		C		D							A			B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.							Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	607	214	821	58	39	14	4	16	7	88	50	138		14·48	23·36	16·8	17	...	17	3	...	3
2	Kolar District do ...	210	22	232	18	...	1	...	...	...	19	...	19		9·05	...	8·19	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Túmkúr do ...	195	15	210	4	...	2	...	...	...	6	...	6		3·07	...	2·86	...	...	..	...	...	...
4	Mysore do ...	1,590	33	1,623	7	2	...	...	...	...	7	2	9		0·613	6·066	0·765	9	3	12	1	1	2
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	933	...	933	25	...	29	...	5	...	59	...	59		6·322	...	6·322	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	201	22	223	6	1	...	...	...	...	6	1	7		2·985	4·545	3·139	..	...	...	...	...	...
7	Shimoga do ...	324	31	355	24	...	2	...	2	...	28	...	28		8·64	...	7·89	1	.	1	1	...	1
8	Kadur do ...	193	15	208	7	...	2	...	...	...	9	...	9		7·20	...	6·59	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	166	9	175	6	...	1	...	...	...	7	...	7		4·2	...	4	3	...	3	...	...	...
	Total.....	4,419	361	4,780	155	42	51	4	23	7	229	53	282		5·18	14·76	5·9	30	3	33	5	1	6
	Lock-ups	1,398	161	1,559	37	2	1	...	1	...	39	2	41		2·07	1·24	2·6	12	...	12	...	..	...
	Grand Total.....	5,817	522	6,339	192	44	52	4	24	7	268	55	323		4·58	10·57	5·1	42	3	45	5	1	6

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL)

5. Shewing the Escapes and Re-captures of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1879.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remaining uncaptured on the 31st December 1879 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Re-captured during the year.			Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From inside the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	12	1	...	1	...	...	...	12	1	13	...	1	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
3	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore do ...	6	1	1	2	...	...	...	6	2	8	...	2	...
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	3	...	1	1	...	1	1	3	...	3	1	...	...
7	Shimoga do ...	22	...	1	1	...	...	...	22	1	23	...	1	...
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	7	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	...	6	...	...	...
	Total.....	52	3	3	6	1	1	2	51	5	56	1	5	...
	Lock-ups	9	...	1	1	...	1	1	9	...	9	1	...	...
	Grand Total.....	61	3	4	7	1	2	3	60	5	65	2	5	...

6. Shewing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1879.

1	2	3		4		5						6										7
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of Convicts.		Criminal offences.		Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.										Ratio of Column 6 C to Column 3.
						Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		A		B						C		
												By Criminal Courts.		By Jail Officers.						Total punishments.		
														A Solitary confinement.		B Reduced diet.		C Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		D Corporal punishment.		E Other punishments.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			M.	F.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1,119·0	67·0	13	...	19	...	8	...	39	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	7	...	41		...	...	79	5·8
2	Kolar District Jail	220·16	6·22	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4		...	...	4	1·81
3	Túmkúr do	116·29	2·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4		...	...	4	3·3
4	Mysore do	255·392	15·523	3	...	8	...	13	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	11		9	...	24	9·397
5	Kukarhalli Jail	611.575	....	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8		...	...	8	1·308
6	Hassan District Jail	42·041	4·358	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3		...	..	3	6·52
7	Shimoga do	481·68	13·04	...	...	16	...	4	1	23	...	...	...	5	1	1	...	...	...	31		6	...	44	8·89
8	Kadur do	47·51	2·35	...	...	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6		...	...	6	11·8
9	Chitaldroog do	39·05	1·35	...	...	1	...	19	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21		...	...	21	52·5
	Total.....	2,932·698	112·681	16	...	50	...	47	1	79	...	3	...	37	1	1	...	7	...	129		15	...	193	6·30
	Lock-ups Total	44·450	6·181	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	2,977·148	118·86	16	...	50	...	47	1	79	...	3	...	37	1	1	...	7	...	129		15	...	193	6·2

7. *Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in Column 3 there were—						Daily average number of convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in Jail.		Of those in Column 7, there were when they entered Jail—						Of those in Column 7, there were when they left Jail—						Remarks.
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail	590	212	478	206	34	...	78	6	1,119·0	67·0	502·0	24·0	365	10	233	4	47	...	85	6	...	...	233	4	132	6	
2	Kolar District Jail	198	20	179	20	11	...	8	...	220·16	6·22	6·87	...	24	...	13	...	9	...	2	...	4	...	15	...	5	...	
3	Túmkúr do	113	5	56	5	27	...	30	...	116·29	2·84	15·4	...	30	...	15	...	10	...	5	...	...	...	25	...	5	...	
4	Mysore do	314	31	273	31	27	...	14	...	255·329	15·523	185·544	...	437	...	381	...	43	...	13	...	209	...	191	...	37	...	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	933	...	832	...	73	...	28	...	611·575	...	124·916	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Hassan District Jail ...	197	22	147	22	4	...	46	...	42·041	4·358	20·701	...	111	...	61	...	4	...	46	...	61	...	4	...	46	...	
7	Shimoga do	195	17	166	17	7	...	22	...	481·68	13·04	142·08	2·00	100	...	65	...	20	...	15	...	35	...	44	...	21	...	
8	Kadur do	125	12	93	12	17	...	15	...	47·51	2·35	3·50	...	30	...	9	...	6	...	15	...	5	...	10	...	15	...	
9	Chitaldroog do	118	7	71	7	3	...	44	...	39·05	1·35	·7	...	131	...	87	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	87	...	44	...	
	Total.....	2,783	326	2,295	320	203	...	285	6	2,932·698	112·681	1,001·711	26·00	1,228	10	864	4	139	...	225	6	314	...	609	4	305	6	
	Lock-ups	1,398	161	1,250	161	113	...	35	...	444	6·181	...	...	21	...	...	...	19	...	2	...	...	...	19	...	2	...	
	Grand Total.....	4,181	487	3,545	481	316	...	320	6	2,977·148	118·862	1,001·711	26·00	1,249	10	864	4	158	...	227	6	314	...	628	4	307	6	

8. *Shewing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during* 1879.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of Convicts.		Average number employed as Prison Officers.		Ratio of Column 4 to Column 3.		Total number employed as Prison Officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.		Remarks.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1,119·0	67·00	49·0	2	4·37	2·985	49	2	3	...	
2	Kolar District Jail	220·16	6·22	6·12	...	2·77	...	12	...	12	...	
3	Túmkúr do	116·29	2·84	5·88	...	5·054	...	9	...	...	...	
4	Mysore do	255·392	15·523	11·916	1	4·355	6·442	19	1	...	...	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	611·575	...	30·583	...	5	...	37	...	1	...	
6	Hassan District Jail	42·041	4·358	2·153	...	5·121	...	3	...	...	...	
7	Shimoga do	481·68	13·04	25·70	1·00	5·34	7·67	27	1	...	...	
8	Kadur do	47·51	2·35	5·85	...	12·31	...	8	...	...	...	
9	Chitaldroog do	39·05	1·35	1·9	...	4·0	...	2	...	...	...	
	Total.....	2,932·698	112·681	139·102	3·0	4·74	2·65	166	4	16	...	
	Lock-ups	44·450	6·181	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	2,977·148	118·862	139·102	3·0	4·31	2·52	166	4	16	...	

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

9. *Shewing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

	A Scale for men sentenced to more than two years' rigorous imprisonment.							B Scale for men sentenced to more than six months and up to two years' rigorous imprisonment.							Men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six months and under.							Simple, women, and under-trial.							Juvenile Prisoners.						
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	10	0	0	0	10	0
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	24	12	24	24	24	12	24	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	20	10	20	20	20	10	20
Dál or ballar	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat (with bone) ...	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
Tyre	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0
Gingelly oil	0	¼	0	¼	0	¼	⅛	0	¼	0	¼	0	¼	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	½	⅛	⅛	0	1/16	1/16	1/16	0	1/16	1/16
Ghee	⅛	0	⅛	0	⅛	0	0	⅛	0	⅛	0	⅛	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	⅛	0	0	0	⅛	0	0
Tamarind	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
Salt	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Curry Powder	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16	5/16
Onions	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½	½
Garlic	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/32	1/64	1/64	1/64	1/64	1/64	1/64	1/64
Vegetables	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood*	1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.						

Men who do not get meat to get 4 oz. of dál and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.

2 drams of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.

*Where closed fire places are in use, 1½ lbs. of firewood will be served out, where open fire places, 2 lbs.

Men who do not eat meat to get 3 oz. of dál and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.

Women and juveniles to get tyre if sentenced over six months; under-trial prisoners, tyre and meat if over two months in confinement.

Rice may be given entirely to any under-trial prisoner unaccustomed to ragi and to any one whom ragi disagrees with, at recommendation of Medical Officer.

Juveniles under 14 years to get 16 oz. of grain and 2 oz. of meat.

N B.—In the Taluk Lock-ups the prisoners get 3 pies and one seer of ragi.

II. C. PRISONS. (FINANCIAL.)

10. *Shewing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879, *excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.*

1	2	3				4				5				6				7						8				9				10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of prisoners.				Rations.				Establishment.				Police Guard.				Hospital charges.						Clothing.				Contingencies.				Grand Total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	Serial number.
						A				B				A				B				C				A				B						
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total cost.				Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.				Total cost.				Cost per head of average strength.				Cost per head of average number sick.				Total cost.				Cost per head of average strength.						
						Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	R.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1,186·00	6·00	2·00	1,194·00	40,886	34	4	10	28,403	23	12	7	8,439	7	1	1	2,797	2	5	6	38	4	4	4,603	3	13	10	6,289	5	4	3	91,422	76	9	1
2	Kolar District Jail	226·33	2·67	1·33	230·33	7,341	32	0	9	1,743	7	8	9	2,379	10	4	9	815	3	8	5	49	13	6	117	0	8	1	290	1	4	1	12,685	54	14	10
3	Túmkúr do	119·13	17·93	3·67	140·73	7,117	51	14	9	1,536	10	14	7	1,945	13	13	1	1,093	7	12	3	91	2	6	263	1	15	5	1,177	8	9	4	13,131	93	4	10
4	Mysore do	276·915	4·377	5·424	286·716	8,844	32	2	1	6,725	23	14	10	2,934	10	7	2	1,160	4	3	5	62	12	9	929	3	6	10	524	1	14	5	21,116	75	3	6
5	Kukarhalli Jail	611·575	...	...	611·575	21,938	35	14	5	8,713	14	4	2	3,727	6	1	7	530	0	15	5	59	0	0	2,172	3	8	11	1,256	2	0	11	38,396	62	13	5
6	Hassan District Jail ...	46·399	9·840	·810	57·049	2,887	51	5	2	679	11	14	6	760	13	5	3	207	3	10	9	63	12	11	340	7	5	2	595	10	8	8	5,468	95	13	7
7	Shimoga do	494·72	8·93	·67	504·52	29,399	59	5	11	10,371	20	8	11	4,353	9	0	5	581	1	2	5	35	11	4	2,518	5	1	5	899	1	12	6	48,323	95	12	6
8	Kadur do	49·83	8·60	·55	59·01	2,416	43	11	6	1,349	22	15	9	2,010	34	1	0	455	7	11	4	142	3	0	7	0	2	3	727	12	7	0	6,964	118	0	3
9	Chitaldroog do	40·40	8·49	·09	48·98	1,019	21	3	8	1,394	29	0	8	1,693	33	8	0	233	4	13	8	46	9	7	159	3	5	0	339	7	1	0	4,752	99	0	0
	Total.....	3,045·379	66·837	15·294	3,127·510	1,21,847	39	2	5	60,913	19	7	6	28,357	9	0	2	7,931	2	8	6	59	5	1	11,113	3	8	10	12,096	3	13	11	2,42,257	77	7	4
	Lock-ups	50·631	63·671	5·32	119·622	3,174	27	12	4	1,118	9	5	7	14,372	120	2	4	44	0	5	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,507	12	9	7	20,215	168	15	10
	Grand Total...	3,096·010	130·508	20·614	3,247·132	1,25,021	38	11	11	62,031	19	1	7	42,729	13	2	6	7,975	2	7	3	59	10	4	11,113	3	6	8	13,603	4	3	0	2,62,472	80	13	3

11. *Shewing the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7												8		
						Average number employed on working days.												Ratio per cent on Column 4 of those employed on working days as—		
						A	On Prison duties.					On Jail buildings.				K	L			
							B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.		New Jails.						
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number under sentence of labor on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	On unremunerative labor.	Prison warders.	* Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in Jails, or in whitewashing, manufacturing of prison clothing, &c.	Jail repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.	Public Works.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures (7 k)
1	Bangalore Central Jail	4·0	10·0	4·0	131·0	3·0	11·0	175·0	142·0	3·0	4·0	...	...	...	...	313·00	198·00	3.09	17·44	38·56
2	Kolar District Jail	2·10	10·0	16·25	4·31	27·09	6·12	23·86	22·19	11·75	5·10	70·18	...	...	...	4·35	...	3.62	14·11	2·57
3	Túmkúr do	1·55	108·37	9·78	...	3·7	4·9	10·78	12·35	7·5	...	8·0	...	...	...	7·27	...	4·5	18·9	6·7
4	Mysore do	3·931	257·0·7	18·471	8·905	69·393	12·916	31·646	45·653	17·01.	6·174	...	...	...	...	52·001	...	4·124	13·025	21·429
5	Kukarhalli Jail	...	613·913	16·578	29·074	...	3·· 3	40·345	...	20·802	1·757	...	42·676	...	...	...	480·782	5·021	7·641	...
6	Hassan District Jail	2·936	32·917	3·98	·432	13·181	2·153	8·506	5·015	3·432	...	...	...	...	...	·608	...	5·767	20·107	1·628
7	Shimoga do	3·49	414·55	16·34	29·9	132·46	21·53	57·33	65·75	43·36	17·55	...	...	...	...	53·27	...	5·92	13·90	12·85
8	Kadur do	·45	40·54	3·07	...	23·63	2·57	...	·59	7·70	·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	8·81	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do	1·5	20·6	5·4	·3	2·1	1·9	6.9	5·6	4·8	3·3	5·8	...	...	...	·2	...	6·3	23	·7
	Total.....	19·957	2,650·057	91·169	203·931	348·52	117·532	370·467	312·63	2·2·7·	42··1	84·5·	4··65	...	...	4·· ·0	678·782	4·43	13·9	16·2
	Lock-ups	7·653	42·86	1·54	...	34·248	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	4·7	...
	Grand Total.....	27·610	2,693·747	93·009	203·931	382·406	117·532	373·467	304·696	232·976	32·961	84·56	4··65	...	...	430·690	678·782	4·33	13·76	15·87

* Writers 4.0, Water carriers 84·090, Wood cleavers 8·16, Hospital Attendants 25·289, Weighmen and Store servants 5·0, Cooks 87·90, Barbers 4·066, Dhobis 7·533, Lamp lighters 1·0, Sweepers 48·74, Scavengers 99·639, Total 373·467.

12. *Shewing the Result of the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1	2	3	4								5								6			7		
			Debits.								Credits.								A	B	C	A	B	C
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number sentenced to labor.	Cash in hand at the end of 1879.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1879.	Raw materials at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jails at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Jails at the end of 1879.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1879.	Amount drawn from Treasury during 1879.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1879.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1879.	Raw materials at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jails at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Jails at the end of 1879.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1879.	Amount paid into the Treasury by cash and invoice during 1879.	Total.	Excess of credits or profits.	Average profit per head of number sentenced to labor.	Excess of debits or loss.	Excess of 5G over 4G or cash profit.	Average cash profit per head of number sentenced to labor.	Excess of 4G over 5G or cash loss.
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H						
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1,182·0	825	3,752	1,114	...	2,801	4,248	27,300	40,038	700	2,201	1,423	33	3,852	4,582	38,422	51,213	11,175	9 8 0	...	11,122	9 6 0	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	169	239	133	661	20	79	211	...	1,283	67	975	141	84	36	...	977	2,280	997	6 0 0	...	977	6 0 0	...
3	Túmkúr do ...	119·13	124	26	12	...	...	253	158	573	35	5	...	...	9	253	430	732	159	1 3 4	...	272	2 2 9	...
4	Mysore do ...	256·984	1,489	1,211	...	...	...	550	...	3,250	1,788	1,171	...	...	...	550	3,005	6,514	3,264	12 11 2	...	3,005	...	...
5	Kukarhalli J il ...	611·575	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38 13 1	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	43·463	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,721	5,721	...	...	...	...	...	...	250	250	...	...	5,471 6 7	...	5 12 2	5,471 6 7
7	Shimoga do ...	488·35	135	50	250	...	2,175	800	4,504	7,914	...	...	125	222	1,938	959	5,614	8,849	935	2 0 0	...	1,110	2 0 0	...
8	Kadur do ...	49·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	303	...	422	725	725	15 0 0	...	422	15 0 0	...
9	Chitaldrogg do ...	40·4	...	...	...	...	...	201	...	201	...	...	...	...	...	201	120	321	120	2 15 11	...	120	1 12 2	...
	Total.....	2,960·312	2,810	5,172	1,977	20	5,055	6,263	37,683	58,980	2,590	4,352	1,689	339	6,138	6,536	49,240	70,884	11,904	4 0 4	...	11,557	4 0 0	...
	Lock-ups	29·577	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	2,989·889	2,810	5,172	1,977	20	5,055	6,263	37,683	58,980	2,590	4,352	1,689	339	6,138	6,536	49,240	70,884	11,904	3 15 8	...	11,557	4 0 0	...

13. *Shewing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance.	Excess of payments over drawings from Treasury, col. 7 A of Statement No. XII.	Excess of drawings over payments, col. 7 C of Statement No. XII.	Net cost to Government.	Net cost per head of all convicts.	Net cost per head of convicts sentenced to labor.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	91,422	11,122	...	80,300	67 0 0	68 0 0	
2	Kolar District Jail	12,685	977	...	11,708	52 0 0	69 0 0	
3	Túmkúr do	13,131	272	...	12,859	108 0 0	119 0 0	
4	Mysore do	21,116	3,005	...	18,111	67 0 0	76 0 0	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	38,386	...	...	38,386	62 13 5	62 0 0	
6	Hassan District Jail	5,468	...	5,471	10,939	236 0 0	331 0 0	
7	Shimoga do	48,323	1,110	...	47,213	95 0 0	97 0 0	
8	Kadur do	6,964	422	...	6,542	131 0 0	132 0 0	
9	Chitaldroog do	4,752	120	...	4,632	116 0 0	154 0 0	
	Total.....	2,42,257	11,557	...	2,30,700	75 0 0	87 0 0	
	Lock-ups	20,115	...	...	20,115	400 0 0	470 0 0	
	Grand Total.....	2,62,472	11,557	...	2,50,915	81 0 0	93 0 0	

14. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Prisoners of all classes in the*

1	2		3			4			5			6			7		
Serial Number.	Jails.		Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number of sick.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	932	51	983	1,119	67	1,186	1,383	84	1,467	851	31	882	46	1·5	47·5
		Under-trial ...	19	...	19	4	2	6	4	1	5	7	6	13	...	0·5	0·5
		Civil ...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	108	10	118	220·16	6·22	226·38	471	15	486	529	2	531	15·72	0·57	16·29
		Under-trial ...	6	6	12	2·39	0·28	2·67	5	1	6	1	...	1	0·06	...	0·06
		Civil ...	4	4	8	1·88	...	1·88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Túmkúr do ...	Convicts ...	131	7	138	116·29	2·84	119·13	246	7	253	153	1	154	9·75	·03	9·78
		Under-trial ...	12	7	19	17·08	·85	17·93				32	2	34	1·69	·02	1·71
		Civil ...	4	...	4	3·67	...	3·67				2	...	2	·5	...	·5
4	Mysore do ...	Convicts ...	316	20	336	255·992	15·023	270·915	393	21	414	351	34	385	16·356	1·610	17·966
		Under-trial ...	49	...	49	4·104	·273	4·377	14	2	16	3	1	4	·071	·104	·175
		Civil ...	15	...	15	5·356	·068	5·424	8	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Jail.	Convicts ...	965	...	965	611·575	...	611·575	811	...	811	419	...	419	10·378	...	10·378
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	56	4	60	42·041	4·358	46·399	82	11	93	68	8	76	2·97	·12	3·09
		Under-trial ...	8	...	8	9·276	·564	9·840	5	1	6	7	...	7	·15	...	·15
		Civil ...	4	...	4	·810	...	·810	6	...	6	2	...	2	·74	...	·74
7	Shimoga do ...	Convicts ...	420	47	467	481·68	13·04	494·72	722	14	736	397	8	405	15·86	·18	16·04
		Under-trial ...	19	..	19	8·47	·46	8·93	11	...	11	4	...	4	·23	...	·23
		Civil ...	3	...	3	0·87	...	0·87	1	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...
8	Kadur do ...	Convicts ...	46	7	53	47·51	2·35	49·86	83	11	94	65	5	70	2·89	·18	3·07
		Under-trial ...	11	...	11	8·29	·31	8·60	32	4	36	3	1	4	·11	·02	·13
		Civil ...	6·50	3·25	9·75	·55	...	·55	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	Convicts ...	50	12	62	39·05	1·35	40·4	65	9	74	165	...	165	5·4	...	5·4
		Under-trial ...	12	.	12	7·89	·6	8·49	21	3	24	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	2	...	2	·09	...	·09	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Lock-ups	Convicts ...	...	..	...	44·450	6·181	50·631	219	32	251	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under-trial ...	1,415	269	1,684	120·288	10·220	130·508	258	23	281	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5·32	...	5·32	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...

15. *Shewing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the*

1	2	3											
		A		B		C		D		E		F	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Small-pox.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Scrofula and Phthisis Pulmonalis.		Anæmia and general debility.	
		A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	66	11
2	Kolar District Jail	...	...	344	1	1	...	...	...	2	2	2	1
3	Túmkúr do	...	...	25	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	18	1
4	Mysore do	...	...	174	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	46	8
5	Kukarhalli Jail	...	...	128	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	7	...
6	Hassan District Jail	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
7	Shimoga do	...	...	86	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	24	5
8	Kadur do	...	...	21	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	1
9	Chitaldroog do	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...
	Total.....	...	...	947	4	11	4	...	...	7	3	179	29
	Lock-ups	...	...	15	..	18	...	...	...	...	...	8	1
	Grand Total.....	...	...	962	4	29	4	...	...	7	3	187	30

SONS. (VITAL.)

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1879.

8			9		10			11			12															
											Ratio per cent of average strength.															
											A			B			C	D			E				
Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Deaths from fever.			Deaths from bowel complaints.			Deaths from cholera.								Of deaths from cholera.								
											Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.				Of deaths from all other causes.			Of deaths from all causes, both in and out of hospital.				
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
18	1	19	...	...	...	4	1	5	...	...	...	76·050	46·268	74·367	4·110	2·238	4·050	...	...	...	1·519	1·492	1.602	1·602	1·492	1·686
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175·0	150·0	216·6	...	25·0	8·30	...	...	...	...	50·0	16·6	...	·50	16·6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·0	50·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	...	8	1	...	1	7	...	7	...	...	...	240·27	32·15	234·56	6·14	·94	7·19	...	...	...	3·63	...	3·63	3·63	...	3·63
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45·60	...	37·45	2·51	...	2·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	131	35	129	8·33	1·06	8·2	...	...	...	3·4	...	3·3	3·4	...	3·3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	187	235	1·9	9·89	2·35	9·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	...	54	13·6	...	13·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	2	25	3	...	3	10	1	11	...	...	...	137·435	219·029	142·119	6·404	16·371	6·631	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·305	12·884	9·227
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	...	12	1	...	1	7	...	7	...	...	...	69·511	...	68·511	1·696	...	1·696	...	...	...	1·964	...	1·964	1·964	...	1·964
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	161·746	183·570	163·796	7·064	275·355	6·659	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·407	...	19·396
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75·463	...	71·138	161·707	...	152·430	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	216·913	...	246·913	91·358	...	91·358	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	...	63	2	...	2	39	...	39	...	...	...	82·42	61·35	81·86	3·29	1·38	3·24	...	...	...	13·08	...	12·73	13·08	...	12·73
1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	47·22	...	44·79	2·71	...	2·58	...	...	...	11·31	...	11·20	11·81	...	11·20
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	136·81	212·77	140·39	6·08	7·66	6·16	...	...	...	10·52	...	10·03	10·52	...	10·03
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36·19	322·58	46·51	1·32	6·45	1·51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29·23	...	23·23	11·65	...	11·65	...	...	...	5·12	...	5·12	5·12	...	5·12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·18	2
3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·48	...	2·3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1879.

								4									
G		H		I		K		Ratio of admissions and deaths per cent of average strength from—									
Respiratory Diseases.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Jaundice.		Ulcers and Boils.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	
A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
15	1	61	3	1	...	140	1	8·433	...	0·084	...	...	...	5·983	0·251
6	...	52	3	...	...	118	..	148·96	0·43	0·43	...	...	.	22·95	1·29
19	...	18	2	1	...	41	...	29·3	...	2·5	...	...	...	15·1	1·6
3	...	100	10	1	...	14	2	64·226	...	1·107	1·107	...	...	36·906	3·690
19	2	167	7	1	...	6	...	20·928	·163	·163	·163	...	...	27·206	1·144
1	...	16	7	...	...	21	...	76·294	...	...	...	...	...	34·483	15·036
29	6	118	40	...	...	53	2	17·04	·40	...	...	...	...	23·39	0·40
4	...	10	2	...	...	10	...	35·59	...	3·30	...	...	...	16·95	3·39
3	...	14	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	9	556	74	4	...	414	5	31·1	0·13	0·35	0·13	...	...	18·3	2·4
...	...	3	...	...	...	7	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
99	9	559	74	4	...	451	5	31·5	0·13	0·35	0·13	...	...	18·3	2·4

16. *Shewing the Mortality, according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1	2	3						4						5						6						7					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 16 years.						16 to 40.						40 to 60.						Over 60.						Total.					
		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	26·0	1·0	...	...	...	...	809·0	61·0	14	1·0	1·606	1·639	249·0	3	4	...	1·606	...	35·0	2·0	...	...	...	...	1119·0	67·0	18	1	1·518	1·492
2	Kolar District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	186·64	4·19	7	...	3·75	...	21·49	2·03	1	...	4·65	...	12·03	...	...	...	...	...	220·16	6·22	8	...	3·63	...
3	Túmkúr do ..	1·85	...	...	...	...	...	56·98	2·84	4	...	7·02	...	57·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116·29	2·84	4	...	3·4	...
4	Mysore do ...	5·173	·812	...	...	...	...	158·083	12·471	15	2	9·488	16·037	89·738	2·240	8	...	8·914	...	2·398	...	...	...	...	...	255·392	15·523	23	2	8·489	12·884
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	442·206	...	10	...	2·261	...	169·369	...	2	...	1·115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	611·575	...	12	...	1·964	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	3·07	...	...	...	...	...	32·514	1·602	6	...	18·453	...	7·873	1·903	3	...	38·079	...	1·347	·853	...	...	...	...	42·041	4·358	9	...	21·407	...
7	Shimoga do ...	2·68	·21	...	...	...	...	439·78	12·53	14	...	3·18	...	29·22	·30	49	...	171·11	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	481·68	13.04	63	...	13·29	...
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46·17	2·11	5	...	10·83	...	1·31	·24	...	...	...	...	·03	...	...	...	...	...	47·51	2·35	5	...	10·52	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	1·7	...	...	...	...	...	35·45	1·35	2	...	5·64	...	1·2	...	...	...	...	...	·7	...	...	...	...	...	39·05	1·35	2	...	5·12	...
	Total.....	37·710	2·022	...	...	...	...	2,206·823	98·093	77	3	3·48	3·08	626.660	9·713	67	...	10·62	...	61·505	2·853	...	...	...	...	2,932·698	112·681	144	3	4·9	2·65
	Lock-ups	0·806	0·29	...	...	...	...	40·604	5·426	...	1	0	18·2	3·020	0·465	...	..	...	...	0·023	...	...	...	...	...	44·450	6·181	...	1	...	16·6
	Grand Total.....	38·516	2·212	...	..	...	...	2,247·427	103·519	77	4	3·44	3·85	629·680	10·178	67	...	10·60	...	61·525	2·853	...	...	...	...	2,977.148	118·862	144	4	4·8	3·4

17. *Shewing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879, *according to length of imprisonment.*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 6 months in Jail.			From 6 to 12 months.			From 1 to 2 years.			From 2 to 3 years.			From 3 to 7 years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	553·0	5	0·906	209·0	...	...	85·00	7	8·235	109·0	4·0	8·235	182·0	2	1·098	48·0	1	2·083
2	Kolar District Jail	74·44	4	5·37	72·10	1	1·38	43·05	2	4·64	30·26	...	...	6·53	1	15·31	...	...	...
3	Tumkúr do	40·45	1	2·47	55·39	3	5·41	14·25	...	...	3·7	...	...	5·34	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore do	106·643	7	6·564	52·433	9	17·145	43·532	5	11·485	31·471	4	12·710	32·219	...	...	4·617	...	...
5	Kuksrhalli Jail	11·637	2	17·186	189·106	2	1·057	126·587	4	3·159	80·657	4	4·959	181·619	...	...	21·969	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail	36·069	6	16·634	1·002	2	199·600	1·333	...	...	2·702	1	37·009	3·972	..	..	1·321	...	...
7	Shimoga do	20·40	8	39·22	59·68	15	25·13	101·84	12	11·78	81·65	7	8·57	200·98	20	9·95	30·17	1	3·31
8	Kadur do	29·27	5	17·08	7·96	...	...	6·57	...	...	·09	...	...	5·11	...	...	·86	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do	36·70	2	5·44	1·564	...	...	2·03	...	...	·05	...	...	·06	...	...	·006	...	...
	Total.....	908·609	40	4·40	648·235	32	4·9	424·192	30	7·7	339·580	20	5·8	617·830	23	3·7	106·933	2	1·88
	Lock-ups...	50·631	1	1·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	959·340	41	4·3	648·235	32	4·9	424·192	30	7·7	339·580	20	5·8	617·830	23	3·7	106·933	2	1·88

II. C. PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

18. *Shewing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1879.

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8			9		10		11		12		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number remaining at the close of previous year.		Number received.		Total.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1879.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	7	9	49	87	56	96	152	4·0	2·0	6·0	34·0	27	61	21	65	86	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	4
2	Kolar District Jail ...	5	1	47	5	52	6	58	2·39	0·23	2·67	23	4	27	25	1	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
3	Túmkúr do	6	1	168	13	174	14	188	17·08	·85	17·93	79	5	84	90	5	95	2	2	...	...	...	...	3	2	5
4	Mysore do	2	...	4	4	46	4	50	4·104	·273	4·377	26	1	27	20	3	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	16	2	235	23	251	25	276	9·276	·564	9·840	110	17	127	85	8	93	19	...	...	...	...	...	37	...	37
7	Shimoga do	11	...	173	11	184	11	195	8·47	·46	8·93	86	3	89	86	6	92	3	...	...	...	1	...	8	2	10
8	Kadur do	3	...	193	17	196	17	213	8·29	·31	8·60	109	4	113	84	12	96	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
9	Chitaldroog do	8	1	108	11	116	12	128	7·80	·6	8·49	53	6	59	61	5	66	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
	Total.....	58	14	1,017	171	1,075	185	1,260	61·500	5·339	66·339	520	67	587	472	105	577	27	3	...	...	1	1	55	9	64
	Lock-ups	53	2	4,512	362	4,565	364	4,929	58·738	4·883	63·671	2,236	167	2,403	1,425	124	1,549	861	71	2	...	3	...	38	2	40
	Grand Total.....	111	16	5,529	533	5,640	549	6,189	120·238	10·220	130·508	2,756	234	2,990	1,897	229	2,126	888	74	2	...	4	1	93	11	104

II. C. PRISONS. (STATEMENT A.)

Shewing the Nature and Amount of Accommodation for each class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province at the close of the year 1879.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December in the part of the Jail devoted to—										Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand Total.	Superficial area per prisoner within enclosing wall in square yards.	*Spent on Jail buildings during the year.		Remarks.
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trial.		Europeans.							By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.								
																		Rs.	Rs.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	...	123	7	128	4	...	...	19	...	16	...	24	51	892	1,264	490	...	...	
2	Kolar District Jail	...	10	...	...	...	8	...	12	...	...	...	...	10	108	148	154	680	46	
	Túmkúr do	...	14	7	5	...	4	...	12	7	...	...	...	7	131	187	4·5	200	...	
4	Mysore do	...	31	...	26	...	15	...	49	...	...	...	...	20	316	457	92	104	84	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	....	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,010	1,010	23	1,668-10-0	2,549-15-0	
6	Hassan District Jail	....	9	...	15	...	4	...	8	...	3	...	...	4	38	81	74	...	...	
7	Shimoga do	...	15	4	...	...	3	...	19	...	...	...	...	47	353	441	0·60	...	224	
8	Kadur do	...	7	...	...	...	6	...	11	...	...	...	...	7	46	77	77	...	2,128	
9	Chitaldroog do	...	14	...	...	...	2	...	12	...	...	...	...	12	50	90	70·9	...	108-7-4	

II. C. PRISONS. (STATEMENT B.)

Shewing the State of Health of the Prisoners admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

1	2	3			4	5			6			7				8				9			10
Serial Number.	Jails.	State of health on admission of those admitted during the year.			Number discharged during the year.	State of health of column 4 on admission.			State of health of column 4 on release.			State of weight of column 4 prisoners on admission.				State of weight of column 4 prisoners on release.				State of health on admission into Jail of those who died during the year.			Remarks.
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Who gained weight during imprisonment.		Who lost weight.		Who gained weight during imprisonment.		Who lost weight.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	
												No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.				
1	Bangalore Central Jail	873	98	6	1,381	581	3	1	1,366	14	1	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	5	13	1	
2	Kolar District Jail	96	82	54	652	248	266	138	465	132	55	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	1	2	5	
3	Túmkúr do	159	29	247	643	366	116	161	384	98	161	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	4	
4	Mysore do	929	300	54	585	276	275	34	411	147	27	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	8	11	6	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	885	43	...	445	392	53	...	393	43	4	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	8	4	...	
6	Hassan District Jail	460	29	3	496	441	48	7	481	15	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	3	5	1	
7	Shimoga do	197	355	210	905	305	311	289	736	114	55	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	16	36	12	
8	Kadur do	414	7	3	333	330	...	3	333	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	3	
9	Chitaldroog do	263	27	8	339	311	26	2	318	18	3	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	2	
	Total.....	4,276	975	585	5,779	3,259	1,098	640	4,887	586	306	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	43	71	34	

II. C. PRISONS. (STATEMENT C.)

Shewing the Working of the Mark System during the year 1879.

1	2	3	4								5									6										7	8	9
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission under the mark system. Sentenced to—								Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year. Sentenced to—									Average remission gained by the convicts entered in column 4. Sentenced to—										Maximum gratuity earned by any convict released during the year.	Average gratuity earned by the convicts entered in column 4.	Remarks.
			Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.			
																						R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	24	4	7	4	2	...	5	...	1	...	1	12	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...		0 8 0	0 10 0	1 3 6	1 3 2	0 0 0	2 1 3	...	2 0 0	...	2 8 0	4 14 3	1 3 0	
2	Kolar District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Túmkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Mysore do ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	0 2 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 2 3	0 2 3	
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	0 5 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 5 9	0 5 9	
6	Hassan District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Shimoga do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. C. PRISONS. (STATEMENT D.)

Statement shewing the Nature of the Crimes for which Convicts are imprisoned.

Serial Number.	Sections of Penal Code classified.			2																				3		
				Convicts in Jail on 31st December under sentence not exceeding—																						
				A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J		
				One month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		Total.		
																				A,		B.				
																				For life.		For a term..				
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	VI	All sections ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
2	VII	Do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	VIII	Do ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	IX	162, 163, 170 and 271 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
5	„	All other Sections ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
6	X	All Sections		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	XI	193, 200 to 205 ...		1	...	...	...	1	...	5	1	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	1	14
8	„	201 to 204		...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
9	„	206 to 210		...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
10	„	211		...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
11	„	212, 216, 224 to 227	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	..	...	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
12	„	217 to 223		...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	..	5
13	„	228 and 229 ...		...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	XII	241 to 254		...	...	1	...	1	...	2	1	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	11
15	„	All other Sections ...		...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	7	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	16	...	16
16	XIII	All Sections		...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
17	XIV	264 to 289		...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	„	290 and 291 ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	„	292 to 294A ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	XV	All Sections... ...		...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	XVI	302, 303, 307 ...		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	1	6	4	10	1	...	...	23	7	19	1	4	...	67	14	81
22	„	304, 304 A, 305, 306, 308		1	...	2	...	1	...	4	...	8	1	24	4	15	...	...	...	4	...	6	...	...	...	65	5	70

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II. D.

1. *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution*

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.										
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.			Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under section 125, C.P.C, and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	by order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.					
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.												
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	51	18	69	54	2	...	2	...	20	5	8
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
4	224 to 226... ...	Other offences against public justice ...	40	12	52	43	...	...	...	...	8	3	16
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	24	10	34	28	...	...	...	1	11	1	5
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	4	1	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
		Total.....	120	41	161	130	2	..	2	1	39	11	31
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.												
8	302, 303, 39 6	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do by dacoits	2	3	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
10		Do by robbers	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Do by poison	4	2	6	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
12		Other murders...	45	21	69	48	.	...	...	1	18	8	27
13	307	Attempts at murder	10	3	13	9	..	...	1	...	1	4	5
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	45	18	63	48	...	...	...	...	21	7	12
15	376	Rape	14	4	18	14	..	...	1	...	4	6	3
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	32	8	40	32	...	...	2	...	5	2	9
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	42	1	43	42	...	...	1	..	7	8	7
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt...	45	15	60	43	1	...	...	...	16	3	9
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	8	7	15	8	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession..	9	2	11	9	...	...	...	..	3	1	4
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	78	38	116	80	...	...	2	..	41	7	29
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	17	4	21	18	...	...	...	...	15	1	...
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	3	6	9	5	..	...	...	...	1	1	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	80	11	91	83	..	...	13	..	19	7	15
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	..	...	1	...
		Total... .	436	146	582	447	1	...	20	1	156	60	135

POLICE.

of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at the end of 1878.	Within the year. Received by transfer.	Within the year. By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C.P.C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Session or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year. Before being put on trial. In Police custody.	Before being put on trial. On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	32	28	3	...	45	1	49	...	6	12	30	...	...	30	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	
2	29	23	2	...	39	...	41	1	1	6	30	4	1	25	..	...	...	3	...	2	1	100	45	
5	12	11	11	...	124	...	135	...	...	39	87	19	...	68	...	...	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	2	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	75	64	16	...	212	1	229	1	7	59	149	23	1	125	...	...	2	11	...	2	1	100	45	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	500	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	1	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	50	14	
5	18	10	10	...	42	2	54	3	...	27	21	...	6	15	...	...	...	1	2	3	1	249	140	
...	3	2	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	25	20	8	...	47	...	55	...	...	15	34	2	8	24	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	
2	5	2	5	...	8	...	13	...	2	4	5	2	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
6	19	16	1	...	34	...	35	...	5	4	21	...	1	20	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	
2	22	18	...	...	32	...	32	3	1	9	19	1	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	30	26	1	...	60	...	61	4	9	4	39	...	...	39	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	
1	3	2	6	...	7	...	13	...	2	6	4	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
1	2	2	1	...	11	...	12	1	5	...	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
11	33	26	8	1	57	...	66	...	5	22	33	4	...	29	...	...	..	6	...	...	...	...	...	
3	2	2	...	...	13	...	13	...	4	1	8	..	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	4	4	2	...	6	...	8	...	...	1	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	37	28	4	...	65	2	71	...	6	10	50	11	...	39	...	...	...	5	...	13	5	279	32	
...	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	205	160	47	1	392	4	444	11	36	105	250	21	25	204	...	...	...	32	10	18	7	1,028	186	

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.										
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 b of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.			Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C. and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.					
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class III.— Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	123	67	190	122	1	...	3	2	25	11	110
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	4	8	12	8	...	...	3	...	2	1	5
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	3	2	5	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	3
33	392, 393	Robbery. In dwelling house	14	5	19	14	...	...	...	...	5	1	7
		Robbery. On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	33	12	45	36	1	...	2	...	18	4	16
		Robbery. Other robberies	75	60	135	81	1	...	1	...	56	6	35
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	32	16	48	33	...	...	...	...	15	6	17
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	782	358	1,140	778	5	...	7	...	295	50	523
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	99	36	135	131	...	...	69	...	2	1	21
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
		Total	1,166	565	1,731	1,188	8	...	85	2	420	80	739
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.											
38	323	Hurt	584	48	632	612	1	...	27	...	219	74	44
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	42	2	44	42	...	...	6	...	2	2	2
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	58	22	80	56	3	...	5	...	35	11	13
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	4	1	5	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
42	374	Compulsory labor	148	40	188	146	1	1	...	...	62	22	39
		Total	836	113	949	860	5	1	38	...	320	109	99
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.											
43	427, 8, 9	Mischief	31	14	45	32	...	...	...	...	21	5	7
44	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	61	61	122	47	...	...	2	...	26	4	79
45	379 to 382	Theft. Of cattle	371	182	553	431	2	..	28	1	179	37	98
		Theft. Ordinary	2,496	657	3,153	2,623	13	...	127	...	737	219	707
46	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	122	19	141	131	...	...	16	1	38	10	17
47	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	54	17	71	57	...	...	...	...	15	12	13
48	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	76	8	84	77	...	...	6	...	19	9	12
49	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	19	56	75	22	...	...	...	...	22	14	23
		Total	3,230	1,014	4,244	3,420	15	..	179	2	1,057	310	956
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.											
50	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
51	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	21	...	21	21	...	...	...	...	1	1	4
52	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
53		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	———Excise Laws	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
55		———Railway Laws	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		———Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57		———Chapter XXX, C. P. C.	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
58		———Post Office Act	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294 Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	1,022	20	1,042	1,025	...	..	5	...	33	20	14
60	...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	30	2	32	31	...	...	1	...	2	2	...
		Total	1,088	22	1,110	1,092	...	...	6	...	38	24	20
		Grand Total	6,876	1,901	8,777	8,137	31	1	330	6	2,030	594	1,980

POLICE 1.—*Continued.*

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and Superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	Persons. Number arrested. Pending at the end of 1878.	Within the year. Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C. P. C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year. Before being put on trial. In Police custody.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Property. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
13	56	26	26	...	369	..	395	32	13	99	198	41	49	108	...	1	...	28	24	73	39	30,353	2,853
...	3	1	1	...	10	...	11	...	1	3	7	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	277	137
...	...	..	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
4	2	2	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	4	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	380	12
...	10	7	2	...	24	...	26	...	1	3	22	3	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	4,104	2,342
12	29	24	15	...	74	...	89	...	...	13	67	10	...	57	...	...	...	9	..	36	24	2,319	400
8	8	1	2	...	22	...	24	...	4	15	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	1,300	...
77	284	188	58	...	429	1	488	5	27	77	342	49	17	276	...	3	...	34	...	389	169	65,986	9,909
16	29	26	...	...	49	...	49	...	...	6	43	4	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	43	19	4,223	1,138
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	421	275	104	...	986	17	1,091	37	46	220	686	113	66	507	...	4	...	74	24	566	246	1,08,942	16,791
51	232	217	16	...	601	...	617	...	6	120	453	43	...	331	79	...	16	12	...	...	...	...	...
3	33	29	1	...	33	...	34	..	...	...	33	1	...	31	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
3	19	13	11	...	61	4	76	...	9	36	29	5	...	24	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
26	39	39	2	5	97	13	117	3	3	24	75	13	...	62	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
83	325	300	30	5	794	17	846	3	18	180	592	62	...	450	...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...
4	10	8	5	...	32	...	37	...	2	18	14	3	...	11	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	80	...
5	17	6	...	...	19	...	19	1	1	4	13	1	..	12	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	93	13
65	187	145	37	...	337	3	377	...	30	50	278	36	5	237	...	...	3	16	..	218	174	5,603	5,767
247	1,317	1,116	146	...	2,096	12	2,254	1	78	313	1,747	184	14	1,549	...	...	...	111	...	1,511	1,103	41,817	14,950
7	53	52	2	...	91	...	93	...	5	19	66	3	...	63	...	4	...	3	...	69	45	3,631	1,518
5	33	26	3	...	62	...	65	...	2	13	46	12	...	34	...	...	1	3	...	20	19	2,196	1,909
2	46	36	...	...	91	...	91	...	...	19	71	16	...	55	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
11	13	5	16	...	41	...	57	...	...	10	21	...	...	21	...	...	...	26	...	9	7	246	98
346	1,681	1,394	209	...	2,769	15	2,993	2	118	446	2,256	255	19	1,982	...	4	4	163	...	1,831	1,349	53,666	22,317
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	17	13	...	...	75	...	75	2	...	11	56	7	...	49	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	7	7	...	...	42	...	42	...	...	...	42	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	987	964	20	...	1,766	4	1,790	...	10	25	1,747	57	...	1,690	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
2	28	25	1	...	85	...	86	...	2	2	74	10	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	1,042	1,011	21	...	1,974	4	1,999	2	12	41	1,922	75	...	1,847	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	...
633	3,749	3,204	427	6	7,127	42	7,602	56	237	1,051	5,855	549	111	5,115	80	8	22	339	34	2,417	1,603	1,63,736	39,339

PART II.—NON-

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, columns 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.				
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ...	Offences against public justice	8	3	6	6
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	14	1	...	11
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims	3	...	...	...
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	9	...	...	7
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	7	...	...	5
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	...	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	13	...	...	9
		Total.....	54	4	6	38
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	9	...	...	5
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	9	...	...	5
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	9	..	...	3
		Total.....	9	...	...	3
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	117	7	...	55
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	32	4	...	19
		Total.....	149	11	...	74
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	9	...	...	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	31	7	1	19
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	1	...	...
9	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	37	16	17	12
		Total.....	78	24	18	32
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	8	...	...	...
21	298	Offences against religion	2	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	1	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Arms Act	1	...	...	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult...	17	2	...	6
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	1	1	...	...
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	17	...	...	15
		Total.....	47	3	..	22
		Grand Total.....	346	42	24	174

POLICE 1. *Concluded.*

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases struck off as false.	Number of cases pending at the end of the year.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Number of persons pending or under trial at the end of year.	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	2	12	...	12	6	...	...	
3	1	15	2	13	...	...	...	
...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	
2	...	10	1	9	...	...	...	
1	1	7	1	6	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	60	10	47	3	...	...	
11	9	105	14	87	10	...	...	
1	3	16	5	8	3	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	3	16	5	8	3	...	...	
6	...	16	10	6	...	...	...	
6	...	16	10	6	...	...	...	
45	24	145	53	88	4	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	7	65	21	44	...	...	...	
55	31	210	74	132	4	...	...	
7	1	1	11	10	1	...	...	
7	12	38	8	29	2	219	165	
...	2	...	...	...	...	8	...	
17	24	29	8	23	15	40	...	
31	39	78	26	53	17	347	165	
2	6	2	2	...	...	...	...	
2	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
8	5	16	5	10	1	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	23	...	22	1	...	...	
14	14	52	17	33	2	...	...	
118	96	477	146	319	36	347	165	

2. *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Total number of cases fully investigated during the year and accepted as true, Column 8 *g* of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to true cases investigated.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
			1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879	1878	1879
1	2	3	4	5*a*	5		6	7	8	9	9 *a*	9 *b*			10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																									
1*a*	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.		...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	74	69	51	32	56·86	87·5	67	49	...	67	49	46	30	55·22	61·22	89·12	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	1	...	100	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	85	52	64	29	71·87	79·31	70	41	...	70	41	48	30	68·56	60·97	100	83·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	29	34	14	12	64·28	91·6	136	135	...	136	135	100	87	40·44	50·37	55	78·16	200	100	200	45	100	45	
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier...	7	5	4	2	75	100	8	3	...	8	3	6	2	75	66·6	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	196	161	134	75	65·6	85·3	282	229	...	282	229	201	149	52·12	...	73·13	...	200	100	200	45	100	45	
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																									
8		Murder by thugs...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits	8	5	6	...	50	...	59	1	...	59	1	40	...	33·89	...	50	...	240	500	7	...	3	...	
10	302, 303, 396 ...	„ robbers	5	...	3	...	100	...	4	...	...	4	...	4	...	100	...	100	...	33	...	6	...	18·18	...	
11		„ poison	7	6	6	...	50	100	15	3	...	15	3	8	2	26·6	33·3	50	50	5	50	...	14	...	28	
12		Other murders	11	69	90	18	51·11	55·5	194	54	...	194	54	121	21	47·94	27·7	76·85	71·42	424	249	49	140	11·55	56·24	
13	307	Attempts at murder	17	13	23	3	43·9	66·6	21	5	...	21	5	12	2	38·09	40	66·66	100	22	...	22	...	100	...	
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	70	63	43	25	71·88	80	85	55	...	85	55	57	34	60	43·6	89·87	70·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	376	Rape	9	18	2	5	...	40	13	13	...	13	13	2	5	...	15·38	..	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	24	40	14	19	78·5	84·21	15	35	...	15	35	12	21	80	57·14	100	95·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	34	43	18	22	72·22	81·81	27	32	...	27	32	13	19	48·33	65·06	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	96	60	46	30	78·29	86 6	87	61	2	...	87	61	64	39	59·56	63·9	82·81	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt... ...	44	15	33	3	51·51	66·6	39	13	...	..	39	13	31	...	68·97	23·76	87·09	75	4	...	...	...	..	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	11	11	7	2	71·42	100	21	12	...	...	21	12	11	3	82·38	16·6	100	66·6	154	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	463	116	252	33	74·3	78·78	487	65	...	1	487	66	349	33	66·73	43·94	90·25	87·87	49	...	3	...	6·12	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	21	21	7	2	85·71	100	19	13	...	...	19	13	10	8	52·63	15·38	100	25	57	...	22	...	38·59	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	15	9	4	4	50	100	12	8	...	...	12	8	6	7	33·33	87·5	66·66	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confined	103	11	39	37	64·1	75·67	93	71	...	...	93	71	47	50	45·16	54·92	89·14	78	17	279	...	32	10·43	11·47
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	2	...	1	1	100	100	1	2	...	...	1	2	1	1	100	50	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	1,046	582	594	205	67·5	78·04	1,192	443	2	1	1,194	444	788	250	56·78	45·94	86·04	81·6	1,045	1,028	109	186	9·47	18·09

		Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.																								
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	308	190	264	56	52·65	46·42	1,697	395	...	...	1,698	395	1,388	198	41·54	27·34	57·99	54·54	5,282	30,353	5,107	2,853	96·57	9·38
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	2	1	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	43	12	28	3	42·35	33·33	37	11	...	...	37	11	22	7	45·94	18·18	81·81	28·57	761	277	207	137	27·2	49·46
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	7	5	4	...	75	...	13	...	...	...	13	...	10	...	53·84	...	70	..	1	...	1	...	100	...
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	24	19	8	2	37·5	100	15	9	...	...	15	9	...	5	46·66	55·55	63·63	100	2,228	380	458	12	20·55	3·16
		Robbery — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	51	45	29	10	37·93	70	48	26	...	...	48	26	35	22	52·29	73·07	71·41	86·36	2,514	4,104	1,312	2,342	52·18	57·06
		Robbery — Other robberies	189	135	97	29	81·44	82·75	250	89	...	...	250	89	174	68	64·4	64·04	95·52	85·07	4,366	2,319	549	400	12·57	17·29
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	44	48	24	8	50	12·5	29	24	...	...	29	24	19	2	51·17	41·66	84·21	50	885	1,300	...	...	...	...
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2,085	1,140	1,096	284	77	66·19	1,837	488	...	...	1,837	488	1,492	342	71·63	56·55	88·20	80·7	76,834	65,986	1,723	9,909	22·42	15·02
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	11	135	8	29	50	89·65	13	49	...	...	13	49	7	43	38·4	79·59	71·4	90·69	2	4,223	1	1,138	50	26·94
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	2	1	2	...	50	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	2	1	40	...	100	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
		Total	2,766	1,731	1,561	421	70·9	65·32	3,947	1,091	...	...	3,948	1,091	3,160	686	60·1	46·47	74·7	73·9	1,39,673	1,08,942	24,865	16,791	17·8	15·44
		Class —IV. Minor Offences against the person.																								
38	323	Hurt	39	632	...	232	...	93·53	37	617	..	...	37	617	...	453	...	52·64	...	73·07	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	81	44	22	33	100	87·87	90	34	...	...	90	34	36	33	94·6	91·17	97·7	90·9	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	...	80	34	19	67·64	68·42	1	76	...	...	1	76	42	29	38·89	31·57	83·33	85·76	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	5	...	2	...	100	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	100	..	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labor	...	188	...	39	...	100	...	112	...	5	...	117	...	75	...	52·99	...	85·66	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	123	949	56	325	82·14	92·3	128	841	...	5	128	846	78	592	54·61	53·19	89·74	76·01	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.																								
43	427-8 & 9	Mischief	141	45	116	10	81·03	80	322	37	...	...	322	37	260	14	79·5	2·97	97·7	7·85	179	80	80	...	44·6	...
44	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	75	122	24	17	75	35·29	27	19	...	...	27	19	25	13	81·48	63·16	88	92·31	70	93	40	13	57·19	16·13
45	379 to 382	Theft — Of cattle	1,462	553	924	187	83·87	77·54	1,843	377	...	..	1,843	377	1,554	279	78·84	62·87	91·62	85·28	18,891	5,603	12,919	3,767	68·04	67·23
		Theft — Ordinary	5,178	3,153	3,509	1,317	85·72	84·73	5,144	2,254	2	...	5,146	2,254	4,498	1,747	82·8	65·67	94·78	88·68	60,798	41,817	20,217	14,950	33·27	35·75
46	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	159	141	68	58	85·29	89·66	107	93	...	...	107	93	77	66	63·56	67·74	88·31	95·45	3,265	3,631	5,262	1,580	16·65	43·52
47	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	100	71	84	33	75	78·26	128	65	..	...	128	65	94	46	64·06	52·31	87·23	73·61	894	2,196	473	1,909	52·9	86·47
48	447, 448	Criminal tr house-trespass	83	84	56	46	92·59	73·26	97	91	...	...	97	91	86	71	74·23	60·43	83·72	77·46	15	...	...	...	...	...
49	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	110	75	32	13	59·37	86·46	151	57	...	...	151	57	77	21	41·72	36·84	94·3	100	5,443	246	3,028	98	55·62	39 83
		Total	7,308	4,244	4,813	1,681	86·33	82·92	7,821	2,993	2	...	7,823	2,993	6,681	2,256	83·78	66·22	94·12	87·95	89,555	53,666	37,299	22,317	41·65	41·58
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.																								
50	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	87·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	13	21	13	1	92·3	76·47	65	75	...	...	65	75	58	56	83·33	63·2	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
53	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	7	7	7	7	100	100	21	42	...	..	21	42	21	42	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	..
54		,, Railway Laws	...	2	...	2	...	100	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		,, Chapter 33 C. P. C.	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		,, Section 505 C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57		,, Arms Act	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		Post Office Act	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Security for good behaviour	2	...	2	...	100	...	27	...	...	...	27	...	26	...	96·3	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Public and local nuisances	924	1,042	863	987	99·4	97·67	1,657	1,790	..	...	1,657	1,790	1,624	1,747	96·26	94·41	98·28	96·71	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	60	32	50	28	94	89·29	245	86	...	...	245	86	235	74	93·06	74·42	97·02	86·48	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	1,012	1,110	940	1,042	99·14	32·52	2,015	1,993	...	...	2,015	1,999	1,964	1,922	95·68	92·37	98·1	96·09	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Grand Total	12,451	8,777	8,010	3,749	71·53	85·43	15,383	7,596	4	6	15,383	7,602	12,873	5,855	74·56	67·27	81·36	87·36	2,00,973	1,63,736	62,473	39,339	27·11	24·02

3. *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.						Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1877	1878	1879	1877	1878	1879	1877	1878	1879	1877	1878	1879	1877	1878	1879	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	...	76	66	52	44	1,748	224	190	81	109	31	1,004	1,539	503	224	1,161	450	190	818	213	81	56,751	33,681	19,587	10,630	3,464	1,909	3 escaped.
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																												
(*a*) with murder	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
(*b*) without murder	...	1	1	1	...	3	2	2	...	2	...	1	13	9	2	13	7	2	9	5	...	30	363	...	10	104	...	
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																												
Kidnapping	...	...	2	2	...	6	6	6	1	5	..	...	...	...	6	....	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cattle theft	...	49	76	64	35	267	105	101	87	14	4	132	715	604	105	544	557	101	504	495	87	5,318	7,195	2,514	13,859	5,105	1,209	

4. *Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.																Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						
	Names of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Average Duration of fair or assembly.	Average estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total Cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	11	8,000	11	21	4	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Túmkúr	...	8	2,500	...	...	11	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	10	15,000	1	4	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hassan	...	12	5,000	1	7	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chitaldroog	...	6	3,000	1	6	29	91	...	...	...	...	1	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur	...	3	10,000	9	33	3	15		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town, Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	...	50	43,500	23	71	49	196	...	...	...	...	1	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

5. *Statement shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment*

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost								
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Commissioners (Column 3)	Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Other Expenses of Column 3.	Total pay of Subordinate Officers. (Cols. 4 and 5.)	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cols. 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of—		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. XI to XVII.
		Number of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards.	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.				Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.				Mounted Constable.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Deputy Inspector General of Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,061	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	273
Bangalore	...	1	1	98	...	510	...	...	...	...	3,300	584	2,433	22,502	38,810	3,972	76	...	1,089
Kolar	...	...	1	78	...	410	...	3	15	...	1,600	412	2,596	15,233	31,896	3,349	73	...	2,071
Túmkúr	...	1	1	85	...	443	..	...	...	...	2,500	930	2,006	18,723	32,574	3,660	73	...	972
Mysore	...	1	2	113	...	565	...	6	49	...	3,300	797	3,025	19,020	39,016	4,979	75	...	2,634
Hassan	...	1	1	80	...	414	...	1	13	...	500	456	3,007	15,48.	30,475	1,616	71	...	1,656
Shimoga	...	1	...	82	...	418	...	6	29	...	2,750	650	5,073	18,345	27,273	3,304	...	...	3,064
Chitaldroog	...	1	2	93	...	475	...	2	15	...	3,600	954	4,244	15,210	36,872	4,590	...	80	1,153
Kadur	...	1	1	57	...	297	...	1	15	...	1,035	565	5,321	14,444	22,445	3,130	...	6	2,557
Town and Cantonment of Bangalore	...	1	4	62	...	230	...	20	139	...	7,200	...	1,543	25,412	30,208	1,545	...	...	10,803
Town of Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	185	...	...	...	...	6,087	15,032	300	...	81	2,411
Total	...	8	13	748	...	3,762	...	60	460	10,061	25,785	5,348	29,848	1,70,465	3,04,606	30,445	...	535	28,683

6. *Return shewing Equipment, Discipline and general Internal*

Districts.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.						Other offences.	
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, & 348, of the Indian Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of the Indian Penal Code.			
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bangalore	99	510	...	...	570	2	47	51	271	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	4
Kolar	82	425	105	...	472	...	8	17	111	..	2	...	...	...	...	1	6
Túmkúr	86	443	60	...	495	2	40	42	160	...	2	2	...	...	...	3	3
Mysore	121	614	...	...	683	5	28	22	183	...	3	...	...	...	1	2	1
Hassan	82	427	77	...	472	1	38	41	81	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	6
Shimoga	88	447	101	...	378	4	33	49	131	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	11
Kadur	59	312	84	...	341	1	5	15	115	...	5	...	8	...	...	...	3
Chitaldroog	97	490	145	145	508	3	7	30	145	1	4	...	...	...	...	2	7
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore	86	369	...	...	425	3	9	5	7	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	6
Town, Mysore	21	185	...	...	198	...	10	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total..	821	4,222	572	145	4,542	21	225	273	1,219	4	24	2	8	...	1	11	47

Details of Fines, &c.

		O.	M.
Fined less than	Re. 1	...	...
„ Re. 1 and less than	Rs. 2	196	1,087
„ Rs. 2 „	„ 5	12	11
„ more than	„ 5	41	32
Degraded	...	24	89
Suspended	...	273	1,219
	Total.....		

POLICE.

of Police in the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

of Police.			Distribution of Force.										Proportion of Police Officers and Men.					
			In District.										To Area.			To Population (7.)		
			Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.											
Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35		36	37	
10,334	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
72,690	72,690	...	...	...	...	23	98	487	..	...	2,914	685,841	...	1to 5	..	...	1to1124	...
57,157	55,531	1,626	...	...	3	49	67	368	18	...	2,577	618,954	5·11	5·30	9	1,228	1,273	551
61,366	61,366	...	...	..	7	48	60	397	14	...	3,606	632,239	6·8	6·81	4	1,201·97	1213·62	797·85
72,770	68,162	4,608	..	...	..	33	72	463	27	...	4,127	915,728	6·07	6·07	...	1 to 1,49	1to1493	...
53,799	52,943	856	...	...	...	40	68	365	7	...	7,611	623,272	1 to 15	3to 1	1to1370	1 to 1,324	1to 1050	...
63,112	60,264	3,' 48	...	...	5	28	64	368	35	..	3,805	513,106	8· 2	8	·25	1,073	1,043	403
66,623	65,122	1,501	...	...	3	46	55	435	17	...	4,471	531,360	1 to 8	...	...	1 to 1,021	...	...
44,279	42,995	1,284	...	...	...	53	55	220	16	...	2,294	358,145	7	6·72	4·42	4,091	1,116	1,038
76,711	37,202	39,509	...	...	...	2	344	...	149	288	14	142,513	32· 3	...	...	1 to 325	...	...
23,830	...	23,830	...	...	...	...	21	185	...	...	2,832	57,815	...	...	72 to 1	...	...	1 to280
6,02,671	5,16,275	76,262	...	...	17	322	904	3,288	283	288	33,651	5,078,973	...	..	...	...	...	...

Management of the Force in the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

Reward.		Education.							Number who have left the Force during the year.								
Number of Police rewarded during the year,		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.	Of ten years' service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage of men in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
85	...	93	145	...	...	89	335	184	..	17	17	49	...	1	14	3·0	2·30
48	1	70	153	...	...	·36	258	210	2	6	16	8	21	1	3	17·29	·59
40	...	69	119	...	...	111	260	155	...	8	12	42	...	4	9	11·3	1·7
4	...	75	149	...	..	86	348	161	...	6	24	33	9	65	8	27	1·08
69	...	67	117	...	...	78	114	253	...	4	22	39	4	...	5	14	1
39	..	59	112	19	40*	123	221	156	1	9	18	37	3	1	9	4·16	1·9
30	...	56	101	...	...	117	170	57	...	8	18	6	4	27	14	36·33	3·94
30	...	58	168	2	42	46	423	67	...	...	12	10	5	17	12	33	2
112	2	75	145	...	32	100	260	79	..	14	49	12	9	2	5	2·73	1·1
...	...	17	72	4	25	22	87	97	...	...	8	10	...	...	1	56·48	·48
457	3	641	1,280	25	139	808	2,486	1,404	3	72	166	246	55	118	80	...	...

7. *Statement shewing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879.

| Districts. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or Caste. | | | | | | | | | | | |

1. *Statement shewing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879—80.

	Arm of the Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each.					Total Cost including Contingencies.
		Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.				Paid Camp-followers and Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
				In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.							
	Her Majesty's Forces.																Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Europeans.	Cavalry	499	90	...	9	9	38	14	528	14th H.	...	27	...	70	431	538	1,28,072	...	37,296	97,140	52,812	3,18,530
	Engineers (R. E.)	30	...	...	1	1	1	1	27	42nd C. R. E.	...	10	...	17	...	...	95,031	...	10,195	...	...	1,06,646
	Artillery	537	34	...	6	6	27	11	527	3rd Battery Detachments	18	17	...	61	449	715	96,780	...	39,648	1,11,540	54,380	3,10,988
	Infantry	398	3	...	2	2	21	10	368	$\frac{2}{13}$th & 67th.	...	10	...	30	328	45	29,978	...	18,526	75,165	4,619	1,29,699
	Total.....	1,464	127	...	18	18	87	36	1,450	7	18	64	...	178	1,208	1,328	3,49,861	...	1,05,665	2,83,845	1,11,811	8,65,863
Natives.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineers (S. & M.)	502	69	...	9	9	47	10	505	Q. O. Sappers and Miners.	...	4	7	59	435	30	38,041	11,722	21,004	60,342	1,530	1,33,400
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	1,364	149	...	20	20	15	55	1,423	2	...	17	31	121	1,254	162	1,44,079	26,135	25,721	1,28,564	5,851	3,30,350
	Total.....	1,866	218	...	29	29	62	65	1,928	2	...	21	38	180	1,689	192	1,82,120	37,857	46,725	1,88,906	7,381	4,63,750
	Grand Total.....	3,330	345	...	47	47	149	101	3,378	9	18	81	38	358	2,897	1,520	5,31,981	37,857	1,52,390	4,72,751	1,19,192	13,29,613
	Mysore Local Force.																					
Europeans.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
Natives.	Cavalry	1,148	123	...	13	13	...	87	1,171	3	...	...	42	114	1,015	18	...	1,121 4 3·12	398 7 11·6	306 7 1·08	67 0 4·27	5,09,790 8 0
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	1,902	96	...	42	42	...	117	1,839	3	...	...	69	213	1,557	110	...	335 11 9·1	129 4 2·08	91 13 0·38	71 12 9·9	2,50,327 7 2
	Total.....	3,050	219	...	55	55	...	204	3,010	6	...	...	111	327	2,572	128	...	1,457 0 0·13	527 12 1·68	398 4 1·41	138 13 2·17	7,60,117 15 2

2. *Statement shewing the Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879—80.

Arm of the Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on Active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Post occupied.	Average Number of men at Head-Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-Post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Active Service.			Number of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Her Majesty's Forces.														
Infantry	1	3	1	100	600	5	19	...	78	286	Sixty-six men had 2,004 days furlough average 30 $\frac{24}{66}$ days per man.	...	144	130
Cavalry	...	1	...	37	436	...	...	...	45	320	...	16 Outstations.	325	75
Artillery	...	1	...	68	442	...	...	...	62	303	...	4	226	Annual course of instruction in gunnery for each Battery 42 hours.
Mysore Local Force.														
Cavalry	...	8	33	57	149	62	128	...	120	140	5	...	36	...
Infantry	...	8	65	133	286	160	76	...	204	153	8	...	48	30
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. E. MILITARY.

3. *Statement shewing Religion, Races, and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.*

	Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
HER MAJESTY'S FORCES.	According to Religion. Muhammadans	30	5′ 6½″	...	Generally good looking and smart.
	Hindus	29½	5′ 6¾″	...	
	Seikhs	...	..	...	
	Christians	28½	5′ 5½″	...	Given against each below.
	Parsis, &c.	...	...	...	
	Other Castes	34	5′ 7″	...	
	According to Countries and Races. Hindustanis	42	5′ 7″	...	Open countenance and smart characteristics.
	Punjabis	...	...	..	
	Afghans	...	...	...	
	Beluchis	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From Eastern do	...	...	...	
	From Maharatta countries	35¾	5′ 6½″	...	Dull without smartness, great powers of endurance.
	Bengalis	...	...	...	
	Telingas	29½	5′ 6¾″	...	Apathetic, slow.
	Kanarese	...	...	...	
	Tamils	29½	5′ 6½″	...	Apathetic, but smart with great powers of endurance.
	Malabars	29½	5′ 5¾″	...	
	Hindus According to Caste. Brahmans	...	...	..	
	Rajputs	29½	5′ 7″	...	Open countenance and smart.
	Rache	...	...	...	
	Mahrattas	35¾	5′ 6½″	...	
	Kunbis	...	...	...	
	Telingas or Naidus	29½	5′ 7″	...	
	Alemans	...	...	...	
	General Average.....	29½	5′ 6¾″	...	
MYSORE LOCAL FORCE.	According to Religion. Muhammadans	33·89	5′ 5″	...	
	Hindus	31·51	5′ 7″	...	
	Seikhs	38· 0	5′ 8″	...	
	Christians	25·61	5′ 3″	...	
	Parsis, &c.	...	...	...	
	Other Castes	...	...	...	
	According to Countries and Races. Hindustanis	29· 3	5′ 7″	...	
	Punjabis	38· 0	5′ 8″	...	
	Afghans	...	...	...	
	Beluchis	...	...	...	
	From Western Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From Eastern do	...	...	...	
	From Maharatta countries	35·21	5′ 6″	...	
	Bengalis	...	...	...	
	Telingas	32·10	5′ 2″	...	
	Kanarese	27·89	5′ 4″	...	
	Tamils	23·9	5′ 4″	..	
	Hindus according to Castes. Brahmans	33·14	5′ 7″	...	
	Rajputs	28·89	5′ 4″	...	
	Maharattas	33·12	5′ 6″	...	
	Rache	...	...	...	
	Kunbis	23·80	5′ 5″	...	
	Telingas or Naidus	32·5	5′ 4″	...	
	Alemans	24·0	5′ 3½″	...	
	General Average.....	30·58			

II. F. MARINE.—*Statements* 1 *and* 2. (These are blank.)

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879—80.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.			Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaty and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers, Inamdars and Charitable Grants.			
Land Revenue ...	76,73,791 10 8	711 0 3	6,38,087 14 2¾	25,61,411 3 8	1,82,950 1 8	33,82,449 3 4¾	42,90,631 7 ¼	
Forest ...	5,43,312 0 9	370 15 9	1,92,547 9 2	... ...	... ...	1,92,547 9 2	3,50,393 7 10	
Excise on spirits and drugs...	10,22,547 5 4	110 2 4	53,915 5 9	... ...	... ...	53,915 5 9	9,68,521 13 3	
Tributes and Contributions from Native States ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Total.....	92,39,651 0 9	1,192 2 4	8,84,550 12 11¾	25,61,411 3 8	1,82,950 1 8	36,28,912 2 3¾	56,09,546 12 1¼	
Assessed Taxes ...	2,68,548 2 6½	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,68,548 2 6½	
Sayer Customs ...	4,30,349 6 ½	2,454 9 11	28,278 14 ¾	... ...	... ...	28,278 14 ¼	3,99,615 14 1	
Salt ... Duty on Imported, Excise duty ..., Government Sales...	12,980 5 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	12,980 5 1	
Opium. Export and Import duty ...	1,688 4 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,688 4 8	
Opium. Government Sales ..	3,014 11 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	3,014 11 1	
Stamp	5,06,436 2 2	4,983 4 3	15,569 3 3	... ...	... ...	15,569 3 3	4,85,883 10 8	
Post Office ...	59,265 15 7	... ...	1,57,160 13 6	... ...	... ...	1,57,160 13 6	... ...	1,06,894 13 11
Electric Telegraph ...	... ...	... .	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Mint	228 9 6¼	... ...	... .	... ...	... ...	... ...	228 9 6¼	
Minor Department ...	3,788 3 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	3,788 3 1	
Law and Justice ... Refunds ...	3,415 0 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	.. ..	3,415 0 7	
Law and Justice ... Real Fines &c.,...	1,43,214 0 6	13,647 8 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,29,566 7 10	
Police ... Refunds ...	6,435 4 ½	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	6,435 4 ½	
Police ... Real ...	484 2 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	484 2 0	
Education	29,851 1 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	29,851 1 8	
Medical	2,150 6 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,150 6 9	
Stationery	8,274 11 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	.. ..	8,274 11 9	
Interest	21,131 6 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	21,131 6 1	
Pub'ic Works Refunds ...								
Pub'ic Works Sales ...	12,143 0 2	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... .	12,143 0 2	
Pub'ic Works Real ...								
State Railway	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Marine... Refunds ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Marine... Real ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Military Refunds, &c. ..	541 12 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	541 12 7	
Miscellaneous	83,488 0 11	4,028 12 4	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	79,459 4 7	
Famine Relief	29,471 3 4	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	29,471 3 4	
Total.....	16,67,897 14 1¾	25,114 3 2	2,01,008 14 9½	... ...	... ...	2,01,008 14 9½	14,98,669 10 1¼	106,894 13 11
Total Revenue.....	1,08,57,548 14 10¾	26,306 5 6	10,85,559 11 9¼	25,61,411 3 8	1,82,950 1 8	38,29,921 1 1¼	71,08,216 6 2½	1,06,894 13 11
Local Funds.								
Municipal Funds ...	2,05,124 7 11	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,57,310 15 6	47,813 8 5½	
One anna cess for local purposes ...	5,57,550 8 11	transferred wholly to District Fund, Village School Fund and Local Fund General.			... ...	5,57,550 10 11	... ...	0 2 0
District Fund	4,95,088 8 6½	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,72,729 10 5	2,22,358 14 1½	
Local Fund General ...	46,766 12 2	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	65,178 0 0	... ...	18,411 3 10
District Irrigation Fund ...	73,830 5 11	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,23,896 4 11	... ...	50,065 15 0
Village School Fund ...	1,33,790 0 7	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	88,044 14 9	45,745 1 10	
Miscellaneous Funds ...	2,10,579 7 5	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,64,313 3 4	46,566 4 1	
Total.....	17,23,030 3 6	... .	... ...	... ...	... ...	14,29,023 11 10	3,62,483 12 6	68,477 4 10
Gross Total	1,25,80,579 2 4¾	26,306 5 6	... ...	... ...	... ...	52,58,944 12 11¼	74,70,700 2 8½	1,75,372 2 9

III. A. FINANCE.

2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879—80.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1878—79.			Amount. Present year, 1879—80.			Cause of Increase or Decrease.
Interest on Service Funds and other accounts	5,142	9	10	*a* 9,098	16	2	*a*. Interest on subsidiary the payment of which was postponed.
Interest on debt	3,33,632	9	7	*b* 4,00,000	0	0	*b*. Interest on the famine loan for the full year.
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey ...	16,48,051	14	4	*c* 14,35,140	15	11	*c*. Reduction in establishment.
Civil Contingencies	32,897	13	7	*d* 44,065	11	0	*d*. Purchase of furniture for Government House &c. in 1879-80.
Minor Departments	94,802	7	5	*e* 1,02,754	2	10	
Judicial Charges. { Courts, &c.	9,43,509	14	8	*f* 8,66,193	10	9½	*e*. Increase under Topographical Survey owing to return of an Assistant Superintendent from furlough.
Judicial Charges. { Prisons	3,64,930	3	1	*g* 2,39,710	4	1¼	
Police Charges	5,72,293	9	11½	*h* 5,36,687	0	1	
Military	7,85,405	6	9	*i* 7,62,523	11	2	*f*. Reduction in establishment.
Famine Relief	10,76,126	4	1	*j* 1,15,177	14	3	*g*. The excess expenditure in 1878-79 was on account of famine prices and an abnormal number of prisoners.
Mint	88	10	9	*k* 3,948	6	5	
Deficit.—Post Office	1,15,483	9	9	*l* 1,06,894	13	11	
Superannuation and retired allowances, religious and charitable grants	1,51,569	2	3½	*m* 2,51,837	13	10	*h*. The force having been maintained at a reduced strength.
							i. Abolition of one Battalion of Foot.
Public Works Department.							*j*. Cessation of Famine.
							k. Intrinsic value of 6,000 Rs. worth of copper pie pieces supplied by the Madras Government.
Irrigation { New	2,84,654	11	0	97,338	14	10	*l*. Reduction of establishment.
Irrigation { Repairs	1,93,776	14	6	...	...	...	
Military... { New	42	4	0	...	...	...	*m*. Increase in number of pensioners and persons discharged with gratuities on reduction of establishment.
Military... { Repairs	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Civil Buildings { New	44,803	9	5	40,341	1	7	
Civil Buildings { Repairs	14,424	8	10	19,111	14	7	
Communications { New	1,10,980	14	7	1,99,353	5	8	
Communications { Repairs	4,16,697	5	2	3,19,245	7	6	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { New	1,40,590	9	6	64,086	2	6	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { Repairs	687	3	9	91	12	8	
Establishments, &c.	6,55,800	4	2	3,80,068	9	10	
Suspense Heads	— 17,523	10	5	— 49,177	9	7	
	18,44,934	10	6	*n* 10,70,459	11	7	*n*. Expenditure was well within the Budget Estimates.
Mysore State Railway.							
Preliminary Expenses	9,877	1	9	— 85,983	4	4	
Land	4,222	11	9	29,738	7	8	
Construction of Line	1,02,988	3	9	2,16,524	5	7	
Ballast and Permanent Way	8,258	0	0	24,722	8	4	
Stations and Buildings	2,921	9	8	79,071	6	11	
Steam Ferries	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Plant	1,809	1	10	12,971	5	8	
Rolling Stock	...	...	...	1,190	9	7	
Establishments	75,924	12	8	16,803	15	3	
Suspense Heads	— 878	3	2	2,01,655	9	5	
	2,05,133	6	3	*o* 5,46,695	0	1	*o*. Increased expenditure owing to progress of the work.
Education	2,26,652	13	5	*p* 2,14,705	3	8	*p*. Reduction of Establishment.
Muzrayi or Religious and Charitable Institutions ...	2,80,463	7	5	2,80,619	5	4	
Medical Services	1,68,236	2	1	*q* 1,58,132	10	4	*q*. Excess purchase of Europe medicine in 18 8—79.
Stationery and Printing	76,561	8	2	*r* 97,825	1	1	*r*. Excess purchase of Europe stationery for Educational and other publications.
Civil Furlough allowances	40,588	14	6	56,100	5	8	
Miscellaneous	81,905	9	2	*s* 1,01,114	12	9	*s*. Compensation allowance paid to European Officers retired.
Total Provincial.....	90,48,360	11	7	73,99,688	4	11¼	
Expenditure in excess of Receipts.....	7,44,691	11	¾	2,91,471	14	8¾	
Local Funds.							
Municipal Expenditure	1,68,283	0	1	1,57,310	15	6	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Transferred to Village School Fund ...	1,14,527	0	9	1,33,790	0	7	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Do to District Fund ...	3,22,615	13	2	3,77,469	3	8	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Do to Local Fund General ...	40,053	2	6	46,199	2	0	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Refunds	9	14	11	92	4	8	
District Fund Establishment and Works	3,51,511	3	8	2,72,729	10	5	
Local Fund General	22,108	12	4	65,178	0	0	
District Irrigation Fund	35,968	...	...	1,23,896	4	11	
Village School Fund	93,292	1	1½	88,044	14	9	
Miscellaneous Funds	2,89,449	15	10	1,64,313	3	4	
Total Local Funds.....	14,37,819	0	4½	14,29,023	11	10	
Grand Total.....	1,04,86,179	11	11½	83,28,712	0	9¼	
Local Fund Surplus.....	67,316	11	0	2,94,006	7	8	
Total	*a* 6,77,375	..	¾	*b* 2,534	8	11¼	*a*. Expenditure in excess of Receipts. *b*. Receipts in excess of Expenditure.

III A. FINANCE.

3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1879—80.

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursements.	Amount.		
Treasury and Public Works Cash balance of last year ...	46 83,105	11	5½	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2 ...	173,99,688	4	11¼
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	71,08,216	6	2½	Loans and interest	...	...	...
Receipts on account of loans	11,451	1	5	Deficit Miscellaneous Local Funds as per			
Miscellaneous Local Funds, *vide* Statement No. 1 ..	3,62,483	2	6	Statement No. 1	68,477	4	10
Repayment of Advances	28,99,842	12	1¼	Advances	27,76,983	12	5½
Deposits	14,90,946	1	¾	Repayment of deposits	15,32,888	10	7½
Bills drawn	9,92,875	3	11¼	Bills paid	9,86,778	8	4¼
Balance of remittances	96,724	4	5¾	Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	15,94,404	3	5
Public Works Department Debt Heads	16,50,576	5	5	State Railway Do ...	5,26,157	2	1
State Railway do	5,29,955	5	3		1,48,87,377	14	8¼
	1,97,41,176	5	9¼				
Disbursements.....	1,48,87,377	14	8¼				
Treasury and Public Works Cash Balances at end of year...	48,53,798	7	1				

4. *Statement shewing the Gross and Net Revenue of General and Court Fee Stamps during the year* 1879—80.

Description.	Gross Revenue.	Expenditure.					Net Revenue.
		Charges for stamping, &c., at Madras.	Establishment and Contingencies of Superintendent of Stamps.	Salaried Court Fee Vendors at Head-quarters of Districts.	Discount to Vendors.	Total.	
General Stamps	1,56,054	4,762	163	...	4,655	9,580	1,46,474
Court Fee Stamps	3,36,943	714	353	2,847	2,075	5,989	3,30,954
Duty on unstamped and insufficiently stamped documents	4,484	...	...	...	...	...	4,484
Fines, Penalties, &c., levied by Revenue Department	8,955	...	...	..	...	...	8,955
Total.....	5,06,436	5,476	516	2,847	6,730	15,569	4,90,867

Details of Court Fees Labels sold.

Number.	Value.			Amount.		
	Rs.	As.	P.			
52,692	...	1	...	3,293	4	...
21,883	..	2	...	2,735	6	...
2,747	...	3	...	515	1	...
57,992	...	4	...	14,498	...	..
7,550	...	6	...	2,831	4	...
149,164	...	8	..	74,582	...	...
12,673	—	12	...	9,504	12	...
46,576	1	...	...	46,576	...	...
14,514	2	...	...	29,028	...	...
3,708	4	...	...	14,832	...	...
3,907	5	...	...	19,535	...	...
2,446	7	...	...	17,122	...	...
2,781	10	...	...	27,810	...	...
1,072	20	...	...	21,440	...	...
315	40	...	...	12,600	...	...
172	70	...	...	12,040	...	...
280	100	...	...	28,000	...	...
	Total	...	...	3,36,942	11	...

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS.

Buildings and Roads.

1. *Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department, Mysore, during the year* 1879—80.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
Military.							
Nil.							
Civil Buildings.							
Land Revenue Buildings	18,354	6,060	24,414	...	...	...	
Administration.							
Residency for Local Government ...	169	2,356	2,525	...	...	...	
Secretariat Offices	...	392	392	...	...	...	
Law and Justice.							
District Court Buildings	4,580	2,735	7,315	...	...	...	
Ecclesiastical Buildings.							
Burial Grounds	...	107	107	...	...	...	
Jails.							
District Jails	8,559	266	8,825	...	...	...	
Central do	40	530	570	...	...	...	
Police Buildings	695	...	695	...	...	...	
Other Buildings such as Lock-ups, &c. ...	...	70	70	...	...	...	
Post Office	...	172	172	...	...	...	
Telegraph...	...	204	204	...	...	...	
Education.							
Government Colleges	777	141	918	...	...	...	
Do Schools, Lower Class ...	...	148	148	...	...	...	
Medical.							
Hospital and Dispensaries	6,693	655	7,348	...	...	...	
Printing	...	66	66	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous or General.							
Maha Raja's Palace	—1,997	...	—1,997	...			
Do Grounds	157	...	157	...	...	...	
Other Minor works	1,285	293	1,578	...	...	...	
Public Works Buildings	1,029	4,917	5,946	...	...	...	
Total Civil Buildings.....	40,341	19,112	59,453	40,341	19,112	59,453	
Communications.							
Road from Madras to Cannanore with branches south of Madras-Mangalore road	18,854	77,835	96,789	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Mangalore with branches south of Madras-Honnore road	1,60,472	1,06,678	2,67,150	...	...	...	
Madras-Honnore road with branches South of Bangalore-Bellary road ...	6,306	66,438	72,744	...	...	...	
Bangalore Bellary road	13,621	53,275	66,893	...	...	...	
Suburban roads	...	15,019	15,019	...	...	...	
Total Communications.....	1,99,353	3,19,245	5,18,598	1,99,353	3,19,245	5,18,598	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements.							
Water-supply Project at Bangalore ...	19,105	...	19,105	...	...	...	
Mysore Water Supply Project ...	33,240	...	33,240	...	...	...	
Agrahara Tank Project	481	...	481	...	...	...	
	11,248	...	11,248	...	...	...	
Other minor works and repairs ...	12	92	104	...	...	...	
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements	52,838 11,248	92	52,930 11,248	52,838 11,248	92	52,930 11,248	
Irrigation, *Vide* separate statement ...	97,339	...	97,339	97,339	...	97,339	
Establishment	...	...	3,67,528 2,340	...	...	3,67,628 2,340	
Tools and Plant	...	...	9,224	...	...	9,224	
Profit and Loss... ...	...	...	977	...	...	977	
Suspense Balances.							
Stock purchase and sales	...	...	—19,675	...	...	...	
Stock	...	...	—9,105	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous advances ...	...	...	135	...	...	...	
London Stores	...	...	—19,932	...	...	...	
Net Debits to Suspense	...	...	—49,177	...	...	—49,177	
Total Expenditure.....	...	...	...	...	...	10,56,872 13,528	

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS. (IRRIGATION.)

Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure in the Public Works Department, Mysore, during the year 1879—80.

Details.	Total of Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Captail.	Revenue.	Total.
Ramasagar Series	34,898	...	54,898	...	...	...
Palar do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoskote do	2,784	...	2,784	..	...	...
Kadgodi do	—1,055	...	—1,055	...	...	...
Maidur do	167	...	167	...	...	...
Sulikere do	—66	...	—66	...	...	...
Koppa do	6,231	...	6,231	...	...	...
Basral do	3,899	...	3,899	...	...	..
Chikdevarayasagar Channel Project ...	7,240	...	7,240	...	...	...
Vijiyanadi Channel	—10 778	...	—10,778	...	...	...
Bellur Dasankere Series	2,394	...	2,394	...	...	...
Channarayputna Series	178	...	178	...	...	...
Janavar do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rekalgere do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chinna Hagari do	5,135	...	5,135	...	...	...
Arsikere do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Doléri do	8,679	...	8,679	...	...	...
Naykanhatti do	380	...	380	...	...	...
Bharmsagar do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arkavati do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malvalli do	...	.	...	...	...	...
Shimsha Chain	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hesargatta do	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basnur do	...	..	...	...	...	...
	60,086	...	60,086	60,086	...	60,086
Bangalore District.						
Restoring Sarjapur Tank	1,549	..	1,549	...	...	...
Minor Works costing Rs. 200 and under each...	770	...	770	...	...	...
	2,319	...	2,319	2,319	...	2,319
Kolar District. Nil.						
Tumkur District.						
Excavating a feeder on the Pennar River to Marlur Tank	1,002	...	1,002	...	...	...
	1,002	...	1,002	1,002	...	1,002
Mysore District.						
Constructing head sluice and improving Ramaswami Channel	10,850	...	10,850	...	...	...
Improvements to Maidur Ane Channel ...	727	...	727	...	...	...
Improvements to Devaray Channel ...	7	...	7	...	...	...
Minor Works costing Rs. 200 and under each...	601	...	601	...	...	...
	12,185	...	12,185	12,185	...	12,185
Hassan District.						
Improving Krishnaraj Channel ...	10,270	...	10,270	...	...	...
North Channel extension to Sriramadevar Channel	5,973	...	5,973	...	...	...
Mandaveri Channel Projects	140	...	140	...	...	...
Constructing head sluice and improving Kannambadi Channel	5,307	...	5,307	...	...	...
Improving Bellur Channel	1,324	...	1,324	...	...	...
Minor Works costing Rs. 200 and under each.	3	...	3	...	...	...
	23,017	...	23,017	23,017	...	23,017
Shimoga District.						
Minor Works costing Rs. 200 and under each...	3	...	3	...	...	...
	3	...	3	3	..	3
Kadur District.						
Keresante tank feeder	—1,313	...	—1,313	...	...	...
Improving Belur Channel	25	...	25	...	...	...
	—1,288	...	—1,288	—1,288	...	—1,288
Chitaldroog District.						
Minor Works costing Rs. 200 and under each	15	..	15	...	...	...
Total.....	15	...	15	15	...	15
Total Original Works Irrigation.....	...	...	...	97,339	...	97,339

III. C. PUBLIC WORKS (STATE RAILWAY).

2. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on the Mysore State Railway for the year* 1879—80.

Name of Work.	Total Outlay on construction to end of 1879—80.	Total Income realized during 1879—80.	Deduct Charges up to end of 1879—80.			Net Deposits.
			Cost of main branches including Establishment.	Interest on Capital at 4½ per cent.	Total Charges.	
Mysore State Railway	10,19,317	...	...	86,042	86,042	86,042

III. C.—RAILWAYS *Statement* 1. (This is blank.)

III. D.—MARINE *Statements* 1 *and* 2. (These are blank.)

III. E. AGRICULTURE.

1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, Actual or Approximate, for the year* 1879—80.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains including Ragi, Tuvar, Balhar, Bengal Gram, Horse and Black Grams.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Mulberry.	Cocoanut and Arecanut.	Pepper.	Lac.	Total.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore	41,484	18	477,877	24,306	2,299	...	77	...	8	673	...	...	4,956	...	8,143	...	171	560,012	
2	Kolar	46,800	93	274,066	14,982	7,225	...	50	...	95	602	...	45	3,835	751	596	...	...	349,140	
3	Túmkúr	40,798	...	408,966	8,030	756	...	...	...	6	1,113	...	...	2,159	1,257	30,893	...	...	493,378	
4	Mysore	61,731	6,467	589,615	39,378	218	1,166	...	...	...	2,500	...	...	2,456	3,437	13,951	...	...	720,919	
5	Hassan	64,762	256	206,178	18,117	1,878	...	...	...	150	7,322	...	45,675	682	35	17,610	...	...	362,665	
6	Shimoga	206,000	500	277,427	5,800	5,930	2,564	...	...	1,400	400	...	3,933	659	...	16,000	470	...	521,083	
7	Kadur	66,460	2,708	167,730	7,600	121	1,286	...	...	6,062	675	...	77,078	317	...	18,552	...	...	348,589	
8	Chitaldroog...	49,225	5,670	558,052	26,482	480	14,855	...	...	500	1,000	...	...	1,400	...	12,756	...	...	640,420	
	Total.....	577,260	15,712	2,929,911	144,695	18,907	19,871	127	...	8,221	14,285	...	126,731	16,464	5,480	118,501	470	171	3,996,206	

2. *Statement of Stock for the year* 1879—80.

No.	Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bangalore	308,594	791	2,187	10,898	269,781	1,120	13,192	65,660	1	672,224
2	Kolar	199,230	423	1,860	7,547	254,751	2,125	19,757	59,081	...	544,774
3	Túmkúr	216,291	280	1,478	3,936	196,934	1,783	4,370	75,750	...	500,822
4	Mysore	438,891	303	2,845	5,663	378,590	2,657	8,721	101,041	48	938,759
5	Hassan	351,053	171	2,041	3,097	213,909	10,073	2,673	85,229	5	668,251
6	Shimoga	371,094	513	1,529	2,261	43,816	1,957	14,513	76,459	57	512,199
7	Kadur	252,734	529	1,195	1,522	63,899	5,693	4,437	59,078	4	389,091
8	Chitaldroog	219,495	1,582		3,469	247,017	3,237	5,053	49,670	4	529,527
	Total.....	2,357,382	4,592	13,135	38,393	1,668,697	28,645	72,716	571,96 8	119	4,755,647

3. *Statement shewing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year* 1879—80.

| Districts. | Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— | | |

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce in the Province of Mysore at the end of year* 1879—80.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES.

Districts.	Mineral Produce.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Bangalore	Iron	7	84 Maunds.	
Kolar	Gold stone and iron	373	294 Iron maunds	
Túmkúr	Iron	2	1,500 Maunds.	
Mysore	Iron	31	4,620	
Hassan	Iron and Pa'apam	14	* 600	*Balapam
Shimoga	Iron, black stone, mill-stone, sharpening stone, slate or pot-stone, gold	833	† 22,600	†Iron Mill-stone, Gold. 20,800 1,000 800.
Kadur	Iron and pot-stone	31	6,020 Iron maunds	
Chitaldroog	Nil	Nil.	200 Rs. pot stones	

III. H. MANUFACTURES.

Estimated value of Manufactures.

Districts.	Class of Manufacture.											
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Other Fibres	Paper.	Wood.	Iron.	Brass and Copper.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Oils.	Total.
Bangalore	215,010	1,003,000	6,000	5,500	...	...	60,000	1,500,000	238,000	...	260,000	3,287,510
Kolar	11,000	90,500	25,000	1,200	...	...	...	...	89,000	...	30,500	247,200
Túmkúr	6,000	45,500	69,000	14,650	...	...	6,100	70,000	124,650	...	74,560	401,460
Mysore	...	232,600	109,600	11,696	...	...	...	...	232,500	...	284,600	871,196
Hassan	...	37,380	15,380	1,350	...	...	...	128,400	33,750	550,645	48,000	814,905
Shimoga	...	7,360	6,000	...	...	9,000	20,500	240	72,000	...	24,000	139,400
Kadur	...	876	411	8	...	30,000	27	...	...	953,400	27,160	* 1,011,882
Chitaldroog	400	48,900	19,000	100	400	500	1,200	2,400	6,000	...	...	78,900
Total.....	2,32,410	1,466,116	241,391	34,704	400	39,500	88,127	1,701,040	795,900	1,504,045	748,820	6,852,453

III. I. TRADE.

1. *Principal Imports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	From what place.
	Tons.	Cwt.	lbs.	Rs.	
Rice	13,942	17	16	12,12,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	6,771	8	64	2,15,500	
Wheat	6,167	17	16	10,88,000	Dharwar, Mangalore, Bellary and other places.
Paddy	5,280	...	...	1,46,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam or javari	5,567	10	...	22,990	Do Dharwar and other places.
Bengal-gram...	1,513	16	48	1,64,160	Interior of the Province, Dharwar, Bellary, &c.
Horse-gram	2,547	..	...	93,372	Do and Her Majesty's Territories.
Black-gram	999	5	80	1,10,440	
Green-gram	1,165	15	80	92,930	
Tuvar or dál	2,693	...	..	2,76,350	Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Poppy seeds	20	2	...	3,770	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Arecanuts	504	10	56	2,33,709	
Cotton	1,981	14	56	9,49,900	Dharwar, Coimbatore, Bellary, &c.
Coffee	452	10	...	1,85,800	Interior of the Province, Coorg, &c.
Cardamoms	5	7	56	23,376	Coorg, Mangalore and Madras.
Cloves	14	18	84	25,225	Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	1,512	...	...	2,39,930	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Dry cocoanuts	351	12	56	88,750	
Pepper	356	17	56	2,21,250	Talachary, Mangalore, &c.
Tamarind	219	10	...	14,880	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Tobacco	467	19	92	1,65,797	Coimbatore, Bellary, Mangalore, &c.
Jaggory	1,151	7	56	1,90,670	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Sugar	374	8	...	1,01,079	
Gingelly oil	170	12	56	58,850	Interior of the Province and other Districts of H. M's.
Cocoanut oil...	105	18	84	41,285	Mangalore, Madras, &c. (Territories.)
Sandal oil	...	1	42	1,210	Her Majesty's Territories.
Opium	...	2	28	977	Do
Camphor	49	3	...	70,980	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Silk	18	9	28	2,68,500	Kollegal, Dharwar, &c.
Cotton thread	398	15	...	2,23,500	Bellary, Madras &c.
Coarse cloth	No. 520,509	...	...	13,31,250	Salem, Coimbatore, &c.
Piece goods	„ 451,697	...	...	15,56,634	Adoni, Bombay, Conjeveram, Madura, Salem, &c.
Silk cloth	„ 11,210	..	...	1,06,440	Kollegal, Poona, Benares, &c.
Gold	Tons. ...	12	12	9,08,800	Bellary, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Silver	„ 20	13	8	19,40,160	Mangalore, Poona, &c.
Iron	„ 1,195	...	...	2,08,300	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Cocoanuts (fresh)	No. 1,744,000	...	...	55,830	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 22,222,164	...	...	13,88,619	
Hides	„ 20,000	...	...	11,250	
Total... ...	...	...	...	1,40,47,003	

2. *Principal Exports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	To what place.
	Tons.	Cwt.	lbs.	Rs.	
Rice	3,264	5	80	2,66,400	Bellary and other Places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	57,753	11	48	17,03,500	Coorg, Bellary do do
Wheat	60	...	...	4,000	Interior of the Province.
Paddy	57,692	17	16	19,47,500	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam or javari	6,900	14	32	2,81,500	
Bengal-gram...	290	14	32	28,160	South Canara, &c.
Horse-gram	17,518	11	48	5,08,500	Coorg and Bellary.
Green-gram	78	1	48	5,910	Interior of the Province.
Tuvar or dál...	532	10	...	47,500	Talachary and other Districts.
Arecanut	5,113	7	56	16,54,501	Bellary, Coorg, Hindupur and other Districts.
Cotton	345	15	...	1,26,140	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Coffee	1,693	3	70	12,70,545	Mangalore, &c.
Cardamoms	3	13	84	1,44,808	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	1,477	10	...	1,66,150	Coorg, Bellary and other Districts.
Dry cocoanuts	577	10	...	1,84,800	Bellary, Coorg and other places.
Pepper	189	...	...	99,872	Interior of the Province.
Tamarind	850	...	...	81,375	Talachery, Ganjam, &c.
Tobacco	1,000	16	...	97,259	Coorg, Bellary, Mangalore and other places.
Jaggory	2,275	...	...	3,60,250	Do do Dharwar, &c.
Sugar	168	15	...	41,750	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gingelly oil	132	10	...	53,000	Talachary, Bellary and other places.
Cocoanut oil...	48	15	...	21,000	Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Opium	2	12	56	21,000	
Camphor	5	...	...	6,000	
Silk	104	7	56	1,21,000	Interior of the Province.
Cotton thread	64	7	56	5,250	Madaksira, Bellary and other places.
Coarse cloth	No. 105,700	...	..	3,07,200	Coorg and the interior of the Province.
Piece goods	„ 32,100	...	...	48 20	Coorg, Dharwar and South Canara.
Silk cloth	„ 2,000	...	...	20,000	
Gold	Tons. ...	5	40	4,00,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Silver	5	7	16	4,80,000	
Iron	134	15	...	21,560	Dharwar and South Canara.
Cocoanut (fresh)	No. 3,608,019	...	...	81,175	Coorg, Bellary and other places.
Betel leaves (bundels)	„ 16,749,000	...	...	10,21,675	Coorg, Bellary and Dharwar.
Hides	„ 99,500	...	...	97,55.	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Total.....	...	...	...	1,18,24,120	

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY. *Statements* 1 *and* 2.—These are blank.

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions in the Province of Mysore for the year 1879.

Number.	Class and Object of Institutions.	No. of Institutions.	Average No. of Persons daily aided.	No. aided during the year.	Income.					Subscriptions and Donations.	In-door.	Out-door.	General.	In what shape relief is given.
					Paid by Government.	From Local or other Funds.		From Endowments.						
						In land.	In money.	In land.	In money.					
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore	1	257·62	25,354	19,239	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary do ...	1	116·00	27,249	5,474	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	1	82·66	9,198	998	...	204	...	...	...	...	1	..	Do
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	1	82·75	6,724	2,150	...	1,343	..	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	1	79·00	5,260	1,098	...	229	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
6	Do do Túmkúr ...	1	58·54	4,926	2,945	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
7	Do do Kunigal ...	1	50·40	5,942	846	...	216	...	..	...	...	1	...	Do
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	1	195·14	15,144	13,104	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1	11·71	915	1,220	...	180	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
10	Do Húnsúr	1	34·37	3,574	815	...	630	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	1	49·95	5,700	1,775	...	102	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur... ...	1	46·11	4,362	1,227	...	292	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga...	1	120·74	10,231	6,549	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar	1	20·33	3,003	1,060	...	278	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	1	48·68	3,987	958	...	360	...	..	...	...	1	...	Do
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	1	107·65	8,054	2,983	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	1	26·12	2,529	831	...	378	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
18	Do Hospital & Dispensary, Chikmagalur	1	77 71	6,332	3,069	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	Medicine and food.
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	1	13·25	1,046	612	...	155	...	...	...	1	1	...	Medicine.
	Total.....	19	1,478·73	150,030	66,953	...	4,367	...	...	...	...	...	...	

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1879—80.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denomination.	Number of Persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests	Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total Annual Income from Government.	Remarks.
	a Natives.	*b* Others.				
Church of England	500	3,500	6	7	36,000	
Church of Scotland	...	380	1	1	6,564	
Protestant Dissenters *	1,939	692	22	34	...	
Roman Catholic	20,732	1,694	32	61	6,696	
Greek Church	...	...				
Armenian	...	...				
Syrian	...	...				
Jew	...	...				
Parsi	...	...				
Hindu	992,914	...				
Muhammadan	43,923	...				
Buddhist	12,211	...				
Jain		...				
Seikh	160	...				
Other Sects	...	...				

* Baptist Mission.
London Mission.
Luthern do
Wesleyan do

IV. B. EDUCATION.

1. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1879—80.

Area and Population of the Province.					Colleges, Schools and Scholars.	University Education.	Secondary Education.	Primary Education.		Special or Technical Education.				Percentage of Schools and Scholars to Population.			Remarks.
Number of Districts.	Number of Divisions.	Total Area.	Cultivated Area.	Total Population.		Colleges.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Engineering Schools.	Normal Schools.	Industrial Schools.	Other Schools.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 *a*	11 *b*	11 *c*	11 *d*	12	13	14	15
					Institutions { For Males	4	16	117	842	1	...	5	1	...	...	...	
					Institutions { For Females	...	2	13	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	3	27,077	8,111	5,055,412	Total.....	4	18	130	892	1	...	5	1	...	...	...	
					Schools { Males	119	676	2,0 7	29,821	10	...	940	42	...	0·04	0·58	
					Schools { Females	...	21	149	2,858	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	
					Total.....	119	697	2,236	32,679	10	...	940	42	...	0·04	0·64	

2. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1879—80.

Class of Institutions.			Government Institutions.							Aided Institutions.							Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Classification according to race or creed of the Scholars on 31st March.				
			Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning— English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning— English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.			English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Mohammadans.	Others.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
University Education	...	English ..	3	112	81	71	112	3	102	1	7	7	7	7	7	..	4	119	119	10	102	10	...	109	...	...
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools.	...	English ..	8	310	293	228	310	12	298	6	336	283	209	326	87	241	14	636	636	99	539	97	14	509	15	1
		Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	40	39	37	...	40	...	2	40	...	40	...	...	...	40	...	...
Middle do	...	English ...	12	572	566	462	572	8	564	12	500	539	454	560	102	425	24	1,132	1,132	240	989	149	52	884	47	...
		Vernacular ...	67	611	609	473	...	57	589	16	344	534	289	12	212	176	92	955	12	269	745	...	12	834	109	...
Secondary Education. For Girls. High Schools.	...	English ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	21	21	21	21	20	...	2	21	21	20	...	21	...	...	...	...
		Vernacular ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle do	...	English ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	93	109	89	93	3	...	6	93	93	3	...	93	...	...	...	...
		Vernacular ..	2	5	7	5	...	...	5	5	51	45	40	...	...	51	7	56	...	...	56	...	6	50	...	...
Primary Education. For Boys.	...	English ...	13	571	546	450	531	4	527	19	1,257	1,209	1,114	1,033	65	...	32	1,833	189	60	527	412	321	1,054	95	6
		Vernacular ...	748	24,119	23,034	17,559	...	350	24,411	62	3,414	3,209	2,643	132	606	2,910	810	27,935	132	956	27,121	2	321	24,469	3,043	48
For Girls.	...	English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	219	229	201	201	...	...	6	219	201	...	...	219	...	...	...	...
		Vernacular ...	12	434	439	342	...	...	434	32	2,405	2,164	1,653	30	...	2,192	44	2,639	70	...	2,636	..	428	1,900	267	84
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																										
School of Engineering and Natural Science	...		1	10	10	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	10	...	...	1	...	9	...	...
Industrial Schools	...	... ...	5	940	940	940	12	...	903	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	910	12	...	903	...	...	683	72	175
Others	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	42	42	42	42	...	...	1	42	42	...	...	42	...	...	...	...
Total.....			871	28,054	26,526	20,539	1,547	434	27,623	180	8,669	8,228	6,772	2,762	1,142	5,995	1,050	36,723	4,249	1,706	33,618	1,046	1,194	30,571	3,648	264

3. *Return of Expenditure on Educational Establishments in Mysore for the official year* 1879—80.

Class of Institutions.	Expenditure.														Average Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				Remarks.
	Government Institutions.					Aided Institutions.					Total Government Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from Other Sources.	Grand Total of Expenditure.	Percentage on Total Expenditure.	Government Institutions.		Aided Institutions.		
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Endowments.	Fees.	Other Sources.	Total.					Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
University Education. Arts Colleges ... ... English ...	18,858	...	1,460	...	18,858	940	...	600	...	1,540	19,788	600	20,398	5·20	232 13 0	214 12 7	220 0 0	134 4 7	
Secondary Education. Boys. High Schools... ... English ...	20,451	...	3,933	969	21,420	4,760	...	8,539	4,638	17,937	26,180	13,177	39,357	10·03	75 12 0	61 10 8	62 11 5	16 10 3	
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	253	...	23	169	453	2 6	197	453	0·11	...	...	11 9 10	6 9 10	
Middle Schools ... English ...	15,135	...	5,354	1,049	16,184	4,755	430	7,187	4 315	17,387	20,739	12,832	33,571	8·55	28 9 6	19 2 2	32 4 1	8 13 2	
Vernacular ...	12,102	...	468	117	12,219	2,236	174	455	2,339	5,204	14,455	2,168	17,423	4·44	20 5 10	19 9 4	15 9 3	6 11 1	
Girls. High Schools... ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	810	...	1,938	...	2,748	810	1,938	2,748	0·70	...	...	130 13 9	38 9 1	
Middle Schools ... do ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,844	...	3,083	512	5,439	1,844	3,595	5,439	1·31	...	...	49 14 5	16 14 9	
... Vernacular ...	308	...	...	...	308	381	...	...	495	876	689	495	1,184	0·30	44 0 0	44 0 0	19 0 8	8 4 6	
Primary Education. For Boys ... ... English ...	7,909	...	2,816	194	8,103	8,925	320	6,961	10,599	26,805	17,028	17,880	34,908	8·89	14 13 5	9 10 11	20 10 2	6 13 11	
Vernacular ...	31,802	73,079	3,705	402	1,05,283	9,955	657	1,539	8,801	20,982	1,15,238	11,027	1,26,265	32·18	4 9 1	4 6 7	6 8 7	3 1 7	
For Girls ... ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,766	...	5509	313	8,588	2,766	5,822	8,588	2·13	..	...	36 13 8	11 13 11	
Vernacular ...	3,879	...	13	...	3,879	8,187	394	569	9,192	18,342	12,066	10,155	22,221	5·66	8 1 2	8 6 9	8 7 7	3 12 5	
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																			
Engineering School	12,979	...	390	...	12,979	...	...	...	...	...	12,979	...	12,979	3·30	1,297 14 5	1,258 14 4	...	...	
Industrial Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Others	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	825	1,325	500	825	1.325	0·33	...	...	31 8 0	11 14 6	
Direction	18,331	...	...	...	18,331	...	...	...	...	...	18,331	...	18,311	4·67	...	...	...	...	
Inspection	15,585	9,613	...	...	25,198	...	...	...	...	...	25,198	...	25,198	6·42	...	...	...	...	
Scholarships Colleges	1,392	...	...	...	1,392	...	...	...	...	...	1,392	...	1,392	0·35	...	...	...	...	
Schools	240	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	...	...	240	...	240	0·05	...	...	...	...	
Buildings	3,036	243	...	...	3,279	...	...	...	...	...	3,279	...	3,279	0·83	...	...	...	...	
Endowments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous	12,749	4116	...	...	16,865	...	...	...	...	...	16,865	...	16,865	4·29	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	1,74,756	87,051	18,174	2,831	2,64,638	46,315	2,005	37,108	42,198	1,27,626	3,10,953	81,311	3,92,264	...	...	...	...	...	

4. *Return shewing the Result of prescribed Examination during the official year* 1879—80.

Name of Examination.	Number of Institutions sending Examinees.			Number of Examinees.				Number passed.				Percentage of passed Scholars on total number on Rolls at the beginning of the year.		
	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ARTS, COLLEGES.														
Master of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Bachelor of Arts	1	1	2	7	...	...	7	2	...	...	2			
First Arts	3	1	4	24	5	2	31	13	4	2	19			
SCHOOLS.														
Matriculation ... ... { Boys	6	6	12	84	69	...	153	40	47	6	93			
{ Girls	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Middle School Examination { Boys	54	26	80	...	...	...	...	279	232	...	511			
{ Girls	1	13	14	...	...	...	...	2	65	...	67			
Upper Primary School Examination... ... ... { Boys	740	74	814	...	...	...	...	1,128	233	...	1361			
{ Girls	12	35	47	...	...	...	..	25	121	...	146			
Lower Primary School Examination... ... ... { Boys	743	78	821	...	...	...	...	8,270	614	...	8,884			
{ Girls	12	35	47	...	...	.	...	59	263	...	322			

IV. C. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY.

1. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879—80.

Name.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When Established.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile.	Total.		
Bangalore Book Society ...	Literary	...	...	3,370	3,370	87	1	...	88	Not.	1845
Bangalore Literary Union ..	Mutual improvement	...	...	802	802	41	...	...	41	...	1874
Hassan Reading Club ...	Do	...	...	70	70	9	...	...	9	...	1880
Literary and Scientific Institute, Bangalore	Instruction	600	...	825	1,425	42	...	...	42	...	1868
Mutual Improvement Society, Bangalore	Mutual improvement	...	...	217	217	45	...	...	45	...	1867
Melkote Saraswati Bhandara ...	Public Sanskrit Library ...	...	200	24	224	7	...	...	7	...	1874
Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore	2,972	...	..	2,972	195,923	148,943	...	344,866	...	1865
Mysore Literary Union ...	Reading Room, &c.	...	...	1,017	1,017	55	...	...	55	...	1876
Richmond Town" Pensioners' Library, Bangalore ...	General Instruction	...	...	61	61	17	3	...	20	...	1857
St. John's Library, Bangalore...	Do	...	...	247	247	14	1	...	15	...	1849
Shimoga Library and Reading Room	Mutual and moral improvement ...	...	...	40	40	24	5	10	39	...	1874

IV. C. THE PRESS.

2. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879—80.

1	2	3	4	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			News Papers.	Periodicals.
Bangalore...	Albian Press	Smith, Narrain Chetti & Co.	Mysorean and Agricultural Gazette.	
Do	Baharul Islam Press ...	Mahomed Sherif ...	Mausurai-Mahomedi.	
Do	Chintamani Press ...	V. Subbaiya	...	
Do	Chamraj Press... ...	Khasim Ghum	Khasim-ul Akhbar.	
Do	Caxton Press	T. T. Leonard... ...	...	
Do	Central Jail Press ...	Mysore Government ...	...	
Do	Catholic Mission Press ...	Catholic Bishop ...	...	
Do	Columbian Press ...	Tiruvengadam Pille ...	Bangalore Advertiser.	
Do	Diamond Press... ...	Gurusami Naidu	...	
Do	Examiner Press ...	R. F. Hayes	Bangalore Examiner and Mysore Vrittanta Bodhani.	
Do	Firdusi Press	Hafiz Syed Mahomed ...	...	
Do	Karnatak Press ...	T. C. Srinivasachariyar ...	Karnataka Prakasika.	
Do	Krishnaraj Vilasa Press ...	B. Narayan Chetti ...	...	
Do	Mysore Government Press ...	Mysore Government ...	Mysore Gazette.	
Do	Mysore Book Depôt Press ...	V. B. Subbaiya ...	...	
Do	Mutle Mahomadi ...	Maulvi Abdul Khadar ...	...	
Do	Spectator Press ...	T. T. Leonard... ...	Bangalore Spectator.	Bangalore Spectator Almanac.
Do	Vichara Darpana Press ...	K. Ramachetti... ...	...	
Do	Victoria Press	V. S. Subbaiya... ...	Karnataka Vagujjivini.	
Mysore ...	Jagan Mohini Press ...	Srinivasaiengar... ...	...	
Do	Vani Vilasa Press ...	P. Tirumalachar ...	...	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Statement shewing Births and Deaths registered from different Causes in the Districts and Towns of the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

No.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1871.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries. Suicide. Males.	Injuries. Suicide. Females.	Injuries. Wounding of Accident.	Injuries. Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	Injuries. Total.	All other Causes.	Total Deaths from all Causes.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of Population. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries.	All other Causes.	From all Causes. For the year.	From all Causes. Mean of previous five years.	No.
	Districts.																					
1	Bangalore	736,724	1	6	5,687	528	18	9	227	20	274	2,638	9,134	·00	·01	7·72	·72	·37	3·58	12·40	18·52	
2	Kolar	586,388	...	43	6,016	393	3	6	175	39	223	1,442	8,117	...	·07	10·26	·67	·38	2·46	13·84	22·58	
3	Túmkúr	621,069	...	2	6,247	400	2	4	138	21	165	1,470	8,284	...	·00	10·06	·64	·27	2·37	13·34	18·39	
4	Mysore	869,664	3	85	8,570	909	13	13	134	53	213	2,967	12,747	·00	·10	9·85	1·05	·24	3·41	14·66	12·08	
5	Hassan	656,859	6	38	7,226	873	5	6	89	42	142	1,673	9,978	·01	·06	11·00	1·33	·22	2·52	15·13	12·99	
6	Shimoga	487,942	2	49	8,244	1,803	7	5	111	43	166	2,496	12,760	·00	·10	16·90	3·70	·34	5·12	26·15	17·43	
7	Kadur	328,623	2	25	4,826	1,176	4	5	187	24	220	909	7,158	·01	·08	14·69	3·58	·67	2·74	21·78	17·75	
8	Chitaldroog	507,480	...	3	5,611	582	2	3	90	17	112	1,241	7,549	...	·01	11·06	1·15	·22	2·45	14·88	16·43	
	Total of Districts.....	4,794,749	14	251	52,427	6,664	54	51	1,151	259	1,515	14,816	75,687	·00	·05	10·93	1·39	·32	3·09	15·79	16·66	
9	Towns	2,60,663	...	27	2,459	334	7	5	93	3	108	1,676	4,604	...	·10	9·45	1·28	·41	6·43	17·66	35·89	
	Total for the Province.....	5,055,412	14	278	54,886	6,998	16	56	1,244	262	1,623	16,492	80,291	·00	·05	10·86	1·38	·32	3·26	15·88	17·192	

V. A. *Concluded.*

No.	Districts.	Deaths registered According to Age. Under 1 year. M.	Under 1 year. F.	1 year under 6. M.	1 year under 6. F.	6 and under 12. M.	6 and under 12. F.	12 and under 20. M.	12 and under 20. F.	20 and under 30. M.	20 and under 30. F.	30 and under 40. M.	30 and under 40. F.	40 and under 50. M.	40 and under 50. F.	50 and under 60. M.	50 and under 60. F.	60 and upwards. M.	60 and upwards. F.	Number of births registered. M.	Number of births registered. F.	Number of births registered. Total.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population. M.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population. F.	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population. Total.	Number of males born to every 100 females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.
1	Bangalore	732	620	306	287	375	429	460	480	755	874	783	730	731	657	530	551	756	757	4,861	4,606	9,467	11·72	11·13	11·43	105·30	...	1·62
2	Kolar	466	421	160	163	363	495	337	359	629	722	609	573	641	609	553	495	624	650	3,250	3,110	6,360	10·50	10·05	10·27	104·47	...	4·06
3	Túmkúr	231	241	227	213	244	282	483	274	548	524	921	790	628	699	548	429	481	569	1,959	1,684	3,643	6·21	5·31	5·76	116·95	...	7·50
4	Mysore	522	449	486	383	660	563	743	642	1,190	1,051	1,362	928	1,214	834	935	765	772	604	4,879	4,326	9,205	10·43	9·09	9·76	114·74	...	5·19
5	Hassan	399	294	314	294	431	347	579	464	1,106	894	1,027	712	825	553	531	466	467	387	2,731	2,480	5,211	8·32	7·89	7·80	114·13	...	7·29
6	Shimoga	680	565	503	402	393	453	514	562	1,269	1,345	1,133	844	1,086	747	778	657	582	463	3,965	3,541	7,506	15·31	14·79	15·04	104·21	...	10·92
7	Kadur	367	251	252	218	255	228	345	277	798	706	785	558	586	415	380	352	240	205	1,857	1,765	3,622	10·90	10·79	10·84	101.02	...	10·78
8	Chitaldroog	315	312	191	114	299	301	408	368	780	820	726	605	62	524	436	373	336	262	2,450	2,202	4,652	9·02	8·48	8·76	106·37	...	6·04
	Total for the Province ..	3,712	3,153	2,439	2,144	3,020	3,078	3,869	3,426	7,125	6,936	7,346	5,740	6,331	5,038	4,691	4,058	4,258	3,897	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ratio for 1,000 living.....	38·19	31·09	626	5·33	6·92	7·83	9·63	7·44	14·91	13·77	21 34	19·36	29·48	25·36	38·64	36·48	80·41	74·88	25,952	23,714	49,666	10·23	9·41	9·82	108·71	...	6·06

1. *Statement shewing the Number of Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population of the Province.	Dispensaries.	Number open on 31st December.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
5,055,412	1st class	3	...	...	3	
	2nd class	4	...	...	4	
	3rd class	12	...	...	12	
	Total.....	19	...	...	19	

2. *Statement shewing the Number of In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

1	2	3	4											5				6
			In-door Patients.											Out-door Patients.				
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h				a	b	c	d	
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Of what Class.	Total treated during the year.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of total treated.	Number of beds available.		Daily Average Number.				Number treated.			Average Daily Attendance.	Total Number of Patients treated, both In-door and Out-door.
									Male.	Female.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated.		
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	1st	1,639	1,231	18	...	298	18·18	50	44	48·27	35·21	3·71	87·79	15,810	7,905	23,715	169·83	25,354
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore...	3rd	355	332	...	...	8	2·25	22	10	22·00	7·00	3·00	32·00	19,782	7,112	26,894	84·00	27,249
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,642	1,556	9,198	82·63	9,198
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	2nd	207	183	...	1	12	5·79	6	4	6·40	3·20	...	9·60	4,756	1,761	6,517	73·20	6,724
5	Civil Dispensary, Chiktallapur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,178	82	5,260	7·00	5,260
6	Do Tumkur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,181	745	4,926	58·54	4,926
7	Do Kunigal	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,990	1,952	5,942	50·40	5,942
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	1st	870	595	8	32	199	22·87	34	22	31·21	27·35	3·59	62·15	12,235	2,039	14,274	132·99	15,144
9	Civil Dispensary, Nunjangud	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	820	95	915	11·71	915
10	Do Hunsur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,808	766	3,574	34·37	3,574
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	2nd	99	73	2	5	19	9·19	5	3	3·35	2·50	·56	6·41	3,870	1,731	5,601	43·54	5 700
12	Civil Dispensary, Saklespur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,614	1,248	4,862	46·11	4,862
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	1st	392	270	21	13	62	15·82	17	15	15·63	9·61	4·64	27·88	6,744	3,095	9,839	92·86	10,231
14	Civil Dispensary, Sagar	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,917	1,086	3,003	20·33	3,003
15	Do Tirthahalli	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,099	888	3,987	48·68	3,987
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	2nd	191	161	3	1	15	7·85	6	4	8·31	5·67	...	13·98	5,567	2,296	7,863	93·67	8,054
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,882	647	2,529	20·12	2,529
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	2nd	245	159	16	17	45	18·36	6	6	6·37	3·03	·68	10·08	4,235	1,852	6,087	67·63	6,332
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur...	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	671	375	1,046	13·25	1,046
	Total.....		3,998	3,004	68	69	658	16·46	155	108	140·14	93·57	16·18	249·89	108,801	37,231	146,032	1,228·89	150,030

3. *Statement shewing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

1	2	3																														4	5		6
		Diseases.																																	
		General Diseases.														Local Diseases.																			
		Order A. Febrile or Zymotic Diseases.				Order B. Constitutional Diseases.																														
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Small-Pox.	Cholera.	Malarious fever, ague and remittent.	Other diseases of this order.	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis.	Dropsy.	Other diseases of this order	Ophthalmia.	Inflammation of the external ear.	Goitre.	Respiratory affections.	Heart Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Worms.	Liver Diseases.	Spleen Diseases.	Gonorrhœa and its complications.	Abscess, boils and whitlow.	Skin Diseases.	Ulcer.	Labor premature, natural and difficult.	Other Local Diseases.	Debility and old age.	Poisons and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each Dispensary.	Major.	Minor.	Remarks.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	9	...	5,116	146	1,044	434	49	44	6	32	69	67	891	435	1	1,491	20	462	647	665	42	168	221	1,194	2,884	3,328	37	3,909	468	138	1,337	25,354	40	548	
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore.	...	...	5,152	210	1,126	215	72	122	3	3	60	17	612	418	...	746	...	181	257	619	1	147	28	1,175	3,874	4,981	1	5,866	9	102	894	27,249	...	233	
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet ...	...	...	3,093	10	367	79	...	18	...	6	3	44	596	149	...	315	4	49	82	74	25	89	55	99	1,095	1,037	6	1,644	51	19	189	9,198	...	93	
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	...	...	1,446	12	307	45	4	2	...	...	22	...	570	145	...	294	...	158	170	73	2	40	148	261	622	810	...	1,244	159	...	190	6,724	...	106	
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	...	...	1,731	21	111	38	10	20	1	...	38	4	309	57	...	128	..	21	31	100	8	80	41	83	273	203	2	1,817	29	21	83	5,260	1	7	
6	,, Tumkúr ...	...	...	1,235	132	181	39	10	51	5	4	19	2	225	59	4	246	4	44	101	99	28	52	45	118	455	495	2	1,024	52	9	186	4,926	...	66	
7	,, Kunigal ...	...	...	1,832	78	54	27	25	14	1	3	4	4	83	33	...	116	...	187	168	184	15	22	36	139	702	1,378	...	706	2	16	113	5,942	...	59	
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	3,289	109	665	157	24	28	...	1	86	10	504	127	...	548	...	219	361	517	23	194	98	521	2,043	2,008	1	2,996	226	4	385	15,144	23	249	
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	...	...	276	1	59	17	1	4	1	...	20	4	12	2	...	26	...	26	12	24	3	45	15	11	122	98	1	107	4	1	23	915	...	10	
10	,, Húnsúr ...	...	...	1,321	4	122	79	2	...	2	8	27	1	182	41	1	190	...	78	82	76	71	24	8	60	202	373	...	508	75	1	32	3,574	...	17	
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	1,407	12	205	16	5	11	1	...	19	3	242	70	...	340	1	49	106	262	5	89	50	115	538	798	1	1,146	53	...	156	5,700	2	21	
12	Civil Dispensary, Sakleshpur	...	...	986	32	248	56	1	43	...	1	25	...	20	36	...	192	...	65	48	204	...	69	51	43	1,039	783	1	813	3	1	102	4,8 2	...	62	
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ..	...	...	2,330	80	294	80	12	91	1	5	49	16	1,681	130	...	468	5	181	188	547	22	57	38	180	1,089	994	10	1,306	90	2	265	10,231	5	81	
14	Civil Dispensary, Sagar ...	...	...	669	140	111	19	3	10	1	...	19	1	17	32	...	179	...	46	40	345	...	77	32	31	446	193	1	466	32	2	91	3,003	...	5	
15	,, Tirthahalli	...	...	1,000	34	152	47	3	52	...	...	13	5	96	39	...	221	...	66	91	230	5	28	63	105	496	251	2	794	52	3	139	3,987	...	46	
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	3	...	2,263	208	290	53	1	57	2	...	19	8	772	44	...	449	2	85	128	272	15	125	37	160	483	864	4	1,415	68	...	223	8,054	...	172	
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	1	...	687	5	98	22	...	26	1	1	10	6	284	28	...	124	...	21	31	91	4	34	29	36	182	393	...	363	7	...	45	2,529	...	...	
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	1,719	176	249	78	4	28	5	5	43	8	118	63	...	289	...	152	102	237	28	116	70	159	582	625	1	1,112	145	...	218	6,332	2	46	
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur	...	...	346	4	30	7	..	16	1	...	5	...	12	3	...	58	...	36	37	24	1	13	11	14	221	47	...	134	14	...	12	1,046	...	14	
	Total.....	12	...	35,898	1,414	5,713	1,513	226	637	31	69	550	200	7,226	1,911	6	6,420	36	2,126	2,682	4,643	298	1,469	1,334	4,504	17,348	19,659	70	27,370	1,539	319	4,807	150,030	73	1,935	

V. B. HOSPITALS.

3. *a. Statement shewing the Results of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1879.

Nature of Operations.	Remaining on 31st December.	Performed during the year.	Total.	Results.				Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
				Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.		
Bowring Civil Hospital.									
Perineal section (Strict. ureth)	1	...	1	1	...	..	...	...	
Craniotomy Partus	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	
Turned and delivered do	...	8	8	6	...	...	2	...	
Delivered by forceps	...	5	5	2	...	...	3	...	
Turned and delivered—Premature birth	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of retained Placenta	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Craniotomy—Partus calculus vesicæ obstructing the passage	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Lithotrity performed—Stone in Bladder	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Bladder tapped by Aspirator over pubes and urethra opened in perineum	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removal of right-ring finger above the head of Metacarpal bone-Compd. Comminuted fracture ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of right index finger above the head of Metacarpal bone—fracture	..	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of head and Splinters of metacarpal bone of right index finger Compd. Comminuted fracture	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Reduced dislocation of shoulder	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	
Do of jaw	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Amputation through Metatarsal bone—caries of the right 2nd toe	..	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of phalanges of 2nd toe sloughing phagedæna ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Portion of omentum removed and ligatured Vulnus Abdom.	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Returned omentum and intestine and applied sutures Vul. abdom...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Tapped Ascites	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Do Hydrocele	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of encysted tumour from outer side of thigh ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of breast Cancer	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Excised labæ and Clitoris, &c., ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Ligatured internal piles	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Colotomy inguinal intestine impervious	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.									
Dislocation of elbow reduced	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	
Raja's Hospital, Mysore.									
Aspirated—Abscess of liver	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reamputated—Diseased stump	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Delivered by Craniotomy laborious labor Mertia of uterus	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Extraction of Lens—Cataract	...	4	4	3	...	...	...	1	
Reduced—dislocation of elbow joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduced—dislocation of lower jaw	..	1	1	1	..	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of abdomen—Ascites	...	2	2	1	...	..	1	...	
Removed Clitoris—Hypertrophy	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Excision of breast cancer	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Excision of eye ball disorganization	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Do Do Melanosis of eye	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation below knee—ulcer of leg	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	..	
Iridectomy—Lencoma	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of tumour—Lipomatous	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of great toe-Ulceration	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Cicatrices—Necrosis of inf. Maxillary with buccal fistula	...	1	1	...	...	...	..	1	
Operation for Ves; Vag; Fistula	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	
Excision of elbow joint Anchylosis	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Puncture of eye ball—disorganization	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Hospital, Hassan.									
Tapped Ascites	...	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	
Civil Hospital, Shimoga.									
Opened Antiseptically by Aspirator—Abscess of liver ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
A brass clamp which had been imbedded in the muscles above the left elbow for 5 years removed ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
A large fibrous tumour removed from left temple ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of femur at its middle third for mortification of left foot and leg, the result of a snake bite...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Forceps applied and dead fœtus removed	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chilmagalur.									
Dislocation of clavicle reduced	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Dislocation of shoulder joint reduced	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	3	73	76	50	1	...	15	10	

4. *Statement shewing the Classes and Sexes of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

1	2	3				4							5							
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Total treated during the year.				Classes.							Daily Attendance.							
						a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	Average Number.				Ratio per cent of—			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	...	...	Other Classes.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	11,474	6,847	7,033	25,354	566	2,321	8,360	9,036	...	...	5,071	127·73	74·17	55·67	257·62	45·26	27·00	27·74	100·00
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore	15,782	6,640	4,827	27,249	...	317	16,817	6,416	...	...	3,699	67·00	31·00	18·00	116·00	57·92	24·36	17·72	100·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	4,646	1,985	2,567	9,198	21	20	5,193	3,253	..	...	711	43·29	16·60	22·77	82·66	50·51	21·58	27·91	100·00
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	3,796	1,315	1,578	6,724	3	208	4,099	2,414	...	...	...	52·87	16·10	13·78	82·75	56·45	20·08	23·47	100·00
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	2,714	1,193	1,353	5,260	1	38	4,121	884	...	...	216	41·25	19·25	18·50	79·00	51·60	22·68	25·72	100·00
6	Do Túmkúr	2,986	917	1,023	4,926	167	93	2,316	1,687	...	...	663	37·08	9·41	12·05	58·54	63·34	16·07	20·59	100·00
7	Do Kunigal	3,791	1,380	571	5,942	17	16	3,867	1,762	...	...	260	31·16	14·83	4·41	50·40	61·82	29·43	8·75	100·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	7,286	4,390	3,468	15,144	191	298	6,072	6,564	..	...	2,019	95·49	63·68	35·97	195·14	48·11	28·99	22·90	100·00
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	587	165	163	915	...	2	615	262	...	...	36	8·02	2·00	1·69	11·71	64·09	18·00	17·91	100·00
10	Do Húnsúr	1,852	900	822	3,574	50	114	1,248	1,551	...	...	611	19·45	7·19	7·73	34·37	51·82	25·19	22·99	100·00
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	2,997	1,503	1,200	5,700	116	53	2,618	1,758	...	...	1,175	27·02	12·61	10·32	49·95	52·58	26·37	21·05	100·00
12	Civil Dispensary, Sakleshpur	2,858	1,150	854	4,862	42	67	3,247	1,306	...	...	200	24·13	12·58	9·40	46·11	58·78	23·65	17·57	100·00
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	5,349	1,789	3,093	10,231	138	269	5,299	2,635	...	..	1,890	59·58	27·51	33·65	120·74	52·28	17·49	30·23	100·00
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	1,757	529	717	3,003	1	...	2,095	588	...	...	319	12·26	3·62	4·45	20·33	58·51	17·61	23·88	100·00
15	Do Tirthahalli	2,283	838	869	3,987	8	3	3,650	293	...	...	33	27·10	10·27	11·31	48·68	57·19	21·02	21·79	100·00
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	4,215	1,551	2,288	8,054	7	204	4,434	3,409	...	...	...	66·96	21·23	19·46	107·65	52·33	19·26	29·41	100·00
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	1,237	477	815	2,529	...	4	1,838	687	...	...	...	13·70	4·99	7·43	26·12	52·45	19·11	28·44	100·00
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	3,725	1,332	1,275	6,332	179	190	3,094	2,143	...	...	726	43·84	19·88	13·99	77·71	56·83	21·04	20·13	100·00
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur	605	234	207	1,046	21	37	591	273	..	...	124	7·25	3·25	2·75	13·25	57·84	22·37	19·79	100·00
	Total.....	79,937	35,370	34,723	150,030	1,528	4,254	79,594	46,901	...	...	17,753	805·23	370·17	503·33	1,478·73	53·28	23·57	23·15	100·00

5. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on account of the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879.

1	2	3														4								5	6	7	
		Income.														Expenditure.											
		a			*b*						*c*	*d*	*e*		*f*	*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Balance on 1st January.			From Government.						From Local or other Funds.	Interest on investments.	Subscriptions.		Total Income.	On Establishment.	On Bazar Medicines.	On European Medicines whether from Government Stores or purchased.	On Diet.	On Miscellaneous Charges.	On Building or Repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Balance in hand on 31st December.	Average Cost of each Diet.	Percentage of Total Cost paid by Government.	REMARKS.
		Invested.	Floating.	Total.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet, &c.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.			From Europeans.	From Natives.												
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	...	...	...	8,208	...	2,990	8,041	...	...	19,239	...	...	...	...	19,239	8,208	163	2,990	5,948	1,930	...	...	19,239	...	0 4 0	100·00	
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	4,868	...	250	356	...	...	5,474	...	...	...	...	5,474	4,863	38	250	...	323	...	...	5,474	...	...	100·00	
3	Civil do Closepet ...	...	...	...	480	...	399	119	...	...	998	204	...	...	...	1,202	660	37	399	...	82	24	...	1 02	...	...	73·12	
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	...	...	...	1,764	...	386	...	...	...	2,150	1343	...	...	...	3,493	2,456	69	386	443	159	...	...	3 93	...	0 2 0	61·55	
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	...	...	480	...	368	250	...	...	1,098	229	...	...	...	1,327	720	64	368	...	45	130	...	1 27	...	...	63·90	
6	Do do Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	1,380	...	739	226	...	600	2,945	...	...	...	...	2,945	1,380	52	739	...	704	70	...	2,945	...	...	100·00	
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	...	...	480	...	285	81	...	...	846	216	...	...	...	1,062	660	8	285	...	109	...	...	1,062	...	...	72·03	
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	...	6,713	...	1,703	4,688	...	...	13,104	...	...	...	...	13,104	6,713	228	1,703	3,344	1,116	...	...	13,104	...	0 3 4	100·00	
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	...	...	...	628	...	346	150	...	96	1,220	180	...	...	...	1,400	807	...	346	...	247	...	...	1,400	...	...	87·14	
10	Do do Húnsúr ...	...	...	...	300	...	515	...	...	...	815	630	...	...	...	1,445	810	120	515	...	...	...	...	1,445	...	...	56·40	
11	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	...	756	...	612	407	...	...	1,775	102	...	...	...	1,877	756	54	612	173	282	...	...	1,877	...	0 2 9	94·56	
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur ...	...	...	...	720	...	327	...	...	180	1,227	292	...	...	...	1,519	1,080	112	327	...	...	...	...	1,519	...	...	80·78	
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	...	...	...	3,179	...	1,281	...	...	2,089	6,549	...	...	...	...	6,549	3,179	85	1,281	1,245	759	...	...	6,549	...	0 1 11	100·00	
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar... ...	...	...	...	615	...	445	...	...	...	1,060	278	...	...	...	1,338	795	24	445	...	74	...	...	1,338	...	...	79·22	
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	...	...	480	...	478	...	...	...	958	360	...	...	...	1,318	660	31	478	...	149	...	...	1,318	...	..	72·68	
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	1,560	...	397	1,026	...	...	2,983	...	...	...	...	2,983	1,560	45	397	632	349	...	...	2,983	...	0 1 11	100·00	
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	...	...	620	...	211	...	...	...	831	378	...	...	...	1,209	800	13	211	...	65	120	...	1,209	...	...	68·73	
18	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	...	1,620	...	571	...	...	878	3,069	...	...	...	...	3,060	1,620	37	571	449	392	...	...	3,069	...	0 1 11	100·00	
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	...	...	...	320	...	263	...	...	29	612	155	...	...	...	767	470	13	263	...	21	...	...	767	...	...	79·79	
	Total.....	...	...	...	35,171	...	12,536	15,344	...	3,872	66,953	4367	...	...	...	71,320	38,182	1,188	12,536	12,234	6,806	344	...	71,320	...	0 2 3	93·88	

Amount of contributions from Local Funds 3,422—10—5
Do do Municipal Funds 1,166— 5—4

Total.....4,588—15—9

6. *Statement shewing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each class of Disease in*

	Number of each Disease																
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.																	
BANGALORE DISTRICT.																	
1. Bowring Civil Hospital.																	
European Patients ...		2	520	1	6			98	123	8	35	348	9	2		106	32
Native do ...		7	4,270	6	313		5	364	524	28	133	1,143	23	67		938	623
In-door do ...		8	228	7	9		5	66	123	4	3	63	15	26		61	73
Out-door do ...		1	4,562		310			396	524	32	165	1,428	17	43		983	582
2. Pettah Civil Dispensary.																	
European Patients ...			97	4				5	7	1	2	44				11	
Native do ...			5,020	31			1	176	250		145	702	3	60		1,115	501
In-door do ...			196				1	4	9			8		9		15	2
Out-door do ...			4,921	35				177	248	1	147	738	3	51		1,111	499
3. Civil Dispensary, Closepet.																	
European Patients ...			15		2			3				2					
Native do ...			2,703	3	370			46	82	8	89	313	6	3		367	134
Out-door do ...			2,718	3	372			49	82	8	89	315	6	3		367	134
KOLAR DISTRICT.																	
4. Civil Dispensary, Kolar.																	
European Patients ...			53						4	2		20				4	
Native do ...			1,392	1				158	166		40	274		22		303	193
In-door do ...			38	1				30	50			1		12		18	10
Out-door do ...			1,407					128	120	2	40	293		10		289	183
5. Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.																	
European Patients ...			1		4			1	3			1				1	
Native do ...			1,623	16	87			20	28	8	80	127		38		110	79
In-door do ...																	
Out-door do ...			1,624	16	91			21	31	8	80	128		38		111	79
TUMKUR DISTRICT.																	
6. Civil Dispensary, Tumkur.																	
European Patients ...			98	1				1	21	1	1	26	2			16	4
Native do ...			1,119	17			1	43	80	7	51	220	2	19	16	165	80
In-door do ...																	
Out-door do ...			1,217	18			1	44	101	8	52	246	4	19		181	84
7. Civil Dispensary, Kunigal.																	
European Patients ...			20					2	2			6					
Native do ...			1,798	13	1			185	166		22	110	3	4		54	63
Out-door do ...			1,818	13	1			187	168		22	116	3	4		54	63
NAGAR DIVISION.																	
SHIMOGA DISTRICT.																	
8. Civil Hospital, Shimoga.																	
European Patients ...			119	4	15			8	34	5	1	50				7	2
Native do ...			2,124	20	48			173	154	8	56	418	5	49		287	116
In-door do ...			44		5			10	26	1	2	18	1	13		14	25
Out-door do ...			2,199	24	58			171	162	12	55	450	4	36		280	93
9. Civil Dispensary, Sagar.																	
European Patients ...			1														
Native do ...			651	2	15		1	46	40		77	179		19		111	51
In-door do ...																	
Out-door do ...			652	2	15		1	46	40		77	179		19		111	51
10. Civil Dispensary, Tirthahalli.																	
European Patients ...			2								2						
Native do ...			988	5	2			66	91	5	26	221		13		152	110
In-door do ...																	
Out-door do ...			990	5	2		3	66	91	5	28	221		13		152	110

HOSPITALS.

the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year 1879.

treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																				
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcer.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever, intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory do.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcer.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
115	190	98	1,194	2,887	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
776	3,678	1,239	8,330	22,467	...	2	4	1	1...	...	5	32	80	2	...	13	4	21	...	...	...	1	...	16	9	104	295
8	190	125	625	1,639	...	2	4	1	4	...	5	32	80	2	...	13	4	21	...	...	...	1	...	16	9	104	292
883	3,678	1,212	8,899	27,715	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	4	9	123	317	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
607	6,151	985	11,185	28,932	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
3	43	4	61	355	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
609	6,112	990	11,252	28,804	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	16	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
595	1,135	188	3,115	9,157	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	9
596	1,136	189	3,131	9,198	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	9
6	3	...	119	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
564	851	190	2,359	6,513	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	3	12	12
...	39	7	1	207	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	...
570	815	183	2,477	6,517	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	27	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
309	281	83	2,332	5,221	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
309	282	83	2,359	5,260	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	7
9	...	...	80	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
216	537	186	1,923	4,666	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
225	537	186	2,003	4,926	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	10
...	3	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	1,514	113	1,780	5,909	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	1,517	113	1,780	5,942	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	8	7	144	407	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,678	1,046	278	3,364	9,824	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	15	...	...	3	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	10	1	21	65
...	74	14	145	392	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	3	15	...	...	3	...	6	...	...	...	2	...	10	1	19	62
1,681	980	271	3,363	9,839	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	200	91	1,502	3,002	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	200	91	1,502	3,003	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3
1	...	...	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	272	139	1,788	3,976	...	...	1	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	13
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	272	139	1,791	3,987	...	...	1	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	13

	Number of each Disease																	
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.
KADUR DISTRICT.																	
11. *Civil Dispensary, Chikmagalur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	120	2	14	...	...	5	12	15	7	27	...	...	...	14	1
Native do ...	...	...	1,476	5	102	...	...	147	90	12	109	262	5	43	...	235	147
In-door do ...	...	...	23	3	1	...	...	17	16	1	1	10	2	15	...	3	13
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,571	4	115	...	...	135	86	26	115	279	3	28	...	246	135
12. *Civil Dispensary, Harihurpur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	275	14	35	...	...	29	34	1	13	58	...	5	...	30	18
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	..	297	14	35	...	...	36	37	1	13	58	...	5	...	30	18
CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.																	
13. *Civil Dispensary, Chitaldroog.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	74	1	2	...	...	1	11	1	7	25	...	..	...	4	...
Native do ...	...	2	2,045	4	137	...	1	84	117	1	118	424	...	19	...	286	95
In-door do ...	...	...	7	...	8	...	...	22	9	...	1	5	...	7	...	5	13
Out-door do ...	...	2	2,112	5	131	...	1	63	119	2	124	444	...	12	..	285	82
14. *Civil Dispensary, Davangere.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	1	678	4	3	...	...	21	31	4	34	124	1	10	...	98	51
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	1	680	4	3	...	...	21	31	4	34	124	1	10	...	98	51
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.																	
MYSORE DISTRICT.																	
15. *Raja's Hospital, Mysore.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	230	...	...	...	...	25	55	7	5	45	...	...	...	35	...
Native do ...	...	...	3,057	2	...	...	...	194	336	16	189	503	1	86	...	630	255
In-door do ...	...	...	90	1	...	...	...	45	98	2	18	27	...	43	...	35	41
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,197	1	...	...	...	174	263	21	176	521	1	43	...	630	214
16. *Civil Dispensary, Hunsur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	4	7	...	1	10	5	1	...	13	2
Native do ...	...	...	1,244	34	...	...	...	74	75	...	23	180	3	26	...	109	85
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,287	34	...	...	...	78	82	...	24	190	8	27	...	122	87
17. *Civil Dispensary, Nunjangud.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	...	276	...	...	...	26	12	...	45	26	...	20	..	59	32
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	...	276	...	...	...	26	12	...	45	26	...	20	...	59	32
HASSAN DISTRICT.																	
18. *Civil Dispensary, Hassan.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	54	2	...	...	...	8	5	1	3	30	...	..	...	5	1
Native do ...	...	...	1,338	13	...	...	...	41	101	1	86	310	...	19	..	200	65
In-door do ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	9	...	1	2	...	8	...	1	1
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,391	15	...	..	...	46	97	2	88	338	...	11	...	204	65
19. *Civil Dispensary, Saklespur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	24	1	...	...	...	5	3	...	4	10	..	...	...	1	1
Native do ...	...	...	879	82	...	...	..	60	45	...	65	182	1	25	...	247	106
In-door do ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Out-door do ...	...	...	903	83	...	...	...	65	48	...	69	192	1	25	...	248	107
Total European Patients ..	...	2	1,495	16	43	...	...	173	290	41	68	644	16	3	...	217	43
Do Native do	...	10	32,680	548	1,113	3	9	1,953	2,392	99	1,401	5,776	53	547	...	5,496	2,804
Do of Both do	...	12	34,175	564	1,156	3	9	2,126	2,682	140	1,469	6,420	69	550	...	5,713	2,847
Do In-door do	...	8	623	12	23	...	6	197	340	8	26	134	18	133	...	152	178
Do Out-door do	...	4	33,546	552	1,133	3	3	1,929	2,342	132	1,443	6,286	51	417	...	5,561	2,669

HOSPITALS.—*Concluded.*

treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																			
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcer.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	,, Remittent.	,, Continued.	,, Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory do.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcer.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
4	25	8	115	369	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
114	691	210	2,315	5,963	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	7	9	...	...	5	3	6	...	...	1	...	3	6	4	51
...	28	25	85	245	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	7	9	...	...	5	2	6	...	...	1	...	3	5	4	45
118	688	193	2,345	6,087	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6
...	...	...	26	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	62	12	390	988	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	62	12	416	1,046	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3
4	3	5	73	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
768	924	218	2,600	7,843	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	3	1	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	21
2	61	2	49	191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	15
770	866	221	2,624	7,863	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7
...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
284	429	45	707	2,525	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
284	429	45	709	2,529	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6
8	25	21	33	489	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
496	496	364	8,060	14,455	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	19	66	...	...	5	...	25	...	...	4	...	23	3	46	197
1	9	43	417	870	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	19	67	...	...	5	...	25	...	...	4	...	3	3	47	199
503	512	342	7,676	14,274	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	5	3	68	164	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
180	630	33	714	3,410	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
182	635	36	782	3,574	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	109	23	573	913	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	109	23	575	915	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	8
...	6	...	54	169	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
242	819	156	214	5,531	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	4	...	6	22
...	22	10	41	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	4	...	3	19
242	803	146	2,153	5,601	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
2	19	3	36	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
18	807	99	2,137	4,753	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	826	102	2,173	4,862	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3
160	293	155	2,123	5,782	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	7
7,066	20,632	4,652	37,014	144,248	...	2	22	18	2	1	8	69	186	2	...	31	10	79	...	...	9	...	61	28	210	736
7,226	20,925	4,807	59,137	150,030	...	2	22	18	5	1	8	70	187	2	...	31	10	79	...	...	9	...	61	26	212	743
14	466	230	1,424	3,998	...	2	15	4	5	...	6	65	180	2	...	26	6	70	...	...	9	...	60	19	189	658
7,212	20,459	4,577	57,713	146,032	...	...	7	14	...	1	2	5	7	...	...	5	4	9	...	...	...	...	1	7	23	85

V. C. VACCINATION.

1. *Statement shewing Particulars of Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879—80.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination. Total.	Primary Vaccination. Successful. Under 1 year.	Primary Vaccination. Successful. Over 1 and under 6 years.	Primary Vaccination. Successful. Total of all ages.	Re-vaccination. Total.	Re-vaccination. Successful.	Percentage of successful cases. Primary.	Percentage of successful cases. Re-vaccination.	Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years. Number.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years. Ratio per 1,000.	Average Annual Number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years. No.	Average Annual Number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years. Ratio per 1,000.
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					M.	F.	T.														
Nundydroog Dn. 1	Bangalore District	828,354	284·3	12	8,844	5,826	14,670	1,222·5	14,519	6,288	3,418	10,093	151	63	69·5	41·7	12·2	12,224	15·64	490	·61
2	Kolar do	618,954	240·2	11	7,480	6,056	13,536	1,230·5	13,501	1,643	7,005	9,499	35	34	70·3	97·1	22·2	10,536·4	24·42	247·4	·58
3	Túmkúr do	632,2[illegible]9	175·3	10	7,074	5,060	12,1[illegible]4	[illegible]2[illegible]3·4	11,959	1,2[illegible]4	8,267	9,551	175	162	79·69	[illegible]·57	15·33	10,333·8	16·34	52·27	·39
	Total.....	2,079,547	2[illegible]3·27	33	2[illegible],398	16,942	40,[illegible]4	1,222·4	39,979	9,195	18,690	29,123	361	259	72·8	71·7	14·1	34,089	16·3	992	·52
Ashtagram Dn. 4	Mysore District	[illegible]43,187	228·5	14	8,867	7,182	16,[illegible]49	1,146·3	16,0[illegible]5	4,53[illegible]	9,087	14,448	24	21	93·01	87·5	14·46	16,144	17·1	229·6	0·24
5	Hassan do . ..	[illegible]8,417	203·1	11	5,617	4,77	10,390	944·5	[illegible],31[illegible]	...	...	9,191	75	54	91·96	72	13·75	11,530	17·24	151	·22
	Total	1,[illegible]11,604	215	25	14,484	11,955	26,439	1,[illegible]7·5	26,34[illegible]	4,5[illegible]8	9,087	23,639	99	75	90·0	7[illegible]	14·5	28,277·8	17·54	398	·22
Nagar Dn. 6	Shimoga District	498,[illegible]76	131·4	9	3,361	1,435	4,796	532·8	4,796	...	...	3,779	...	...	78·79	..	7·57	7,036·6	7·03	199	·19
7	Chitaldroog do	531,[illegible]	118·8	10	6,647	4,541	11,1[illegible]8	1,118·8	10,722	.	...	8,[illegible]52	466	368	79·12	78·96	16·65	11,5[illegible]7·6	11·50	216·4	·21
8	Kadur do	[illegible]33,[illegible]5	57·04	[illegible]	3,708	2,314	6,022	1,[illegible]04·4	5,844	...	...	4,410	178	129	73·23	72·47	10·41	5,019·8	5·01	136	·13
	Total	1,[illegible]64,[illegible]61	131·9	24	13,716	8,290	22,006	916·9	21,362	...	...	17,041	644	497	77·43	77·17	11·54	7,854·66	7·85	183·8	·58
	Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186·7	82	51,598	37,187	88,785	1,082·7	87,681	13,7[illegible]3	27,777	69,803	1,104	831	79·5	75·2	14	86,984·4	17·2	200·7	·42

1. *Statement—Concluded.*

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total Number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average Annual Number of deaths from Small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under 1 year.	Over 1 and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	By Medical Subordinates.				M.	F.	T.														
	Nundydroog Division	2,079,547	233·27	7	...	...	116	16	114	8	6	103	2	2	90	100	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram do ...	1,611,604	215·7	5	...	...	269	54	269	21	13	207	...	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar do ...	1,364,261	131·9	0	...	...	5·0	55	550	...	...	419	...	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	5,055,412	186·7	22	...	...	935	42	933	29	19	729	2	2	78	100	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipality.																				
	Bangalore Town	60,703	26,015·6	2	599	488	1,047	523	1,040	510	474	1,009	7	7	97	100	...	..	...	...	...
	Do Cantonment	81,810	7,272	2	734	649	1,383	691	1,351	516	481	1,072	32	11	79	34	...	...	...	..	...
	Total.....	142,513	10,491·8	4	1,333	1,097	2,430	607	2,391	1,026	955	2,081	39	18	94·6	46·1	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186·7	108	52,931	38,284	92,150	853	91,005	14,788	28,751	72,613	1,145	851	79·7	74·3	17	8698·4	17·2	2,007	·42

2. *Statement shewing the Cost of the Department in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879—80.

No.	Circles and Districts.		Establishment.							Expenditure.				Paid from—					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average Cost of each successful case.
			Superintendent General.	Superintendents of Circles.	Deputy Superintendents.	Native Superintendents.	Vaccinators.			Pay of Establishment.	Travelling Allowance.	Contingencies.	Total Cost.	Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
							1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.												
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Nundydroog Division.	1	Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	5	1,642 12 2	...	...	1,642 12 2	...	...	...	...	1,642 12 2	1,642 12 2	10,156	0 2 7
	2	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,521 0 7	...	...	1,521 0 7	...	...	...	...	1,521 0 7	1,521 0 7	9,533	0 2 6
	3	Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,340 8 2	...	...	1,340 8 2	...	...	...	...	1,340 8 2	1,340 8 2	9,693	0 2 3
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	16	14	4,504 4 11	...	...	4,504 4 11	...	...	...	...	4,504 4 11	4,504 4 11	4,504 4 11	29,382	0 2 5
Ashtagram Division.	4	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	6	1,792 1 11	...	...	1,792 1 11	...	...	...	...	1,792 1 11	1,792 1 11	14,469	0 1 11
	5	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,196 15 8	...	...	1,196 15 8	...	...	...	...	1,196 15 8	1,196 15 8	9,245	0 2 0·85
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	2	13	10	2,989 1 7	...	...	2,989 1 7	...	...	...	...	2,989 1 7	2,989 1 7	2,989 1 7	23,714	0 2 0
Nagar Division.	6	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	605 14 6	...	...	605 14 6	...	...	...	...	605 14 6	605 14 6	3,779	0 2 0·77
	7	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,219 0 8	...	...	1,219 0 8	...	...	...	...	1,219 0 8	1,219 0 8	9,220	0 2 2·44
	8	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	747 3 9	...	...	747 3 9	...	...	...	...	747 3 9	747 3 9	4,539	0 2 3·53
		Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	18	5	2,572 2 11	...	...	2,572 2 11	...	...	...	...	2,572 2 11	2,572 2 11	2,572 2 11	17,538	0 2 5
		Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	8	47	29	10,065 9 5	...	...	10,065 9 5	...	...	...	...	10,065 9 5	10,065 9 5	10,065 9 5	70,634	0 2 3¼

3. *Statement shewing Dispensary Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1879—80.

	Districts.	Number of Dispensaries in each District to which a Vaccinator is attached.	Average number of Vaccinators attached to Dispensaries during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.	
						Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
							Under one year.	One & under six.	Total of all Ages.				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Nundydroog Division.	Bangalore District	...	*6	102	17	100	...	...	89	2	2	89	100
	Kolar do	...	1	14	14	14	8	6	14	...	...	100	...
	Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	7	116	16	114	8	6	103	2	2	90	100
Nagar Division.	Mysore District	...	2	38	19	38	21	13	34	...	...	89	...
	Hassan do	...	3	231	77	231	...	...	173	...	...	74	...
	Total.....	...	5	269	54	269	21	13	207	...	...	76	
	Shimoga do	...	7	404	57	404	...	...	325	...	...	80	...
	Chitaldroog do	...	2	17	8	17	...	...	10	...	...	58	...
	Kadur do	...	1	129	129	129	...	...	84	...	...	65	...
	Total.....	...	10	550	55	550	...	...	419	...	...	76	...
	Grand Total.....	...	22	935	42	933	29	19	729	2	2	78	100

*These are Medical Subordinates attached to Civil Hospitals and Jails.
There are no Vaccinators attached to Dispensaries.

4. *Comparative Statement shewing the Number of Persons primarily vaccinated and the number of those Persons who were successfully vaccinated in the Province of Mysore in each of the undermentioned official years.*

Establishments.	Persons primarily vaccinated.																			
	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.
	Years ended 31st March—																			
	1870—71		1871		1872		1873		1874		1875		1876		1877		1878—79		1879—80	
Government	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	588	465	893	767	1,170	1,056	2,221	1,970	4,211	3,476	2,641	2,293	2,391	2,081
Local Funds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native States	92,181	87,627	93,616	88,596	97,241	86,231	96,461	86,548	97,513	87,734	96,438	88,731	96,242	84,474	1,01,980	84,558	89,973	73,155	87,681	69,803
Dispensaries	1,486	1,032	831	530	1,046	794	1,115	840	1,217	869	1,016	786	1,025	768	1,049	806	225	186	933	729
Army—																				
European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	93,667	88,659	94,447	89,126	98,287	87,025	98,164	87,853	99,623	89,370	98,624	90,573	99,488	87,212	107,240	88,840	92,839	75,634	91,005	72,613

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—15-12-80.—350.

REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1880–81,

BY

SIR JAMES GORDON, K. C. S. I.,

Resident at the Court of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore.

Bangalore:

PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1882.

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Nil.

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

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Resident in Mysore.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

The Mysore State, which came under British management in October 1831, was restored to Native Rule on the attainment of his majority by His Highness the Maha Raja CHAMARAJENDRA WODAYAR Bahadur on the 25th March 1881. This report of the administration of the State during 1880—81, consequently, though it deals with a year when the Government of India administered Mysore, has been framed almost entirely from materials furnished by Officers of the Durbar. Partly by that reason, partly in order to incorporate the results of the Census of February 1881, and partly in order to recount in this report the different phases through which the Administration has passed during these fifty years, the issue of this report has been delayed considerably beyond the date on which it should have appeared.

2. The chapter upon the Form of Administration, which is itself a summary of all that has been done during the administration of Mysore by Government, need not be summarized here; no changes were wrought in it during the year and the executive machinery was only altered among the subordinate grades of the Police, in continuation of what had been carried out before. The whole had been, for some years past, silently prepared so as to be adapted to the altered condition of affairs and when the Restoration of Native Rule was publicly announced, on behalf of His Excellency the Viceroy, by the late Governor of Madras, in open durbar on the 25th March 1881, the Chief Commissioner handed over his office to the newly appointed Dewan who had been Commissioner and Secretary in the Revenue Department; but with the exception of the Chief Commissioner and the General Secretary, every officer in Mysore remained at the post he had occupied; and the work of Government went smoothly on without jar and without apparent change.

3. A question of considerable importance was settled, after some years of discussion, coincidentally with the Rendition. The Government of Madras relying upon the terms of the Mysore treaty and of the despatches written in connection with it at the beginning of the century, had some years ago opened the question of the boundary line of Mysore along the Western Ghats, and had urged the adoption of a line, differing in many places very materially from that which custom had assigned, in order to make it conform to the provisions of the treaty which required that the British Government should have the command of the passes from the Mysore plateau into the low country bordering the west coast. The country is rugged and difficult of access, and nothing could be done to demarcate a boundary without the previous aid of a survey. The services of the Topographical Survey party working in Mysore were therefore brought under requisition to prepare a map of the line of ghats for the use of the two Commissioners who represented Mysore and Madras in laying out the line. Rules for the guidance of the Boundary Commissioners were carefully framed, laying down the general principles on which the line was to be

fixed, and providing the procedure to be followed in case of a difference of opinion. Fortunately the latter did not require to be acted on, and the boundary line which was acquiesced in by both Commissioners was accepted and determined by the Government of India, demarcated on the spot and accurately mapped by the Topographical Survey.

4. The whole strength of the party was put upon the above work, and the character of the country precluded a large out-turn; making allowance however for the different nature of the country which remains to be done, it may be said that quite half the work of the Topographical survey has been completed. The Revenue survey turned out a considerable deal more work during the season than they had been able to show the year before; indeed this Department may be said only to have got into regular working order after the disorganization of the famine years during the season under report.

5. A change in procedure which permitted the breaking up of the land into fields, or survey numbers of smaller average area than before, militated against a high rate of progress when computed in acres, yet more acres were measured than in the year before, and though fewer acres were classified the number of fields classified shows an increase. The country is divided into 69 taluks of which 59 have now been measured in whole or in part, and 42 have been classified.

6. The next process after the classification of the lands of a taluk is the preparation of rates of assessment, and the introduction of the Revenue settlement. This was effected in six taluks during the year, thus making the total number of taluks completely settled, up to the 31st March 1881, 40 out of the total number of 69 in the State.

7. The work of the Inam Commission was practically finished at the end of the year. All registration of inams had indeed been concluded in the previous year, and the establishments under the Superintendent were employed in winding up the work of the Department. The Inam Commission instituted in 1866 has thus been just able to conclude the settlement of the inam holdings in Mysore by the time the State was handed back from the British Government. During this time 57,888 land inams have been confirmed, and 11,302 have been resumed for invalidity of tenure. Over 70,000 rupees of quit-rent have been permanently added to the jodi, or light assessment, which the inams that have been confirmed paid; and the net value to Government of the inams that have been resumed is Rs. 44,000. In addition to these there were 4,658 cases in which the land was neither identifiable nor was the inam in the enjoyment of any one. These inams were struck off. The Department dealt also with cash grants, of which 1,942 cases were confirmed, 415 disallowed, and 982 struck off, the inams having been already resumed.

8. It was not probable that the eve of the Rendition of Mysore would witness the introduction of many new laws or regulations, and in fact only one Act of a special and temporary character, the Census Act, was introduced into Mysore in 1880—81. Fresh rules were however made in the matter of process fees and for regulating the attachment and sale of property in execution of decrees, and rules were adopted with a view to putting down the system of legal "touting." In matters such as these the changes were either in the direction of modifying existing arrangements, or as in the last mentioned instance the evil was so great and the remedy so simple, that the objection which would otherwise have existed against fresh legislation had no weight.

9. It has been mentioned already that the machinery of the District Police was reconstructed. The system of having a separate Assistant Commissioner for the Police work of each District was expensive in a degree incommensurate with the advantage attained, and the independent position assigned to the Police Inspectors of Taluks had not been found to answer without a closer degree of supervision than could be given. The Amildars were therefore given back their Police powers and duties, but, in order to avoid the defects which had belonged to the system when that had been the case before, they were forbidden to exercise magisterial functions in Police cases. These changes enabled the Chief Commissioner to reduce very considerably the number and pay of the officers of the Police, and to place the force in a state which, it is anticipated, will show no loss of efficiency but will afford a very material saving in expenditure. The cost during the year was barely affected by the changes

however, for they were not carried out until the month of December. Cognizable crime was less than in the previous year, so that the work of the Police was somewhat lighter. In some respects they failed to show any improvement, as for instance in the matter of inconsiderate arrests, for there was a smaller percentage of convictions to arrests than in the year before, but on the other hand in the recovery of stolen property a marked advance is displayed, and on the whole the Police have worked with fair success, and with fair regularity.

10. The change which had been gradually introduced into the constitution of the Subordinate Taluk Magistracy was completed in 1880 by the withdrawal of magisterial powers from Sheristadars and by throwing the weight of the magisterial work of the taluk upon the Munsiffs. The gross number of Magistrates has by these measures been reduced from 152 to 125, but in addition to the advantage of the standing and status being improved, the present system shows another improvement in that the Court of the Munsiff is stationary, and witnesses and parties can have no difficulty in attending. This could not always be the case when Amildars and Peshkars—their deputies—did the bulk of the magisterial work, for their duties demanded their frequent absence from head-quarters on tour.

11. The amount of crime reported, it has been already seen, was less than in 1879, the Criminal Courts were able therefore to deal with it without pressure and the administration of Criminal Justice seems to have been fairly diligently and discriminately carried on. The proportion of convictions was as before, the duration of cases was shorter, and the proportion of inflicted fines which were recovered was much better than it had been.

12. The state of crime is naturally reflected in the jail returns, and it is to be expected therefore that the number of admissions to jail in 1880 was less than in 1879, and as the year went on the number of prisoners decreased. The daily average number of prisoners was 2,473, but the jail population on the last day of the year was 2,126. The diminution in the number of prisoners has been maintained for three consecutive years, and all chance of overcrowding has disappeared; so much so that in October the temporary jail at Kukarhalli near Mysore was greatly reduced, and soon after the close of the year it was abolished altogether. The convicts imprisoned at Kukarhalli were very usefully employed in making the reservoir for the Mysore waterworks, where under strict supervision and careful management an amount of excellent work was turned out which was surprising to those whose experience had not taught them to expect it.

13. The very large decrease of over 4,000 Civil suits in a total of little more than 21,000 is specially accounted for, so far as regards Bangalore, by the failure of some Native banking companies, and in the State generally by the operation of the insolvency provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure which tend to diminish suits, because there is no necessity for scheduled creditors to file separate suits. The civil work of the State, which was comparatively very light, was done in the same number of courts of the same constitution as in the year before and the returns show that the business was disposed of without delay, and that a small proportion only of the suits were left undecided for more than 3 months.

14. Generally speaking a reduction of litigation may be accepted as an indication of slack trade, and it may be fairly prosperous, but at any rate, of quiet times; and in this respect a certain amount of confirmation is derived from the record of Registration work during the year, for though it is true that the total number of registrations effected shows a small increase, yet that is due to an advanced appreciation of the benefits of registration as is shown by the advance being entirely in deeds affecting small immovable properties of less than 100 rupees value, the registration of which is optional, while a decrease in the number of deeds relating to properties of higher value shows that at the same time the total number of transfers of property was in all probability less.

15. Exceptional circumstances in relation to the formation of companies for the working of gold mines in the Kolar District tended to raise the value of the property assured by the registered deeds very far above the total value of property so affected in the previous year, and consequently the past year was one of exceptional prosperity when judged by the financial results of the Registration Department, which

gained a surplus of Rs. 21,287, the largest yet attained, and the expenditure was only 53·42 per cent on the income.

16. There are only 38 of the 69 companies registered in Mysore that are carrying on business, and the penal provisions of Act X of 1866 have not been found to be sufficient to compel them to comply with its requirements.

17. The transfer of the Money Order business to the Imperial Post Office has naturally deprived the local Money Order Offices in Mysore of nearly all their work. In Districts where there are Post Offices this form of remittance is worked in those offices, but a method of transfer between British Post Offices and the Mysore Money Order Offices, situated in places where no Post Office exists, having been devised, the transactions in those Districts appear to be increasing rather than falling off as was expected.

18. There were 7 new Municipalities formed in the interior of Mysore during the year ; and now there exist 84 in all. Some of them are very small, and only that of the Bangalore Cantonment (since changed into the 'Civil and Military Station') had an income of over a lakh of rupees. The total municipal income was a little more than 4 lakhs, and the total expenditure fell a little short of that amount. The chief sources of income are octroi, tax on houses and lands, mohatarfa and trades licenses ; and the principal objects of expenditure are conservancy, police and roads and other public works. The several municipal committees consist of non-official members who are appointed, not elected, and of *ex officio* members who for the most part do the actual work.

19. There was no change in the constitution, and few fluctuations in the numbers of the Mysore Local Military Force. The Bangalore garrison was restored to its former strength by the return of those regiments which had been on field service in Afghanistan, but before the close of the year the British cavalry regiment was withdrawn for service in the Transvaal. The Bangalore Volunteers have been transferred from the Chief Commissioner' of Mysore to service under the Commander-in-Chief in Madras, and they will be maintained in future at the cost of the Imperial revenues.

20. Just at the beginning of the ragi harvest, when but little was cut but the bulk of this most important crop was all but ripe, a great part of the State was visited by a storm of wind and rain of unusual severity, which did very considerable damage to the crops, and was the cause, moreover, of the breaching of a number of irrigation tanks. This was perhaps the only untoward event in an otherwise exceptionally favorable season, and but for that misfortune the harvest would have been singularly bountiful in every part of the Province, except the Kolar District which alone did not participate fully in the plentiful and seasonably distributed rain-fall of 1880. As it was however the out-turn of the harvest was still well above the average, and the prices of food grains were low in proportion.

21. This report contains statistics of areas sown in various crops, of the outturn, and of the rates of rent and produce that are interesting, but they cannot be accepted as entirely accurate. With a large area of waste arable land which can be taken up for cultivation without outlay in purchase, it is impossible, for instance, that the average rent rate for land growing ragi can be an accurate statement of a universally applicable rent. But the attempt to give statistics of this description cannot be deprecated because it is not possible to make them accurate at once.

22. As usual the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore has made many interesting and valuable horticultural experiments. Through Mr. Cameron's energy and perseverance many varieties of exotic trees have been added to the State some of them admirably adapted for ornamental planting, and others such as may prove of great economic value.

23. Though little was done to add to the demarcation and settlement of the State forests, there was more attempted in the direction of fire protection than before, and with great success. Except for one forest fire, which was extensive but not destructive, in the Mattikuppe forest of the Ashtagram Division, the failures were altogether insignificant. The principal timber operations included the cutting of teak sleepers in the southern forests and felling large teak timber in Nagar. The total expenditure nearly reached 1½ lakhs of rupees, and exceeded the expenditure of the pre-

vious year by Rs. 35,000, but the surplus was 5½ lakhs, of which 4½ lakhs were due to the sale of sandalwood, by far the most profitable item of Mysore forest work.

24. The Mysore Province is doubtless rich in mineral wealth, but with the exception of very primitive iron mines, the extent of the operations of which is limited by the supply of fuel for smelting, and a few small native gold washings, but little has been done in mining. Much attention and a good deal of European capital have been attracted lately by the prospect of obtaining gold in quantities sufficient to make extensive mining and quartz crushing pay; and large tracts of land have been taken up for this purpose in various localities, but chiefly in the Kolar District, where the existence of old native workings first attracted attention. Nothing can yet be said however of the produce of the several gold fields. If they should even approach the expectations which have been formed of them in some quarters, a rich future would be in store for Mysore in this connection—we have no reliable data on which to base such expectations.

25. In an agricultural country such as Mysore manufactures cannot be expected to be of great importance and it is natural to find that they are principally produced in the more populous centres of Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga. In the grazing districts woollen fabrics are extensively made, and they vary from the coarsest and cheapest 'cumbly' blanket to plaids of fine and close texture and of high price. Common cotton cloths, the produce of handlooms, are also made very extensively, but they cannot compete with the cheap products of Europe and Bombay. Bangalore is known for the carpets and native jewellery made there, and the production of silk and weaving of silk cloth in the District, which has of late gone through severe vicissitudes, by reason of disease among the silk-worms, are now reviving. In the Shimoga District fine carving in sandalwood of very considerable merit is produced by a few families of Gudigars, but it is so much a speciality and is done by so few hands that it is more an object of interest than of value. Brass vessels, iron implements and cutlery and coarse pottery are everywhere made sufficient for the wants of the people, but it may be said generally of the manufactures of Mysore that though they are sufficient for the every day wants of the ordinary classes, they have to be supplemented by importation in almost every instance where articles of high finish are desired.

26. The trade of the country naturally follows the channel indicated by the above remark and in return for manufactures Mysore exports chiefly food grains coffee, arecanut and spices.

27. The total grant for Public Works amounted to Rs. 17,10,160 made up of 10¾ lakhs from State funds, 5½ from District funds and the balance from the Revenue budget. The State funds grant was made for Civil Buildings, Irrigation and Communications and it was fully expended. The principal works undertaken were the construction of several Taluk Cutcherries in the Buildings' branch, the completion of certain series of irrigation tanks already undertaken and the extension of irrigation channels in the Irrigation branch, and in Communications the continuation of the important lines of road and bridging work in the Malnad country of the Shimoga and Kadur Districts.

28. The District fund grant included 2¼ lakhs of rupees from the irrigation cess for the repairs of irrigation works from which sources 743 miles of river channels and 314 tanks were repaired. The rest of the District funds were spent on construction of cross roads, improvements and bridges on existing lines of road, and repairs of local roads and 3rd class travellers' bungalows.

29. The total outlay against the grant of Rs. 17,10,160 was Rs. 16,32,316, but the difference of Rs. 77,844 does not all represent lapses on works, for Rs. 23,556 were saved on the establishment grant. The lapses on works numerous as they were, and aggregating a considerable sum, are not so heavy as they have been in former years. The number and variety of the District fund works, the difficulty of supervising them closely, and in some Districts the scarcity of labor all combine to render it a task of no small magnitude to work up to the allotment in every case and to do it without waste.

30. The above figures do not include the grant for the Mysore State Railway. Rapid progress in its construction was made under the energetic guidance of Lieutenant-Colonel LeMessurier, R. E., and by the date of the Maha Raja's Installation a

length of 68 miles, as far as the town of Mandya in the Mysore District, had been opened, the outlay during the year having been Rs. 15,57,253. Earth-work had been practically completed by the end of the year, the small bridges were nearly done, station buildings had made fair progress, the delivery of permanent way materials was rapidly advancing, and it wanted but the large bridges at the Cauvery, the Lokapavani, and at Mallur to put the line in a trafficable condition.

31. The opening of the line so far enabled the Anche Bukshi, the Postmaster General of the Mysore State, to withdraw part of the establishment of post runners along that part of the Mysore road, and with the savings thus effected he was enabled to open useful lines in other parts of the State. One of these especially was much wanted in order to improve the postal communication with those parts of the Koppa and Múdgere Taluks where there are most European coffee planters. The amount of private correspondence carried exhibits an increase over the returns of the previous year. It may be that this is in some measure due to the new lines that were opened, but it is probably to be ascribed more to the growth of trade, and of communications with the outside world. The Post Office income from this source increased by Rs. 2,000, but a much larger outlay on buildings than usual raised both the gross expenditure, and the net cost of the Department, which stood at Rs. 1,07,827, above what they had been.

32. The total year's demand was Rs. 1,00,93, 246 being an increase of Rs. 1,63,731 over the demand of 1879—80. Added to an outstanding balance of Rs. 27,93,612, the amount for collection becomes Rs. 1,28,86,858. Of this Rs. 1,02,70,383 were collected, and Rs. 2,57,089 were remitted; the balance at the close of the year was therefore Rs. 23,59,386.

33. The Land Revenue demand fell off by Rs. 44,274 chiefly owing to the decrease in number of cultivators, and their failing means of cultivating, legacies of the famine, and also to considerable losses in plough cattle by visitations of murrain. The net loss would have been over 80,000 rupees but for a good fruit season which raised the demand on account of village "Amarayi" and for a better revenue being derived from pasture lands, the grazing of which is annually auctioned. An increase in the excise or "Abkari" revenue is an indication of an improvement in the means of the people, of which a further sign is given by the increased demand from "Mohatarfa," or assessed taxes on houses, looms, shops, oil-mills and carts.

34. The "Sayer" or customs revenue however shows a falling off of nearly a lakh of rupees, but this is due to changes made in the manner and time of collecting the tax, changes which it was known would result in a diminution of revenue, but which were advisedly adopted as a relief to the people.

35. The budget estimate of receipts was Rs. 1,06,56,000, the actuals were Rs. 1,03,00,939. The revenue was thus Rs. 3,55,061 worse than the estimate, it was Rs. 5,56,000 worse than the revenue of 1879—80, and as much as Rs. 17,98,000 worse than the revenue of the year before that. But the revenue of these two previous years was greatly swelled by the collection of arrears of land revenue which had accumulated during the famine, and the collections of 1878—79 were the largest that had ever been made. These famine arrears have been gradually wiped out by collections and by remissions, so that though there were Rs. 57,36,000 for collection in 1878—79 that sum had been reduced to Rs. 2,92,000 by the end of 1880—81; and if the arrears collected in the three last years be put out of account it will be found that the realizations of land revenue in 1880—81 were larger than in either of the two preceding years.

36. Setting aside the expenditure on Railways the ordinary expenditure of the year was about one lakh of rupees above the income. It was made up of Rs. 85,85,000 civil expenditure, including 4 lakhs of interest on debt, Rs. 7,54,000 for the Local Force, and Rs. 10,70,000 Public Works or Rs. 1,04,09,000 in all. Very large reductions in expenditure on all these three heads have been made since 1878—79. The civil charges have been reduced by Rs. 14,23,000, the expenditure on the Local Force by Rs. 31,000 and the Public Works outlay by Rs. 7,75,000 as compared with that year, but certain exceptional charges, amounting to Rs. 2,12,400, had to be met in the past year but for which the normal expenditure would have been within the income. With the Railway charges the expenditure came to Rs. 1,19,75,000, and it exceeded the budget estimate by Rs. 15,000 and the income by Rs. 16,75,000.

During the course of the year a temporary loan had to be contracted and the payment of the subsidy was postponed, but these liabilities had been met by the close of the year, and the excess expenditure was provided for by a reduction of the cash balances.

37. The loss in population which Mysore sustained in the famine is clearly shown by the results of the general census. As in the rest of India the Mysore census was taken on the night of the 17th February 1881. The report of the census has not yet been issued, but the figured tables show that the population was 4,186,188. This is a loss of 869,224 on the population of 1871, and if it may be assumed that the population had increased by 6 per cent up to the beginning of the famine, it represents a loss of 1,172,548 souls without making any allowance for partial recovery in the last two years.

38. The births and deaths recorded during the year were at the rate of 20·85 and 19·06 per mille, respectively, and for the first time the registered births exceeded the deaths. There is no doubt that considerable improvement has taken place in the work of registering vital statistics. The above figures are a nearer approach to accuracy than has ever been displayed before, and by continued care and attention there is no reason to despair of results more accurate still being attained. At the same time the means of medical relief were further extended by the opening of a new Dispensary at Kadur, and others are being prepared. These institutions are growing in popularity, and doubtless confer an unmeasurable boon on the poor people. Vaccination was carried on by the same means as had been at the disposal of Government before; and though the number of operations performed increased, the percentage of successful cases was not so high as before. It is very difficult to supervise the work of the Vaccinators efficiently, but the results of inspections made whenever possible tend to show that the great majority of young people in Mysore are protected by vaccination.

39. Education continues to spread among the masses, and their appreciation of its boons has been practically shown by the increased amount paid in school fees. Pupils in Government and Aided schools number one in every 98 of the total population, and they pay about one rupee a year on the average, the income in fees being Rs. 41,633 and the total number of pupils 42,657. Expenditure from both Local and State funds was 3 lakhs of rupees, of which the greater part is met by school fees and by Local and Municipal funds. Indeed 89·7 per cent of the total number of pupils are under primary instruction, and the charges for primary instruction fall entirely on the local funds. The State of Mysore is indeed to be congratulated on the excellent and popular system of its Hobli vernacular schools which give primary education to such a number of pupils without any cost to the State.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

The physical features of the country, the area, &c., have been given in the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

FORM OF ADMINISTRATION.

2. This report treats of the last year in which the Mysore State has been under the administration of British Officers. The occasion then is fitting for reviewing shortly the history of the past 50 years, during which the Government of India have governed Mysore by Commission. Of the events which led to Lord William Bentinck taking the affairs of Mysore out of the hands of the late Maha Raja, it is not necessary to speak. When in 1831 a senior and junior Commissioner were appointed for the government of the Mysore Territories, the office of Resident was permitted to remain, and for twelve years, that is up to the 1st January 1843, there was a Resident, independent of the Commissioners, for carrying on dealings in personal relation to the Maha Raja.

3. The Commissioners on first appointment were instructed to carry on the Government with the Native agency at hand and upon the lines of the Native administration. The Dewan was retained, and indeed the Commissioners appear to have intended to leave in his hands as much power as he had under the Raja, but the Governor General did not concur in this view of their duties.

4. It was not long before the plan of governing Mysore by means of two Commissioners was found to work unsatisfactorily. Colonel Morrison, the senior Commissioner, was appointed sole Commissioner in May 1834. He was almost immediately succeeded, however, by Lieutenant-Colonel (afterwards Sir Mark) Cubbon. Simultaneously with this change the strength of European Officers under the Commissioner was increased; the State was re-divided into Districts and a Judicial regulation was introduced.

5. The organization which was then instituted may be looked on as the real formation of the Mysore Commission, and with but small development it was continued for many years. The country had been divided into six Districts or Fauzdaris, those of Bangalore, Nagar, Chitaldroog, Maddagiri, Ashtagram, and Manjarabad. It was now formed into four, the two first named remaining as they were; Maddagiri being absorbed into Chitaldroog; and Manjarabad into Ashtagram. Each Division was placed under a European Superintendent with Revenue and Judicial powers. Under them was a Principal Sadar Munsiff for each of the former Fauzdaris, but not until two years later were European Assistants added to the staff under the Superintendent of the Division. The Commissioner however had four Assistants, the first of whom was his Secretary. At first the Local Military Force was placed under the Superintendent of the Bangalore Division, whose duties, it was considered, would enable him to give sufficient time to the supervision of the force without prejudice to them; but this arrangement was very soon changed and a Military Assistant, who was of the rank and drew the pay of a Superintendent, was appointed specially for the management of the Local Force; and the Superintendent of the Bangalore, as of other Divisions, was restricted to the performance of his Civil duties.

6. The Judicial machinery as then constituted consisted of the following grades of Courts. First then came the Court of the Amildar of the Taluk, who had Civil jurisdiction in cases involving personal property up to Rs. 100 value alone, and up to Rs. 500 with the aid of a panchayat. In Criminal cases he could fine to the extent of seven rupees and imprison for 14 days. The Principal Sadar Munsiff came next in

order, whose jurisdiction was intermediate between the Amildar's and the Superintendent's, and who in Criminal cases had power to fine up to Rs. 15 and imprison for two years. He heard appeals in Civil cases from the Amildar. The Superintendent, who was a Court of Civil appeal from the decrees of the Munsiff, and of first instance in all those outside the Munsiff's powers, had powers as a Criminal Court to imprison up to 7 years, but only to fine up to Rs. 30. All higher punishments including death in cases of murder and torch robbery accompanied with violence and torture, a crime which appears to have been peculiarly rife at that time and which has not unhappily been quite stamped out even yet, were left to the Huzur Adalat and the Commissioner, who had power to fine according to their discretion, but the decisions of the Judges of the Adalat were always open to revision by the Commissioner. The Adalat was composed of three Native Judges. The Commissioner could preside in person to hear Civil appeals too, under the rules then introduced, and when he did so the Judges acted as Assessors. While rules were made for procedure of the Civil Courts, the settlement of disputes out of Court by panchayat was encouraged.

7. The Amildar of the Taluk was the head of Police in it, having under him the Killedar, Hoblidar and Shekdar, a system which survived until the old Kandachar force was broken up and the Police Rules of 1872 were introduced.

8. For the execution of public works,—and great stress was laid upon the necessity of keeping the tanks in repair in the instructions which were issued in 1834 by Sir Mark Cubbon to the Superintendents on their first appointment,—each Superintendent had a small Marammat establishment and a single Engineer Officer, Captain Green, was appointed Superintendent of the whole. The letter of instructions which Sir Mark Cubbon issued to the Superintendents on their appointment in 1834, contained minute details as to their duties in Revenue matters, how the kandayam lands were to be accounted for and the money collected, what measures were to be taken for the extension of cultivation, and how batayi revenue was to be realized, for even in those early days the inherent corruptness of the batayi system, or payment of revenue in kind, had attracted attention. The other items of revenue touched on were the panchbab, being tax on tobacco, betel-leaves, ganja, arrack and toddy; sayer and mohatarfa. The necessity of revising the system of sayer was alluded to and grain duties were removed. But it was in the mohatarfa that the greatest confusion existed, the greatest opportunity for oppression was afforded. In an appendix to his instructions Sir Mark Cubbon gave a list of 83 taxes connected with and included in the land revenue, and 198 inferior taxes "unconnected with the land revenue but mixed up with it."

9. The Superintendents were told that they should separate the mohatarfa revenue in the accounts from the land revenue with which it was mixed up, besides "every item in each of those statements" Sir Mark Cubbon wrote "will also be required to become a subject of enquiry to ascertain how far the same or similar imposts may prevail in your Division; when the result should be stated to me with your own opinion as to the justice and policy of discontinuing them whether on account of their unproductiveness or the vexation they cause to the inhabitants."

10. Thus in the first letter of instructions to the newly appointed European Officers promise was afforded of the beginning of a new era in which the abolition or continuance of taxes was to depend in some measure on the amount of vexation they cause to the inhabitants, instead of resting purely on the ingenuity of the "Sharti" (or contract) Amildars, and other contractors to whom taluks had been assigned, in devising new means of squeezing more money out of an impoverished peasantry.

11. The year in which Mysore was taken over by the British Government was a year of famine, and the revenue had been gradually falling away too by mismanagement, so that in 1832—33 it was as low as 55 lakhs of rupees, though the first year of the century had seen over 70 lakhs collected. A very rapid improvement was manifested as soon as the new Administration took the reins, and in the year 1835—36, or that following the year in which the newly organized Commission began its labors, the revenue had risen to 76¾ lakhs of rupees.

12. There was the greatest need to practise economy, for not only was the revenue reduced and difficult to collect, but the State was seriously in debt, the pay

of both the Troops and the Civil establishments was greatly in arrears, the Maha Raja had incurred heavy personal debts, and low as the charges for Civil administration were at the first, it was necessary to borrow in order to balance income and expenditure.

13. The European Commission was maintained at the strength given above, with only the addition of two more junior Assistants until 1862. By that time the State debt, the borrowed money, and interest, and the Maha Raja's debts had been paid off. It had cost 87¼ lakhs to do this, but the annual average charges for administration remained at 69 lakhs of rupees for twenty years after the Commission was started, while the annual income gradually rose to a little over 100 lakhs by the year 1861—62. It was well that the average annual surplus was maintained at so high a figure, for on two more occasions after the first had the State to pay the late Maha Raja's private debts, and the amounts which were paid away in commutation on those occasions aggregated 39½ lakhs of rupees. Notwithstanding the exceptional charges which fell on the State during the early part of the British administration, the cash balance in 1862 amounted to a crore of rupees. This result was attained with an annual expenditure at a rate which could not at first starting be maintained, as has been seen, without borrowing. It is interesting to observe the means by which so marked an improvement in the revenue was brought about.

14. Sir Mark Cubbon's first care, it has already been stated, was to institute an enquiry into the numerous petty taxes which encumbered the people. He was able to report in 1855, as a result, that no less than seven hundred and sixty-nine items of taxation had been swept away. The following extract from the memorandum which was then drawn up gives a succinct view of the policy he had adopted, which had proved so signal a success :—

"The revenue system which has been followed, as directed by Lord William Bentinck, is the Ryotwari, which, in Mysore at least, appears the only one adapted to the wants and traditions of the people. It was brought back as far as possible to the state in which it was left by Púrnaiya, but liberalized in all its details, and vigilantly superintended in its working, with higher views however than the mere swelling of a balance sheet, as was too much the case with that celebrated Administrator. The money rents were lowered in all cases where the authorities were satisfied that they were fixed at too high a rate, and the payments were made as easy as possible to the ryots by abandoning the system of exacting the khists before the crops were gathered, and receiving it instead in five instalments payable at periods fixed in the first instance by the ryots themselves with reference to the times of harvest. This has the effect of saving them from the grasp of the village usurers, and they have also been freed from the harassing periodical inspection of their crops, and other vexatious interferences with their cultivation. These changes were highly appreciated by the ryots themselves, but were distasteful in the extreme to the money lenders and the lower class of public servants.

"In cases where the batayi system or that of an equal division of the crop between Government and the husbandman was found to be in force, every effort, consistent with the prescriptive right of the cultivators, has been made to convert it into a money payment, and with a considerable degree of success. Where, however, the system still prevails, it has been purified of its most vexatious characteristics. All the preliminary authorized and unauthorized pilferings of the village servants have been put an end to; the grain is divided in the most public manner, the choice of shares is left with the ryot, and the whole of the straw—in a cattle-breeding country a very valuable portion of the crop—becomes his own property.

"The result of these arrangements has been that the revenue is collected without the least difficulty; that applications for Takavi (money advances from Government) are becoming less numerous every day, and that outstanding balances are all but unknown."

15. Trade, improved cultivation and the establishment of new industries were encouraged, not only by re-adjusting the assessment of the land, abolishing transit duties and other vexatious imposts, settling by the grant of pensions and allowances the once turbulent and dangerous Pallegars, and securing general peace and tranquillity

throughout the country, but also by making good bridged roads, by encouraging the cultivation of mulberry, cotton and coffee, and by helping the wool industry with the importation of Merino rams.

16. A great deal had been doubtless thus accomplished with prudence and judgment, and in a very quiet and unpretending manner, and as long as Sir Mark Cubbon remained any radical change in the constitution of the Commission, or the form and method of administration was stoutly resisted; but the work to be done had been growing apace. The revenue to be collected was double what it had been on our assuming the country, and though it is true that it had been greatly simplified in detail by the abolition of many petty and vexatious taxes, yet it can be readily understood that the very inquiries which had to be instituted before revisions of taxation could be effected necessitated a large amount of work, and were after all only evidences of the administrative activity of the times. With the advancement of the country its wants grew, and though any radical changes were resisted it was inevitable that all institutions should expand to meet the growing wants: the Marammat Department for the execution of public works, which had in 1834 consisted of small establishments under the Superintendents, all directed by a single European Officer at head-quarters, had in twenty years' time grown into a Department of Public Works with the Province divided off into Executive Engineers' charges; the requirement of the country in medical aid had long since led to the institution of a second Surgeon's charge at Shimoga, and there were eight stations with Dispensaries in charge of an Apothecary. At the same time—in the year 1856—the pressure of Judicial work upon the Commissioner grew so great that the appointment of a Judicial Commissioner became a necessity, and one of the first subjects which engaged that officer's attention was the necessity of organizing a department to direct education, the germs of which were already apparent in Anglo-Vernacular schools at the Division head-quarters, either managed by Government or materially subsidised. It was at the same time too that the Commissioner recognized the necessity of adopting measures for conserving the forests of the country and for the more efficient and economical working of sandalwood, from which Mysore has derived so constant and considerable a revenue.

17. Such, briefly and broadly stated, was the condition of affairs when Sir Mark Cubbon left Mysore in 1861. The appointment of Mr. L. Bowring to be Commissioner marks a new era in the history of the British administration of the State. The necessity of change had indeed become apparent ere that, but up to Sir Mark Cubbon's departure it was believed that the Commission would be a very temporary body; it had not been decided that the government was not to be restored to the late Maha Raja. Although it was admitted then that the Commission was no longer strong enough to cope with the work, it was only intended to add to its strength without materially altering its constitution. But when Mr. Bowring took the matter up it had been decided that Mysore was to remain under British administration, there was the less hesitation therefore in remodelling the Commission on lines more nearly resembling administrations in British India The time had come, as Mr. Bowring wrote, "when what may not inaptly be called the patriarchal system, *i. e.* the concentration of all authority in the hands of one man, must be considerably modified." The work had outgrown what one officer could control, the Superintendents of Divisions had been allowed to exercise great latitude of authority, and had rarely been interfered with in District arrangements, and consequently there was a great want of uniformity of practice in the different Divisions; the Divisions themselves too were so large that the Superintendents could no longer do their work efficiently. A Superintendent found himself either overburdened with details and routine work, to the exclusion of matters of importance, which had to be constantly set aside, or he devoted his time and energy to his more important duties, and left the routine work to be done by his ministerial officials.

18. To remedy the latter evil the State was divided into eight Districts, each under a Deputy Superintendent, (who in Criminal matters was Magistrate of the District), the Districts being grouped into three Divisions in charge of a Superintendent; and to remedy the former the action of all was guided and controlled by laws and regulations introduced with general effect throughout the State. The Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure for instance were soon adopted to regulate the administration of criminal law. Rules of Civil Procedure were promulgated, and in

Revenue matters, the business was classified, rules of procedure were laid down, and a uniform set of returns and registers was adopted.

20. Under the new organization the Judicial Courts of the Province comprised the Judicial Commissioner as the Chief Court of Criminal and Civil jurisdiction; the Superintendents of Divisions, the Deputy Superintendent, the Assistant Superintendent, whose powers varied according as he had qualified by passing examinations, and the Amildar. Each of these officers exercised Civil, Criminal and Revenue jurisdiction, except the Judicial Commissioner, whose functions were restricted to Judicial, Police and Jail administration. The Sadar Adalat and the Munsiff's Courts were abolished.

20. The revision naturally affected the subordinate establishment in the country also. Rates of pay which at one time may have been sufficient were miserably inadequate at this time to afford the barest necessaries of life. From Amildars to peons salaries were raised and placed generally on a footing more calculated to raise their recipients above the temptation to which they had previously been too inevitably exposed.

21. There were two branches of the Administration where the necessity of reform was at once recognized, though it could not be carried out simultaneously with the revision. These were the Police and the machinery for settling the Land Revenue. It was recognized at once that no progress could be made in equalizing the land revenue demand, or even in ascertaining what it was, and in extricating the accounts of it from the confusion into which they had been allowed to fall, into which indeed they had often been purposely thrown by the Shanbhogs, or village accountants, without the aid of an accurate cadastral survey, and as early as the autumn of 1863 a branch of the Revenue Survey of the Southern Mahratta country was introduced. This Department, working on the system of the Bombay Revenue Survey, and subsequently governed by Bombay Act I of 1865 and the rules framed in accordance with it, has been at work ever since, and up to the time of the rendition of the Province has not been able to complete the settlement of all the taluks in the State.

22. The Kandachar establishments of Mysore have been called a Police, and they have been likened to a Militia, but to apply any such terms to them at all really arises from a habit of approaching a foreign subject with preconceived European ideas, and trying to force facts within the compass of what they cannot fit. The representative of Government was, not only in the eyes of the ryots whom he governed, but in his own view and even in the view of his sovereign, the Sirkar, or supreme authority of the place; he was the embodiment of authority in all things; if an inferior officer like an Amildar, then he was a Sirkar from whose orders an appeal could be carried to one higher, but it was totally alien to the ideas of all to entertain the notion of an officer of Government who should have authority in one set of matters and be without power in another. And so it naturally resulted that the last link in the chain of authority should be a body of men who were employed in carrying out the orders of the Sirkar. These were the Kandachar peons. Part of their duties was in the execution of what we recognize as Police functions; but they did all work which an Amildar required of them, and the Amildar was originally the personality in the taluk of sovereign power. What was in reality undertaken then when it was determined to reform the Kandachar Police, was to create a Police from the materials at hand. The first act was accordingly to detail from among the peons under the Amildar those who were to do Revenue duties, and those who were to do Police duties. This separation of functions, coupled with an increase in pay and a diminution of their numbers, was all that could be effected at the time of the revision. The further improvement of the Police thus created was recognized to be dependent on the resuscitation of the village police, and that was a measure which had to wait on the settlement of the Revenue Survey. Years therefore had to elapse before any general police organization could be attempted, and when in 1873 and 1874 such a scheme was carried out, it was in a great measure in advance of the reorganization of the village establishments, and much of the shortcomings of the Police of Mysore, in points where they have fallen short of what was hoped of them, is to be ascribed to the want of the foundation on which they should have been built.

23. The process just indicated affords indeed the key to all the administrative changes that have taken place. Not only among the lowest grades was this division of authority visible, but in all. At the top it is visible in the appointment of the Judicial Commissioner to relieve the Commissioner of Judicial and Police duties; in the intermediate grades it is seen in the officers appointed for special works, Forest Officers, Educational Officers, Survey and Settlement Officers, Account Officers, and Public Works Officers; the last indeed being again divided into those who had only to do with Irrigation, and those who had only to do with Roads and Buildings.

24. Among the officers of the Commission who formed the chain of authority that had been sole, the Superintendents, Deputies, Assistants, and Amildars, a semblance of the old order was certainly retained at the revision by keeping with each Civil Judicial, Criminal, Revenue and Police authority; but with different superiors to be accountable to in different matters, and with their action governed by set laws and regulations, the influence of departments was felt even in themselves, and the inevitable expansion of a system which required, so long as it retained such varied functions in one hand, the exercise of totally incompatible duties by one mind, could not be long delayed.

25. Thus in 1869 the Assistant Superintendents were relieved generally of Civil work, and one "Judicial Assistant" for each District was appointed for that special duty. Then in the years 1874—75 Amildars were relieved of Civil jurisdiction and Munsiffs were appointed, and finally in 1879 when the Commission was being reorganized and simplified in immediate preparation for the restoration of the country to Native rule, the Judicial Department was completely severed from the Revenue. Commissioners of Divisions (who had taken the place of Superintendents since the "Commissioner for the government of the Territories of the Maha Raja of Mysore" had in February 1869 given place to the "Chief Commissioner of Mysore,") were abolished; and in Revenue matters there were under the Chief Commissioner only the Deputy of the District, his Assistant Commissioners and the Amildars. The Judicial Department consisted of the Judicial Commissioner as before, the District and Sessions Judge; the Subordinate Judge and the Munsiff. At about the same time the formation of a regular District Police having been undertaken, the impropriety of the Amildar being at once the head of the Police and the local Magistrate, was recognized, and the Police were also taken from him. The Amildar then became the representative of Government in matters Revenue and Magisterial only.

26. Since then, it is true, a further small change has been made, and the Amildar again has the control of the Police, but no step has thereby been taken to return to the system of concentrated authority, for the exercise of the Amildar's Magisterial powers has been at the same time very much restrained, and the machinery of the Judicial Department is now employed throughout on both Criminal and Civil jurisdiction. The Deputy Commissioner however continues to be Magistrate of the District.

27. It is not possible within the limits of this short sketch to do more than recount thus shortly the different phases through which the Commission has passed. To write the history of Mysore and attempt to trace the progress of the country in any detail is beyond the scope of this report, still less can any attempt be made to lay bare the influences working below the surface which have more or less swayed the course of events. The political relationship of Mysore to the Imperial Government has only been alluded to when it was necessary for the understanding of the form given to the Commission. Though it would be out of place to treat in detail of the arguments and pleas which were made use of in urging the restoration of the country to the late Maha Raja, it may be stated shortly that soon after the final decision that the late Maha Raja should not be restored, it was further decided that his adoption of a son should be recognized, and that the young Maha Raja should be put in possession of the country on attaining his majority, if found qualified.

28. Since then no pains have been spared to educate the young Maha Raja in a manner which should render him well fitted for the high station to which he has been called, and for the performance of those important duties which devolve upon him, and every endeavour has been made to bring the country and the Administration into

a state of perfect order and prosperity, and high efficiency before the date of its Rendition.

29. With this view it was determined among other matters not to maintain an unduly large and unfructifying cash balance, but to lay out the surplus resources of the State in the judicious execution of public works, the chief of which were the opening of new roads in outlying parts, and the gradual restoration of the numerous irrigation tanks and channels to a state of high efficiency, thus affording a means of developing the resources and increasing the wealth of the State.

30. Mysore has however been peculiarly exposed to the disastrous effects of the vicissitudes of climate. The year 1831 when the Government of the State was taken in hand was a year of famine, and on several occasions since, the progress of the country has been retarded by the same misfortune. The ten years following 1851 mark a time of great trial, when year after year the scanty and ill-timed rain-fall of the periodical monsoons kept the agricultural classes in constant dread of actual want, and though the two or three seasons following were prosperous there followed so bad a time in 1865 that famine was again present in the next year in parts of the State.

31. Bad, however, as these seasons were and critical as was the condition of the country, the misfortune which was to come has put them completely in the shade. The failure of rain in the years 1875 to 1877 brought about a famine such as was never known before.

32. The events of those years are too recent to require detailed recapitulation in this place. It is only necessary to recall them inasmuch as they extinguished the large invested surplus of previous years, amounting to 61 lakhs of rupees, and substituted in its stead a debt of 80 lakhs of rupees; they seriously drained the wealth of the country and impoverished its agricultural resources; and they led to an appalling loss of population, as shown by the recent Census, to the extent of 1,172,548, taking the decimal increment under normal conditions so low as 6 per cent.

33. The revenue of Mysore which had by 1862 reached a crore of rupees, went on developing until it reached 110½ lakhs of rupees before the famine. In 1876-77 however the collections amounted to only 82½ lakhs, and in 1877-78 they were so low as 69½ lakhs, and though, in the next year, the revenue realized, including the arrears of the past, reached 121 lakhs, yet the experience of the two following years show that for some time to come it cannot be expected greatly to exceed 104 lakhs.

34. Thus the important work of adapting an administrative organization elaborated in accordance with the standard prevailing in British Territory, to the requirements of Native Rule had to be undertaken, under circumstances of great misfortune and financial pressure; and it had moreover to be completed within the short period of three years succeeding a famine of unprecedented severity, instead of extending, as it should have done, over a period of 10 or 12 years, which would have embraced a period of general prosperity.

35. Much therefore had to be done in the past three years. Retrenchments had to be effected in all Departments, so as to balance income and expenditure, and at the same time the most careful watch was necessary to ensure that no loss of efficiency resulted. The European Officers in the higher grades of the public service, excepting a few departmental heads and three others specially retained, had to be replaced by carefully selected Natives at lower rates of salary sufficient for a purely local service. The duties of the Inspector General of Police had to be transferred to the Executive Head of the Administration, to prevent the continuance of the anomaly of that office being held by the Head of the Judicial Administration. In further separation of the Judicial from the Executive Department, the Commissioners of Divisions, exercising Revenue and Judicial functions, had to be replaced by a Revenue Commissioner and three separate Civil and Sessions Judges.

36. The Military establishments had to be reduced to the actual requirements of internal protection and of display. The Forest Department, which was expensive and not commensurately productive, had to be abolished as a separate agency

and absorbed in the general administration. In the Educational Department cheaper Native inspecting agency had to be substituted for the more costly European agency, whilst in the Public Works Department considerable reduction of expenditure had to be effected, by the partial introduction of Native agency, by the abolition of a separate Irrigation Branch, and by the concentration, under one agency, of control of both Local Fund and Imperial works. Side by side with these retrenchments was undertaken the construction, from the current revenues of the Province, of a State Railway from Bangalore to the Capital, a work, too long delayed, of very great importance for the development of the resources of the country, for the mitigation of the disastrous effects of bad seasons, and for administrative convenience. Commenced as a relief work during the latter part of the famine years, it has since been vigorously pushed on, and by deligent economy and careful energetic management it is now about to be opened to the public.

37. While so much was being done to reduce and improve existing establishments, and to better the financial condition of the Province, the education and training of His Highness the Maha Raja continued to engage the Chief Commissioner's anxious and unceasing attention. About the middle of 1878 Mr. W. A. Porter was selected by the Chief Commissioner as Tutor to His Highness, and under his patient and watchful tuition, the Maha Raja's intelligence developed in a very marked manner. During the latter half of 1879, and throughout 1880 the Chief Commissioner, who held also the office of Guardian to His Highness, took special pains to explain to the Maha Raja the system and principles of the administration of the Province, the changes being introduced therein, and generally the principal features of the political organization over which he would soon be called upon to preside. As one of the best means of impressing practically this instruction His Highness was taken on a tour with the Chief Commissioner throughout the length and breadth of the Province, and he derived therefrom much very valuable instruction in the practical working of the newly organized Administration.

38. Thus it will be seen, that during the past three years the administrative machinery of Government was thoroughly examined and remodelled, as well for the purpose of meeting the depressed financial condition of the Province, as for that of rendering it fit to be placed in the hands of a Native Ruler, and the Maha Raja himself received an administrative training calculated, with the aid of his own good and tractable disposition, to make him a just and benevolent Ruler.

39. Without entering here into further details of the administrative machinery provided, it will be sufficient in this place to state that it was such that the great change of transfer of the State from British to Native Rule was effected without any perceptible friction or embarrassment whatever.

40. The ceremony by which the Maha Raja was installed on the throne of Mysore and the Government of the Country was entrusted to his charge was worthily performed on the 25th March 1881, in the unavoidable absence of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, by the late Governor of Madras, the Right Honorable W. P. Adam, just six days before the close of the year the records of which are given in this report. In its pages will be found ample information on the institutions of the country at this time, and of the measure of success which attended their working when the future of them and of the State was entrusted to the youthful Ruler. And although the outlook is not, as has just been explained by reason of the recent calamity, nearly so brilliant as, a few years ago, it promised to be, although the present is not without difficulty and anxiety by reason of the financial condition, yet the Maha Raja succeeds to a patrimony of which he may well be proud, and he has before him a career of much promise; one, if rightly used, of the noblest which can fall to the lot of any young Chief. Surrounded as he has been with a carefully selected body of advisers of ability, experience and integrity, and aided by a well-trained staff of subordinate officers, Judicial and Executive; there is every ground to hope that by a prudent course of administration he may be enabled so to rule as to ensure the welfare of his subjects and the general prosperity of the Province. To attain this end has been the aim of the measures completed in the closing year of the British Administration of Mysore.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

41. TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY.—In the operations of the Topographical Survey party which is working in Mysore under Captain Strahan, R. E., the work of triangulation had got so far ahead of detailed survey during the famine, when it was not practicable to do anything but triangulation, that though none was done at all in 1879—80, and only a small gap of 820 miles was filled in in 1880—81, the detailed survey has not yet been able to overtake it. There is but little of the Province left now to be triangulated.

42. During the past season the whole strength of the party was put on finishing the country on the boundary between Mysore and South Canara, where a Commission was at work to settle the line of boundary. The country is rugged and difficult and the party suffered greatly from jungle fever, so much so as to prevent the year's programme being carried out in its entirety. The extent of country detailed during the year was 3,437·7 square miles. Ten sheets are almost ready for publication, and will probably be published during the recess. With those already issued this will make the published sheets number 26 out of the 70 sheets into which Mysore is divided and much of the country that remains is easy in comparison with the rugged nature of that on which the party has recently been engaged.

43. REVENUE SURVEY.—The results of the year's survey operations were satisfactory as compared with the operations of the year previous. There has been a larger out-turn on the whole and a reduction in the cost per acre. The return to survey duties of all the officers who had been employed on famine work, has placed establishment and officers on a more equal and efficient relation to one another. During the year under review 7 regular measuring establishments were employed against 8½ the year previous, notwithstanding which, the improvement in the general results of measurement has been very marked, there having been an increase under all heads. The results, however, of the year's operations are, for the most part, reckoned according to the revenue year, which ends on the 31st October. The following table, which shows the quantity of measurement work done by the Revenue Survey Department during the year ended 31st October 1880, contrasts very favorably with the work of the previous year :—

Year.	Fields surveyed.	Arable acres.	Unarable acres.	Total acres.
Ended 31st October 1879 ...	57,984	344,242	205,972	550,214
Ended 31st October 1880 ...	85,352	383,031	269,392	652,423
Increase	27,368	38,789	63,420	102,209
Decrease	...	...	...	...

44. The extraordinary increase in the number of fields surveyed was due to the issue of new rules regarding the sub-division of survey fields, it having been found necessary to limit their size to suit the requirements and convenience of the ryots.

45. The manner in which the days of the working season have been distributed is shown to be satisfactory, and this, it may be remarked, affords yet another reason for the greater out-turn of work in the season under report; for the fact of 84·28 per cent of the total working days having been devoted to actual measurement as against 74·65 per cent the year previous speaks for itself. The mean average difference between test and original work has been $\frac{17}{40}$ of an acre per cent against $\frac{33}{40}$ of an acre the year previous; and of a total of 7,023 fields tested, 5,040 were under 1 per cent, 1,324 within 2 per cent; and all villages in which large errors were discovered were remeasured.

46. Monsoon office work has also been satisfactory. The measurement of 1,196 villages was completed during the year, and only 6 villages were left at the end of the monsoon recess, for which boundary mark accounts remain to be furnished.

47. In the classification operations there were as in the previous year three establishments employed. The following table shows the general results of classification during the year ended 31st October 1880, as contrasted with those of the previous year :—

Year.	Fields classed.	Arable acres.	Unarable acres.	Total acres.
Ended 31st October 1879	46,885	377,502	345,674	723,176
Do do 1880	57,904	317,506	238,354	555,860
Increase	11,019	...	...	...
Decrease	...	59,996	107,320	167,316

48. The falling off in acres was more than compensated for by the large increase in fields classed, while the falling off moreover was chiefly under the head of unarable acres, and therefore of comparatively little consequence.

49. The distribution of the days of the working season shows that 85·22 per cent against 84·52 in the previous year were devoted to actual classification. From this it is evident that due economy of time has been exercised; the figures of last year were favorably noticed, and the fact that those of the year under review show a still greater improvement in this respect, is a matter for congratulation, and reflects credit on this branch of the Department. The amount of test applied to original work too, has been ample and satisfactory and the average difference between test and original work has been 4 pies against 5 in the previous year.

50. During the year 1880-81 there were 598,132 acres measured and 601,038 acres classed; thus from the commencement of survey operations in the Province in 1863—64 up to 31st March 1881, 13,915,826 acres have been measured, and 11,292,928 acres classed; the measuring work being still 2,622,898 acres in advance of classification.

51. The cost of the operations of the Revenue Survey Department can only be stated according to the revenue or survey year. For the year ended 31st October 1880, as shown in the progress report for that period, the cost of operations was Rs. 2,45,358—7—7 against Rs. 2,34,420—4—7 the year previous; but in the latter was not included the sum of Rs. 10,029—11—6 expended on account of pay, &c., of officers and men deputed for famine duty; therefore the cost of the two years was almost the same. The cost per acre as compared with the year previous was for measurement annas 4 pies 4, against annas 5 pies 2·6; and for classification, annas 1 pies 11·7 against anna 1 pies 2·6; or a total of both operations, annas 6 pies 3·7 against annas 6 pies 5. The saving in cost per acre for measurement was almost neutralized by the extra cost of classification, but still there was a slight saving in the cost per acre for all operations, of 1·3 pies. The prominent feature of the year's expenditure has been a saving in supervision and an increase in establishment, which is conducive to the economical working of the survey so long as the establishment is kept within the limit of effective supervision. The total cost of the Mysore Revenue Survey Department from the commencement of operations in 1863-64 until the close of the year ended 31st October 1880, has been Rs. 34,04,826-10-7.

SETTLEMENTS.

52. Revenue Survey Settlement.—The survey settlement was, during the financial year, completely introduced into 6 more taluks, comprising 1,589 villages, thus making the total number of taluks completely settled up to 31st March 1881, 40 out of the 69 in the Province. The settlement, however, of two of this number, namely the taluks of Dodballapur and Múdgere, will not take effect till 1881—82, as also will the settlement of two more taluks, the preparations for the completion of which were in progress at the end of March. The work of settlement of these 4 last mentioned taluks comprising 831 villages, nevertheless applies strictly to the present year, although the rates in two of them were not given out till after the close of the year. It is contemplated that the Manjarabad and Kadaba Taluks and the portion of the Hassan Taluk still remaining untouched, will be taken up for settlement during the next field season.

53. It may further be noted that of the 69 taluks in the Province, 10 only have as yet been wholly untouched by the Survey Department, the remaining 59 having been measured or were in progress of measurement at the end of the year, while the classification of 42 has been completed or was in course of completion. It may perhaps be explained with regard to the 59 taluks above referred to as having been measured or in progress of measurement, that that figure includes all the taluks taken up by the survey establishment now engaged in measuring the channel-irrigated lands and the effect is, the Superintendent remarks, to somewhat abnormally swell the number of taluks taken up ; but still the progress made by the establishment employed on channel survey was very considerable and the work, when the taluks in question come to be measured in the ordinary course of operations, will, in consequence, be much lightened.

54. INAM SETTLEMENT.—The registration of inams in the Province having been brought to a close during the previous year, both the permanent and the temporary establishments of the Superintendent were engaged in winding up the work of the Department before the transfer of the Province to Native Rule. There were 8,689 cases pending disposal at the end of the year 1879-80 ; in addition to these 35 other cases were registered and disposed of during 1880-81. The total area confirmed amounted to 2,202, *K.* 0, *K.* 7½ *P.* bearing an assessment of Rs. 1,79,691—9—3 and a jodi of Rs. 30,604—7—1. The quit-rent imposed on these lands amounted to Rs. 4,983-14-11, which combined with the jodi raised the sum payable to Government to Rs. 35,588—6—0, or 20 per cent of the recorded assessment. The following figures contrast the operations of the two years under this head :—

	1879—80. Khandis.	1880—81. Khandis.
Area confirmed	3,141	2,202
	Rs.	Rs.
Assessment	1,51,394	179,692
Jodi	29,698	30,604
Quit-rent	6,986	4,984
Combined quit-rent	36,684	35,588

55. There were also 84 inams settled on cash payments, and the amount thereof was Rs. 1,081-12-0 which is, however, commutable into land at the survey settlement. Of kayamgutta villages there were 112 registered during the year under report. The details of the area, assessment, &c. of the lands resumed during the year, as contrasted with those of the previous year, are shown below :—

	1879—80. Khandis.	1880—81. Khandis.
Area	508	1,187-18-7½
	Rs.	Rs.
Assessment	6,771	9,276-9-6
Jodi	998	1,902-4-0
Net gain	5,773	7,374-5-6

56. The causes of resumption were in the majority of cases due to the invalidity of the inam or to the non-fulfilment of the conditions of service.

57. The extent of inam lands struck off the registers as not identifiable was khandis 260-16-7, bearing an assessment of Rs. 10,879-1-4, and a jodi of Rs. 5,963-2-5, and the number of kodigi inams registered and revised during the year was 453 against 568 in the previous year ; 287 of these were confirmed on hereditary tenure 9 on ¼ quit-rent and 278 on ½ quit-rent, and the remaining 166 were confirmed on ½ quit-rent for life only. There were also 125 inams belonging to village artizans and service cases in inam villages confirmed during the year.

58. The number of whole villages confirmed during the year under review was 154. These villages were assessed at Rs. 1,50,788-2-4, and bore a jodi of Rs. 26,111-12-8. The quit-rent imposed thereon amounted to Rs. 1,476-11-4, thereby raising the Government demand to Rs. 27,588-8-0 or 18 per cent of the old recorded assess-

ment. In addition to the above there were 52 whole villages and 51 minor inams therein, finally settled on the survey valuation, the particulars of which are as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Old assessment	13,398	14	3
Survey valuation	21,471	3	3
Ad-interim quit-rent	4,329	14	0
Final quit-rent	5,846	6	0

The net increase on the survey valuation was Rs. 1,516-8-0.

59. There were 1,012 cases of cash payments disposed of under the Muzrayi Rules against 463 settled during last year. Of these 372 valued at Rs. 42,521-10-5 were confirmed, 155 valued at Rs. 1,953-1-7 resumed, and 485 valued at Rs. 9,786-6-11 struck off.

60. The additional revenue derived from the operations of the Inam Department during the year amounted to Rs. 19,435-3-11 including Rs. 160-10-0 for value of stamps. The sources of permanent increase were as follows:—

Items.	1879—80. Amount.			1880—81. Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Quit-rent	6,985	10	7	4,983	14	11
Net value of resumptions	5,773	1	7	7,374	5	6
Muzrayi resumptions...	990	1	10	1,953	1	7
Final quit-rent on the survey valuation	9,291	8	0	1,516	8	0
Final settlement of kodigi inams...	3,988	7	5	3,446	11	11
	27,028	13	5	19,274	9	11

61. The total cost of the Department during the year amounted to Rs. 37,418-8-10 against Rs. 55,551-10-8 the year previous.

62. The operations of the Inam Commission having come to a close, a succinct review of the work done may with advantage be recorded here. In January 1863, skeleton Inam Rules were submitted to Government, and instructions on the main question solicited. The general principles then laid down served as a sufficient guide in revenue survey matters, where the interests of inamdars were concerned until 1866, when the Inam Commission was sanctioned, it then became necessary to define its powers, and prescribe rules for its guidance. This was done, and rules were accordingly drawn up. There were at that time various tenures of inams in Mysore as in other parts of India; in some instances of inam grants there were *sannads* (a document conveying to an individual emoluments, titles, &c., &c., under the seal of the ruling authority), in others there were none; in some a hereditary title without restriction as to the heirs and powers of alienating the land were distinctly adverted to in the *sannads*, while in others no mention was made of such privileges; again excess holdings were the rule, and there were a vast number of cases where it was known that land had been surreptitiously occupied and held for a long period. Amidst all these conflicting details, however, there was only one certainty, namely that there were absolutely no inams given since 1831, when the administration of the Province was assumed by the British except under the express orders of the Chief Commissioner or one of the Commissioners of a Division; consequently any holding which could not be shown to have existed prior to 1831 was held liable to resumption. The Inam Commissioner exercised civil jurisdiction in respect to all inam holdings, and appeals against his decisions lay direct to the Chief Commissioner; the Civil Courts of the Province having at that time no jurisdiction in cases cognizable by the Inam Commissioner. The dates of the *sannads* which came within the scope of the Inam Commission ranged from the 15th century to the present era, the grants having been made by the Anegundi Rajas, the Kiládi, Ikkeri and Nagar Chiefs, Hyder Ali, Tippu Sultan, Dewan Púrnaiya, and the late Maha Raja respectively.

63. But in May 1872 the Commission was re-organized it having been thought expedient for many reasons that the final settlement of inams should be vested in the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, who was considered best qualified to conduct the

work accurately and satisfactorily. The designation and duties of the Inam Commissioner were accordingly transferred to that officer, but the judicial powers with which the office had previously been invested were not continued to him, and the Civil Courts were directed to hear and dispose of all claims to inams *inter partes*. An officer termed "Superintendent of Inam Settlements" was appointed to pave the way for the Inam Commissioner by preparing the materials for settlement, and as his operations necessarily out-stepped those of the survey, he was vested with the power to settle a preliminary *ad-interim* quit-rent which was to last until the advent of the regular survey.

64. The total number of land inams confirmed in the several Districts of the Province by the Inam Commission during the period of its operations, aggregated 57,888; 57,726 of which were enfranchised and 162 were unenfranchised. Their description or class were as follows :—

Devadaya (lands endowed rent-free for pagodas) 20,040; personal, 29,619; artizans and village servants, 5,712; kodigi or inams granted for the maintenance of tanks, the service in connection with which was continued, 271; kodigi, the service being discontinued and the inam treated as personal, 1,143; miscellaneous, service continued, 10; and miscellaneous, service discontinued, 1,093. Of whole villages there were 2,095 confirmed; 435 of these were rent-free grants (sarvamanya), 1,133 jodi, 474 were on permanent assessment (kayamgutta), 33 were unauthorized holdings (mahal jodi), and 20 were on half assessment (ardhamanya). The extent of the different description of lands confirmed to the holders was as follows :—

Dry.						Wet.						Garden.						Total.					
Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Guntas.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Guntas.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Guntas.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres	Cents.	Acres. Guntas.
29,897	17	1 1/3	29,983	·76	1,25,487	15	27,959	6	14	700	·18	10,061	8	944	8	6	231	·47	3,603	30	58,887	19	5 1/3	30,915	·41	1,45,703	22
														114,706 3/8 Dayas.							114,706 3/8 Dayas.						

65. The total amount of assessment, jodi and quit-rent imposed on the above lands were as follows :—

Assessment.	Former Jodi.						Net Quit-rent.			Combined Quit-rent.						Quit-rent not agreed to.		
	Payable to Government.			Payable to others.						Payable to Government.			Payable to others.					
11,33,716	7	8	2,94,596	12	6	1,863	8	2	70,754	5	4	3,55,406	10	8	1,973	9	11	7,916	0	4

66. In addition to the land inams which were duly confirmed to the holders there were 11,302 inams resumed for invalidity of tenure, the extent of the different descriptions of which were as shown hereunder :—

Dry.					Wet.					Garden.					Total.					
Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents. Dayas.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Payilis.	Acres.	Cents.	Dayas.
956	17	7 8/16	9,182	·77	3,214	16	10 3/4	1,768	·77	115	9	5 1/3	104	·30 8,429	4,287	3	9 3/4	11,052	·84	8,429

67. The assessment, jodi and the net value of these resumptions were Rs. 59,297-7-4, Rs. 15,004-8-9, and Rs. 44,292-14-7 respectively.

68. In 4,653 cases the land was neither identifiable nor enjoyed, they were therefore " struck off." The area of these inams were, by the accounts, shown to be as follows :—

Dry.				Wet.				Garden.				Total.				
Khandis.	Kudus.	Paylis.	Acres.	Cents.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Paylis.	Acres.	Cents.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Paylis.	Acres.	Cents.	Dayas.	Khandis.	Kudus.	Paylis.	Acres.	Cents.	Dayas.
806	17	4¼	1,064	·23	3,092	7	3¼	289	·1	43	17	14¾	1	·31	20,698	3,943	2	11½	1,354	·55	20,698

69. The assessment on these inams was, as given in the accounts, Rs. 55,795-10-4 bearing a jodi of Rs. 16,394-7-6.

70. One thousand, nine hundred and forty-two cases of cash grants or muzrayi payments were registered and confirmed by the Inam Commission during the period of its operations in the Province. These payments amounted to Rs. 268,940-12-0. In 415 cases amounting to Rs. 5,147-1-11 the payments were resumed and in 982 cases amounting to Rs. 2,348-7-6, the inams were struck off as formerly resumed.

71. The total cost of the Commission from 1868 up to the close of the year 1880-81 amounted to Rs. 9,53,581-14-9, and the total additions to the revenue during the same period, to Rs. 8,54,317-9-11, or 89 per cent of the total cost. As will be observed, the revenue of one year more will more than cover the total cost of the Inam Commission to the Mysore State, a result which shows how exceedingly necessary the enquiry was especially as it was conducted throughout upon principles most liberal to the inamdars

WASTE LANDS.

72. There are 5,717 square miles of culturable and 11,951 square miles of uncul-turable waste land in the Province. These figures include both the surveyed and un-surveyed portions, and should therefore be regarded as being only approximate, for until the whole Province has been surveyed by the Revenue Survey Department, the total area cannot be stated with any accuracy. At the close of the year 1879—80, there were 3,511,828 acres of culturable waste land remaining un-appropriated, and 219,093 acres having been resigned or resumed by Government during the year, there was a total of 3,730,921 acres available for cultivation. Of this extent, however, only 2,16,173 acres were taken up, thus at the close of the year there re-mained 3,514,748 acres un-utilized.

III. PROTECTION.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

73. The only Act of the Indian Legislature extended to the Province of Mysore during the year was Act XIV of 1880, (The Indian Census Act). Rules for licensing and regulating talimkhanas or gymnasia in the principal towns of Mysore, and rules relating to the agreements of legal practitioners with clients, and imposing a penalty on the receiving or giving of commission on fees for professional services, were declared to be in force in the Territories of Mysore. Important rules were also made under Section 287 of the Code of Civil Procedure for the guidance of the

courts in the performance of their duties in connection with the attachment and sale of property in execution of decrees, and the charges on account of the remuneration of Copyists were regulated, and registers for the Record-rooms were prescribed. Revised rules were also introduced for the fees to be charged on processes of the civil courts and for the entertainment and remuneration of process servers, and by Notification No. 70 I. J., dated 15th February 1881, a small verbal amendment of the Indian Limitation Act, 1877, as applicable to Mysore was made so as to suit its provisions to the circumstances of the State.

POLICE.

74. During the year under review the Police system of the Province underwent a further re-organization, this became necessary for various reasons, the chief of which was the re-organization of the late Mysore Commission and introduction of a new graded service, which involved the abolition of the Police Assistant Commissionerships as separate offices. The re-organization of the Police was brought into effect on the 1st December. The general management of the Police duties of the District was placed directly in the hands of the Deputy Commissioner himself, though he is at liberty to employ a General Assistant Commissioner on any particular work he may desire to depute to him. Amildars were put in executive charge of the Police of their respective taluks, and the Inspectors were made their assistants in the Police branch. The number of officers was considerably reduced, it being regulated by the number of taluks and stations, the number of constables being at the same time increased in some instances, and the Police Force maintained by the Seringapatam and Ganjam Municipalities was absorbed into the District Force. With regard to distribution, 365 officers and 3,454 men were employed on patrol beat and other duties, and 51 officers and 318 men were employed in guarding lock-ups, treasuries, and on escort duty, while 596 were on duty in towns. The total sanctioned strength including those maintained by Municipalities was 519 officers and 4,061 men, making a total of 4,571 members against 821 officers and 4,222 men, or in all 5,043 members in the previous year. The total cost of the force during the year was Rs. 5,99,976 against Rs. 6,02,671 the previous year; of this sum Rs. 5,24,942 were payable from State revenues and the remainder, *viz.* Rs. 75,034, from other sources.

75. The discipline of the force still leaves much room for improvement. There were 153 members dismissed the service during the year, of these 3 were officers; 95 officers and 174 men were degraded and 15 officers and 99 men suspended. The number judicially punished by Magistrates was 10 officers and 41 men against 17 officers and 80 men in the previous year; the punishments inflicted in these cases under the Police Rules were for neglect of duty, and those under the Penal Code were for negligently allowing prisoners to escape, extortion, theft, wrongful confinement, &c. Fines ranging from less than a rupee to something over 5 rupees were inflicted on no less than 819 members of the force, the largest number of fines being under a rupee. It is, however, very gratifying to find that 611 men were rewarded by promotion and 5 men of the Bangalore Town and Cantonment Police received money rewards for good service. The education of the force has also received attention, but much still remains to be done in this direction; the number of officers and men who could read and write was only 527 and 1,419 respectively, against 641 and 1,280 in the previous year.

76. It is to be regretted that nothing much has been done in regard to the resuscitation of the Village Police. In regard to this point, however, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District remarks that the status of the Village Police is improving and great care is exercised in the selection of influential and intelligent men for Patelships; the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District also observes that since the Amildars have been invested with Police functions, more interest is taken in the Village Police and its working is more satisfactory than hitherto, though there is room for great improvement. No doubt as time goes on matters will improve and a systematic organization will be introduced, especially in the direction of placing the remuneration of the Patels and Talavars on a satisfactory footing.

77. During the year under review, 6,746 cognizable cases were reported as against 6,876 the previous year, showing a decrease of 130 cases or 2 per cent;

adding to this number the cases brought over from the previous year, the Police had 8,429 cases for investigation, of this number 6,881 or 85 per cent were investigated, 907 were not investigated and 641 were under investigation at the close of the year. Of non-cognizable cases, the Police had 526 for investigation during the year, of these 253 resulted in conviction, 190 were struck off as false and 83 were pending at the close of the year. There were 7,015 persons arrested by the Police in connection with the *cognizable* cases against 7,602 the previous year, while only 4,624 were convicted against 5,115 the previous year. So many as 1,420 persons were released by the Magistracy, &c., before trial, and 743 discharged or acquitted after trial. It will therefore be seen that although there has been a decrease in the number arrested, yet the number released by the Magistracy before trial and acquitted or discharged after trial were more than last year. 212 persons were pending trial at the close of the year, and 16 died or escaped. In connection with the *non-cognizable* cases, 692 persons were summoned, of these 472 were convicted, 215 were acquitted, discharged or released, and 5 were pending trial at the end of the year.

78. The subjoined statement shows, in connection with cognizable cases, the amount of property stolen and that recovered, with percentage, as compared with the previous year :—

	Amount lost.		Amount recovered.		Percentage.	
	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880
Class I Offences against the State, &c. ...	100	...	45	...	45	...
„ II Serious offences against the person ...	1,028	852	186	202	18·09	23·7
„ III Do do property ...	1,08,942	96,917	16,791	29,938	15·43	30·9
„ IV Minor do do the person ...	..	...	..	...	...	...
„ V Do do do property ...	53,666	34,943	22,317	16,752	41·58	47·9
„ VI Other offences not specified above ...	...	223	...	83	...	37·3
Total.....	1,63,736	1,32,935	39,339	46,975	24·02	35·33

From the above figures it will be observed that although the amount stolen during 1880 was less by Rs. 30,801 than the amount stolen during 1879, the amount recovered exceeded by Rs. 7,636 the amount recovered during the previous year. These results are no doubt in a degree satisfactory, but it is to be regretted that such very large sums still remain unrecovered. In connection with non-cognizable cases Rs. 242 were reported to be lost, but the amount recovered was only Rs. 92 or 37 per cent. The losses were reported principally under Class V, minor offences against property.

79. There were 39 murders reported against 31 in the previous year, but the offences of attempt at murder and culpable homicide fell from 10 and 45 respectively to 6 and 36. The offence of exposure of infants rose from 32 to 56, and the offence of administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt has decreased by 4. Of dacoity there were 89 cases as against 123, and of robbery 130 as against 129. There were 42 cases of grievous hurt and 64 of hurt by dangerous weapon and 32 of kidnapping or abduction reported as against 45, 78, and 17 respectively. The former two offences show a slight decrease, while the latter has increased nearly two-fold. The other offences under Class III, *viz.*, serious offences against property, that deserve to be remarked on are "Lurking house trespass and house-breaking, &c.", and "House trespass with a view to commit an offence." Of the former there were 778 offences reported as against 782, and of the latter 5 against 99 last year. It may be noticed with regard to these offences, as pointed out in the report on the administration of the Police in the Province for the year under review, that in the Bangalore District there were no cases reported under the first offence in 1879 as against 104 in 1880, while under the second offence there were no cases in 1880, while there were 99 reported in 1879. The discrepancy, as no doubt a discrepancy exists, is accounted for by the Police confounding one offence with the other.

80. As regards *professional crime*, there were 27 cases of professional dacoities reported during the year and 52 were brought over from the previous year and 25 cases were placed before the Magistrate. In all 124 persons were arrested, 53 were convicted, 45 acquitted or discharged and 26 were under trial at the close of the year. Property to the value of Rs. 6,847 is said to have been stolen, while Rs. 139 only was recovered. One person was arrested in connection with a case of murder by poison that was brought over from last year; the accused was under trial at the close of the year.

81. The action taken by the Police during the year in regard to bad characters calls for no special notice, though there is good reason to believe that a wholesome check is being exercised over them, and every precaution taken to secure their good behaviour.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

82. In the report for 1879 it was recorded that Munsiff Magistrates had to a great extent supplanted the old machinery of Taluk Magistracy. The change has now been fully carried into effect, the Amildar still retains his Magisterial powers, but as he has also the charge of the Police of the taluk, it would not be fitting that he should enquire magisterially into cases that the Police had already investigated. Nor could his subordinates—the Peshkars and Sheristadars—well take those cases. It is on this account, and also with a view of improving the subordinate Magistracy, for Peshkars and Sheristadars were not strong as Magistrates, that Munsiffs have been invested with powers, while Sheristadars' powers have been withdrawn, and the office of Peshkar has been abolished in the re-organization of establishments recently effected.

83. The number of Magistrates stood, therefore, in 1880 at 125, being 27 less than in 1879. But this still gives nearly an average of two for every taluk in the Province and there does not seem to have arisen any practical inconvenience from paucity of numbers.

84. In 1880 there were 11,656 offences reported, of which 9,695 actually occurred, and as it seems that in previous years' reports the return given as of 'offences reported' comprised only those which had actually occurred after eliminating the false reports, this figure 9,695 must be compared with 11,292 in 1879, thus showing that the decrease in crime which had been strongly marked in the two previous years was still maintained. What is more, the total decrease is not so great proportionally as is the diminution in grave crime, offences affecting the human body and against property, for instance, having fallen by 17·5 per cent; and in fact the year's statistics again exemplify what has been noticed in previous years as grave crime decreases, small offences, and especially such offences as breaches of municipal laws, offences relating to public servants, and offences arising from private disputes increase: the main reason being no doubt that rules are more strictly enforced, and little injuries and petty quarrels are more seriously treated in times of plenty and ease, than in days of difficulty and trouble.

85. It is observed that including 141 persons pending trial at the beginning of the year there were 13,989 brought to trial, of whom 104 were left pending at the end of the year. In 1879 the total number was a little larger, being 20,679, but of the number actually tried in each year, the same percentage, 48·8, were convicted.

86. In Magisterial Courts 18,951 persons were brought to trial, of whom 415 were committed or referred to higher courts, 15 died, escaped or were transferred, 94 were pending at the close of the year and 18,427 were tried. Of the latter 9,003 were convicted. In Sessions Courts 452 persons were brought to trial; deducting those pending and those who died, escaped or were transferred, there were 432 tried, of whom 238 were convicted. It appears that the Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore was the only Magistrate before whom any European British subjects were brought to trial. Of 34 who appeared before him he convicted 24 and committed one for trial. He was convicted by the Court of the Judicial Commissioner trying the case as a Court of Session.

87. A further improvement has been displayed by all courts in the duration of cases. Those in Magistrates' Courts only lasted on an average 3 days, and the duration of cases in the Courts of Session varied from 2·2 days in Ashtagram to 5·3 days in Nundydroog.

88. It was remarked more than once during the year that there was a tendency to punish grave crime too lightly, and it may be gathered from the following facts that the courts have erred on the side of leniency. Thus it appears that at least 206 persons were imprisoned for robbery and dacoity, but only 127 persons have been imprisoned for over 2 years, for all offences, and of these but 9 were imprisoned for more than 7 years. Great as has been the decrease, of late years, in heinous crime of this description, there were still in 1880 many dacoities of a very serious nature, showing considerable organization and great daring and it is feared that the punishment meted out to those who were convicted has barely been severe enough to deter others from following in their footsteps.

89. It is satisfactory to learn that so high a percentage as 83·3 has been realized on the amount awarded in fines, although the total sum Rs. 60,957 is not much below the amount awarded in 1879 Rs. 66,503 when the smaller number of convictions is taken into consideration. This is a matter in which great improvement was required, and the results of the past two years have fortunately shown that improvement.

90. As is generally the case the proportion of appeals from sentences of conviction is greater in the higher courts, but the proportion of cases in which sentences have been reversed is greater in those appeals from the convictions of the lower courts. From the 96 Magistrates of the 2nd and 3rd Classes 346 appeals were preferred, and in 41 per cent the conviction was upset. From the 29 Courts of Magistrates of the 1st Class there were 156 appeals to the Sessions Courts, and in those 22·4 per cent were reversed. Then again, there were 159 appeals from convictions preferred to the Court of the Judicial Commissioner, but in these the percentage of reversal was only 12. Only one appeal from an acquittal was preferred by Government. The Judicial Commissioner was of opinion that the case was a proper one for appeal, but he did not interfere with finding of the court.

91. As a Court of Revision the Judicial Commissioner dealt with almost the same number of cases as he did in his capacity of Appellate Judge. He revised 164 cases involving 326 prisoners, and in these he reversed the sentences passed on as many as 131 persons. In three revision cases and in one appeal the Judicial Commissioner enhanced the sentences passed.

PRISONS.

92. As was to be expected from the statistics of crime given in the report on Criminal Justice, the number of prisoners received in the jails of the Province, whether of the under-trial or of the convict class, has been in 1880 much below the number of 1879, which again showed so great a decrease when compared with 1878: and as the discharges from all causes out-numbered the new arrivals, it follows of course that at the end of the year there were still fewer than the number at its beginning. The daily average number of prisoners consequently fell from 3,247 to 2,473, and the year closed with a total jail population of 2,126, of whom 2,035 were convicts in place of 2,899 and 2,772 convicts at the close of 1879. The same decrease in the number of civil prisoners, though the cause is different, has been displayed, and only 14 of that class remained in jail on the 31st December last.

93. These facts removed all chance of over-crowding in any of the jails, and indeed as it is now only in the Central Jail at Bangalore and in the two larger District Jails of Mysore and Shimoga that convicts of longer term than six months are confined, the strength of the minor District Jails was far below their capabilities, except indeed for a short time at Chitaldroog, where relief from threatened over-crowding was obtained by confining prisoners for a time in the new jail under construction.

94. It is a satisfactory feature that the under-trial prisoners were more speedily disposed of than in the previous year and thus their daily average strength decreased in greater proportion than did their total numbers.

95. One result of the decrease in number of prisoners has been to admit of temporary accommodation being dispensed with, and in October the temporary jail at Kukarhalli, which had been established for the employment of convicts on a large reservoir that is being constructed for the water-supply of the Mysore Town, was largely reduced. The jail has been altogether done away with since the close of the year. No additions or alterations were made to any of the permanent buildings except at Mysore, in which jail a good deal has been done to improve the ventilation, and accommodation was set apart for female prisoners, both under-trial and civil.

96. Some of the recorded facts relating to convicts have an interesting bearing upon the general state of the population. Looking to the previous occupation of convicts as given in the Inspector General's report, it is observed that the proportion among those remaining at the end of the year, of men of the laboring and agricultural classes has much decreased, with a corresponding increase of men performing personal offices, of professional people and of those engaged in commerce and trade, clearly showing now the stress that drove the poor and those depending on the soil for a living has been removed.

97. Though the state of health of the prisoners improved and the deaths as well as the daily average sick exhibit a decrease, it would seem that these results were chiefly due to the improved state of health of the prisoners on admission; for the death rate among convicts is 4·65 per cent of the daily strength as compared with 4·45 in 1879, and the proportion of deaths among convicts, whose sentences were for 6 months and under, has very much decreased, while that of convicts sentenced to terms between one and two years was highest of all and the next highest rate is among convicts of terms varying between 2 and 3 years; but then it has to be remembered that judging by the statistics given in Statement III of the convicts remaining at the end of the year, those of comparatively long sentence are proportionally much more numerous than they were. In the return for 1879, there were 30 per cent imprisoned for terms not exceeding one year: there are now only 17 per cent. There were by the same return not quite 50 per cent imprisoned for over two years, and this year there are over 60 per cent.

98. Expenditure under all heads has decreased, and though the distribution of the charges for establishment and police guards over a smaller total of prisoners causes the average per head of those charges, smaller though the totals are, to be above the averages of 1879, there is a slight decrease in the average total, due to perceptible decreases under all other heads, which is considerable only in the item of rations, owing to the cheapness of grain. Speaking generally, in those jails where the decrease of prisoners is greatest, there is the greatest increase of expenditure per head, and in those where the average population increased the average expenditure dropped the most. And this is natural for though economy in establishments and police guards can be, and is effected as numbers fall off, it cannot be carried out in due proportion to their decrease.

99. The total cost of the jails was Rs. 1,98,504 and the average per head was Rs. 80—4—3 against Rs. 2,62,472 and Rs. 80—13—3 in 1879. Hard-labor convicts have been chiefly employed as prison warders and servants, on gardening, on manufactures and on public works, as well as on what are called unremunerative kinds of labor such as preparing articles for use or consumption in the jail, the value of which labor is not estimated nor set down in the accounts, but it is naturally useful in saving expenditure. The cash profit accruing from jail labor was Rs. 12,602 being about Rs. 9 per head of the average number under sentence of labor. Deducting this from the total cost to Government, the net cost of the jails is reduced to Rs. 1,76,902 or Rs. 74 per head of all convicts. But in addition to this it is only fair to reckon Rs. 22,642, the value of work done by convicts in the Kukarhalli tank, an item fairly earned by the jail and saved to the Public Works Department, but not shown under cash profits, because not paid for in cash. If this too be deducted, the net cost of jails becomes Rs. 1,54,260 and the average per head over all convicts is Rs. 65.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

100. There was no change during the year in the number of courts or in their pecuniary jurisdiction, but the territorial jurisdiction of four Munsiffs in the Ashtagram Division was altered by transfer of parts of taluks for the convenience of suitors and the equalization of work.

101. The amount of litigation during 1880 shows a decided decrease compared with the statistics of 1879. In Bangalore where the work of the Small Cause Court shows a marked diminution, the decrease is attributed to the failure of some Native banking companies, but generally it is said that the operation of the insolvency provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure tends to diminish the number of suits filed, there being no necessity for the scheduled creditors to file separate suits.

102. The total number of suits filed in 1880 and 1879 respectively was 17,203 and 21,475. The only courts which show any increase are those of the District Judges; but the total number of original suits filed in those courts is very insignificant. The one Court of Small Causes in Bangalore displays as great a decrease as 2,000 cases, and in the Courts of the Munsiffs there were 2,085 fewer cases than in 1879. The total value of the suits filed however, which was Rs. 22,45,104, though less than that of the suits in 1879, does not show the same ratio of decrease as the number and gives an average value of Rs. 131 against Rs. 109. Ninety-six per cent of the suits were for sums under Rs. 500.

103. With 1,268 suits pending from the previous year there were in all 18,471 suits for disposal; 17,461 were disposed of, and 1,010 were pending at the close of the year. Nearly 30 per cent of the suits which were disposed of were contested, 53 per cent were uncontested and the rest were either disposed of without trial or referred to arbitration. The percentage of contested suits is thus 2 more than in 1879. Of such suits 3,878 were decreed in whole or in part for the plaintiff against 1,329 for the defendant. Of the uncontested suits the percentage decreed *ex parte* or on default has fallen from 49 to 33. This decrease is believed to be matter for satisfaction, as indicating greater caution on the part of the courts before proceeding to dispose of cases in the absence of parties.

104. The returns show that the business brought before the Civil Courts was disposed of without delay and that a small proportion only of the suits were left undecided for more than 3 months.

105. In comparing the results of execution cases in 1880 with 1879 it is curious to observe that though 26·2 per cent were executed in whole as against 20·6 per cent, there were many more cases wholly infructuous and in only 49·8 per cent of the cases was satisfaction obtained in whole or in part; whereas in 64 per cent of the cases last year was there some satisfaction. It is to be regretted that the action of the courts is not more effectual in this respect. The number of cases disposed of was much smaller being 17,713 against 24,327, but still less was the money realized, Rs. 4,47,365 against Rs. 16,31,816, and yet the number of applications in which process was issued for the arrest of judgment-debtors rose from 1,363 to 1,562 and immovable properties were attached in 2,430 cases against 1,855 in 1879. The severity of the method is no measure, it seems, of the success of the measure. But in only 205 cases were debtors actually imprisoned in the jail.

106. Owing it is said, to some Munsiffs not being empowered as Courts of Small Causes, the number of appeals for disposal rose from 913 to 1,003; of these 949 were disposed of with an average duration of 35 days. In 19·2 per cent of the cases the decree was reversed on appeal. In the Judicial Commissioner's Court too the appellate work was heavier than in 1879. It comprised 13 first and 149 second appeals. Of the 162 cases for trial all but 21 were disposed of, but in the case of that court the percentage of reversal of decree on appeal rose and was 30·5 against 29·9.

107. In the work of process-serving though the number of processes exceeded those of 1879 the fees collected were less, and the expenditure increased so that the net savings were only Rs. 5,388 as compared with Rs. 29,100. These fees however, it is to be borne in mind, are imposed not for purposes of revenue but for providing means of remunerating the persons employed in the service of processes, and so long

as the income is not exceeded any increase of expenditure is not to be regretted, if the processes of the courts are more effectually executed.

REGISTRATION.

108. The total number of registrations during 1880—81 was 15,069 against 14,577 in the previous year. The increase is displayed in the class of documents relating to immovable property of less than 100 Rs. value, the registration of which is optional. Both in compulsory registrations of documents relating to immovable property of more than 100 Rs. value (9,457 against 9,527) and in optional registrations of documents relating to movable property (445 against 479) there has been a decrease.

109. The increase in the number of registrations of documents relating to immovable property of which the registration is voluntary, of which 5,110 have been registered against 4,504 in the previous year, is probably due to an increased perception of the advantage given by the law to registered over unregistered documents even where registration is optional. It cannot be ascribed to the reduction in fees on those of value under Rs. 50, for whereas the registrations of such documents have increased 13 per cent, the registrations of documents relating to immovable property of values between 50 and 100 Rs. have increased 14 per cent, and the registrations of documents relating to movable property in which class also a reduction was lately made have fallen off instead of improving.

110. If the number of documents of high value however, has not increased, the average value of the property affected by those which have been registered has risen very largely, and the aggregate value of the property affected by documents registered which related to immovable property has risen from Rs. 42,33,465 to Rs. 68,98,968. This is due to the registration of deeds effecting the transfer of very exceptionally valuable properties in the Kolar District in connection with the companies formed for working gold mines. That the value of property affected by the deeds registered which relate to movable property again has, notwithstanding the reduction in their number, risen from Rs. 1,67,476 to Rs. 2,82,118 is not so capable of satisfactory explanation but possibly, as the Inspector General suggests, it is only when special grounds exist for protection in instruments of the class referred to that registration is resorted to. In fact both the small number of such documents that are annually registered, and the otherwise inexplicable fluctuations in the number, evidence the fact that the registration of them has taken no firm hold as yet of the people of Mysore.

111. Naturally the percentage of fees on the value of property to which the registered deeds related dropped, as the average value rose; the figures for the past and previous years stood thus :—

	1879—80.		1880—81.	
	As.	P.	As.	P.
Immovable property	11	11	8	8
Movable property	10	5	6	2

but the average registration fee per document rose in the case of compulsory registration from Rs. 2—14—8 to Rs. 3—8—1, while it fell in voluntary registrations from 15 As. 2 P. to 14 As. 9 P.

112. The only departmental change during the year was the appointment of a Special Sub-Registrar for the Cantonment of Bangalore in place of the Sub-Registrar paid by commission. Since the close of the year the Cantonment has been separated entirely from the Mysore Administration and it has now become the Civil and Military Station under the Resident in Mysore.

113. The financial results of the year have been exceptionally favorable. The registration of several documents of high value would itself have caused favorable financial results, but added to that these gold mining deeds were registered in the Office of the Registrar of Bangalore and a large sum in commission was thus saved: then again the substitution of a paid Sub-Registrar in the Cantonment has saved money, the addition to the cost of establishments having been more than covered by the saving in commission. On the whole the income was Rs. 45,751 and the expenditure Rs. 24,464, the first being Rs. 7,363 and the second only Rs. 20 more than

in 1879—80. The surplus of Rs. 21,287 is the largest yet realized and the percentage of expenditure to income was 53·42.

114. REGISTRATION OF COMPANIES UNDER ACT X OF 1866.—Though there remained nominally 69 companies on the register during 1880—81, out of the 93 which have been registered since the introduction of Act X of 1866 into Mysore, it is shown by the report of the Registrar of Companies that only 38 of them are carrying on operations, for 15 are in process of being wound up, and 16 seem to be only kept going in order to recover outstanding debts preparatory to a like operation being undertaken in respect of them.

115. It is not surprising therefore to find that in the due and punctual submission of returns there has been, as indeed has unfortunately ever been the case, considerable laxity and irregularity, and the proceeds from fees has naturally fallen off. Still the income amounting to Rs. 1,071 exceeded the expenditure of Rs. 600 on establishment by Rs. 471 which represents the balance of the year in favor of the Department.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

116. It was mentioned in last year's report that the transfer of the money order business to the Imperial Post Office must greatly curtail the scope of operations in Mysore. Where British Post Offices exist in the interior, all the business both internal and in relation with places outside the Province is done in them; and the dilatory and somewhat cumbersome procedure by which alone money orders can be drawn or paid in other places where there are no Post Offices in relation with Offices of British India in other parts of the Province is not likely to conduce to the increased use of that means of remittance, especially when currency notes are so freely used for remitting money.

117. It is therefore the more satisfactory, as a sign probably of material advancement, that notwithstanding the necessarily dilatory procedure which must be adopted in drawing or cashing money orders between local Mysore Treasuries and Her Majesty's Post Offices, the number of such transactions in Districts where from absence of Post Offices a comparison can still be made, has rather increased than diminished, when the period from April to December 1880 is compared with the same months of 1879 during which the former system of issuing orders from Treasuries in British India was in force and when Mysore and British India were on the same footing.

118. Local transactions in Mysore Offices have necessarily diminished in number and consequence, as the medium of the Post Office is preferred wherever one exists in Mysore, and the profit made is very insignificant, being only 29 Rs; but so long as the Department is not worked at a loss and its main object of affording a convenient means of remittance of small sums of money is attained, there can be no cause for dissatisfaction.

119. The local money orders issued numbered 2,285 for Rs. 59,347. Those paid numbered 2,304 and were for Rs. 62,123. These figures show for the reasons above given a considerable falling off in comparison with the statistics of 1879—80 when 3,674 were issued for Rs. 1,08,569 value; and 3,687 were paid to the value of Rs. 1,07,379. Imperial orders were issued to the numbers of 1,267 and value of Rs. 48,875 against 3,138 and Rs. 94,321 in 1879—80. Payment was made of 310 orders only, to the value of Rs. 12,532 against 2,934 orders valued at Rs. 76,490.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

120. There were 84 Municipalities in the Province at the close of the year against 77 the previous year. Two were formed in the Shimoga District; one in Kadur; three in Chitaldroog; and one in Hassan. The population resident within municipal limits was according to the Census of 1881 roughly returned at 503,444 persons. The management of the several Municipalities is conducted by committees appointed, in the Town and Contonment of Bangalore, under the provisions of the Municipal Regulations of 1871, and, in the District head-quarters and other towns, under the orders of the Local Government issued from time to time. The committees consist of *ex-officio* members and non-official members who are nominated by the President of the Board and approved by the Local Government. There were 341 mem-

bers composing the various Municipal Boards, 89 of whom were *ex-officio* and 252 nominated members. The following statement exhibits the receipts of the 84 Municipalities during the year as compared with the 77 the previous year :—

Municipalities.	No.		Opening balance.		Income.	
	1879—80	1880—81	1879—80	1880—81	1879—80	1880—81
1. Contonment of Bangalore ...	1	1	8,980	1,566	1,25,758	1,44,670
2. Town of Bangalore	1	1	5,436	788	61,627	59,993
3. Bangalore District	15	15	3,657	12,065	13,538	13,038
4. Kolar „	11	11	4,311	6,160	8,925	11,787
5. Tumkúr „	11	11	4,136	12,903	15,097	12,728
6. Shimoga „	8	10	17,065	23,149	23,845	28,862
7. Kadur „	6	7	15,926	24,207	22,540	26,592
8. Chitaldroog „	3	6	1,667	1,569	7,556	13,813
9. Mysore „	11	11	42,885	56,679	1,03,276	96,431
10. Hssan „	10	11	2,959	8,424	10,606	13,222
Total ...	77	84	1,07,022	1,47,510	3,92,768	4,21,136

121. Thus it will be seen that the income from taxation in Municipalities amounted during the year to Rs. 4,21,136, of which Rs. 1,63,070 was derived from octroi. The details of income, as compared with the previous year, are as follows :—

System of Taxation.	Amount realized.	
	1879—80	1880—81
Octroi	1,59,304	1,63,070
Tax on houses and lands	83,137	1,05,100
Licenses on trades	39,552	42,712
Mohataffa, &c.	28,555	44,948
Rents of houses, gardens, markets, &c.	14,378	18,374
Fines	1,884	1,537
Miscellaneous	49,951	33,525
Grants-in-aid	16,007	11,870
Total Rs.	3,92,768	4,21,136

122. The expenditure during the year amounted under all heads to Rs. 3,82,158 against Rs. 3,52,285 the previous year, and there being a balance of Rs. 1,47,510 in hand at the commencement of the year, the total assets at the disposal of the various municipal bodies was Rs. 5,68,646. The following were the different heads under which expenditure was incurred, against which the amounts expended are shown :—

	Rs.
Head Office establishment	19,531
Collection of octroi	15,307
Collection of other taxes	12,699
Conservancy and cleansing	79,567
Police	75,101
Registration of births and deaths	1,474
Lighting	14,793
Construction and maintenance of roads .. .	67,552
Watering roads	1,085
Drainage works	26,311
Water supply	4,656
Buildings	10,848
Other Public Works, &c.	7,793
Sanitary and charitable establishments	5,983
Education—science and art	2 787
Miscellaneous	34,555
Repayment of debt.	2,116
Total Rs. ..	3,82,158
Balance at close of year ..	1,86,488

MILITARY.

123. BRITISH FORCES.—The forces of Her Majesty stationed in the Mysore Province consist of one regiment of European Cavalry, one battery of Royal Horse Artillery and two batteries of Royal Artillery, one regiment of European Infantry and three regiments of Madras Native Infantry, including the Head-quarters of the 42nd Company of Royal Engineers and of the Queen's Own Sappers and Miners. The total number of fighting officers and men remaining in the Province at the end of the year was 4,377 of all arms against 3,378 last year. 1,548 of this number belonged to the European Force and 2,829 to the Native Force. The 14th (King's) Hussars proceeded on field service to the Transvaal in South Africa, leaving their families, and one officer and 33 men at the Depôt in Bangalore. Her Majesty's 67th regiment of Foot which was absent in Afghanistan last year returned to Bangalore in the month of November 1880, thus increasing the number of European Infantry to 947. The few companies of Her Majesty's 2nd Battalion, 13th Regiment of Foot, which were on detachment duty in Bangalore during the absence of Her Majesty's 67th Regiment returned to their head-quarters at Kamptee. Drafts from England joined the head-quarters of the 42nd Company of Royal Engineers at Bangalore and the companies of the Queen's Own Sappers and Miners which were on field service in Afghanistan and Rampa in the Madras Presidency returned to Bangalore. Of Native Infantry, the 4th Regiment which had been to Afghanistan and the 15th Regiment which proceeded to Dakka in connection with the Afghanistan expedition, returned to Bangalore during the year; while the 37th Grenadiers, which did garrison duty for the 4th and 15th Regiments, proceeded to Bellary on the return of the latter. A wing of the 40th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, whose head-quarters are at Mercara, is stationed at the French Rocks, with a company on detachment duty at Mysore to afford a guard of honor for His Highness the Maha Raja. As will be seen the Bangalore garrison, with the exception of the 14th Hussars, has been brought up to its full complement during the year. It may, however, be noted that on the 15th May 1881, the 1st Regiment of Light Cavalry (Native) arrived in Bangalore from South Afghanistan, but particulars regarding this regiment are not given in the statistical tables appended to this report, because it was not brought on the strength of the forces in Mysore till after the close of the year under review.

124. The total cost of the British Forces stationed in Mysore including contingencies, during the year 1880—81, was Rs. 18,71,781 against Rs. 13,29,613 last year.

125. LOCAL FORCE.—As before the Local Force consists of three Cavalry Regiments and three Line Regiments of Barr Infantry: they comprised on the last day of the year 1,224 Cavalry and 1,942 Infantry of all ranks. The distribution of these regiments with head-quarters in Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga, remained as in the previous year, the only reliefs being in the out-detachments. Troops were temporarily moved to Mysore also at the time of the Installation of His Highness the Maha Raja.

126. In clothing and equipment good progress has been made in supplying saddles of English pattern to the Siledars, and in serving boat cloaks to all both Cavalry and Infantry. The men pay for these eventually, but the Chanda Fund bears the cost in the first instance. The three funds, Chanda, Stable and Stallion, are all in a very flourishing state and each has a closing balance on the 1st April larger in amount than the opening balance of 1880.

127. The season was a very good one for the Kunigal Farm, fodder being plentiful and gram cheap. Seventy-three foals were born, of which 16 died during the year, eight also of the 80 foals left at the end of 1879—80 died, and twenty-seven were sent to the ranks. The number left in the Farm at the end of the year was 101.

128. The chief matter of interest to be recorded with regard to the Infantry is the introduction of gratuities for men of all ranks who are discharged on medical certificates of unfitness for further service, having served for less than 30 years. Formerly in such a case they were discharged without provision: now they get a gratuity of three months' pay for every 5 years' service.

129. BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.—The following table shows the strength of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Corps as it stood on the 31st March 1881 :—

Ranks.	Extra efficient.	Efficient.	Non-efficient.	Total.
Officers	5	5	4	14
Non-Commissioned Officers	30	6	13	49
Volunteers (Rank and File).	20	78	195	293
Total.....	55	89	212	356
Cadets	...	33	26	59
Grand Total	55	122	238	415

130. There has been as compared with last year's return a slight falling off under all heads. The corps was as usual inspected by the Major-General Commanding the Mysore Division, in the month of March. But in consequence of the restoration of the Province of Mysore to Native Rule, the status of the corps has been changed. Hitherto it was maintained at the cost of the Mysore revenues, but the question of the maintenance of the corps after the restoration of Mysore to Native Rule having been referred to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, it was decided to keep it up in future as a charge on Imperial Funds. The corps will therefore, in future, form part of the Volunteer Force of Southern India, and will be under the orders of the Madras Government.

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

AGRICULTURE.

131. The area under cultivation during the year under report was 4,280,674 acres against 3,996,206 acres the previous year. The extent under rice cultivation was 554,752 acres, under wheat 21,058 and under other food-grains 3,139,560. In the latter is included ragi, tuvar, ballar and gram. It will thus be seen that 3,715,370 acres of the whole extent of 4,280,674 acres under cultivation in the Province is devoted to food crops. A large portion of the remaining 565,304 acres was under sugar-cane cultivation, coffee and oil-seeds, 12,986 acres were devoted to the cultivation of tobacco and 20,893 to cotton. The area sown with vegetables was 52,178 and with cocoanut and arecanut 135,542 acres.

132. Rates of rent and produce vary in each District. In the Tumkúr District as much as Rs. 7-7-6 were paid per acre for land under rice cultivation against Rs. 10-1-1 the previous year, and although the average rent paid for land under similar cultivation in the Bangalore District was only Rs. 6-6-2, the yield in the latter District was an average of 1,409 lbs. per acre against 625 lbs. in the former District. To contrast these Districts with the Hassan District the difference is still more marked; the average rent for rice lands in Hassan is Rs. 5-15-3 against a yield of 1,582 lbs. per acre. The following statement shows the average rent per acre for land during the year as compared with the previous year :—

Years.	Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grains including Ragi.	Cotton.	Oil-seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar-cane.	Tobacco.
1879-80	5 9 2	4 8 8	2 2 11	2 0 9	1 11 4	1 10 1	7 1 5	3 4 11
1880-81	5 3 10	4 8 4	1 11 9	1 13 7	1 10 6	1 9 9	6 7 11	3 2 5
Increase	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Decrease	0 5 4	0 0 4	0 7 2	0 3 2	0 0 10	0 0 4	0 9 6	0 1 6

133. It will thus be seen that there was a decrease in rent under all heads. As regards produce, the following comparative statement shows the average produce of land per acre in pounds, and while there was a decrease in the land rent, it is a very good testimony to the prosperity of the Province to notice that there was, on the other hand, a general increase in the yield of the land under all heads: —

Year.	Rice.	Wheat.	Inferior grains including Ragi.	Cotton.	Oil seeds.	Fibres.	Sugar-cane.	Tobacco.
1879-80	965	552	585	308	432	179	1,109	306
1880-81	1,170	831	1,087	392	834	414	1,510	397
Increase	25	279	502	84	402	235	401	91
Decrease	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

134. There has been an increase in the agricultural stock of the Province during the year, notwithstanding that there was a slight falling off in the dead-stock, such as carts, ploughs, and boats. The live-stock under all heads numbered 4,260,085 against 4,110,844 the previous year. The following statement shows the stock under each head separately as compared with last year: —

Year.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Total.
1879-80	2,357,382	4,592	13,135	38,393	1,668,697	28,645	4,110,844
1880-81	2,444,906	4,325	14,156	38,130	1,729,088	29,480	4,260,085
Increase	87,524	...	1,021	...	60,391	835	149,241
Decrease	...	267	...	263	...	...	...

135. The above increase is attributed to the improved circumstances of the year; the rain-fall having been copious and general throughout the Province, the pasturage was, as a consequence, plentiful, which facilitated the rearing of cattle, &c.

136. The mortality among the cattle in the Province has unfortunately been as high as ever. Upwards of 200,000 head of cattle are reported to have been killed by wild beasts or to have died from disease. The largest number of deaths was from murrain, which prevailed as an epidemic in several parts of the Province, notwithstanding the attempts which were made to arrest its progress, amongst other precautions cattle quarantine was enforced, and with a view to reduce the havoc caused by wild animals, liberal rewards were offered where necessary for their destruction.

137. The following statement shows the average prices of produce per maund of 80 lbs. as compared with the prices of the previous year: —

Name of Produce.	1879-80.			1880-81.			Increase.			Decrease.		
Rice	2	7	7	2	9	7	0	2	0	0	0	0
Wheat	5	6	0	3	0	8	0	0	0	2	5	4
Cotton	16	5	1	21	9	3	5	4	2	0	0	0
Sugar	15	15	6	15	8	3	0	0	0	0	7	3
Salt	4	0	11	4	7	3	0	6	4	0	0	0
Gram, Bengal	4	1	9	2	12	3	0	0	0	1	5	6
„ black	4	13	8	2	12	7	0	0	0	2	1	1
„ green	3	2	7	2	0	7	0	0	0	1	2	0
„ horse	1	5	11	0	15	2	0	0	0	0	6	9
Ragi	1	3	6	0	15	8	0	0	0	0	3	10
Dál	4	4	3	3	5	1	0	0	0	0	15	2
Beans or Ballar	2	7	4	1	15	1	0	0	0	0	8	3
Tobacco	28	10	0	25	3	1	0	0	0	3	6	11
Jaggory	6	7	11	5	9	11	0	0	0	0	14	0
Ghee	27	15	2	28	0	6	0	1	4	0	0	0
Poppy-seeds	9	11	9	9	13	1	0	1	4	0	0	0
Plough bullocks, each	Rs. 13½ to 200.			Rs. 10 to 200								
Sheep, each	Rs. 1½ to 5.			Rs. 2 to 10								
Fish, per seer...	As. 1 to 5.			8 pies to 7 As.								
Iron, per maund of 80 lbs.	10	3	10	8	0	9	0	0	0	2	3	1
Silk „	714	8	0	686	8	0	0	0	0	28	0	0

138. The average wages of labor during the year were the same as those during the previous year, *viz*:—

		Rates.
Wages per diem ..	Skilled labor	4 Annas to 1 Rupee.
	Unskilled labor .. .	2 „ to 10 Annas.
	Cart per day ..	.. 8 „ to 1 Rupee.
	Donkey per score per day	.. 1½ Rupee to 7½ Rupees.
	Boat per day ..	.. 8 Annas to 4 „

WEATHER AND CROPS.

139. The season was on the whole very favorable, the rainfall having been copious and well distributed, with the exception of one excessive fall at the end of November which did considerable damage to the ripe crops. The general average rain-fall of eight Districts was 38 inches 80 cents against 32 inches 90 cents last year; the largest fall was in the months from June to September. In Bangalore the total rain-fall which was gauged at the Bowring Civil Hospital situated in the Cantonment, was 51 inches 70 cents, and at Mysore the rain-fall was 46 inches 34 cents; at the other District head-quarters the fall was not so high, at Kolar it being only 30 inches 40 cents.

140. The average temperature in the shade at Bangalore and Mysore respectively is as follows. The former is 3,031 feet above the level of the sea, and the latter 2,525:—

District Head-quarters.	May.				July.				December.			
	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mean of Maximum reading.	Mean of Minimum reading.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.
Bangalore ...	86·8	67·3	98·1	55·3	81·	65·2	86·4	61·	78·7	62·2	85·6	53·5
Mysore ...	90·	71·5	99·	67·0	76	63·5	80·	60·	78·	60·5	82·	55.

As has been stated above the excessive fall of rain in the end of November did a good deal of damage to standing crops, especially ragi which was then being harvested. Up to that time the season had been all that could be desired, and the out-turn promised to be very large. The loss by crops being beaten down and grain washed out of the ear, and by rot from excessive and continued moisture was great, but still so good had the crops been that the harvest was very much above an average.

141. Irrigated crops also produced very well, and only in the Kolar District the want of water in tanks produced a short out-turn in places. The Kolar District indeed was unfortunate in not sharing to the same extent as the rest of the Province the exceedingly propitious season; it had, as has been stated, the shortest rain-fall of any District head-quarters and moreover the rain there was late in coming.

HORTICULTURE.

142. The expenditure incurred during the year on the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore, which, as remarked last year, is more a botanical than a purely horticultural institution, was Rs. 9,320—7—5 against Rs. 9,427—13—2 the previous year; notwithstanding that there has been a decrease in the aggregate expenditure, there was an increase in the cost of the menagerie from Rs. 2,798—10—0 to Rs. 3,000, and a slight difference in the cost of servants and contingencies.

143. The Lal-Bagh is the only place in the Province where horticulture is carried on to any great extent; there are, it is true, a few private gardens, but horticulture in them is very limited, and conducted only for the sake of the flowers and other garden plants which are extensively purchased by the public.

144. The year under report was favored with a liberal rain-fall and it is somwhat remarkable that 9 inches of rain were gauged in the Lal-Bagh by the close of May. This unusually heavy fall helped to shorten the hot season, while it facilitated the vernal growth of plants. There were several thunder storms during the month of May, which were accompanied by rain and very high winds. These did some damage to the garden and the trees that were noticed to suffer the most were the following:—*Æsculus (sp.)*, *Macadamia ternifolia*, *Pithecolobium saman*, *Spathodea campanulata* and *Cochlospermum gossypium*. Their branches were easily broken by the force of the wind, but in all other respects they are desirable for ornamental planting, and should only be used in sheltered places. The young plants in the fernery have been growing so vigorously that it is expected good specimens of many rare and valuable species will soon be available. Among other plants received in the garden during the year, mention may be made of the following "Maiden hair" ferns:—*Adiantum intermedium*, *Adiantum venustum*, *A Cunninghamii*, *A decorum*, *A gracillianum* (this is a very fine specimen), *A A tinctum*, *A macrophyllum*, and *A Moorei*. Considerable attention has been given at the Lal-Bagh to the propagation of rare and ornamental trees, with a view to increase variety in the arborescent vegetation of Bangalore, principal among this class may be mentioned the *Ficus macrophylla*, the "Moreton Bay Fig," which is a very handsome tree and would be a great acquisition for park, or roadside planting, the others are the *Frenela columellaris*, *Catalpa speciosa*, *Kigelia pinnata*, *Pithecolobium saman*, *Ficus elastica*, and *Arundinaria Khasayana*.

145. Garden seed of the *Eucalyptus Saligna* germinated freely in the Lal-Bagh, but the seedlings subsequently damped off; this, however, is considered not an unusual occurrence with first crops of some tree seeds. The young stock of *Araucarias* are exhausted, notwithstanding the repeated efforts which have been made to propagate those handsome trees from cuttings, these latter, it has been found, produce roots in abundance and some side branches, but they never form a leader. However further attempts are being made from root-cuttings, and it is hoped that they will prove more successful. As regards economic plants, a few berries were produced on three plants of the Liberian coffee and they took exactly 12 months to mature and ripen. The berry was nearly twice as large as the Arabian kind, but the increase in size was due to pulp more than to seed (parchment). Some plants have been raised from cuttings, but this is not considered an expeditious mode of propagation. The "Ceara rubber plant," *Manihot glaziovii*, has taken kindly to the climate of Bangalore, and steps are being taken by the Superintendent of the Lal-Bagh to multiply it. Some seed of the "American Cranberry," *Oxycoccus macrocarpus*, was sown during the year, but no seedlings have as yet appeared. It is anticipated however that the "Cranberry" will thrive in Mysore. Another attempt was made at the Lal-Bagh to cure the Vanilla beans, but in carrying out that work the old difficulties were as much felt as ever. When the bean is under-dried it is destroyed by mildew, and when it is over-dried it loses that pliability which is required by the trade. The plant, without any particular care or attention further than fertilizing the blossoms, has been found to yield freely, and it is thought that, should the difficulties as regards the curing of the beans be overcome, the growing and curing of vanilla would be an employment particularly congenial to the native; and, if they were once assured that it would pay, they would take to it readily and successfully. The customary interchange of plants and seeds was continued and encouraged, which has resulted in some new plants of interest being added to the Lal-Bagh. A very valuable collection of plants was presented by Dr. G. King of Calcutta, of which the following deserve special mention:—*Myristica moschata*, "Nutmeg plant"; *Garcinia Mangostana*, "The Mangosteen," *Mangifera Sylvatica*, A new Mango tree from the Sikkim Himalaya; *Terminalia citrina*; *Engenia puchella*; *Aralia Bonerppi*; *Coleus glow*; *Tectona Hamiltoniana*, a kind of teak; *Ficus Roxhurghii*; *Amherstia nobilis*; *Gynocardia odorata*; *Smilax sarsaparilla*; *Hernandia Sonora*; and the *Nepoliana imperialis*.

146. There were two successful horticultural exhibitions held at Bangalore during the year, at which a sum of Rs. 749 was awarded in prizes.

147. During the month of February 1880, seeds of the *Malachra Capitata* were distributed to Deputy Commissioners of the Districts in the Province for experimental cultivation. The results unfortunately have not been altogether successful. In several taluks of the Bangalore District the seeds sown did not sprout, while in a few others the experiment was only a partial success, the seed germinated and the seedlings grew to a moderate size, but languished before coming to maturity. In the Taluks of Bangalore, Hoskote, and Anekal, however the seed germinated freely and grew luxuriantly, and a proportionate quantity of fibre was obtained and seeds produced which have been kept for further experiments in 1881—82. Experiments were also made in the Chitaldroog District. The seed sown in the District Jail germinated, but did not thrive and the seedlings eventually died; the failure is attributed to the unsuitableness of the soil; but in the Davangere Taluk the experiment was a little more successful, the plants there produce fibre of a quality which was appreciated by the people. No results were obtained in the other Districts; those obtained in the Tumkúr District were insignificant.

FORESTS.

148. There has been no material change in the forests of the Province during the year. There are upwards of 55 reserved and unreserved forests covering altogether an aggregate area of about 643 square miles; this area, however, is only approximate as many of the forests are still unsurveyed, and much demarcation work still remains to be done. In the Nundydroog Division the settlement of the Savandurga forest in the Magadi Taluk was completed, while the settlement of the Hul yurdurga forest was again postponed in consequence of the services of an Assistant Commissioner not being available for the purpose, owing to the census and other important work in the District pressing heavily on the resources of the Deputy Commissioner. A total length of 67$\frac{5}{8}$ miles was demarcated in the Nundydroog Division at a total cost of Rs. 729; the forests demarcated were the Bilikal, the Nandi, the Devarayadurga, and the Maddagiri forest. In the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions no fresh demarcation work was attempted during the year.

149. The area of forest tracts protected from fire during the year was increased by 174 square miles at a total cost of Rs. 1,745; thus a total area of 351 square miles of forest tracts was on the 31st March 1881 protected at a cost of Rs. 23,800, or Rs. 63 per square mile. In the Nundydroog Division all the settled forests and a part of the Basavan Betta forest were placed under protection. The extent protected during the year was twice as great as in any previous year. The rates at which the fire-lines were made were for a single line, *i. e.*, with a 3 yard wide path of cut grass on one side, Rs. 4 per mile; for a double line, *i. e.*, with paths of cut grass on both sides, Rs. 6—8—0 per mile. The temporary fire establishment cost Rs. 1,104, so that the total mean cost of fire-protection in the Nundydroog Division was Rs. 11-4-0 per square mile. In the Ashtagram Division the protection of the Mattikuppe forest was taken in hand, and the old lines were re-cleared and burnt and watchers kept on to supervise the fire-lines all through the dry season. The expenditure incurred on account of protection in that Division during the year amounted to Rs. 610. In the Nagar Division the watching establishment was supplemented during hot weather months by additional fire guards. These were divided into parties each under a Forester and located in the station houses built round the forests, and their beats divided; the work was so allotted that each man had a little more than a mile of fire-line to look after and the result was satisfactory. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 641.

150. The destruction caused by fire breaking out in the forests was, on the whole, comparatively insignificant, due no doubt to the precautionary measures adopted throughout the Province. Two small fires were reported to have occurred in the Bilikal forest in the Bangalore District, but in the Tumkúr District the Deputy Commissioner's precautions prevented fires from breaking out in the District forests near Devarayadurga and so removed that source of danger to the adjoining State forest which was completely protected. In the Nagar Division a patch of 730 by 156 yards was burnt in the Lakkavalli forest; the fire was caused by the guards engaged in burning the lines and it was put out immediately; having occurred on the summit of

a hill where there were but few trees, no damage was done. In the Ashtagram Division a fire broke out in the Mattikuppe forest, and consumed nearly half of the hitherto protected area of about 16½ square miles. The fire appears to have originated in the adjoining forest situated in the Province of Coorg and to have been carried by a whirlwind over the fire tract at a point where the ground was high. It was confined fortunately to small areas covered with teak, honne, bîté, matti, dindiga, nayibela and some inferior trees and shrubs; here and there large areas were left untouched, the dry grass around them only was burnt and a few young plants not of much timber value scorched.

151. There were 7,794 teak trees felled during the year, containing 39,892 cubic feet. No teak was felled in the Nundydroog Division. The teak trees felled in the Nagar Division on an average were much larger than those felled in the Ashtagram Division, where Railway sleepers were chiefly wanted; the 513 trees felled in the former measured 21,920 cubic feet, whereas the 7,281 trees felled in the latter contained only 17,972 cubic feet. Of the other forest trees 5,239 containing 31,237 cubic feet were felled, and of bamboos 170,469.

152. Upwards of 71,542 cubic feet of timber were cut into logs, sleepers, or scantlings. Cutting of teak logs was limited in the Ashtagram Division in consequence of the large stock which remained on hand from last year; an extra number of teak and junglewood poles were, however, cut to meet the demand for the same at the small sale depôts. From the Nagar Division 175 logs containing 5,690 cubic feet of teak were supplied to the Mysore State Railway Workshop at Bangalore during the year.

153. One hundred and nine thousand, three-hundred and thirteen cubic feet of timber of all kinds and 149,521 bamboos were removed from the forest depôts by purchasers which altogether realized a sum of Rs. 91,382. The Public Departments purchased 13,446 cubic feet of timber from the Nagar Division at a cost of Rs. 15,112, and the sales to the public of 29,927 cubic feet of timber and 2,016 bamboos brought in Rs. 20,286. From the Ashtagram Division 15,119 cubic feet of timber at a cost of Rs. 18,680 were supplied to Public Departments, and 50,821, which, together with 147,505 bamboos, realized Rs. 37,304, were sold to timber traders and others. These results compare favorably with former years. The amount expended on the different classes of timber, &c., brought to depôts during the year amounted to Rs. 30,636; on bamboos it amounted to Rs. 2,449. There being no depôts in the Nundydroog Division no expenditure was incurred under this head in that Division.

154. There were upwards of 30 plantations in the Province, comprising an aggregate area of 4,708 acres on the 31st March 1881, up to which date the cost incurred thereon was Rs. 1,98,278. By far the largest number of plantations is in the Nundydroog Division. Experiments with exotics have been continued and some promising results attained at Devarayadurga and Nundydroog, the elevation being 3,000 and 4,400 feet respectively. At the Santaveri plantation in the Nagar Division seed of 8 varieties of eucalyptus was put down; they germinated fairly and 354 seedlings were transplanted, the majority of which have, however, unfortunately died, partly owing to exposure to excessive rain, but chiefly, it is stated, to want of proper looking after. The teak tree is very extensively cultivated in the Province, the majority of the plantations being of that description. Sandalwood too is extensively grown, especially as it forms the chief item of forest revenue; large quantities of seed are yearly sown.

155. The quantity of sandalwood collected at the various timber depôts during the year was 1,718 tons, 13 cwt., 71 lbs., 2 oz. at an aggregate cost of Rs. 66,665, and 1,653 tons, 12 cwt., 29 lbs., 10 oz. were sold, which realized a sum of Rs. 5,23,356 or an average of Rs. 317 per ton. The balance of wood remaining in hand at the depôts at the close of the year was 487 tons, 29 cwt., 69 lbs.

156. There were 289 persons prosecuted in 101 cases, of whom 83 were convicted. There was nothing in connection with these cases which calls for any special remark. The majority of the prosecutions were, as usual, for unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood or minor produce.

157. The total expenditure on account of conservancy and works amounted to Rs. 1,40,247 against Rs. 1,05,579 the previous year, and the expenditure on establishment amounted to Rs. 83,724 against Rs. 87,340. There was therefore in the aggregate expenditure a net increase of Rs. 31,052. Against this expenditure, however, the value of sales and other revenue during the year amounted to Rs. 6,97,786. The following statement shows in abstract the particulars of demands, collections, outstandings, &c. of the Forest Department for the year 1880—81 :—

Outstandings at the commencement of the year.	Value of sales and other revenue during the year.	Total.	Amount realized during the year.	Refunds or irrecoverable balances written off.	Total collections.	Balance due to the Department.
27,073	6,97,786	7,24,859	6,80,693	1,880	6,82,542	42,317

MINES AND QUARRIES.

158. As compared with the previous year there was no increase in the number of mines worked in the Province. The increasing development of the mineral resources of Mysore has, however, attracted considerable attention during the year, and with a view to encourage private enterprise in that direction, and, at the same time, to establish a proper understanding between the Government and those interested, a memorandum of terms for the granting of gold mining leases was drawn up and printed, and placed at the disposal of the public for general information. In the Bangalore District the only metal hitherto worked was iron, but during the year the existence of gold and auriferous rocks towards the north-east of the District was discovered, and application was made by a firm at Madras for a square mile of land in that locality for prospecting purposes. In the Kolar District, however, where auriferous reefs abound, prospecting for gold had been commenced on a very large scale, and gold mining there has since attracted more attention than ever. A number of influential companies, with large capitals chiefly drawn from England, were formed, and several tracts of land were taken up by those companies on most favorable terms for the purpose of prospecting. No results had at the close of the year been obtained, the managers of the companies concerned simply confining themselves during the period under report to the construction of houses, sinking shafts, fixing machinery, &c. In the neighbourhood of the mines a small European colony was established in connection with the industry, and the outlay incurred has benefited the local population, and, as a consequence, the rates of wages have considerably increased in that quarter. Indeed the vast attention which has been drawn by these discoveries to the mineral resources of Mysore and the high hopes entertained by the respective companies prospecting in the Kolar District, of adequate return for the capital invested in the undertakings, have led to several applications being made for land in other parts of the Province for similar purposes. These latter enterprises, however, were still in their infancy, and at the close of the year they had not proceeded further than the settlement of the necessary preliminaries prior to prospecting.

MANUFACTURES.

159. The total estimated value of manufactures in the Province was Rs. 62,81,651 against Rs. 68,52,453 the previous year. These figures, however, possess no claim to accuracy, inasmuch as there being no regular system of accounts kept in the Province to show the value of the various articles manufactured; the information was for the most part obtained by the taluk officials on verbal enquiries made of the manufacturers themselves, and therefore no means of checking the figures exist. The Province of Mysore has no great claim to excellence in manufactures, owing no doubt to the fact that the population is mainly agricultural; the manufactures are consequently, as it were, of a character suitable to a rural people.

160. Jewellery work in all its branches, for which extensive orders are received from many parts of India, is regarded as one of the specialities of Bangalore itself. In Bangalore also are manufactured carpets and rugs of very handsome English, Turkish, Persian and other designs, with lasting colors of great brilliancy; and tanning, comparatively a new industry, has grown to large proportions and is mostly carried on by Muhammadans, who cure the leather very well, and export it to European markets. Silk cloths are largely manufactured in Bangalore with and without gold and silver or gilt lace borders; the silk and the wire used for this purpose are produced in the Province. It may be mentioned here that gold and silver lace for military dress purposes is manufactured in Bangalore of a quality that will compare very favorably with that of English manufacture. Dying in Bangalore, chiefly with vegetable products, was carried on most successfully, and the permanance and brilliancy of the colors especially as applied to silk cloths and carpets are remarkable, and contrast very favorably with the fading aniline dyes of Europe. But silk cloths are manufactured generally, throughout the Bangalore District, to a small extent, cotton cloths, mostly of the coarse kinds, to a large extent, and large quantities of woollen cloths also of the coarser kinds. The finer kinds of cotton cloths have been beaten out of the market by the more showy, but less lasting products of European and Bombay manufacture. But the coarser kinds are yet largely manufactured, and find favor with the poor, the thrifty and the conservative folk. The same remarks apply to woollen cloths. Cotton spinning by the hand is almost a thing of the past, and woollen handspinning can only be done roughly; the worsted thread used for stockings and the like has to be obtained from England. A woollen factory was set up at Bangalore and though it was worked by hand at first, it is now about being replaced by machinery. Only the trained weaver classes can weave the higher description of cloths, but a large class of Pariahs (out-casts) manufacture coarse cloths, whilst Kurubars (or the shepherd class) weave coarse jhools or blankets from the wool produced from their own flocks, or those of fellow villagers. Gunny stuffs from jute, hemp, aloes and other fibres, are manufactured in various places of the District, chiefly at Dodballapur, and are made into bags, &c.; the raw article being grown in the Province. Paper making has died out. Channapatna is noted for its fine steel wire for musical instruments and also for its toys. Not much enterprise is shown in improving upon the old pattern of toy; but the lac used to color them is good and lasting. This lac is an indigenous product, and is used in various kinds of simple lacquered ware. The above almost exhausts the handicraft industries of the Bangalore District, though it should be mentioned that the Central Jail at Bangalore adds its own quota. The annexed statement gives the quantities of the textile fabrics in the Bangalore District, with other particulars relative to them :—

Description.	Number of Looms employed.	Quantity manufactured.	Estimated Value.
		No.	
Silk cloths	649	3,000	30,000
Superior cotton textures	5,776	339,000	11,90,000
Coarse do	1,364	160,000	3,00,000
Rugs and carpets	70	20,000	80,000
Cumblies	604	40,000	80,000
Gunny	16	4,500	4,500

161. The silk industry is reviving, and silk filature is largely carried on in the Taluk of Closepet, and to a lesser extent in Kankanhalli, Magadi and a few other taluks of the District. Bangalore is, however, the centre of the silk trade, where the raw article is prepared in large quantities for the loom, and dyed. Indigo dyeing is carried on at Bangalore and Dommasandra in the Anekal Taluk, and tent making is carried on in the Central Jail at Bangalore by convict labor.

162. As regards fictile arts, copper and brazen utensils are made at Magadi Bangalore, and Maralavadi in the Kankanhalli Taluk, and about 2,000 maunds of meta are said to have been used in their make during the year under report. Implements o husbandry, including pickaxes, mamoties, hammers, country cutlery, &c., are mad up throughout the District, and nearly every large town has its goldsmith who ca

manufacture gold and silver ornaments from the simplest to very ornate descriptions. Rope making gives employment to a small proportion of the working classes, as the ropes generally used for tethering cattle and other purposes, mainly agricultural, are made up in large quantities by the ryots themselves; and country pottery for domestic use is made up everywhere in the District. The total value of articles manufactured in the Bangalore District during the year under report was estimated at Rs. 31,69,489 against Rs. 40,62,884 the previous year.

163. In the Mysore District, Native jewellery and ornamental articles of good workmanship, both in gold and silver, are made in the Town of Mysore, as well as brass, copper and bronze vessels and ornaments of all descriptions and sizes. In wood, sandal and ivory boxes, combs, images and idols are made; while carpets and rugs both of cotton and wool, and Native cloths, both in cotton and silk, are manufactured in Mysore, Malvalli and Chamrajnagar; Mandya and Húnsúr being noted for cumblies of all patterns and color. The latter place also produces leather work. Iron boilers and vessels are manufactured at Halgúr in the Malvalli Taluk, bronze jugs are moulded at Talkad and Periyapatna; mats and stone vessels are the product of Kadakól in the Mysore Taluk. Oil mills are worked everywhere; and Ganjam, in the Ashtagram Taluk, produces abundant sugar candy. The subjoined statement gives the description, number, and approximate value of cotton and woollen articles manufactured in the District during the year:—

Description.	Number of Looms employed.	Quantity manufactured.	Estimated. Value.
		No.	
Cloth	2,920	104,680	1,30,850
Cumbly	1,174	20,500	20,500
Carpet	1	40	80
Girdle	70	910	910
Gunny	49	490	2,450

164. In the Shimoga District coarse cumblies and cloths are prepared by certain inferior classes, and they fetch a very small price in the local markets, being of an inferior kind and mostly fitted for the ordinary classes of the agricultural community. But in Shikarpur fine specimens of carpets are made though not on a large scale. Sandalwood articles are prepared in Sorab and Ságar by a particular class of people called "*Gudigars*." The articles are of excellent workmanship and are much valued. The Channagiri Taluk produces some iron works after the Native process, but it is said that the out-turn is fully consumed in the surrounding villages for agricultural implements.

165. In the remaining Districts of the Province the manufactures generally are more or less of the stereotyped character, consisting chiefly of the coarse kind of cloth and iron implements, &c. The articles manufactured from the iron produced locally are preferred by the majority of the agricultural classes, and seem more suitable to the country, than those of English manufacture; the former being more easily repairable by the village blacksmiths.

TRADE.

166. The trade of the Province is of a very limited character, the exports consisting chiefly of food grains and other articles of local produce. This is as might be expected in an agricultural country like Mysore, the exports of food grains by rail to British Territory are not only large but on the increase. Coffee also, which is extensively cultivated towards the west of the Province, is largely exported to the western coast and shipped to European markets where it is in great demand. Bangalore, however, which is the entrepôt of commerce for the whole Province, is indeed the only place where anything like trade is carried on; the trade in the other towns is not brisk and remains for the most part in the hands of a few who do a remunerative, if small, business. The weekly markets and annual fairs, or *Santes*, in many

places continue to play an important part in supplying the rural population in the place of shops, with their simple wants.

167. As regards imports, they consist of articles of European manufacture, such as cotton and woollen piece goods, hardware, &c., as well as of wheat, dhál, and cotton, which are largely imported from Dharwar, Mangalore, and other places in British Territory.

168. Fuller details regarding the trade of the Province will be found in the statistical tables on the subject appended to this report. It should, however, be explained with reference to those two tables that the quantity and average value of the various commodities referrd to are only approximate, there being, as remarked in the preceding section regarding manufactures, no record of trade systematically kept; the taluk officials by whom the particulars are collected depend solely on information afforded them by the traders and merchants themselves.

PUBLIC WORKS.

169. The total grant placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department from all sources, for expenditure during 1880—81, was Rs. 17,10,160, *viz.*, Rs. 10,75,000 from Foreign Funds, Rs. 5,50,236 from District Funds, Rs. 84,924 from the Revenue Budget. The expenditure against these grants was Rs. 16,32,316. In addition to this a sum of Rs. 9,329 was expended from cash contributions paid by ryots and others and Rs. 31,183 from Palace Funds, making the total expenditure supervised by the Public Works Department Rs. 16,72,828.

170. This expenditure was divided as follows between the several Public Works Divisions :—

	Rs.
Bangalore..	2,57,840
Kolar	1,64,853
Tumkúr	1,13,205
Mysore	3,07,460
Hassan	1,90,473
Shimoga	2,02,191
Kadur	2,52,918
Chitaldroog	1,23,302
Direction and Accounts	60,586
Total....	16,72,828

ORIGINAL WORKS.

171. CIVIL BUILDINGS.—*Land Revenue.*—Of the six new Taluk Cutcherries commenced in 1879—80, those at Devanhalli and Chikballapur were completed at a total cost of Rs. 9,906 and 11,444 respectively. The former has since been handed over to the Revenue Department. The Cutcherry at Dodballapur was approaching completion at close of 1880—81 and has since been finished at a cost of Rs. 9,486. Good progress was made on Cutcherry at Múdgere, Rs. 6,628 having been expended, but progress on Cutcherries at Arsikere and Tirthahalli was poor owing to difficulties with the contractors.

172. Collection of materials for a new Taluk Cutcherry at Channagiri was commenced and Rs. 1,440 expended thereon, pending sanction of project which is still under consideration by Local Government.

173. *Law and Justice.*—The Munsiffs' Courts at Dodballapur and Chintamani were completed with an expenditure of Rs. 3,819 and 3,877 respectively, and handed over to the Judicial Department. Some additions to the Judicial Assistant Commissioner's Court at Chikmagalur were commenced and all but completed.

174. *District Jails.*—The new Jail at Chitaldroog was completed with the exception of the gates which are now being made up. Building will be handed over as soon as the gates have been fixed. Some work that remained to be done to wall round Chikmagalur Jail was also carried out.

175. *Medical.—Constructing Lying-in-Hospital at Mysore.*—This building was completed during the year, the total cost being Rs. 22,621, of which Rs. 13,642 were paid by Government, and balance from private subscriptions, and contributions by Municipality and from Palace funds. It has been opened to the public.

176. *Educational.—School House at Shikarpur.*—Walls have been raised 10 feet all round, and all materials required collected at site. Progress was fair. Some improvements to the Bangalore High School were also carried out at a cost of Rs. 1,616. In addition to the above, several smaller original works were carried out under several heads from the minor works grants at a cost of about Rs. 6,000.

IRRIGATION.

177. IRRIGATION CHANNELS.—*Mysore Division.—Improvements to Chikdevarsagar Channel.*—The work done during the year consisted in the construction of aqueducts in 14th, 25th, and 33rd miles, also weirs and silt-dams. The work is approaching completion. Should any savings accrue on this project, as is anticipated, it is intended to utilize the same in providing additional escapes for surface drainage which are much wanted in places in which damages from floods are frequent. Rs. 6,507 was expended out of allotment of Rs. 7,400 for the year. The progress should have been better.

178. *Improvements to Vijiyanadi Channel.*—The modified allotment for the year was Rs. 2,700 and this sum was almost expended in completing sluices and blasting rock. A saving on the estimate is anticipated. Progress was unsatisfactory.

179. *Improvements to Ramaswami Channel.*—Modified allotment of Rs. 13,000 was expended during the year, in constructing bridges, sluices, the syphon in 13th mile and aqueduct in 28th mile. The two latter works are still in hand. Some work was also done in levelling anicut with concrete. The progress was not satisfactory.

180. *Extension of Devarayi Channel.*—Good progress is reported to have been made on Naganhalli and Bannur cuts. Foundations for head-sluice and syphon were excavated, and materials collected for these works, as well as for silt-dams, waste-weirs and bridges. Two waste-weirs nearly completed. Modified allotment of Rs. 7,000 was nearly expended.

181. *Improvements to Maddur Ane Channel.*—An expenditure of Rs. 1,148, which is slightly in excess of allotment, was expended on this work during the year. Progress unsatisfactory.

182. *Hassan Division.—Extension of North Channel Sriramdevar Dam.*—The work during the year was confined to completing the new cutting of approach to Haddanhalli aqueduct, and balance of work to bridges on the extension. Total expenditure amounts to Rs. 1,40,648. Work has been since completed.

183. *Improving Krishnaraj Anicut and Channels.*—In Kattapur channel, 44 permanent sluices were completed during the year, and sufficient materials have been collected for the few remaining sluices to be constructed. Eleven bridges, 8 waste-weirs, 6 silt-dams, and 2 superpassages which were partially completed in 1879—80 were finished during the year. Bund raising was also carried out in portions of the channel. In Ramnathpur channel, 8 sluices, 2 silt dams, and 1 bridge were finished and raising of the bund from 6th to 13th mile completed. The approaches to Odenhalli aqueduct in 2nd mile were widened and revetted. Rs. 7,621 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 8,000.

184. *Improvements to Kannambadi Channel.*—During the year 54 Mangalore pipe sluices were completed, as also the embankment from 1st to 10½ miles; embankments from 11th to 14th miles and rock clearing in bed are the only items of work remaining to be done. Had better arrangements been made for organizing available labor earlier in the year, the work to this channel might have been finished during 1880—81. Only Rs. 1,701 expended out of allotment of Rs. 2,500.

185. *Extending Mandighere Channel.*—The excavation of this channel from 25½ to 27¼ mile was completed. Earth-work between 8th and 21st mile was also nearly completed, but sides of the channel have yet to be cut to sanctioned slopes. Seven bridges

9 waste-weirs and 2 superpassages are under construction. Sufficient Mangalore pipes having been procured, the sluices will be commenced immediately. The progress during the year is satisfactory. Outlay Rs. 10,231 against modified allotment of Rs. 7,000.

186. *Improving Belur Channels.*—An expenditure of Rs. 1,421 was incurred during the year in raising bund in first two miles of Bommadihalli channel, and in collection of materials for construction of new head sluice.

187. IRRIGATING TANKS.—*Bangalore Division.—Kadgódi Series.*—The bulk of the year's outlay of Rs. 1,895 was incurred in completing the work that remained to be done to Mallappa Chetti's tank, which is the principal one in the series. There remains now only one inam tank to complete this series. The inamdars promised to contribute the full amount of the estimate in labor, but have done nothing up to date. The Deputy Commissioner has been addressed on the subject.

188. *Kolar Division.—Ramsagar Series.*—An expenditure of Rs. 44,325 was incurred during the year in pushing on with the incomplete works in this series. Of the 16 tanks that were in hand, 7 were completed, and satisfactory progress made with the remaining tanks. Total expenditure to end of 1880—81 amounted to Rs. 1,27,304, leaving a balance of Rs. 43,021 still to be worked out.

189. *Tumkúr Division.—Excavating a feeder from Pennar River to Marlur tank.*—All the work that remained to be done to the tank was completed during the year, also construction of head sluice. The excavation of the channel, which gave much trouble, is approaching completion, and the construction of the two superpassages to cross two jungle streams was fairly started. The whole work will soon be out of hand. Full amount of allotment Rs. 100 was expended. Great difficulties have been experienced in procuring labor for this work.

190. An expenditure of Rs. 312 was incurred on tanks in Sulikere series and Rs. 3,266 on those in Koppa series. These two series are now practically completed. Rs. 4,137 were also expended on tanks in Basral series in Mysore and Hassan Divisions. Work on this series has been somewhat retarded owing to the difficulty experienced in getting the ryots to carry out the labor contributions promised by them when the project was originally sanctioned.

191. *Hassan Division.—Bellur-Dasankere Series.*—Rupees 5,450 were expended on this series, against allotment of Rs. 2,500. Four tanks were in hand during the year, the Yerganal, the principal one in the series, being among the number. Remaining tanks in the series have been completed.

192. *Chitaldroog Division.—Dodéri Series.*—Rupees 1,461 were expended in completing the Dodéri feeder, which is the principal work in the series. It was started during the late famine and afforded considerable relief to the distressed population in the neighbourhood. The tank is reported to be still full. Small sums were also expended on the Chinna Hagari and Nayakanhatti series in Chitaldroog Division.

193. COMMUNICATIONS.—*Metalling Bangalore-Bellary Road viâ Devanhalli.*—This is the only original work under thi shead in Bangalore and Kolar Divisions. It was commenced during the recent famine and afforded employment to a large number of relief coolies in collecting materials. Fair progress was made in both Divisions during the year, and work should be out of hand during 1881—82, total expenditure being Rs. 76,966 out of sanctioned estimate of Rs. 84,358.

194. *Mysore Division—Constructing 7 miles of new road from Periyapatna to Coorg Frontier.*—This work has been practically completed; Rs. 26,308 having been spent out of the estimate of Rs. 28,132. The expenditure during the year was Rs. 3,477.

195. *Improving and bridging the Mysore-Manantodi Road.*—On this work Rs. 20,563 were expended during the year. The abutments of the Dod-Hebballa bridge which have long given trouble on account of the difficulty in foundations, were completed. One arched tunnel and four rolled girder bridges were also finished, and progress made with metalling. Minor works under this head to value of Rs. 2,086 were also carried out in Mysore Division.

196. *Hassan Division.—Improving Manjarabad Ghat.*—The modified allotment of Rs. 10,000 was fully spent. The improvement estimate for this work amounting to Rs. 56,196 provides for retracing 3 miles of the old ghat. Work divided into 3 sections. The earthwork to 1st section (1 mile 4 furlongs) was completed during 1879—80; during 1880—81 rock blasting which forms a large item of the work, was completed, and the entire length spread with metal. All the rough stone drains, 16 in number, were completed, and the others were in hand. This section will in all probability be thrown open to traffic before the monsoon. On the 2nd section, which is 3 furlongs in length, one half of the earthwork was completed. Considering the great difficulty always experienced in getting labor in this neighbourhood, progress during the year may be considered satisfactory.

197. *Constructing Bridges on Anemahal-Múdgere Road.*—The difficulties as regards foundations were overcome, superstructure built and the arches have since been turned. Rs. 7,096 spent during the year. Progress satisfactory.

198. *Constructing a Pack Bullock Road down the Bisle Ghat.*—The operations of the year were confined chiefly to blasting. Expenditure Rs. 2,930.

199. *Shimoga Division.—Bridging the Kodachi River.*—Good progress was made on this work, the outlay being Rs. 19,658 against allotment of Rs. 17,500. The girders were erected before the setting in of the monsoon, and the flooring is now in hand. This bridge was commenced in October 1879 and will be opened to traffic early next season. The completion of a large bridge like this (estimate Rs. 54,182) in two working seasons is very satisfactory.

200. *Constructing a Bridge over Kalhalli Stream.*—Work practically completed; some small items of work, such as pointing, gravelling, caps to cut waters, &c.; only remaining to be done. Rs. 4,599 spent during the year.

201. *Constructing a Bridge over Koppargundi Stream.*—During the year abutments, piers, and wings were all raised to springing level, and one land arch turned, the other, commenced late in the year, has since been turned. Girders have been erected over stream ways. The bridge will be available for traffic during monsoon.

202. *Constructing a Road between Kallurkatte and Bennavalli.*—All works in connection with this project were completed, and accounts closed. The expenditure during the year was Rs. 3,372, and total expenditure Rs. 72,955 showing a saving of Rs. 11,850 on sanctioned project, which is due to several heavy items under earthwork originally sanctioned having subsequently been cut down, and to the reduction in capacity of many of the drains and bridges.

203. *Constructing Ainur-Bennavalli Road.*—Work completed, and accounts closed during the year. Total expenditure Rs. 25,429 against estimate of Rs. 30,197.

204. *Constructing a Bridge on Benhatti River.*—During the year two arches, wings, pilasters, spandrils, and parapets were completed. The sanctioned estimate for this work amounts to Rs. 11,635, of which a moiety has been paid by Madras Government.

205. *Bangode Deviation.*—The small balance of work that remained unfinished at close of 1879-80 was completed during the year, and accounts closed. Total expenditure Rs. 16,256 against estimate of Rs. 17,813.

206. *Opening out Road from Shimoga to Umblibail.*—Rupees 7,121 expended. The bulk of the work to nearly all the embankments was done, and gravel collected at site for spreading during the rains. The project for bridges and drains will be ready shortly.

207. Besides the above works in Shimoga Division, some outlay was incurred in completing the bridge on 21st mile of Shimoga-Agumbe road, and Varada bridge on Shimoga-Ságar road, both of which are said to have been satisfactorily done. Rupees 2,503 were also expended from the minor works grant in carrying out several petty works.

208. *Kadur Division.—Vastara-Hariharpur Line, 1st Section from Achur to Kalmukki.*—Rupees 12,289 was expended on this section. The earth-work (excepting

approaches to the three masonry bridges), blasting, barrelling and side drains were completed and gravel collected at site. Three bridges were commenced and made pretty fair progress.

209. *Second Section (Road from Balehonnur to Baggunji Katte).*—Rs. 3,083 expended in completing road, gravelling approaches to Itlege and Bankodige bridges, fixing wooden parapets to all log bridges, and finishing off ferry approaches to Bhadra river at Balehonnur. The whole work was fully completed and closed with a saving of Rs. 4,046 on sanctioned estimate of Rs. 74,442.

210. *Third Section, Completing Basvankatte-Balehonnur Road.*—Good progress was made with earth-work, blasting, and rough stone tunnels. Widening was completed throughout the section, and nearly the whole length barrelled, side drains excavated, blasting and all rough stone work nearly completed. Expenditure during the year was Rs. 10,723.

211. *Opening out Deviation on Basvankanave Ghat.*—Reported to have been satisfactorily completed. New line was opened for traffic in February 1881.

212. *Widening Bhánd Ghat.*—Work completed and estimate closed. Total expenditure Rs. 54,555 against estimate of Rs. 55,303.

213. *Mallur Ghat, Shimoga Road.—Opening out Umblihail-Yadehalli Road.*—The earthwork, except approaches to masonry bridges and tunnels, was completed; about 8 miles were barrelled and side drains excavated throughout; good progress was made with rough stone work and bridges; remaining work to ordinary tunnels completed. The whole road is now passable for carts in fair weather. Rs. 14,428 expended during the year.

214. *Opening out Koppa-Sringeri Road.*—About two miles of road were opened out and other portions widened from 12 to 14 feet where necessary between Karmukkekatte and Sringeri. Earthwork executed to approaches to bridges and blasting pushed on, 12 tunnels of one vent were built, and those commenced during 1879—80 were slabbed and completed. Two 2 vent tunnels were commenced, and other minor items of work executed. The whole road has advanced sufficiently to admit of its being used throughout by traffic. Rupees 12,430 expended during the year.

215. In addition to above works in Kadur Division, minor works to the value of about Rs. 3,000 were also carried out under this head.

216. *Chitaldroog Division.—New Ghat Deviation on Chitaldroog-Hiriyur Road.*—Full amount of allotment—Rs. 3,000—was expended during the year; balance of work will soon be completed.

217. Miscellaneous Public Improvements.—*Bangalore Water-Supply.*—Rupees 10,630 or Rs. 1,630 in excess of allotment was expended during the year, bringing the total outlay up to Rs. 5,29,415 against the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 5,48,174.

218. *Mysore Water-Supply.*—The allotment for this project was raised from Rs. 35,000 to Rs. 53,632, of which Rs. 52,854 was expended. The bund of the reservoir, the feeding channel and sluice tower were nearly completed during the year. Total expenditure to end of 1880—81 amounts to Rs. 2,64,216 against sanctioned estimate of Rs. 4,20,823.

219. *Subsidiary Drainage Scheme of Mysore.*—An outlay of Rs. 1,378 was incurred on account of compensation for land taken up. Further investigation and consideration of details of this project are necessary before it can be dealt with.

REPAIRS.

220. Civil Buildings.—Against the budget grant of Rs. 20,000 the outlay was Rs. 19,447. The repairs were confined to the most important public buildings in the Province, the repairs to smaller ones having been carried out by this Department from the grant provided in Revenue budget.

221. Communications.—Rupees 3,91,592 were expended during the year on

provincial road repairs against the budget grant of Rs. 3,10,610. The lapse of Rs. 9,018 was due to the stoppage of some of the works for 3 months of the year under the orders of the Chief Commissioner, the object being to reduce demand on the Treasury temporarily. The roads throughout the Province were maintained in good order during the year.

DISTRICT FUNDS.

222. The grant for District Fund works was Rs. 5,50,236, of which Rs. 4,86,320 was expended, the lapse being Rs. 63,916 or 11·6 per cent of grant. The grant for "Original Communications" was Rs. 75,228, of which Rs. 64,178 was expended. There were 17 roads in hand during the year, *viz.*, 1 in Bangalore, 1 in Kolar, 2 in Tumkúr, 5 in Mysore, 6 in Shimoga, 5 in Kadur, and 1 in Chitaldroog and in addition to these, several new bridges and improvements to existing local lines were carried out. Rs. 1,71,132 were expended on maintenance of 2,652 miles of existing local roads, and in repair of 3rd class travellers' bungalows, musafarkhanas and chattrams.

223. A grant of Rs. 2¼ lakhs from irrigation cess was included in District Fund budget for repair of irrigation works during 1880—81. Of this, Rs. 42,170 were reserved for establishment, and Rs. 11,320 for channel conservancy establishment, leaving Rs. 1,71,510 available for works. Rs. 31,920 were expended on repairs of 743 miles of river channels and Rs. 1,10,110 on tanks. The number of tanks dealt with were 314, giving an average expenditure of Rs. 351 per tank. In addition to above a sum of Rs. 7,171 was expended on tank and channel repairs from cash contributions paid by ryots.

224. CIVIL BUDGET.—The outlay on the construction and repair of the numerous small buildings defrayed from the grant from Civil budget was Rs. 76,005 None of the works are of sufficient importance to call for special remarks.

225. CONSERVANCY OF CHANNELS.—The cost of the Conservancy Establishment was Rs. 10,613, whilst the expenditure incurred upon the repairs of the channels, including contributions by ryots, amounted to Rs. 36,577. The revenue derived from the channels was Rs. 3,91,717, being an increase of Rs. 10,310 over that for the previous year. The channels were kept in good order, and a full supply of water maintained in them throughout the irrigation season.

ESTABLISHMENT.

226. The total charges under this head were Rs. 3,89,613 distributed against Foreign Funds, District Funds, and Revenue budget grants, in the proportion noted in Budget Estimate. The total expenditure supervised by the establishment being Rs. 16,72,828 as shown in para 169 the percentage for the year was 30·36 on works alone, and 23·29 on the total outlay, against 41·4 per cent on works in 1879—80. A charge of about Rs. 10,000 on account of furlough allowances of Imperial officers was debited to this head.

227. The following changes occurred in the establishment during the year :—

The undermentioned Engineers of the Imperial Establishment were transferred to other Provinces from dates specified opposite their names :—

Mr. A. R. Lilley, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Assam, 3rd July 1880.
Mr. G. W. Winckler, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Assam, 1st July 1880.
Mr. A. Stoddard, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, British Burmah (Furlough for 2 years from 30th June 1880).
Mr. A. B. Todd, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Assam, 17th April 1880.
Mr. C. W. Lewis, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Assam, 26th April 1880.
Mr. G. J. Perram, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, Central Provinces, 22nd February 1881.
Mr. A. B. Gatherer, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, British Burmah. (One year's furlough from 22nd March 1881).
Mr. F. Sharp, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, was transferred to Coorg Division on 24th October 1880.

Messrs. D. Sitaram Rao and D. Ranga Rao, passed students from the Local School of Engineering and Natural Science, were appointed Apprentice Engineers and brought on the local establishment of this Department with effect from 22nd August and 2nd September 1880, respectively.

Among subordinates, Sub-Conductor J. C. Johnson, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, was allowed to retire on pension with effect from 1st September 1880, and C. Kadarvelu Mudaliar, Overseer, 3rd Grade, was removed from the Department in February 1881. Mr. Faraday, Overseer, 3rd Grade, was reduced to Sub-Overseer from 1st February 1881. Mr. F. H. Domingo, Overseer, 1st Grade, died on 5th February 1881.

The following men were selected from the Lower Subordinate Establishment to fill some of the above vacancies :—

Mr. J. D. McLeod, Overseer, 3rd Grade, 6th February 1881.
N. Ranga Rao Do 1st March 1881.
Mr. C. Vigor, Overseer, was transferred from Mysore State Railway to this Department from 14th February 1881.

GENERAL REMARKS.

228. In para 169 it is stated that the total grant placed at disposal of this Department from all sources was Rs. 17,10,160, and the total expenditure against the same Rs. 16,32,316, so that there was a short outlay of Rs. 77,844 during the year ; but the actual lapse, or amount short-spent on *Works*, was no more than Rs. 54,288, the difference Rs. 23,556 being savings on establishment. The whole of this lapse occurred under District Funds and Civil Budget, there having been an excess outlay of Rs. 760 under Foreign Funds. Under District Funds proper, the lapse was Rs. 16,510, under Irrigation Cess Rs. 29,480 and under Revenue Budget Rs. 9,058. The lapse under the two former heads (Rs. 45,990) was large, but is a great improvement on previous years. In 1879—80, the lapse on works was Rs. 88,000 and in 1878—79 under Revenue officers it was Rs. 78,000. The bulk of the District Fund lapse during 1880—81 occurred in Mysore, Hassan and Chitaldroog Divisions, and is attributed principally to want of labor. Under Irrigation Cess comparatively large lapses occurred in all the Divisions except Hassan and Kadur, and the explanation given for the same by Executive Engineers cannot be considered satisfactory. It is evident that a sufficiently close watch had not been maintained on the progress of works under this head, in these Divisions. The Kadur Division has done well under all heads, having exceeded the grant placed at its disposal by Rs. 6,514.

MYSORE STATE RAILWAY.

229. The original budget grant for the year 1880—81, Rs. 15,00,000, was increased in the regular estimate to Rs. 15,85,500.

230. The net outlay during the official year amounted to Rs. 15,57,253 after crediting a payment of Rs. 52,881-7-9 from the Madras Railway Company on account of the Pettah extension.

231. This extension (Broad Gauge) was transferred to the Madras Railway Company on 1st October 1880 free of cost up to formation level.

232. On 1st February 1881 the section between Bangalore and Channapatna (35 miles) was opened to traffic, and on 20th March 1881 at the time of the Installation, a further length of 23 miles as far as Mandya was opened for passenger traffic.

233. As regards progress of the line under construction beyond Mandya—

Earthwork was completed with the exception of the gaps near bridges.

Minor Bridges.—Nearly $\frac{5}{6}$ths were completed.

Major Bridges.—On the open line as far as Mandya the temporary bridge over Mallur river was in use and the road bridges already existing at the Shimsha and

Hebballa rivers were converted into railway crossings at a small cost, and on the unopen line between Mandya and Mysore the foundations of all large bridges were filled in and superstructure fairly advanced.

Ballasting of the 1st 25 miles was fully completed and from 26 to 46 miles nearly completed during the official year. The line from the 47th mile to Mandya was partially ballasted. On the whole $\frac{2}{3}$rds of the work had been completed under this head.

Permanent Way Material and Stores.—The delivery of 60 miles indented for in 1879—80 had been nearly completed. The final indent for complete equipment of the line was forwarded by the Government of India to the Secretary of State under Despatch No. 147 of 19th October 1880.

234. In December 1880 permanent way material sufficient for about 9½ miles was received from Bombay, and a second consignment of about 30 miles of permanent way materials was received in Madras from Kurrachee at end of official year.

235. *Station Buildings.*—Fair progress had been made and sufficient for traffic purposes had been completed.

236. *Locomotive Carriage and Wagon Stock.*—A supplementary indent for 10 locomotive engines of a powerful type was also submitted, as the tank engines, Class A, supplied under 1st indent, were found to be unsuitable for the grades and curves of the line.

237. Two first class, 1 composite, 2 second class and 14 third class carriages, 4 brake vans, 5 covered goods, 55 low sided and 4 high sided wagons were erected.

238. *Construction Establishment.*—Two Assistant Engineers and one Overseer were transferred to other Railways and one Overseer rejoined the Local Public Works Establishment of Mysore. Reduction was also made in Office Establishments.

239. An abstract of actual receipts from public traffic is appended, Statement III C showing that 20,749 passengers had used the line during February and March with total earnings of Rs. 13,219.

POST OFFICE.

240. The Department has been throughout the year under Mr. Murry Gungiah, who continues to bring to bear on his work the same zeal and energy of which the first year of his charge gave promise. The plan of extending postal communication in the interior by opening village offices under the Hobli Schoolmasters has been pursued with some success. Twenty-one such offices opened, together with three new receiving-houses, has raised the total number of anche offices in the Province from 156 to 180.

241. Two new lines have also been opened, one from Vastara to Koppa in the Kadur District brings the rising locality at Koppa, where the progress of coffee cultivation is doing much to increase the importance of the place, into much more direct communication with Chikmagalur, the head-quarters of the District, and experimentally begun as it has been, this line is likely to prove of such advantage and convenience as to require its permanent maintenance. The other line from Maddagiri in Tumkúr to Pavagada in Chitaldroog brings the latter taluk into much closer communication with Bangalore. Access to Pavagada was extremely circuitous. This line runs through a part of British Territory, including the taluk town of Madaksira in the Bellary District, and it must be of considerable utility to the inhabitants of that place. The cost of maintaining so much of the line as falls within the Bellary District is borne by the Imperial Post Office, and it is of further advantage as affording another connecting link between the two systems.

242. The new line just mentioned has been opened without increased cost because the opening of part of the Mysore State Railway, though the length of line run is but small yet, and the time of starting the train from Bangalore does not admit of the Railway being used for letters to Mysore, has enabled the Bakshi to reduce the road staff between Bangalore and Mysore, the Railway being used for bhángis both to

and from Mysore and for letters coming from Mysore to Bangalore. When the line is open throughout a further reduction will be practicable and the Bakshi will then be able to open more lines of post in the interior, in places where they are much wanted, without extra cost. The increased length of postal line thus opened during the year was 124 miles, the total length run being 2,477 miles.

243. The immediate result of this extension of postal communications is seen in the increase of private correspondence: the number of paid letters which have been carried having risen by 6·15 per cent, or from 1,099,763 to 1,167,425. This is due too, in all probability, as the Bakshi remarks, to an improvement in trade and the recovery of the Province from the depression of the late famine, as is better exemplified by the larger increase in the number of paid packets and newspapers, almost 13 per cent, and the greater number of letters, &c., exchanged with the Imperial Post.

244. The very marked increase in the number of parcels carried, equal to 65 per cent over the number of the preceding year, is due to exceptional causes. At the beginning of the year the postage on parcels was very considerably reduced. All parcels carried from or to the Imperial Post which do not weigh more than 40 tolas are taken free by the Anche, as all letters under similar circumstances are; on heavier parcels interchanged with the Imperial Post and on parcels carried wholly by the Anche the charge is now one-half of the Imperial rates. The benefit to the public is displayed in the large increase of parcels carried: and though the receipts from that source are less by 1,000 Rs. the convenience to the public has been cheaply bought.

245. The extension of postal communication in Mysore still suffers from the inability of the Anche Department to introduce the system of paying correspondence by labels, and the introduction of post cards has only been possible to a very limited extent. Like letters, post cards are freely interchanged with the Imperial Post, but Mysore gets none of the revenue derivable from them. Cards may also be posted in Imperial Offices established in Mysore for delivery by the Anche in the interior, but from places where no Post Office exists they cannot be taken and the number used entirely within Mysore has only been 3,529, on which the Province has realized Rs. 18 as its share of the revenue. As far as can be, however, the system of the Anche is made to follow that of the Post, and improvements introduced in the latter are adopted whenever possible by the former. In the latter half of the year the plan of returning the receipt of the receiver of a registered letter, on payment of one anna, was adopted, and this produced a small revenue.

246. In the number of official covers carried by the Anche there has been a slight increase, owing mainly to the forms and circulars sent out in connection with the census, but it is a satisfactory sign that the total number of official covers 1,221,270, is somewhat less than the total of the private paid correspondence. Their bulk is of course greater, and the nominal postage, at Imperial rates, (which however is not actually realized, as they are franked and carried free) is considerably in excess of the realizations on private correspondence. It reflects credit on the Department that all the packets containing the census forms were delivered by the Anche without a single case of delay or miscarriage.

247. The year's receipts accruing from private correspondence and miscellaneous sources amount to Rs. 51,826, being an increase of Rs. 2,003 over those of 1879—80. Expenditure was Rs. 1,59,653 against Rs. 1,56,103, thus showing the net cost of the Department to be Rs. 1,07,827 as compared with Rs. 1,06,280. The increased expenditure was due to a larger outlay on buildings, for though the extension of the post has increased the establishment entertained by 32, the expenditure on that account and on travelling allowances was less than in 1879—80. On Anche buildings however Rs. 8,505 were expended in place of Rs. 3,078.

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(4.) STATE REVENUE.

248. The total demand for the year 1880-81 was Rs. 1,00,93,246 against Rs. 99,29,515 the previous year, thus showing a net increase of Rs. 1,63,731; but there was a net decrease of Rs. 5,23,338 in the demand for the year 1879-80 as compared with that for the year 1878-79; therefore the demand for the present year was less by Rs. 3,59,607 than that for the year 1878-79, as will be seen from the following comparative statement:—

Items.	1878—79.	1879—80.	1880—81.	As compared with 1878—79.		As compared with 1879—80.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue ...	73,00,677	69,75,406	69,31,132	...	3,69,545	...	44,274
Forest	4,51,843	5,29,136	6,97,779	2,45,936	...	1,68,643	...
Abkari (including opium revenue) ...	9,52,082	8,64,621	10,67,035	1,14,953	...	2,02,414	...
Assessed Taxes ...	2,76,444	2,40,707	2,52,826	...	23,618	12,119	...
Customs (Sayer) ...	4,58,537	4,27,437	3,33,020	...	1,25,517	...	94,417
Salt pans	8,713	11,359	23,358	14,645	...	11,999	...
Stamps	5,29,685	5,06,441	4,67,882	...	61,803	...	38,559
Post Office ...	50,347	49,870	51,821	1,474	...	1,951	...
Law and Justice ...	1,24,875	1,11,506	1,09,874	...	15,001	...	1,632
Police	7,758	6,921	5,729	...	2,029	...	1,192
Public Works ...	60,235	42,785	12,085	...	48,150	...	30,700
Mint	6,293	228	224	...	6,069	...	4
Miscellaneous ...	2,25,564	1,63,098	1,40,481	...	84,863	...	22,617
Total.....	1,04,52,853	99,29,515	1,00,93,246	3,77,008	7,36,615	3,97,126	2,33,395
Net.....	...	...	...	...	3,59,607	1,63,731	...

249. The outstanding balance at the close of the year 1879—80 was Rs. 27,93,612, and, as shown above, the "Demand" for 1880-81 amounted to Rs. 1,00,93,246, thus a sum of Rs. 1,28,86,858 had to be collected during the year under report; of this amount Rs. 1,02,70,383 were actually realized during the year; the remissions amounted to Rs. 2,57,089, so that at the close of the year a sum of Rs. 23,59,386 remained unrecovered. The remissions exceeded those of the previous year by Rs. 52,977, details of which are as follows:—

	1879—80.	1880—81.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue	1,67,185	1,99,766	32,581	...
Forests	1,302	1,880	578	...
Abkari	26,476	46,105	19,629	...
Mohatarfa	9,098	7,442	...	1,656
Miscellaneous	51	1,896	1,845	...
Total.....	2,04,112	2,57,089	54,633	1,656
Net.....	...	...	52,977	...

250. It should however be remarked that these remissions include a sum of Rs. 41,467 being the amount of land revenue remitted as temporary remuneration in favor of the Patels and Shanbhogs of the taluks which are still unsettled by the Survey Department. The amount remitted during the previous year on this account was Rs. 51,728. Subsequent reports received from the Deputy Commissioners show that up to September 1881 the balance outstanding on the 31st March previous has been reduced to Rs. 10,03,684, of which land revenue items amounted to Rs. 8,90,886.

251. The details of the land revenue in the Province are shown in the appended comparative statement, from which it will be seen that money assessment forms the bulk of the land revenue :—

Items.	1879—80.		1880—81.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in acres.	Amount.	Extent in acres.	Amount.	Extent in acres.	Amount.	Extent in acres.	Amount.
Money assessment ...	3,943,400	63,15,817	3,938,908	62,34,918	...	...	4,492	80,899
Batayi or division of crops.	6,499	30,217	4,469	24,196	...	...	2,030	6,021
Coffee halat	...	36,712	...	33,611	...	...	...	3,101
Pasture lands ...	...	85,350	...	1,02,531	...	17,181	...	..
Kayamgutta villages ...	...	61,790	...	59,439	...	...	...	2,351
Lightly assessed and whole inam villages ...	...	1,58,122	...	1,66,395	...	8,273	...	...
Inam jodi on minor inams.	...	2,12,488	...	2,17,805	...	5,317	...	...
Sale proceeds of Government lands ...	...	3,607	...	3,306	...	...	...	301
Miscellaneous ...	...	90,771	...	1,16,257	...	25,486	...	...
Total.....	...	69,94,874	...	69,58,458	...	56,257	...	92,673
Deduct $\frac{1}{17}$ of the assessment on account of wet lands in surveyed taluks credited to the irrigation cess fund ...	...	19,468	...	27,326	...	7,858	...	...
Net land revenue ...	...	69,75,406	...	69,31,132	...	48,399	...	92,673
Net.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,274

252. There was a very large decrease in the money assessment during the year, which is accounted for in various ways. In the Bangalore District where the falling off amounted to Rs. 20,789 the main cause was palpably the famine, whilst minor causes were the comparatively unremunerative selling prices of agricultural produce and heavy losses in plough cattle from murrain, and in the Tumkúr District the decrease was due chiefly to excess of relinquishments, either by reason of deaths or desertions, or some other such unremediable causes. In the Hassan District, however, there was a slight increase in the money assessment of lands in that District, but this is stated to have arisen chiefly from the lands irrigated by river channels having been assessed during the year to the full extent found on actual measurement made by the Survey Department. The particulars of the land relinquished and taken up for cultivation during the year are as follows :—

	Surveyed.		Unsurveyed.		Total.	
	Extent in acres.	Assessment.	Extent in acres.	Assessment.	Extent in acres.	Assessment.
Lands taken up	113,991	1,03,369	35,517	67,715	149,508	1,71,084
Lands relinquished	1 34,528	1,39,110	71,225	1,23,543	205,753	2,62,653
Lands resumed by Government consequent on deaths or desertions ...	...	16,011	...	14,592	...	30,603

253. The following comparative statement gives the details of the area under cultivation on money assessment from which it will be seen that, with the exception of garden lands, there has been a decrease under all heads, resulting, as pointed out above, in the loss of Rs. 80,899:—

Class of Land.	1879—80.		1880—81.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in acres.	Assessment.	Extent in acres.	Assessment.	Extent in acres.	Assessment.	Extent in acres.	Assessment.
Dry	3,202,874	27,16,709	3,169,501	27,52,401	...	...	33,373	44,308
Wet	534,879	22,15,310	548,376	21,83,069	13,497	...	...	32,241
Garden	181,665	11,29,693	195,623	11,30,933	13,958	1,240	...	...
Sugar-cane ...	15,374	1,38,693	17,244	1,35,390	1,870	...	...	3,303
Mulberry ...	8,608	35,412	8,164	33,125	...	...	444	2,287
Total.....	3,943,400	63,15,817	3,938,908	62,34,918	29,325	1,240	33,817	82,139
Net.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,492	80,899

254. There has been an increase of Rs. 25,486 under the head "Miscellaneous" as compared with the previous year. The increase is due to a good fruit season, especially of the tamarind, as also to the inclusion of the sale proceeds of a large number of trees standing in survey fields sold in enforcement of the proprietary right in them reserved by Government. The following comparative statement gives the particulars of demand under this head:—

Items.	1879-80.	1880-81.	Increase.	Decrease.
Village amrayi or fruit trees	45,275	66,756	21,481	...
Collections on account of land cultivated but not included in jamabandi	5,126	4,359	..	767
Collections on account of concealed cultivation ...	87	1,216	1,129	...
Collections from inam lands on account of inamdars' absence	1,073	674	...	399
Fees on coffee pattas	436	202	...	234
Sale proceeds of trees on unoccupied lands in surveyed taluks	4,661	13,220	8,559	...
Fees collected on lime-stone kilns...	2,757	2,665	...	92
Additional assessment charged on land cultivated without orders	9,550	4,803	...	4,747
Other items	21,806	22,362	556	...
Total.....	90,771	1,16,257	31,725	6,239
Net.....	...	...	25,486	...

255. The demand under the head "Abkari" amounted to Rs. 10,67,035 against Rs. 8,64,621, thus showing a net increase of Rs. 2,02,414, particulars of which are detailed below:—

Items.	1879-80.	1880-81.	Increase.	Decrease.
Still-head duty on arrack	4,13,228	6,14,048	2,00,820	...
Do on beer	1,390	8,147	6,757	...
License fees	31,795	31,157	...	638
Sale of arrack shops by public auction	8,451	8,122	...	329
Toddy contract, &c.	3,99,225	3,91,407	...	7,818
Ganja do	6,130	4,036	...	2,094
Opium	3,832	5,819	1,987	...
Miscellaneous	570	4,299	3,729	...
Total.....	8,64,621	10,67,035	2,13,293	10,879
Net.....	...	...	2,02,414	...

256. The largest increase of revenue under this head was in the item "Still head duty on arrack," and is accounted for by the large supply and consumption of the spirit during the year, and by the efficient manner in which the abkari department performed its duties and checked mal-practices.

257. There was an increase in all items under the head "Assessed taxes" amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 12,119. The taxes in villages other than Municipalities amounted to Rs. 2,08,598, and the moiety transferred from municipal towns to State revenue amounted to Rs. 44,228, making a total of Rs. 2,52,826 against Rs. 2,40,707 the previous year. The Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore notices the increase in his District as a satisfactory indication of the growing improvement of various industries upon which the prosperity of the District, in fact of the Province at large, in a great measure, depends. The increase, however, is to some extent due to the imposition of a tax on carts in accordance with recent orders, and to the charging of mohatarfa on the houses of ryots who have abandoned agriculture; while in the Chitaldroog District the increase is stated to be due to the increased number of houses built during the year, and to the mohatarfa on certain others, which were taxed below the standard rate, having been raised accordingly, besides several extra looms were opened and carts constructed, which added considerably to the collections. The details of the collections under this head are given below:—

Items.	1879—80.	1880—81.			Increase.	Decrease.
		Mohatarfa in villages other than Municipalities.	Moiety transferred from Municipal towns to State revenue.	Total.		
Taxes on houses ...	1,07,444	92,856	21,860	1,14,716	7,272	...
„ shops ...	63,333	49,868	14,648	64,516	1,183	...
„ looms ...	3,97,000	37,550	3,475	41,025	1,325	...
„ oil mills ...	10,017	8,534	1,579	10,113	96	...
„ carts ...	19,974	19,528	2,666	22,194	2,220	...
Miscellaneous ...	239	262	...	262	23	...
Total.....	2,40,707	2,08,598	44,228	2,52,826	12,119	...

258. The appended table represents the collections from "Customs" or "Sayer," from which it will be seen that there was a falling off in all items as compared with the previous year, by Rs. 94,417. The largest falling off was in the collections on supari or arecanut, and tobacco, while the decrease in the collections on fresh cocoanuts was also somewhat excessive. The collections in 1879—80 from these sources were less by Rs. 31,100 than those in the year 1878—79; therefore the falling off in the year under report, as compared with that year, was Rs. 1,25,517. This continued falling off in the State revenue derived from these sources is no doubt entirely due to the fact that the collection of duty on tobacco and cocoanuts, &c., has been abolished as a State tax, a measure introduced with a view to benefit the people. In its stead, however, octroi collections were authorized in municipal towns, a moiety of which was credited to State revenues, the other moiety being retained by the Municipalities which make the collections. The duty paid on supari or arecanut was not included in the octroi collections referred to but retained and collected by Government as hitherto, and the falling off in that item was owing to the circumstance that formerly the duty at the prescribed rate was levied both on the house grown and the exported article when not covered by a pass in proof of its having previously paid the duty; but during last year the collection of duty was made only at the place of production; hence the great falling off:—

Items.	1879—80.	1880—81.			Increase.	Decrease.
		Sayer.	Moiety of octroi collections credited to State revenue.	Total.		
Supari or arecanut ...	3,54,997	3,15,383	...	3,15,383	...	39,614
Tobacco	36,844	...	7,432	7,432	...	29,412
Cardamoms	5,299	4,812	...	4,812	...	487
Cocoanut { dry ..	2,974	...	2,512	2,512	...	462
Cocoanut { fresh	28,880	...	11,677	11,677	...	17,203
Betel-leaves	18,637	...	6,658	6,658	...	11,979
Miscellaneous	4,233	1,162	...	1,162	...	3,071
Total.....	4,51,864	3,21,357	28,279	3,49,636	...	1,02,228
Deduct amount paid to Inamdars.	24,427	...	...	16,616	...	7,811
Balance credited to Government..	4,27,437	...	...	3,33,020	...	94,417

259. The revenue derived from salt pans worked in the Province amounted to Rs. 23,358 against Rs. 11,359 the previous year. This large increase over last year's realizations is due not so much to an increase in the number of pans worked as to the system of control which was introduced during the year. The practice hitherto adopted of farming out the manufacture of earth salt was discontinued and licenses for each pan worked were issued instead. By this means a fixed charge was imposed on each pan at rates varying in accordance with the productiveness of the locality, and the fluctuation attendant upon the sale by public auction of the right to manufacture earth salt was consequently reduced to a minimum. The rates of the license fee varied from one anna to five rupees per pan. The number of pans worked during the year was 2,812 against 2,339 the previous year, and the number of manufacturers was 2,108 against 2,135. In some Districts, however, there was loss in the revenue from this source, due chiefly to the restrictive measures which have been imposed on the manufacture of earth salt in the Province within a five mile radius of British Territory; and indeed it is feared that eventually under competition of the superior sea salt, coupled with the restrictive measures referred to above, this item of revenue, inconsiderable as it may be at present, will become very much reduced, if it does not altogether disappear.

260. There was a net decrease of Rs. 38,559 in the stamp revenue of the Province during the year as compared with the previous year. The total income under this head amounted to Rs. 4,67,882 against Rs. 5,06,441; the falling off was chiefly in the sale of court fees stamps and labels, which is attributable to a falling off in litigation resulting from fewer pecuniary dealings based on bonds, and to banking transactions being less, while in the Kolar District the downward tendency of the revenue derived from this source is stated to be due to a slackness in all kinds of business, and to "All native banks having failed; owing partly to mismanagement and partly to the reduced circumstances of the people from the famine." The following statement shows the particulars under this head :—

Items.	1879—80	1880—81	Increase.	Decrease.
General stamps	1,48,068	1,45,298	...	2,770
Receipt draft labels	9,369	9,893	524	...
Penalties on other items	12,128	35,520	23,392	...
Court fees stamps and labels	3,36,876	2,77,171	...	59,705
Total.....	5,06,441	4,67,882	23,916	62,475
Net.....	...	...	..	38,559

261. The income derived from the revenue of the "Post Office" amounted to Rs. 51,821 against Rs. 49,870 in the previous year, showing a slight increase of Rs. 1,951. The fluctuations under this head require no special comment. Under "Law and Justice," however, there was a slight decrease of Rs. 1,632 ; the decrease was principally in the items magisterial fines and miscellaneous, as well as in the sale of unclaimed property. The reasons for the decrease in magisterial fines is attributed to a diminution of crime in the Province and to the better discretion used by the Magistracy in imposing fines, while the falling off in the sale proceeds of unclaimed property is due to the simple fact that there was less unclaimed property to be dealt with. The following statement gives the particulars under each item in detail :—

Items.	1879—80	1880—81	Increase.	Decrease.
Magisterial fines	55,547	51,346	...	4,201
Registration fees, &c.	39,555	46,593	7,038	...
Sale of unclaimed property	5,108	3,515	...	1,593
Sale proceeds of Jail Manufacture	5,627	6,250	623	..
Value of convict labor	249	53	...	196
Miscellaneous	5,420	2,117	...	3,303
Total.....	1,11,506	1,09,874	7,661	9,293
Net.....	...	...	...	1,632

262. The realizations under the head "Police" were Rs. 5,729 against Rs. 6,921 the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 1,192. The income from this source consists of savings from the salaries of police officials and fines, which were of such a nature as to require no special comment.

263. Under the head "Public Works" there was a net decrease of Rs. 30,700. This is partly owing to the contributions promised by ryots for tank repairs not having been realized, and to the large amount of refunds granted during the year, which latter show in themselves a difference of Rs. 17,853. Particulars are given below:—

Items.	1879—80	1880—81	Increase.	Decrease.
Refunds	19,401	1,548	...	17,853
Contributions	20,967	6,354	...	14,613
Rent on houses	998	...	...	998
Miscellaneous	1,419	4,183	2,764	...
Total.....	42,785	12,085	2,764	33,464
Net.....	...	...	...	30,700

264. Particulars of demand under the head "Miscellaneous" are as follows and as will be seen they show a net decrease of Rs. 22,617:—

Items.	1879—80.		1880—81	Increase.	Decrease.
Fines (Revenue Department)	10,634		9,026	...	1,608
School fees	20,809		24,079	3,270	...
Sale proceeds of school books, &c.	9,174		11,358	2,184	...
Subscriptions to the *Mysore Gazette*	3,572	6,628	6,182	...	446
Value of private work done at the Government Press ...	3,056				
Travellers' Bungalow fees	6,908		6,088	...	820
Gross revenue of the Island of Seringapatam ...	21,250		23,150	1,900	...
Tolls on bridges	12,837		11,270	...	1,567
Interest realized on Government Securities ...	1,545		1,545	...	...
Produce of Public Gardens	3,785		7,724	3,939	...
Commission fees on Money Orders	984		140	...	844
Savings and fines in Military Local Force... ..	279		1,020	741	...
Interest collected on arrears of revenue	17,755		10,783	...	6,972
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture	3,955		1,260	...	2,695
Sundry receipts	46,555		26,856	...	19,699
Total.....	1,63,098		1,40,481	12,034	34,651
Net.....	...		...	...	22,617

265. Notwithstanding the decrease of Rs. 22,617 in the aggregate collections during the year under this head, as compared with those of the previous year, there was an increase of Rs. 3,270 in school fees, and of Rs. 2,184 in the sale proceeds of school books, &c. The fees collected during the year 1879—80 exceeded those of 1878—79 by Rs. 6,640; this continued increase is a very satisfactory feature and goes to show that public schools are extensively resorted to by the people, and that the desire for education among the masses is on the increase in the Province. The decrease in the interest collected on arrears of revenue is also satisfactory, showing as it does, that, although the rate of interest on such arrears was reduced during the year, the people were not slow to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded them by a prosperous season to pay up their Government demands. The largest falling off was, however, in sundry receipts, and during the last two years the falling off in this item has amounted to Rs. 95,469. This is no doubt due to the fact, as remarked in the previous year's report, that much smaller amounts were credited to sundries from the refund of relief grants and sale proceeds of relief kitchens, as also to the circumstance of there being scarcely any credits in the year on account of the famine, from the effects of which, happily, the Province is fast reviving.

FINANCE.

266. RECEIPTS.—*Land Revenue.*—The total revenues of the Mysore Government in the financial year ending 31st March 1881 amounted in aggregate to Rs. 1,03,00,939 against an estimate of Rs. 1,06,56,000. Those of the previous year 1879—80 were Rs. 1,08,57,000 and those of 1878—79 Rs. 1,20,99,000. They included large arrears of *Land Revenue* which had been deferred during the famine of 1876, 1877, 1878. The amount that was due on this account at the beginning of 1878—79 was—

	Rs.
up to 1876—77	10,58,000
for 1877—78	46,78,000
Total Famine Arrears....	57,36,000

267. The sums realized on account of these arrears amounted to—

In 1878—79	38,80,000
In 1879—80	5,35,000
In 1880—81	1,20,000
Total Collections of famine arrears in 3 years....	45,35,000
The remissions on the same account in the above 3 years amounted to	9,09,000
	54,44,000
The uncollected demands on account of famine arrears remaining at the close of the financial year 1880—81 were thus, approximately	2,92,000

Besides the arrears of land revenue which fell due during the famine, the accounts of the financial years 1879—80 and 1880—81 included collections belonging to each preceding year which had been unavoidably postponed. The realized receipts of the three years may therefore be shown as follows :—

		Rs.
1878—79.	Famine arrears collected	38,80,000
	Collections belonging to demand of current year	52,00,000
	Total Collections in 1878—79....	90,80,000
1879—80.	Famine arrears	5,35,000
	Collections belonging to demands of 1878—79	15,70,000
	Do of current year ..	55,68,000
	Total Collections in 1879—80....	76,73,000
1880—81.	Famine arrears	1,20,000
	Collections belonging to demands of 1878—79	2,33,000
	Do of 1879—80	11,27,000
	Do of current year	57,32,000
	Total Collections in 1880—81....	72,12,000

268. Since the close of 1880—81 a sum of about 10 lakhs has been realized up to 1st September 1881 almost wholly on account of the settlements of the past year. Hence, the receipts belonging to each year independently of famine arrears may be taken approximately at Rs. 67,70,000 for the year 1878—79, Rs. 66,95,000 for 1879—80 and Rs. 67,32,000 for 1880—81. These figures indicate but little progress in the revenue derived from land since the cessation of the famine.

269. *Forests.*—The forest revenue has shown a marked improvement aggregating Rs. 6,80,000 against Rs. 5,43,000 in the previous year and Rs. 4,52,000 in 1878—79. The sales of timber gave an increase over 1879—80 of Rs. 52,000, of which Rs. 17,000 represented the value of timber supplied to the Mysore State Railway. Sandalwood realized Rs. 5,18,000, the largest amount ever attained in one year. Since 1875—76

when the improvement commenced the realizations have been as follows. In 1879—80 the quantity sold was 1,396 tons or 310 in excess of the previous year at the rate of Rs. 338 per ton. In 1880—81, 1,443 tons were sold at an average price of Rs. 387 per ton.

	Rs.
1875—76	3,05,000
1876—77	3,28,000
1877—78	3,75,000
1878—79	3,70,000
1879—80	4,45,000
1880—81	5,18,000

270. *Excise.*—The excise on arrack exhibits an increase of Rs. 70,000, toddy a falling off about Rs. 1,50,000 compared with the realizations of 1879—80; but that year included arrears amounting to Rs. 1,26,000, while at the close of the year under report Rs. 46,000 were still unrealized on the contracts. The decrease is therefore more apparent than real.

271. *Assessed Taxes (Mohatarfa).*—Under assessed taxes (Mohatarfa) the realizations credited to Government are about Rs. 66,000 less than in the year 1878—79 when they produced Rs. 3,36,000. This is partly due to the collection of famine arrears in that year and partly to the assignment of a moiety of the taxes to the minor taluk municipalities since November 1879. The amount thus assigned and the equivalent of which was credited to Government in 1880—81 was Rs. 44,500. The revision of the tax on houses at definite rates not exceeding 7½ per cent on the annual rental in towns, and at a percentage of valuation in taluks, coupled with a prohibition of all exemptions on account of caste or other grounds, has been financially beneficial. The tax realized on houses in 1878—79 under the old system, including arrears, was Rs. 1,40,000, under the new in 1880—81 Rs. 1,29,000 notwithstanding the assignment of Rs. 23,000 to the Municipal Funds. On the whole, including taxes on houses, shops, looms, oil-mills and carts the amount produced in aggregate may be said to have risen, in consequence of the revision, from under 3 lakhs in 1878—79 to Rs. 3,15,000, of which Rs. 44,500 were allotted for municipal purposes, apart from collections amounting to Rs. 52,000 which had been previously given over to the municipalities at the head-quarters of Districts for the support of the Police.

272. *Sayer Customs.*—Owing to a similar assignment of the sayer customs for municipal purposes since November 1879 it was to be expected that the income from the duties levied on tobacco, betel-leaves and cocoanuts would have been reduced by about half, but the Government share brought to account in 1880—81 is far less. The receipts before and after the assignment were as follows:—

	1878—79. Rs.	1879—80. Rs.	1880—81. Rs.
Tobacco	57,800	33,500	7,200
Betel-leaves	22,500	18,200	6,600
Cocoanuts	33,300	30,000	13,600
	93,600	81,700	27,400

273. The unforeseen loss of revenue is a subject which calls for special enquiry. The amount credited to the municipalities in the public accounts were as follows in 1880—81:—

	Rs.
Tobacco	10,800
Betel-leaves	4,900
Cocoanuts	6,300
	22,000

274. The duty on tobacco includes Rs. 7,200 being the special assignment of ¾ths of what was levied in the Mysore Town Municipality. The duty on betel-leaves and cocoanuts allotted to the Bangalore Town was not credited in the treasuries but paid into a local bank, the amount is estimated at Rs. 11,000 the equivalent of which was paid in as the Government share of the duty. The duty on supari (betel-nut) which is the principal source of income under sayer, amounted to Rs. 3,00,000 against Rs. 3,39,000 and Rs. 3,59,000 in the two preceding years, a diminution ascribed to a temporary slackness in the market which has deterred exportations.

275. *Stamps.—General Stamps.*—The revenue derived from general stamps Rs. 1,45,000 shows a falling off of Rs. 17,000 compared with the year 1878—79 when probably the revival of trade after two years of distress gave a stimulus to transactions involving the payment of stamp duty. Compared with the year 1879—80 there is only a small decrease of Rs. 1,000. It may be remarked that since the disuse of one anna general stamp paper, labels of that value being allowable under the Act of 1879, only 5,200 such papers were sold in 1880—81 against 51,300 in the year 1878—79 when stamp papers of one anna were required to be used for various classes of documents. On the other hand the number of one anna labels sold were, in 1878-79, 144,000 and in 1880—81 155,000. The increase of only 11,000 labels of one anna seems inadequate, the decrease in stamp papers of the same value being 46,000. This may however be partly due to another change in the Stamp Law of 1879 by which the minimum duty on pro notes was raised from 1 to 2 annas.

276. *Court Fees Labels.*—In court fees stamps which produced Rs. 2,77,000 there has been a marked decline in 1880—81 contrasted with the receipts of either of the preceding years, which were Rs. 3,39,000 and Rs. 3,36,000 respectively. It appears in every District except that of Hassan as shown by the following figures. The causes will be explained in the judicial section of the report.

Districts.	1878—79.	1879—80.	1880—81.
His Highness' Treasury ..	49	900	..
Bangalore	1,15,482	1,10,056	86,435
Kolar	39,496	35,581	24,905
Tumkúr	20,682	24,984	18,546
Shimoga	31,719	31,749	30,800
Kadur	22,989	24,538	22,146
Chitaldroog	11,218	11,342	9,889
Mysore	80,140	76,679	62,107
Hassan	17,140	21,114	22,571
	3,38,915	3,36,943	2,77,399

277. Further details of stamp revenue will be found in the accompanying statements numbered 3 to 6.

278. *Registration, Post Office, Education, Government Press and Interest.*—The minor heads of receipts, Registration, Post Office, Education and Government Press, show a small but steady improvement. Interest on arrears of revenue has fallen since the return of prosperity; it amounted to Rs. 13,000 against Rs. 21,000 in the previous year.

279. *Law and Justice.*—Under law and justice, fines, &c. produced Rs. 57,000 against Rs. 66,000 in 1879—80 and Rs. 70,000 in 1878—79. Jail manufactures brought in Rs. 12,100 only, while the previous year's sales were Rs. 18,000. The hire of convicts who have been employed on various public works since the increase of the jail population during the famine, has been a satisfactory source of jail income. The hire amounted to Rs. 18,000 in 1878—79 and Rs. 23,000 in 1880—81.

280. *Police and Miscellaneous.*—The receipts credited to Police and Miscellaneous are nominal.

281. *State Railway.*—For the first time the Mysore State Railway which was opened for traffic in the latter part of 1880—81 contributed Rs. 12,418 to the public income being the receipts for February and March 1881.

282. EXPENDITURE.—While the receipts of the year 1880—81 aggregated 103 lakhs the total expenditure was 119¾ or 16¾ lakhs in excess. It was mainly due to the outlay on the State Railway which aggregated Rs. 15,65,000, of which Rs. 15,57,200 were expended on construction and Rs. 7,800 on maintenance.

283. The total civil expenditure was Rs. 85,85,000 including 4 lakhs for interest on the famine debt. The Local Force cost Rs. 7,54,000 and the Public Works Department Rs. 10,70,000. These three sums, which may be regarded as representing the normal expenditure of the year, aggregated Rs. 104 lakhs or one lakh in excess of the receipts, notwithstanding the large reductions in establishment which have taken

place since the year 1878—79 when the Civil Department cost Rs. 100,08,000, the Local Force Rs. 7,85,000 and Public Works exclusive of Railway Rs. 18,45,000. The reduction on these items has thus been, Civil Rs. 14,23,000, Local Force Rs. 31,000, Public Works Rs. 7,75,000 or an aggregate of Rs. 22,29,000. It should be remarked however that the year 1880—81 had to bear some exceptional charges aggregating Rs. 2,12,400 but for which the normal expenditure would have been within the income.

		Rs.
1.	Interest on temporary loans and postponement of the demands of the Government of India	32,000
2.	Installation of His Highness the Maha Raja (in part) ..	52,000
3.	Bonuses and compensation allowances to European Officers dispensed with	56,800
4.	Gratuities on reduction of Police and other Civil Establishments	28,000
5.	Gratuities on reduction of Local Force	800
6.	Bangalore Rifle Volunteers (since transferred to Madras Establishment)	11,700
7.	Amount of specie remittance in Shimoga District plundered.	18,000
8.	Charges for Boundary Commission, Mysore and Canara ..	6,500
9.	Census charges	6,600
		2,12,400

284. In aggregate, the expenditure Rs. 1,19,75,000 exceeded the Budget Estimate (Rs. 1,19,60,000) which was based on the normal and authorized charges of the year by Rs. 15,000 only, an excess which occurred in the Civil charges. Notably the payments on account of pensions Rs. 1,94,500 and gratuities Rs. 76,500 together exceeded the grants by Rs. 66,000. The large increase of expenditure under these heads, consequent on the reductions effected in the Civil Establishments since 1878—79, may be seen from the following figures.

	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.
Pensions	98,600	1,40,600	1,94,500
Gratuities	21,600	54,900	76,500

285. The compensation pensions sanctioned in the year 1879—80 when the reductions commenced, amounted to Rs. 47,304 and in 1880—81 Rs. 37,404 per annum or together Rs. 84,708 per year—a considerable set off against the savings produced by the curtailment of the establishments. The amount of gratuities sanctioned in the two years to the inferior classes of servants in the Civil Departments was Rs. 41,773 and Rs. 28,000 respectively. For the Local Force Rs. 5,761 and Rs. 847.

286. It would be tedious to enter into a detailed comparison of the grants with the corresponding charges ; but it may be interesting to note the principal differences between the expenditure of the years 1878—79 and 1880—81 exclusive of Public Works as indicating the effect of the reductions which have been carried out since the former year. The following figures are therefore given.

		1878-79.	1880-81.
Chief Commissioner's Office Establishment ..		97,500	61,400
Comptroller's do.		30,000	24,400
Chief Commissioner's Treasury do.		29,800	21,400
Revenue Commissioners of Divisions and Establishments		1,16,000	6,200
Deputy Commissioners.	Officers	63,300	57,300
	Establishments ..	1,54,400	1,34,600
Assistant Commissioners.	Officers	45,800	34,600
	Establishments ..	28,100	16,800
Taluk Cutcherry Establishments		3,00,000	2,80,000
Inam Commission ..	Officers	30,300	18,000
	Establishments ..	35,500	23,000
Sayer Establishments		27,800	14,000
Judicial Commissioner's Court		71,000	60,000
Commissioners' Courts		27,700	..
Deputy Commissioners' Courts		32,800	15,000
Bangalore Magistracy and Small Cause Court ..		73,000	53,700
Rural Police		5,21,000	4,85,000
Education		2,26,000	1,62,000

	1878—79.	1880—81.
	Rs.	Rs.
Medical	1,68,000	1,58,000
Forest Establishment	1,16,000	83,600
Local Force	7,85,000	7,54,000
	29,79,000	24,63,000

287. The decrease of expenditure under the above heads between the two years—1878—79 and 1880—81—was thus Rs. 5,16,000. On the other hand, the revision entailed additional charges under other heads :—

Sessions Judges	3,000	1,15,000
Subordinate Judges	78,000	85,000
Munsiffs	1,16,600	1,28,000
	1,97,600	3,28,000

The net decrease of expenditure may thus be taken at Rs. 3,85,600.

PUBLIC DEBT.

288. The following statement shows the condition of the accounts under the head *Public Debt* for 1880—81 :—

(1.) *Contribution for Works recoverable from Ryots.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		1,11,934
Advanced by credit to Public Works Department		7,990
		1,19,924
Receipts by recoveries ..		12,756
Debit Balance ..		*a* 1,07,168

a Of this balance Rs. 10,900 has been authorized to be written off as irrecoverable in the Bangalore District and Rs. 24,000 in the Kolar District.

(2.) *Personal Estate of His Highness the Maha Raja.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		3,58,662
Receipts.—		
Interest at 4 per cent on Rs. 3,20,000 in Government Securities.	12,800	
Miscellaneous Receipts.	10,935	
		23,735
		3,82,397
Disbursements.—		
Construction of a Reception Hall to the Palace at Bangalore.	24,937	
Miscellaneous charges.	8	
		24,945
Credit Balance..		3,57,452

(3.) *Military Assistant's Equipment Account.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880	28,093
Equipment purchased.	35,056
	63,149
Receipts by sales ..	15,881
Debit Balance..	47,268

(4.) *Municipal Funds.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		1,16,636
Receipts		*b* 2,16,186
		3,32,822
Disbursements		1,97,130
Credit Balance ..		1,35,692

b

	1878-79.	1880-81.
Mohatarfa ...	57,500	67,700
Sayer or Octroi ...	48,100	96,800
Miscellaneous receipts.	66,400	51,700
	1,72,000	2,16,200

(5.) *One Anna Cess for Local purposes.*—5,75,576

Allotted to District Funds	3,85,512	
Do. Village School Fund ..	1,38,130	
Do. Local Funds General ..	51,899	
Refunds	35	
		5,75,576

(6.) *District Funds.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1889		71,398
Disbursements by Civil and Public Works Departments ..		3,21,620
		3,93,018
Receipts by allotments from Local Cess ..	3,85,512	
Do Local Funds General ..	50,000	
Ordinary Receipts ..	26,932	
		4,62,444
Credit Balance ..		69,426

(7.) *Local Funds General.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880.. ..		58,898
Receipts by allotments from Local Cess ..	51,899	
Do by recovery of loan made to Chikballapur Municipality	972	
		52,870
		1,11,768
Allotted to District Funds	50,000	
Pay of peons attached to Experimental Farm ..	69	
		50,069
Credit Balance ..		61,699

(8.) *Village School Fund.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		1,10,496
Receipts by allotments from Local Cess ..	1,38,130	
Do by Refunds ..	6	
		1,38,136
		2,48,632
Disbursements on account of Village and Taluk Vernacular Schools ..		1,37,030
Credit Balance ..		1,11,602

(9.) *District Irrigation Fund.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	2,43,266
Receipts	84,010
	3,27,276
Charges incurred by the Public Works Department	1,83,964
Credit Balance ..	1,43,312

(10.) *Miscellaneous Funds.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		2,06,735
Receipts		1,65,772
		3,72,507
Disbursements		1,46,093
Credit Balance ..		*c* 2,26,414

c Balance.

Police Superannuation fund ...	12,969
Surplus funds of Devashtans and Chatrams	72,600
Allowance deducted from sayer and other collections ...	19,817
Small Cause Court Suitors' fund	2,962
Siledars' Stable fund ...	4,621
Chanda fund	43,189
Barr Line Repair fund ...	999
Residency Garden fund ...	430
Receipts of temples under management of Government Officers	45,609
Experimental Farm, Bangalore	4,541
Gumbaz fund	5,178
Cloth Surplus fund ...	5,384
Stallion fund	6,266
European Burial Ground fund	1,377
Sale of Ploughs, Experimental Farm	472
	2,26,414

(11.) *Revenue Deposits.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		2,42,362
Receipts		13,33,860
		15,76,222
Disbursements—		
Repaid	11,19,823	
Transferred to credit of Government as unclaimed ..	1,932	
		11,21,755
Credit Balance ..		4,54,467

(12.) *Judicial Deposits.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		59,374
Receipts		2,03,147
		2,62,521
Disbursements—		
Repaid	2,09,393	
Transferred to credit of Government as unclaimed	848	
		2,10,241
Credit Balance ..		52,280

(13.) *Mysore Government Savings' Bank Deposits.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		2,14,503
Receipts		3,63,022
		5,77,525
Repayments		1,47,791
Credit Balance ..		4,29,734

(14.) *Revenue Survey Advances.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 . ..		328
Advances on account of all expenditure ..		2,12,950
		2,12,622
Adjusted by audited bills		2,20,400
Credit Balance ..		7,778

(15.) *Advances for Survey Boundary Marks recoverable from Ryots.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		3,56,361
Advanced during the year		1,14,004
		4,70,365
Recovered from Ryots ..		1,16,543
Debit Balance		3,53,822

(16.) *Forest Advances.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		12,362
Advances for working expenses ..		1,58,432
		1,70,794
Adjusted by audited bills		1,61,360
Debit Balance ...		9,434

(17.) *Advances for Railway Sleepers and Timber Supply.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		7,997
Advanced for working expenses		29,473
		37,470
Adjusted by charge to State Railway ..	6,999	
To forest working charges	7,753	
		14,752
Debit Balance ..		22,718

(18.) *Opium Advances (Malwa).*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		2,052
Disbursements for cost of Malwa opium purchased		2,293
		4,345
Recredited from price of opium		5,387
Credit Balance ..		1,042

(19.) *Opium Advances (Local).*—

Cost of local opium surrendered to Government		8,868
Recredited by sale proceeds		6,322
Debit Balance ..		2,546

(20.) *Advances recoverable.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..		25,483
Advances on special accounts	2,03,573	
Repayment of loan from Madras Bank ..	1,50,000	
		3,53,573
		3,79,056
Credits in adjustment of ordinary advances ..	1,73,760	
Loan from Madras Bank	1,50,000	
		3,23,760
Debit Balance ..		55,296

(21.) *Suspense Account.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880		81,937	
Disbursements		15,95,032	
		16,76,969	*d* Revenue Survey... ... 49,046
Credits		16,10,378	Palace 10,876
			Civil Pension Paymaster ... 512
			His Highness' Treasury ... 6,157
Debit Balance ..		*d* 66,591	66,591

(22.) *Cultivation of Grass in Cubbon Park.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	2,696	
Receipts during the year ..	770	
Debit Balance ..	1,926	

(23.) *Takavi Advances (Famine).*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	1,08,090	
Disbursements	..	
	1,08,090	
Receipts	19,214	
Debit Balance ..	*e* 88,876	*e* Details of these outstandings have been forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners through the Dewan's Office.

(24.) *Permanent Advances.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	21,283	
Disbursements	660	
	21,943	
Receipts	695	
Debit Balance ..	21,248	

(25.) *Local Loans.*—

Debit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	84,607	
Loans made during the year ..	5,730	
	90,337	
Repayments	15,020	
Debit Balance ..	75,317	A detailed statement of these loans chiefly on Palace account has been submitted to the Local Government.

(26.) *Local Remittances.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	1,84,821	
Receipts	2,05,48,182	
	2,07,33,003	
Disbursements	2,07.36,753	
Debit Balance ..	3,750	This balance has been adjusted in 1881-82.

(27.) *Her Majesty's Treasury.*—

Credit balance on 1st April 1880 ..	35,021	
Receipts	4,92,551	
	5,27,572	
Disbursements . ..	5,17,992	
Credit Balance ..	9,580	Ba.

289. *Cash Balance.*—The cash balances in the Treasuries on the 1st April 1881 amounted to Rs. 34,65,023, *i. e.* Rs. 13,88,775 less than at the close of the year 1879-80 as shown below. In November and December 1880 it became necessary to obtain a loan of Rs. 1,50,000 on deposit of Government Securities belonging to His Highness the Maha Raja's Personal Estate, which was repaid in March with interest at 5 per cent. With the sanction of the Government of India the payment of the

Mysore Subsidy for the months of October, November and December 1880 and certain demands on account of Railway material amounting to Rs. 4,42,500 was deferred. The whole demand was however adjusted with interest at 5 per cent on the appointed dates in the months of February and March 1881, leaving at the close of the year the famine debt only of Rs. 80 lakhs.

Cash Balances.—		Rs.	
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 1st April 1880 ..		48,39,024	
Do of Public Works Department ..		14,774	
			48,53,798
Revenue.—			
Receipt for 1880-81	1,03,00,939		
Expenditure do	1,19,75,043		
Deficit on Revenue and Expenditure		16,74,104	
Public Debt.—			
Credits	3,00,44,340		
Debits	2,97,44,603		
Excess of Credits ..		2,99,737	
Net Excess Expenditure ..			13,74,367
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1881	34,65,023		
Do of Public Works Department ..	14,408		
Total Cash Balance on 31st March 1881..			34,79,431

(*B*).—REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN STATE REVENUE.

290. Particulars of the Local Funds of the Province are given in the annexed table. The demand for the year 1880—81 was Rs. 6,90,082 against Rs. 6,86,724 the previous year, and the collection, inclusive of arrears, during the year was Rs. 7,00,697 against Rs. 6,82,718 :—

Items.	1879—80.		1880—81.	
	Current demand.	Collection inclusive of arrears.	Current demand.	Collection inclusive of arrears.
Local Cess	5,57,748	5,58,581	5,69,085	5,82,821
Irrigation Cess	78,629	73,295	88,816	85,655
Sale of stray cattle and fines	25,589	25,589	19,280	19,280
Ferry collections	6,386	6,881	6,076	6,116
Miscellaneous	18,372	18,372	6,825	6,825
Total.....	6,86,724	6,82,718	6,90,082	7,00,697

291. There was a balance of Rs. 2,48,571 at the close of the year uncollected. There is a gradual increase in the collections of local and irrigation cesses, due chiefly to the progress of the Survey Department in the Province. The difference in the other items as compared with the previous year is due to their own fluctuating character and calls for no special remark.

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

THE CENSUS.

292. The Government of India having decided that a general Census should be taken in India in the early part of February 1881, instructions on the subject were accordingly issued to all Heads of Departments in the Province in the month of June 1880. Special arrangements were made for taking the census in the Bangalore and Mysore towns through the Municipal authorities of those stations, but in the rest of the Province the census operations were placed under the orders of the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, who were held responsible for the successful completion of the work. The census was synchronous and was taken on the night of the 17th February 1881 throughout the country. In order to facilitate the work on the night fixed for the purpose, a preliminary enumeration of the population was made in the beginning of January and was recorded in the schedules, so that on the night of the census it simply remained to examine and correct the schedules with reference to the facts then actually existing.

293. The towns of Bangalore and Mysore were divided into convenient enumeration blocks, and responsible officials employed in the taluk or municipality, associated with the Municipal members and other respectable inhabitants of the towns, were appointed as Enumerators and Supervisors within their respective limits, and were required beforehand to acquaint themselves with the duties that would be required of them. As a rule the schedules were filled in by the Enumerators themselves, but in the case of Jails and Hospitals and other similar institutions, the officers in charge were required to do that work. For the enumeration of the interior of the Province, however, the Village Shanbhog assisted by the Patel or any other leading ryot in each village, was employed. The Shanbhog's charge, even in the surveyed taluks, often consists of more than one village, and contains as large a population as 1,000 or even 1,500 souls. This charge however was not considered too large for the purposes of the preliminary record, which was not required to be completed in a day; but for the enumeration on the night of the final census additional agency was employed in the proportion of 300 persons or 60 houses to one Enumerator; but as it was desirable that a village should as far as practicable form one Enumerator's block, the limit to each Enumerator was extended where necessary to a population of 500 or 100 houses.

294. The enumeration of the British troops was undertaken by the Military authorities, the taking of the census of each regiment being supervised by the Commandant under the general control of the Major-General Commanding the Division.

295. It was expected that this census would show a considerable decrease of population when compared with the record of the last one taken in November 1871. It was known that starvation and disease had carried off an appalling number of people in the famine of 1876 to 1878 and the test census which was taken early in 1878 led the then Famine Commissioner to calculate on a loss of 1,050,000 people. The actual diminution of the population during those years cannot have fallen far short of that figure, for the total in 1881 is 4,186,188, or 869,224 less than the total in 1871; and it is not unreasonable to suppose that from 1871 to 1876 the population was increasing, and that since 1878 also some progress towards recovery has been made.

296. Taking the figures according to Religion it is worthy of notice that the Hindu population has decreased in so much higher a ratio than others. Sects such as Jains, Marvadis and Guzaratis were enumerated in 1871 as Buddhists and they are now treated as Hindus. In comparing the figures of the year's therefore it is necessary to add Hindus and Buddhists together. There are so very few of the latter that no error is caused by doing so. The loss in the Hindu and Buddhist population then is 864,343 souls in 4,820,688 at the rate of 18 per cent on the population of 1871. The Muhammadan loss is 8,517 in 208,991 being at the rate of 4 per cent, but Christians have increased 3,573 upon 25,676. The only District which returned a larger population in 1881 than in 1871 was Shimoga and

the increase in it is but insignificant. The decrease of males has been, as was anticipated, greater than the decrease of females. In the male population there was a loss of 18 per cent on 2,535,924; in the female population the loss was 16 per cent on 2,519,488. The figures now stand at 2,086,842 and 2,100,346 respectively, showing that there are 13,504 more females than males in Mysore now. The District of Tumkúr has lost both absolutely and relatively the greatest number, the decrease of population there being 2,19,056 or at the rate of 35 per cent on the population; next in point of numbers comes Bangalore with a decrease of 159,215 souls, but in relative numbers when compared with 1871 Chitaldroog is the second, the decrease in it numbering 1,55,050 and being 29 per cent on the population.

297. The charges incurred on account of the census from 1st November 1880 to 31st January 1882, amounted to Rs. 21,310 excluding the cost of paper and printing. The allowances to establishments engaged on tabulation work amounted to Rs. 9,599 and the pay of two Assistant Commissioners specially appointed for the duties of the census amounted to Rs. 6,215. The whole of these charges were borne exclusively by the Mysore State.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

298. In the registration of births and deaths of the general population so much improvement has taken place, that with continued careful attention to details it is not unreasonable to hope for a near approximation to accuracy. There were 87,315 births registered, which is at the rate of 20·85 per mille of a population of 4,186,188 the number given by the recent census. This is by far the highest rate ever recorded, and though a real increase has in all probability taken place, and the rate per mille too has an unusually favorable appearance owing to the adoption of the corrected population figures on which it is calculated, there are still two signs by which it may be inferred that the favorable rate is due to more accurate registration. The birth rate for males is in the proportion of 106·52 to every 100 females, a near approximation to that of Great Britain and, for the first time in the history of Mysore, the birth rate has exceeded the death rate.

299. The number of deaths recorded was 79,822 showing a slight decrease of 469 in the returns of 1879. The death rate is 19·06 per mille of the population. The death rate is shown to have been highest in January; after a sudden drop in February and as sudden a rise in March to nearly the rate of January the rate remained steady up to August. Falling then, the minimum was reached in October, and the last two months of the year saw a gradual rise. As usual the greatest number of deaths, two-thirds indeed of the total, was ascribed to fever. Bowel-complaints come next, but at a great distance; and happily the deaths from cholera only numbered 29 and small-pox accounted for only 1,032. There were no epidemics.

300. In the health statistics of the jails considerable improvement has been shown over the returns for 1879. On an average daily strength of 2,403 in place of 3,125, the numbers admitted to hospital and daily sick were 737·41 and 30·60 per mille against 1,010·88 and 42·24. Deaths also decreased, but not in so great a proportion. The death rate in jail was 45·36 per mille in place of 47·36. This is ascribable to a general improvement in the health and condition of the people, exemplified by the decrease in number and gravity of dysentery, diarrhœa, dropsy and other diseases which had been very prevalent and very fatal during the famine. There was also more than ample accommodation in all the jails. The statistics of the Kukarhalli Jail indeed make it appear that that prison was considerably overcrowded; but it is hardly reasonable to apply the same standard of measurement to what was merely a camp-jail, the inmates of which were out all day upon public works, as is prescribed for permanent structures inhabited day and night: besides the huts of which the jail was built were very well ventilated buildings.

EMIGRATION.

301. The following table shows the number of persons belonging to the Province of Mysore, who have emigrated therefrom during the year under review :—

Port of embarkation.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Colony to which emigrated.
Madras	26	8	1	35	Natal.
Pondicherry	60	22	2	84	French colonies.
Karikal	22	4	...	26	
Negapatam	4	2	1	7	Straits settlements.
Total.....	112	36	4	152	

302. No information was available in the Office of the Protector of Emigrants at Madras to show to which of the French colonies the 110 persons who embarked at Pondicherry and Karikal, emigrated. The information as to the number of emigrants of the Mysore Province who have returned to India during the year, is also very incomplete, especially as to those from the French colonies, the Agent for Emigration at Pondicherry remarking that, as no mention is given in the lists of the return emigrants from Bourbon and the other islands, by the Protector of Emigrants at those places, the information cannot be supplied. To Madras, however, 4 persons returned from the Mauritius and Natal; 2 men and 1 woman from the former place, and 1 man only from the latter. These four belonged to Bangalore.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

303. One new 3rd class Dispensary has been opened at Kadur : and several were nearly ready to be established; one 3rd class Dispensary has been raised to the second class by the provision of hospital accommodation; the numbers of Hospitals and Dispensaries existing are therefore 3 of the 1st class, 5 of the second and 12 of the 3rd class. At these various institutions 156,989 patients were treated, of whom 3,515 were in-patients. The average daily sick of hospital patients was 214·23 and the average daily attendance of out-door patients was 1,285·57. These figures show a decrease of 483 cases among in-patients and an increase of 7,442 in the number of out-patients. Take these figures in connection with a death rate of 12·26 per cent of the total number of in-patients, as compared with 16·46 per cent in 1879, and it may be inferred that while the Dispensaries are growing in popularity and the people are learning to make more extended use of their advantages, serious illness among the poor was not so common, and the people's more prosperous condition enabled them to support life while under medical treatment more generally than was the case in the previous year.

304. The report on Special Hospitals treats of the Lunatic Asylum and the Leper Hospital only; both of which are situated in Bangalore, for though the year witnessed the opening of Maternity Hospitals both at Bangalore and Mysore, the operations of those new institutions have not been sufficiently extensive to afford matter of interest for report. The year's operations in the Lunatic Asylum were particularly favorable. Forty admissions raised the total inmates to 178, of whom 31 were cured, and 4 were discharged improved, one absconded and 2 died, thus leaving 140 in the institution at the close of the year. The man who absconded was re-captured. The percentage of cures was unusually high, while the death rate was the lowest that has been recorded during the history of the asylum.

305. In the Leper Asylum 49 patients were treated, of whom 29 were remanents and 10 admissions during the year. Ten were discharged at their own request and 5 died. The death rate is low, and the number treated is also low, only 34 being left at the close of the year. It is regarded as a sign of prosperity when lepers can obtain support without entering the asylum.

SANITATION.

306. The only work under this head which from a sanitary point of view, possesses any claim to importance, is the complete system of drainage which is being gradually introduced into all the Municipal towns in the Province. The class of drain which seems to command most favor is that known as the V shaped pattern. The advantages of this drain over those of the box or other pattern drains are not only to be found in its cheapness or simplicity of construction, but in the fact that any accumulations of filth or uncleanliness at once attract notice. In the Municipality of the Cantonment of Bangalore 4,294 running feet of box and 6,442 of V section drains were constructed during the year at a total cost of Rs. 6,952. In the Municipality of the Town of Mysore V shaped drains to the length of a mile and 144 yards were constructed, of box drains 674 yards, and of rough stone drains 65 yards, at a total cost of Rs. 5,619; this expenditure also includes the cost of altering the drains of such streets as were widened during the year, and of covering others with granite slabs. The construction of drains in the other Municipal towns was not large; but, considering the limited funds at their disposal, the extent of original works executed with a view to improve the sanitation of the respective towns was satisfactory. Stringent measures were adopted to prevent tanks or other reservoirs reserved for drinking purposes from pollution, and wells for the convenience of the people were sunk where necessary. Two large wells are being constructed in the town of Chikmagalur, one of which, when completed, is expected to be capable of supplying the people with 15,000 gallons of water daily.

307. There is still much room for improvement in the system of conservancy in towns, especially in those situated at some distance from head-quarters. The system generally obtaining is to collect daily all filth, sweepings, &c. by means of carts or pack-bullocks at convenient points outside municipal limits, and there to sell or otherwise dispose of the accumulation to cultivators, who use it as manure for their fields. An improved system of conservancy by departmental carts in place of contractors' carts was introduced during the year in Nos. I, II, and III Divisions of the Cantonment of Bangalore, and having worked satisfactorily it is intended to extend the same to all the other Divisions as soon as the Board is in a position to secure the large number of properly constructed covered carts required for the purpose; the total expenditure incurred for the conservancy of the Cantonment of Bangalore, which includes 31 suburbs and covers an area of 11¼ square miles, amounted to Rs. 20,592 during the year. All District Officers are alive to the importance of keeping towns and villages clean, of securing a good water-supply, and of preserving streams, river banks, wells, &c., reserved for drinking purposes from being polluted; but there are in Mysore, as in other parts of India, obvious difficulties to contend with and it has been found specially difficult to enforce on the people the obligations of preserving the water-supply from contamination. However, every endeavour is made by constant and continuous pressure to get the people to abandon, as far as it is possible, their hereditary insanitary practices.

VACCINATION.

308. The total number of persons vaccinated in 1880—81 was 94,010 and the successful cases numbered 73,716 or 78·41 per cent of the operations. The total number of operations shows a slight increase upon the previous year, but a falling off in the proportion of successful cases has increased the average cost of each successful operation from 2 annas 3·25 pies to 2 annas 3·86 pies. Opportunity has been taken by Medical subordinates to inspect vaccination whenever they could; and the result of the examination of 11,938 children showed that 7,373 of them had been vaccinated and 2,072 bore marks of small-pox. The greater proportion of successful operations were performed upon children under 6 years of age.

309. The chief obstacle to vaccination in rural circles seems to be the difficulty of getting Vaccinators in the outlying and less healthy localities, especially in the Nagar Division. Prejudice and obstruction are not complained of except in the Bangalore Municipality and it is significant that instead of paying Vaccinators in the Municipality by results, as is done in the Districts, they receive a fixed salary; possibly a stimulus to exertion such as that system affords might improve the working of the Bangalore Vaccinators.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

310. The records of the past year present a very considerable advance made by the Educational Department. With more expenditure thrown upon Local funds, until they bear upwards of half the cost of instruction, relieving the State funds to the extent of Rs. 62,648, and with economies that have reduced the aggregate expenditure by Rs. 11,554, there have been at once an increase of schools, Government and Aided, and of pupils taught in them, who numbered 42,657, coincident with an increased income, and, what is a most satisfactory feature, an increased income from school fees.

311. The Government educational income was Rs. 1,82,546, of which Rs. 41,633 were collected from fees and the sale of books, the rest being Local fund and Municipal contributions. Hitherto the aid given by Municipalities to education has been exceedingly trifling, but for the future the Middle English schools at Taluk head-quarters will depend upon the Municipality for funds, the fees collected in those schools being at the same time paid to the credit of the Municipality.

312. There were in the past year 1,087 Government and Aided schools teaching 42,657 pupils (38,713 boys and 3,944 girls) and the expenditure of both Local and State funds was Rs. 2,99,399. The Director of Public Instruction contrasts these figures with the statistics of ten years ago when there were 540 schools teaching 20,958 pupils, and he has reason to congratulate himself upon the progress that has been made, the more especially that expenditure has been reduced by nearly 24 thousand rupees although schools and pupils have doubled in number.

313. By far the greatest number (82 per cent of the whole) of the pupils are Hindus, Muhammadans give 10 per cent and the rest are Europeans and Eurasians, Native Christians and others. Again dividing the whole according to the standard of their education, a very few, only 132 pupils, come under university education, 7·2 per cent are classed in secondary and the greatest number, 89·7 per cent are under primary education. This is owing to the well sustained popularity and efficiency of the Hobli schools for Vernacular primary education, in which the number of pupils has again considerably increased. Expenditure upon these schools is met entirely from the Local funds and it is an exceedingly satisfactory feature that so widely extended and popular a means of elementary instruction is firmly established without any expense to the State. The cost of primary education too is exceedingly small. Each pupil in primary schools only costs Rs. 3—13—3 per annum of public money; in secondary schools each costs Rs. 21—0—3, and each university student costs Rs. 199—12—5. Further, the fees paid by the latter class average Rs. 31 per head, so that the net average cost to the State is Rs. 169 per annum. The average annual fee per head paid by the 38,296 pupils undergoing primary education was 9 annas, which, small as it is, further reduces their net cost.

314. The Inspecting agency of the Province remained unchanged, and consists of 4 Deputy Inspectors who visit all Middle and Primary schools at District or Taluk stations, and of Sub-Deputy Inspectors for the Hobli and Hindustani schools. A fifth Deputy Inspector has charge of Bangalore and is also Assistant in the Director's Office.

315. Of the 13 students who went up from the Central College for the B. A. examination six passed, three in the 2nd and three in the 3rd class. For the F. A. 37 candidates presented themselves, of these 18 were successful. Of the 321 students who went up for Matriculation, 8 passed in the 1st, and 118 in the 2nd class; or 34 in excess of the number who passed last year.

316. The Government English High schools at head-quarters of Districts have now all been brought up to the matriculation standard. Arrangements for improving the status of Taluk Middle English schools are under consideration. In para 68 of his Report the Director of Public Instruction gives a list of seventeen of these schools with from one hundred to upwards of three hundred pupils; there are twenty others with numbers ranging from seventy to one hundred.

317. The number of Taluk and Hobli Primary Vernacular schools has risen from 892 in 1879—80 to 907 in 1880—81 with 38,296 pupils as compared with 32,679 in the previous year; of these 785 are Government schools with 30,543 pupils, and 122 are Aided with 7,753 pupils. The fees realized during the year amounted to Rs. 7,680 in Government and Rs. 14,232 in Aided schools.

318. There were at the close of the year 3,077 girls under primary education. Female education is clearly gaining in popularity among the lower classes as evidenced by the fact of several applications having been made for the establishment of new Hobli schools for girls.

319. The School of Engineering has been re-constructed during the past year; this measure was considered advisable on several grounds; among others, the costliness of the institution, the small number of students who availed themselves of the special education it imparted, and the very unsatisfactory results of the examinations held; the changes were carried out under the orders and instructions of Sir James Gordon the (late) Chief Commissioner. Instruction up to a collegiate standard has been discontinued, and it is now limited to that required by Overseers in the Public Works Department, including also instruction in matters relating to the Revenue, Topographical and Survey Departments. A limited number of scholarships have however been provided to aid deserving youths of the Province who may desire to graduate in Engineering in any one of the Presidency Colleges. Candidates for these scholarships are selected with due regard to their educational qualifications, intelligence, character and habits. The school now consists of two classes, the Overseer and Lower Subordinate; in the former there are 22 students and in the latter 6.

320. A Botanical and a Medical school have been opened during the year in Bangalore, the former with a view of affording instruction to Forest students. Weekly lectures are delivered on the subjects of Botany, Vegetable Physiology and Practical Gardening. The Medical school has been opened in connection with the Bangalore Pettah Hospital and is under the immediate control and supervision of the senior Medical Officer of the Local Government: it provides for a three years course of study and is principally intended for training medical subordinates of the lower grade. The arrangements in regard to scholarships of which there are four at present, tenable for five years, are the same as those prescribed for the Engineering school. At the close of the year there were 14 students attending the Medical school.

LITERATURE AND THE PRESS.

321. The value of the books in stock at the end of the year in the Central and Branch depôts was Rs. 75,308, and during the year 47,421 were added at a cost of Rs. 16,027. The branch depôts were supplied with 30,292 books, valued at Rs. 7,580. By the sales of school books an amount of Rs. 18,773 was realized, being an increase of Rs. 4,500 over the amount of the sales in the previous year. One thousand copies of the Sanitary Primer in English and Kannada, and 10,000 of the Kannada First Book were printed by the Educational Department for the use of schools. Several vernacular works, prepared by competent scholars in the Educational Department were offered to the Director of Public Instruction for publication or for patronage, but no special provision existing for this purpose, the offers could not be entertained. Among other works thus offered were an Algebra in Kannada, translation of Money Matters, a classified Dictionary Sanskrit-Kannada, a History of India in Kannada, translation of the Chemistry Primer, Key to Anka Ganita, a Sanskrit Grammar, and others. Mr. Rice, M. R. A. S., Director of Public Instruction, has several important old manuscript works ready for the Press, the publication of which would be invaluable for the study of the language of the Mysore country; some facilities, however, for promoting the local literature, whether by compositions, translations, or editing of deserving works, would, it is considered, prove a great stimulus to the learned classes, and with this end in view the formation of a standing committee to consider some of these questions has been pooposed, in connection with a recent resolution of the Government of India.

322. There were no works on scientific or practical Indian Botany published during the year, beyond a very useful catalogue of plants in the Lal-Bagh, Bangalore, compiled by Mr. J. Cameron, F. L. S., the Superintendent of that institution.

323. The number of works registered in the Province during the year 1880 was 43, consisting of 15 books and 28 pamphlets, which was a considerable advance on the total of last year. There were 5 in English, 25 in the vernacular languages of the country, 7 in Indian classical languages and 6 in diglott. Of those in the vernacular 22 are in Kannada, 1 in Telugu, and 2 in Hindustani, one of the latter being printed in Telugu characters. In the Indian classical languages all the seven works were in Sanskrit; the diglotts were one in Kannada and English, 3 in Sanskrit and Kannada, and 2 in Arabic and Hindustani. Classified according to subject matter the most numerous were religious works, of which there were 11, and of works of language and law there were 8 each. Then follows 5 dramatic works, 4 philosophical, and 3 of fiction; of poetical works there were 2, political 1, and of mathematical 1.

324. The dramatic works consisted of a Sanskrit publication entitled *Dhananjayavijaya-vyayoga*, by a poet named Kanchana kavi. It was a *nátaka* or play illustrating *vyayoga*, or the branch of dramatic composition treating of fighting, and is one of the principal authorities studied for that subject. The hero is Arjuna, the most popular of the five *Páṇḍus*, and the story is based on an incident related in the Virátaparva of the Mahá Bhárata. The work is a small one and was printed in Kannada characters and published at Mysore. The 4 remaining publications were in Kannada, composed in *Yakshagána* metre for recitation on the native stage. The *Chandravali kathe* is a story of the amours of Krishna and Chandravali; the *Draupadi Charitre* and *Kichakavadhe*, printed together, the *Sárangadharana kathe*, and the *Subhadrákalyána*, were all taken from the Mahá Bhárata.

325. The works of fiction consisted of the *Nala Charitre* or story of king Nala; the *Betála Panchavimsati Kathegalu* or 25 stories related by a Betála or demon to Vikramaditya, which have been made popular in English by Captain Burton in his "Vikram and the Vampire;" and the *Parvati Koravanji Kathe* or stories told by Parvati disguised as a fortune teller. Of the four Sanskrit works, three were editions of the *Namalinganusasana* of Amara Simha, or the dictionary generally called *Amarakôsha*: the other work was the first part of a Sanskrit Grammar named *Bála Bodhini* compiled by Periyaswami Tirumalachar of Mysore and printed there in Devanagari characters. Both the poetical works were in Kannada. One was the *Jaimini Bhárata* of Lakshmisa, one of the most admired poems in the language. The subject is the horse-sacrifice from the Mahá Bhárata. The work probably belongs to the 13th century, but its date is stated to be disputed. The author was a native of Devanur in the Banavar Taluk, Kadur District. The other was called *Báġalu-tadiyuva Pada*, the song of stopping the doorway, a kind of merry custom at weddings, where, after the knot has been tied, the guests block up the door-way by which the newly married couple must pass and refuse to let the bridegroom out unless he tells them the bride's name. The song is taken from the story of Krishna's marriage in the Bhágavata puráṇa. The political work was in Sanskrit with Kannada translation and entitled *Chanikya Tantra* Chamatkara; it treated of state craft as exemplified in the schemes of Chanikya, the minister who succeeded in placing Chandragupta on the throne of the Nandas. The two Sanskrit works on the religion were *Akshara Malika Stótra* or prayers of the Brahma Samaj alphabetically arranged and *Navagraha Stótra* or hymns in worship of the planets from old poets. Of the three books in diglott, two were in Arabic and Hindustani, different volumes of *Faiz-ul-Bari*, a translation of Tayasir-ul-Khari, and a commentary on *Sabih-Bakari* or the sayings of Muhammad; the other was *Vrata Chandrike* in Sanskrit and Kannada, containing the prayers to be used at the festivals of different gods. The rest of the works on religion were 5 in Kannada, namely, *Anubhava Rasayanam*, a catechism of Advaita doctrines; *Mohaviveka-rakalaga* and *Panchikarana*, both on Vendánta principles; *Dasara Padagalu* and *Haribhakti Sára*, hymns in honor of Vishnu, The last work of this character was in Telugu, *Akshara Málike*, praises of Siva, alphabetically arranged.

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

325. *Roman Catholic Mission.*—Including 2,027 European and East Indian, the Catholic population of the Province amounts to 20,089 as far as could be ascertained. The Province contains 56 parochial churches besides 2 collegial and 4 conventual chapels. Besides the Bishop there are 23 European Missionaries and 6 Native Priests employed in the Province either for parochial duties or educational purposes. They are all subject to the Vicar Apostolic, as the Archbishop of Goa has no church in Mysore.

326. There are 2 orphanages for Europeans and East Indians numbering (besides 23 pensioned Military children) 69 orphans of both sexes, and 8 orphanages for Natives. The total number of orphans is above 700. Three farms had been lately started for the purpose of teaching agriculture to the famine boys; but on account of the extreme unhealthiness of the locality Mysore farm had to be abandoned. The two other farms situated in the Districts of Bangalore and Shimoga are in as thriving a situation as could be expected from the tender age of the boys. The girls are taken care of in the Convents of Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga and Shethalli. Up to the end of the official year about 40 of those girls have been married, most of them in very respectable families.

327. There are in the Province 8 English schools with an attendance of very near 600 children of all classes and denomination, and 19 Vernacular schools for boys besides 12 for girls, the attendance of both being a little above 1,000 children. The Convent of Bangalore affords superior education to a number of European girls, some of whom are boarders. Attached to the Convent is a large Magadelene asylum open to females of all creeds and classes and an Industrial school for poor women in want of employment. As for the youths of the mission there is an ecclesiastical Seminary and a High school with many boarders both having a large staff of priests and other teachers and both situated at Bangalore.

328. *Wesleyan Mission.*—The Wesleyan Mission has 15 stations in the Mysore Province occupied by 11 European Missionaries, 2 Native Ministers and 15 Catechists. The work of the Mission is confined to the west of a line drawn north and south through Bangalore, the eastern portion being left to the London Missionary Society. Closepet and French Rocks have been recently occupied. The communicants number 636 and the members of Christian congregations 2,123.

329. In connection with the mission there are for boys two High schools with 695 pupils, two orphanages with 233 pupils and 30 Vernacular schools with 2,176 pupils. For girls there are one English school with 39 pupils, three orphanages with 199 pupils, and twenty Vernacular schools with 1,534 pupils.

330. *London Missionary Society.*—The London Missionary Society occupies 5 stations in the Mysore Territory, *viz.*, Bangalore, Málur, Anekal, Dommasandra and Chikballapur. Its operations are carried on by 3 European Missionaries, 2 Native Ministers, 8 Native Preachers and 47 School-teachers. The number of Native Christians connected with the mission is 350. It has also under its care 12 schools, 7 for boys and young men and 5 for girls containing altogether a total of 1,131 scholars, 734 male and 397 female. Of these schools one educates up to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University, 21 having passed at the last examination, of whom one was placed in the first class: of the remaining schools two educate to the Middle, and 9 to the Primary standard.

331. There is also an orphanage containing 23 famine orphans, 8 boys and 15 girls.

332. Much attention is given to the preparation and circulation of school books and Vernacular literature. The circulation during last year amounted to 138,000 copies, chiefly by sale.

MUZARAYI.

*333. The particulars regarding the temple funds and other religious property in the Province of Mysore are as follows:—

Receipts during the year.

		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Money allowances.	In cash ..	2,39,809 5 0	
	In land ..	67,296 2 3	
Private contributions, &c.		29,287 12 2	
			3,36,393 3 5
Add Surplus at the end of previous year....			1,41,894 8 2
			4,78,287 11 7

Expenditure during the year.

			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Hindu and Jain Devasthans or temples			1,87,004 12 2	
Chattrams ..	..	..	57,830 3 0	
Dargas ..	..	..	5,899 7 0	
Matts ..	..	..	55,517 8 1	
Masjids ..	..	..	2,575 15 10	
Langarkhanas ..	..	..	18,587 14 3	
				3,30,134 3 7
Surplus Muzarayi to the credit of the Institutions at the end of the year ..	..	..		1,48,153 8 0

334. The above expenditure includes the following items not provided for in the ordinary *tasdik* of the institutions:—

			Rs. A. P.
Repairs of Institutions	..	..	6,157 6 2
Temple establishment	..	..	2,502 0 8
Taluk do ..	..	..	758 8 0
District do ..	..	..	1,761 2 9
Contingencies ..	..	..	89 9 1
		Total....	11,268 10 8

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

335. The Museum at Bangalore has maintained its popularity during the past year and its usefulness has been increased by the addition of fresh specimens of many birds obtained while the Taxidermist attended the camp of the Boundary Commissioners on the Western ghats. There were but few donations during the year; and the additional specimens added by collection and otherwise amounted to 257, but the available space for additions is but small now, and the Museum has a valuable collection which includes a library of 530 volumes.

336. The average daily attendance of visitors was 1,188, the total being 348,073 an increase of 3,207 over the previous year. In one day during the Dasara festival as many as 13,395 persons attended.

STATIONERY.

337. The total outlay on account of the purchase of stationery of every description amounted to Rs. 61,570, and the total value of the issues during the year under report was Rs. 45,439. Articles of stationery were usually obtained through Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in accordance with the instructions of the Government of India, but that system having been subsequently discontinued, they were procured direct from a private firm in England of purchased locally when urgently needed. Country stationery, however, such as cartridge paper used for

covers, wax-cloth, tape, and twine, were invariably obtained from local merchants, the price being fixed by inviting tenders from all. All the Public Offices in the Revenue, Judicial including Police, the Public Works and General Departments, except those maintained entirely from Municipal and District Funds, are supplied with stationery at the public expense by the Depôt at Bangalore on indents annually submitted by the respective heads of departments in accordance with prescribed rules framed specially for the purpose. The Depôt also controls the issue of the printed forms supplied to the several departments referred to.

THE GOVERNMENT PRESS.

338. The gross earnings of the Government Press during the past year were Rs. 44,130—13—6, (including Rs. 3,028—12—7, the value of type-casting) which exceeded those of the previous year by Rs. 3,901. The cash receipts amounted to Rs. 2,296—5—9. The increase was chiefly due to the large number of revenue forms which were printed during the year, as well as to the printing, &c., of the inam quit-rent registers which were in abeyance from the previous year. The value of work executed at the Press for the different departments is shown below :—

Departments.	Printing.			Binding.			Total.		
I. General—									
Chief Commissioner's Office, General Department	3,818	14	0	1,514	11	2	5,333	9	2
Do do Residency do ...	11	2	0	...	...	...	11	2	0
Do do Stationery Depôt ...	375	4	0	209	11	0	584	15	0
Do do Firyad Department	4	8	0	1	4	0	5	12	0
Anche Department	3	12	0	32	0	0	35	12	0
Gazette Office	11,175	2	0	672	10	0	11,847	12	0
Educational Department	528	2	0	1,777	3	1	2,305	5	1
Medical Department	142	5	0	...	...	...	142	5	0
Miscellaneous	37	11	6	47	12	0	85	7	6
Total.....	16,096	12	6	4,255	3	3	20,351	15	9
II. Judicial—									
Judicial Commissioner's Office including Subordinate Courts	1,894	7	0	649	14	0	2,544	5	0
Small Cause Court...	17	8	0	...	...	...	17	8	0
Jails	64	15	0	...	...	...	64	15	0
Registration Department	190	14	0	153	7	0	344	5	0
Police Department	43	12	0	82	9	0	126	5	0
Total.....	2,211	8	0	885	14	0	3,097	6	0
III. Revenue—									
Chief Commissioner's Office, Revenue Department	3,232	4	0	342	10	4	3,574	14	4
Inam Department	6,632	8	0	25	0	0	6,657	8	0
Survey and Settlement Department ...	110	11	0	...	...	...	110	11	0
Deputy Commissioners of 8 Districts ...	474	9	6	29	10	0	504	3	6
Total.....	10,450	0	6	397	4	4	10,847	4	10
IV. Financial—									
Deputy Accountant General's Office ...	899	1	10	146	2	0	1,045	3	10
Her Majesty's Treasury	103	5	2	42	6	0	145	11	2
Stamp Department...	2	6	0	...	...	...	2	6	0
Money Order Department	58	8	0	13	5	0	71	13	0
Total.....	1,063	5	0	201	13	0	1,265	2	0
V. Public Works Department—									
Chief Commissioner's Office	658	8	0	89	12	6	748	4	6
Superintending Engineer's Office... ...	57	4	0	2	7	0	59	11	0
Examiner of Accounts and Executive Engineers' Offices	1,050	9	0	256	5	0	1,306	14	0
State Railway Department	1,229	4	0	324	4	5	1,553	8	5
Total.....	2,995	9	0	672	12	11	3,668	5	11

Departments.	Printing.			Binding.			Total.		
VI. Miscellaneous—									
Military Department	202	12	0	15	8	0	218	4	0
Municipalities	289	11	0	4	5	0	294	0	0
Government Gardens	210	4	0	45	12	8	256	0	8
Government Press	37	14	6	12	2	0	50	0	6
Coorg Administration	993	2	0	60	7	3	1,053	9	3
Total.....	1,733	11	6	138	2	11	1,871	14	5
Grand Total.....	34,550	14	6	6,551	2	5	41,102	0	11
Add Value of Type-casting.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,028	12	7
Total Receipts.....							44,130	13	6

339. The expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs. 37,023—9—1, which was less by Rs. 1,030 than that of the previous year. The cost of the fixed establishment, excluding the salary of the Superintendent whose appointment was abolished in the month of October, amounted to Rs. 10,116—7—3 and of the "Piece-work" establishment to Rs. 12,651—5—8. Beyond the abolition of the Superintendent's post, there was no change in the fixed establishment, but in the cost of "Piece-work" there was an increase of Rs. 1,640 in consequence of a larger quantity of work, as compared with the previous year, having been executed. The outlay on Europe stores, such as type, chases, rules, mechanical quoins, type metal and other printing materials, as well as paper for the purposes of the *Mysore Gazette*, amounted to Rs. 7,228 against Rs. 9,736 in the previous year. English and Canarese type to the value of Rs. 3,028 was cast during the year at a cost of Rs. 1,912; at a corresponding cost the value of type cast in the previous year was Rs. 2,677.

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STATISTICAL TABLES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. *Area cultivated and uncultivated and Communications.*

Districts.	Total area in square miles.				Un-appropriated culturable waste in acres.			Communications, Mileage of—			Remarks.
	Cultivated.	Waste.		Total.	Remaining last year.	Sold or granted during the year.	Remaining at close of the year.	Water distinguishing navigable rivers and channels.	Made roads, 1st 2nd and 3rd class.	Rail Roads.	
		Culturable.	Unculturable.						Miles. F.	Miles.	
Bangalore	860	818	1,223	2,901	534,801	11,315	523,486	...	511 7	† 60½	The total area can only be accurately given after the whole Province is surveyed by the Revenue Survey Department. The area given in the column "Total" includes both the unsurveyed and surveyed portion of the Province.
Kolar	519	342	1,030	1,891	230,806	11,653	219,153	...	419 4	31½	
Tumkúr	745	1,544	1,131	3,420	1,015,878	28,030	987,848	...	491 6	...	
Mysore...	1,096	164	1,720	2,980	110,320	5,134	105,186	...	563 4	17	
Hassan...	707	201	971	1,879	138,334	9,822	128,512	...	588 4	...	
Shimoga	1,110	433	2,254	3,797	298,042	20,507	277,535	...	...	...	
Kadur	614	376	1,994	2,984	312,869	72,229	240,640	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	1,404	1,613	1,854	4,871	1,089,871	57,483	1,032,388	...	464 6	...	
Total.....	7,055	5,717	11,951	24,723	*3,730,921	216,173	3,514,748	...	3,029 7	109	

* As per last year's report 3,511,828
Add lands resigned &c. during the year 219,093
Total...3,730,921

† Includes State Railway.

I. A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt. The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it, from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked ascent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges.		
	A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Droogs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:— Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate. Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil.
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—the principal food of the people. Pallae—a kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennar, the Palar and Ponar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

3. *Climate.*

Places at which observations were taken and year for which taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks.
					May.				July.				December.							
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
1880.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.																
Bangalore	12·59	25·11	14·0	51·70	88·8	67·3	98·1	55·3	81·	65·2	86·4	61·	78·7	62·2	85·6	53·5	29	62	51	
Kolár	4·83	12·68	12·89	30·40	91·19	69·11	84·	68	79·4	68·25	84·	67·	76·9	65·5	78·	64·				
Tumkúr	8·90	17·2	12·1	37·93	91·60	62·64	93·	61·	87·54	60·61	89·	60.	85·74	63·3	88·	62·				
Mysore	16·19	10·91	19·24	46·34	90·	71·5	99·	67·	76·	63·5	80·	60·	78·	60·5	82·	55·				
Hassan	11·11	13·83	8·29	33·23	Information not available.															
Shimoga	6·96	17·87	7·48	32·31	Do															
Chikmagalur	10·21	15·28	14·42	39·91	83·10	56·63	85·05	56·68	73·28	57 51	73·96	57·51	73·59	63·61	77·41	62·46				
Chitaldroog	4·25	14·13	20·20	38·58	Information not available.															
Total.....	75·4	126·83	108·53	310·40																
General Average...	9·38	15·85	13·57	38·80																

I. B. POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1. *Native States.*

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or feudatory.	Tribute in Men or Money.	Population.	Supposed Gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit Duties or not.	Principal Articles of production including manufactures and mines.

2. *Native Chiefs and Principal Male Members of their families.*

Name of individual and State and family to which he belongs.	Present Position.	Caste or Race and Religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows Primogeniture or not.	Has Male Heirs or not.	Remarks.
						Nil			

I. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF MYSORE TERRITORY.

The Government of the Province was administerd by the Chief Commissioner in the name of the Maha Raja. This Officer was nominated in 1834 *as sole Commissioner in supersession of Joint Commissioners originally appointed in* 1831—32 ; *in* 1843 *the duties of Resident were superadded, that Office as a separate post being abolished.*

Names of Executive Districts.	No. of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population as per Census of 1881.	Chief Towns with Population.	Number of Villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue, Imperial. Land,	Revenue, Imperial. Gross.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Bangalore	15	2,901	669,139	Town ...62,317 / Cantonment ...93,540 ... 155,857	5,504	20	19	17½	11	572	1,03,069	8,59,802 0 8	16,73,922 3 1
Kolar	16	1,891	431,129	Kolar 11,172	5,591	17	17	22½	10½	456	52,793	8,57,633 1 11	9,69,416 3 4
Tumkúr	12	3,420	413,183	Túmkúr 9,989	4,705	13	15	22½	17	535	54,571	7,60,427 3 11	9,17,339 11 9
Mysore	19	2,580	902,566	Mysore 60,292	4,741	23	24	43	22	627	70,252	10,02,615 10 2	14,99,781 15 4
Hassan	14	1,879	535,806	Hassan 5,950	4,965	13	15	22	11	467	53,187	9,54,362 0 10	11,25,389 8 9
Shimoga	14	3,797	499,728	Shimoga 12,040	2,979	16	16	27	19½	480	54,395	12,07,866 7 0	15,69,543 9 8
Kadur	10	2,934	328,327	Chikmagalur 7,088	2,623	11	11	58	24	338	41,397	6,91,671 7 7	9,13,131 0 2
Chitaldroog	8	4,871	376,310	Chitaldroog 4,271	2,162	14	14	48	12	575	55,897	5,96,750 11 2	7,85,639 14 1
							Chief Commissioner's Treasury				32,505	... ...	6,89,085 7 4
Total.....	113	24,723	4,186,188		53,270					4,050	5,20,866	69,31,132 11 3	1,00,93,248 8 6

I D. POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited Houses.	Population (according to Census of 1881.) Men.	Women.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Classification of Population. Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Christians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Sikhs.	Jews.	Others.	Occupation. Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	Prevailing language.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.	Remarks.
Bangalore	108,466	330,820	333,319	669,139	230	593,612	55,58	19,917	8	11	...	...	...	204,014	465,125			
Kolar	77,633	228,193	232,936	461,129	243	439,598	20,664	869	...	...	...	...	...	210,197	250,932			
Tumkúr	90,822	208,253	209,930	418,183	120	395,443	17,120	603	1	...	6	...	...	190,151	223,032			
Mysore	138,912	443,179	459,387	902,566	353	859,001	40,916	2,603	...	36	10	...	...	261,535	641,031			
Hassan	100,368	261,416	274,390	535,806	285	522,214	11,155	2,393	...	...	25	1	18	237,412	298,394			
Shimoga	85,365	259,296	240,432	499,728	131	476,678	27,574	1,473	...	...	...	...	...	202,114	297,614			
Kadur	60,893	169,668	158,659	328,327	110	313,290	13,789	1,245	...	...	...	...	3	128,956	199,371	Kanarese.		
Chitaldroog	76,751	190,017	186,293	376,310	77	362,502	13,665	143	...	...	...	...	...	146,323	229,987			
Total.....	733,200	2,085,842	2,100,346	4,186,188	169	3,956,336	200,484	29,249	9	47	41	1	21	1,580,702	2,605,486			

I. E. FISCAL.

1. *The Survey and Settlement.*

Area previously surveyed in miles, up to 31st March 1880.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year ending 31st March 1881 with cost per mile.		
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	Revenue. By Villages.	Revenue. By Fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
27,069	* 10,102	15,578	905,075	Nil.	34—15—7.	20,661 miles at Rs. 157—10—9 per mile.	820	3,437·7 (*a*) at Rs. 24—0—5 per square mile.	935 miles at Rs. 261—4—0 per mile.

Note.—Cost of classification and settlement is included in cost per mile shown in columns 7 and 10 above.
(*a*) The cost per square mile of the present year's work is approximate only.

* Also 83—9 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches = 1 mile.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in Miles.	Annual Revenue assessed.	Date of expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
Settled in perpetuity	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
For 30 years	13,578	37,97,170	1894—95, 1900—1, 1901—2, 1902—3, 1096—7, 1907—8, 1908—9 & 1905-6, 1908-9, 1906-7.	
For 10 years and ended 30...	Nil.	Nil.	Nil	
Do do 10...	Do	Do	Do	
Do in progress	Do	Do	Do	
Total up to 31st March 1880.....	13,578	37,97,170	...	
Settlement previously made including full record of rights	Nil.	Nil.	Nil,	
Do without record	Do	Do	Do	
Settlement during the year Detailed	1,503	4,09,181	1905—6, 1906—7, 1908—9.	Settlements introduced during the field season of 1881 were made to take effect from 1st April 1881 and will appear in the return of the year 1881—82.
Settlement during the year Summary	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

2. *Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1880—81.

Districts.	Cultivated. Irrigated. By Government works.	Cultivated. Irrigated. By Private individuals.	Cultivated. Unirrigated.	Total.	Uncultivated. Grazing lands.	Culturable.	Unculturable waste.	Total Area assessed, Columns 5 and 7.	Assessment. Gross Amount. Land Revenue of the extent shown in Column 5.	Gross Amount. Grazing land.	Gross Amount. Total.	Rate per Acre on cultivation.	Rate per Acre on culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Chitaldroog	22,285 9	41,765 37	763,326 19	827,377 25	436,935 20	1,032,384 14	749,725 26	1,859,761 39	5,43,692 1 1	17,921 15 1	5,61,614 0 2	... 10 6		
Shimoga	209,217 22	24,953 1	312,928 36	547,099 19	661,530 19	382,651 39	762,606 6	929,751 18	10,88,118 0 0	15,640 9 6	11,03,758 9 6	1 15 10		
Tumkúr	23,583 38	46,246 28	291,315 24	361,146 10	248,217 15	481,964 10	377,730 23	843,110 20	5,36,991 3 7	12,643 0 6	5,49,634 4 1	1 7 9		
Bangalore	14,917 18	6,680 8	157,008 7	178,605 33	110,850 39	110,121 39	125,646 8	288,727 32	2,84,690 8 6	10,196 3 4	2,94,886 11 10	1 9 5		
Kolar	8,117 17	7,027 6	35,632 22	50,777 5	45,508 21	55,023 23	66,956 15	105,800 28	1,19,886 12 1	1,107 0 0	1,20,993 12 1	2 5 8		
Hassan	15,352 27	5,824 3	69,431 20	93,608 10	79,536 30	74,646 9	67,954 31	168,254 19	1,58,138 15 7	3,381 1 6	1,61,520 1 1	1 11 0		
Kadur	79,034 25	21,013 2	207,415 11	307,462 38	506,762 39	333,159 4	367,416 1	640,622 2	5,79,275 1 9	7,651 2 3	5,86,926 4 0	1 14 1		
Total.....	372,508 36	156,510 5	1,837,058 19	2,366,077 20	2,089,342 23	2,469,951 18	2,518,035 30	4,836,028 38	33,10,792 10 7	68,541 0 2	33,79,333 10 9	1 6 4		

I. E. FISCAL.

3. *Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Estates.	Number of Villages.	Number of Holders and Share-holders.	Gross Area in Acres.	Average Area of each Estate.	Average Assessment of each Estate.	Revenue Rate per Acre.	Supposed Net Profit per Acre.
Correct information not available.								

4. *Varieties of Tenure not held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Holdings.	Average Area of each Holding.	Average Rent of each Holding.	Average Rent Rate per Acre.
Correct information not available.				

5. *Register of Transfers.*

Nature of Tenure transferred.	Number of Transfers recorded.			Average Area in Acres of each holding transferred.		
	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.
Correct information not available.						

I. E. FISCAL.

6. *Land Revenue for the year* 1880—81.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue for 1879—80.		Revenue for 1880—81.		Cost of Collection.	Net Collection during the year.	Outstanding Balance.	Number of Sales for Arrears of Revenue.	Revenue of Estates sold.	Cause of Increase or Decrease of Revenue with explanation of any items realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
From settled estates bearing revenue in past year (Jodi, Kayamgutta and Minor Inams)	4,15,721 12 5		4,32,399 12 3							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the present year ...	16,677 15 10		11,239 9 0							
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during the present year ...	... ...		... ...							
Collections from Government estates (Ryotwar)	63,15,817 1 4		62,07,591 15 10							
Income from sale of Government estates	3,607 3 8		3,306 5 1							
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	2,45,050 3 10		2,76,595 1 1							
Total.....	69,94,874 5 1	55,68,716—6—2	69,31,132 11 3	56,96,249—13—8 *	5,62,789-8-9	51,33,460-4-11	11,93,415-2-4	5,904	67,683—0—3	

* Exclusive of remissions granted, *viz.* Rs. 41,467—11—3.

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

1. *Statement of Acts of the Indian Legislature extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880—81.

Title of Act.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date on which extended.
Act XIV of 1880—The Indian Census Act		An Act to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the census.	Government of India, Foreign Department Notification No. 15 G. J., dated 23rd December 1880.

2. *Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province of Mysore during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending, why, and in what state.
		Nil.			

3. *Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the Chief Administrative Authority of the Province of Mysore for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Bill.	Date, Result, or present Position of the proposed Bill.
	Nil.		

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CIVIL AND CRIMINAL.)

1. *Statement showing the Number of Judicial Divisions and the Number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year* 1880 *with the cost of Tribunals.*

Name of Province.		Area.	Population.	Number of Divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of Districts.	Number of Districts.	Number of Sub-Districts.	Total Number of Officers exercising Original or Appellate Jurisdiction.					Total Number of Cases decided.				Total Receipts of the Courts.	Total Charges of the Courts.	Remarks.
							Judges of Chief Court of Province.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of Districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other Subordinate Courts.	Original.		Appeals.				
												Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Province of Mysore. Territory subject to the Judicial Commissioner's Court	Civil ...	27,103	5,055,412	3	8	...	1	...	3	9	22	17,461	5,063	1,090	124	39,061—4—8	8,73,521-2-5	
	Criminal ..	27,103	5,055,412	3	8	...	1	3	8	49	72	10,076	763	530	13	27,481—14—2	2,87,004-5-8	

Grades of Courts.		Original.		Appellate.	
		Criminal.	Civil.	Criminal.	Civil.
Native Officers ...	Peshkars and Sheristadars	2	...	...	...
	Amildars	70	...	..	...
	Munsiffs	20	22	1	...
	2nd Magistrate of Bangalore Town and Cantonment.	1	...	...	...
	Town Magistrate, Mysore ...	1	...	...	...
	Subordinate Judges	6	8	3	8
	General Assistant Commissioners ...	16	...	8	...
	Deputy Commissioners	5	...	5	...
	District and Sessions Judges ...	1	1	1	1
European Officers...	Town and Cantonment Magistrate and Judge of Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	1	1	1	...
	Deputy Commissioners	3	...	3	...
	District and Sessions Judges ...	2	2	2	2
	Chief Judge of Mysore	1	1	1	1
	Total.....	120	35	25	12

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

2. *Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each Class of Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Description of Offences.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year	Number of Persons—					Remarks.
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences against the State, Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do relating to the Army and Navy, Chapter VII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do against the public tranquillity „ VIII	133	122	123	634	258	376	...	...	
Do by or relating to public servants „ IX.	40	36	38	51	32	19	...	...	
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants. „ X.	80	72	79	130	49	80	...	1	
False evidence and offences against public justice. „ XI.	101	92	106	129	52	77	...	...	
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps „ XII.	36	31	29	39	17	22	...	...	
Do relating to weights and measures „ XIII.	35	34	35	64	32	32	...	...	
Do affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals „ XIV.	248	215	218	581	166	415	...	...	
Do relating to religion „ XV.	8	8	7	21	14	7	...	...	
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI ... — Offences affecting life ...	139	104	139	168	82	84	...	2	
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and the concealment of births.	70	46	61	66	34	26	1	5	
Hurt ...	1,488	1,216	1,239	2,443	1,411	1,017	...	15	
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	370	279	297	651	477	169	1	4	
Criminal force and assault ...	1,990	1,926	2,000	3,928	2,896	1,029	1	2	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labor	33	20	24	37	28	5	...	4	
Rape	21	14	21	19	14	5	...	...	
Unnatural offence ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Offences against property, Chapter XVI. — Theft	2,330	1,539	1,548	2,283	971	1,293	4	15	
Extortion	34	28	30	77	69	8	...	...	
Robbery and dacoity ...	208	123	144	490	302	158	17	13	
Criminal misappropriation of property	108	95	103	132	80	51	...	1	
Criminal breach of trust ...	154	123	141	164	71	79	1	13	
Receiving of stolen property.	65	47	57	91	46	45	...	...	
Cheating ...	59	59	52	62	34	25	...	3	
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	4	3	2	4	2	2	...	...	
Mischief ...	351	303	327	580	405	173	...	2	
Criminal trespass ...	719	414	421	940	553	378	...	9	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks Chapter XVIII...	41	37	52	52	40	7	...	5	
Criminal breach of contracts of service „ XIX...	4	4	4	5	4	1	...	...	
Offences relating to marriage „ XX...	57	52	67	77	57	19	...	1	
Defamation „ XXI...	37	24	25	74	67	7	...	...	
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance „ XXII...	615	593	606	934	600	327	...	7	
Offences under special and local laws ...	2,078	2,036	2,055	4,063	755	3,306	...	2	
Total.....	11,656	9,695	10,050	18,989	9,618	9,242	25	104	

3. *Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Mysore during* 1880.

Nature of Proceedings.	Total Number of Cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of Persons concerned.	Number of Persons discharged.	Number of Persons convicted.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chapter XVI, Section 209	186	275	98	177	
2. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter XXVI	...	...	...	...	
3. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XXVIII	11	23	1	22	
4. Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXIX, Section 414	2	2	...	2	
5. Contempts of Court under Chapter XXXII	1	1	...	1	
6. Proceedings under Chapter XXXVII to prevent breach of the peace	8	25	4	21	
7. Security for good behaviour under Chapter XXXVIII	54	139	42	97	
8. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter XXXIX	10	19	14	5	
9. Possession, Chapter XL	17	21	13	8	
10. Maintenance, Chapter XLI	70	71	34	37	
Total.....	359	576	206	370	

4. *Statement showing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore during* 1880.

Class of Courts.	Total Number of persons under trial.	Persons whose Cases were disposed of.					Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.		Committed or referred.					
				On regular trial.	On summary trial.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Village Officers	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Special Magistrates under Section 42	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	10·50	7	
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	25	...	13	12	...	...	...	15	6·56	101	
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ...	18,517	15	9,235	6,358	2,423	393	93	9,657	3·8	33,470	
Subordinate Magistrates — Benches of Magistrates	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District and Divisional Magistrates,—Cases referred under Section 46, C. P. C.	59	...	14	45	...	...	...	35	1·0	3	
Chief Magistrates of Districts	347	...	162	109	53	22	1	160	4·18	855	
Courts of Sessions	452	10	194	238	...	...	10	206	1·75	1,448	
Superior Courts (Judicial Commissioner)	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	3·0	8	
Total.....	19,404	25	9,618	6,766	2,476	415	104	10,076	3·59	35,892	

5. *Statement showing the Punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Class of Tribunal.	Persons sentenced to—								Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace, or sureties for good behaviour.	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.	Detail of Punishment.															Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a Reformatory School.
				Imprisonment.							Fine.									Imprisonment.					Whipped.			
	Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.			Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Special Magistrates under Section 42 ...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	...	...	...	3	...	...	9	..	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	149-0-0	149-0-0	30-0-0	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ...	...	...	...	1,447	230	...	7,163	271	78	73	6,520	575	46	17	5	...	44,314-5-6	39,021-3-6	3,947-0-9	696	839	215	...	...	75	119	77	1
Subordinate Magistrates. Benches of Magistrates ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...
District and Divisional Magistrates																												
Cases referred under Section 46 C. P. C.	...	...	...	33	2	...	10	6	...	...	2	6	1	1	...	...	617-0-0	174-5-7	...	1	15	19	...	...	2	4	...	...
Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	...	...	...	73	3	...	89	6	30	21	39	30	10	8	2	...	7,620-0-0	5,231-12-2	2,396-10-4	3	34	60	...	...	2	3	1	...
Courts of Sessions	14	22	...	194	4	...	72	1	...	...	3	43	16	7	3	...	7,756-12-6	6,198-6-7	155-13-4	1	21	49	118	9	...	...	1	..
Superior Courts, Judicial Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	500-0-0	....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	14	22	...	1,752	241	...	7,344	284	108	94	6,568	659	73	34	10	...	60,957-2-0	50774-11-10	6,529-8-5	701	912	347	118	9	79	126	79	1

6. *Statement showing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Tribunals.	Number of Persons.											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the Courts.	Died, escaped, transferred to another Province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
APPEALS.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts	346	...	27	115	1	54	142	...	...	...	7	5·43	
„ Courts of Sessions	156	...	41	58	1	15	35	...	6	...	...	10·33	
„ Superior Courts ... (Judicial Commissioner's Court) { By persons convicted ...	159	...	80	47	1	10	19	...	..	...	2	17·5	
(Judicial Commissioner's Court) { By Government from judgment of acquittal	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·5	
Total.....	662	...	149	220	3	79	196	...	6	...	9	...	
REVISION.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
„ Courts of Sessions	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts (Judicial Commissioner's Court)	326	...	46	105	3	21	131	3	10	...	7	6·0	
Total.....	326	...	46	105	3	21	131	3	10	...	7	6·0	
Grand Total...	988	...	195	325	6	100	327	3	16	...	16	...	

7. *Statement showing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or movable property.										Title and other suits.																	Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Contract in writing.	Contract not in writing.	On account stated.	Money had and received.	Goods sold.	Wages, work and materials.	Breach of contract not mentioned above.	Rent not falling under the Rent Law.	Movable property or value thereof.	Damages.	Suits for immovable property.	Suits for declaratory decrees.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property, including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligation on the ground of fraud.	Suits for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to slipping.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Administration suits.	Interpleader suits.	Dissolution of partnership.	Suits under Section 261, Act X. of 1865 (also Hindu Wills Act.)	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
CIVIL COURTS.																														
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Small Cause Court ...	1,732	508	11	5	1,398	48	33	85	21	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,849	
Munsifs' Courts ...	6,963	614	315	214	191	36	83	440	532	197	914	64	24	135	62	20	3	52	1	49	66	...	7	...	1	2	1	71	11,057	
Subordinate Judges' Courts ...	1,458	166	71	17	271	10	16	21	96	40	39	3	1	15	9	3	...	3	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	13	2	5	2,270	
District Judges' Courts ...	12	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	27	
Judicial Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	10,165	1,290	399	236	1,860	94	132	546	649	246	955	68	25	150	71	24	3	55	1	49	81	...	7	...	1	16	3	77	17,203	

8. *Statement showing the Number and Value of Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Value of Suits.	Number of Suits instituted in the different Courts.									Total Value of Suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding Rs. 10.	Ditto Rs. 50.	Ditto Rs. 100.	Ditto Rs. 500.	Ditto Rs. 1,000.	Ditto Rs. 5,000.	Ditto Rs. 10,000.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Number of suits the value of which cannot be estimated in money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CIVIL COURTS.											
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Small Cause Court ...	1,056	1,639	545	609	...	...	...	...	...	2,12,290 7 7	
Munsiffs' Courts ...	740	4,927	2,673	2,555	...	...	...	...	162	8,83,461 1 1	
Subordinate Judges' Courts	174	850	381	420	257	182	1	...	5	6,85,161 7 10	
District Judges' Courts ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	16	9	2	4,66,191 5 9	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	1,970	7,416	3,599	3,584	257	182	17	9	169	22,45,104 6 3	

II. B. JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

9. *Statement showing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Cases in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Total Number of Suits before the Courts.	Number of Suits disposed of.										Pending at the close of the year.	Number of Cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average Duration of Suits.		Remarks.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without Contest.				On reference to Arbitration.		With Contest.				Contested.	Uncontested.	
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *ex-parte*.	Dismissed *ex-parte*.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for Defendant.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
CIVIL COURTS.																
Village Courts	3,939	...	480	93	79	2,500	...	2	...	484	172	129	7	15·65	12·42	
Small Cause Court	12,025	...	2,080	744	2,028	2,494	62	11	3	2,863	1,016	724	17	34·74	24·45	
Munsiffs' Courts	2,473	...	388	53	445	762	20	1	1	514	137	152	14	41·65	24·62	
Subordinate Judges' Courts	34	...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	17	4	5	1	110·	95· 5	
District Judges' Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court																
Total.....	18,471	...	2,950	893	2,553	5,758	82	14	4	3,878	1,329	1,010	39	33·37	21·62	

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS CASES. (JUDICIAL.)

CIVIL COURTS.																
Village Courts	38	...	2	4	4	3	...	...	...	20	5	...	...	13·88	13·69	
Small Cause Court	3,192	...	1,168	66	107	309	108	...	...	957	361	116	...	18·49	19·22	
Munsiffs' Courts	1,326	...	477	65	26	174	81	1	...	275	175	52	1	24·05	11·44	
Subordinate Judges' Courts	701	...	153	...	...	134	9	...	...	289	87	26	...	19·67	23·32	
District Judges' Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court...																
Total.....	5,257	...	1,803	135	137	620	198	1	...	1,541	628	194	1	15·19	17·41	

10. *Statement showing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

PART I.—APPEALS FROM DECREES.

Class of Courts.	Total Number of Appeals before the Court.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *exparte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of these pending more than three months.	Average duration of Appeals.	Objections under Section 561, Act X of 1877.	Remarks.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																	
Civil Courts.																	
Subordinate Judges' Courts	885	...	17	23	28	9	19	8	453	105	138	37	48	...	35·93	20	
District Judges' Courts	118	...	2	...	1	...	2	...	51	26	23	7	6	...	29·68	7	
Total.....	1,003	...	19	23	29	9	21	8	504	131	161	44	54	...	35·30	27	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ... Appeals from original decrees ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	1	...	1	...	65·	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ... Appeals from appellate decrees ...	149	...	5	2	...	...	1	...	67	7	42	5	20	...	47	...	
Total.....	162	...	5	2	...	...	1	...	73	12	43	5	21	...	43·6	...	
Grand Total.....	1,165	...	24	25	29	9	22	8	577	143	204	49	75	...	37·02	27	

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS. (JUDICIAL.)

APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																	
Civil Courts.																	
Subordinate Judges' Courts	81	...	9	4	6	...	5	2	23	...	18	9	5	...	22·35	...	
District Judges' Courts	23	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	10	...	5	...	1	...	26·09	...	
Total.....	104	...	15	5	6	...	5	2	33	...	23	9	6	...	23·23	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ... Appeals from original decrees ...	22	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	17	...	1	...	2	...	69·25	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ... Appeals from appellate decrees ...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	20·16	...	
Total...	28	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	20	...	3	...	2	...	57·92	...	
Grand Total.....	132	...	16	7	6	...	5	2	53	...	26	9	8	...	30·50	...	

11. *Statement showing the Result of Proceedings on Applications for the execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Class of Courts.	Total Number of Applications for the execution of decree before the Courts.	Applications disposed of.				Pending at the end of the year.	Number of Applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amount realized.		Number of Applications—												Remarks.
		By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.			With the issue of process.	Without the issue of process.	On which the judgment-debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested but released without imprisonment.	On which movable property— Was sold.	On which movable property— Was attached, but subsequently released.	On which immovable property— Was sold.	On which immovable property— Was dealt with under Sections 305, 322 or 326, Act X of 1877.	On which immovable property— Was attached, but subsequently released under Section 275.	On which possession was given— On movables.	On which possession was given— Of immovables.	On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than the preceding columns.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
CIVIL COURTS.																						
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Small Cause Court ...	4,416	112	1,286	579	2,217	222	...	40,675 0 3	12,396 14 4	20	214	91	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Munsiffs' Courts ...	10,953	457	2,803	2,424	4,369	900	56	1,73,503 11 5	19,517 10 4	136	774	303	590	985	21	1,087	14	273	4	8	372	
Subordinate Judges' Courts ...	3,517	367	532	1,165	1,278	175	12	1,33,626 7 7	19,903 15 6	49	334	103	213	193	14	119	6	60	3	2	28	
District Judges' Courts ...	136	71	19	16	18	12	4	42,741 2 0	...	...	5	2	1	6	2	3	...	4	...	2	...	
Judicial Commissioner's Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	19,022	1,007	4,640	4,184	7,882	1,309	72	3,95,546 5 3	51,818 8 2	205	1,357	504	849	1,184	37	1,209	20	337	7	12	400	

12. *Statement showing the Number and Result of Applications and Proceedings under Chapter XX, Act X of* 1877, *in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Class of Courts.	Applications for a Declaration of Insolvency.								Number of Insolvents discharged during the year under Section 355.	Number of Insolvents' estates in the hands of Receivers in which proceedings were finally closed during the year.	Amount of Creditors' claims dealt with during the year.		Gross Amount of Insolvents' assets realized and disbursed.		Remarks.
	Total Number for hearing.	Transferred to another Province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted. A Receiver being appointed.	Granted. A Receiver not being appointed.	Rejected. Penal proceedings under Section 359 not being taken.	Rejected. Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 359.	Rejected. Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.	Pending at the close of the year.			Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized during the year.	Disbursed during the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Subordinate Judges' Courts	103	11	17	25	35	3	...	12	26	1	10,082 0 1	890 12 2	1,347 2 7	920 15 2	
District Judges' Courts	24	...	14	3	7	...	...	...	17	14	2,300 0 0	9 9 0	128 5 0	108 8 0	
Total.....	127	11	31	28	42	3	...	12	43	15	12,382 0 1	900 5 2	1,475 7 7	1,029 7 2	

II. B. JUDICIAL (CIVIL AND CRIMINAL).

13. *Statement showing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualifications.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases tried with Assessors.	Jury Trials.					Assessors' Trials.			Remarks.
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.		Number of persons of the verdict in respect to whom the Judge disapproved.		Number of cases in which Judge agreed with Assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge differed from—		
						Wholly.	Partially.	Whose cases he referred under Section 263, C. P. C.	Whose cases he did not refer under Section 263, C. P. C.		One Assessor.	Both Assessors.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
I. Civil Courts.													
Chief Courts of Districts (or officer specially empowered) acting under Act X of 1870	Assessors...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
II. Criminal Courts.													
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter XXXIX, C. P. C. ...	Assessors...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Courts of Sessions	Assessors...	3	...	175	...	...	...	...	...	138	4	33	
Judicial Commissioner's Court, Criminal Jurisdiction ...	Assessors...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	Total...	...	...	176	...	...	...	...	...	138		33	

14. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880—81.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immovable property, Book I.																				Registrations affecting movable property, Book IV.								Receipts.			Remarks.
	Compulsory.										Optional.																					
	Number of Registration Offices.	Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1).	Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Other instruments registered under Section 17, clause 2.	Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4).	All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, clause 4.	Total of compulsory registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Leases for one year or less (section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under proviso, Section 17.	Awards (Section 18, clause 4).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Total of optional registrations relating to immovable property.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Total value of immovable property transferred.	Instruments of sale of movable property.	Obligations for the payment of money (Section 18, clause 7).	All other documents registered under Section 18, clause 7.	Total of registrations in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered, Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Book III.	Number of registrations under Section 24.	Number of registrations under Section 34.	Number of refusals to register.	Number of powers of attorney attested.	Number of searches and applications for copies.	Total of Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 11, 20 and 26, and the total fees paid for registration under column 29.	Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.	Total.	Total Expenditure.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Inspector General's Office ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	.. 12 ...	... 12 ...	4,859 3 11	
Bangalore ...	12	29	1,333	1,266	2	162	16	113	2,921	14,140 8	926	533	1	65	1	31	5	1,562	1,214	... 40,79,402	11	15	111	137	330 8	1	30	1	24	28	12	55	526	15,813 8	2,152 15 9	17,966 7 9	5,168 11 8	
Mysore ...	13	24	1,134	1,195	2	119	10	85	2,569	7,246 6	875	310	...	5	...	17	4	1,211	962	... 10,39,153	...	19	40	59	176 4	...	9	...	17	27	37	102	534	8,420 4	2,023 15 ...	10,444 3 ...	4,874 7 9	
Tumkúr ...	10	5	382	378	1	17	1	3	787	1,881 4	369	166	...	1	...	5	...	541	389	... 2,48,867	7	10	11	28	40 ...	...	1	...	4	7	5	19	135	2,313 8	377 13 11	2,691 5 11	1,677 8 ...	
Kolar ...	12	11	222	291	1	41	10	15	591	1,577 ...	470	221	...	4	3	24	1	723	587	12 2,10,844	3	22	25	50	77 ...	...	6	2	2	3	8	15	116	2,274 ...	253 6 4	2,527 6 4	1,646 14 4	
Hassan ...	10	3	448	396	2	16	9	7	881	2,300 ...	472	123	...	...	...	2	2	599	441	12 3,25,892	...	10	8	18	39 12	...	1	...	18	19	8	15	214	2,784 12	565 ... 8	3,349 12 8	1,888 7 9	
Kadur ...	8	4	324	321	...	40	18	2	769	3,159 ...	190	81	...	...	...	5	1	277	241	8 6,35,318	4	25	44	69	214 12	1	1	1	5	12	15	55	236	3,623 8	1,133 5 6	4,756 13 6	2,220 7 11	
Shimoga ...	9	6	320	316	1	30	39	19	731	2,319 ...	69	25	...	1	...	4	4	103	111	... 2,95,110	1	25	51	77	196 12	...	4	...	6	5	15	11	60	2,640 4	536 13 2	3,177 1 2	1,516 15 8	
Chitaldroog ...	9	1	115	83	...	3	2	4	208	521 4	74	15	...	2	...	1	2	94	84	... 64,882	1	1	5	7	20 ...	...	1	...	3	3	2	13	61	628 12	208 4 ...	837	611 1 5	
Total.....	84	83	4,338	4,246	9	428	105	248	9,457	33,144 8	3,445	1474	1	78	4	89	19	5,110	4,031	... 68,98,968	27	127	291	445	1095 ...	2	53	4	79	102	102	285	1883	38,498 8	7,252 6 4	45,750 14 4	24,463 14 5	

II. C. PRISONS.

General Summary.

Showing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Serial No.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	982	62	1,044	311	102	413	1,293	164	1,457	581	119	700	712	45	757	783	54	837			
		Under-trial ...	1	3	4	5	24	29	6	27	33	6	26	32	...	1	1	...	1	1			
		Civil ...	0	1	1	...	2	2	...	3	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	District Jails.																				783	55	838
2	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	60	2	62	121	14	135	181	16	197	139	14	153	42	2	44	49·33	1·57	50·90			
		Under-trial ...	4	1	5	94	10	104	98	11	109	98	11	109	...	...	...	2·78	0·38	3·16			
		Civil ...	7	...	7	15	...	15	22	...	22	21	...	21	1	...	1	1·11	...	1·11			
3	Tumkúr District Jail ...	Convicts ...	35	...	35	108	11	119	143	11	154	116	11	127	27	...	27	26·85	·74	27·59	53·22	1·95	55·17
		Under-trial ...	3	2	5	131	12	143	134	14	148	130	14	144	4	...	4	4·86	·22	5·08			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	31	1	32	33	1	34	32	1	33	1	...	1	3·86	·01	3·87			
4	Mysore District Jail ...	Convicts ...	384	15	399	1,014	35	1,049	1,398	50	1,448	1,024	38	1,062	374	12	386	324·041	12·973	337·014	35·57	·97	36·54
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	57	5	62	57	5	62	45	4	49	12	1	13	4·590	·524	5·114			
		Civil ...	7	...	7	58	4	62	65	4	69	58	4	62	7	...	7	2·939	·202	3·141			
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	Convicts ...	780	...	780	378	...	378	1,158	...	1,158	760	...	760	398	...	398	669·082	...	669·082	331·570	13·699	345·269
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
6	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	36	5	41	122	7	129	158	12	170	125	12	137	33	...	33	34·737	1·549	36·286	669·082	...	669·082
		Under-trial ...	37	...	37	167	11	178	204	11	215	195	11	206	9	...	9	11·287	·486	11·773			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	20	1	21	20	1	21	18	1	19	2	...	2	1·606	·073	1·679			
7	Shimoga District Jail ...	Convicts ...	334	14	348	307	27	334	641	41	682	316	28	344	325	13	338	318·71	15·25	333·96	47·630	2·108	49·738
		Under-trial ...	8	2	10	150	22	172	158	24	182	155	23	178	3	1	4	7·42	·66	8·08			
		Civil ...	...	...	0	11	...	11	11	...	11	11	...	11	...	...	...	·70	...	·70			
8	Kadur District Jail ...	Convicts ...	23	2	25	146	11	157	169	13	182	153	12	165	16	1	17	23·50	1·03	24·53	326·83	15·91	342·74
		Under-trial ...	1	1	2	163	9	172	164	10	174	155	10	165	9	...	9	5·15	·40	5·55			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	10	1	11	10	1	11	10	1	11	...	...	...	·54	·17	·71			
9	Chitaldroog District Jail. ...	Convicts ...	20	1	21	152	14	166	172	15	187	152	12	164	20	3	23	25·28	1·01	26·29	29·19	1·60	30·79
		Under-trial ...	1	...	1	157	6	163	158	6	164	145	6	151	13	...	13	9·60	·03	9·63			
		Civil ...	2	...	2	4	...	4	6	...	6	6	...	6	...	..	...	·36	...	·36			
9*	Total Jails.....	Convicts ...	2,654	101	2,755	2,659	221	2,880	5,313	322	5,635	3,366	246	3,612	1,947	76	2,023	2,254·530	88·122	2,342·652	35·24	1·04	36·28
		Under-trial ...	55	9	64	924	99	1,023	979	108	1,087	929	105	1,034	50	3	53	45·687	3·700	49·387			
		Civil ...	18	1	19	149	9	158	167	10	177	156	10	166	11	...	11	11·115	·455	11·570	2,311·332	92·277	2,403·609

GENERAL SUMMARY—*Concluded.*

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Serial No.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	Bangalore Head-Quarter	Convicts ...	5	...	5	199	...	199	204	...	204	199	...	199	5	...	5	8	...	8			
1	Lock-up ...	Under-trial ...	6	...	6	362	...	362	368	...	368	356	...	356	12	...	12	8	...	8			
		Civil ...	4	...	4	51	...	51	55	...	55	52	...	52	3	...	3	5	...	5			
	Taluk Lock-ups.																				21	...	21
2	Bangalore District ...	Convicts ...	2	...	2	100	3	103	102	3	105	102	3	105	...	...	...	1·05	·015	1·065			
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	142	9	151	142	9	151	142	9	151	...	...	...	1·041	·029	1·07			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					2·091	·044	2·135
3	Kolar District ...	Convicts ...	1	1	2	117	25	142	118	26	144	118	26	144	...	...	...	1·05	0·32	1·37			
		Under-trial ...	4	2	6	479	43	522	483	45	528	482	45	527	1	...	1	4·98	0·52	5·50			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					6·03	·84	6·87
4	Tumkúr District ...	Convicts ...	1	...	1	87	9	96	88	9	97	86	9	95	2	...	2	1·06	·096	1·156			
		Under-trial ...	4	...	4	141	7	148	145	7	152	145	7	152	...	...	...	2·18	·061	2·241			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					3·24	·157	3·397
5	Mysore District ...	Convicts ...	...	2	2	81	8	89	81	10	91	79	10	89	2	...	2	1·161	·117	1·278			
		Under-trial ...	4	...	4	773	53	826	777	53	830	774	53	827	3	...	3	11·383	·719	12·102			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					12·544	1·836	13·380
6	Hassan District ...	Convicts ...	3	...	3	85	3	88	88	3	91	88	2	90	...	1	1	1·303	·032	1·335			
		Under-trial ...	1	...	1	767	52	819	768	52	820	767	52	819	1	...	1	5·549	·286	5·835			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					6·852	·318	7·170
7	Shimoga District ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	86	6	92	86	6	92	85	6	91	1	...	1	1·81	·57	2·38			
		Under-trial ...	17	...	17	322	31	353	339	31	370	339	31	370	...	...	...	5·51	·67	6·18			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					7·32	1·24	8·56
8	Kadur District ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	62	8	70	62	8	70	61	8	69	1	...	1	0·83	0·18	1·01			
		Under-trial ...	2	...	2	129	12	141	131	12	143	131	12	143	...	...	...	1·88	0·10	1·98			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					2·71	·28	2·99
9	Chitaldroog District ...	Convicts ...	2	...	2	57	8	65	59	8	67	59	8	67	...	...	...	1·03	·09	1·12			
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	121	10	131	121	10	131	114	10	124	7	...	7	2·72	·08	2·8			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
																					3·75	·17	3·92
	Total Lock-ups.....	Convicts ...	14	3	17	874	70	944	888	73	961	877	72	949	11	1	12	17·294	1·420	18·714			
		Under-trial ...	38	2	40	3,236	217	3,274	3,274	219	3,493	3,250	219	3,469	24	...	24	43·243	2·465	45·708	65·537	3·885	69·422
		Civil ...	4	...	4	51	...	51	55	...	55	52	...	52	3	...	3	5	...	5			
	Grand Total.....	Convicts ...	2,668	104	2,772	3,533	291	3,824	6,201	395	6,596	4,243	318	4,561	1,958	77	2,035	2,271·824	89·542	2,361·366			
		Under-trial ...	93	11	104	4,160	316	4,476	4,253	327	4,580	4,179	324	4,503	74	3	77	88·930	6·165	95·095	2,376·869	96·162	2,473·031
		Civil ...	22	1	23	200	9	209	222	10	232	208	10	218	14	...	14	16·115	·455	16·570			
		Total.....	2,783	116	2,899	7,893	616	8,509	10,676	732	11,408	8,630	652	9,282	2,046	80	2,126	2,376·869	96·162	2,473·031	2,376·869	96·162	2,473·031

H. C. PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*For Convicts only.*)

1. *Showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

1	2	3		4		5		6				7			8				9												10		11		12		13		14		15		16		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year.		Total.		Received from other Jails.							Transferred to other Jails.				Released during the year.												Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining at the end of present year.		Daily average number.		
								A		B		Grand Total.			A		B		A		B		C		D																		
								To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation or to other Jails.					To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.		On appeal.		On expiry of sentence or payment of fine.		Under remission rules.		By order of Government.																	
																										a.		b.																	
																										On account of sickness.		On other grounds.																	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	932	62	283	102	1,265	164	17	...	11	...	1,293	164	1,457	...	...	...	...	21	...	464	112	25	...	...	...	1	..	46	3	...	...	1	1	1	...	22	3	712	45	783	54	837
2	Kolar District do ...	60	2	121	14	181	16	...	...	...	...	181	16	197	...	...	...	...	11	...	126	14	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	42	2	49·33	1·57	50·90
3	Tumkúr do ...	35	...	80	7	115	7	28	4	...	...	143	11	154	28	6	...	...	4	...	81	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	27	...	26·85	·74	27·59
4	Mysore do ...	384	15	257	35	641	50	757	...	...	...	1,398	50	1,448	407	...	4	...	2	2	537	36	29	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	..	35	...	374	12	324·041	12·973	337·014
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	780	...	...	...	780	...	378	...	...	...	1,158	...	1,158	731	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	398	...	669·082	...	669·082
6	Hassan District Jail ...	36	5	109	7	145	12	13	...	...	...	158	12	170	3	...	...	...	3	...	114	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	33	...	34·737	1·549	36·286
7	Shimoga do ...	334	14	174	18	508	32	133	9	...	...	641	41	682	7	...	2	...	19	...	251	27	18	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	13	1	325	13	318·71	15·25	333·96
8	Kadur do ...	23	2	115	11	138	13	31	...	...	...	169	13	182	23	1	...	...	8	...	115	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	16	1	23·50	1·03	24·53
9	Chitaldroog do ...	20	1	129	9	149	10	23	5	...	...	172	15	187	72	8	4	...	2	1	73	8	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	3	25·28	1·01	26·29
	Total.....	2,654	101	1,268	203	3,922	304	1,380	18	11	...	5,313	322	5,635	1,274	19	10	...	70	3	1,761	224	75	...	7	...	3	...	46	3	1	...	4	1	9	1	106	4	1,947	76	2254·530	88·122	2,342·652
	Add for Subsidiary Jails ...	14	3	873	70	887	73	...	...	1	...	888	73	961	210	22	...	...	4	...	663	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	17·294	1·420	18·714
	Grand Total.....	2,668	104	2,141	273	4,809	377	1,380	18	12	...	6,201	395	6,596	1,484	32	10	...	74	3	2,424	274	75	...	7	...	3	...	46	3	1	...	4	1	9	1	106	4	1,958	77	2,271·824	89·542	2,361·366

II. C, PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*For Convicts only.*)

2. *Showing the Religion, Age and Previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the* 31st *December* 1880.

1	2	3																4								5																6		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Religion.																Age.								Previous Occupation.																Total.		
		A						B		C		D		E				A		B		C		D		Males.								Females.										
		Christians.						Muhammadans.		Hindus.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other Classes.				Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K										
		a. Europeans.		b. Eurasians.		c. Natives.																				Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other local authorities.	Professional persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures and engineering operations, &c., &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.										
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.												M.	F.	T.			
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1	...	4	...	12	3	64	7	631	35	...	...	...	...	31	3	550	36	114	6	17	...	66	8	136	278	70	57	97	15	4	26	...	712	45	757			
2	Kolar District do	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	40	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	1	2	1	...	...	2	2	8	23	4	...	3	2	...	...	...	42	2	44			
3	Tumkúr do	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	21	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	24	...	3	...	...	...	9	...	...	14	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	27	...	27			
4	Mysore do	...	...	...	...	4	...	39	3	330	9	1	...	...	...	1	...	334	10	36	2	3	...	11	31	9	167	40	12	104	6	2	2	2	374	12	386			
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	365	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	301	...	97	...	...	...	15	...	3	180	103	15	82	...	...	...	...	398	...	398			
6	Hassan District Jail	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	29	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	30	...	3	...	...	...	4	8	...	10	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	33	...	33			
7	Shimoga do	...	...	1	...	3	...	29	1	261	11	...	...	31	1	1	...	263	10	56	3	5	...	23	15	...	104	15	...	168	4	...	8	1	325	13	338			
8	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	1	...	...	2	..	...	...	15	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	...	8	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	16	1	17			
9	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	19	3	....	...	...	...	1	...	16	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	13	1	1	1	...	20	3	23			
	Total.....	1	...	5	...	20	3	172	11	1,709	61	1	...	39	1	34	3	1,573	61	315	12	25	...	132	65	156	788	235	85	486	28	7	37	4	1,947	76	2,023			
	Add for Subsidiary Jails ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	9	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	11	1	12			
	Grand Total.....	1	...	5	...	20	3	173	11	1,718	62	1	...	40	1	34	3	1,582	62	317	12	25	...	132	66	156	795	237	85	487	29	7	37	4	1,958	77	2,035			

H. C. PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*For Convicts only.*)

3. *Showing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the* 31*st December* 1880 *according to the nature and length of sentences.*

1	2	3	4																						5		6
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment indicated by letters marking the four Jail Divisions.	Numbers according to length of sentence.																						Total.		
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J				
			Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
																			A		B						
																			For life.		For a term.						
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.		
1	Bangalore Central Jail	A. B, C and D.	...	1	11	...	25	4	39	6	83	14	189	9	241	5	10	...	40	5	69	1	...	...	712	45	757
2	Kolar District do	Do	11	...	16	...	11	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	2	44
3	Tumkúr do	Do	1	...	3	...	17	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	..	27
4	Mysore Jail	A and B.	3	...	7	2	12	4	38	...	67	2	166	3	79	...	1	.	1	1	...	...	...	...	374	12	386
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	B.	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	..	44	...	290	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	398	...	398
6	Hassan District Jail	A and B.	...	...	2	...	20	...	2	...	...	...	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	33	...	33
7	Shimoga Jail	Do	5	1	4	1	15	1	19	2	84	4	99	2	90	1	5	...	1	1	...	...	3	...	325	13	338
8	Kadur District Jail	Do	2	...	7	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	17
9	Chitaldroog do	A. B, C and D.	5	...	...	...	3	2	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	20	3	23
	Total.....		27	2	50	3	106	14	131	9	283	20	752	14	468	6	16	...	42	7	69	1	3	...	1,947	76	2,023
	Total for Lock-ups		11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	12
	Grand Total.....	...	38	3	50	3	106	14	131	9	283	20	752	14	468	6	16	...	42	7	69	1	3	...	1,958	77	2,035

H. C. PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*For Convicts only.*)

4. *Showing the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province on the 31st day of December 1880, who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3			4									5			6					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of Convicts on the last day of the previous year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Sec. 318 of the Criml. Pro. Code.)					
					A		B		C		D						A			B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number in prison on the 1st day of the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	982	62	1,044	73	2	52	1	50	3	175	6	181	17·82	9·67	17·33	22	...	22	3	...	3
2	Kolar District do ...	60	2	62	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	3·33	...	3·25	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Tumkúr do ...	35	...	35	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	3	8·57	...	8·57	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore Jail ...	384	15	399	7	2	14	...	4	...	25	2	27	6·510	13·333	6·767	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	780	...	780	21	...	...	...	4	...	25	...	25	3·205	...	3·205	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	36	5	41	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	5·555	...	4·878	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Shimoga Jail ...	334	14	348	16	...	2	...	2	...	20	...	20	5·99	...	4·46	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Kadur District Jail ...	23	2	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	20	1	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	2,654	101	2,755	121	4	71	1	60	3	252	8	260	9·72	7·92	9·65	22	...	22	3	...	3
	Total for Lock-ups ...	14	3	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	2,668	104	2,772	121	4	71	1	60	3	252	8	260	9·7	7·9	9·62	22	...	22	3	..	3

Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails during the year 1880, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3			4									5			6					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Sec. 318 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)					
					A		B		C		D						A			B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	311	102	413	44	13	11	3	19	10	74	26	100	23·79	25·49	24·21	32	6	38	7	...	7
2	Kolar District do ...	121	14	135	6	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	5·00	...	4·47	1	...	1	...	...	...
3	Tumkúr do ...	108	11	119	2	...	3	...	1	...	6	...	6	5·05	...	5·05	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore Jail ...	1,014	35	1,049	12	...	9	...	4	...	25	...	25	2·465	...	2·382	1	...	1	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	378	...	378	7	...	2	...	1	...	10	...	10	2·645	...	2·645	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	122	7	129	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	·819	...	·775	0	...	0	...	...	...
7	Shimoga Jail ...	307	27	334	8	1	...	...	1	...	9	1	10	2·93	3·70	2·99	1	...	1	...	...	...
8	Kadur District Jail ...	147	11	157	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1·37	...	1·27	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	152	11	163	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	...	...
	Total....	2,659	221	2,880	82	14	25	3	26	10	133	27	160	5	12·2	5·5	42	6	48	7	...	7
	Total for Lock-ups ...	874	70	944	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	·458	...	·42	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	3,533	291	3,824	86	14	25	3	26	10	137	27	164	3·87	9·27	4·3	42	6	48	7	...	7

PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*Ex. Convicts only*).

5. *Showing the Escapes and Recaptures of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4			5				6			7		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remaining unrecaptured at the beginning of the year.	Escaped during the year.			Recaptured during the year.				Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C		A	B	C	A	B	C
			From within the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.		Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	10	1	1	2	1	...	1		9	2	11	...	2	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	2	...	1	1	...	1	1		2	...	2	...	...	...
3	Tumkur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore do ...	8	...	2	2	2	...	2		6	2	8	...	2	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1		...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...		3	...	3	...	...	...
7	Shimoga do ...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...		23	...	23	...	...	...
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...		6	...	6	...	...	...
	Total	53	1	4	5	4	1	5		49	4	53	...	4	...
	Total for Lock-ups	9	...	...	...	...	...	...		9	...	9	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	62	1	4	5	4	1	5		58	4	62	...	4	...

6. *Showing the Offences committed by the Convicts and the Punishments inflicted on them in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

1	2	3		4		5						6												7
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number of Convicts.		Criminal offences.		Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.												Ratio of Column 6 C to Column 3.
						Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		A By Criminal Courts.		B By Jail Officers.								C Total punishments.		
														A Solitary confinement.		B Reduced diet.		C Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		D Corporal punishment.	E Other punishments.			
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.		
1	Bangalore Central Jail	783	54	13	...	24	...	6	...	46	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	18	...	41	...	...	89	10·63
2	Kolar District Jail	49·33	1·57	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	9	17·68
3	Tumkur do	2·85	·74	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	7·25
4	Mysore do	324·041	12·973	...	...	5	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	7	...	...	11	3·394
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	6[illegible]2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	7	1·046
6	Hassan District Jail	34·737	1·549	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2·75
7	Shimoga do	318·71	15·25	...	...	5	...	1	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	...	17	5·09
8	Kadur do	23·50	1·03	...	...	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	25·53
9	Chitaldroog do	25·28	1·01	...	...	1	...	7	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	9	...	...	12	45·64
	Total.....	2,254·50	88·122	14	...	39	...	20	...	81	...	1	...	31	...	11	...	18	...	90	3	...	154	6·57
	Total for Lock-ups	17·294	1·420	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	2,271·824	89·542	14	...	39	...	20	...	81	...	1	...	31	...	11	...	18	...	90	3	...	154	6·52

II. C. PRISONS.—JUDICIAL (*For Convicts only.*)

7. Showing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province for the year 1880.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in Column 3 there were—						Daily average number of convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in Jail.		Of those in Column 7, there were when they entered Jail—						Of those in Column 7, there were when they left Jail—						Remarks.
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	311	102	222	100	32	...	57	2	783	54	341	25	218	8	144	6	49	...	25	2	...	...	144	5	74	3	
2	Kolar District Jail	121	14	114	14	4	...	3	...	49·33	1·57	2·63	...	20	...	4	...	8	...	8	...	2	...	5	...	13	...	
3	Tumkúr do	108	11	76	11	12	...	20	...	26·85	·74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Mysore do	1,014	35	995	35	19	...	...	...	324·41	12·973	294·140	...	557	...	493	...	41	...	23	...	284	...	231	...	42	...	
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	378	...	350	...	21	...	7	...	669·082	...	95·75	...	57	...	57	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	12	...	...	...	
6	Hassan District Jail ...	122	7	89	7	4	...	29	...	34·737	1·549	34·737	...	120	...	91	...	4	...	25	...	91	...	4	...	25	...	
7	Shimoga do	307	27	255	27	15	...	37	...	318·71	15·25	152·75	1·50	289	5	207	5	10	...	72	...	160	5	37	...	92	...	
8	Kadur do	146	11	111	11	22	...	13	...	25·5	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Chitaldroog do	152	14	138	14	3	...	11	...	25·28	1·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	2,659	221	2,350	219	132	...	177	2	2,254·370	88·122	921·057	26·50	1,261	13	996	11	112	...	153	2	582	5	433	5	246	2	
	Total Lock-ups.....	874	70	790	70	64	...	20	...	17·294	1·420	...	...	7	...	...	...	4	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	3	...	
	Grand Total.....	3,533	291	3,140	289	196	...	197	2	2,271·664	89·542	921·057	26·50	1,268	13	996	11	116	...	156	2	582	5	437	5	249	3	

II. C. PRISONS.—JUDICIAL. (*For Convicts only*).

8. *Showing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during* 1880.

1	1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8
Serial Number.		Jails.	Average Number of Convicts.		Average Number employed as Prison Officers.		Ratio of Column 4 to Column 3.		Total Number employed as Prison Officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.		Remarks.
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail		783	54	49	2	6·25	3·7	49	2	4	...	
2	Kolar District Jail		49·33	1·57	0·70	...	1·41	...	1	...	...	...	
3	Tumkúr do		26·85	·74	1·33	...	4·95	...	2	...	...	...	
4	Mysore do		324·041	12·973	14·5	1	4·474	7·708	41	1	...	...	
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail		669·082	...	33·083	...	4·934	...	36	...	...	...	
6	Hassan District Jail		34·737	1·549	3·307	...	9·520	...	4	...	...	...	
7	Shimoga do		318·71	15·25	20·17	1·00	6·33	6·56	35	1	1	...	
8	Kadur do		23·50	1·03	1·76	...	7·49	...	3	...	...	...	
9	Chitaldroog do		25·28	1·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total.....	2,254·530	88·122	123·850	4·00	5·49	4·53	171	4	5	...	
		Total Lock-ups.....	17·294	1·420	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Grand Total.....	2,271·824	89·542	123·850	4·00	5·45	4·46	171	4	5	...	

9. *Showing the Scales of Diet in force in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

	A Scale for men sentenced to more than two years' rigorous imprisonment.							B Scale for men sentenced to more than six months and up to two years' rigorous imprisonment.							Men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six months and under.							Simple, women, and under-trial.							Juvenile Prisoners.						
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.		oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	10	0	0	0	10	0
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	24	12	24	24	24	12	24	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	20	10	20	20	20	10	20
Dâl or ballar	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat (with bone) ...	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
Tyre	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0
Gingelly-oil	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$
Ghee	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
Tamarind	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$
Salt	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Curry powder	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{6}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{6}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$
Onions	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Garlic	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$
Vegetables	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood*	1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.						

Men who do not get meat to get 4 oz. of dál and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.

2 drams of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.

*Where closed fire places are in use, 1½ lbs. of firewood will be served out, where open fire places, 2 lbs.

Men who do not eat meat to get 3 oz. of dál and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.

Women and juveniles to get tyre if sentenced over six months; under-trial prisoners, tyre and meat if over two months in confinement.

Rice may be given entirely to any under-trial prisoner unaccustomed to ragi and to any one whom ragi disagrees with, at recommendation of Medical Officer.

Juveniles under 14 years to get 16 oz. of grain and 2 oz. of meat.

N. B.—In the Taluk Lock-ups the prisoners get 3 pi s and one seer of rice or ragi per diem.

10. *Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880, *excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.*

1	2	3				4		5		6		7			8		9		10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number of prisoners.				Rations.		Establishment.		Police Guard.		Hospital charges.			Clothing.		Contingencies.		Grand Total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
						A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	C	A	B	A	B			
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.			
						Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	837	1	...	838	24,921	29 11 10	27,415	32 11 5	8,439	10 1 1	1,634	1 15 2	54 7 6	2,902	3 7 5	5,834	6 15 5	71,145	84 14 4	1
2	Kolar District Jail	50·90	3·16	1·11	55·17	1,644	30 6 6	1,982	35 14 9	70	1 4 3	109	1 15 7	39 12 6	...	... ...	86	1 8 11	3,891	70 8 5	2
3	Tumkúr do	27·59	5·08	3·87	36·54	1,381	42 4 4	1,406	38 7 7	8	... 3 6	212	5 12 10	73 1 8	102	3 11 2	203	8 4 8	3,412	93 6 ...	3
4	Mysore do	337·014	5·114	3·141	345·269	10,381	30 5 6	8,315	24 1 3	2,772	8 ... 5	756	2 3 ...	61 14 5	1,029	3 ... 9	668	1 14 11	23,921	69 4 6	4
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	669·082	...	...	669·082	21,771	32 8 8	9,226	13 12 8	3,789	5 10 7	1,003	1 8 ...	66 14 7	2,057	3 1 2	679	1 ... 3	38,525	57 9 3	5
6	Hassan District Jail ...	36·286	11·773	1·679	49·738	2,083	43 5 6	780	15 10 11	719	14 7 3	32	... 10 6	46	60	1 3 1	256	5 2 2	3,930	79 ... 2	6
7	Shimoga do	333·96	8·08	·70	342·74	17,537	51 4 5	7,231	21 1 7	5,196	15 2 7	412	1 3 3	55 1 3	1,445	4 5 1	477	1 6 10	32,296	94 3 8	7
8	Kadur do	24·53	5·55	·71	30·79	1,061	35 4 4	1,055	34 4 3	624	20 4 3	273	8 13 10	293 8 9	41	1 10 9	296	9 13 5	3,350	108 12 9	8
9	Chitaldroog do	26·29	9·63	·36	36·28	620	17 4 2	1,144	31 8 6	1,608	44 5 2	154	3 11 2	52	1	 7	213	5 13 11	3,740	103 1 4	9
	Total.....	2,342·652	49·387	11·570	2,403·609	81,399	31 ... 5	53,554	24 5 9	23,225	9 10 7	4,585	1 14 6	61 5 8	7,635	3 2 9	8,812	3 10 8	1,84,210	76 10 2	
	Total for Lock-ups	18·714	45·708	5	69·422	1,605	24 14 7	1,193	17 2 10	10,358	149 8 3	43	... 9 11	46 7 9	51	... 11 9	1,044	15 ... 7	14,294	205 14 5	
	Grand Total...	2,361·366	95·095	16·570	2,473·031	83,004	33 12 7	59,747	24 2 6	33,583	13 9 3	4,628	1 13 11	61 2 9	7,686	3 1 8	9,856	3 15 9	1,98,504	80 4 3	

11. *Showing the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7												8		
						Average number employed on working days.												Ratio per cent on Column 4 of those employed on working days as—		
						A	On Prison duties.					On Jail buildings.				K	L			
							B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.		New Jails.						
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number under sentence of labor on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	On unremunerative labor.	Prison warders.	* Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in Jail, e.g., wheat-pounding, manufacturing of prison clothing, &c.	Jail repairs.	G Under Superintendent.	H Under Public Works Department.	I Under Superintendent.	J Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.	Public Works.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures (7 k.)
1	Bangalore Central Jail	8	725	30	74	19	32	172	56	85	10	...	...	...	...	244	107	4·41	23·72	34
2	Kolar District Jail	1·16	45·94	2·74	1·06	5	0·70	10·14	27·49	2·32	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	1·80	26·08	0·74
3	Tumkúr do	·13	24·83	2·63	...	4·42	1·33	5·58	5·99	2·36	5·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·3	22·4	...
4	Mysore do	3·680	314·390	12·213	6·731	144·7	15·5	44·440	44·060	16·571	5·625	4·063	...	...	...	39·431	...	4·930	14·135	12·542
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	...	780·239	14·975	59·988	...	33·083	50·306	...	22·309	3·556	...	...	...	...	...	558·939	4·24	6·434	...
6	Hassan District Jail	1·808	34·103	·370	...	8·741	3·027	7·207	10·341	2·664	...	...	...	...	...	2·128	...	8·874	21·129	6·239
7	Shimoga do	4·38	268·75	7·43	19·31	74·71	21·17	41·72	55·35	39·91	3·07	3·12	...	...	...	49·70	...	7·88	15·52	18·49
8	Kadur do	·67	23·	·86	...	16·31	1·76	2·71	·75	1·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·65	11·78	...
9	Chitaldroog do	3·75	19·97	2·57	...	1·58	...	4·09	8·97	·99	2·86	...	·25	...	...	1·23	...	...	20·48	6·16
	Total.....	23·578	2,286·227	73·785	161·089	274·61	108·570	288·193	188·941	173·594	30·271	7·183	·25	...	...	336·779	665·939	4·85	15·12	15·06
	Total for Lock-ups	1·986	16·353	·6	...	8·11	..	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·2	...
	Grand Total.....	25·564	2,[illegible]	74·[illegible]	161·[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	173·594	[illegible]	7·183	·25	...	...	336·779	665·93[illegible]	4·82	15·099	14·95

* Writers 3, Water carriers 81·840, Wood cleavers 4, Hospital Attendants 18·203, Weighmen and Store servants 4·14, Cooks 82·969, Barbers 5·003, Dholis 8·003, Lamp lighter 1, Sweepers 44·86, Scavengers 87·175, Total 310·193.

12. *Showing the Result of the Employment of Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4								5								6			7		
			Debits.								Credits.								A	B	C	A	B	C
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number sentenced to labor.	Cash in hand at the end of 1879.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1879.	Raw materials at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jails at the end of 1879.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Jails at the end of 1879.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1879.	Amount drawn from Treasury during 1879.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1880.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1880.	Raw materials at the end of 1880.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the Jails at the end of 1880.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the Jails at the end of 1880.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1880.	Amount paid into the Treasury by cash and invoice during 1880.	Total.	Excess of credits or profits.	Average profit per head of number sentenced to labor.	Excess of debits or loss.	Excess of 5G over 4G or cash profit.	Average cash profit per head of number sentenced to labor.	Excess of 4G over 5G or cash loss.
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H						
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	829	709	2,201	1,423	2,037	3,885	4,582	24,043	38,871	2,047	2,048	1,013	1,169	2,976	4,353	35,504	49,110	10,239	12·35	...	11,461	13·34	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	49·74	67	975	141	84	36	211	...	1,514	38	10	...	...	...	60	683	791	...	...	723	683	14	...
3	Tumkúr do	27·46	35	5	...	...	...	253	39	332	8	4	...	...	...	253	68	333	1	0 0 7	...	29	1 0 10	...
4	Mysore do	333·334	1,787	1,172	...	...	...	550	...	3,509	388	558	...	...	...	500	3,000	4,446	937	2 12 8	...	3,000	8 15 11	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	669·082	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33 13 6	...	...	33 13 6	...
6	Hassan District Jail	34·478	...	...	...	...	...	43	85	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	317	317	189	9 3 0	...	232	5 7 7	...
7	Shimoga do	329·58	...	...	125	222	1,938	950	...	3,235	103	...	78	519	1,671	960	5,820	9,151	5,916	17 5 2	...	5,820	17 10 6	...
8	Kadur do	23·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	0 0 8	...	1	0 0 8	...
9	Chitaldroog do	25.16	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	203	...	...	...	...	...	203	376	579	376	14 14 10	...	376	14 14 10	...
	Total.....	2,321·694	2,589	4,353	1,689	2,343	5,859	6,792	24,167	47,792	2,584	2,620	1,091	1,688	4,647	6,329	45,769	64,728	16,936	7	...	21,602	9	...
	Lock-ups	16·518	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	...	37	37	2	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	2,338·212	2,589	4,353	1,689	2,343	5,859	6,792	24,167	47,792	2,584	2,620	1,091	1,688	4,647	6,366	45,769	64,765	16,973	7	...	21,602	9	...

13. *Showing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance.	Excess of payments over drawings from Treasury, col. 7 A of Statement No. XII.	Excess of drawings over payments, col. C of Statement No. XII.	Net cost to Government.	Net cost per head of all convicts.	Net cost per head of convicts sentenced to labor.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	71,145	11,461	...	59,684	71	72	
2	Kolar District Jail	3,891	683	...	3,208	63 0 5	69 13 3	
3	Tumkúr do	3,412	29	...	3,383	122 9 10	136 3 11	
4	Mysore do	23,921	3,000	....	20,921	62 1 2	62 12 2	
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	38,525	22,642*	...	15,883	23 11 10	23 11 10	
6	Hassan District Jail	3,930	232	...	3,698	101 14 8	107 4 1	* Earnings of convicts for work done to the D. P. W. at the Kukarhalli Water Works.
7	Shimoga do	32,296	5,820	...	26,476	79 4 6	80 5 4	
8	Kadur do	3,350	1	...	3,349	137	140	
9	Chitaldroog do	3,740	376	...	3,364	128	133	
	Total.....	1,84,210	44,244	...	1,39,966	59	60	
	Lock-ups	14,294	...	...	14,294	763	865	
	Grand Total.....	1,98,504	44,244	...	1,54,260	65	66	

II. C.

14. *Showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all classes in the*

1	2		3			4			5			6			7		
Serial Number.	Jails.		Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number of sick.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	932	51	983	·783	54	837	979	62	1,041	456	20	476	29	1	30
		Under-trial ...	19	...	19	...	1	1	1	3	4	...	1	1	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	108	10	118	49·33	1·57	50·90	59	2	61	145	...	145	2·74	...	2·74
		Under-trial ...	6	6	12	2·78	0·38	3·16	16	1	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	4	8	1·11	...	1·11	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Tumkúr do ...	Convicts ...	131	7	138	26·85	·74	27·59	49	2	51	50	...	50	2·66	...	2·66
		Under-trial ...	12	7	19	4·86	·22	5·08				7	1	8	·22	·002	·222
		Civil ...	4	...	4	3·86	·01	3·87				1	...	1	·02	...	·02
4	Mysore do ...	Convicts ...	307	20	327	324·041	12·973	337·014	390	17	407	438	16	454	11·510	·666	12·176
		Under-trial ...	49	6	55	4·590	·524	5·114	13	2	15	...	1	1	...	·035	·035
		Civil ..	15	3	18	2·939	·202	3·141	11	1	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ..	Convicts ...	965	...	965	669·082	...	669·082	780	...	780	372	...	372	14·975	...	14·975
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	56	4	60	34·737	1·549	36·286	31	4	35	19	..	19	·42	...	·42
		Under-trial ...	8	...	8	11·287	·486	11·773	48	...	48	3	...	3	·08	...	·08
		Civil ...	4	...	4	1·606	·073	1·679	1	1	2	1	...	1	·03	...	·03
7	Shimoga do ...	Convicts ...	300	47	347	318·71	15·25	333·96	343	13	356	150	4	154	7·33	0·10	7·43
		Under-trial ...	21	...	21	7·42	·66	8·08	3	...	3	2	...	2	0·05	...	0·05
		Civil ...	3	...	3	·70	...	·70	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
8	Kadur do ...	Convicts ...	46	7	53	23·50	1·03	24·53	36	2	38	17	1	18	·80	·04	·84
		Under-trial ...	11	...	11	5·15	·40	5·55	18	4	22	3	..	3	·09	..	·09
		Civil ...	6	3	9	·54	·17	·71	3	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do...	Convicts ...	50	12	62	25·28	1·01	26·29	32	2	34	57	4	61	2·59	·20	2·79
		Under-trial ...	12	..	12	9·60	·03	9·63	38	...	38	3	...	3	·17	...	·17
		Civil ...	2	...	2	·36	...	·36	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total for Jails ...	Convicts ...	2,895	158	3,053	2,254·530	88·122	2,342·652	2,699	104	2,803	1,704	45	7,149	72·025	2·006	74·051
		Under-trial ...	138	19	157	45·687	3·700	49·387	137	10	147	18	3	21	·61	·037	·647
		Civil ...	38	10	48	11·115	·455	11·570	17	4	21	2	...	2	·05	...	·05
	Total for Lock-ups	Convicts ...				17·294	1·420	18·714	169	17	186	21	...	21	·60	...	·60
		Under-trial ...	380	170	550	43·243	2·465	45·708	298	25	323	7	...	7	·325	...	·325
		Civil ..				5	...	5	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...

15. *Showing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the*

1	2	3											
Serial Number.	Jails.	A		B		C		D		E		F	
		Small-pox.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Scrofula and Phthisis Pulmonalis.		Anæmia and general debility.	
		A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	1	1	11	...	1	...	..	...	1	...	42	14
2	Kolar District Jail	...	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
3	Tumkúr do	...	...	30	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
4	Mysore do	...	...	166	...	94	1	...	...	2	2	24	11
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	...	...	13	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	20	6
6	Hassan District Jail	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
7	Shimoga do	...	...	31	...	5	2	...	...	4	2	17	2
8	Kadur do	...	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do	...	...	15	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
	Total.....	1	1	373	...	104	6	1	...	8	5	111	33
	Total for Lock-ups	...	...	8	..	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	Grand Total.....	1	1	381	...	108	6	1	...	8	5	112	33

PRISONS.—VITAL.

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1880.

8			9			10			11			12														
Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Deaths from fever.			Deaths from bowel-complaints.			Deaths from cholera.			Ratio per cent of average strength.														
												A			B			C			D			E		
												Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from all other causes.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
22	3	25	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	58·237	37·037	56·869	3·703	1·851	3·584	...	...	...	2·809	5·5	2·986	2·809	5·5	2·986
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	293·93	...	284·87	5·55	...	5·38	...	...	...	2·02	...	1·96	2·02	...	1·96
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	186	...	181	9·9	...	9·6	...	...	...	7·4	...	7·2	7·4	...	7·2
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	144	454	157	4·5	·9	4·37	...	...	...	...	454	19·7	...	454	19·7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	·5	...	·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	...	35	1	...	1	15	...	15	...	...	...	135·167	123·333	134·712	3·552	5·133	3·612	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·801	..	10·385
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	...	29	1	...	1	17	...	17	...	...	...	55·59	...	55·59	2·242	...	2·242	...	...	...	4·334	...	4·334	4·334	...	4·334
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54·696	...	52·367	1·209	...	1·157	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26·579	...	25·48	·703	...	·679	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62·266	...	59·553	1·867	...	1·786	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	1	14	1	1	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	47·06	26·23	46·11	2·30	·65	2·2	...	...	...	4·03	6·56	4·19	4·08	6·56	4·19
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26·95	...	24·75	·67	...	·62	...	...	...	13·48	...	12·38	13·48	...	12·38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	4	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	72·34	97·08	73·38	3·40	3·88	3·42	...	...	...	17·02	...	16·31	17·02	...	16·31
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58·25	...	54·05	1·75	...	1·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	225·57	396·04	232·02	10·24	19·81	10·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31·25	...	31·25	1·77	...	1·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106	4	110	5	1	6	41	...	41	...	...	...	75·58	51·06	74·66	3·19	2·27	3·16	...	...	...	4·74	4·54	4·69	4·74	4·54	4·69
1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·4	81·081	42·52	1·33	1	1·31	...	...	...	2·18	27·027	4·049	2·18	27·027	4·049
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·99	...	17·28	·45	...	·425	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	121·42	...	112·21	3·46	..	3·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·18	...	15·31	·74	...	·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year 1880.

4																	
G		H		I		K		Ratio of admissions and deaths per cent of average strength from—									
Respiratory Diseases.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Jaundice.		Ulcers and Boils.		Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	
A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
22	3	28	3	...	...	66	1	1·312	...	·119	...	...	...	3·342	·357
2	...	10	...	...	...	34	...	190·57	...	...	...	...	...	19·64	...
1	...	12	...	1	...	3	...	108	...	3·6	3·6	...	...	43·4	...
6	3	105	14	3	...	4	...	49·256	...	27·892	·297	...	...	31·156	4·154
49	5	144	17	2	...	2	...	1·943	...	·149	·149	...	...	21·525	2·541
2	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	22·047	...	...	...	...	...	16·535	...
14	2	28	3	...	...	12	...	9·28	...	1·49	·59	...	...	8·38	·89
2	2	5	1	...	...	3	...	8·15	...	4·07	4·07	...	...	20·38	4·07
6	...	8	...	...	...	3	...	57·07	...	3·80	...	...	...	22·82	...
104	15	346	38	6	...	128	1	15·92	...	4·439	·25	...	...	14·77	1·62
...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	42·21	...	21·102	...	...	...	21·102	...
104	15	350	38	6	..	132	1	16·13	...	4·57	·25	...	...	14·82	1·609

16. *Statement showing the Mortality, according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880.

1	2	3						4						5						6						7					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 16 years.						16 to 40.						40 to 60.						Over 60.						Total.					
		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.		Average number.		Deaths.		Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	31	...	...	...	...	...	420	51	13	2	3·095	3·921	300	2	7	1	2·03	50	·32	1	2	...	6·25	...	783	54	22	3	2·809	5·5
2	Kolar District do ...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	43·05	1·29	1	...	2·32	...	6·21	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49·33	1·57	1	...	2·02	...
3	Tumkúr do ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	23·79	·74	2	...	8·4	...	3·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26·85	·74	2	...	7·45	...
4	Mysore do ...	3·640	·644	...	...	...	...	188·165	11·051	21	...	11·160	...	128·703	1·278	14	...	10·877	...	3·533	...	...	...	...	...	324·041	12·973	35	...	10·801	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	446·054	...	26	...	5·829	...	223·028	...	3	...	1·345	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	669·082	...	29	...	4·334	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	·008	...	...	...	...	...	21·112	1·522	...	...	...	...	13·617	·027	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34·737	1·549	...	...	...	...
7	Shimoga do ...	1·62	...	...	...	...	...	289·88	14·28	7	1	2·41	7·00	16·95	·97	6	...	35·40	...	10·26	...	...	...	...	...	318·71	15·25	13	1	4·08	6·56
8	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·48	·52	4	..	17·806	...	·78	·51	...	...	...	...	·24	...	...	...	...	...	23·50	1·03	4	...	17·02	...
9	Chitaldroog do ...	·25	...	...	...	...	...	21·60	·93	..	...	...	...	2·52	...	...	...	...	...	·91	·08	...	...	...	...	25·28	1·01	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	36·588	·644	...	...	...	...	1,476·131	81·333	74	3	5·01	3·69	694·868	5·065	30	1	4·319	1974	46·943	1·08	2	...	4·2	..	2,254·530	88·122	106	4	4·74	4·54
	Total Lock-ups ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17·294	1·420	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	36·588	·644	...	..	...	...	1,476·131	81·333	74	3	5·01	3·69	694·868	5·064	30	1	4·319	1974	46·943	1·08	2	...	4·2	...	2,272·824	87·542	106	4	4·66	4·46

17. *Showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1880, *according to length of imprisonment.*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Under 6 months in Jail.			From 6 to 12 months.			From 1 to 2 years.			From 2 to 3 years.			From 3 to 7 years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per cent of average number.
1	Bangalore Central Jail	339	2	·589	166	3	1·807	91	7	7·692	87	5	5·747	112	7	6·25	42	1	2·380
2	Kolar District Jail	29·13	...	...	18·11	...	...	1·78	...	...	1·88	1	53·19	..	...	...	...	...	...
3	Túmkúr do	14·68	...	...	10·08	2	19·84	2·77	...	...	·03	...	...	·03	...	...	...	...	...
4	Mysore do	137·771	10	7·251	54·953	2	3·639	48·907	11	22·491	39·114	7	17·898	52·269	5	9·563	4	...	...
5	Kukarhalli Camp Jail	10·425	2	19·184	92·302	5	5·434	166·330	10	6·024	189·619	9	4·761	210·406	3	1·423	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail	15·950	...	...	11·003	...	...	1·979	...	...	·947	...	...	6·407	..	...	...	...	...
7	Shimoga do	30·17	1	3·31	31·21	1	3·20	80·36	2	2·48	52·51	2	3·808	121·87	7	5·75	18·04	1	5·54
8	Kadur do	20·44	2	9·79	1·47	...	...	·78	1	128·21	·73	...	...	·09	1	1,111·1	1·02	...	...
9	Chitaldroog do	7·53	...	...	8·71	...	...	8·08	...	...	1 33	...	...	·50	...	...	·14	...	...
	Total.....	605·096	17	2·8	393·838	13	3·3	401·986	31	7·7	373·160	24	6·43	503·872	23	4·56	65·20	2	3·06
	Lock-ups...	18·714	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	623·810	17	2·72	393·838	13	3·3	401·986	31	7·7	373·160	24	6·43	503·372	23	4·56	65·20	2	3·06

18. *Showing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8			9		10		11		12		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number remaining at the close of previous year.		Number received.		Total.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1880.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	Total.
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	1	3	5	24	6	27	33	...	1	1	2	6	8	4	20	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
2	Kolar District Jail ...	4	1	94	10	98	11	109	2·78	0·38	3·16	56	3	59	24	3	27	18	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Tumkúr do	3	2	131	12	134	14	148	4·86	·22	5·08	72	6	78	49	5	54	9	2	...	...	...	1	4	...	4
4	Mysore do	...	...	57	5	57	5	62	4·590	·524	5·114	31	1	32	14	3	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	1	13
5	Kukarhalli Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Hassan District Jail ...	37	...	167	11	204	11	215	11·287	·486	11·773	114	7	121	72	4	76	4	...	5	...	...	...	9	...	9
7	Shimoga do	8	2	150	22	158	24	183	7·42	·66	8·08	71	14	85	78	7	85	5	2	...	...	1	...	3	1	4
8	Kadur do	1	1	163	9	164	10	174	5·15	·40	5·55	103	1	104	43	9	52	9	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
9	Chitaldroog do	1	...	157	6	158	6	164	9·60	·03	9·63	66	3	69	79	3	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13
	Total.....	55	9	924	99	979	108	1,087	45·687	3·700	49·387	515	41	556	363	54	417	45	9	5	...	1	1	50	3	53
	Total for Lock-ups ...	38	2	3,236	217	3,274	219	3,493	43·243	2·465	45·708	1,807	119	1,926	879	73	952	564	27	...	...	...	...	24	...	24
	Grand Total.....	93	11	4,160	316	4,253	327	4,580	88·930	6·165	95·095	2,322	160	2,482	1,242	127	1,369	609	36	5	...	1	1	74	3	77

Statement A, *showing the Nature and Amount of Accommodation for each class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province at the close of the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December in the part of the Jail devoted to—														Superficial area per prisoner within enclosing wall in square yards.	Spent on Jail buildings during the year.		Remarks.
			Hospital.		Observation cells.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand Total.		By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.						Rs.	Rs.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail	...	65	4	16	2	...	...	...	...	8	2	24	60	998	1,179	114·196	...	833—6—0	
2	Kolar District Jail	...	10	...	...	...	8	...	12	...	...	...	...	10	108	148	15	...	539—2—10	
3	Tumkúr do	...	14	7	5	...	4	...	12	7	...	...	...	7	131	187	4·5	...	...	
4	Mysore do	...	15	...	26	...	15	3	49	6	...	...	...	20	307	441	88·75	93-0-10	802—14—9	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	653	683	36	...	412—2—0	
6	Hassan District Jail	...	9	...	15	...	4	...	8	...	3	...	...	4	38	81	74	...	298—9—0	
7	Shimoga do	...	15	4	...	...	3	...	21	...	...	...	...	47	311	401	11·23	342	...	
8	Kadur do	...	7	...	...	...	6	...	11	...	...	...	...	7	46	77	77	...	555	
9	Chitaldroog do	...	14	...	...	...	2	...	12	...	...	...	...	12	50	90	70	...	217—0—0	
	Total for Jails.....	...	179	15	62	2	42	3	125	13	11	2	24	167	2,642	3,287	...	435-0-10	3,658—2—7	
	Total for Lock-ups.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	12	...	...	...	158	346	550	...	...	54	
	Grand Total.....	...	179	15	62	2	42	3	159	25	11	2	24	325	2,988	3,837	...	435-0-10	3,712—2—7	

Statement B, *showing the State of Health of the Prisoners admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3			4	5			6			7				8				9			10
Serial Number.	Jails.	State of health on admission of those admitted during the year.			Number discharged during the year.	State of health of column 4 on admission.			State of health of column 4 on release.			State of weight of column 4 prisoners on admission.				State of weight of column 4 prisoners on release.				State of health on admission into Jail of those who died during the year.			Remarks.
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Who gained weight during imprisonment.		Who lost weight.		Who gained weight during imprisonment.		Who lost weight.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	
												No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.	No.	lbs.				
1	Bangalore Central Jail	332	77	4	672	563	108	1	607	64	1	504	63,504	45	5,670	504	66,906	45	5,355	5	20	...	
2	Kolar District Jail	107	18	10	151	110	22	19	151	...	...	118	13,799	33	3,037	118	14,153	33	2,971	...	1	...	
3	Tumkúr do	97	14	8	125	102	21	2	88	27	10	48	5,424	18	2,009	48	5,589	18	1,965	...	...	2	
4	Mysore do	917	120	12	1,023	927	90	6	991	26	6	570	60,676	42	4,550	570	63,629	42	4,159	14	17	4	
5	Kukarhalli Jail	332	46	...	731	596	135	...	686	36	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	14	...	
6	Hassan District Jail	126	3	...	134	126	7	1	134	...	...	74	7,006	33	3,284	74	7,315	33	3,211	...	...	...	
7	Shimoga do	289	42	3	325	289	21	15	312	8	5	171	18,304	133	15,111	171	19,588	133	14,148	5	3	6	
8	Kadur do	153	3	1	161	143	18	...	153	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
9	Chitaldroog do	135	14	17	164	132	15	17	157	4	3	149	8,418	15	847	149	8,855	15	825	...	...	...	
	Total.....	2,488	337	55	3,486	2,988	437	61	3,279	173	34	1,634	177,131	319	34,508	1,634	186,035	319	32,934	41	55	14	
	Total for Lock-ups.....	911	30	3	949	907	39	3	917	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	3,399	367	58	4,435	3,895	476	64	4,196	205	34	1,634	177,131	319	34,508	1,634	186,035	319	32,934	41	55	14	

Statement C, *showing the Working of the Mark System during the year* 1880 *in the Jails of the Mysore Province.*

1	2	3	4									5									6									7	8	9
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission under the mark system.									Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year.									Average remission gained by the convicts entered in column 4.									Maximum gratuity earned by any convict released during the year.	Average gratuity earned by the convicts entered in column 4.	Remarks.
			Sentenced to—									Sentenced to—									Sentenced to—											
			Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.			
																															R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
1	Bangalore Central Jail ...	121	1	4	3	2	...	5	...	4	2	10	46	67	44	30	...	73	...	73	87	60	46	53·5	38·6	30	...	44	...	61·5	67	63	3 0 0	2 0 3	
2	Kolar District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Tumkúr do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Mysore and Kukarhulli Jails	...	5	6	6	8	1	2	...	...	1	...	30	62	56	69	53	64	...	...	41	...	23·4	46·6	39·3	49·5	53	59	...	...	41	...	1 12 9	1 2 1	
5	Hassan District Jail ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36·6	...	...	...	...	...	0 15 11	0 15 4	
6	Shimoga do ...	...	...	3	2	8	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	50	92	106	22	73	17	...	...	...	...	49	59·5	65	22	56·5	17	...	...	...	2 11 11	1 7 8	
7	Kadur do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Chitaldroog do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

II. C. PRISONS.

Statement D, *showing the Nature of the Crimes for which Convicts are imprisoned in the several Jails and Lock-ups of the Mysore Province.*

Serial Number.	1			2																						3
	Sections of Penal Code classified.			Convicts in Jail on 31st December 1880, under sentence not exceeding—																						Total.
				A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I				J		
				One month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		
																				A. For life.		B. For a term.				
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	VI	All Sections ...	Offences against the State ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	VII	Do ...	Offences relating to the army and navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	VIII	Do ...	Offences against the public tranquillity ...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
4	IX	162, 163, 170 and 271 ...	Offences by others relating to public servants.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
5	"	All other Sections ...	Offences by public servants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	X	All Sections	Contempt of the lawful authority of public servants.	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
7	XI	193, 200 to 205 ...	False evidence and the like, and false personation in a suit or criminal proceeding.	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
8	"	201 to 204	Causing disappearance of evidence and omitting to inform or giving false information regarding an offence.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
9	"	206 to 210	Fraudulent claims, decrees, disposals of property.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	"	211	Making false criminal charge	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
11	"	212, 216, 224 to 227 ...	Harbouring offenders, compounding offences, resisting apprehensions and the like.	...	..	...	...	...	...	3	..	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	4	...	4
12	"	217 to 223	Offences by public servants against public justice.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	..	3
13	"	228 and 229 ...	Interrupting public servant and personating juror or assessor.	...	..	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
14	XII	241 to 254	Lighter offences relating to coin... ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
15	"	All other Sections ...	Graver offences relating to coin and stamps ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
16	XIII	All Sections	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	XIV	264 to 289	Offences affecting the public health and safety.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	"	290 and 291 ...	Nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	"	292 to 294A ...	Obscene books and lotteries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	XV	All Sections... ...	Offences relating to religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	XVI	302, 303, 307 ...	Murder and attempt to murder	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	3	1	3	2	12	2	...	...	22	6	5	...	3	...	50	11	61
22	"	304, 304 A, 305, 306, 308	Culpable homicide and attempt to commit the same and abetting suicide.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	16	3	24	1	...	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	55	4	59

23		„	309	...	Attempt to commit suicide	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5
24		„	311	...	Being a thug	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	...	2
25		„	312 to 318 ...	...	Causing miscarriage, exposing children and concealment of birth of child.	...	...	1	...	2	6	3	2	12	6	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	17	38
26		„	323, 334, 352, 355	...	Hurt and assault with or without provocation	5	...	4	...	2	...	6	...	3	...	5	..	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27
27		„	324, 333, 335 to 338	...	Aggravated cases of hurt, all cases of grievous hurt, and doing acts dangerous to human life.	3	...	8	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	..	1	...	3	...	...	...	17	1	18
28		„	341 to 348	...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	..	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	8
29		„	353 to 357	...	Aggravated assault	1	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	...	2
30		„	363 to 373	...	Kidnapping, abduction, selling minors to slavery.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
31		„	374	...	Unlawful compulsory labor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
32		„	376	...	Rape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	11	...	2	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16
33		„	377	..	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
34		XVII	379 to 381, 461 and 462.		Theft, including theft in building and by servants, and breaking open closed receptacle.	14	...	14	1	30	1	42	2	80	6	55	...	31	1	...	...	...	1	11	..	...	...	277	12	289
35		„	384 and 385	...	Extortion, unaggravated ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8
36		„	386 to 389	...	Do aggravated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37		„	392, 394 and 382	...	Robbery and aggravated theft ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	9	...	59	1	37	...	17	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	129	1	130
38		„	395, 400 and 402	...	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	18	...	506	...	335	...	8	...	15	...	39	...	...	...	923	...	923
39		„	403 and 404	...	Dishonest misappropriation	..	..	...	...	...	...	5	...	4	...	3	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13
40		„	406 to 409	...	Criminal breach of trust	1	...	5	1	8	...	8	...	14	...	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	1	47
41		„	411 to 414	...	Receiving and concealing stolen property ...	...	...	4	...	5	2	4	...	7	4	9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	6	38
42		„	417 to 420	...	Cheating	..	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
43		„	421 to 424	...	Fraudulent deeds and distributions of property.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44		„	426 to 440	...	Mischief	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	25	1	26
45		„	447 and 448	...	Simple trespass and house trespass ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46		„	449, 450, 459 and 460	...	House-breaking in order to commit offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life and causing death or grievous hurt in house-breaking.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47		„	451 to 458	...	House-breaking and house-trespass ...	5	1	10	...	16	3	10	1	55	...	26	...	16	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	144	5	149
48		XVIII	465 to 489	...	Forgery and offences relating to trade and property marks.	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	...	13	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	23
49		XIX	490 to 492	...	Criminal breach of contract	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
50		XX	493 to 498	...	Offences relating to marriage	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	9
51		XXI	500 to 502	...	Defamation	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
52		XXII	504 to 510	...	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance...	1	...	...	..	21	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	24
53		Cr. P. C.	505 to 517	...	Bad livelihood and belonging to wandering gang of thieves.	...	...	5	...	3	...	19	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27
54		I. P. C.	401	...	All other offences	...	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	12	4	11	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	27	9	36
					Total.....	38	3	50	3	106	14	131	9	283	20	752	14	468	6	16	...	42	7	69	1	3	...	1,958	77	2,035

H. D.

1. *General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution*

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.											
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.				Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C., and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 157, C. P. C.				
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.												
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	32	12	44	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	6	8	6	...	...	2	...	8	7	9
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	19	8	27	26	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting on unlawful assembly	25	8	33	30	...	...	1	...	...	3	2
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	1	2	3	1	...	...	6	...	5	4	7
											1	1	1
		Total... ...	80	30	110	87	...	..	9	...	15	16	26
	Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.												
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	..							
9		Do by dacoits	1	4	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Do by robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
11		Do by poison	3	3	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders...	35	18	53	39	...	...	1	...	...	...	4
13	307	Attempts at murder	6	4	10	8	...	...	2	...	7	1	26
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	36	9	45	26	1	...	3	...	1	1	3
15	376	Rape	12	4	16	11	5	...	2	...	7	2	16
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	2	5	7
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	56	11	67	58	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	44	7	51	45	...	...	1	...	10	8	26
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	..	12	6	8
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	42	11	53	44	...	...	...	...	...	..	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt. ..	4	4	8	4	...	...	4	...	9	4	10
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	8	4	12	10	...	...	...	...	1	1	5
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	64	34	98	71	...	...	2	...	2	1	2
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	32	5	37	30	...	...	5	...	18	14	27
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	6	3	9	6	...	...	9	...	11	6	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	5
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	99	14	113	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	...	1	1	8	...	43	...	15	15	16
									...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	454	135	589	472	14	...	75	...	94	66	163

POLICE.

of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8g, in which conviction was obtained.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at the end of 1879.	Within the year. Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, Cr.P.C and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year. Before being put on trial. In Police custody.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
8f	8g	9	10	10a	11	12	12a	13	13a	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	19	16	1	...	39	...	40	...	1	9	30	4	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	14	14	3	...	16	1	20	...	...	4	16	2	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	12	10	7	...	159	...	157	2	11	58	86	13	...	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	46	41	11	...	209	1	221	2	12	74	133	19	...	114	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	58	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	1	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	21	15	3	...	46	...	49	1	1	8	37	4	11	22	...	...	...	2	...	3	2	518	105	
2	1	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	31	...	
3	25	15	6	...	32	...	38	...	...	14	19	4	...	15	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	
...	4	3	2	...	9	1	12	...	2	5	5	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	32	18	10	...	38	...	48	...	1	23	23	...	2	21	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
5	23	20	...	...	31	...	31	1	1	4	23	3	...	20	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	1	...	...	7	...	7	1	...	...	6	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	28	22	5	...	51	...	56	...	...	10	39	5	...	34	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	1	...	3	...	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	5	3	3	...	7	...	10	...	...	3	6	1	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
8	30	26	2	...	85	...	87	1	7	27	44	8	1	35	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	
6	2	2	5	...	24	...	29	...	6	8	9	3	2	4	...	...	...	2	4	...	..	...	...	
1	2	1	...	...	8	...	8	...	1	1	6	4	...	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	29	1	4	...	54	...	58	...	5	8	44	15	...	29	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	245	97	
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	
40	209	151	42	...	404	1	447	4	24	117	267	51	19	197	...	...	2	26	7	23	6	852	202	

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C. and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class III.— Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.											
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	89	80	169	89	...	...	5	...	6	11	126
31	399, 402...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	3	3	6	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	4
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	...	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
33	392, 393	Robbery. In dwelling house ...	8	13	21	11	...	...	2	...	4	4	7
		Robbery. On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ...	23	9	32	22	...	...	3	...	3	3	15
		Robbery. Other robberies	96	43	139	93	1	...	11	...	29	13	57
34	270, 281, 282, 426, 430 to 433, 435 to 440...	Serious mischief and cognate offences	42	17	59	55	1	1	13	.	11	7	21
35	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	778	369	1,147	742	4	...	99	...	198	49	532
36	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt... ...	5	3	8	5	...	...	1	...	...	1	4
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
		Total.....	1,046	541	1,587	1,024	6	1	135	...	251	88	801
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.											
		Simple Hurt	831	138	969	822	5	...	163	...	250	127	121
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	141	14	155	152	...	..	33	...	24	5	6
39	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	64	16	80	62	...	...	13	...	19	14	20
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	5	1	6	5	1	...	1	...	1	2	1
41	374	Compulsory labor	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total... ..	1,041	169	1,210	1,041	6	...	210	...	294	148	148
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.											
		Mischief	27	9	36	18	1	...	...	...	9	6	13
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	63	58	121	64	...	...	4	...	20	10	720
43	379 to 382 ...	Theft. Of cattle	266	132	398	277	1	..	69	...	101	26	107
		Theft. Ordinary	2,232	530	2,762	2,327	12	...	336	...	460	264	627
44	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust	76	15	91	78	...	...	13	...	19	11	15
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	41	15	56	40	...	...	2	...	3	8	21
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass...	96	8	104	97	...	...	17	...	20	12	17
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	30	25	55	27	...	...	4	...	14	8	21
		Total.....	2,831	792	3,623	2,928	14	.	445	...	646	345	894
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.											
48	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C....	Vagrancy and bad character	38	2	40	34	2	...	...	..	1	5	5
50	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion	7	2	9	7	...	...	2	..	2	1	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province ...	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	9	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		———Excise Laws	4	...	4	4	...	..	1	...	...	...	...
53		———Railway Laws	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		———Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
55		———Stage Carriage Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		———Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294 Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and any other Municipal or Local laws ...	Public and local nuisances	1,106	10	1,116	1,097	...	...	30	...	19	34	8
58	... ...	Other special and Local laws cognizable by Police ...	102	2	104	121	...	..	...	...	7	6	9
		Coffee Theft	25	...	25	25	...	...	...	...	...	7	5
		Total.....	1,294	16	1,310	1,300	2	...	33	...	29	54	28
		Grand Total.....	6,746	1,683	8,429	6,852	28	1	907	...	1,329	717	2,060

1.—*Continued.*

Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and Superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at the end of 1879.	Within the year. Received by transfer.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, Cr. P. C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Session or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of persons pending trial at the end of year. Before being put on trial. In Police custody.	Number of persons pending trial at the end of year. Before being put on trial. On bail.	Number of persons pending trial at the end of year. Under trial before Magistrate.	Number of persons pending trial at the end of year. Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
6	35	15	63	...	232	...	295	7	15	64	181	9	93	79	...	...	...	13	15	69	26	17,229	1,398
...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	188	30
1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	12	8	16	...
2	2	2	...	...	18	...	18	...	...	7	11	4	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	371	100
2	6	6	...	...	22	...	22	...	...	7	15	3	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	11	5	3,473	78
13	31	16	16	...	83	1	100	...	2	41	42	3	4	35	...	...	...	15	..	43	19	1,515	827
3	11	4	3	...	12	1	16	...	...	2	11	4	...	7	...	...	...	1	2	14	6	502	...
90	239	149	41	..	343	5	389	...	6	101	264	43	1	220	...	...	...	18	...	395	155	70,323	26,396
...	3	2	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	2	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	5,320	609
118	332	194	123	...	720	7	850	7	23	228	527	67	98	362	...	...	...	47	18	551	223	96,917	29,938
105	247	203	38	...	647	4	689	...	66	207	386	77	...	309	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
7	93	80	5	...	150	...	155	...	2	39	113	9	...	104	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
4	16	10	2	...	37	1	40	..	1	16	23	11	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	1	...	3	...	4	...	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
116	357	294	46	...	837	5	888	...	69	264	524	99	...	425	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...
4	7	4	3	..	22	...	25	...	...	11	12	6	...	6	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	55	...
7	17	7	...	...	18	...	18	...	4	2	12	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	88	58	17	...	158	6	181	...	7	39	129	39	...	90	...	...	...	6	..	110	107	2,663	2,044
212	1,022	863	125	...	1,529	11	1,665	3	42	322	1,236	207	...	1,029	...	2	3	57	...	1,303	934	28,289	13,305
5	34	28	3	...	51	...	54	...	5	12	31	5	...	39	...	...	...	3	...	41	24	2,958	1,015
3	24	19	3	...	46	5	54	...	2	9	43	9	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	20	18	636	385
5	48	33	3	...	90	...	93	..	5	30	56	17	1	38	...	...	...	2	...	6	2	164	...
2	10	6	16	...	17	...	33	...	1	20	12	4	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	178	3
275	1,250	1,018	170	...	1,931	22	2,123	8	66	445	1,534	292	1	1,241	...	2	3	70	...	1,491	1,087	34,943	16,752
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	30	25	6	...	83	...	89	...	...	14	73	10	...	63	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
1	3	3	...	...	12	...	12	...	...	8	4	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	9	9	...	...	26	...	26	...	...	...	26	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	3	3	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	1,026	1,017	8	...	1,856	...	1,864	...	2	50	1,812	71	...	1,741	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	88	81	...	...	465	...	465	...	...	13	449	14	...	435	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
6	7	7	...	...	26	...	26	...	...	12	14	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	223	83
20	1,167	1,146	14	...	2,472	...	2,486	...	2	96	2,382	97	...	2,285	...	...	...	6	...	3	3	223	83
572	3,361	2,844	406	...	6,573	36	7,015	16	196	1,224	5,367	625	118	4,624	...	2	5	180	25	2,068	1,319	1,32,935	46,975

PART II.—NON-

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, columns 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.				
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 627, 238 ...	Offences against public justice	13	2	4	12
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	10	1	...	6
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	9	3	1	4
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	6	...	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	20	...	...	9
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	...	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	22	3	3	22
		Total.....	80	9	8	53
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	10	2	1	6
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	10	2	1	6
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	8	..	...	3
		Total.....	8	...	...	3
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	185	9	4	101
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	44	7	3	26
		Total.....	229	16	7	127
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	6	...	...	2
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	21	13	2	13
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	...	...
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	42	16	6	6
		Total.....	71	31	8	21
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	9	5	...	2
21	295	Offences against religion	1	...	...	1
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	2	...	...	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult...	16	4	...	14
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	17	1	...	13
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	14	1	1	12
		Total.....	59	11	1	43
		Grand Total.....	457	69	25	253

1 —*Concluded.*

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases struck off as false.	Number of cases pending at the end of the year.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Number of persons pending or under trial at the end of the year.	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	2	28	9	23	...	...	...	
2	3	13	5	8	...	...	...	
7	1	11	8	4	...	...	...	
2	4	3	2	...	1	...	...	
4	7	21	9	11	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	102	26	79	...	...	...	
19	17	178	59	125	2	...	...	
4	2	14	6	9	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	14	6	9	...	...	..	
3	2	10	6	4	...	3	...	
3	2	10	6	4	...	3	...	
78	15	230	66	168	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	12	42	11	32	2	...	...	
91	27	272	77	200	2	...	...	
2	2	3	1	2	...	50	...	
10	11	25	8	18	1	96	91	
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
38	14	30	29	7	...	93	1	
52	29	58	38	27	1	239	92	
11	1	10	8	2	...	...	...	
...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	4	3	1	...	...	...	
4	2	31	4	27	...	...	...	
4	1	61	5	56	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	27	8	20	...	...	...	
21	6	135	29	107	...	...	...	
190	83	667	215	472	5	242	92	

2. *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Total number of cases fully investigated during the year and accepted as true, Column 8 *g* of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to true cases investigated.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
			1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880	1879	1880
1	2	3	4	5	5*a*		6	7	8	9	9 *a*		9 *b*		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																								
1*a*		Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	69	33	32	19	87·5	84·21	49	40	...	...	49	40	30	30	61·22	65	100	86·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	2	...	1	...	100	1	4	...	...	1	4	...	1	...	25	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice...	52	20	29	14	79·31	100	41	20	...	...	41	20	30	16	60·97	70	83·3	71·75	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	34	30	12	12	91·6	83·33	135	157	...	...	135	157	87	86	50·37	46·49	78·16	84·75	100	...	45	...	45	...
6	140, 170, 17 ...	Personating public servant or soldier...	5	1	2	...	100	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	66·6	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	161	87	75	46	85·3	89·13	229	221	...	...	229	221	149	133	...	51·59	..	85·71	100	...	45	...	45	...
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																								
8	302, 303, 396. ...	Murder by thugs...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits	5	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	58	...	...	...	...
10		„ robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		„ poison	6	4	...	2	100	50	3	3	...	...	3	3	2	3	33·3	33·34	50	33·34	50	...	14	...	28	...
12		Other murders	69	39	18	21	55·5	71·42	54	49	...	...	54	49	21	37	27·7	44·9	71·42	59·5	249	518	140	105	56·24	20·28
15	307	Attempts at murder	13	8	3	1	66·6	...	5	4	...	...	5	4	2	...	40	...	100	...	...	31	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	63	27	25	25	80	60	55	38	...	...	55	38	34	19	43·6	39·5	70·57	78·94	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	18	16	5	4	40	75	13	12	...	...	13	12	5	5	15·38	1·66	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	40	58	19	32	84·21	56·25	35	48	...	...	35	48	21	23	57·14	43·75	95·23	87	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	43	45	22	23	81·81	87	32	31	...	...	32	31	19	23	65·06	64·5	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	...	3	...	2	...	50	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	6	...	57·14	...	66·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	60	44	30	7	86·6	78·57	61	56	...	...	61	56	39	39	63·9	62·3	100	87·17	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt... ...	15	4	3	1	66·6	100	13	4	...	...	13	4	...	1	23·76	25	75	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	11	10	2	5	100	60	12	10	...	...	12	10	3	6	16·6	50	66·6	83·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	116	71	33	30	78·78	86·66	65	87	...	...	65	87	33	44	43·94	40·2	87·87	79·54	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	21	30	2	2	100	100	13	29	...	...	13	29	8	9	15·38	13·9	25	44·44	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	9	6	4	2	100	50	8	8	...	...	8	8	7	6	87·5	25	100	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	50	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	11	106	37	29	75·67	3·45	71	58	...	...	71	58	50	44	54·92	50	78	65·9	279	245	32	97	11·47	39·65
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	...	9	1	1	106	...	2	1	...	...	2	1	1	1	50	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	582	473	205	209	78·04	72·25	443	447	...	...	444	447	250	267	45·94	44·07	81·6	73·78	1,028	852	186	202	18·09	23·71

		Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.																								
30	395,397, 398	...	Dacoity	190	89	56	35	46·42	57·14	395	295	...	...	395	295	198	181	27·34	26·77	54·54	43·09	30,353	17,229	2,853	1,898	9·38	11·16
31	399,402 ...	...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	1	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394,397, 398	...	Robbery { By poisonous or stupefying drugs... ... with hurt { By other means	12	3	3	2	33·33	...	11	2	...	...	11	2	7	...	18·18	...	28·57	...	277	188	137	30	49·46	15·92
				5	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...
33	392,393 ...	...	Robbery. { In dwelling house ... ... On the highway, between sunset and sunrise. Other robberies	19	11	2	2	100	100	9	18	...	...	9	18	5	11	55·55	38·88	100	63·63	380	371	12	100	3·16	26·95
				45	23	10	6	70	100	26	22	...	...	26	22	22	15	73·07	54·54	86·36	80	4,104	3,473	2,342	78	57·06	2·25
				135	94	29	31	82·75	51·61	89	100	...	...	89	100	67	42	64·04	35	85·07	85·33	2,319	1,515	400	827	17·29	54·59
34	270,281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	...	Serious mischief and cognate offences	48	57	8	11	12·5	36·36	24	16	...	...	24	16	2	11	41·66	43·75	50	63·63	1,300	502	...	...	...	...
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	1,140	746	284	239	66·19	62·34	488	389	...	...	488	389	342	264	53·55	56·55	80·7	83·71	65,986	70,323	9,909	26,396	15·02	37·84
36	449 to 452 ...	...	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	135	5	29	3	89·65	66·67	49	5	...	...	49	5	43	3	79·59	40	90·69	66·67	4,223	...	1,138	...	26·94	...
37	412, 413 ...	...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,320	...	609	...	20·85
			Total.....	1,731	1,031	421	332	65·32	58·43	1,091	850	...	...	1,091	850	686	527	46·47	42·58	73·9	68·69	108,942	96,917	16,791	29,938	15·44	30·96
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.																								
38	334 ...	...	Hurt	632	827	232	247	93·53	82·18	617	869	...	...	617	689	453	386	53·64	44·84	73·07	80·05	...	..	...	...	...	...
39	341 to 344 ...	...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	44	152	33	93	87·87	40·86	34	155	...	...	34	155	33	113	91·17	61·35	90·9	91·15	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	336, 337 ...	...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	80	62	19	16	68·42	6·25	76	40	...	...	76	40	29	23	31·57	30	82·76	52·17	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	374 ...	...	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	5	6	2	1	100	20	2	4	...	...	2	4	2	2	100	...	100	100	...	..	...	...	...	...
			Compulsory labor	188	...	39	...	100	...	112	...	...	...	112	...	75	...	52·99	...	82·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Total.....	949	1,047	325	357	92·3	82·35	841	888	...	...	841	888	592	524	55·19	47·86	76·01	81·11	...	..	...	...	...	...
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.																								
			Mischief	45	19	10	7	80	57·15	37	25	...	...	37	25	14	12	2·97	24	7·85	5·	8·	55	...	...	...	...
42	453, 456 ...	...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	122	64	17	17	35·29	14·18	19	18	...	...	19	18	13	12	63·16	38·88	92·31	58·33	93	...	13	...	16·13	...
43	379 to 382 ...	...	Theft { Of cattle ... ... Ordinary	553	278	187	88	77·54	66	377	181	...	...	377	181	278	129	62·87	48·72	85·28	61·76	5,683	2,693	3,767	2,044	67·23	76·7
44	406 to 408 ...	...	Criminal breach of trust	3,153	2,239	1,317	1,022	84·73	84·45	2,254	1,665	...	...	2,254	1,665	1,747	1,235	68·67	61·82	88·66	83·24	41,817	28,589	14,970	15,309	35·75	47·02
45	411, 414	...	Receiving stolen property	141	78	58	34	89·66	82·35	93	54	...	...	93	54	66	34	67·74	53·7	95·45	85·3	3,631	2,958	1 580	1,015	43·52	35·9
46	447, 448 ...	...	Criminal or house-trespass...	71	40	33	24	78·26	79·16	65	54	...	...	65	54	46	43	52·31	62·96	73·61	79·07	2,196	1 36	1,009	385	86·47	60·5
47	461, 462 ...	...	Breaking close receptacle	84	97	46	48	78·26	68·75	91	93	...	...	91	93	71	56	60·43	40·86	77·46	67·85	...	161	...	...	...	...
			Total.....	75	27	13	10	38·46	60	57	33	...	...	57	33	21	12	36·84	24·24	100	66·67	243	178	98	3	39·83	1·74
				4,244	2,942	1,681	1,250	82·92	81·44	2,993	2,123	...	...	2,993	2,123	2,256	1,534	66·22	58·45	87·95	86·89	53,666	34,943	22,317	16,752	41·58	47·9
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.																								
48	311, 400, 401	...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	87·5	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	...	Vagrancy and bad character	21	36	17	30	76·47	83·34	75	89	...	...	75	89	56	73	63·2	70·78	...	86·3	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	295 to 297	...	Offences against religion	4	7	..	3	...	...	2	12	...	...	2	12	1	4	...	16·38	100	50	...	..	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	7	9	7	9	100	100	42	26	...	.	42	26	42	26	100	100	100	1 00	...	..	...	...	...	..
52			,, Railway Laws	2	1	2	1	100	100	2	1	...	..	2	1	2	1	100	100	...	100	...	..	...	...	...	...
53			,, Chapter 33 C. P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54			,, Section 505	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55			,, Arms Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56			,, Post Office Act	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Security for good behaviour...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Excise Laws	...	4	...	3	...	100	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws		Public and local nuisances...	1,042	1,097	987	1,026	97·67	99·3	1,790	1,864	...	...	1,780	1,864	1,747	144	94·41	93·41	96·71	96·88	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	... ...		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	32	121	28	88	89·9	90·9	86	465	...	...	86	465	74	14	74·4	295·54	86·43	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Coffee theft	...	25	...	7	...	100	...	26	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	223	...	83	...	37·3
			Total.....	1,110	1,302	1,042	1,167	32·52	98·5	1,993	2,488	...	...	1,999	2,496	1,922	2,382	92·57	91·54	96·09	96·6	...	223	...	83	...	37·3
			Grand Total.....	8,777	8,881	2,749	3,361	85·43	84·62	7,596	7,015	...	...	7,602	7,015	5,855	5,307	67·27	65·91	87·36	86·24	163,736	132,935	39,339	46,975	24·02	35·11

3. *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.							Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1878	1879	1880	1878	1879	1880	1878	1879	1880	1878	1879	1880	1878	1879	1880	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
Dacoity on land	...	27	52	15	54	653	124	98	53	45	26	429	418	233	124	333	182	98	178	74	53	17,092	17,206	6,847	2,035	997	139	
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																											
(*a*) with murder	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	5	...	1	5	...	1	2	...	...	63	...	22	63	...	23	
(*b*) without murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																											
Kidnapping	...	...	3	1	2	...	3	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cattle theft	...	6	32	17	20	46	39	30	26	4	9	7	385	64	39	338	64	30	273	62	26	3,472	1,156	427	3,035	800	422	

4. *Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.																Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						
	Number of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Average duration of fair or assembly.	Average estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total Cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolar	4	10	10,250	13	37	1	24	...	...	...	...	3	2	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tumkúr	3	17	2,666	1	6	11	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	2	21	3,750	1	4	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hassan	...	12	5,000	1	7	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur	2	...	...	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	...	1	...	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chitaldroog	15	5	3,820	1	6	30	103		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town, Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. D.

5. *Statement showing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment*

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Commissioners (Column 3).	Other Expenses of Column 3.							Cost
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.				Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of Subordinate Officers. (Cols. 4 and 5.)	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8).	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cls. 11, 12 and 14.	Average Pay of—		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Cols. XI to XVII.
		Number of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards.	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.								Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Head-Quarter Police Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,959	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	25,427
Bangalore	...	...	1	53	...	527	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	20,395	38,314	3,540	76	...	1,215
Kolar	...	...	...	50	...	425	...	3	15	...	...	...	2,659	16,947	32,364	3,400	73	...	879
Tumkúr	...	...	...	46	...	489	..	2	15	...	...	...	1,882	14,882	34,877	3,470	73	...	725
Mysore	...	...	1	56	...	543	...	2	25	...	...	..	4,032	19,859	40,425	4,659	75	...	2,539
Hassan	...	...	1	47	...	437	...	1	13	...	...	..	493	16,887	33,252	3,759	71	...	1,322
Shimoga	...	..	1	44	...	434	...	6	29	...	...	...	4,464	19,247	31,629	3,949	72	...	4,290
Kadur	...	..	...	50	...	525	...	2	15	...	...	...	4,227	16,993	35,334	4,460	80	...	1,204
Chitaldroog	...	...	1	34	...	...	...	1	15	...	...	...	6,306	7,190	15,800	3,861	80	...	772
Town and Cantonment of Bangalore	...	1	4	62	...	230	...	20	139	...	7,141	...	1,543	24,727	13,837	1,172	84	...	9,064
Town of Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	185	...	...	...	...	6,180	15,159	360	81	...	2,418
Total	...	1	9	442	...	3,610	...	58	451	12,959	7,141	...	25,653	1,63,307	3,07,991	32,970	76	...	50,055

6. *Return showing Equipment, Discipline and General Internal*

Districts.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.												
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.								
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331 & 348 of the Indian Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of the Indian Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bangalore	50	527	...	...	556	...	10	13	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Kolar	54	440	105	...	466	...	4	18	44	..	3	...	...	...	...	...	1
Tumkúr	48	504	93	...	495	5	21	11	88	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3
Mysore	60	583	...	...	580	1	8	20	101	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	4
Hassan	48	450	77	...	472	1	22	28	130	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	..
Shimoga	48	463	101	...	345	1	21	10	143	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	7
Chitaldroog	48	540	155	155	539	...	2	52	135	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	5
Kadur	36	318	84	...	341	5	39	37	130	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	...
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore	86	369	...	...	425	...	19	8	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Town, Mysore	21	185	...	...	198	...	4	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Details of Fines, &c.

		O.	M.
Fined less than	Re. 1	44	609
„ Re. 1 and less than	Rs. 2	20	88
„ Rs. 2 „	„ 5	17	30
„ more than	„ 5	6	5
Degraded	...	95	174
Suspended	...	15	99

POLICE.

of Police in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

of Police.			Distribution of Force.										Proportion of Police Officers and Men.					
			In District.										To Area.			To Population (7.)		
			Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.											
Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns.	Of Towns.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35		36	37	
38,386	38,386	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63,491	63,491	...	...	...	...	23	50	500	..	...	2,914	...	...	5·0	..	...	1,189	...
56,249	54,615	1,634	...	...	1	52	46	371	18	...	2,577	618,954	5·35	5·48	9	1,268	1,317	551
55,836	55,712	124	...	...	9	63	33	420	17	...	3,606	632,239	6·8	7·09	5	1,204	1,222	657
71,534	69,233	2,301	...	...	...	35	53	508	27	...	4,127	915,728	6·62	6·62	...	1,469	1,518	392
55,713	54,761	952	...	...	33	...	47	395	14	...	7,011	623,272	...	34·1	1to1370	1,324	1,050	...
63,579	59,665	2,914	...	...	6	18	36	408	35	..	3,797	498,976	7·4	7·4	1 to 85	976	1,018	403
62,718	61,251	1,467	...	...	2	32	44	463	17	...	4,471	531,360	8	...	...	1,021	...	...
33,929	31,403	2,526	...	...	...	93	35	206	16	...	2,298	364,635	6	6·85	4	1,072	1,052	405
74,484	36,421	38,063	...	...	...	2	...	...	158	293	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24,037	...	24,057	...	...	...	...	21	185	...	...	2,832	57,815	...	9	...	...	...	...
5,99,976	5,24,938	75,034	...	...	51	318	335	3,454	302	293	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Management of the Force in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

Reward.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage of men in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	Number of men on sick report during the year.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.			
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
23	...	87	165	17	35	36	353	184	1	8	15	9	1	3	7	·86	1·2	...
40	...	49	172	...	...	51	250	187	..	27	17	4	18	...	2	20·08	·40	...
11	...	44	134	...	...	100	319	123	3	30	19	26	...	4	16	16·47	3·52	70
219	...	59	159	...	...	109	315	212	8	22	13	9	...	21	11	13·46	1·76	144
28	...	70	140	...	...	65	132	292	...	2	10	...	...	4	4	13	·8	...
37	...	18	119	...	73	83	291	129	7	10	15	22	...	7	4	33·3	·8	...
140	...	48	173	...	...	88	364	106	2	10	22	2	...	30	6	39	·01	...
42	...	55	103	4	15	103	197	50	...	1	15	44	5	15	6	42·40	1·71	206
71	...	80	179	2	15	83	292	78	...	20	27	19	1	1	2	1·99	·44	...
...	...	17	75	4	35	17	96	93	2	1	9	4	...	...	3	64·7	1·45	...

II. D. POLICE.

7. *Statement showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880.

Districts.	Race.										Religion or Caste.																									
	Europeans.				Eurasians.			Natives.			Officers.														Men.												
														Hindus.								Other Religion.						Hindus.						Other Religion.			
	District or Assistant District Commissioners. Military, Covenanted or Civil.	Uncovenanted.	Subordinate Officers. On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Commissioners.	Subordinate Officers. On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Commissioners.	Subordinate Officers. On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Muhammadans.	Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Filles.	Naidus.	Mudaliars.	Komatis.	Vakkaligars.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Banajigars.	Bedars and Gollars.	Christians.	Muhammadans.	Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Vakkaligars.	Mahrattas.	Mudaliars.	Vaisyas.	Naidus.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Bedars.	Kurubars.	Lingyats.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	48	523	1	9	24	2	...	...	...	...	7	2	4	1	1	166	54	15	58	...	...	...	...	201	28	...	...	573
Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	48	438	1	21	11	5	..	6	3	...	...	3	...	...	1	199	32	10	...	23	2	...	96	76	...	..	...	488
Tumkúr ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	496	1	12	17	4	1	1	...	...	...	10	...	...	1	199	38	16	...	20	...	...	...	222	...	...	...	542
Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	1	56	578	1	23	15	4	....	8	2	...	...	5	..	...	5	214	48	11	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	...	...	636
Hassan ...	...	...	...	...	...	....	...	1	...	...	...	47	441	1	17	20	3	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	4	100	63	20	10	4	...	...	3	237	...	...	...	489
Shimoga ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	46	455	1	15	15	5	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	4	167	32	12	...	14	...	...	1	225	...	...	...	503
Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	510	...	21	15	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	248	25	10	...	...	...	...	...	63	125	19	18	558
Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	33	314	3	13	14	1	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	94	61	11	...	9	...	...	...	137	...	..	...	350
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	1	3	9	...	...	5	...	...	1	69	266	18	32	8	5	...	...	2	3	...	20	...	...	4	115	14	16	...	26	13	13	...	165	...	...	...	454
Town of Mysore ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	185	1	8	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	6	73	2	3	...	4	...	...	...	97	...	...	...	206
Total.....	...	1	4	9	...	...	12	...	...	5	461	4,306	28	171	141	32	4	18	9	3	7	69	4	7	30	1,495	369	124	68	99	15	13	100	1,725	153	19	18	4,799

II. E. MILITARY.

1. *Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880—81.

	Arm of the Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each.					Total Cost including Contingencies.
		Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of the year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No of Men.				Paid Camp-followers and Non-Combatants.	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
				In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.							
	Her Majesty's Forces.																Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
European.	Cavalry *	528	...	...	...	...	7	2	34	Dep't 14th H.	...	1	...	5	28	33	4,320	...	504	231	75	16,800
	Engineers (R. E.)†	27	...	...	...	...	...	8	49	42nd Co. R. E.	...	11	...	38	...	2	8,172	...	660	...	100	1,15,388
	Artillery	527	47	...	4	4	36	16	518	3 Batteries.	18	21	...	97	400	780	6,968	...	555	269	61	3,65,331
	Infantry ‡	368	4	...	9	9	41	13	947	67th Regt.	...	24	...	92	831	94	4,776	...	348	216	96	3,31,824
	Total.....	1,450	51	...	13	13	84	39	1,548	6	18	57	...	232	1,259	912	24,236	...	2,067	716	332	8,29,343
Native.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineers (S. & M.) † ...	505	43	...	11	11	...	33	723	Q. O. Sappers and Miners.	...	2	10	73	638	40	7,280	1,044	288	168	137	1,46,352
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry §	1,423	263	...	35	35	120	141	2,106	3 Regts.	...	32	42	231	1,801	243	7,448	812	206	110	72	8,96,086
	Total.....	1,928	306	...	46	46	120	174	2,829	4	...	34	52	304	2,439	283	14,728	1,856	494	278	209	10,42,438
	Grand Total.....	3,378	357	...	59	59	204	213	4,377	10	18	91	52	536	3,698	1,195	38,964	1,856	2,561	994	541	18,71,781
	Mysore Local Force.																					
European.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native.	Cavalry	1,171	77	...	18	18	...	24	1,206	3	...	...	42	116	1,048	18	...	1,156 0 7·08	409 14 10·28	308 7 9·24	292 6 1·84	5,11,280 1 1
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	1,839	61	...	22	22	...	47	1,831	3	...	...	67	213	1,551	111	..	337 8 1·1	127 4 5·53	92 0 2·54	92 2 7·63	2,36,428 15 10
	Total.....	3,010	138	...	40	40	...	71	3,037	6	...	...	109	329	2,599	129	..	1,493 8 8·18	537 3 3·81	400 7 11·78	384 8 9·47	7,47,709 0 11

* The 14th (King's) Hussars proceeded on Field Service in South Africa in the month of February 1881.
† Drafts of Royal Engineers joined from England, and Companies of Sappers and Miners returned from Field Service in Afghanistan and Rampa, Madras Presidency, while others proceeded on relief during the year.
‡ The 67th Regiment returned from Field Service in Afghanistan in the month of November 1880.
§ The 4th and 15th Regiments, Madras Native Infantry, returned to Bangalore from Afghanistan and Dakka respectively, while the 37th Regiment M. N. I., proceeded to Bellary during the year.

2. *Statement showing the Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880—81.

Arm of the Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on Active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of men at Head-Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Active Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-Post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active duty.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Active Service.			Number of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps, &c. Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Her Majesty's Forces.														
Infantry	...	3	...	194	501	...	...	240	81	280	31 men had 548 days furlough average 17 $\frac{3}{3}\frac{1}{1}$ each.	7	68	87
Cavalry	1	1	...	...	33	...	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	...
Artillery	...	1	...	85	395	...	...	2·8	55·46	306·74	...	14	243	Annual course of instruction in gunnery for each Battery 42 hours.
Mysore Local Force.														
Cavalry	...	8	19	75	192	73	67	...	134	225	6	...	36	...
Infantry	...	8	63	224	230	156	40	...	207	150	8	...	43	24

II. E. MILITARY.

3. Statement showing Religion, Races, and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.

		Classification according to Religion, Race, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight lbs.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
HER MAJESTY'S FORCES.	According to Religion.	Muhammadans	30	5′ 6¾″	114½	
		Hindus	31	5′ 7″	117¼	
		Seikhs	...	...	...	
		Christians	31	5′ 6″	119¾	
		Parsis, &c.	...	...	...	
		Other Castes	32	5′ 5¾″	110½	
	According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	27	5′ 8″	..	
		Punjabis	...	...	...	
		Afghans	...	...	...	
		Beluchis	...	...	...	
		From Western Himalayas	...	...	...	
		From Eastern do	...	...	...	
		From Maharatta countries	27·25	5′ 6¼″	...	
		Bengalis	34·	5′ 5″	102	
		Telingas	32·38	5′ 6¾″	98	
		Kanarese	27·25	5′ 6″	98	
		Tamils	30·62	5′ 6¾″	110	
		Malabars	30·20	5′ 5½″	105	
	Hindus According to Caste.	Brahmans	29·50	5′ 7½″	...	
		Rajputs	28·25	5′ 7″	...	
		Rache	...	...	...	
		Mahrattas	27·50	5′ 7″	...	
		Kunbis	32·25	5′ 6¼″	...	
		Telingas or Naidus	31·78	5′ 7″	113¼	
		Alemans	28·	5′ 3″	124	
		General Average.....	29·88	5′ 6¼″	110	
MYSORE LOCAL FORCE.	According to Religion.	Muhammadans	3 ·00	5′ 6″	...	
		Hindus	32·57	5′ 6″	...	
		Sciklis	39·0	5′ 5″	...	
		Christians	26·50	5′ 3″	...	
		Parsis, &c.	...	...	...	
		Other Castes	...	...	...	
	According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	30·3	5′ 7″	...	
		Punjabis	39·0	5′ 8″	...	
		Afghans	...	...	...	
		Beluchis	...	...	...	
		From Western Himalayas	...	...	...	
		From Eastern do	...	...	...	
		From Maharatta countries	35·65	5′ 6″	...	
		Bengalis	...	...	...	
		Telingas	33·0	5′ 3″	...	
		Kanarese	28·30	5′ 4″	...	
		Tamils	24·3	5′ 4″	...	
		Malabars	...	...	...	
	Hindus According to Caste.	Brahmans	34·50	5′ 5″	...	
		Rajputs	29·38	5′ 6″	...	
		Maharattas	34·40	5′ 6″	...	
		Rache	...	...	...	
		Kunbis	25·48	5′ 5″	...	
		Telingas or Naidus	33·0	5′ 3″	...	
		Alemans	25·0	5′ 4″	...	
		General Average.....	31·48			

II. F. MARINE.—*Statements* 1 *and* 2. (These are blank.)

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880—81.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.	Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges against Income.			Total.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
			Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.	Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaty and other Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village Officers, Inamdars and Charitable Grants.			
Land Revenue ...	72,13,346 6 5½	9,448 13 3	5,62,789 8 9	25,62,882 1 5	2,11,543 4 8	33,87,217 14 10	38,66,679 10 4½	
Forest ...	6,80,692 15 3	197 10 6	2,23,773 8 10	...	...	2,23,773 8 10	4,56,721 11 11	
Excise on spirits and drugs...	9,39,848 0 0	...	61,436 11 8½	...	...	61,436 11 8½	8,78,411 4 3½	
Tributes and Contributions from Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	88,33,887 5 8½	9,646 7 9	8,47,999 13 3½	25,62,882 1 5	2,11,546 4 8	36,22,428 3 4½	52,01,812 10 7	
Assessed Taxes ...	2,70,527 11 1	...	...	...	...	...	2,70,527 11 1	
Sayer Customs ...	3,30,886 13 4½	359 9 6	18,077 8 11	...	...	18,077 8 11	3,12,449 10 11½	
Salt ... Duty on Imported / Excise duty ... / Government Sales ..	24,143 8 5	...	...	...	...	...	24,143 8 5	
Opium. Export and Import duty ...	105 2 8	...	...	...	...	...	105 2 8	
Opium. Government Sales...	794 3 8	...	...	...	...	...	794 3 8	
Stamp	4,67,882 1 8	4,526 7 5	13,639 5 9	...	...	13,639 5 9	4,49,716 4 6	
Registration ...	46,690 0 8	...	25,445 0 5	...	...	25,445 0 5	21,245 0 3	
Post Office ...	51,860 11 3	...	1,59,263 7 8	...	...	1,59,263 7 8	...	1,07,402 12 5
Electric Telegraph ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Mint	224 8 9½	...	...	...	...	...	224 8 9½	
Minor Department ...	7,764 2 2	...	...	...	...	...	7,764 2 2	
Law and Justice... Refunds ...	1,724 1 6½	...	...	...	...	...	1,724 1 6½	
Law and Justice... Real Fines, &c....	93,175 10 9½	10,433 11 6	...	...	...	...	82,741 15 3½	
Police ... Refunds ...	5,371 9 4	...	...	...	...	...	5,371 9 4	
Police ... Rural ...	158 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	158 10 8	
Education	35,434 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	35,434 9 0	
Medical	1,102 8 5	...	...	...	...	...	1,102 8 5	
Stationery and Printing ...	7,229 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	7,229 10 9	
Interest	12,953 0 9½	...	...	...	...	...	12,953 0 9½	
Public Works Refunds ... / Sales ... / Real ...	10,693 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	10,693 8 9	
State Railway	12,417 12 5	...	...	...	...	...	12,417 12 5	
Military Refunds, &c. ..	5,757 0 5	...	...	...	...	...	5,757 0 5	
Miscellaneous	79,418 10 10½	499 7 4	...	...	...	...	78,919 3 6½	
Famine Relief	735 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	735 8 3	
Total.....	14,67,051 5 9	15,819 3 9	2,16,425 6 9	...	...	2,16,425 6 9	13,42,209 7 8	1,07,402 12 5
Total Revenue.....	1,03,00,938 11 5½	25,465 11 6	10,64,425 4 1½	25,62,882 1 5	2,11,546 4 8	38,38,853 10 1½	65,44,022 2 3	1,07,402 12 5
Local Funds.								
Municipal Funds ...	2,16,185 10 10	...	...	...	...	1,97,130 8 2	19,055 2 8	
One anna cess for local purposes	5,75,576 1 8	Transferred wholly to District Fund, Village School Fund and Local Fund General.			...	5,75,576 1 8	...	
District Fund	4,62,443 11 3½	...	...	...	...	3,21,620 10 10	1,40,823 0 5½	
Local Fund General ...	52,870 15 10	...	...	...	...	50,069 8 0	2,801 7 10	
District Irrigation Fund ...	84,010 9 6	...	...	...	...	1,83,964 10 0	...	99,954 0 6
Village School Fund ...	1,38,135 9 1	...	...	...	...	1,37,030 4 7	1,105 4 6	
Miscellaneous Funds ...	1,89,505 12 1	...	...	...	...	1,71,037 14 1	18,467 14 0	
Total.....	17,18,728 6 3½	...	...	...	...	16,36,429 9 4	1,82,252 13 5½	99,954 0 6
Gross Total.....	1,20,19,667 1 9	25,465 11 6	...	...	...	54,75,282 3 5½	67,26,274 15 8½	2,07,356 12 11

III. A. FINANCE.

2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880—81.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1879—80.	Amount. Present year, 1880—81.	Cause of Increase or Decrease.
Interest on debt	4,00,000 0 0	4,00,000 0 0	
Interest on Service Funds and other accounts	9,098 10 2	*a* 31,802 15 11	*a.* Interest paid for postponement of subsidiary value of Railway Stores, &c., and the increased deposits under Savings Banks.
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey	14,35,140 15 11	*b* 14,74,242 12 8	*b* Increase chiefly under Palace owing to Installation charges of H. H. the Maha Raja.
Civil Contingencies	44,065 11 0	*c* 32,186 11 2	
Minor Departments	1,02,754 2 10	*d* 97,953 10 11	*c* Less under General Department contingencies.
Judicial Charges. Courts, &c.	8,66,196 10 9½	*e* 8,57,982 9 1	*d* Abolition of the Experimental Farm.
Judicial Charges. Prisons	2,39,710 4 1	*f* 1,60,629 2 6	*e* Revision of Judicial Establishment.
Police Charges	5,36,687 0 1	5,32,950 5 1	*f* Savings chiefly under rations, contingent and Jail guard owing to decrease in Jail population.
Military	7,62,523 11 2	*g* 7,54,381 11 5	
Famine Relief	1,15,177 14 3	4,626 15 1	*g* Supernumerary absorbed and pensions lapsed.
Mint	3,948 6 5	*h* 126 14 0	
Deficit.—Post Office	1,06,894 13 11	1,07,402 12 5	*h* Last year a supply of copper pie pieces received from the Madras Government at intrinsic cost.
Superannuation and retired allowances, religious and charitable grants	2,51,837 13 10	*i* 3,13,779 6 8½	*i* Increase in number of Pensioners and gratuities on reduction of Establishments.
Public Works Department.			
Irrigation New	97,338 14 10	1,25,907 0 6	
Irrigation Repairs	... ...	... ...	
Military... New	... ...	1,054 14 1*	
Military... Repairs	... ...	... ...	
Civil Buildings New	40,341 1 7	63,459 13 0	
Civil Buildings Repairs	19,111 14 7	19,446 3 5	
Communications New	1,99,353 5 8	1,88,647 7 3	
Communications Repairs	39,245 7 6	3,01,592 2 4	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements New	64,086 2 6	63,869 2 3	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements Repairs	91 12 8	2,678 2 10	
Establishments, &c.	3,80,068 9 10	2,96,163 7 1	
Suspense Heads	— 49,177 9 7	7,172 4 2	
	10,70,459 11 7	10,69,990 8 11	
Mysore State Railway.—(Capital.)			
Preliminary Expenses	— 35,983 4 4	... ...	
Land	29,738 7 8	9,571 4 11	
Construction of Line	2,16,524 5 7	2,78,423 2 7	
Ballast and Permanent Way	24,722 8 4	8,44,305 4 11	
Stations and Buildings	79,071 6 11	1,09,174 9 3	
Steam Ferries	... ...	... ...	
Plant	12,971 5 8	22,551 3 10	
Rolling Stock	1,190 9 7	1,74,695 6 9	
Establishments	16,803 15 3	1,13,636 11 11	
Suspense Heads	2,01,655 9 5	4,894 11 11	
	5,46,695 0 1	15,57,252 8 1	
Mysore State Railway.—(Revenue.)			
Engineering Department	... ...	... ...	
Locomotive do	... ...	3,520 1 1	
Carriage and Wagon Department	... ...	216 12 2	
Traffic do	... ...	2,372 4 7	
General charges	... ...	640 3 11	
Special and Miscellaneous expenditure	... ...	986 4 4	
Suspense	... ...	... ...	
	... ...	*k* 7,735 10 1	*k* The line was partially opened from 1st February 1881. The receipts shown in Statement I amounted to Rs. 12,417.
Education	2,14,705 3 8	*l* 1,62,441 3 11½	*l* Transfer of the District and Taluk Vernacular Schools to Village School Fund.
Muzrayi or Religious and Charitable Institutions	2,80,619 5 4	2,74,780 5 2	
Medical Services	1,58,132 10 4	1,58,241 2 7	
Stationery and Printing	97,825 1 1	*m* 47,500 8 7	*m* No Europe Stationery received during the year.
Civil Furlough allowances	56,100 5 8	*n* 26,147 11 5	
Miscellaneous	1,01,114 12 9	*o* 1,45,990 9 0	*n* Less owing to the retirement of several European Officers, Mysore Commission.
Total Provincial.....	73,99,688 4 11¼	82,18,126 2 8½	*o* Increase owing to retiring gratuities paid to European Officers and to Census and Canara Boundary Mark charges and Rs. 18,000 plundered in Shimoga District.
Expenditure in excess of Receipts.....	2,91,471 14 8¾	16,74,104 0 5½	
Local Funds.			
Municipal Expenditure	1,57,310 15 6	1,97,130 8 2	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. Transferred to Village School Fund	1,33,790 0 7	1,38,129 12 3	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. Do to District Fund	3,77,469 3 8	3,85,512 3 0	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. Do to Local Fund General	46,199 2 0	51,898 .11 10	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. Refunds	92 4 8	35 6 7	
District Fund Establishment and Works	2,72,729 10 5	3,21,620 10 10	
Local Fund General	65,178 0 0	50,059 8 0	
District Irrigation Fund	1,23,896 4 11	1,83,964 10 0	
Village School Fund	88,044 14 9	1,37,030 4 7	
Miscellaneous Funds	1,64,313 3 4	1,71,037 14 1	
Total Local Funds.....	14,29,023 11 10	16,36,429 9 4	
Grand Total.....	88,28,712 0 9¼	98,54,555 12 ½	
Local Fund Surplus.....	2,94,006 7 8	82,298 12 11½	
Total.....	* 2,534 8 11½	† 15,91,805 3 6	* Receipts in excess of Expenditure. † Expenditure in excess of Receipts.

III. A. FINANCE.

3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1880—81.

Receipts.	Amount.			Disbursements.	Amount.		
Treasury and Public Works Cash balance of last year ...	48,53,798	7	1	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2 ...	82,18,126	2	8¼
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	65,44,022	2	3	Loans and interest	1,55,730	6	6
Receipts on account of loans	1,65,020	2	5	Deficit Miscellaneous Local Funds as per Statement No. 1	99,954	...	6
Miscellaneous Local Funds, *vide* Statement No. 1 ..	1,82,252	13	5½				
Repayment of Advances	28,84,819	15	10½	Advances	29,20,360	6	1½
Deposits	19,00,026	6	6	Repayment of deposits	14,79,787	1	5½
Bills drawn	9,03,765	12	2	Bills paid	9,05,148	1	5
Public Works Department Debt Heads	17,37,827	5	5	Balance of Remittances	1,87,187	10	11
State Railway do	10,89,735	13	1	Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	17,00,621	4	3
				State Railway Do ...	11,74,721	14	7
	2,02,61,268	14	3		1,67,81,837	...	5½
Disbursements.....	1,67,81,837	...	5½				
Treasury and Public Works Cash Balances at end of year...	34,79,431	13	9½				

4. *Statement showing the Gross and Net Revenue of General and Court Fee Stamps during the year* 1880—81.

Description.	Gross Revenue.	Expenditure.					Net Revenue.	Remarks.
		Charges for stamping, &c., at Madras.	Establishment and Contingencies of Superintendent of Stamps.	Salaried Court Fee Vendors at Head-quarters of Districts.	Discount to Vendors.	Total.		
General Stamps	1,54,806	3,053	616	...	4,624	8,293	1,46,513	
Court Fee Stamps	2,77,399	344	308	2,778	1,916	5,346	2,72,053	
Duty on unstamped and insufficiently stamped documents	26,280	...	...	...	...	...	26,280	
Fees, Penalties, &c., levied by Revenue Department	9,397	...	...	...	...	...	9,397	
Total.....	4,67,882	3,397	924	2,778	6,540	13,639	4,54,243	

5. *Statement showing the number of each value of Court Fees Labels sold during* 1880—81.

Number.	Value.			Amount.		
	Rs.	As.	P.			
56,901	0	1	0	3,556	5	0
11,606	0	2	0	1,450	12	0
1,067	0	3	0	202	0	0
38,381	0	4	0	9,595	4	0
4,350	0	6	0	1,631	4	0
151,687	0	8	0	75,843	8	0
11,015	0	12	0	8,261	4	0
35,862	1	0	0	35,862	0	0
8,798	2	0	0	17,596	0	0
2,652	4	0	0	10,608	0	0
3,361	5	0	0	16,805	0	0
2,014	7	0	0	14,098	0	0
2,230	10	0	0	22,300	0	0
852	20	0	0	17,040	0	0
245	40	0	0	9,800	0	0
115	70	0	0	8,050	0	0
247	100	0	0	24,700	0	0
Total...	0	0	0	2,77,399	5	0

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS.

1. *Statement showing the Foreign Fund Expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department, Mysore, during the year* 1880—81.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MILITARY.							
Constructing a continuous Rifle Butt at Hebbal	1,055	...	1,055	1,055	...	1,055	
Civil Buildings.							
Land Revenue buildings	35,036	5,519	40,555	...	...	...	
Administration.							
Residences for Local Government ...	310	533	843	...	...	...	
Secretariat Offices	...	328	328	...	...	...	
Law and Justice.							
District Court buildings	7,187	1,924	9,111	...	...	...	
Jails.							
Central Jail	...	1,536	1,536	...	...	...	
District Jails	14,414	2,133	16,547	...	...	...	
Other buildings, such as Lock-ups, &c. ...	...	67	67	...	...	...	
Police	1	...	1	...	...	...	
Education.							
Government Colleges	1,616	...	1,616	...	...	...	
Do Schools, lower class ...	1,753	...	1,753	...	...	...	
Medical.							
Hospital and Dispensaries	1,635	1,531	3,166	...	...	...	
Lunatic Asylum	...	144	144	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous or General.	1,498	671	2,169				
Maha Raja's Palace	—1,376	...	—1,376	...	...	...	
Public Works buildings	1,386	3,542	4,928	...	...	...	
Post Office	..	1,519	1,519	...	...	...	
Total Civil Buildings.....	63,460	19,447	82,907	63,460	19,447	82,907	
Communications.							
Road from Madras to Cannanore with branches south of Madras-Mangalore road	26,324	72,771	99,095	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Mangalore with branches south of Madras-Honnore road	1,37,505	1,07,779	2,45,284	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Honnore with branches west of Bangalore-Bellary road...	5,475	61,601	67,076	...	...	...	
Road from Bangalore to Bellary ...	18,905	49 362	68,267	...	..	...	
Suburban roads	4 8	10,079	10,517	...	...	...	
Total Communications.....	1 88,647	3,01,592	4,90,239	1,88,647	3,01,592	4,90,239	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements.							
Water-supply Project at Bangalore ...	10,630	...	10,630	...	...	...	
Agrahara Project	—1,043	...	—1,043	...	...	...	
Mysore Water Supply Project ...	52,854	...	52,854	...	...	...	
Subsidiary drainage scheme, Mysore ...	1,378	...	1,378	...	...	...	
Constructing a feeding channel to Jivan Roa's Tank	50	...	50	...	...	...	
Other minor works and repairs ...	...	2,678	2,678	...	...	...	
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements	63,869	2,678	66,547	63,869	2,678	66,547	
Irrigation, *Vide* separate statement ...	1,25,907	...	1,25,907	1,25,907	...	1,25,907	
Establishment	...	...	2,85,521	...	...	2,85,521	
Tools and Plant	...	...	10,640	...	...	10,640	
Profit and Loss...	...	...	3	...	...	3	
Suspense Balances.							
Stock purchases and sales	...	...	23,653	...	...	...	
Stock	...	...	—6,549	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous advances	...	...	—5'808	...	...	...	
London Stores	...	...	—4,124	...	...	...	
Total....	...	...	7,172	...	...	7,172	
Total Expenditure.....	...	...	...	...	...	10,69,991	

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS. (IRRIGATION.)

Statement showing the Foreign Fund Expenditure in the Public Works Department, during the year 1880—81.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Irrigation Channels.						
Improvements to Chikdevaraisagar Channel ...	6,507	...	6,507	...	...	...
Do Viziyanadi Channel ...	2,676	...	2,676	...	...	...
Do Ramaswami Channel ...	13,055	...	13,055	..	...	...
Extension of Devaray Channel	6,919	...	6,919	...	...	...
Do Maddur Ane Channel ...	1,148	...	1,148	...	...	...
Improving Krishnaraj Anekat & Channel ...	7,621	...	7,621	...	...	...
Improvements to Belur Channel... ...	1,422	...	1,422	...	...	...
Extending Mandigere Channel	10,231	...	10,231	...	...	...
Improving North Channel Sriramadevar Dam.	1,627	...	1,627	...	...	...
Do Kannambadi Channel ...	1,701	...	1,701	...	...	...
Minor Works	5	...	5	...	...	...
Total Channels.....	52,912	...	52,912	...	...	...
Irrigation Tanks.						
Kadgodi Series	1,895	...	1,895	...	...	...
Arkavati do	44	...	44	...	...	..
Ramasagar do	44,325	...	44,325	...	...	...
Repairing Kolar Amani Tank	1,096	...	1,096	...	...	...
Extending a feeder from Pennar River to Marlur Tank	1,004	.	1,004	...	...	...
Sulikere Series	137	...	137	...	...	...
Maddur do	—18	...	—18	...	...	...
Basral do	4,067	..	4,067	...	...	..
Koppa do	3,266	...	3,266	...	...	...
Bellur Dasankere Series	5,450	...	5,450	...	...	...
Chinna Hagari do	523	...	523	...	...	...
Doddéri do	1,461	...	1,461	...	...	...
Nayakanbatti do	46	...	46	...	...	...
Reconstructing Naganahalli Tank ...	7,681	...	7,681	...	...	...
Minor Works	2,018	...	2,018	...	...	...
Total Tanks	72,995	...	72,995	72,995	...	72,995
Total Irrigation.....	...	...	...	1,25,907	...	1,25,907

III. C. RAILWAYS.—(STATE RAILWAY).

Name of Work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles opened.	Passengers during the year. 1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Cooly Class.	Total.	Approximate Receipts from Passengers.	Approximate Receipts from merchandize.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total receipts.	Working expenses.	Net profits approximate.	Number of European Staff.	Do Native Staff.	Total Capital Expenditure.
			No.	No.	No.											
Mysore State Railway...	* 58	58	235	110	20,404	...	20,749	11,565	500	1,154	13,219	7,736	5,483	68	91	25,76,570 †

* 35 miles open for 2 months.
58 „ „ 11 days.

† Capital expenditure for whole 86 miles.

2. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on the Mysore State Railway for the year* 1880—81.

Name of Work.	Total Outlay on construction to end of 1880—81.	Total Income realized during 1880—81.	Deduct Charges up to end of 1880—81. Cost of main branches including Establishment.	Interest on Capital.	Total Charges.	Net Deficit.
Mysore State Railway	25,76,570	13,219	7,736	1,66,949	1,74,685	1,61,466

III. D. MARINE (*Statements* 1 & 2 *are blank.*)

III. E. AGRICULTURE.

1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, Actual or Approximate, for the year* 1880—81.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains including Ragi, Tuvar, Ballar, Lengul Gram, Horse and Black Grams.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar-cane.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Mulberry.	Cocoanut and Arecanut.	Pepper.	Lac.	Total.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore	39,485	13	467,863	22,846	2,170	...	...	...	6	664	...	...	4,952	4,450	8,097	...	178	550,724	
2	Kolar	39,300	90	260,244	12,500	7,040	...	...	...	90	606	...	45	11,000	692	739	...	...	332,346	
3	Tumkúr	31,488	...	388,304	8,363	822	...	...	...	6	1,285	...	...	2,064	1,056	43,724	...	...	477,112	
4	Mysore	61,119	6,796	568,455	36,221	241	1,732	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,497	3,421	13,947	...	...	696,429	
5	Hassan	63,777	141	255,938	26,446	4,823	10	...	...	24	1,970	...	75,010	1,005	...	18,002	...	...	447,146	
6	Shimoga	209,217	600	303,398	6,000	7,245	921	...	...	1,600	500	...	4,846	762	...	16,942	532	...	552,473	
7	Kadur	87,066	3,500	186,134	10,400	1,421	222	...	...	445	7,061	...	79,264	406	...	21,148	...	...	397,067	
8	Chitaldroog...	23,300	9,918	709,314	24,688	314	18,008	...	...	500	900	...	...	27,492	...	12,943	...	...	827,377	
	Total.....	554,752	21,058	3139,560	147,464	24,076	20,893	...	...	2,671	12,986	...	159,165	52,178	9,619	135,542	532	178	42,80,674	

2. *Statement of Stock for the year* 1880—81.

No.	Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bangalore	307,581	743	2,112	10,608	269,298	1,083	12,183	65,095	1	668,704
2	Kolar	192,085	474	1,968	7,837	241,041	1,905	19,384	58,797	...	523,491
3	Tumkúr	223,222	327	1,587	3,592	242,096	2,183	4,414	70,759	...	548,180
4	Mysore	444,131	185	2,861	5,468	386,401	2,787	6,488	93,587	49	941,957
5	Hassan	390,771	243	2,175	3,011	231,297	9,333	2,634	90,076	3	729,593
6	Shimoga	401,153	316	2,091	2,317	47,643	2,678	13,433	73,518	53	543,202
7	Kadur	269,531	424	1,362	1,618	68,876	6,530	4,540	61,345	8	414,234
8	Chitaldroog	216,432	1,613		3,679	242,436	2,931	5,077	50,137	4	522,309
	Total.....	2,444,906	4,325	14,156	38,130	1,729,088	29,480	68,153	563,314	118	4,891,670

3. *Statement showing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year* 1880—81.

| Districts. | Average Rent per acre for land suited for— | | |

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce in the Province of Mysore at the end of year* 1880—81.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES.

Districts.	Mineral Produce.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Bangalore	Iron.	7	36 maunds.	
Kolar	Gold stone and iron.	373	352 maunds of iron.	
Túmkúr	Iron.	2	1,500 maunds.	
Mysore	Iron.	31	4,620 Rs. iron.	
Hassan	Balapam and iron.	14	500 ,, balapam. 19,800 ,, iron.	
Shimoga	Mill-stone, iron and gold.	833	800 ,, gold. 1,000 ,, mill-stone.	
Kadur	Pot-stone and iron.	38	1,130 maunds of iron. 50 Rs. pot stones	
Chitaldroog	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

III. H. MANUFACTURES.

Estimated Value of Manufactures

Districts.	Class of Manufactures.										
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Other Fibres.	Paper.	Iron.	Brass and Copper.	Jaggery and Sugar.	Coffee.	Oils.	Total.
Bangalore	1,90,000	15,60,000	80,000	5,400	...	2,000	26,000	2,49,000	...	1,67,500	22,79,900
Kolar	8,000	86,600	42,000	1,125	...	...	...	7,80,600	...	51,760	9,70,085
Túmkúr	...	56,000	78,600	16,040	...	6,000	83,000	1,23,000	...	72,750	4,35,390
Mysore	250	1,13,000	21,000	5,000	...	9,000	15,000	7,000	...	2,22,000	3,92,250
Hassan	...	2,02,458	16,540	1,910	...	...	1,00,000	2,66,700	3,50,283	1,69,855	11,07,746
Shimoga	...	20,150	8,900	...	...	19,800	352	1,51,470	...	36,519	2,37,191
Kadur	...	20,300	3,844	...	...	5,605	...	120	7,20,310	10,000	7,76,179
Chitaldroog	500	49,200	20,000	900	350	6,960	5,000	...	...	...	82,910
Total	1,98,750	21,07,708	2,78,884	30,375	350	49,365	2,29,352	15,77,890	10,80,593	7,30,384	62,81,651

III. I. TRADE.

1. *Imports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	From what place.
	Tons.	Cwt.	lbs.	Rs.	
Rice	*20,509	4	...	*14,57,800	Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	*14,457	...	...	*3,84,520	
Wheat	12,056	11	...	15,23,726	Dharwar, Bellary and other places.
Paddy	*7,350	...	...	*2,26,500	Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam or javari	*855	...	...	*32,430	Dharwar and other places.
Bengal-gram...	*1,977	3	...	*1,12,350	Dharwar, Bellary, &c.
Horse-gram	*2,124	18	...	*71,890	Her Majesty's Territories.
Black-gram	*834	6	...	*55,366	
Green-gram	*1,045	4	...	*51,356	
Tuvar or dál	3,972	18	...	2,59,184	Dharwar, Mangalore and other places.
Poppy seeds	*38	12	...	*6,370	Her Majesty's Territories.
Arecanuts	*808	1	56	*3,22,972	
Cotton	1,346	11	102	6,45,780	Bellary, Dharwar, Coimbatore, &c.
Coffee	*386	5	...	*2,17,800	Coorg, &c.
Cardamoms	8	4	...	41,544	Coorg, Mangalore and Madras.
Cloves	14	...	80	33,226	Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	*1,315	8	24	*1,86,514	Do do
Dry cocoanuts	*298	19	16	*92,792	Do do
Pepper	431	18	84	2,65,429	Talachary, Mangalore, &c.
Tamarind	*204	1	48	*11,561	Her Majesty's Territories.
Tobacco	418	7	80	1,95,560	Bellary, Mangalore, Coimbatore, &c.
Jaggory	*1,502	18	64	*2,10,240	South Canara.
Sugar	*312	10	72	*98,575	
Gingelly oil	*71	9	96	*24,400	Her Majesty's Territories.
Cocoanut oil...	204	9	56	65,894	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Sandal oil	...	1	36	1,540	Her Majesty's Territories.
Camphor	35	15	104	44,650	Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Silk	86	11	55	13,02,680	Dharwar, Kollegal, &c.
Cotton thread	404	6	80	3,22,832	Bellary, Madras, &c.
Coarse cloth	No. 403,328	...	...	8,03,595	Coimbatore, Salem, &c.
Piece goods	„ 1,078,300	...	...	33,67,280	Bombay, Salem, Adoni, Madura, Conjeveram, &c.
Silk cloth	„ 10,080	...	...	68,400	Poona, Benares, Kollegal, &c.
Gold	Tons. ...	5	74	4,23,760	Madras, Mangalore, Bellary, &c.
Silver	„ 5	14	54	5,16,090	Poona, Mangalore, &c.
Iron	„ 1,390	19	96	*3,56,530	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Cocoanuts (fresh)	No. *2,800,000	...	...	*89,030	Her Majesty's Territories.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ *25,693,150	...	...	*15,98 820	
Hides	„ *15,000	...	...	*7,500	
Total... ...	...	...	...	1,54,96,486	

*Includes also the trade between District and District within the Province.

2. *Exports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	To what place.
	Tons.	Cwt.	lbs.	Rs.	
Rice	6,458	2	...	4,24,600	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	42,410	...	...	11,54,100	Coorg, Bellary do do
Wheat	124	10	...	8,080	Between District and District within the Province.
Paddy	72,483	...	...	21,86,036	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam or javari	6,270	...	...	1,78,630	
Bengal-gram...	2,019	...	...	82,440	South Canara, &c.
Horse-gram	39,210	...	...	7,93,600	Bellary and Coorg.
Green-gram	272	5	...	13,755	Between District and District within the Province.
Tuvar or dál...	1,777	10	...	94,150	Talachary and other Districts.
Arecanut	4,911	11	84	16,98,066	Hindupur, Bellary Coorg, and other Districts.
Cotton	*386	18	84	*1,65,582	Her Majesty's Territories.
Coffee	1,333	5	56	9,94,033	Mangalore, &c.
Cardamoms	*28	13	84	*1,64,915	Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	1,461	5	80	1,67,900	Bellary, &c.
Dry cocoanuts	467	4	16	1,40,975	Coorg Bellary, &c.
Pepper	187	8	..	1,26,512	Between District and District within the Province.
Tamarind	1,118	7	96	58,285	Ganjam, &c.
Tobacco	413	7	88	1,01,677	Mangalore, Bellary, and other places.
Jaggory	4,753	6	48	8,08,905	Do do Dharwar, &c.
Sugar	*434	1	64	*1,62,826	Her Majesty's Territories.
Gingelly oil	64	5	80	25,000	Bellary and other places.
Cocoanut oil...	12	5	16	6,664	Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Camphor	1	1	48	1,500	
Silk	35	7	16	5,10,000	Between District and District within the Province.
Cotton thread	42	17	16	40,000	Madaksira and other places.
Coarse cloth	No. *25,000	...	..	*64,500	Coorg.
Piece goods	„ 2,23,300	...	...	6,85,000	Dharwar and South Canara, &c.
Silk cloth	„ *2,000	...	...	*20,000	Her Majesty's Territories.
Gold	Tons. ...*	1	32	*96,000	
Silver	*1	1	48	*96,000	
Iron	160	*2	96	27,790	Dharwar, &c.
Cocoanut (fresh)	No. 5,159,500	...	...	1,01,452	Coorg Bellary and other places.
Betel leaves (bundels)	„ 10,915,716	...	...	6,58,641	Coorg, Bellary and Dharwar.
Hides	„ *124,000	...	...	*1,70,450	Her Majesty's Territories.
Total.....	...	...	...	*1,20,28,664	

*Includes also the trade between District and District within the Province.

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY. *Statements* 1 *and* 2.—These are blank.

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

Number.	Class and Object of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Average Number of Persons daily aided.	Number aided during the year.	Income. Paid by Government.	From Local or other Funds. In land.	From Local or other Funds. In money.	From Endowments. In land.	From Endowments. In money.	Subscription and Donation.	In-door.	Out-door.	General.	In what shape relief is given.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore	...	236·69	26,266	17,133	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary ...	...	138·00	21,462	4,696	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine do
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet ...	...	75·85	9,196	678	...	322	...	...	...	...	1	..	Do do
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	...	80·33	7,489	2,162	...	777	...	...	...	1	1	1	Do do
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	71·43	5,453	759	...	615	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
6	Do do Tumkúr ...	...	49·51	5,411	2,492	...	471	...	...	...	1	1	1	Do food do
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	45·57	7,189	772	...	297	...	..	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	167·67	16,460	12,376	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	...	21·48	2,027	946	...	345	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
10	Do Húnsúr ...	...	50·96	4,379	1,106	...	300	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	53·11	6,047	1,632	...	102	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur... ...	...	30·50	4,670	1,142	...	282	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga...	...	101·77	9,416	5,831	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar	...	20·14	3,650	948	...	257	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	42·89	4,044	805	...	321	...	..	...	...	1	...	Do
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	126·55	8,962	3,195	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	26·48	2,335	671	...	410	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
18	Do Hospital & Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	88·32	7,200	3,401	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine, food, lodging and advice.
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	...	27·70	1,717	751	...	287	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine and advice.
20	Do do Kadur	...	45·04	4,216	847	...	227	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
	Total.....	...	1,499·99	156,989	62,343	...	5,013	...	...	...	...	...	...	

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious Denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1880–81.

1 Denomination.	2 Number of Persons. a Natives.	2 Number of Persons. b Others.	3 Number of Ministers or Priests.	4 Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	5 Total Annual Income from Government.	6 Remarks.
Church of England	500	3,500	6	7	36,000	No return.
Church of Scotland	...	400	1	1	8,296	
Protestant Dissenters *	2,007	1,061	26	40	...	
Roman Catholic	18,933	2,026	31	53	300	
Greek Church	...	...				
Armenian	...	...				
Syrian	...	...				
Jew	...	...				
Parsi	2					
Hindu	2,089,781					
Muhammadan	99,334					
Buddhist	1,400	For these denominations columns 3, 4 and 5 should not be filled up.				
Jain	7,138					
Sikh	...					
Other Sects	3,015					

IV. B. EDUCATION.

1. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1880—81.

Area and Population of the Province.					Colleges, Schools and Scholars.	University Education.	Secondary Education.	Primary Education.		Special or Technical Education.					Percentage of Schools and Scholars to Population.			Remarks.
Number of Districts.	Number of Divisions.	Total Area in square miles.	Cultivated Area in square miles.	Total Population.		Colleges.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Engineering.	Medical.	Botanical.	Industrial.	Other Schools.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 *a*	11 *b*	11 *c*	11 *d*	11 *e*	12	13	14	15
					Institutions { For Males	4	19	132	855	1	1	1	5	1	...	...	..	
					Institutions { For Females	...	2	13	52	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
8	3	27,077	8,111	5,055,412	Total.....	4	21	145	907	1	1	1	6	1	...	...	...	
					Schools { Males	132	648	2,309	35,219	28	14	25	974	104	...	0·04	0·69	
					Schools { Females	...	12	115	3,077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	
					Total.....	132	660	2,424	38,296	28	14	25	974	104	...	0·04	0·75	

2. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1880—81.

Class of Institution.	Government Institutions.							Aided Institutions.							Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Classification according to race or creed of the Scholars on 31st March.				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning— English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning— English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.			English.	A. Classical language.	A. Vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Mahammadans.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
University Education ... English ...	3	122	99	86	122	3	104	1	10	8	7	10	10	...	4	132	132	13	104	13	2	117	...	...
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools. ... English ...	8	253	242	192	253	1	249	7	356	319	296	356	73	283	15	609	609	74	532	80	20	500	9	...
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	39	36	26	...	39	...	4	39	...	39	...	...	...	39	...	...
Middle do ... English ...	13	650	605	503	650	15	631	14	625	628	543	625	120	467	27	1,275	1,275	135	1,098	164	61	992	57	1
Vernacular ...	78	672	622	510	...	56	672	27	362	337	261	...	213	160	105	1,034	...	269	832	...	11	924	99	...
For Girls. High Schools. ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12	12	10	12	12	...	2	12	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...
Vernacular ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
do ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	90	97	82	90	3	...	6	90	90	3	...	90	...	...	...	...
Vernacular ...	3	6	6	5	...	...	6	4	19	22	18	...	...	19	7	25	...	...	25	...	...	25	...	...
Primary Education. For Boys. ... English ...	13	526	534	448	526	2	513	19	1,575	1,554	1,365	1,453	89	1,122	32	2,101	1,979	91	1,635	411	383	1,249	89	19
Vernacular ...	761	29,523	27,366	22,301	...	207	29,475	62	3,595	3,358	2,714	178	915	2,624	823	33,118	178	1,122	32,099	...	252	28,807	3,816	243
For Girls. ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	261	266	225	261	...	...	6	261	261	...	...	261	...	...	...	...
Vernacular ...	11	494	456	361	...	...	494	35	2,322	2,193	1,642	54	...	2,322	46	2,816	54	...	2,816	...	267	2,267	157	25
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																								
Engineering School	1	28	23	17	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	28	28	...	...	...	2	25	1	...
Medical School and Botanical Class... ...	2	39	28	28	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	39	39	...	...	7	3	28	1	...
Industrial School	6	974	974	974	16	...	958	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	974	16	...	958	...	...	784	101	89
Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	104	104	104	104	...	...	1	104	104	...	..	104	..	...	...	...
Total.....	899	33,287	30,955	25,425	1,634	284	33,016	188	9,370	8,904	7,293	3,743	1,474	6,997	1,187	42,657	4,777	1,758	40,099	1,142	1,051	35,757	4,330	377

3. *Return of Expenditure on Educational Establishments in Mysore for the official year* 1880—81.

Class of Institution.				Expenditure.													Average Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				Remarks.
				Government Institutions.					Aided Institutions.					Total Government Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from Other Sources.	Grand Total of Expenditure.	Percentage on Total Expenditure.	Government Institutions.		Aided Institutions.		
				Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Endowments.	Fees.	Other Sources.	Total.					Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
				2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
University Education.	Arts Colleges ...	...	English ...	21,310	...	2,931	...	21,310	1,410	...	1,160	...	2,570	22,720	1,160	23,880	6·10	215 4 0	185 10 4	321 4 0	176 4 0	
Secondary Education.	Boys. High Schools...	...	English ...	15,637	...	4,669	976	16,613	4,920	153	6,584	6,817	18,474	21,533	13,554	35,087	8·97	163 4 5	49 5 8	57 9 6	15 6 9	
			Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	47	524	971	400	571	971	0·24	...	...	26 15 7	11 1 9	
	Middle Schools	...	English ...	16,541	...	6,949	1,044	17,585	6,594	405	7,323	9 842	24,164	24,179	17,570	41,749	1·67	29 1 0	17 9 3	38 7 8	10 8 0	
			Vernacular ...	...	12,066	558	...	12,066	1,913	57	468	2,353	4,791	13,979	2,878	16,857	4·30	19 6 4	18 8 0	14 3 6	5 10 10	
	Girls. High Schools...	...	English ...	...	...	...	...	...	550	...	715	...	1,265	550	715	1,265	0·30	...	...	105 6 8	45 13 4	
	Middle Schools	...	do ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,118	...	3,861	918	6,897	2,118	4,779	6,897	1·76	...	...	71 1 7	21 13 4	
		...	Vernacular ...	...	153	...	...	153	223	...	...	394	617	376	394	770	0·19	25 8 0	25 8 0	28 0 8	10 2 2	
Primary Education.	For Boys ...	...	English ...	7,306	...	3,033	251	7,557	7,436	31	7,383	10,435	25,285	14,993	17,849	32,842	8·39	14 2 5	8 7 6	16 4 4	4 12 7	
			Vernacular ...	...	1,05,231	4,613	484	1,05,715	9,971	287	1,742	10,145	22,145	1,15,686	12,174	1,27,860	32·69	3 13 9	3 10 6	6 9 6	2 15 6	
	For Girls ...	...	English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,942	...	4,705	1,782	9,429	2,942	6,487	9,429	2·41	..	...	35 7 2	11 0 11	
			Vernacular ...	...	3,711	34	...	3,711	7,905	96	402	11,750	20,153	11,616	12,248	23,864	6·10	8 2 3	8 1 0	9 3 0	3 9 8	
Schools for Special or Technical Training.—																						
	Engineering School	...	... ...	4,892	...	18	...	4,892	...	...	...	...	...	4,892	...	4,892	1·25	112 11 1	211 14 7	...	...	
	Medical and Botanical	...	... ...	1,836	...	55	...	1,836	...	...	...	...	...	1,836	...	1,836	0·46	65 9 1	63 9 8	...	...	
	Industrial ...	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Others ...	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	600	...	...	1,250	1,850	600	1,250	1,850	0·47	...	...	17 12 7	5 12 3	
Direction ...	...	...	... ...	16,872	...	...	...	16,872	...	...	...	...	...	16,872	...	16,872	4·30	...	...	...	...	
Inspection ...	...	...	... ...	12,716	9,562	...	...	22,278	...	...	...	...	...	22,278	...	22,278	5·69	...	...	...	...	
Scholarships	Colleges ...	...	... ...	1,345	...	...	...	1,345	...	...	...	...	...	1,345	...	1,345	0·34	...	...	...	...	
	Schools ...	...	... ...	228	...	...	...	228	...	...	...	...	...	228	...	228	0·05	...	...	...	...	
Buildings ...	...	...	... ...	1,005	1,975	...	...	2,980	...	...	...	...	...	2,980	...	2,980	0·76	...	...	...	...	
Endowments ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	... ...	11,753	5,523	...	...	17,276	...	...	...	...	...	17,276	...	17,276	4·40	...	...	...	...	
			Total.....	1,11,441	1,38,221	22,860	2,755	2,52,417	46,982	1,029	34,390	56,210	1,38,611	2,99,399	91,629	91,028	...	...	...	...	...	

4. *Return showing the Result of prescribed Examination during the official year* 1880—81.

Name of Examination.	Number of Institutions sending Examinees.			Number of Examinees.				Number passed.				Percentage of passed Scholars on total number on Rolls at the beginning of the year.		
	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ARTS COLLEGES.														
Master of Arts	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...			
Bachelor of Arts	1	...	1	13	...	...	13	6	...	...	6			
First Arts	1	3	4	27	6	...	33	11	5	...	16			
SCHOOLS.														
Matriculation ... ... { Boys	9	10	19	89	84	9	182	41	70	9	120			
Girls	...	1	1	...	8	...	8	...	6	...	6			
Middle School Examination { Boys	11	10	21	155	163	139	462	65	52	57	174			
Girls	...	7	7	...	50	...	50	...	12	...	12			
Upper Primary School Examination... ... .. { Boys	774	81	855	3,071	1,346	...	4,417	2,052	370	...	2,422			
Girls	11	41	52	70	423	...	493	34	104	...	138			
Lower Primary School Examination... ... ... { Boys	...	...	...	26,976	3,824	...	30,800	11,449	557	...	12,006			
Girls	...	...	...	424	2,162	.	2,586	68	199	...	267			

IV. C. SCIENTIFIC AND LITERARY.

1. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880—81.

Name.	Objects.	Income.				Members or Visitors.				Registered or not.	When established.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Juvenile	Total.		
Bangalore Book Society ...	Literary	...	...	3,812	3,812	101	1	...	102	Not.	1845
Bangalore Literary Union ...	Mutual improvement	...	...	833	833	53	...	...	53	...	1874
Literary and Scientific Institute, Bangalore	Instruction	600	...	1,250	1,850	104	...	...	104	...	1868
Mutual Improvement Society, Bangalore	Mutual improvement... ...	...	...	267	267	33	...	...	33	...	1867
Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore	To illustrate the products and resources of Mysore... ...	1,972	...	...	1,972	193,195	154,878	...	348,073	...	1865
Richmond Town Pensioners' Library, Bangalore ...	General Instruction	...	...	114	114	16	3	...	19	...	1856
St. John's Library, Bangalore...	Do	...	...	135	135	15	3	...	18	...	1849
Hassan Reading Club ...	Mutual improvement... ...	...	...	337	337	20	...	...	20	...	1880
Melkote Saraswati Bhandara ...	Public Sanskrit Library ...	...	106	...	106	20	...	20	40	...	1874
Mysore Literary Union ...	Reading Room, &c.	...	...	986	986	62	...	...	62	...	1876
Shimoga Library and Reading Room	Mutual improvement	...	...	372	372	18	6	...	24	...	1874
Shimoga Union	Intellectual, social and moral improvement	...	...	60	60	35	...	...	35	...	1881

IV. C. THE PRESS.

2. *Annual Return in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1880—81.

1	2	3	4	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Bangalore...	Albian Press	W. W. Gaunt... ..		
Do	Baharul Islam Press ...	Mahomed Sherif ...	Mausurai-Mahomedi.	
Do	Chintamani Press ...	V. Subbaiya	...	
Do	Chamraj Press... ...	Khasim Ghum... ...	Khasim-ul Akhbar.	
Do	Caxton Press	Kent & Co.	...	
Do	Central Jail Press ...	Mysore Government ...	...	
Do	Catholic Mission Press ...	Catholic Bishop ...	...	
Do	Daily Post Press ...	A. G. Houston ...	Daily Post.	
Do	Diamond Press... ...	Gurusami Naidu ...	Brahmo Gnana Bodhini.	
Do	Examiner Press ...	R. F. Hayes	Bangalore Examiner and Mysore Vrittanta Bodhani.	
Do	Firdusi Press	Hafiz Syed Mahomed ...	...	
Do	Karnataka Press ...	T. C. Srinivasachariyar ...	Karnataka Prakasika.	
Do	Krishnaraj Vilasa Press ...	B. Narayan Chetti ...	...	
Do	Mysore Government Press ...	Mysore Government ...	Mysore Gazette.	
Do	Mysore Book Depôt Press ...	V. B. Subbaiy... ...	...	
Do	Mutbe Mahomadi ...	Maulvi Abd...ar ...	...	
Do	Spectator Press ...	Kent & C... ...	Bangalore Spectator. ...	Bangalore Spectator Almanac.
Do	Vichara Darpana Press ...	K. Ran...i... ...	...	
Do	Victoria Press	V. Subb...	Karnataka Vagujjivini.	
Mysore ...	Jagan Mohini Press ...	Srinivas...ngar... ...	Mysore Star.	
Do	Vani Vilasa Press ...	P. Tir...alachar ...	...	

V. STATISTICS OF LIFE.

A. BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Deaths registered from different Causes in the Districts and Towns of the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

No.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1871.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries.					All other Causes.	Total Deaths from all Causes.	Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of Population.							
							Suicide.		Wounding or Accident.	Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel-complaints.	Injuries.	All other Causes.	From all Causes.	
							Males.	Females.												For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
	Districts.																				
1	Bangalore	736,722	4	82	5,470	563	4	7	123	24	158	3,726	10,003	·00	·11	7·42	·76	·21	5·06	13·56	18·36
2	Kolar	586,388	...	152	5,255	278	6	4	90	25	125	1,686	7,496	·00	·26	8·96	·47	·21	2·87	12·77	22·83
3	Tumkúr	621,069	10	24	6,102	319	2	1	73	16	92	1,415	7,962	·02	·04	9·82	·51	·15	2·27	12·81	19·51
4	Mysore	869,664	10	431	9,636	1,053	6	4	124	42	176	3,179	14,490	·02	·49	11·08	1·21	·20	3·65	16·66	13·24
5	Hassan	656,859	1	157	7,114	643	6	6	62	59	133	1,579	9,627	·00	·24	10·83	·98	·20	2·40	14·65	14·45
6	Shimoga	487,942	...	27	6,727	1,335	7	4	94	41	146	3,399	11,664	...	·06	13·76	2·83	·29	6·97	23·83	20·60
7	Kadur	328,623	...	19	4,187	828	2	2	90	18	112	1,211	6,357	...	·06	12·74	2·51	·34	3·68	19·34	20·17
8	Chitaldroog	507,480	...	99	6,018	446	3	5	79	35	122	1,515	8,200	...	·20	11·85	·87	·24	2·98	16·15	18·02
	Total of Districts.....	4,794,749	25	991	50,509	5,520	36	33	735	260	1,064	17,710	75,819	·01	·26	10·53	1·15	·22	3·69	15·81	17·89
	Total of Towns.....	260,663	...	44	2,491	421	6	7	71	5	89	958	4,008	...	·17	9·55	1·61	·34	3·67	15·35	36·27
	Total for the Province.....	5,055,412	25	1,035	53,000	5,941	42	40	806	265	1,153	18,668	79,822	·01	·20	10·48	1·17	·23	3·69	15·78	19·07

V. A. *Concluded.*

No.	Districts.	Deaths registered according to Age.																Births registered.							
		Under 1 year.		1 year under 6.		6 and under 12.		12 and under 20.		20 and under 30.		30 and under 40.		40 and under 50.		50 and under 60.		60 and upwards.		Number of births registered.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population.			Number of males born to every 100 females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.			
1	Bangalore	1,515	1,277	418	353	403	357	436	542	728	928	699	635	616	524	479	452	574	568	8,333	7,941	16,274	10·05	9·59	19·64	104·94	5·75	...
2	Kolar	620	485	136	146	320	288	325	410	578	699	552	496	683	599	457	421	365	281	4,091	3,858	7,949	6·61	6·23	12·84	106·04	·13	...
3	Tumkúr	506	397	218	204	341	253	396	335	470	498	589	545	592	647	428	406	622	600	3,975	3,755	7,730	6·28	5·94	12·22	105·86	...	·52
4	Mysore	1,006	789	669	602	868	731	772	702	1,344	1,304	1,438	943	1,085	835	814	689	714	646	8,492	7,618	16,110	9·00	8·07	17·08	111·47	·17	...
5	Hassan	701	502	396	366	444	342	619	454	1,036	918	918	649	657	444	423	284	348	244	5,194	4,761	9,955	7·77	7·12	14·89	109·09	·31	...
6	Shimoga	1,164	1,033	387	390	450	416	430	584	955	1,284	976	688	811	516	582	448	379	351	6,967	6,697	13,664	13·98	13·43	27·38	104·18	3·64	...
7	Kadur	472	408	207	168	257	242	337	347	651	765	592	442	414	308	271	231	160	132	3,166	3,110	6,276	9·49	9·31	18·79	101·83	...	·44
8	Chitaldroog	604	521	163	162	410	364	456	447	869	1,065	682	554	499	468	359	320	262	225	4,818	4,539	9,357	9·07	8·54	17·60	106·15	1·74	...
9	Total for the Province ..	6,588	5,412	2,594	2,391	3,493	2,988	3,771	3,821	6,631	7,481	6,456	4,952	5,357	4,342	3,813	3,251	3,424	3,057	45,036	42,279	87,315	...	...	...	106·52	2·31	...
	Ratio for 1,000 living.....	67·88	53·37	6·66	5·95	8·00	7·60	9·39	8·00	13·87	14·85	18·76	16·70	24·95	21·86	31·41	29·02	64·66	58·74	...	...	...	8·91	8·36	17·27	...	...	...

V. B. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

1. *Statement showing the Number of Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population of the Province according to Census of 1881.	Dispensaries.	Number open on 31st December.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
4,186,188	1st class	3	...	...	3	
	2nd class	5	...	...	5	Tumkúr Dispensary transferred from 3rd to 2nd class.
	3rd class	12	...	...	12	
	Total.....	20	...	...	20	

2. *Statement showing the Number of In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3	4											5				6
			In-door Patients.											Out-door Patients.				
			a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*		*h*			*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Of what Class.	Total treated during the year.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per cent of total treated.	Number of beds available.		Daily Average Number.			Number treated.			Average Daily Attendance.	Total Number of Patients treated, both In-door and Out-door.
									Male.	Female.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated.		
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	1st	1,441	1,103	7	34	221	15·33	59	44	48·15	32·91	5·05	86·11	12,580	12,245	24,825	150·53	26,266
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore	3rd	247	237	...	...	1	0·40	12	...	11·00	...	...	11·00	16,395	4,820	21,215	127·00	21,462
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,517	1,679	9,196	75·85	9,196
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	2nd	160	136	4	1	8	5·00	6	4	6·20	4·80	·03	11·03	5,812	1,517	7,329	69·30	7,489
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,218	235	5,453	71·43	5,453
6	Do Túmkúr	2nd	69	39	6	3	12	17·39	6	4	2·37	2·23	0·05	4·65	3,371	1,971	5,342	44·86	5,411
7	Do Kunigal	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,993	3,196	7,189	45·57	7,189
8	Rija's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	1st	866	693	15	22	106	12·22	34	22	29·78	17·13	3·13	50·04	11,696	3,898	15,594	117·63	16,460
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,727	300	2,027	21·48	2,027
10	Do Húnsúr	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,399	980	4,379	50·96	4,379
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	2nd	77	49	11	9	8	10·38	5	3	3·50	2·25	·37	6·12	4,270	1,700	5,970	46·99	6 047
12	Civil Dispensary, Sáklespur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,308	1,382	4,670	30·86	4,670
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	1st	327	256	29	4	38	11·62	17	15	12·04	7·19	2·49	21·72	6,501	2,588	9,089	79·95	9,416
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,135	1,515	3,650	20·14	3,650
15	Do Tirthahalli	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,002	1,042	4,044	42·29	4,044
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	2nd	112	60	20	8	15	13·39	6	4	7·75	400	·69	12·44	5,266	2,984	8,250	114·11	8,362
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere... ...	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,751	584	2,335	26·48	2,335
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	2nd	216	164	16	1	22	10·18	6	6	6·51	4·12	·49	11·12	4,865	2,119	6,984	77·20	7,200
19	Civil Dispensary, Haribarpur... ...	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,069	648	1,717	27·25	1,717
20	Do Kadur	3rd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,705	1,511	4,216	45·04	4.216
	Total...		3,515	2,737	108	82	431	12·26	151	102	127·30	74·63	12·30	214·23	106,580	46,894	153,474	1,285·57	156,989

3. *Statement showing the Diseases of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3																																						4	5		6
No.	Name of Dispensary.	Diseases.																																						Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each Dispensary.	Operations.		Remarks.
		General Diseases.													Local Diseases.																												
		Order A. Febrile or Zymotic Diseases.				Order B. Constitutional Diseases.																																					Major.	Minor.	
		Small-Pox.	Cholera.	Malarious fever, ague and remittent.	Other diseases of this order.	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis.	Dropsy.	Other diseases of this order.	Ophthalmia.	Inflammation of the external ear.	Goitre.	Respiratory affections.	Heart Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Worms.	Liver Diseases.	Spleen Diseases.	Gonorrhœa and its complications.	Abscess, boils and whitlow.	Skin Diseases.	Ulcer.	Labor premature, natural and difficult.	Other Local Diseases.	Debility and old age.	Poisons and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.										
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	3	...	3,631	731	1,238	384	53	92	2	18	94	32	735	609	6	1,732	33	480	694	1,079	65	160	372	853	2,010	3,508	37	5,625	304	22	1,664	26,266	54	557								
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary ...	3	...	3,105	214	872	269	70	76	16	...	40	11	725	498	...	895	..	112	187	1,225	11	157	137	1,925	3,115	2,161	3	4,373	38	106	1,118	21,462	11	467								
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet ...	4	...	2,869	23	345	75	4	5	...	6	2	22	497	249	...	334	2	59	211	116	10	48	76	153	705	1,073	1	2,006	42	8	251	9,196	...	58								
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	...	...	1,030	9	362	62	1	...	...	...	16	1	1,312	199	...	344	...	163	158	161	...	63	122	261	601	651	2	1,605	122	...	244	7,489	2	96								
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	...	...	1,080	49	190	43	16	34	1	5	13	7	789	127	...	146	1	23	45	87	16	69	29	110	229	245	5	1,899	45	22	128	5,453	3	85								
6	„ Tumkúr ...	...	...	1,023	49	228	82	18	25	2	3	9	2	223	81	...	246	6	73	146	274	17	59	87	130	354	636	15	1,333	75	20	195	5,411	4	53								
7	„ Kunigal ...	...	...	2,011	72	58	38	40	29	...	5	13	4	69	27	...	252	...	307	248	247	5	30	55	249	764	1,676	...	848	1	25	116	7,189	1	68								
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	3,022	297	945	228	16	11	6	10	38	16	331	361	...	885	...	258	337	790	9	128	99	666	2,095	1,126	3	4,068	244	...	471	16,460	36	322								
9	Civil Dispensary, ...	...	...	341	27	150	17	6	6	1	1	7	6	17	42	...	43	...	39	31	42	6	53	24	57	247	400	...	365	20	5	74	2,027	...	30								
10	... ur ...	...	...	1,637	34	152	29	6	10	2	1	22	1	30	69	...	245	...	108	129	155	6	68	45	98	264	218	...	896	33	8	113	4,379	2	48								
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	1,189	14	204	36	12	14	...	1	14	11	105	131	...	508	...	71	167	403	10	81	58	200	459	542	1	1,555	42	1	218	6,047	3	24								
12	Civil Dispensary, Sakleshpur ...	...	...	1,107	58	228	31	4	31	2	2	14	...	...	34	...	242	...	51	61	343	11	42	44	58	636	444	1	1,060	38	...	128	4,670	...	60								
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	2	...	1,626	51	312	85	23	70	7	9	39	11	470	99	...	593	6	205	218	711	33	71	51	242	1,095	933	17	1,922	95	4	416	9,416	1	103								
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar ...	...	...	683	5	125	31	4	13	...	...	3	2	13	51	...	195	...	46	75	834	2	62	46	38	517	221	3	518	47	4	112	3,650	...	10								
15	„ Tirthahalli ...	...	...	729	26	146	38	3	66	...	1	11	2	58	51	...	283	...	50	78	396	4	28	76	111	543	222	...	926	47	2	147	4,044	...	43								
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	...	2,145	193	331	12	3	298	...	7	12	2	534	49	...	581	1	84	219	409	17	276	29	137	440	656	3	1,691	74	5	154	8,362	3	43								
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	...	491	...	119	17	...	31	1	...	2	...	120	12	...	93	...	10	20	173	12	16	19	39	239	466	...	408	1	...	46	2,335	...	3								
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	1,744	38	273	90	7	29	4	9	25	11	71	74	...	433	...	142	168	324	16	103	124	197	674	555	5	1,715	175	5	189	7,200	...	50								
19	Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	...	...	938	...	34	18	..	66	1	...	21	2	13	14	...	61	...	90	24	21	1	34	21	23	125	84	...	81	8	...	37	1,717	...	30								
20	„ Kadur ...	2	...	1,092	21	253	71	6	47	...	7	12	22	53	45	...	224	...	69	45	41	18	216	107	129	417	535	...	573	111	1	99	4,216	...	25								
	Total.....	14	...	31,493	1,911	6,565	1,656	292	953	45	85	407	165	6,165	2,822	6	8,335	49	2,440	3,261	7,831	269	1,764	1,621	5,676	15,529	16,352	96	33,467	1,562	238	5,920	156,989	120	2,175								

V. B. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

3a. Statement showing the Results of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the Province of Mysore for the year 1880.

Nature of Operations.	Remaining on 31st December.	Performed during the year.	Total.	Results. Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
Bowring Civil Hospital.									
Amputation of right index finger	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Surgeon-Major J. Houston.
Craniotomy	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Honorary Surgeon Pereira.
Removal of cancerous breast	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	Dr. Houston.
Opened large abscess	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	Hon. Surgeon Pereira.
Removal of forearm at the elbow joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. Houston.
Removal of phalanges of middle ring and little fingers with the head of metacarpul bone of the middle finger	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Chopart's operation on foot	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	Do
Removal of great toe at tarso metatarsal articulation and phalanges of 2nd toe	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Abscess of liver 36 oz of pus drawn off by aspirator	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Do
Compound dislocation of ankle joint. Reduced	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Hon. Surgeon Pereira.
Foreign body in Œsophagus dislodged by prabang	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. Houston.
Calculus Vesicæ Lithrotrity	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Paracentesis abdominis	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Do
Removed putrid fœtus	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Hon. Surgeon Pereira.
Elephantiasis of the scrotum. Removed	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. Houston.
Abnormal presentation of fœtus (hand) turned	...	8	8	7	...	...	1	...	Hon. Surgeon Pereira.
Cancer of breast removed	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. Houston.
Retained Placenta, removed	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Hon. Surgeon Pereira.
Partus delivered by forceps	...	6	6	5	...	...	1	...	Do
Vulnus abdominis with protrusion, returned	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	Do
Dislocations 2 of elbow and 1 of shoulder joint, reduced	...	3	3	2	...	...	...	1	Do
Fistula and stricture Perineal section	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	Dr. Houston.
Caries removed	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	Do
Necrosis of Tibia gouged	...	4	4	3	...	...	1	...	Do
Removal of tumors of forearm thigh face, and neck	...	3	3	2	...	1	...	...	Do
Amputation of thigh to (2) of leg (1)	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	Do
Hypertrophy of labia clitoris, and removal	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	Do
Pettah Civil Dispensary.									
Extirpation of eye ball	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Surgeon-Major J. Henderson.
Tumor on nutes removed	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Luxation of Hip 2, shoulder 2 and elbow 3 reduced	...	7	7	5	2	...	...	...	Dr. Henderson and Asstt. Apothy. Arnold.
Dislocation of jaw reduced	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	Asstt. Apothecary Arnold.
Craniotomy (Difficult labor)	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	Dr. Henderson.
Civil Dispensary, Kolar.									
Dislocation of elbow joint 2 reduced	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	Assistant Apothecary C. Hellein.
Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.									
Dislocation reduced...	1	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	1st Class H. A. C. Munisami Mudlr.
Civil Dispensary, Tumkúr.									
Compd. Fracture of leg Flap operation above the knee	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Assistant Apothecary A. Smith.
Craniotomy (Difficult labor)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Extraction by forceps	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Do
Removal of putrid fœtus	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Civil Dispensary, Kunigal.									
Dislocation of lower jaw reduced	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	2nd Class H. A. Rangasami Pille.
Civil Hospital, Mysore.									
Extraction of Lens	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	1	Surgeon-Major T. J. McGann.
Excision of elbow joint	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	Do
Puncture of eye ball	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	Do Asstt. Apothecary Costello.
For Cicatrices	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	Dr. McGann.
Amputation of great toe	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Operation of Ves; Val; Fistula	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	Do
Amputation above elbow joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Evisceration	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	Dr. McGann and Mr. Costello.
Operation for Imperforate anus	...	3	3	1	...	1	1	...	Dr. McGann.
Dislocation of shoulder joint reduced	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Urethrotomy	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	...	Do and Surgeon H. Benson.
Operation for harelip	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	Do and Mr. Costello.
Iridectomy	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. McGann.
Delivery by forceps	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Dr. Benson.
Removal of Clitoris	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Excision of eye ball	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Removal of necrosed bone	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	Dr. McGann.
Reduction of dislocated hip joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Apothecary Costello.
Trephined skull	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Dr. McGann.
Removal of tumor	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Extraction of Lens (traumatic Cataract)	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	Do
Tapped liver cyst	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	Do
Removal of penis	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Do of fingers and carpal bones	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Do
Delivery by forceps	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	Apothecary Costello.
Civil Dispensary, Húnsúr.									
Amputation (lower third) of right forearm	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	[illegible] Rajagopal Mudaliar.
Excision of tumor	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Hospital, Hassan.									
Amputation of glans Penis	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	[illegible] Surgeon J. W. Lincoln.
Removal of Medullary cancer of arm	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	Do
Do of non malignant tumor of vagina	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	Do
Civil Hospital, Shimoga.									
Tumor (Adenoid of breast) removed	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	Surgeon P. H. Benson.
Civil Dispensary, Chitaldroog.									
Incision for large palmar and plantar abscess	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	Assistant Apothecary W. J. McFarland.
Total	...	...	120	85	9	5	11	10	

V. B. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

4. Statement showing the Classes and Sexes of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

1	2	3				4							5							
Number.	[redacted]me of Dispensary.	Total treated during the year.				Classes.							Daily Attendance.							
						a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	Average Number.				Ratio per cent of—			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	...	...	Other Classes.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	11,250	6,373	8,643	26,266	613	2,733	7,008	9,447	...	...	6,465	112·20	67·94	56·55	236·69	42·83	24·27	32·90	100·00
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore	11,088	5,559	4,815	21,462	...	313	10,850	5,676	...	...	4,623	78·00	37·00	23·00	138·00	51·67	22·90	22·43	100·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	4,671	2,154	2,371	9,196	23	55	5,222	2,943	..	...	953	40·16	15·32	20·37	75·85	50·79	23·43	25·78	100·00
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	3,807	1,617	2,065	7,489	1	275	4,670	2,543	...	...	...	42·00	18·70	19·66	80·33	50·83	21·59	27·58	100·00
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	2,686	1,256	1,511	5,453	3	27	4,288	857	...	...	278	34·13	18·00	17·50	71·43	49·26	23·04	27·70	100·00
6	Do Tumkúr	3,070	996	1,345	5,411	38	139	2,287	2,056	...	...	891	29·78	9·55	10·18	49·51	58·73	18·40	24·87	100·00
7	Do Kunigal	4,717	1,953	519	7,189	44	11	4,666	2,309	...	...	159	30·25	12·91	2·41	45·57	65·61	27·17	7·22	100·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	7,631	4,606	4,223	16,460	316	596	5,648	7,082	...	...	2,818	83·46	49·69	34·52	167·67	46·36	27·98	25·66	100·00
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1,362	365	300	2,027	2	...	1,535	271	...	...	219	14·00	3·75	3·73	21·48	67·15	18·05	14·80	100·00
10	Do Húnsúr	2,171	1,033	1,175	4,379	30	222	1,570	1,924	...	...	633	25·10	13·10	12·76	50·96	49·58	23·59	26 83	100·00
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	3,184	1,023	1,840	6,047	160	47	3,028	2,170	...	...	642	30 28	9·83	12·94	53·11	52·65	16·92	30·43	100·00
12	Civil Dispensary, Saklespur	2,693	1,039	938	4,670	48	95	2,941	1,243	...	...	343	17·15	6·56	6·79	30·50	57·67	21·05	20·08	100·00
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	6,217	1,291	1,908	9,416	106	263	4,993	2,092	...	...	1,962	57·71	18·59	25·47	101·77	66·03	13·70	20·27	100·00
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	2,053	564	1,033	3,650	1	2	2,478	470	...	...	699	10·94	3·65	5·55	20·14	56·25	1 ·45	28·20	100 00
15	Do Tirthahalli	2,236	757	1,051	4,044	10	...	3,679	252	...	...	103	23·78	8·68	10·43	42·89	55 29	18·72	25·99	100·00
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	4,126	1,588	2,648	8,362	22	104	4,932	3,297	...	...	7	73·52	24·76	28·27	126 55	49·34	18·99	31 67	100·00
17	Civil Dispensary, Davangere	1,149	435	751	2,335	...	3	1,721	611	...	...	...	14·25	4·16	8·07	26·48	49·20	18·63	32·17	100·00
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	3,956	1,573	1,671	7,200	192	424	2,976	2,495	...	...	1,113	48·04	21·96	18·32	88·32	54·94	21·85	23·21	100·00
19	Civil Dispensary, Harihurpur	836	451	4 0	1,7.7	11	60	970	532	..	...	144	19·50	5·00	8·20	27·70	48·89	20·27	25·04	
20	Do Kadur	2,527	926	763	4,216	14	17	3,802	326	...	...	57	23·96	11·70	9·38	45·04	56·94	21·97	18·09	100·00
	Total.....	81,490	35,559	40,000	156,989	1,634	5,386	79,264	48,596	...	...	22,109	808·21	362·71	329·07	1,499·99	51·87	22·64	25·49	100·00

V. B. HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

5. *Statement showing the Income and Expenditure on account of the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880.

1	2	3																										4								5	6	7	
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Income.																										Expenditure.								Balance in hand on 31st December.	Average Cost of each Diet.	Percentage of Total Cost paid by Government.	REMARKS.
		a			*b*									*c*	*d*	*e*		*f*										*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
		Balance on 1st January.			From Government.									From Local or other Funds.	Interest on investments.	Subscriptions.		Total Income.										On Establishment.	On Bazar Medicines.	On European Medicines whether from Government Stores or purchased.	On Diet.	On Miscellaneous Charges.	On Building or Repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total Expenditure during the year.				
		Invested.	Floating.	Total.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.					From Europeans.	From Natives.																								
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary	...	...	...	8,195	...	2,253	6,685	...	...	17,133	...	...	...	...	17,133	8,195	227	2,253	4,901	1,557	...	...	17,133	...	1 2 6	100·00	..										
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore	...	...	...	4,182	...	250	264	...	...	4,696	...	...	...	...	4,696	4,182	21	250	...	243	...	...	4,696	...	...	100·00	...										
3	Civil do Closepet ...	...	...	...	480	...	198	...	...	...	678	322	...	...	...	1,000	660	41	198	...	77	24	...	1,000	...	...	67·80	136	0	0	68	0	0				
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	...	...	...	1,944	...	218	...	...	...	2,162	777	...	...	...	2,939	1,944	51	218	507	219	...	...	2,939	...	0 2 0	73·56	1,013	11	10	506	13	9				
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	...	...	601	...	134	...	...	24	759	615	...	...	...	1,374	865	52	134	...	52	271	...	1,374	...	...	55·24	149	9	0	74	12	7				
6	Do do Tumkúr ...	...	...	...	1,860	...	474	158	...	...	2,492	471	...	...	...	2,963	1,953	77	474	224	235	...	...	2,963	...	0 2 0	84·10	471	3	2	305	0	0				
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	...	...	480	...	292	...	...	...	772	297	...	...	...	1,069	660	14	292	...	103	...	...	1,069	...	...	72·20	209	6	2	60	0	0				
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	...	...	...	7,855	...	1,200	3,321	...	...	12,376	...	...	...	...	12,376	7,855	194	1,200	2,429	698	...	...	12,376	...	0 2 2	100·00	...										
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	...	...	...	465	...	481	...	...	...	946	345	...	...	...	1,291	641	12	481	...	79	78	...	1,291	...	...	73·28	231	0	0	115	0	0				
10	Do do Húnsúr ...	...	...	...	720	...	365	...	...	21	1,106	300	...	...	...	1,406	900	15	365	...	126	...	...	1,406	...	...	78·66	203	0	0	110	0	0				
11	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	...	...	...	534	...	394	704	...	...	1,632	102	...	...	...	1,734	656	45	394	223	436	...	...	1,734	...	0 1 8	94·72	102	0	0	...						
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur ...	...	...	...	685	...	277	...	...	180	1,142	282	...	...	...	1,424	1,045	62	277	...	40	...	...	1,424	...	...	80·19	288	6	11	...						
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	...	...	...	3,162	...	901	1,768	...	...	5,831	...	...	...	...	5,831	3,162	78	901	946	744	...	...	5,831	...	0 1 11	100·00	...			...						
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar... ...	...	...	...	720	...	228	...	...	...	948	257	...	...	...	1,205	900	21	228	...	56	...	...	1,205	...	...	78·67	174	8	7	79	12	2				
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	...	...	480	...	325	...	...	...	805	321	...	...	...	1,126	660	34	325	...	47	60	...	1,126	...	..	71·49	217	7	10	108	11	10				
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	...	...	...	1,860	...	239	1,096	...	...	3,195	...	...	...	...	3,195	1,860	41	239	544	511	...	...	3,195	...	0 2 0	100·00	...			...						
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere ...	...	...	...	480	...	191	...	...	...	671	410	...	...	...	1,081	660	6	191	...	104	120	...	1,081	...	...	62·08	230	11	6	115	5	8				
18	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	...	...	...	1,920	...	641	840	...	...	3,401	...	...	...	...	3,401	1,920	29	641	469	342	...	...	3,401	...	0 1 10	100·00	...			...						
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur ...	...	...	...	480	...	271	...	...	...	751	287	...	...	...	1,038	672	24	271	...	71	...	...	1,038	...	...	72·35	317	0	0	...						
20	Do Kadur ...	...	...	...	420	...	427	...	...	...	847	227	...	...	...	1,074	586	16	427	...	45	...	...	1,074	...	...	76·86	449	0	0	...						
																																						13·6			...						
	Total.....	...	...	...	37,523	...	9,759	14,836	...	225	62,343	5,013	...	...	...	67,356	39,956	1,060	9,759	10,243	5,785	553	...	67,356	...	0 2 0	92·56	4,193	14	6	1,543	8	0				

Amount of contributions from Local Funds 4,193—14—6
Do do Municipal Funds 1,543— 8—0

Total.....5,737— 6—6

6. *Statement showing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each class of Disease in*

	Number of each Disease																	
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	" Remittent.	" Continued.	" Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.																	
BANGALORE DISTRICT.																	
1. Bowring Civil Hospital.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	501	...	6	1	1	128	138	23	11	386	2	4	...	123	47
Native do ...	...	3	2,826	...	203	...	7	352	556	39	149	1,346	16	90	...	1,115	337
In-door do ...	...	3	125	...	5	1	7	45	86	6	4	82	10	16	...	87	78
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,202	...	204	...	1	435	608	56	156	1,650	8	78	...	1,151	306
2. Pettah Civil Dispensary.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	44	5	...	...	...	8	5	1	...	52	...	...	...	21	1
Native do ...	...	3	2,913	79	20	...	...	104	132	10	157	843	...	40	1	851	268
In-door do ...	...	...	97	1	...	...	...	1	4	...	1	26	...	...	...	10	5
Out-door do ...	...	3	2,860	83	20	...	...	111	183	11	156	869	...	40	1	862	264
3. Civil Dispensary, Closepet.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	30	...	11	...	...	3	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	2
Native do ...	...	4	2,300	5	524	...	...	56	207	3	48	332	6	•2	...	344	149
Out-door do ...	...	4	2,330	5	535	...	...	59	211	3	48	334	6	2	...	345	151
KOLAR DISTRICT.																	
4. Civil Dispensary, Kolar.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	11	7	...	...	33	...	...	...	11	7
Native do ...	...	...	998	...	...	...	...	152	151	...	63	311	...	16	...	351	215
In-door do ...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	15	9	...	...	...	...	6	...	15	34
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,004	...	...	...	...	148	149	...	63	344	...	10	...	347	188
5. Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	8	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	1	...
Native do ...	...	...	834	15	171	...	...	23	44	15	69	141	5	13	...	189	88
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	842	15	173	...	...	23	45	16	69	146	5	13	...	190	88
TUMKUR DISTRICT.																	
6. Civil Dispensary, Tumkûr.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	54	...	1	...	...	3	7	1	...	24	...	...	...	14	2
Native do ...	...	...	954	10	4	...	...	70	139	7	59	222	3	9	...	214	167
In-door do ...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	1	1	...	4	...	4	13
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,004	10	5	...	...	72	143	8	58	245	3	5	...	224	156
7. Civil Dispensary, Kunigal.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	1
Native do ...	...	...	1,978	15	...	...	...	304	246	...	29	244	5	13	...	58	92
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,996	15	...	...	...	307	248	...	30	252	5	13	...	58	93
NAGAR DIVISION.																	
SHIMOGA DISTRICT.																	
8. Civil Hospital, Shimoga.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	67	2	6	...	...	13	17	11	4	61	...	...	...	8	1
Native do ...	...	2	1,397	35	119	1	...	192	201	22	67	532	9	39	...	304	84
In-door do ...	...	...	24	2	2	...	...	8	13	1	8	23	4	10	...	16	25
Out-door do ...	...	2	1,440	35	123	1	...	197	205	32	63	570	5	29	...	296	60
9. Civil Dispensary, Ságar.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	566	...	9	...	...	46	74	2	62	194	...	3	1	125	31
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	567	...	9	...	...	46	75	2	62	195	...	3	1	125	31
10. Civil Dispensary, Tirthahalli.																	
European Patients ...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	710	5	9	...	...	50	77	4	28	263	1	11	...	146	...
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	715	5	...	...	...	50	78	4	28	283	1	•11	...	146	...

DISPENSARIES.

the Dispensaries and Hospitals, &c., in the Province of Mysore during the year 1880.

treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																											
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory do.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
39	186	110	1,640	3,346	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7
703	4,175	1,554	9,449	22,920	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	18	48	1	...	21	8	3	...	...	...	...	19	11	74	214
8	154	131	593	1,441	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	18	50	1	...	21	9	10	...	...	...	...	19	11	75	221
734	4,207	1,533	10,496	24,825	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	10	15	145	313	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
719	4,076	1,209	9,674	21,149	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
5	32	11	54	247	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
720	4,054	1,213	9,765	21,215	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
...	3	2	20	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
506	1,223	249	3,160	9,118	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
506	1,226	251	3,180	9,196	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
...	2	...	173	276	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,312	686	244	2,714	7,213	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	8
...	18	13	24	160	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	8
1,312	670	231	2,863	7,329	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	11	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
815	306	127	2,568	5,423	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
815	306	128	2,579	5,453	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	4	2	65	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
223	662	213	2,278	5,234	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	2	4	6	18
...	10	16	12	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	2	5	12
223	656	199	2,331	5,342	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	7
2	5	...	15	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
67	1,920	141	2,022	7,134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	1,925	141	2,037	7,189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
5	7	6	161	369	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	5	...	...	5	2	6	...	1	...	...	2	3	9	39
465	1,039	410	4,129	9,047	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	5	...	...	4	2	6	...	1	...	...	2	3	9	38
3	32	52	104	327	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	5	...	...	4	2	6	...	1	...	...	2	3	9	38
467	1,014	364	4,186	9,089	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
..	....	....	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	245	104	2,166	3,647	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	245	104	2,166	3,650	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	5
...	...	...	4	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	261	147	2,206	4,034	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	11
...	....	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	261	147	2,210	4,044	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	11

| | Number of each Disease | | |

DISPENSARIES.—*Statement 6—Concluded.*

| treated. | | | | | Deaths from each Disease. | | | | |

V. C. VACCINATION.

1. *Statement showing Particulars of Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880—81.

No.	Circles and Districts.		Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average Annual Number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
										Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
											Under 1 year.	Over 1 and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2		3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
						M.	F.	T.														
Nundydrog Dn.	1	Bangalore District	828,354	284·3	12	9,114	5,645	14,759	1,229	14,178	2,476	6,026	9,861	581	324	69·55	55·76	12·79	9,567	11·55	460	·49
	2	Kolar do	618,954	240·2	11	7,604	5,953	13,557	1,232	13,529	2,005	6,982	10,041	28	20	74·06	71·42	16·25	10,152·2	23·8	248·6	·5
	3	Tumkúr do	632,239	175·3	10	7,143	4,921	12,064	1,206·4	12,036	1,606	7,957	9,583	28	17	79·47	60·71	15·15	10,342·8	25·05	137·4	·33
		Total.....	2,079,547	233·27	33	23,861	16,519	40,380	1,223·63	39,743	6,087	20,965	29,465	637	361	74·41	56·67	14·34	30,062	14·45	846	·40
Ashtagram Dn.	4	Mysore District	943,187	228·5	14	8,873	7,556	16,429	1,173·5	16,375	4,542	8,719	14,546	54	24	93·66	44·44	16·42	15,989	17·95	304	·32
	5	Hassan do	668,417	203·1	11	5,830	5,137	10,967	997	10,828	1,117	6,622	9,646	139	109	89·03	78·41	14·43	10,446	19·49	144·6	149·90
		Total.....	1,611,604	215	25	14,703	12,693	27,396	1,095·84	27,203	5,659	15,341	24,192	193	133	88·30	68·21	15·0	26,435	16·40	448	·27
Nagar Dn.	6	Shimoga District	498,976	131·4	9	4,706	2,443	7,149	794·33	6,983	461	1,866	5,182	166	90	80·27	69·76	10·38	6,475·6	6·47	226	·22
	7	Chitaldroog do	531,360	118·8	10	5,493	3,990	9,483	948·3	9,182	843	4,461	6,797	301	187	79·95	68·95	12·77	10,115	10·11	209·79	·20
	8	Kadur do	333,925	157·04	7	4,238	2,489	6,727	961	6,633	160	1,724	4,722	94	68	82·90	72·34	14·14	4,704·8	4·7	678	·67
		Total.....	1,364,261	131·9	26	14,437	8,922	23,359	898·42	22,798	1,464	8,051	16,701	561	345	73·25	61·49	16·07	21,295·4	14·15	1,113·79	·37
		Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186·7	84	53,001	38,134	91,135	1,084·94	89,744	13,210	44,357	70,358	1,391	839	78·39	60·31	14·08	77,792·4	15·38	2,407·79	·34

STATEMENT No. I—*Concluded.*

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total Number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average Annual Number of deaths from Small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under 1 year.	Over 1 and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	By Medical Subordinates.				M.	F.	T.														
	Nundydroog Division	2,079,547	233·27	...	...	...	338	...	338	..	...	273	...	...	80·76	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ashtagram do	1,611,604	215	...	...	...	103	...	103	...	..	95	...	...	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nagar do	1,364,261	131·9	...	...	...	253	...	253	...	...	178	...	...	70·35	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	5,055,412	186·7	...	...	...	694	...	694	...	...	546	...	...	78·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipality.																				
	Bangalore Town	60,703	26,015·6	2	602	493	1,095	547·5	1,057	351	658	1,054	38	34	99	89	16	..	...	...	...
	Do Cantonment	81,810	7,272	2	663	523	1,086	543	1,082	501	211	821	4	4	81·42	100	9·4	...	...	..	...
	Total.....	142,513	10,491·8	4	1,165	1,016	2,181	545	2,139	852	869	1,935	42	38	90·46	90·5	13·77	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186·7	88	54,166	39,150	94,010	1,068·18	92,577	14,032	45,226	72,839	1,433	877	78·67	61·20	14·47	77,792·4	15·38	2,407·79	·34

2. *Statement showing the Cost of the Department in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880—81.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Establishment.							Expenditure.				Paid from—							
		Superintendent General.	Superintendents of Circles.	Deputy Superintendents.	Native Superintendents.	Vaccinators.			Pay of Establishment.	Travelling Allowance.	Contingencies.	Total Cost.	Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.	Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average Cost of each successful case.
						1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Nundydroog Division.	1 Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	1	6	5	1,643 0 0	...	...	1,643 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,643 0 0	1,643 0 0	10,185	0 2 6·97
	2 Kolar do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,524 0 0	...	...	1,524 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,524 0 0	1,524 0 0	10,061	0 2 5
	3 Tumkúr do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,344 12 0	...	...	1,344 12 0	...	...	...	...	1,344 12 0	1,344 12 0	9,580	0 2 3
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	16	14	4,511 12 0	...	...	4,511 12 0	...	...	...	...	4,511 12 0	4,511 12 0	29,826	0 2 5
Ashtagram Division.	4 Mysore District	...	...	...	...	1	7	6	1,832 11 8	...	23 0 0	1,855 11 8	...	...	...	...	1,855 11 8	1,855 11 8	14,570	0 2 0
	5 Hassan do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,246 3 4	...	...	1,246 3 4	...	...	...	...	1,246 3 4	1,246 3 4	9,755	0 2 0·85
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	2	13	10	3,078 15 0	...	23 0 0	3,101 15 0	...	...	...	...	3,101 15 0	3,101 15 0	24,325	0 2 0
Nagar Division.	6 Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	1	7	1	867 11 2	...	...	867 11 2	...	...	...	...	867 11 2	867 11 2	5,272	0 2 8·14
	7 Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,049 15 0	...	...	1,049 15 0	...	...	...	...	1,049 15 0	1,049 15 0	6,984	0 2 5·69
	8 Kadur do	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	802 14 8	...	...	802 14 8	...	...	...	...	802 14 8	802 14 8	4,790	0 2 8·64
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	17	6	2,720 8 10	...	...	2,720 8 10	...	...	...	...	2,720 8 10	2,720 8 10	17,046	0 2 7·49
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	8	46	30	10,311 3 10	...	23 0 0	10,334 3 10	...	...	...	...	10,334 3 10	10,334 3 10	71,197	0 2 3·86

3. *Statement showing Dispensary Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1880—81.

	Districts.	Number of Dispensaries in each District to which a Vaccinator is attached.	Average number of Vaccinators attached to Dispensaries during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful Cases.	
						Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
							Under one year.	One & under six.	Total of all Ages.				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Nundydroog Division.	Bangalore District	...	...	158		158	...	..	130	...	...	82·27	...
	Kolar do	...	...	105	...	105	...	...	89	...	...	84·76	...
	Tumkúr do	...	...	75	...	75	...	...	54	..	...	72	...
	Total.....	...	...	338	...	338	...	...	273	...	..	80·76	...
Ashtagram Division.	Mysore District	...	...	55	...	55	...	...	49	...	...	89·09	...
	Hassan do	...	...	48	...	48	...	...	46	...	...	95·87	...
	Total.....	...	...	103	...	103	...	...	95	...	...	92·23	...
Nagar Division.	Shimoga District	...	...	213	...	213	...	...	145	...	...	68·07	...
	Chitaldroog do	...	...	38	...	38	...	...	31	...	...	81·57	...
	Kadur do	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	100	...
	Total.....	...	...	253	...	253	...	...	178	...	...	70·35	...
	Grand Total.....	...	...	694	...	694	...	...	546	..	...	78·67	...

4. *Comparative Statement showing the Number of Persons primarily vaccinated and the Number of those Persons who were successfully vaccinated in the Province of Mysore in each of the undermentioned official years.*

Establishments.	Persons primarily vaccinated.																			
	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.
	Years ended 31st March —																			
	1871		1872		1873		1874		1875		1876		1877		1878—79		1879—80		1880—81	
Government	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	588	465	893	767	1,170	1,056	2,221	1,970	4,211	3,476	2,641	2,293	2,391	2,081	2,139	1,935
Local Funds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native States	93,616	88,596	97,241	86,231	96,461	84,548	97,513	87,734	93,438	88,731	86,242	84,474	101,980	84,558	89,973	78,155	87,681	69,803	89,744	70,358
Dispensaries	831	530	1,046	794	1,115	840	1,217	869	1,016	786	1,025	768	1,049	806	225	186	933	729	694	546
Army—																				
European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	94,447	89,126	98,287	87,025	98,164	87,853	99,623	89,370	93,629	90,573	89,488	87,212	107,240	88,840	92,839	75,634	91,005	72,613	92,577	72,839

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